THE ACTON FREE PRESS

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Acton Free Press
JOS. H. HACKING EDITOR

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 7, 1876.

The mystery surrounding the murder of Robert Whiteside on the night of the 20th ult., has not yet been cleared up, although the investigation has been carefully and persistently conducted by the Coroner, jury and detectives, during the past three weeks. The suspicion, however, which at first attached to young Whiteside as the guilty party is still as strong as ever, and the evidence given last week by Mr. Galloway tends to strengthen the conviction in the minds of the public that the suspicions are well founded. The circumstantial evidence is so far certainly against him, and unless he is able to clear up the hiatus between the time he left Silver Creek at ten o'clock on that fatal Sunday evening and three o'clock the following morning, it is likely to go hard with him. It is most probable some further condemnatory evidence will be brought out at the adjourned inquest this evening.

Premier Mackenzie will address his constituents at Watford on the 8th inst., at 3 p.m.

Mr. P. Gow, of Guelph, has accepted the shrievalty of Wellington, and has resigned his seat in the Legislature.

Sitting Bull is again reported to have been killed in the battle in which Custer met his fate. Crook and Terry do not appear to make much progress in striking his band.

Seaforth has had a terrible fire by which forty buildings are reported to have been destroyed, in the business part of the town. The buildings destroyed were principally of wood and not very valuable, except the Mansion House, which was brick.

The truth of the terrible atrocities committed by the Turks on their Christian subjects, is vouched for by the European consuls. Otherwise it would be almost beyond human comprehension to accept them. Whole families were slaughtered, houses plundered, and villages burned. Women, girls, and children were outraged, beheaded, or burned by the hundreds, and their bodies left rotting in the sun for dogs to feed on.

CHEAP EXCURSION.—On Friday and Saturday tickets will be issued all along the line of the Grand Trunk to Toronto good to return up till Tuesday, at one fare. On Saturday a championship lacrosse match will be played which will be a great point of attraction for visitors. There will be an excursion from Toronto to Buffalo by steamer on Monday. Fare $1.50.

An English paper says: The trade in Canadian horses and cattle bids fair to affect the home market, as it is increasing in importance. Yesterday the Dominion steamer "Dominion" landed at Liverpool 110 very fine beasts, in splendid condition. The "Dominion" also landed three thoroughbred, nine harness and nine cart horses, all very fine. The last importation of these horses brought, by auction, from 75 to 100 guineas each.

A large number of destructive fires have occurred in Ontario and Quebec since May. On Tuesday, May 30th, fire in Quebec city destroyed over five hundred houses; on Thursday, June 8th, the business part of Cayuga was consumed; on Sunday, June, 18th, all the business portion of St. John's, Quebec, was reduced to ashes, the loss being over $500,000; on Sunday, August 6th, the Aurora Agricultural Works were burned, entailing a loss of $80,000; on Sunday, August 22nd the bussiness street of the village of Brussels fell a prey to the flames; on Sunday, September 3rd, the conflagration in St. Hyacinthe occurred and six hundred houses were burned; on Monday, September 4th the destruction of forty buildings in the centre of Seaforth; and on Tuesday of this week the village of Durham was visited and eight buildings consumed.

The town of St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, was almost completely destroyed by fire on Sunday. It is situated on the Yamaska river, about 30 miles from Montreal, is the county town of St. Hyacinthe county, and has a population of four thousand. The buildings were mostly of wood, and the fire-engine of the town was next to useless. Added to this a strong wind was blowing, and the flames were carried with lightning rapidity from one end of the place to the other. Hardly any of the contents of the burned structures were saved. The people were reported without bread, but supplies have been sent from Montreal. One old woman is known to have been burned to death, and three children are also supposed to have perished.

LAYING OF CORNER STONE.

New Congregational Church in Acton.

