--- BY---B. LOVERIN

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

SUBSCRIPTION 1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE, OR

\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN THREE MONTHS. are paid, excest at the option of the publisher.

A pose office notice to discontinue is not sufficient, unless a settlement to date has been

ADVERTISING

Business notices in local or news column, 10c. per line for first idsertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion rofessional Cards, 6 lines or under, per year \$3.00; over 6 and under 12 lines, \$4.00. Lega advertisements, Sc. per line for first insertion and 2c. per line for each subsequent insertion

liberal discount for contract advertisements. Advertisements sent without written i structions will be inserted until forbidden and charged full time All advertisements measured by a scale of

GRIEP.

solid nonpareil-12 lines to the inch.

The first great grief that comes into a life Seems hardest, for the heart has known no

But when each day brings greater care and And life endures, the heart must hope again. Then looking back to pain from which we shrank To stony ways we walked with bleeding feet, So bitter now the cup that what we drank In other days to us would now seem sweet. -Cy Warman in New York Sun.

The Pulse and the Temperature. If you take a thermometer on a hot summer day and watch it until it runs up under the influence of the sunshine to 98.4, you will see it when it reaches that point at the exact temperature of your body if you are in normal health. Your temperature may finctuate a fraction above or below 98.4, according to the time of the day or night, but it never varies to any extent until fever or some other kind of disease sets in. Then the temperature begins to do what the pulse would not do-tell just how dangerously sick the person is.

And one of the strange things about it is that it does not vary many degrees from this normal point of 98.4, no matter how ill the patient may become. If there is a high fever, it may run up to 104 or 105 and sometimes to 106, but it seldom stays at this point for any length of time. If it goes up to 408, the good physician who is watching at the bedside of the sick person concludes that death will soon put an end to the suffering. Sometimes, as in cases of cholera, it may drop several degrees below 98.4, but it seems to be impossible for it to change many degrees from the normal point. There are cases recorded where the temperature ran up to 110 or 119 and the patient recovered

The pulse, on the contrary, may change many beats, and still the sick person will not be in danger of death. But as a rule if the temperature reaches 108 or 109 death

A tiny thermometer called a clinical thermometer is used to indicate the temperature. It is placed under the tongue or close to the skin in the axilla or armpit and left there for a few minutes. By an ngenious arrangement the mercury in the slender glass tube is self registering, so that you may tell how high it was at any time after the temperature is taken, if the mercury is not disturbed .- St. Nicholan.

How Edison Took Up Electricity. "Now that you have left electricity, how

did you first come to enter it?" "I will tell you. It was by a peculiar incident. I was selling papers on a train nim and made a trade.

the New York Tribune regularly if he | shall eat or drink. All such laws are would send out little dispatches along the | "sumptuary," "paternal," and therefore wanted 200 more. They sent me up to the | his influence he impresses upon him and editor. It was Wilbur Storey, a dark look- his neighbors the injustice of taxing the ing man. I managed to get up to his desk | product of his corn while exempting the and make a strong plea. He listened and then yelled out, 'Give this arab 200 papera.' The revenue officers are his natural ene-I took 600 papers out. I was taken off my | mics because they are the representatives of feet when we reached the first little station. | the law which he considers oppressive. I raised the price of the paper to 10 cents, | them to be kind hearted and considerate in At the third station there was a mob, and I sold out, with papers going at 25 cents

"Well, do you know, that episode impressed me that telegraphy was a great thing, and I went into it, Telegraphy led to electricity."-Chicago Inter Ocean.

The Influence of Ivy.

There is a widespread belief that ivy trained against the walls of a dwelling house is productive of damp walls and gen-eral unhealthiness. The very opposite of this is really the case. If any one will carefully examine an ivy clad wall after a shower of rain, he will observe that while the overlapping leaves have conducted the water from point to point until it has reached the ground the wall underneath is quite dry. More than this, the thirsty rootlets of the atems will force their way into every crevice of the structure which will afford a firm hold and act like suckers in drawing out particles of moisture for their own nourishment. Care should be taken by means of occasional pinning that the ivy does not force its way into the interstices of the roof or the joints of the drains or gutters. Ivy, too, renders a house cool in summer and warm in winter, and its influence cannot be otherwise than beneficial.-Brooklyn Eagle.

A Dainty Lizard. starving.-Exchange.

The Dear Girls. Maud-Ned proposed to me last night. Marie-Did you accept him?

Maud-Yes. Marie-How funny! It is only two seasons since I refused him, poor fellow! Maud-I know. He told me all his past indiscretions before I accepted him.-Club.

The ancient Ethiopians salted the bodies of their dead and hung them up in a smokehouse to be dried and cured. They were thus kept for a year, when, perfectly proserved, they were turned over to the rela-

In London thousands of women and girls belong to drink clubs, a small sum being paid by each member weekly in order that several times yearly all may meet at some public house and drink what has been con-

it has been ascertained by Professor Ker. Letter. not of Melbourne university that the usually assumed weight of 80 to 100 pounds per square foot, produced by a dense crowd of persons, may be largely exceeded.

