onsequence of the steamer go
g a dense fog off the coast

tor Kennady, of Wilmington
berts, of Baltimore, two of th
ned overland to Boston, and a
rs this morning. The forme
ned the following account of th
oston Post:—
Capt. Hewett, which left Bo
ast., with 93 passengers for L
or Halifax, grounded during
afternoon of the 18th inst.,
Halifax. After leaving Ca
continued pleasant during t
xt morning a dense fog shut
hat it was difficult to see m
gth from the vessel. The s
ned smooth, and the vess
pidly. On Saturday her spe
ished, and frequently she w
leep sea lead hove.
undings were obtained in 1
vessel's speed was then dimi
o knots per hour. Guns we
rns blown, the bell rung, a
used, to warn vessels in the
information. About 3h. 40
ruck the bottom forward—
uds on the look-out at the tim
men stagger as she brought
immediately reversed, but
All the boats were then got
wered even with the vessel
e was lowered into the wat
f sounding.
land or rocks above water
tom and seaweed were plain
ner was seen, and after sou
ed to her, but could only lea
her reckoning and was lying
g to clear away. She was fro
here bound she did not repo
d, and sounded again astern
another effort was made to ba
e she floated clear, and conti
ly as those in the boat report
Unluckily half an hour afterwa
bottom, thumping occasionall
acked clear into deep water.
ht until this time, but on sound
as deemed prudent to set th
ing. They worked well a
of water. After "no bottom
with one hundred fathoms
hoisted up and the vessel co
ff shore until about one A. M
n the fog partly broke up.
s then altered and she arrive
about 7 o'clock on Sunda
st. An admiralty survey w
tuted, and those composing
amining her inside and out,
r false keel (perhaps shoe) w
r fore foot gone, and that
of opinion that by erecting
le, opposite the place injure
e repairing her damages,
tent to proceed on her pa

re set to work, a dam or bul
inside opposite the leak and
the stem was as well secure
nces would permit. She w
sea-worthy and sailed on Mo
ive o'clock full of passenger
ight left her at Halifax,
immediately occupied by o
could not accommodate
in her. Among those who
rned to Boston by the way
and Eastport, were the Re
altimore; Rev. Dr. Kennad
Del., and Messrs. Parker a
oston.
Morning Post of the 20th ins
nt of the disaster remarks:
engers, it was said, would st
uence of the accident: 'and
e Post,' there will not be roo
hat are booked. Under the
e think the right plan wou
the Margaret in company wi
to accommodate the extra pa
ecure the most unshaken co
fety of the trip home. T
know better than we do, a
ght.
a first struck her bow upon
by shifting cargo and hea
backing off her stern struck u
and after getting free from
on a third rock amidships."

TON HERALD.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1846.

s among the members of
overnment, and the discont
parties with the existing st
have become so notorious th
eral Sherwood has deemed
ish some explanation of his co
r of the government, in whic
lf, of course, at the expense
He first addressed a letter
rier, in which while he adm
not given the government th
which his position required,
been engaged in any intrig
This little bit of revelation o
, and it was thought that as
gun to tell tales, he could dou
al more, and disclose the naug
en who had forced him to resi
sual course is for such expl
do by the parties in their pla
ut a sound discretion forms
wood's character; or, perha
nant with his late colleagues
e outraged Mr. Draper's
or not; and therefore he bl
etter in the Colonist, in wh
th his reasons for his coldne
rnment, and his eventual d
wal from it. This letter w
her column, and it lets us
her that Mr. Sherwood was d
nistry, and not trusted by th
ad rendered himself so disagr
t they only wanted to get ri
re gave him the cold shoul
hot take the hint, they had
to kick him out.
plaint which he brings agai
es is this, that he was not c
especting their measures bef
itted to Parliament. He sa
right was denied me." N
et to be correctly stated, wh
on to doubt, then Mr. Sherw
right in objecting to such tre
ber of the Government, althou
et, yet being in Parliament
ort there all Government mea
to have been consulted in
hose measures. On this po
wo opinions. He was scurv
ed as a mere cat's paw in
ing fox; and his mighty sp
the indignity. But a quest
s to the reason of such tre
ministry esteem his judgment
would not condescend to a
their measures? Was he
, shallow declaimer, the mag
judgment was not worth s
he given huge offence on form
he was consulted, by his stu
in sticking to his opinion agai
his colleagues, and endeavor
easures upon them, so that
idered as an intolerable bore
than a help in the Council
Mr. Sherwood despised, or w
or the other he must have be
ot have been treated as nobo
ernment, and thrust out of it
nity. We shall have to wait
questions until sweet Willi