In accordance with public announcement, the corner stone of the New Congregational Church, in Acton, was laid, yesterday, by Mr. James Barber, of Georgetown. The site is a very convenient one on Church street, between John and Elgin streets, and in the immediate vicinity of the Methodist and Disciple Churches. The basement storey is to be of stone, 10 feet clear in height, and the audience room of brick, 19 feet in height; the size of the building to be 34 x 48 feet, besides tower and semi circular projection in the rear. The design is neat and substantial, and the structure when completed will be an ornament to our village. The ceremony, yesterday, was witnessed by a large number of people, amongst whom we noticed a good many strangers from a distance. After singing a hymn, the Rev. Mr. Davies of Caledon, who has held occasional services in Acton during the past few months, read the 84th Psalm and part of 7th chapter of 2nd Samuel. Rev. Mr. Duff, of Speedside then offered a prayer. Rev. Mr. Davies made a few preliminary remarks, stating that in consequence of the lengthened illness of Rev. Mr. Unsworth he had some months ago to resign his charge of the congregation at Churchill, and that he (the speaker) had felt it his duty to supply the vacancy, and that he also became impressed with the necessity of holding occasional services in Acton. He was glad to see that through the mercies of God his feeble efforts had been instrumental in awaking the scattered members of the church in Acton to the desirability of erecting a building for the worship of God in this village. It seemed to be our duty as Congregationalists to proceed at once to erect such a sanctuary, and he was pleased to witness the spirit which was manifested by the people. He then read the following document, a copy of which was enclosed in a tin box and deposited in the cavity of the corner stone:

Having been called in the Providence of God to preach the glad tidings of the Gospel in this village—to supply the lack long felt by the members in connection with the Congregational body, we this day rejoice and give our most hearty thanks to our Heavenly Father, the giver of every blessing, for the abundant success that has already attended our feeble efforts in the preaching of the Gospel of Christ. Being strongly convinced that the set time had come for have a spiritual house in the village of Acton, a special meeting was called on Monday evening, August 14th, to consider the propriety of erecting a church for the said use of the Congregationalists. "It was unanimously resolved that a church be erected forthwith," and having committed this great enterprise to our Father in Heaven for his blessing to rest and abide upon this sanctuary about to be raised, wherein we may worship Him who is a spirit in spirit, and in truth, being fully assured "Except the Lord build the house they labor in vain that build it; except the Lord keep the city, the watchman waketh but in vain." With our united prayer we desire that within the walls of this Thy Holy Sanctuary, there may be built up a spiritual house; that it may be said of many yet unborn, this and that man was born there; and that the Lord may keep it as the apple of His eye from everything that would bring disgrace upon our Congregational principles.

Signed on behalf of the members of the congregation, Sept. 6th, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

JAMES DAVIES, Pastor.

The other articles enclosed were copies of the Montreal *Witness*, Canadian *Independent*, Acton FREE PRESS, Guelph *Mercury*, Toronto *Daily Globe*, the Declaration of the Principles of Faith and Church Discipline of the Congregational Church, and a coin of the realm. A handsome silver trowel, bearing the annexed inscription was then presented to Mr. Barber, who performed the ceremony of the laying the corner stone of the edifice.

PRESENTED
to
MR. JAMES BARBER,
on laying
The Foundation Stone
of the
Congregational Church, Acton,
Sept. 6th, 1876.

The trowel, which cost $35, was procured from the establishment of Messrs. Lash & Co., Toronto.

Rev. Mr. Unsworth, of Georgetown, then delivered a brief address. He said it was not the purport or polity of Congregationalists to interfere with the harmony of any other church; that the utmost good-will was always felt towards all brethren in Christ, no matter of what particular denomination. Indeed it had been remarked that Congregationalists were so catholic and liberal in their views as to neglect their own individual growth in numbers and strength. They offered the right hand of fellowship to all who work in the name of the Lord; yet we consider we have a place to fill; we have distinctive principles, and the doctrines which we teach are in harmony with the full growth and freshness of the human mind. We have no creed to fetter us, and are free to advocate sound principles of christian liberty.

After singing and prayer by Rev. Mr. Ewing, of Georgetown, a collection was taken up and the audience dismissed.

In the afternoon a pic-nic was held in Mr. P. S. Armstrong's grove, which was numerously attended and heartily enjoyed.

A public meeting was held in the Drill Shed in the evening, addressed by the several ministers present, and subscriptions were received towards the church building fund.

THE WHITESIDE MURDER.

CORONER'S INQUEST RESUMED.

THE SUSPICION STRENGTHENED BY FURTHER EVIDENCE, BUT THE MYSTERY NOT YET CLEARED UP.