In Holland it is customary when there is denly, perhaps an hour after the crisis of infectious disease in the house to notity the fact to intending visitors and the public generally by tying a piece of white rag walts about like tipsy giants .- Exchange. round the bell handla

Workmen wear Lando, Tex., exhumed an old flintlock musket, full cocked, loaded and primed. The stock was partly petri-

Boston was the first American city to produce an American made umbrella. say that yours went home last pight in a shock the sensibilities of the San Francis which can never be wholly eradicated.— thing but pleasant for persons averag to decidedly rocky condition.—Brooklyn Life.

Hunting Moonshiners Is Not a Healthful Occupation.

SOME STIRRING ADVENTURES.

The Capture of Willard Morgan-A Revenue Officer Rolled In a Barrel-The Remarkable Sprinting Exploit of an Illicit Distiller-A Clerical Moonshiner.

Hunting the moonshiner in his lair is not the safest nor yet the pleasantest pastime in the world, as many revenue officers have found to their sorrow. Your illicit distiller is, on the surface, a very inoffensive individual, but when his prerogative of making whisky is interfered with he is liable to develop into a desperately ugly customer. Such a one was Willard Morgan, who was inptured by Deputy United States Marshal Dan Hannon in Wyoming county, W. Va., the other day.

Morgan is a tall, muscular, active specimen of the mountaineer. He has been carrying on moonshining in McDowell and Wyoming counties for nearly 20 years, was



A TYPICAL MOONSHINER. the leader of a daring gang of ambuscaders and has long been regarded as the most formidable outlaw in all that wild region. His name has been a terror to deputy marshals, and there is great rejoicing in that

fraternity over his arrest. The members of Morgan's gang were all finally captured and sent to the penitentiary or were paroled, but Morgan himself held out and defied the government. He has been hunted again and again, but every time he has either whipped, driven off the officers and posses or has captured and deained them. It was only a short time ago that Morgan captured Dan Cunningham, one of the most fearless and daring officers of the government, who went into McDowell after Morgan determined to capture him if possible. Morgan learned of Cunningham's approach and lay in wait for him. When Cunningham came up, Morgan covered him with a rifle and took him risoner. After disarming Cunningham, much to his surprise, Morgan permitted him to leave with the advice never to again enter Wyoming wilds with a warrant, Morgan is reported to have killed several

men, but in every instance he is said to have done his killing in fair fight. On one occasion it is said that he met a party of hunters and took them all prisoners without assistance

The illicit distillers of the south furnish very few characters so desperate as Willard Morgan. The average moonshiner has been described as a very ignorant, degraded and dangerous character, with the flendish cruelty and cunning of the savage. This is very far from the truth. He is a fair ype of the average citizen living in his

He always lives in a poor, sparsely settled, mountainous section of the country. He is a rough, hardy, fearless, hospitable fellow, true to his friends and chivalrous with his enemies. He is by nature and education an enemy of the federal government, or rather of that department which exercises control over the liquor traffic. He running out of Detroit. The news of the | has been taught for generations by the logreat battle of Shiloh, 60,000 killed and | cal public speakers at his county seat and wounded, came in one night. I knew the on the hustings in his immediate neighbortelegraph operator at Detroit, and I went to | bood that the government has no right to enact any law that affects the personal lib-"I promised him Harper's Monthly and erty of the citizen in the matter of what he ine and have them posted up publicly. "unconstitutional." The candidates do not Then I went to The Free Press and took | hesitate to invade his domain and dis-100 copies. That emptied my treasury. I | tribute his "white liquor," while to secure product of his neighbors' wheat.

The depot was crowded with men wanting | Where he has an opportunity to become papers. The next station it was worse, and | personally acquainted with them and finds



the discharge of their duties, his nature re-

sponds, and they are treated with kindness and courtesy, but where he thinks he is persecuted there is war that is settled only There is found on the edge of Death val- | by the superior weight of physical force. ley in California a lizard somewhat similar | An interesting adventure in the Cumberto the Glia monster, although more agile. | land monstains was told to a Detroit re-It is strictly a vegetarian. This fellow is porter not long ago by Thaddeus Maxson, called the chuckawalla by the Coahulla | who was was a revenue officer in Tennessee Indians, who are said to be very fond of his | in the seventies. One summer he took a flesh. The meat of this cousin of the vacation and started to do a little prospectdreaded monster is very white, tastes like | ing for minerals. "As I was not looking chicken, and Americans who have eaten it for moonshiners," said Maxson, "it did not are reported not to have turned up their occur to me that I would run any risk. noses at it. Apaches hate fish and reptiles | Everything went all right for three or four of all kinds and never eat them, even if | days, and then I happened along to a house raising one afternoon. The event had called

> Mrs. Dr. Cool paid a visit to Chicago recently and while out shopping and sight way back to her hotel, therefore, ahe the railways leading from the city to four stopped at a bank to have a check cashed. of the suburban cemeterica. The electric As usual, the clerk told her that she would | line parallels the tracks of the Southern Pa- | and Rio Janeiro. have to be identified. As Dr. Cool was s | cific railroad, and by cutting rates hopes to stranger in a strange land, she found her | share the funeral traffic. self in a dilemma. She presented her card, but that would not do, when a brilliant

