THE ACTON FREE PRESS

Published Every Thursday Morning.

J. H. HACKING, Proprietor.

$1 Per Annum in Advance

Acton Free Press

JOS H HACKING EDITOR

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 2, 1877.

—Reports from all sections of the country unite in promising a magnificent yield of the crops. A large portion of the fall wheat has been housed in a splendid state, and a considerable quantity has been threshed with excellent results. We have heard of several farmers in this immediate neighborhood having threshed their fall wheat with a yield of thirty bushels to the acre; and in some cases even better than that. The prospect for other grains has also considerably improved during the past few weeks. So that altogether, we may take an exceedingly hopeful view of the state of business during the coming season. Prices are likely to be good this year, with an abundant crop to realize from.

—The labor strikes in the United States are gradually dying out. A vast amount of property has been destroyed, lives have been sacrificed and business in all parts of the continent has suffered as a result of the organized outbreak of the railway employees, yet it would be unfair to charge them with all that has been done or suffered during the strike. Tramps and criminals and the idle and shiftless of all kinds, saw in the disturbed state of affairs arising out of the difficulty between the railway companies and their employees, opportunities for plunder which they were not slow to avail themselves of, and in almost every instance the ringleaders of the riotous mobs arrested have proved to be men in no way connected with the strikers. The lesson which this experience teaches should make law abiding and respectable people pause before committing any act, however justifiable it may at the moment seem, which would serve as a cloak for the perpetration of such acts of riot, murder and incendiarism as have been witnessed within the past fortnight.

—The death of the Right Hon George Ward Hunt, First Lord o the Admiralty, in the present British Cabinet, is announced by cable.

—Boston set a noble example of charity and generosity in extending aid to the St. John sufferers. Contributions from that city almost reached $50,000.

—The coal region threatens to be the theatre of lawlessness and bloodshed long after the railroad strike has come to an end. In all that section of Pennsylvania there is a bad spirit in the air, and riotous proceedings have already taken place at many points.

The St. Patrick's National Society, of Montreal, has passed resolutions of confidence in Mayor Beaudry for his conduct on the 12th and 16th, and condemning the Orange demonstration at Hackett's funeral. The resolutions conclude as follows:—"And whereas the Mayor was opposed to the calling out of the volunteers, and three magistrates undertook that responsibility, it is further resolved that the magistrates acted with dangerous indiscretion, which might have resulted in consequence as serious as the Pennsylvania riot."

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.—The annual exhibition of the Agricultural and Arts Association will be held this year at London, on the 24th and 29th Sept., next. Entries for horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry and agricultural implements close on Aug, 25th. For grain, field roots, and other farm products, machinery, and manufacturers generally, on Saturday, Sept., 1st. For horticultural products, ladies' works, fine arts, etc., on September 8th.

—The Chicago *Times* draws the following comparison between the relative merits of the Canadian and United States forms of Government. "The constitution of Canada is the best political constitution of Anglo Saxon people that exists on the whole earth. The constitution of the United States is without exception the worst political constitution of an Anglo Saxon people that ever was devised or set up in the world. The constitution of this country is an irresponsible elective monarchy, with all inherent curses and inevitable infamies of the spoils of disease grown chronic."

—Despatches from San Francisco says that the Indians under Joseph are strongly intrenched at Lolo. Joseph has nearly 400 warriors, and boasts he can whip General Howard whenever he likes to go at him. It is said that it is almost impossible to drive him out of their entrenchment, even by shelling them.

HALTON COUNTY COUNCIL.

(Reported for the Free Press.)

A special meeting of the County Council, at the call of the Warden, was held in the Court House, Milton, on Tuesday, 31st. Present: The Warden and Messrs. Clay, Ramsay, Menzies, Foster, Lyon, Young, Frazer, McKenzie, Robinson, Watson, Waldie, Buck, McGarvin and Warren.

On the minutes of previous meeting being read, Mr. Clay moved, seconded by Mr. Waldie, that the name of Mr. Menzies be added to the committee on county buildings, which motion being carried, the minutes were then adopted.