The adjourned inquest on the Whiteside murder case was resumed at Clark's hotel, Silver Creek, last Thursday evening. Before commencing the further enquiry, the coroner and jury unanimously resolved to exclude the public from the room; and several of the jurymen were disposed to also exclude young Whiteside's counsel, admitting only the County Attorney and press reporters. But after some little discussion it was finally agreed to allow Messrs. Laidlaw and Matheson to watch the case on behalf of the prisoner, without their unnecessarily impeding the progress of the inquiry by cross-examination of witnesses. The jury having all answered to their names, the first witness called was

William Joyce, a magistrate residing in Georgetown, being sworn, testified that either in May or June of this year the deceased Robert Whiteside came to him and wanted to get some authority to keep his son Henry from coming about his (Whiteside's) premises, saying that the boy would not work, and that he was an annoyance to him; witness told him that he could give him no such authority, and advised him to give Henry 50 acres of his land and let him live upon it; deceased said he would do no such thing, and that when he made his will he would give the boy but very little, just enough to cut him out; deceased did not give his son a very good character; he said that he had stolen some of his wood and sold it; witness was not aware whether deceased had made a will or not; deceased said to witness that the mother kept Henry clean, and thought that she encouraged him in coming round and in being idle; witness said he had known the boy Henry for a considerable time about Georgetown and always found him respectful and civil; never saw him otherwise; was not aware what his occupation is or has been.

David Galloway, baker, of Acton, sworn, said he heard of the death of Robert Whiteside on Monday morning, the 21st. Was in Hillsburg on Sunday, 20th; came down the 7th line, in a buggy. About the centre of the hill near Henry Cole's, I met a person going up. The night was rather dark; did not recognize the person. It was a little before 12 o'clock. Got home to Acton at 20 minutes past 12 o'clock. Think it was a man about my height—5ft 10in. The clothes appeared to be all dark. Did not distinguish any light clothing. Could not recognize the person if I should see him again. I never told Mr. Campbell what color hat he had on, as I didn't know. Did not tell any person. He seemed to be rather tall and stout. [The prisoner, Henry Whiteside, was brought in and told to stand up before the witness.] The man I met appeared to be fully as tall as prisoner but I think a little stouter. Had no particular acquaintance with prisoner, though had seen him and knew him slightly. Would not be likely to recognize him in the dark. I was once at Silver Creek when he was playing quoits; do not remember ever having played quoits with him. Never played any other game with him. The person did not speak when I met him. He appeared to have his head down. The hill is about two miles above Silver Creek and about half a mile this side of Whiteside's property. Would take a man about ten or fifteen minutes to walk from place of meeting to Whiteside's farm. Don't think he appeared to be skulking or trying to keep out of sight. Did not see him till I was within a few yards of him, as I was coming around the bend of the hill. He looked up when I met him; did not see his eyes; could not say whether he had on a white shirt or not; did not see him have anything in his hand. He was the only person I met below Ballinafad on the 7th line.

John Tomlinson, stone-cutter, sworn, said boarded at Clark's hotel, Silver Creek. Was here on Sunday evening 20th inst. Henry Whiteside came about eight o'clock and remained till exactly 20 minutes to ten by the clock in the house. The prisoner went outside then with Mr. Webster, and Mr. Wheeling and got on the waggon with them. I was standing outside at the time. He was dressed in dark clothes, with drab soft hat. Have seen him several times; generally dressed in dark clothes. Asked me if any young chaps were up from Georgetown. Never spoke to him till last January when I saw him on the ice at Georgetown. Went to bed five minutes after he left, and it was just 15 minutes to ten o'clock.

Mary Whiteside, daughter of deceased, recalled, on being sworn, deposed as follows concerning her father's will: Don't think father made a will since fourteen years ago; mother told me of it last winter; I think she told me last winter he made a will when Johnny was a baby; this is the only will I know of; never heard of any other; father told mother some time ago he hadn't made another will; I told somebody that I read a will about two weeks ago; couldn't say whether father's name was to it or not; mother was looking for a receipt at the time, and she came across the will; she handed it to me and I read it; I handed it back to her, and she said, "Oh, you may burn it;" think I did not burn it, but threw it on the floor; father was not present when I read the will; he might have been in the house; don't know whether father would allow me to read the will; don't remember the names of any of the executors of the will; there was $5 left to each of the girls, and half the property to Henry (the prisoner) and half to brother John; mother can't read writing; she said she knew it was a will by the sight of it; don't remember the date of the will; don't remember destroying it; mother told me to destroy it, it was no good; don't know if I would know father's writing; wouldn't swear positively that father's name was not to the will; father tried to get Henry away from the house more than once; think I never told Henry of the will; father sometimes gave mother a little money; she sometimes earned money of her own by sewing; sometimes she had four or five dollars, sometimes less; she might have had $100, but I can't say; don't know exactly how much; she sometimes sold chickens to get some money; don't know if there was any money in the house after father's death; saw mother with some money after his death; had some conversation with Mrs. Campbell and Mrs. McNichol about a will, I told Mrs. Campbell that I saw it two or three weeks ago; don't think the funeral expenses have been paid.