Flashing a beam from the diamond set in her front teeth upon the clerk, she said, "Please look in my mouth." "Another one gone crazy," thought the clerk, but he complied with the request, looked astonished, smiled and paid the check, for on the crown in the dentist's mouth the clerk read the inscription, "La Cool, 1808." Identity was thus entablished beyond a question, and Mrs. Cool went on

her way rejoicing .- San Francisco News Sand In a Cycrone. On the plateaus of our southwestern boyder states the most furious whirlwinds of ten fall to raise the sand more than a few the storm, great columns ries to a height

She Had Hourd. how did your poor husband become petric remion is reformed. The sable performing other little duties for them | the bowl. Mrs. Gaskett (astonished) -- Petriffed?

about 30 mountaineers together, and for the first 10 minutes I was royally entertained. Then an old chap came out of the bush and gave me away to the crowd. He was an old mountaineer whom I had capfured and convicted about 20 months be-

"I stood up and lied like a trooper, for my | leisure. There are two reasons for it. One lifewas at stake, but he was equally ear- has got to stand for awhile, let us hope for nest with his assertions. About half the a long while-since it is because she is crowd believed me and the othe half him. still, while poking her obtrusive little nose If they had all believed his story, it would about in men's work, full of her feminine have been goodby to earth with me, for | traits and characteristics. In her heart of those men do not regard it as a crime to | hearts she has never quite given up her put a revenue officer under ground. As the | liking for dawdling; she hates to be ready case stood they didn't think it just to kill on the minute; things are wearing that me, and yet they wanted to appease the | have to be done on Friday absolutely, inwrath of the old man who had suffered im- stead of Wednesday or Saturday if she

"It was therefore decided to give me a | wife, mother, housekeeper, neighbor, ride in a barrel. They had a big one and a | friend, lady of the bouse, nurse, counscistout one with water in it. They emptied | or, confidant and half a dozen more things out the water and ordered me to get in. Of | all the time that she is the "business womcourse I protested and argued and coaxed, an."

tlemen, I hope to live a thousand years, some reasons why we are in no hurry that and if I do I shall never forget one turn of | she shall be. fast as that barrel did.

story. I felt as if my head and legs had give them the same chance. long before. They took me out and carried | ers, three babies and two nurses." before I could stand on my feet. I was ing age.-New York Times. 'barked' from head to heel, and it was a week or more before anything would stay on my stomach. When I finally felt able to get down to Clinton. It was a full year before I was entirely rid of the sensation." Rather more amusing than the adventure Albert Oliver, a sturdy citizen of Georgia,



who had been making a good deal of whisky without the approval of the law. The deputies finally got wind of his operations and determined to rake in his distillery. ing along the road carrying a lantern. He hospitality.

as dark as Egypt. But Oliver said to him- tory. self, "These are revenue inspectors, and I'll see them one better before they shall get the pot." The echo of the horse's hoofs had not died away upon his ears before his | Agriculture has removed the cattle emmind was made up to beat those officers to | bargo against Norway. This shows that his distillery, so, taking off his brogans | despite the agitation for the total exclusion |

pistol and went back to welcome the offitraveled with their horses hot under spur | fetching 8s. 6d. per stone, and whip, approached his premises. There they found Oliver covered with dirt and dust, his clothes dripping with foaming sion that moonshining is not incompatible with piety. Mr. Barrett had charge of three Baptist churches and one illicit distillery. The revenue officers who went to Banks county to arrest him last June refrained from executing their commission when they found him engaged with his religious work. They allowed him to fulfill his engagements and preach on Saturday and Sunday. When he was quite through, they suggested that he had better go to Atlanta and give the courts a sample of his sloquence. The reverend gentleman's still cap was found secreted in his cornfield, and three gallons of fresh blockade corn was liscovered in his house.

Electric Funeral Trains. The latest innovation in the way of troi- Africa, which provides the shortest route ley transportation is in San Francisco, to Mashonaland, has been opened.

Funeral processions meet the train at any

point on the line. The goffin is placed in

THE ELECTRIC HEARS. of 100 yards, and swaying from side to side the electric hearse, and the pullbearers ocoupy a special compartment in the same car. The mournam are carried in an ordi-