The Warden stated the reason of calling this meeting to be—firstly, to take into consideration the granting of a sum of money to the sufferers by the St. John fire; secondly, to consider the matter of establishing a Model School in the county. These were the special reasons, but there were other matters which might be taken up, such as the passing of the by-law for raising the sum of $10,000 for county buildings, which would require to be advertised three months.

Mr. Clay moved, seconded by Mr. Young, that Messrs. Waldie, Ramsay, Foster, Young, and the mover be a committee to consider the amount to be given to the sufferers by the St. John fire, to report to the Council forthwith.

On motion a by-law for raising by debentures the sum of $10,000 for the construction of jail, &c., was read a first time.

The Council went into committee of the whole to consider the by-law and fill up the blanks. The Warden said he had estimated the yearly sum required to pay principal and interest at $1362. Mr. Waldie suggested that as interest was to be paid half-yearly, it would require about $1370 to meet the payments and avoid taking from other funds. After some little discussion and figuring, it was finally moved by Mr. Waldie that the blanks be filled up with $1387. The principal debt of the county was filled up at $119,500 and the interest debt at $96,930, of which no portion is in arrears. The annual special rate to provide for the payment of the $10,000 was put at one-fifth of a mill on the dollar.

The Council resumed. On motion of Mr. Waldie, the By-law was read a second time and the Warden instructed to have it advertised in one of the Milton papers for the space of three months.

MODEL SCHOOL.

Mr. Lyon moved, seconded by Mr. Waldie, that Mr. Little, School Inspector, be requested to lay before the Council any statement he wished to make respecting the proposed establishing of a model school in the county.

Mr. Little gave a brief sketch of the scheme proposed by the Minister of Education. It had been found that the Normal Schools at Toronto and Ottawa were unable to fulfil their proper functions on account of being over-crowded with the lower grade of teachers. To overcome this difficulty a scheme had been devised to establish training or model schools in each county throughout the Province, wherein teachers seeking third-class certificates might receive the proper training. In this county, Milton had been nominated as the most suitable place for the school, and it was proposed that the first session begin on the 27th of August. At present there was not sufficient accommodation for the purpose, and he had learned from the trustees that they were not prepared to erect an additional building without first having received a liberal grant from the county.

Messrs. Watson and Robertson, as delegates from the School Board, explained their position, stating that the annual cost to the town was estimated at about $700 to support the proposed school. If the county would grant $500 or $600, the town of Milton would undertake to furnish the required accommodation.

In answer to an inquiry, Mr. Little explained that the existing Normal Schools at Toronto and Ottawa would not in future take any third-class candidates, so that if the necessary facilities were not furnished by the counties the lower grade teachers would not receive such training as would enable them to pass the examining boards.

Further consideration of the matter was postponed till later in the day.

GRANT TO ST. JOHN.

The special committee to whom was referred the question of granting aid to the sufferers by the St. John fire handed in their report, recommending a grant of $500.

Mr. Clay moved, seconded by Mr. Young, that the report of the special committee be adopted. He was personally in favor of granting a larger sum, but as a majority of the committee thought otherwise, he would submit.

Dr. Buck moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Ramsey, that the sum of $250 be granted for the purpose named.

Mr. Young thought $500 quite little enough.

Mr. Waldie hoped the amendment would be withdrawn. He spoke in eloquent terms of the great calamity which had befallen the people of St. John, and he thought that a lesser sum than $500 entirely unworthy of the rich county of Halton.

Dr. Buck supported his amendment at considerable length. So also did Messrs. Ramsey and Menzies.

Mr. Warren expressed his great surprise at the position taken by Dr. Buck and his supporters. He warmly advocated the granting of a respectable sum if anything. He considered that calamities such as had befallen the people of St. John were for an all-wise purpose—they gave an opportunity for the people of the various countries to show what kind of a spirit they had. He instanced the spirit of generosity that had been exhibited by neighboring towns and counties. No person, he said, contended more against running the county into unnecessary debt, but he felt satisfied that nine-tenths of the ratepayers would uphold us in giving $500 for this purpose. To the individual ratepayers it only amounts to a few cents.

Mr. Clay said that one of the heaviest ratepayers in Esquesing had urged him to grant not less than $1000.