Mrs. Addson (formerly Mrs. McNichol) sworn—Never saw any paper at Mrs. Whiteside's; was there the day of the funeral; Mary (last witness) told me she read the will, not more than two weeks ago, and said there were a dollar apiece put in for the girls, and it was marked out, and $5 put instead; she said also that the property was all left to Henry and John, and that will would be no good, as there had been four children born since; Mary said there was no other will; had no conversation any time with Mrs. Whiteside about the will; Mary said she believed Henry innocent of the murder; Mrs. Whiteside said the morning of the murder that she hadn't twenty cents to get anything with; Mary was present when Mrs. Whiteside said this, but can't tell whether Mary heard it or not.

The jury adjourned at nine o'clock p. m. to meet again at the same place on Thursday, the 7th September, at five o'clock p.m.

The prisoner Henry Whiteside was remanded to gaol.

HALTON COUNTY COUNCIL.

The County Council met at Milton, on Tuesday of last week, pursuant to adjournment.

The Warden stated that gentlemen connected with the H. & N. W. Railway were in town and would probably demand the debentures. He submitted the question whether they should be surrendered to the trustees or should the Council stand by their by law.

Mr. Foster said he was decidedly opposed to given up the debentures at this stage. Col. Clay had seen nothing since the passing of the By-law to change his opinion. He opposed the surrender at the present time. Dr. Buck thought if the Council now surrendered the debentures they would ignore all they had done in the past. Mr. Barber expressed his confidence that the railway would be completed through the county in a short time. The Warden had confidence that the railway would be built, but would have more confidence in it were it finished. The feeling of the council was in favor of still holding the debentures.

The minutes of last meeting were then read and confirmed.

The Warden read a communication from the Provincial Inspector of Prisons relative to Louisa de Long, a lunatic.

The clerk read a communication from W. Henderson relative to the Credit Valley Railway debentures.

CREDIT VALLEY DEBENTURES.

The by-law relative to the levying of a rate to redeem the C. V. Railway debentures was read a first, second and third time, and passed. The by-law levies the following rate:

Nassagaweya	$1964 00
North Side Nelson	1657 00
North Side Trafalgar	2642 00
Portion of Esquesing	1987 00

Mr. Barber introduced a by-law to levy rate in support of public schools, as follows:

Trafalgar	$800
Esquesing	800
Nelson	800
Nassagaweya	450

which by-law was read a first, second and third time and passed.

H. & N. W. DEBENTURES.

A deputation from the Hamilton & Northwestern Railway Co., consisting of the President, Mr. Stuart, and Messrs. Williams and Sandford, waited on the council, urging them to deliver the bonus debentures to the trustees of the company, without further legal proceedings, and Mr. Stuart offered to give his personal security, and that of the other directors, for the completion of the road to Georgetown this year. Mr. Stuart said they had already expended in grading and the purchase of rails and ties nearly $240,000; which fact ought to be sufficient guarantee. The grounds on which the court refused to grant a mandamus to compel the surrender no longer exist, and a resort to the court would leave the county no option. However, the company did not desire to resort to an action at law until other means failed of securing justice. They had paid cash so far, for all material purchased and work done. The right of way had been secured, and the surveys had been continued beyond Georgetown, although not much had been done between that place and Barrie. The road would be completed to Georgetown by 1st November.

The Warden asked if the Company was willing to stand by the offer they made in the spring to sell the debentures to the County at 94c. on the dollar.

Mr. Stuart replied that the time for the consideration of that question had passed. It should have been accepted when it was offered and the debentures at once given up. The offer was made as a compromise, and was conditional on the surrender of the debentures at that time.

The Warden said Mr. Stuart would bear in mind that the line was to be completed in three years through the County. The Company would only finish it to Georgetown within the specified time. That would leave about five miles unfinished. Would Mr. Stuart say that the Company intended to finish it through the County before May next?

Mr. Stuart—No, they could not do that.

The Warden—Then do you wish us to bring an action against you for not complying with the terms of the agreement? The money for the purchase of the debentures at the rate of 94c. was still on hand, and had been reserved by the municipalities for that purpose. The only reason why not paid was that the people of the County were not satisfied that the railway would be built.

A lengthy discussion ensued, Messrs Clay, Buck, Warren and Young being opposed to handing over the said debentures till the completion of the road.