THE MODERN "BUSY" WOMAN How the Head of a Household Differs In

The "busy" woman of the moment is the busiest creature in existence. She is realiy dreadfully overworked and pressed for

feels more like it. And, besides, she is

but it was no go. To save myself from | Her confrere, the "business man," gets up greater violence I got into the barrel, and | in the morning, cats his breakfast, puts his they tied ropes over the open end to keep | morning paper in his pocket, kisses his me in. Just in front of us was a side hill | wife and babies and slams the front door on which descended into a valley a quarter of all domestic cares till evening. The busia mile away. To tell the honest truth, I | ness woman does two or three hours' work didn't anticipate it was going to be much of | in the way of getting children off to school, a shower, as the saying is, and was glad to | ordering meals, planning sewing, writing get off so easy. I expected to be a little family letters, seeing tradesman, supervisdizzy at the end of the voyage, but that | ing a household in its many details before wasn't going to use me up. When all was | she, too, takes a train to the office. If you city was the failure of three banks and of ready, they tipped the barrel over and let 'er | watch her en route, you will see that she several extensive business arms, which go, Gallagher. It hadn't got fairly started | does not let her newspaper, if she reads one before I found that I was off in my calcu- | at all, absorb her, for she frequently lays it down, and if you are another woman you "While it wasn't a tight fit as to breadth, | will know by the pucker in her forehead I being a small man, it was as to length. | and the compression of her lips that she is Having to acroutch to save my head, I still full of home cares. The business couldn't get a brace, and I simply rattled | woman, pure and simple, is not quite dearound like a pea in a quart bottle. Gen- veloped. And as has been hinted there are

Her Methods From Her Husband.

that barrel. It was like nothing above or | The second cause for the busy woman's below the earth. It was a sort of combina- | want of leisure is her want of system. This tion of going up in a balloon, falling down | is not wholly her fault. She is not born a coal mine and being whipped around a with it as her brother is. Generations of shaft revolving 500 times a minute. I business men have implanted hereditary wouldn't have believed that anything cre- business instincts-punctuality, system, ated by the hand of man could revolve as promptness, application, perseverance-and they quickly develop in most young men. "It makes me seasick to even tell the It will take generations of busy women to

been savered and the places were tumbling "Yes," said Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery, over each other. Talk about an eternity | corresponding secretary of the National of time! Why, I have always believed it | Council of Women, "I leave for Chicago toteck that barrel 90 days, with three days morrow. [It was a few days before the grace added, to get down that hill and half opening of that epoch marking woman's way across the valley! I was in it when it | congress that the World's fair gave us.] I finally stopped, but I had lost consciousness! shall be accompanied by seven stenographme to a cabin and put me to bed. It was | In this way does the modern woman meet one hour before I came to and two days | the demands made upon her by this exact-

Saluting the Viceroy.

An old soldier and army reserve man to walk, the whole earth seemed to be roll- sends us the following: I shall never forget ing over and over, and I had to hire a cart the first time that I saw Lord Dufferin. In 1882, when a recruit, I was stationed at Barrackpore. One Sunday evening I was taking a walk along the road leading past of Maxson was the remarkable exploit of the vice regal lodge when I saw a gentleman, accompanied by two or three ladies and several gentlemen, coming toward me. In my ignorance of high life I little thought that his lordship would venture abroad without a suitable escort, and as the party passed me I never came to attention or yet saluted. What was my astonishment when the leading gentleman raised his hand to his hat, smiling benignantly all the time, and passed slowly by.

A surgeant, however, who had spotted my want of respect or atupidity-term it what you will-came up with all the pomposity of a drill instructor, and in scathing tones said: "Why did you not salute? Do you know who that is?" I replied in a humble way that I was not aware, and that I had been taught not to salute civilians. "What, you young villain! Pretend that you did not know his lordship? I will get you pack drill and saluting drill until further orders.'

I then became aware of the awful mistake I had made and passed the night in an agony of apprehension and dreaming of saluting drill and Lord Dufferin alternately, but to my intense relief the worthy sergeant did not fulfill his threat, and I was allowed to go scot free from the terrible crime of not knowing and saluting the viceroy of all India.-London Globe.

Bismarch's Dauntless Resolution. BERLIN, Oct. 9 .- Before leaving Kissingen Prince Bismarck received a despatch from King Humbert of Italy offering him for a winter residence the royal castle at Accordingly one night two officers, Stanley Capo di Monte near Naples. Bismarck, and Dickey, left Atlanta and went to Blue although declining the offer, expressed Ridge, far up into the very heart of the himself as greatly touched by the King's mountains of north Georgia. They had kindness. It is understood also that his been riding about an hour over the moun reply to the King's message left the way tainsides when they came upon Oliver walk - open to his future acceptance of the royal

was allowed to pass, and the officers rode | Bismarck's dauntless resolution to get on, suspecting him and determined to reach | well and his determination not to submit his distillery and raid it before the break | to the treatment accorded to a dying man are his motives for refusing unusual favors Did they do it? Well, hardly. It was 10 from any quarter. Just what his condimiles to Oliver's distillery. The road was | tion is it is difficult to learn. The reports rough and rocky. More than this, it was from day to day are entirely contradic-