Mr. Foster said his principle had always been to give until he could *feel* that he had given. The paltry sum of $250 would not be felt by the ratepayers. He thought $500 quite a small enough grant.

On a vote being called, the amendment was supported by Messrs. Buck, Ramsey, Menzies and Watson. The motion for $500 by Messrs. Clay, Foster, Lyon, McGarvin, McKenzie, Robertson, Waldie, Warren and Young.

REPORTS.

The Printing committee reported having received tenders from the five printing offices in the county for the printing of the Minutes and blank forms, and the advertising of the quarterly list of convictions, for the current year. The report recommended the acceptance of the Milton *Champion's* tender for printing minutes and blanks, and that of the Oakville *Express* for the advertising of the list of convictions.

The Finance committee reported having examined several small accounts amounting altogether to $121, and recommended their payment.

READING OF BY-LAWS.

The several annual By-laws were read the necessary number of times and passed, as follows: To provide for the support of public schools; to provide for the expenses for the current year; to provide for the payment of principal and interest on grant to Credit Valley Railway, and for the principal and interest on grant to the H. & N. W. Railway.

The estimates for the current year were put at $9,709.70.—requiring a levy on the rateable property of the county at the rate of one and two-fifths mills on the dollar.

THE MODEL SCHOOL AGAIN.

Mr. Lyon moved, seconded by Dr. Buck, that the sum of $100 be granted to the Trustees of Milton School Board to assist in the support of a Model School.

Considerable discussion arose on the advisability of making any grant for the purpose named at the present time. Mr. Waldie and Mr. Clay thought the matter should receive further consideration. They did not entirely approve of the scheme proposed and were not prepared to support the grant. Mr. Warren thought the scheme a good one and of considerable importance, though it had no doubt been sprung upon the council a little prematurely. He thought the Normal Schools at Toronto and Ottawa were not as useful as they ought to be, and he approved of the proposed county Model Schools. The scheme was perhaps a little crude in its details, and no doubt might be improved. There appeared to be no provision made for securing any assistance from the government towards their support. It seemed to be imperative that all candidates for third-class certificates must hereafter attend the Model School, and it therefore became the duty of the County Council to see that the necessary accommodation was provided. He advocated the granting of a reasonable sum for the purpose. The motion was carried.

On motion of Mr. Lyon, seconded by Mr. Ramsey, leave of absence was granted to Mr. Little, School Inspector, to visit Algoma for the purpose of inspecting the Schools in that district, providing it does not interfere with his duties in this county.

On motion, the council adjourned until the 18th of September.

—Another Mormon murder case is on the *tapis*, the prisoner in this instance being Robert T. Burton, counsellor to the presiding Mormon Bishop. Burton has been arrested on the charge of having murdered Joseph Morris, the prophet who opposed Brigham Young in 1862, and two women who indulged in comments on the crime.

Pen and Scissor Selects.

—Hon. Mr. Blake's health is rapidly improving.

—The Murphy movement—The fall in the price of potatoes.

—Ontario never saw a more fruitful year, barring the fruit.

—The origin of the St. John, N. B., fire is being inquired into by a jury.

—There is an investigation ordered of the management of Carleton jail.

—Disraeli is credited with having the "most remarkable face in England."

—Mr. McMaster has now three reliable witnesses who saw Sheehan fire at Hackett.

—The country editor now shuts up his office for a week and goes out working on the farm.

—Mr. John Quarry, for the last forty years a resident of Dundas, died there on Friday, aged 68.

—New Orleans papers say there has not been as fine a season for fruit in the south since the war.

—Considerable damage was done to the crops in the vicinity of London by the storm on Thursday night.

—The steamship Memphis, Dominion Line, left on Friday with 266 horned cattle, and 200 sheep on board.

—F. Graham, Deputy Grand Master of the Orange Young Britons of Canada, died at Ottawa Wednesday night.

—It is stated in Montreal that the Dominion will pay the volunteers who keep the armories in that city on the 12th.

—Considerable damage has been done by the grasshoppers to the crops in the northern portion of the county of Hastings.

