"Energy-efficient housinga prairie approach" (Office of Energy Conservation, Saskatchewan Mineral Resources, 1914 Hamilton St. Regina, Sask. S4P 4V4) Or write to me: Alan Dolan, RR 1 Seeley's Bay KOH 2NO

Passive solar - In order to make the most of the heat of the sun, the house should be oriented with most of its windows on the south side. This does sometimes create problems when the view is to the north or a resident artist needs northern light for painting, but it is something that should be considered well before the land is even purchased or the sod is turned.

An overhang on the south side will help eliminate over-heating in the summer, fall and spring when the sun is high in the sky and still allow the low winter rays to enter the house.

Thermal mass in the living area of the house such as stone, brick or masonry will help dampen temperature extremes, and to a limited extent, will store heat that will be reradiated to the room at night.

Other features important in the construction of a passive solar house are building the house into the side of a hill with an earth berm on the north side and various evergreen trees and shrubs to shelter the house from the cold north winds. Shade trees can be strategically placed in the front yard so as to supply shade in the summer but allow the sun's rays to come through in the winter.

Most passive housesutilize some sort of shutter system on the south-facing glass to cover it up and prevent heat loss at night. There are a variety of possibilities for shutters-which will probably be the subject of another article.

One notable objection to passive solar heating is that allowing the sun to enter the living area of the house will fade the colours of carpets and furniture. One possible way to get around this is to collect the sun's rays in a greenhouse or solarium on the south

of the foundation and the walls, leaks around electrical outlets, chimneys and plumbing ventilation and so on. In fact, in older homes, this so-called air infiltration may account for as much as onehalf of the heat loss.

The secret to the performance of energy-efficient houses lies in how they deal with air infiltration. When insulating a house, a plastic vapour barrier is commonly stapled on the inside of the insulation. The purpose of the plastic is to stop moisture from moving out through the wall and condensing in the insulation and possibly rotting the frame of the house.

If considerable care is taken to seal this vapour barrier using acoustic sealant or some sort of glue the vapour barrier can also act as a barrier to infiltration. With proper planning, the vapour barrier can act as a continous air-tight skin on the house. Only doors and windows will interrupt this skin.

Electrical boxes and wiring often present a problem because

they puncture the plastic in many places, but there are a number of ways of avoiding this. Probably the most effective method is to strap the inside stud walls with 2x2s and put all of the electrics inside the vapour barrier.

Structures such as chimneys, that obviously must go through the plastic should be caulked where they meet the plastic.

Another step in air-tightness is designing entrances that have two doors separated by a small room that acts as an air lock. Many older homes had these entrances as a matter of course, but cost considerations have all but eliminated them from most modern homes.



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NEWS

The Senior Citizen's Room at Elgin was pleasantly filled with an interested audience for the April meeting of Rideau Crafts.

Dr. Arauson's lecture and films about "Corn Gods and Medicine Men", proved most interesting. We learned much and were pleasantly entertained. Dr. Arauson is a relaxed speaker. We enjoyed him and we hope he will return soon, for we need to know more about Natures gifts to man.

At a short business meeting which followed the program, it was agreed that:

- (a) Rideau Crafts will concentrate on two major projects this year.
- (b) That one will be The Christmas Crafts Sale in November.
- (c) The other, a Summer Festival to be held in Newboro on August 10, 1981.

It was reported that the Newboro Canal had agreed to co-operate and that the Horticultural Society would assist. A member from each of these organizations will be appointed to the Festival Committee.

Our next meeting will on June 8 at Forfar hall at 8 p.m.

See you there!

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LEEDS COUNTY 4-H HOMEMAKING

The "WHICH CAME FIRST? The Chicken or The Egg" 4-H project concluded with Achievement Programs April 8 and 9th. The evening programs featured skits, demonstrations and exhibits, by 4-H club members, on topics ranging from the "How to" of Cutting Up a Chicken to Crafts With Egg Shells.

Clubs participating were Athens, Elgin, Frankville, Fairgrove, Junetown, Lansdowne South, Lansdowne-in-Between, Lyn, North Augusta, Oakleaf, Portland and Tincap.

AWARDS: Nancy Eyre, a member of the Athens club received the Advanced Honour Award for successful completion of 18 4-H Homemaking projects. The Club Leaders, Joan Singleton and Freda Schaafsma also made a presentation to Nancy on behalf of the Athens Club.

Provincial Honours was presented to Rina Roth of the Lyn Club. This award is presented after 12 homemaking projects.

Eight members received County
Honours: Bonnie Brontmire, Junetown; Susan Burns and Dianne LaPointe, Lansdowne-in-Between;
Irene Loney, Lansdowne South;
Christine Hoare, Lyn; Yvette
Perrin, North Augusta; Alison
Godkin, Oakleaf; Deborah Myers,
Portland.

The evening ended with presentation of 4-H spoons to members who completed the "Which Came First" project.

The next project is "READY.... GET....SEW". In it members will sew a vest or skirt. The project will begin in September.