> Hopes for Cauada's Cattle. LONDON, Oct. 9. - The British Board of

and blowing out his lantern, be turned back of foreign cattle, Canada may expect a one week. and struck up a "fox trot" down the big removal to follow a continued exemption road that led around the mountains to his | from the disease. It is carnestly hoped that the Canadian Government will resist Here's where he put in some good licks | the movement for the removal of the for Georgia grit. Barefooted, with his shoes | quarantine against the United States. This thrown over his shoulder and a lantern | would be fatal here. The Scottish farmers swinging to him, he made the trip to his | continue to agitate for the free Canadian little secret stillhouse-a distance of 10 | cattle entry or at least a British expert enmiles-by passing the officers on a flank | quiry in Canada, while the British graziers movement, had all the apparatus moved | find that the exclusion of Canadian stock away to his house, armed himself with a | makes the lean stock too dear to feed at a profit. The Canadian cattle landed at cers. He did all this long before daybreak. Glasgow this week are more adapted to and before the officers, who declared they keeping than for slaughter, the best beef

Missing Money Letters. OTTAWA, Oct. 0.-Four money letters, perspiration. He was panting like a dog | containing in all \$1,160, have disappeared

after an all day chase. He had made his | from her Majesty's mails while en route to trip, run 10 miles over mountain tops, wad- Ottawa. All the four letters contained sd creeks and branches and taken away his | money for the Bank of Montreal in Ottawa. distillery, but the officers caught him at | The money consisted of remittances from last stealing in their footsteps, perhaps | country post offices. The money all bewith murderous intentions. He threw his | longs to the Government | Inspector Sweetpistol on the ground and gave himself up. nam has returned to Toronto after investi-The case of Rev. Dr. Barrett of Banks gating the matter and without getting county, Ga., illustrates the general impression enough evidence to bring home the theft Telegraphic Ticks.

Thirty-two new cases of yellow fewer were reported in Brunswick, Ga. nation, is said to be short over \$100,000

Biscay province, Spain. make good progress, and all doubt as to a generous public can give. his recovery is at an end. The Beira Pungive River railway in East

seeing spent all her ready money. On her | where an electric hearse is in use on one of | The Spanish Government has raised the quarantine declared against vessele arriving from Jersey City, Rotterdam, Santos, Sarah Gilson, a colored woman, died at Red Hook, N. Y., aged 106.

In her childhood she was a slave in the

family of Gen. Montgomery. She was an inveterate amoker. # The Keynote of a Structure. Delphian asks for some information on the subject of keynotes, as he has read stubby pipe in your mouth and gives one that a structure may be destroyed by find- a delightful sense of easy, graceful, negliing its keynote. The story doubtless rests upon the following account given by Southwick: A bridge had been erected at consid- of pipe smoking pipes became much in de swer, "I was christened Sylvanus, but they erable expense near Bristol, England, when | mand, and the cost of the same increased a fiddler boasted that he could destroy in a week what it had taken many months to | English shapes. It is amusing to see a felbuild. The people scoffed at him, but he low pretending to be a judge of a pipe.

keystone of the bridge, and when the lat-

ter began to quiver the people begged him

sions around the city. - New York Ledger. A Mistake Hade by Many Mothers. The mother who walks after her children, nary electrisear. At the cometery a beares | picking up their elothes and toys, hanging | average human is to buy an expensive pipe Mes. Kesdick-Oh, tell me, Mrs. Gashett, and carriages are in waiting, and the pro up their hats, folding their napkins and and then color it by blowing smoke against the electric hearse give is a moureful and which they should attend to themselves. This practice renders the pipe ornamen eminently respectable appearance, and the some them a grievous wrong, for she is sow tal, but as a general thing these highly col-Mrs. Keedick-Yes. I heard my husband | idea of electric funerals does not seem to | ing in their breasts the seeds of selfishness, ored pipes are very strong, sad it is any

The Horrors of a Yellow Fever Epidemic.

THE PANIC STRICKEN POPULACE.

A General Exodus From the Town-Scenes of Distress and Suffering Quarantine Raised Too Soon-A Recurrence of the Pingue-Danger of Starvation.

get the general system in a good condition. Three months ago Brunswick, Ga., was a bright, beautiful, prosperous town of 15,000 inhabitants. Today its brightness is clouded; its beauty is blighted; its prosperity has departed. The city stands solitary and alone, cut off from the outside world. Its wharves are abandoned; its market places closed up; its streets deserted. The place is almost depopulated, and the few houses that are still tenanted are the habitations of woe and apprehension, for the black pall of a pestilence hangs over the town, and to the dark horror of the plague is added the fearful menace of starvation. The first of the calamities befalling the

caused a financial panic. Hundred, of people were thrown out of employn ent. Then followed the yellow fever excitement, with three cases of the most malignant type. The fever was brought to Brunswick by the schooner Anita Burwind. Her cap tain died of the disease, and Surgeon Branham, who attended him, was fatally stricken. Upon the death of Surgeon Branham Mayor Lamb issued a proclamation ad-

vising the people to leave immediately, agreeing to furnish the poor with passes News of the proclamation spread like will fire throughout the city. The women were frantic, the men became excited, and there was a panic. The alarm was tremendous The people who had been quietly attending

day were struck by terror. Nearly everybody rushed madly for the was to fly-whither they knew not, nor did they care so that they were out of the stricken city. Men, women and children were seen hurrying in every direction. Some were trying to get their sick wives or

Fully 5,000 people were there to leave on forming exceptions to the general rule. the outgoing trains. Special trains, which had been ordered for the exodus of the refugees, were rapidly filled. Women and children were frantic. They climbed into the coaches through windows and were forced to stand up in the cars.

ham had yellow fever.

pulation of 15,000. erly treated, and a rigid quarantis was stroyed established. No person was allowed to In the year 1885 an officer was sent out

after frost. With the return of the refugees | along in so hasty a march. ple ventured to remain on the streets until | 12 feet in front of the pupples ran a ditch ance. The banks were cautious, but re | fastened just out of reach of its cooling nmed business with an encouraging de | draft. Across the ditch plainly in view lay gree of confidence.