Mr. Stuart then agreed to give the council one month's grace, and said that he and the other directors would still, at the expiration of the month, be willing to give their personal security for the completion of the road this year, and that the work of the month, in addition to what had already been done, would surely be sufficient guarantee of the company's good faith, as they were to start laying rails the next day, (Wednesday.)

The Warden thought that if they were going to have the road done so soon that it ought to be satisfactory to deliver the debentures on its completion to Georgetown. Mr. Stuart said that in giving a month's grace, he was perhaps doing more than he ought to, and that he could not possibly do more; that according to the by-law, ratified by the people, the debentures should now be in the hands of the trustees of the H. & N. W. R., and that if the council refused to deliver them, they could only expect that legal proceedings would be taken for their delivery.

A formal protest from W. Y. Pettit, against the giving up of the debentures, was read.

Mr. Clay proposed that a committee should be appointed to wait on the directors of the Co., some time before Oct. 1st, and make arrangements for the delivery of the debentures.

Mr. Barber moved, seconded by Mr. Ramsay, that the council should deliver the debentures to the H. & N. W. R. Co., subject to the conditions of Mr. Stuart's proposal, which, Mr. Barber said, were fair and reasonable, and should be treated with consideration by the council, for if they refuse to deliver them they can only expect to be served with a writ in ten days, and the debentures taken from them by law, the county put to an expense of five or six hundred dollars, and have no guarantee that the road should be finished at all.

Mr. Young moved an amendment contrary to the above, which, after much discussion was put and lost.

After some further argument, in which Messrs. Barclay, Barber, Ramsay and Stuart spoke in favour of the original motion, and Messrs. Clay, Warren, Buck and Young against it, Mr. Young moved an amendment to the effect that the council should hold a special meeting about the first Tuesday in October, for the delivery of the debentures upon satisfactory bonds being furnished by the Company for the completion of the road.

Several hours more were spent in arguing the question, and at last it was agreed that the council would hold a special meeting on Oct 12th, and hand over the debentures on the company paying the costs of the trial that has taken place in the matter, and the directors giving their personal security that the work would be pushed as fast as it has been.

Mr. Pope, who is getting up an atlas of the county, was present for the purpose of introducing his work to the council, and addressed them briefly and to the point. He concluded by asking them to purchase a number of copies of his work for the municipalities and county officers.

Moved by Mr. Clay, seconded by Mr. Barber, that this council buy of J. H. Pope & Co. sixteen copies of their New Illustrated Atlas Map now in course of publication for this county, namely one for each municipality and one each for the offices of the County Judge, Sheriff, Clerk of the County, Registrar, Treasurer, Clerk of the Crown, and Inspector of Public Schools, and that the treasurer be directed to pay for the same upon the delivery of said atlases at his office.

Dr. Buck and Mr. Warren objected to such a proceeding, saying that though they fully recognized the value of the work, and had personally subscribed for it, they thought each municipality should pay for its own, and no doubt would, if canvassed.

The motion was then put and carried. A number of other matter were disposed of, which we are unable to give in detail.

Try It—and You will Always Use Wood's Improved.

Wood's Improved Hair Restorative is unlike any other, and has no equal. The Improved has now vegetable tonic properties; restores grey hair to a glossy natural color; restores faded, dry, harsh and falling hair; restores, dresses, gives vigor to the hair; restores hair to prematurely bald heads; removes dandruff, humors, scaly eruptions; removes irritation, itching and scaly dryness. No article produces such wonderful effects Try it, call for Wood's Improved Hair Restorative, and don't be put off with any other article. Sold by all druggists in this place and dealers everywhere. Trade supplied at manufacturers' prices by C. A. COOK & Co., Chicago, Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas, and by LYMAN BROS. & Co., Toronto.

MARRIED.

At Campbell's Hotel, Acton, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. D. B. Cameron, Mr. James Sharp, to Miss Maggie Campbell.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OAT STRAW

Good and clean for bed ticks, can be had in any quantity at my barn for 20 cents per tick, or 25 cents delivered at houses.

P. S. ARMSTRNG.
Acton, Sept. 5 1876. 10-3t

LOST,

On the 2nd line of Esquesing, between Acton and the residence of Mr. John Worden, a piece of crochet work, about two yards in length and about three inches wide, containing a spool number 10, and crochet needle. Any person finding it will oblige the owner by leaving it at this office.

R. B. COOK.

STRAY COW.

Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 29th August, a milch cow, greyish color. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JOHN SPROWL.
Lot No. 18, 3rd con., Esquesing

MARE STRAYED.