—Christopher Columbus is supposed to have been the first man to set the bad example of leaving for "parts unknown."

—It is expected that the majority in favor of the Dunkin by-law in Kent will be somewhere in the neighborhood of 1,500.

—The Dunkin Act carries the day wherever it is submitted. The tidal wave of temperance sweeps triumphantly over the land.

—It is feared that a second period of famine is settling on Southern India. In Bombay Presidency the prospects are more hopeful.

—Prizes to be given at the forthcoming meeting of the Ontario Rifle Association, amount to $2,300 in cash and $1,500 in cups, etc.

—The Ingersoll *Chronicle* objects to the formation of an O. Y. B. lodge in that town. It thinks it would only cause bitter ill-feeling.

—The investigation into the origin of the great fire at St. John was opened on Friday, but nothing important has so far been elicited.

—At the St. John fire investigation on Saturday evidence was given showing that the disastrous extent of the fire must have been due to incendiarism.

—The steamships Redewater and Elphinstone, which collided and sunk near Montreal a few weeks ago, have been raised and towed to Quebec for repairs.

—The body of Lizzie Moore, aged 17, has been found in the old Welland Canal at St. Catherines. Whether it is a case of suicide or foul play is unknown.

—It is said that the quality of new wheat coming forward is so excellent that millers do not require old wheat to mix with it, which is an unusual occurrence.

—The Bowmanville Furniture Company this year has a balance of $45,000 to the credit of the reserve account after paying eight and a half per cent to shareholders.

—The exports of the Dominion for the month of June, exclusive of the provinces of British Columbia, reach $10,283,408; imports, $8.153,150; duty collected thereon, $953,635.

—It is understood that Mr. and Mrs. Tilley will entertain the Press Association at the Government House in Frederickton on the occasion of the coming excursion to the East.

—John Bright has publicly expressed his opinion that the strike on the United States railroads is attributable to the tariff system, which, he says, has received its death blow.

—A man on whom was found $2,400 in Canadian bills, has been arrested in Baltimore, Md., on suspicion of being concerned in the robbery from the Grand Trunk office at Montreal some weeks ago.

—The Governor-General gave a State dinner at Rideau Hall on Saturday, on the occasion of his departure for Manitoba. Chief Justice Richards will act as Deputy Governor during His Excellency's absence.

—The price of coal was never so low in Boston as at the present time, and the prospects are that it will continue at the same low rates through the entire season. The latest returns show that the competing companies have no power to unite and thus force up prices.

—Hon. Alex. McKenzie laid the corner stone of the new Baptist church in Ottawa Thursday afternoon, and was presented with an address and a silver trowel.

—Reports from Niagara say that the weather is delightful, hackmen's prices are as usual, bridal parties innumerable, and the "cooing and billing" going on at "redhot" rate; also, that the Horse-Shoe Falls are still there.

—The gold excitement in the White Mountain region about Milan is at a high pitch, and so many prospectors have rushed in that the Grand Trunk Railway has established a station at the point of discovery, about a dozen miles from Gorham.

—A despatch from Portland, Oregon, states that the dockyards at Victoria, British Columbia, are being prepared for active service in case of war between England and Russia. Esquimault will be a depot for victualling and coaling British cruisers on the Pacific.

—The Arthur *Enterprise* says wheat in that section is so plump this year that it bursts the chaff and shells with the most careful handling. Even when reaped a few days before it has reached the "dead-ripe" stage, the loss from shelling is found to be considerable.

—The Philadelphia *Times* remarks: The complete blockade in the transportation of the cattle from the West is likely to be felt pretty severely in the increased price of beef. This is another of the ways in which the strike is expected to benefit the workingmen.

—The strike on the Canada Southern Railway is at an end, the men having resumed work on the Company guaranteeing to adjust their grievances within a fortnight. Passenger and freight trains are now running on all the branches of the road, and the workshops have been re-opened.

—Mr. Hermann Kurth, of Milwaukee, has established in Hamilton, a manufactory for making a new and useful machine known as the American Cockle Separator, which has been patented in Canada, the United States, and in Europe. The machine is used for separating cockle from wheat.