...paper puts in his plea to Mr. Sherwood's decla-
...ion, when, we doubt not, the former will tell
...miable story of the cause why he was oblig-
...to put the latter on the shelf, like a plaster of
...the hunt, and at length sweep him out of the
...vernment like useless lumber.
...Did, why did not Mr. Sherwood resign when
...was so scurvily treated? He says that his
...ends advised him not. This is a poor excuse
...clinging to his salary to the last minute.
...then he had such palpable proofs that he had
...the confidence of the Government, he should
...withdrawn immediately, and not have as-
...ted in keeping up a delusion discreditable to
...parties. The truth appears to be, that they
...willing to give him his salary as long as
...needed his vote, and he was willing to give
...his vote for his salary any length of time,
...ough knowing that he was not deemed wor-
...of their confidence; but when the pressure
...session was removed, they sent him adrift.
...The next thing complained of by Mr. Sher-
...is the University Bill, that standing re-
...ch of Mr. Draper's government. On this
...ed only remark that Mr. Sherwood assisted
...lay this measure; and if he conceived that
...government were not bringing forward such
...sures as they ought, he should not have
...ained in his office. The want of good meas-
...for the country was as valid a cause of resig-
...as the want of confidence in himself. By
...ding in office he shared the responsibility,
...his present censures fall as much upon him-
...as upon Mr. Draper.
...and then the Caron correspondence, in which
...Draper showed that he was as ready to sell
...colleagues as he had been to purchase them,
...another cause of Mr. Sherwood's indignation
...the government, and very justly, for a
...who could stoop to such underhand intrigues
...a man to be trusted and followed as a
...
There is nothing more that we need remark
here, except the cool duplicity of the parties
the close of the session. Mr. Sherwood, con-
...s that he had not given the government a
...al support, and therefore deserved to be dis-
...ed, yet hoping to be retained; and the gov-
...ment, conscious that they intended to dismiss
...yet allowing him to depart without any in-
...tion thereof, or one hint that he had given
...just cause of offence. The parties appear
...ve been intent upon nothing but who should
...ceive and cheat the other best. And these
...the men whom corruption formed into a gov-
...ment! Held together by no principle, they
...ere ready to betray each other at any moment.
...more despicable set never figured on any
...e; and in writing each other's condemnation
...only confess the charge which has been long
...ught against them, namely, that they are to-
...y unworthy of holding the reins of govern-
...t. The country has long condemned them,
...now they condemn themselves.

We copied lately from the *Colonist* an ac-
...nt of the *Markham Gang*. The last *Exam-*
...er goes largely into the subject, and questions
...accuracy of some of the Colonist's asser-
...s. The following extract gives the sub-
...ce of his argument in disproof of the alleged
...ical origin of the Gang, and also shows, that
...trials were not conducted with that strict
...ed to authentic evidence which they ought
...ve had.
Let us look at the evidence. In the first
...e the notorious *Green*, who was arraigned
...six or eight indictments, and convicted on
...of them; who abused the Judge, and lec-
...d the Jury, from a written paper; who, in a
...t, next to the crown witnesses, Scott and
...ner, was evidently the blackest and most
...ered villain of the gang, was a sergeant
...g the "late rebellion," in Mr. Vankough-
...'s militia or volunteers! and, by the way, we
...remark, that our cotemporary was just as
...from the truth on another point, when as-
...ing that none but Canadians and Americans
...ged to the gang, for Green is an Irishman!
...e gang had a leader, it was the cool, un-
...shing, crafty Green, and the "history" of the
...ner would indicate pretty nearly the "origin"
...e gang. Again, if there were a political
...ect of the combination, we should expect to
...them showing favor to their friends. Now,
...far as we have been able to ascertain, the
...greater number of their robberies were com-
...ed upon persons who, in the vocabulary of
...*Colonist* and *Canadian*, are radicals, *i.e.*, re-
...In the only case in which a brutal, blood-
...y spirit was displayed, the victim was just
...man that the *sergeants* of '37 would be dis-
...d to maltreat. Therefore, this gang must
...e "continuation" of the Orange Association,
...ners," &c., for they exhibit the same pre-
...ce for radical property. The truth is, this
...n, as to the origin and political character of
...e raiders, is the offspring of some wretched
...'s diseased imagination. They were as de-
...of political principles or character, as of
...y other character, but that of *un*-principled
...n. And all who answered that description,
...ever they might call themselves, were ad-
...ed, without question, to the mysteries of the
...e. We have seen that a *loyal* sergeant
...d no difficulty in obtaining great distinction
...the fraternity. But whether true or false, the
...e prevailed, and governed the preliminary
...gations, and evidently tainted the whole
...ings, down to the passing of the senten-
...Why, we would ask our cotemporary, and
..., we will ask the public, was the arch-thief
..., who was so many times convicted upon
...t satisfactory evidence, sentenced to the
...tentiary for five years, and Vanzant and
...ers, convicted of one theft, upon testimony
...e most suspicious kind, sentenced to seven
...s!! The former had been a sergeant, and
...latter were radicals! Judges we are aware,
...an almost unlimited power, as to the de-
...of punishment they may award; but they
...no right to exercise that power capricious-
...partially. There is a very ancient figure
...ere often met with, representing justice
...a pair of scales, and blind; and there is
...an old-fashioned notion, for which we feel
...reverence, that men should be punished
...ding to their deserts.
...had hoped that the day had gone by, in
..., when political predilections or antipa-
...would be suffered to influence the admin-
...on of justice. We would willingly have
...ed ourselves some of the foregoing remarks,
...ding the cant and slang of the *Col-*
...*and Canadian*, who are ever ringing chang-
...the words rebellion, radical, rebel, &c.,
...not other circumstances confirmed the truth
...the inferences we have drawn from their
...ments. We shall, next week, make some
...ations upon the evidence on which some
...e prisoners were convicted; and shall en-
...our to explain the nature of the question ar-
...d before all the judges, and the grounds for
...belief that their decision is contrary to law,
...ounstered in the English Courts—against
..., and dangerous to public as well as pri-
...liberty."