Brunswick began to think there was no | preservation and must have added greatly more cause for alarm, and they demanded to the fierce pange of hunger of the two the raising of the government quarantine. dogs. The government physicians at first refused

new cases were reported. On Sept. 17, 30 | captain mounted his horse and rode away. cases having been officially announced | The man who was in hot pursuit of an en-Treasurer McCurtin, of the Choctaw The acenes of panic were renewed, and Kate Field's Washington. everybody who could get out of town joined the exodus.

Calverley, the rope walker, continues to | pitiful one, and all the help is needed that | false premises. PIPE SMOKING POPULAR.

Americans Use the Brierwoods Because the Englishmen Set the Pattern. Pipe smoking is annually becoming more popular in the United States. In past times

pipes were relegated to the alleged lower ticularly since the craze for everything | How did such a monstrens notion get into "English, you know," came in, pipe smok- your hands?" ing has increased. It is now considered quite too awfully swell to drop from a tan- him called after his grandfather." dem dogcart with the stem of a short root pipe tightly clinched between your teeth. It is a sort of finishing touch to your rough and ready fishing costume to have a gent swellness. Just as soon as the ap | Venus!" asked the indigment elergyman. proval of society alighted upon the custom proportionately, especially for the strictly | New York Independent. played until be found the keynote of the | The fact is that nearly all pipes smoke pretty much the same.

The cheaper pipe smokes better than the to stop. It has been suggested that the more expensive ones as a general thing. destruction of the walls of Jericho may For instance, a corncob pipe is one of the will smoke a clay pipe a few times and throw it away, you will always be surethat you are enjoying pipe smoking of the most delightful character. The tandency of the

The English smoke pipes because pipe smoking is cheaper than cigar smoking Americans amone pipes because the English

The only man who can properly under stand a pipe is the plantation darky, who puts a live coal on top of a pipe filled with plug tobacco and puffs gently at the "turrer end" of a reed stem while the purple night

screech owl scares itself and the neighborhood with its weird laughter .- Cincinnati Diet In Sensichness Persons intending to cross the ocean should for several weeks before embarkng take daily exercise in the open air to

hadows gather around the cabin and the

To the same end they should eat a moderate quantity of plain food, especially avoiding what is heavy, greasy or constipating.

They should select a stateroom as near the middle of the steamer as possible. Some tourists are never seasick so long as they lie on their backs and keep their eyes closed. The passenger who is seasick should remain in his berth until 9 or 10 o'clock in the morning and have the stew-ard bring him what little food he takes. He should not go the table in the cabin until all symptoms of seasickness have left him, as the very sight and odor of the rich

taught me that a dry diet is by far the best, and until the patient feels certain that he is over the worst of the attack he should rely largely upon sea biscuit or water crackers. As he gets better he may take gruels and broths. The latter should be free from grease. Raw oysters with lemon juice may be eaten.

My own experience and observation have

food will surely make him worse.

After vomiting the patient should drink a cup of hot water in which there is a pinch of sods, and it is all the better if this is ejected, as it clears the stomach of bile

Lime or lemon juice, in water without sugar, should be taken several times a day, both before sailing and during the voyage, for its action on the liver and bowels and as an aid to digestion, which has been weakened by losses of the gastric juice. When the patient begins to go to the table, he should avoid pastry, fat meats and all rich food, and after eating he should lie flat on his back for half an hour, or until digestion is well begun, when he may go on leck and walk or sit in a steamer chair, but he should not lean over the side or stern of the ship.—Youth's Companion.

The Stars and Our Sun.

Referring to some of the more valuable conclusions arrived at by recent astronomical research, an English writer argues in favor of the theory that the stars, or many of them, are very similar to our own sun, this being clearly shown from three considerations. One of these is their great intrinsic brilliancy compared with their small apparent diameter, a diameter so minute that the highest powers of the largest telescope fail to show them as anything but mere points of light without measurable magnitude; second, their vast distance from to their office and other duties during the | the earth, a distance so great that the diameter of the earth's orbit dwindles almost to a point in comparison, this also accountdepot, some leaving their loved ones behind ing satisfactorily for the first fact, and, The one prevailing idea of that vast throng | third, the spectroscope-that unerring instrument of research in this field-shows that the light emitted by many of them is Thus their chemical and physical constitution appears analogous to that of our cenhusbands to the depot. The whole town | trai luminary. Though the spectra of the red stars differ much from the solar spec-At the depot the excitement was intense. trum, these objects are comparatively rare, Lyn, May 20, 189

A MERCIFUL SOLDIER.