—At Huntsville, Ont., last Friday night about eighty armed men were sworn in as special constables and started out under command of Captain Hunt, to effect the capture of four men named Pringle, who stole an ox from a neighboring farmer and killed it in the woods. The Pringles are known as daring characters. They are armed, and it is expected they will resist all attempts to take them.

—The Philadelphia *Herald* estimates the total number of killed and wounded in the recent riots at Baltimore and Pittsburg at two hundred and ten. Eight were killed at Baltimore and 53 at Pittsburg. Forty were wounded at the former place, and one hundred at the latter. Said to relate a majority of the killed were innocent persons entirely unconnected with the struggle, who were hurrying along the street to escape from danger.

—A cable dispatch from London, July 28, says: The Great Western Railway Company has issued a special report and called a special meeting for August 3rd. It is proposed to issue sufficient share capital to the amount of £166,000, the difference between the half million new bond capital to the amount of bonds becoming due. Mr. Childers sails shortly; also Capt. Tyler and Mr. Ronton on the *Britannia* on August 11, on business connected with the Grand Trunk and Great Western Companies.

—English papers tell of a race from Dover to London between the Centennial mail express train and a pigeon. The bird was tossed from a carriage window as the train left the Admiralty pier, and the train immediately got up a speed of sixty miles an hour, and proceeded without stopping to Cannon street. The pigeon, which was "homed" to a building in Cannon street, took the straight route, probably saving half a mile in the whole distance of 76½ miles, and beat the train by twenty minutes, or a time allowance of eighteen miles.

—On Saturday last a most unfortunate affair happened in West Flamboro' Village, resulting in the death of a child three years and a half old, son of Mr. George Kent, painter, of that place. It appears that the child had been unwell, and Dr. Shaver being called in prescribed some powders—one to be taken each morning and evening. On Thursday morning one of the powders was administered, and in a few minutes the child was seized with convulsions and died in about twenty minutes. It seems that the doctor got them from another doctor in Dundas, who got them from a druggist in Hamilton, and that instead of being santonine, they were largely made up of strychnine.

AN EXAMPLE AND A WARNING.—An Elora citizen gave a practical example of the danger of sleeping in church by dropping a quarter into the plate in mistake on a recent Sunday.

The Harvest in Waterloo.

The bulk of the fall wheat in South Waterloo will be housed this week, a great deal having been hauled under cover within the past few days. Barley is also pretty generally cut, although a good many fields are still standing. Of both these grains the crop is a good one—that of wheat being better than has been harvested in this part of Ontario for many years. While the yield in quantity is large, the quality is also excellent, and we have heard of very few farms on which the sample is not very good. We observe that in the neighboring county of Oxford the papers claim that the yield of fall wheat will this year average 35 bushels to the acre over the whole County; and while we are inclined to set this down as being a high estimate, we believe that in this neighborhood judging from what the farmers say, it will not fall much short of averaging 30 bushels to the acre.—*Galt Reporter.*

—The danger of interfering between a man and his wife has received a fresh illustration in New Jersey. The peace-maker is dead and the husband is a murderer.

—Norval people have been victimized by young men selling tickets for a lottery on behalf of the London Orphan Asylum. Of course it's a swindle—there is no such lottery.

—In the United States, says an exchange, the proportion of persons having sound teeth is only one in eighty; hence it comes that they have 12,000 dentists in active service, who use up annually half a ton of pure gold besides cheaper filling material.

A BEAVER DAM.—During the last few weeks the Beavers have dammed the Grand River, near lot 21, in the 7th con., New Survey, Melancthon, and raised the water fully four feet. The dam is quite ingeniously instructed, and is apparently of considerable strength. The industrious animals are still at work, and there is no knowing how high they may build the dam before they quit.

—The Murphy movement is making great strides at Oshawa and Simcoe.

—The Ontario Grand Encampment of Oddfellows met at Belleville Tuesday.

—The Medical Hall, Acton, is somewhat noted for cheap drugs and Dye stuffs.

DIED.

Near Crewson's Corners, on the 29th ult., Mr. Samuel Soper, aged 79 years and 10 months.