It will be seen by the notice in our advertising
...mns, that the Corporation propose opening
...ew streets of the City which are now ob-
...ct. With some of these there will be only
...difficulty. But with Montreal and Bagot
...the difficulty is great, for they are ob-
...ed by the Artillery Reserve. Yet the ne-
...ity of opening at least the former street is
..., because for want of it all the traffic to and
...of the centre of the City is obliged to
...a circuitous route instead of passing direct.
...the Town was first laid out, no one anti-
...d its rapid growth to its present size, or
...would not have committed the intolerable
...ance of reserving to the Government a large
...block of land in almost the centre of the
..., obstructing three or four of its principal
...s with a barrier through which public traf-
...cannot pass. A petition, signed by about 300
...ons, has been presented to the City Council,
...ing for the opening of Montreal street; but
...they are prevented by the new Act from tak-

ing Government property, application was made to the Ordnance Board for their assent. This the latter could not give, but they have sent the application home for decision there. It will not be granted, unless the most vigorous efforts be made with both the Colonial and the Home Government. Yet, with all the unoccupied ground which the Government possess about the City, they will find it hard to justify the continued obstruction of some of our principal thoroughfares. If they had no other land, they might plead necessity for staying where they are; but they can have ample accommodation elsewhere.

The Tariff bill has passed the Congress of the United States. The vote in the Senate was 27 nays to 28 yeas, and on engrossing the bill, it stood equal, 27 on each side. The casting vote was given by Mr. Dallas, the Vice President, in favor of the bill. An amendment was made by the Senate, which was agreed to by the House, and the bill would be signed by the President forthwith. The new tariff reduces the duties on many kinds of manufactures, and therefore will be acceptable in England as a return for the reductions there on American breadstuffs. The rates on iron and cloths are now 30 per cent., the old rate was for the former from 73 to 168, and on the latter from 38 to 40. On cotton prints the duty is now 25 per cent; formerly 50.

We find from the Toronto *Herald*, that the under named work has been published by Messrs. Rowsell of that City in a neat, well-printed volume of nearly 300 pages. The subscribers in this vicinity may therefore expect soon to receive their copies. The Herald says:

The following table of contents, will enable our readers to form a more correct opinion of the value of this book than any thing we could advance on the subject.

SMITH'S CANADIAN GAZETTEER.—Comprising statistical and general information respecting all parts of the Upper Province, or Canada West: distance tables; Government and District Officers and Magistrates in each District; list of Post offices, with their distances from some of the principal towns; stage and steamboat fares; principal Hotels and Taverns; rates of toll on the Welland Canal, and some of the principal harbours; lists of exports; quantity of Crown Lands for sale in each Township; names and addresses of Land Agents and Forwarders; the leading features of each locality as regards soil, climate, &c., with the average value of land, with a mass of other desirable and useful information for the man of business, traveller, or emigrant. The whole collected from the best authorities, verified by personal observation and inquiries, during nearly three years devoted to the subject, in which time the author visited every district, town, and village, in search of information; with a Map of the Upper Province, compiled expressly for the work, in which are laid down all the towns and principal villages.