An Incident on the March of a Body of Troops Seeking an Outlaw. Geronimo, the once powerful and cruel Husbands and wives were separated, chil Indian chieftain of the west, is now a quiet dren were scattered over the city, and some and peaceable prisoner at Mount Vernon were left to take care of themselves. The Barracks, an army post upon the Alabama trains on the Brunswick and Western and | river, a short distance above Mobile. Durthe East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia | ing what was known as the Geronimo camrailroads carried nearly 5,000 people out of | paigu settlers residing upon isolated the city that night. Many had left when | ranches in Arizona and New Mexico lived it first became known that Surgeon Bran | in constant terror of his raids. When one was reported or feared, those on the line of The situation in Brunswick became ex | the expected raid fled precipitately to the tremely critical. The streets were desert. | nearest point of safety-usually an army ed, business was abandoned, and only 600 | post, if it could be reached-there to remain whites and 2,000 negroes remained out of a until the danger was over and then probably to return and find buildings burned, all The government took hold with a strong | live things killed or carried away and prophand. Patients were isolated and property of every description wantonly de-

ave Brunswick. This caused the poor | with a body of troops in pursuit of Geroncopie who had no work, money or pro- imo, who had just passed, leaving desola- pect all accounts to be settled by 1st Nov. isions to soon feel the pangs of hunger. A | tion in his track. One day he came to a call for help was sent out, and some finan | beautiful ranch, showing everywhere the cial assistance was received. A detention | ownership and care of people of means. It mp was established by the government | was entirely deserted. Its occupants had nder the charge of Surgeon G. M. Ma | fled, not even taking time to close the doors gruder. The camp was completed on about | of the low, roomy dwelling. With one sollept. 6, and 300 tents, 1,000 mattresses and | tary exception, there was no appearance of a supply of stores were stowed away in the life. Chained to a post were a couple of buildings and left incharge of a carpenter | magnificent greybound pupples of purest breed. The little creatures lay side by side in Brunswick, and it was believed that the hunger and thirst, almost too weak to give camp of detention would never be used by greeting to what they knew to be the comgan to raise quarantine against Brunswick | tily dismounted and went to them, his men

ess gloomy. Business began to revive | and if turned loose would become the prey gres and shops were reopened here and of wolves and coyotes. In the inclosure are along the business streets. The peo | wherethey were they were protected, About after sundown. The streets, while compar | through which water was flowing, a sight atively deserted, presented a lively appear | which had only served to tantalize them, the heads of several slaughtered cattle. In Fifteen days having elapsed since the an | the dry atmosphere of that latitude meat nouncement of the third case, the people of | does not decay, so the heads were in good

The captain had several of the heads o order the quarantine raised. The people | brought and laid near the dogs enough to rsisted in demanding that the quaran | furnish food for many days. Then from a tine be raised, and the government physi | toolhouse near by he and his men took cians with great hesitancy yielded to their | spades and shovels and turned the course of the ditch for a few yards, so that it ran But the action was taken too soon. On | immediately by the pupples. Sept. 13 W. Killian died of yellow fever in After a friendly pat to each grateful dog Brunswick, and on the following day two and a cheery word of encouragement, the since the death of Killian, the health board | emy, whom he would capture and kill if | pronounced yellow fever epidemic. This | necessary, had paused to do adeed of mercy | Ladies Dongola Boots for 1.20

A Christening Incident. Two fresh cases of cholera are reported At latest reports about 4,500 people were Sometimes in English country parishes, in Leghorn and 34 fresh cases and 14 penned up in the stricken city, and 3,000 of where the clergyman has been accustomed them were suffering for food. A rigid to have his own way, he protests rather vig-In the last three days there have been quarantine is enforced, and communication or ously if the name proposed for a child 104 fresh cases of cholers and 41 deaths in | with the ontside world is conducted with | about to be christened does not suit him. difficulty. Altogether the situation is a Occasionally, however, he does so upon The late Dean Burgon, when a curate in

Berkshire, was requested by a village couple to christen their boy "Venus," or as they called it, "Vanus," "Are you aware," he said, "that you are asking something ridiculous as well as exceedingly wicked? Do you suppose I am going to give a Christian child, a boy, the classes. Of late years, however, and par name of a woman in heathen mythology?

> N.B.-You can save money by taking advantageof the close "And do you mean to say his grand father was named Venus?" "Yes, sir: there he is, sir." A poor old man, looking very unlike Mo you dare to say you were christened "Well, no, sir," was the respectful an-

"Please, air," said the father, "we want

He Died Happy. Human nature is a queer thing. A man died in New Jersey not far from here who was worth \$100,000 and but no near relative. About an hour before he died he have been achieved by the Israelites having coolest, sweetest smokes you can get asked for a workman who occupied a little found their keynote in their daily proces- Next comes the penny clay pipe. If you house on the place. The physician and nurse surmised that now the dying Dives was about to give that little home to the workman who had been faithful for so many years, "Lazarus," said the dying Diven (that was not the workman's name, however), "you only paid me \$4 on the fast rent, and in case I die I want to have things straight, you know, so I'd like you to pay the other \$9." The money was paid, and a few miantes after clarebing it Dives breathed his last apparently happy.-Phielphia Times.