Strayed from the premises, Lot No. 10, 5th con. Esquesing, about the 28th August, a Chesnut Mare, medium size, 4 years old. One hind leg has been blistered. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery, will be liberally rewarded.

JOHN EWING.
Esquesing, Sept. 5, 1876 10-*3t

SENECA or CLAWSON SEED WHEAT.

The subscriber has a very choice sample of the above wheat for sale. This wheat, according to reports, has stood the test better this year than all others. It is a white wheat, and yields enormous crops on every variety of wheat soil. Price $1.50 per bushel.

DAVID SHULTES,
10-1t Rockwood.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers to sell his farm consisting of about 50 acres, being the south-west half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd con. of Esquesing. Good house and barn, small orchard. The land is of excellent quality, well watered, 40 acres cleared, balance good maple wood. Apply to W. L. P. Eager, Milton, or to the owner on the premises, or by letter to Acton Post Office.

DANIEL THOMPSON.
Esquesing, July 15, 1876. 3-3m.

ACTON

Fruit Bazaar.

GEO. LEVENS

Begs to announce to the people of Acton that he has opened out in the building lately occupied by Geo. Stoddard, on the corner of Mill and Elgin streets, where will be found at all times all kinds of

Canned Fruits, Candies,
Oranges, Lemons,
Tobaccos, Cigars,
Summer Drinks, etc.

Water and Musk Melons, Tomatoes, etc., on hand.

A BARBER SHOP

In connection, where Shaving, Hair-cutting, Shampooning, etc., can be done in the best style of the tonsorial art.

Acton, July 12, 1876.

OUR FALL STOCK
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES

Now Arriving,

And will be complete in a few days.

Call and examine our Goods and Prices.

CRAINE & SON.

Acton, Sept. 5, 1876.

LARGE ARRIVALS OF
CLOTHING
AT THE
ELEPHANT CLOTHING STORE,
GUELPH.

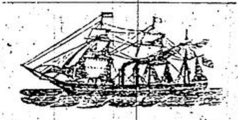
WM. RUTHERFORD & CO,

Sept. 4, 1876. No. 31, Lower Wyndham Street, Guelph.

NOTE LOST.

All parties are hereby cautioned against buying or negotiating a certain note of hand, drawn by George B. Hume and Thos. Hume, of Milton, in favor of The Acton Plow Company, for the sum of $35.50, dated April 18th, 1876, payable six months after date, as the same has been lost or mislaid.

ACTON PLOW COMPANY.
Acton, Aug. 21, 1876. 8-3t



McNAIR'S
BRICK BLOCK

Is now progressing rapidly, and the

GOODS

In the present store

Must be all cleared out

Within the

NEXT FEW WEEKS

We don't want to

MOVE AWAY

Any of our

Present Stock.

Things must be sold at any price.

NOW FOR BARGAINS

Such as never before heard of.

D. McNAIR.
Acton, Aug. 2, 1876.

SEED WHEAT.

The undersigned has a quantity of the celebrated Turkish Fall Wheat, for sale at $1.50 per bushel. This grain is very hardy, and will not be injured by the severest winter weather. The grain will be left at J. Henry Smith's furniture store, where it can be procured.

C. S. SMITH.
Acton, Aug. 14, 1876. 7-3t

REMOVED!

R. CREECH,

SADDLER & HARNESS-MAKER,

Has removed one door west of his old stand, and is now prepared to turn out work, which for

NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS AND DURABILITY

cannot be surpassed by any house in the county.

Harness of all Kinds

supplied on the shortest possible notice, and warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

As he is doing business principally on the Cash System, he is prepared to sell cheaper than ever.

Give him a call and be convinced that this is the right place.

R. CREECH, Acton.
June 28, 1876.

ACTON BAKERY.

Cheap Bread.

GALLOWAY BROS.
ARE STILL AHEAD,

And we intend to keep so with our Superior

Bread, Buns, and Cakes,

Delivered fresh around the village and vicinity every day: A good stock of

BREAD, BUNS AND CAKES

Always on hand at our bakery, good, fresh and cheap for cash.

NO CREDIT GIVEN,

Except to prompt-paying monthly customers.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Weight for weight given in bread in exchange for flour.

WEDDING & FANCY CAKES

Made to order in the shortest possible notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.

N.B.—All goods are warranted pure as nothing but the best of material is used. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

GALLOWAY BROS.
Acton, Aug. 9, 1876.