Emigrants and others desirous of establishing themselves in Canada, will find the Gazetteer an invaluable assistant.

STATE OF THE CROPS.—From all accounts we learn that in general the crops are abundant, with some exceptions in relation to Spring and Fall Wheat. With regard to the former it is generally reported to be very deficient in yield; while, as to the latter the rust has affected it in many places both in the Province and the United States. In this District it has extended its ravages considerably. We have seen one very fine sample of Fall Wheat in this neighborhood.

The crops of Hay are reported to be good every where without exception.—[London (U.C.) Times, July 31.

The Hon. John Hamilton has imported from the mother country, the prepared material for the hull of an iron steamer, which is now being put together at the ship-yard of Messrs Fowler & Hood. The iron arrived here on Thursday last from below, and on Friday the keel was laid. The new steamer, which is intended for Mr. Hamilton's river line, will be about 180 feet in length, 28 feet beam, and will be propelled by an engine of 80 horse power. She will probably be ready in eight or nine weeks to receive her engine, which she will do at Lachine, and we understand that her fittings will be of the first character. This, we believe, will be the first steamer built of iron westward of Montreal, for commercial purposes. H. M. S. *Mowhak* is constructed of iron, and being now on the ways in the same ship-yard, her lengthening nearly completed, the somewhat novel spectacle in this quarter is presented of two iron steamers under the builders' hands. From the vast superiority of iron for the building of such vessels, however, we may fairly anticipate that the novelty will soon pass away.—[News.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday night last, Maurice Corey, a resident on Burlington Beach, was drowned in attempting to cross the Canal. It appears that he had been drinking pretty freely during the evening, but was not supposed to be intoxicated when he started for his own house, which was on the opposite side. His body was found on the following morning, and an inquest was held thereon by T. Gillesby, Esq., Coroner. The jury returned a verdict of, "Accidentally drowned in the Burlington Canal." Corey has left a wife and two children to mourn his untimely fate.—[Hamilton Spectator.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—A man named Thomas Kirby, a native of Ireland, who was employed in excavating the hill near Brown's Wharf, was killed on Thursday evening last, by the falling in of a portion of the bank. An inquest was held on view of the body, by G. P. Bull, Esq., Coroner, and a verdict returned, of "accidental death."—[ib.

A WARNING.—A family, consisting of four persons, was poisoned last week at Rochester, by eating the leaves of Henbane, (*Datura Stramonium*) which had been cooked as greens for breakfast. The usual remedies were immediately applied by the physicians, but with little hopes of success. Persons unacquainted with the poisonous nature of many of the vegetable productions of the country, should be very cautious in selecting any of them as articles of food.—[ib.

DESPATCHES.

We understand that the last mail brought, among others, two despatches of a good deal of importance. The meeting of the Legislature, to which they will be communicated in due course, being yet distant, the following particulars will be of interest, particularly to our agricultural readers.

The first relates to the address of the House of Assembly, on Mr. Watts' motion, praying for the abolition of the drawback on provisions imported for the use of the Commissariat Department, with a pledge to reimburse, on the part of the Province, the duties paid on such imports. To this Mr. Gladstone replies, that the principle of not subjecting Her Majesty's Service to Provincial duties must be adhered to, but that the mode of discharging them is not material, and that the Government has no wish whatever to interfere with or impede the collection of the Provincial revenue. This may be taken as an assent to the address, and the next step, of course, will be to pass and submit to the Crown a Bill providing for its objects.

Another despatch has been received with reference to the prayer to the English Government, to use its influence at Washington, for the obtaining the admission of Canadian produce for consumption in the United States on fair and reciprocal terms. In reply to this, a copy is enclosed of a despatch from Mr. Gladstone to Mr. Pakenham, conveying instructions to the latter to urge upon the American Government such reduction of duties on Canadian produce as may allow of their consumption in the United States, and, consequently, increase the demand for American merchandise to pay for them, the traffic being one which, from the relative position and wants of the two countries, ought to be mutually beneficial.—[Montreal Gazette.

CLERICAL WIT.—A celebrated Clergyman of the Baptist persuasion, personally known to many of the oldest inhabitants of this city, during a portion of his life, while settled in New York, was waited on by an old woman and a young man, who desired him to join them in marriage. Much to their surprise he utterly refused to perform the ceremony. Being asked the reason for his conduct he replied: "I am always ready to marry a young man and a young woman, for such a match I consider is often of God's making, and I will marry an old man and a young woman, for such a match is one of man's making, but I will not marry an old woman and a young man, for such a match I believe to be the devil's making."—[Providence Transcript.