In Erin, on the 1st inst., Mr. Jacob Snyder, son of Mr. Isaac Snyder, aged about 22 years.

ACTON MARKETS.

Flour	$3 75 to 4 00
Fall Wheat	1 45 to 1 55
Spring Wheat, Glasgow	1 40 to 1.50
Red Chaff Wheat	1 25 to 1 35
Barley	0 60 to 0 00
Oats	0 47 to 0 50
Peas	0 75 to 0 80
Butter	0 15 to 0 16
Eggs	0 12 to 0 00
Cherries, per pail	0 35 to 0 00
Raspberries, per lb	0 05 to 0 00

EPPS' COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Sold only in packets labeled—"JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist, 48, Threadneedle Street, and 170, Piccadilly, London."

For the Old and Young. Let all use it.

Wood's Improved Hair Restorative is unlike any other, and has no equal. The Improved has new vegetable tonic properties; retores grey hair to a glossy natural color; restores faded, dry, harsh and falling hair; restores, dresses, gives vigor to the hair; restores hair to prematurely bald heads; removes dandruff, humors, scaly eruptions; removes irritation, itching, and scaly dryness. No article produces such wonderful effects Try it, call for Wood's Improved Hair Restorative, and don't be put off with any other article. Sold by all druggists in this place and dealers everywhere. Trade supplied at manufacturers' prices by C. A. COOK & Co., Chicago, Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas, and by LYMAN BROS. & Co., Toronto.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the style of Galloway Bros, bakers and confectioners, in the village of Acton, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due to the firm are to be paid to Robert T. Galloway who assumes all liabilities of the firm.

DAVID GALLOWAY.
ROBERT T. GALLOWAY.

J. H. HACKING, Witness.
Acton, July 31, 1877.

In reference to the above I would beg to intimate to the public that I intend to carry on the baking business as heretofore in the same place, and hope that by strict attention to business, and keeping at all times a first-class article, to continue to merit a full share of public patronage.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT T. GALLOWAY.
Acton, Aug. 1st, 1877.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHAWL LOST.

Lost between Acton and the 1st con. Nassagaweya, a FINE WOOLEN SHAWL, belonging to Mrs. Dent. Any person finding the same will please leave it at this office or the post office at Knatchbull.
Acton, July 30, 1877. 5-4t

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Parties not having paid their bread account, are requested to do so on or before the 10th inst. and thereby save costs. Hereafter, no accounts for bread will be allowed to run more than one week.

B. & E. NICKLIN.
Acton, Aug. 2, 1877.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

We have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St., New York.
Post Office Box 4586. 4-1y

WANTED.

Ladies and gentlemen to learn Telegraph Operating for offices opening in the Dominion. Stamp for answer.

Address MANAGER,
Box 955, Toronto.

FLEURY'S MEADOW LARK AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

Grand Mowing Match held under the auspices of the East Huron Farmers' and Mechanics' Association at Brussels, Ont., on the 10th July, 1877, 14 machines were in competition, and

FLEURY'S MEADOW LARK

was awarded the highest number of points of merit. It showed only 159 pounds draft; the lightest of any machine tested.

The prizes were as follows: 1st prize, Fleury's Meadow Lark; 2d, Elliott's Meadow Lark; 3d, Coleman & Co.'s Paragon.

Judges.—Messrs. James Strachan, James Johnston, and D. McLaughlin, of Grey Township.

Aurora Agricultural Works,
July 14th, 1877.

J. FLEURY, Proprietor.
WM. HEMSTREET, Agent, Rockwood.

PROCLAMATION.

CIVIC HOLIDAY.

TO HIS WORSHIP, THE REEVE OF THE VILLAGE OF ACTON:

RESPECTED SIR.—We, the inhabitants of the Village of Acton, being desirous of setting apart a day for public enjoyment, do respectfully request you to appoint Friday, the 3rd of August, a Civic Holiday.

Craine & Son, J. W. Mann, Fyfe & McNab, Christie, Henderson & Co., G. E. Morrow, G. M. Scott, James Matthews, J. E. McGarvin, Wilson & Johnson, Jas. Ryder, W. E. Greenwood, W. R. Kenney, Galloway Bros., Henry P. Moore, David McMackon, Secord Bros., R. Creech, R. & E. Nicklin, J. H. Hacking, W. H. Storey & Co., George Hynds.