Don't Forget

That we have one of the largest and best stocks, and

at present means getting

\$5 worth here

for \$4.50, which is a division of profits. Come here

And Save

O'Donahoe

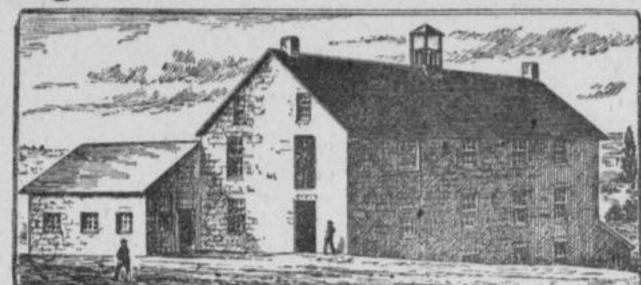
money for your other needs. Our object in giving

per cent Disc't

is to largely increase our trade and to make new friends and customers. By good treatment we wi make sure to keep them.

OPPOSITE REVERE HOUSE, BROCKVILTE

Woollen Mills



Have a good stock of genuine all-wool Yarn and Cloth, will be prepared to sell the same at moderate prices, and will very similar to that radiated by the sun. as all times be prepared to pay the highest market price for wool in cash or trade.

R. WALKER

LETTER AN OPEN

ATHENS, Sept. 25, 1893. To Our Customers and the Public:

After nearly twenty years' experience with a credit business, we have no hesitation in saying that it is a very unsatisfactory system for both buyer and seller, as goods cost twenty or twenty-five per cent more than for cash. We have there fore decided to adopt

THE STRICTLY CASH SYSTEM

We shall close our books on the 1st of October, when we will commence to sell for cash or produce only. We shall ex-

During our time in business we have sold to a great many who have never paid their accounts, and our loss in that way has been considerable. We have also met very many with whom it was a pleasure to do a credit business, who paid their accounts promptly, and always endeavored to carry out the Golden Rule. To such of you, we are thankful, and trust you At this time there appeared to be no fever | upon the ground, nearly famished from | will appreciate and approve our forward step, and that we may have the pleasure of counting you among our Cash Customers, he government. The towns and cities be ing of friends and help. The captain has when we will endeavor to make it clear that it is to your ad-Probably 1,000 refugees returned home in crowding around, eager as himself to help. vantage to buy For Cash. Our present stock, which was One week.

The government physicians did not ap own rations, but when they had eaten the own rations, but when they had eaten the ove of the influx of refugees, as they were question was what should be done with new goods as they come in will be marked at cash prices, and of the opinion that there was danger until them? It was impossible to take them sold for cash or produce only. We shall keep no books, open the situation in the stricken city became They were too young to hunt for food, no accounts, but will sell so low that you will see it is to your

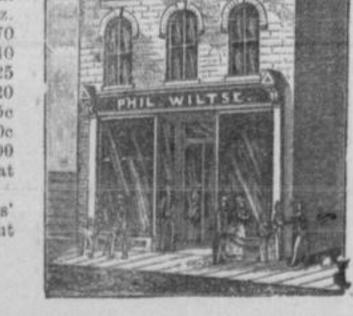
advantage to buy from us for cash. You can buy of us and save money. Look at some of our quotations:

Tea worth 25e for 20e Tea worth 40e for 85e	6
Coffee worth 40c for 36c	- 13
Sugar, yellow	Æ
Granulated Sugar	
Soda	
Pure Cr. Tartarfor 35c per lb. and spices of all kind and flavoring extracts very cheap.	-
Lardine Oilfor 35c per gal.	18
Seamless Grain Bags for 2.25 per doz.	1
Men's Kip Boots worth 3.00 for 2.70	-19
Men's Split Boots worth 1.75 for 1.40	1

Men's Lace Boots worth 1.50 for 1.25 Men's Lined Rubbers for 60c Men's Lumberman's Rubbers for 1.00 and all sizes in childrens' Boots at the same reduction.

A complete stock of men's and boys' overcoats and suits to be sold out

among our cash customers, we are

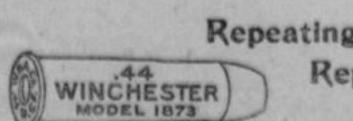


Yours truly, PHIL. WILTSE & CO.

Thanking you for past favors, and trusting to see you

prices we will offer you. ARE YOU A HUNTER?

Send Postal Card for illustrated Catalogue of Winchester Rifles always calls me Vanus."-James Payn in



Repeating Shot Guns Ammunition -70-

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS COMPANY, NEW HAVEN, CONN.