A man named Isaiah Bacon, has recovered damages from the city of Boston, to the amount of $10,000, as a compensation for injuries received by falling into a hole in the side walk of one of the streets.

A FEARFUL SITUATION.—A man ascended the steeple of a meeting house in Kingston, R. I., lately, to take off the vane for gilding, as we learn from the Providence Journal, and having left the ladders, climbed the Iron spire to the distance of twelve to fifteen feet above, relying upon the ball, half way up the spire to rest his feet on, and from which position he could take take the vane off with his right hand. While he was in the very act, the ball on which his feet rested gave way and ran down the spire. At this moment he was raising the vane over the end of it; as he did so, the spire growing smaller made a convenient place for his thumb to keep the balancer in the gudgeon bore, when the ball gave way under him and he sank. The vane falling back, with his thumb in the gudgeon bore, held him fast, with his feet dangling in the air. He remained in this perilous situation until a man ascended the spire, and placing his shoulders under his feet, at once relieved him. The scene was terrible to behold.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

the great remedy for

CONSUMPTION,

And the best medicine known to man for Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, Shortness of Breath, pains and weakness in the side, breast, &c., and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A very important disease over which this "Balsam" exerts a very powerful influence, is that of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed, and in numerous instances when patients had endured long and severe suffering from the disease, without receiving the least benefit from various remedies, and when MERCURY has been resorted to in vain, the use of this Balsam has restored the LIVER to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

Permanent Cures,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the diseases above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in cases of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary, I shall simply endeavour to give a brief statement of its usefulness, and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues, that Consumption may and "CAN BE CURED," if this medicine be resorted to in time.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

For sale by N. PALMER, & J. W. BRENT.

Birth.

In this City, on the 23d. ultimo., Mrs. Thomas Maxwell, of a son.

Married.

At St. George's Church, on the 29th instant, by the Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett, the Rev. Charles Ruttan, Minister of St. George's Church, son of Henry Ruttan, Esquire, Sheriff of the Newcastle District, to Margaret Jean, third daughter of the late Col. Duncan Cameron, C. B., formerly of the 79th Highlanders.

Died.

Yesterday, Mrs. Catherine Kilduff, wife of Mr. Peter Kilduff, aged 23 Funeral to-morrow at 10 o'clock A. M., from his residence Rideau Street. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend.

On Sunday morning last, Mr. Andrew Mayne, in the 76th year of his age. The deceased for a long period performed the duties of Collector and Assessor of the Town and Township of Kingston, which naturally made him universally known; and his real worth and integrity gained the esteem and good will of his acquaintances.

At his residence in Burford, after a lingering illness on the 27th ult., David Secord, Esquire, aged 66 years. The deceased was an old inhabitant of this Province, and for many years an active Magistrate in the Midland District; he also served under Gen. Brock during the late war with the States, as a Capt in the Provincial Militia. He has left a Widow and numerous family to mourn his loss.

FREE CHURCH.

THE Rev. Mr. THORNHILL, of Whitby, will preach THIS EVENING at 7 o'clock in the building occupied by the Free Church, City Hall.

Kingston, August 4, 1846.

NOT TO BE READ BY THE LADIES.

Can there be any doubt relative to the fact that the genuine Oldridge's Balm of Columbia is the best thing ever used for the growth of the hair. We do candidly believe that no person can ever become bald or grey, if they will use this cheap and beautiful article on the head. Thousands are ready to bear testimony to its value and efficacy. We have known case after case, where persons from 30 to 70 years of age, being bald, have had their hair restored with this balm. Also, it keeps the hair free from Dandruff or scurf, and gives the hair a beautiful look before unknown.

Comstock & Co., No. 21 Courtlandt street, New York, are the sole proprietors.

A REMEDY FOR DEAFNESS.

Why will people continue to suffer when a remedy is at hand? Dr. McNair's Acoustic Oil will furnish a speedy relief to all who are afflicted with periodical deafness, buzzing noises and frequent pains in the ear. There can be no mistake as to the effects of this Oil, and any one calling at No. 21 Courtlandt street and examining certificates and letters of recommendation from those who have used the article and been cured by it, we have no hesitation in saying that they will give it a trial.—[N. Y. Herald.

Comstock & Co. No. 21 Courtlandt street, sole proprietors.

☞ The above articles may be had of NOBLE PALMER, Druggist, Market Square, Kingston.

A BAZAAR

OF

Fancy and Useful Articles

WILL be held on the 25th September next for the purpose of liquidating the debt on St. Andrew's Church.

The following Ladies having consented to superintend the Tables, will be happy to receive contributions from those friendly to the object.