GENTLEMEN.—It is with pleasure I receive your petition, asking for the appointment of a Civic Holiday. I will therefore appoint and set apart

Friday, 3d day of August next

as a Civic Holiday for the Village of Acton.

I am, respectfully yours,
N. McGARVIN, Reeve.
Acton July 25th, 1877.

PIC-NIC.

Arrangements have been made by the Acton Division Sons of Temperance, to have an excursion on the above named day, over the Grand Trunk and Hamilton & Northwestern Railways to Burlington Beach, where a PIC-NIC will be held. The fare for the round trip will be about 75 cents. A general invitation is extended to the public to participate.

By order of the W. P.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

A Sure Relief for the Sufferer.

PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SONS,
88 HARRISON AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,

Is a Vegetable Preparation, invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

PRICE 25 CENTS A BOX.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE CURES

FLESH WOUNDS, FROZEN LIMBS, SALT RHEUM, CHILBLAINS, SORE BREAST, SORE LIPS, ERYSIPELAS, RING-WORMS, CALLUSES, SCALD HEAD, CHAPPED HANDS,

BURNS,	CANCERS,	FELONS,
SCALDS,	SORES,	ULCERS,
WOUNDS,	STINGS,	SHINGLES,
FESTERS,	WENS,	STIES,
PILES	ABCESS,	FRECKLES,
BUNIONS,	SPRAINS,	BOILS,
BITES,	CUTS	WHITLOWS,
WARTS;	BLISTERS,	TAN;
PIMPLES,	CORNS,	SCURVY,

ITCH, INGROWING NAILS, NETTLE RASH, MUSQUITO AND FLEA BITES, SPIDER STINGS,

And all cutaneous diseases and eruptions generally;

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and at all country stores throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 50 cents.

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE HOTEL,

ACTON.

This well-known house has recently undergone a thorough renovating and repairing, is now furnished with new and modern furniture of the best description, and is prepared to provide first-class accommodation for the public. The present proprietor has secured a license, and he will keep the bar well supplied with the very best of liquors and cigars. The stabling is large and well-fitted up; also ample shed-room. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

JOHN MANEY.
Acton, June 26, 1877.

C. T. HILL,

Mill Street, ACTON,

DEALER IN

Groceries,
Crockery,
Boots & Shoes,
Wall Paper,
Window Blinds,
Nails, Glass, Putty,
Linseed Oil,
Paints, Turpentine,
Coal Oil, Salt, etc.

All of which will be sold low for cash.

BOOTS and SHOES

Selling off at cost.

Also agent for the

RUBBER PAINT COMPANY

Of Cleveland, Ohio.

Cash for Hides.

Acton, July 18, 1876.

$999 Can't be made by every agent every month in the business we furnish, but those writing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. Have no room to say more here. Business pleasant and honorable. Women, and boys and girls do as well as men. We will furnish you a complete Outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. We will bear expense of starting you. Particulars free. Write and see. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters, and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn about the work at once. Now is the time. Don't delay. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

AND

WAGGONS.

Now is the time to leave your order

At J. Ryder's Factory

for a

Stylish Buggy or Serviceable Waggon.

I am making up a large stock for the present season, from the best material.

Call and See our Handsome Buggies

Now is a good time to secure bargains.

Strict attention given to

Horse-Shoeing & General Blacksmithing.

JAMES RYDER.
Acton, Feb. 26, 1877.

ONTARIO

SADDLERY,

ACTON.

The subscriber takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous customers for the very liberal patronage given him the past year, and would state that it is his motto to do a

Square and Honest Business

as heretofore, and hopes to retain the same liberal appreciation from the public.

All orders entrusted to my care will be

ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS.

As none but Good Workmen are Employed,

Parties can rely on getting a good article and as cheap as good work can be done for.

Repairing Done with Neatness

COLLARS A SPECIALTY.

R. CREECH.
Acton, Feb. 14, 1877.

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO. New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.