MRS. HAMILTON,	MRS. HARPER,
MRS. MACDONALD,	MRS. WILLIAMSON,
MRS. FERGUSON,	MRS. STRANGE,
MRS. DRUMMOND,	MRS. A. MCLEAN.
MRS. LOGIE,	

Contributions to the Refreshment Tables may be sent to Mrs. Logie, Mrs. G. Strachan and Mrs. A McLean.

Further information will be given previous to the period named for the Bazaar.

CITY OF KINGSTON.

WHEREAS it is expedient for the convenience of the Inhabitants of the city of Kingston to protract and continue certain Streets through the extent of the tract which now forms the said city—

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 54th clause of the Act Incorporating the said city, that it is the intention of the City Council to protract and continue the following Streets, viz:

1. *William Street*—to be continued parallel with, and four chains distant from Johnson street, as now opened, direct to the continuation of Barrie Street.

2. *Arthur Street*—to be continued parallel with the continuation of Gore and Union streets (as hereinafter described) direct from Bagot street to the east end of Centre street, as already laid out and established, across Lot No. 24, in the township of Kingston.

3. *Gore Street*—to be continued direct from Bagot street to the said continuation of Barre street, parallel with and equi-distant from the aforementioned continuation of Arthur street and of the continuation of Union street.

4. *Union Street*—to be continued parallel with the aforementioned continuation of Arthur and Gore streets, direct from Bagot street to the east end or extremity of Union street, as already laid out and established across said Lot No. 24.

5. *Clergy Street*—to be continued from Brock street in a direct line with the former part of Clergy street, until it intersects the said continuation of Barrie street.

6. *Sydenham Street*—to be continued from Princess street direct to the front of Lot No. 10, as originally laid out, on the south side of Brock street, and from thence parallel with the aforesaid Clergy street until it intersects the projected continuation of Union street, as aforesaid.

7. *Montreal Street*—to be widened and continued from Princess street to Johnson street, parallel with the aforesaid Clergy street.

8. *Montreal Street*—to be continued from Queen street through the Artillery Reserve.

9. *Bagot Street*—to be continued from Queen street to Bond Head street, in a direct line to the present westerly termination of the last named street.

10. *Ontario Street*—to be continued from West or Boundary street to Simcoe street; also to close up such part of said West or Boundary street as extends from Bagot to Barrie street.

11. *Barrack Street*—to be continued through the Artillery Reserve in a direct line to Colborne street.

12. *Ordnance Street*—to be continued and opened from Montreal street to Wellington street.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons in anyway interested in the proposed protraction or continuations of the above named streets may claim to be heard in person or by attorney before the City Council with respect to such proposed improvements, pursuant to the said 54th clause of the said Act of Incorporation.

By order of the Mayor and City Council.

M FLANAGAN,
City Clerk.

Clerk's Office, City Hall,
Kingston, July 28, 1846.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION.

And the best Medicine known to man for Asthma of every stage, Liver Complaints, Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bleeding of the Lungs, Shortness of Breath, pains and weakness in the side, breast, &c., and all other diseases of the

PULMONARY ORGANS.

A VERY important disease over which this "Balsam exerts a very powerful influence is that of a

DISEASED LIVER.

In this complaint it has undoubtedly proved more efficacious than any remedy hitherto employed, and in numerous instances when patients had endured long severe suffering from various remedies, and when Mercury has been resorted to in vain the use of this Balsam has restored the Liver to a healthy action, and in many instances effected

PERMANENT CURES,

after every known remedy had failed to produce this desired effect.

Besides its astonishing efficacy in the disease above mentioned, we also find it a very effectual remedy in ASTHMA, a complaint in which it has been extensively used with decided success, even in case of years standing.

It not only emanates from a regular Physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. Is it not my intention, therefore, either to cloak it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overrating its virtues; on the contrary, I shall simply endeavor to give a brief statement of its usefulness, and flatter myself that its surprising efficacy will enable me to furnish such proofs of its virtues as will satisfy the most incredulous, that Consumption may and "CAN BE CURED," if this medicine be restored to it in time.

There is, perhaps, no disease with which our country is affected, which sweeps off annualy so many victims, as that fell destroyer of the human race—Consumption. Day after day, year after year the insatiate monster hurries to the portals of the cold and silent tomb fresh added victims to its conquest. No walk of life is sacred from its blighting influence. No age is exempt from its death-dealing shafts. The old, the middle-aged and the young, all alike, are food for this common enemy of mankind. The white-haired patriarch, whose life of temperance has rendered his system impervious to the attacks of other ills, and whose good deeds prepared him for the enjoyment of life's calm evening, finds consumption fastening its fangs upon his vitals, and tearing him from a world, ever bright to minds which look complacently on days well spent.

Is there no help for the afflicted? No preventative of the dangers which beset us in our changeable and fickle clime? We think there may be. And if the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity, may be believed, there is a preventative and a remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is offered to a suffering world as such. It needs not the "adventitious aid" of a long string of fictitious certificates to give it notoriety. Its true value and intrinsic excellence are sufficient to entitle it to the confidence of the public, and

"Waft on to fame"

the name of its inventor, as a benefactor of his species.

OPINION OF A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

Exeter, Me., Sept. 30, 1845.

This certifies that I have recommended the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for diseases of the Lungs, for two years past, and many bottles to my knowledge have been used by my patients, all with beneficial results. In two cases where it was thought confirmed consumption had taken place, the Wild Cherry affected a cure.

E. BOYDEN, Physician at Exeter Corner.

NO QUACKERY! NO DECEPTION!

All published statements of cures performed by this medicine, are, in every respect, TRUE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in all the diseases for which it is recommended, curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused several unprincipled counterfeiters and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam.

Be careful and get the genuine Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. None genuine unless signed by I. BUTTS. Address all orders to SETH W. FOWLE, Boston, Mass. For sale wholesale and retail by J. W. BRENT, and NOBLE PALMER, Agents for Kingston.

PATENT PLATFORM SCALES, of all sizes, for sale by the Subsriber.

C. W. JENKINS,
Agent for the Manufacturer.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER

50 DOZ. Cast Steel narrow chopping Axes (warranted.)
5 do. broad do.
Crosscut Saws,
Philadelphia Mill Saws, &c. &c.

CHARLES W. JENKINS,
Princess Street.

CONTRACT

AT THE COURT HOUSE

NOTICE is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders will be received at the District Council Office until Friday the 7th August next, from such persons as may be willing to contract for

New Flooring with Stone Flags

The PRISONERS' CELLS AND PASSAGES, the same to be filled in, and the Flags squared in the same manner as the Kitchen of the Gaol, with Flags not less than three inches thick, and to be laid in sand; the rate per square yard to be mentioned in words at length; and the Tenders to be subject to the approval of the District Council at its next session. Any information respecting the work may be had at the District Council Office daily, during office hours.

By order of the Warden,

SAMUEL McGOWAN,
District Clerk.

Midland District Council Office,
Kingston, 25th July, 1846.

☞ *Each Kingston newspaper to give two insertions.*

OFFICE OF THE

Mutual Insurance Company,

OF THE

MIDLAND DISTRICT.

IN consequence of the late disastrous events resulting from the use of Camphine Oil, the Directors of this Company call the attention of the public, to an advertisement inserted in the Newspapers of this City in April 1843; in which this Company gave notice that they would not be responsible for any loss or damage arising from the use of Camphine Oil.

It has also been resolved that this company will not pay any loss or damage that may happen to any building, or to the contents of any building, in which Camphine Oil is USED, or DEPOSITED.

WILLIAM IRELAND,
Secretary.

Kingston, 14th July, 1846.

INFORMATION WANTED,

BY the Undersigned, of the whereabouts of MRS. AGNEW, his Mother, and also of KENNON, JAMES, and JANE AGNEW. When last heard from they were in Kingston, on their way up the Country.

☞ Papers West of this will confer an act of charity by copying the above.

JOHN AGNEW.

Brockville, March 2, 1846.

British Patent Hygean Medicine,

OR

WORSDELL'S VEGETABLE RESTORATIVE PILLS:

RECOMMENDED as the best FAMILY MEDICINE now in use, by thousands in Great Britain, the United States of America, and Canada, for *Restoring impaired Nature to Health and Vigour*, and preventing Disease in the Human System, by PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at their Establishment, No. 50, Yonge-street, Toronto, by JOSEPH CARBERT; in Kingston, by S. W. BRADY—opposite the Market Buildings; and by their numerous Agents, in Boxes, containing 40 Pills, at 1s. 3d. per Box.

☞ JAS. WETHERALD, Kemptville, *General Travelling Agent* for Canada, East of Cobourg.

*** Persons desiring *Agencies*, will apply as above.

JOHN SWAIN & Co., *Toronto*,
Proprietors.

May 2, 1846.

THE HOTEL DIEU,

OPPOSITE the Catholic Seminary, Brock Sreet, is now open for the reception of persons requiring Medical and Surgical assistance.

Visiting Medical Officer, DR. HALLOWELL,
Consulting, do. DR. SAMPSON
N. B.—Visiting hour 9 to 10, A. M.

POWDER.

BLASTING, F FF FFF FFFF and sporting powder for sale by the Subscriber.

CHARLES W. JENKINS.

Kingston, June 17, 1845.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBCRIBER,

PALMER'S patent spring Candle-shade, (a variety of patterns.)

ALSO,

Palmer's patent Metallic Candles for do.

CHARLES W. JENKINS.

Kingston, Feb., 1845.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has on hand a few Chain Cables, and Anchors, and a complete assortment of tarred rope, which he will dispose of at very low prices.

CHARLES W. JENKINS

Kingston Feb., 1845.

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS.

NEW CO-PARTNERY

IN THE

AUCTION, COMMISSION

AND

AGENCY BUSINESS,

Scobell's Buildings, corner of Ontario and Brock Street.

THE Subscribers grateful for the encouragement heretofore experienced by them individually, beg respectfully to intimate that in prospect of an increased business, and believing it can be prosecuted with more efficiency by means of their joint efforts, they have, for that object, entered into Copartnery, and will henceforth carry on business in the above line, under the firm of

OLIPHANT & WATT.

Their premises as above, being in the most central part of the City, and possessing spacious Sale and Ware Rooms, excellent dry frost-proof cellars, with Storage and Wharfage, are well adapted for the convenient reception and shipment, safe deposit, and prompt disposal of goods. They beg to inform their Commercial friends and others in Canada and neighboring States, that they are now prepared to receive Consignments of Merchandize, Produce and other descriptions of Property for disposal, either by Auction or Private Sale, as owners may direct; and they trust, that by due care and attention to their Business, every satisfaction will be given to those who may employ them.

The undersigned would also tender their services to act as Appraisers, Agents for Houses, Lands and other Property; Assignees of Estates in Bankruptcy, &c., for the Collection of undisputed Debts, and in any business requiring the assistance of a person having a knowledge of Accounts.

They have the honor to give the following References.

Messrs. McPherson & Crane, Kingston.
" John Watkins & Co., do.
Thomas Kirkpatrick, Esq., do.
John A. Macdonald, Esq, M.P., do.
James Morton, Esq., do.
Messsrs. R. Juson & Co., Hamilton.
" Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
James Browne, Esq., do.
Thomas Scott, Esq., P. M., Cobourg.
John Turnbull, Esq., Belleville.
Honourable Thomas McKay, Bytown.
Messrs. Mathewson & Sinclair, Montreal.
Arthur Foster, Esq., do.
John Fisher, Esq., Quebec.
Elihu Pedrick, Esq., Front-street, New York.
G. Dahn, Esq, Waterloo.
Messrs. Penfield, Lyon & Co., Oswego.
Horace Hooker, Esq., Rochester Landing.

J. OLIPHANT,
JAS. WATT.

Kingston, 31st March, 1846.

1846.

SUMMER IMPORTATIONS.

A. & D. SHAW,

RESPECTFULLY announce to their customers and the public generally, the arrival in Kingston of their

FIRST SHIPMENT OF BRITISH GOODS,

For this season, ex the "Albion" from Glasgow to Montreal, comprising a general assortment of the newest styles and descriptions of British Manufactures.

A. & D. S. will also continue to receive from time to time as the different ships arrive from London, Liverpool, and the Clyde, fresh additions to their Stock; and from advantages possessed by them as buyers in the British Markets, they are confident that no House in the Trade can hold out more decided inducements to purchasers generally.

Princess Street, May 4, 1846.

KINGSTON, TORONTO,

HAMILTON AND NIAGARA.

1846.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

WILL leave KINGSTON for COBOURG, PORT HOPE AND TORONTO, DAILY, (Sundays excepted) at SIX o'clock, P. M., on the arrival of the Mail Steamer from Montreal. The Steamer *Eclipse* leaves Toronto, daily, (Sundays excepted) for Hamilton, at half-past TWO o'clock, P. M.

FARE from Kingston to Hamilton,	Cabin $4½	FARE from Kingston to Toronto,	Cabin $4
	Deck 2		Deck 2
" " Kingston to Niagara,	Cabin $4½	" " Kingston to Cobourg	
	Deck 2	and Port Hope,	Cabin $2
			Deck 1

RETURNING,

Will leave Toronto, daily, (Sundays excepted,) on the arrival of the Mail Steamer, *Eclipse*, from Hamilton, at TWELVE o'clock, noon.

JOHN H. GREER, Agent.

Royal Mail Packet Office,
Greer's Wharf, Kingston, April 17, 1846.

Public Record Office Reference C.O. 47/60
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