at in any shape, that the Governor General is lasted, (loud cheers.) On the contrary, it is hose who are its declared enemies, who promit a rebellious humbug. Have then these ser of Addresses changed their opinions? I know they have not. Have they altered r language in conversation on the subject? I know they have not. Have they declared raptoval of the Resolutions of September, I? You know they have not. Well, then, in his Excellency is advised to declare himthe best friend to Responsible Government, he admirers of these Resolutions determined arry them out, I ask you, do these people, or hey not, think his Excellency sincere? If, the loyal, the approved, the congratulated they place any meaning on the professions here Answers, but the one they appear to indicate, how can he of Government they indicate, how can he for approval of his policy, the acclamations hose by whom these Resolutions were opposed to misunderstand his Excellency, and misrepresented the violent party who have up these Addresses; neither can he be very ut of the support of those whose applause it be founded upon his supposed insincerity, ake no charge of insincerity, but I am at lib., without offence, when at a loss for the ning of his Excellency's contradictions, to over the list of names appended to the Adsess, and to ask what are the opinions of that and the other. His Excellency means somes which they can approve of, and what they approve is not Responsible Government, as erstood by the Parliament and the country—therefore is not what we seek or with which can be content, (loud cheers.)—[To be cont'd.

your Queen would a extent in your and it has and you will feel we are colonists in Canal to allow the colonists in Canal the class of Colonists in Canal the class of Colonists in Canal the class of Colonists and Colonists are class of Colonists and Colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists and their pale in the colonists and their pale in the colonists and their pale of inhabitants are colonists of Governor those who are to on the colonists of Colonists and the colonists are colonists and colonists and colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists and colonists and colonists and colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists and colonists and colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists and colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists and colonists are colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists are colonists and colonists are colonists and co

to allow what is not not be the dignity and a noistration. It is not nost Englishmen an ese Colonies, they as infants; they as infants; they as infants are them, they give the send them sage schools good boys. (As a notion never a notion never the dignity of the send them age as a notion never the dignity of the send them are the send the send

a notion never end hman. It is true, to d, they (the Colonia

to equality with and prove the maturity did a lits separate indeps a its separate indeps by possible relation a responsible relation, a conial State, or wish going after the right pon as a mark of mail of ripeness, which we can the parent tree. I so little support in the ympathy amongst B.

ympathy amongst Bri it is so often said-it at Colonies are infan

appears to have concernists thinking for the Colonists. He did a

ounger brethren of Nestruck admiration at the through means of A. (Loud cheers.) When toys, as fit for the that, whether Whigh appropriate the Court of the through the Court of the through the Court of the through the through the Court of the through the thr

aservative, the Comborous administration is two had outgrown to be managed under the cretaries, or the "mile y of Governors General Company of the company o

believe the feeling the other rights of English anda, and that it crist the Reformer. The r, by cheering him can desire to establish it is of reform—it is the

ment. Do not think againe that they in in the appointments of waccommodating the ecuse of justice, or the ding partizan from the room for a man of a Governor's favouring, they are unable to one, and weakness red and the set of the

gentlemen, to enter is swers which his End no rne knows by when, which appear to his company to the first opposed to curvistent, and in favor sheet, and in the politic and the sheet of cereas of cereas of the sheet of the sheet of cereas of the sheet of

KINGSTON HERALD.

INGSTON, TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1844.

n another column will be found the Address John A. Macdonald, Esq., to the electors of agston, on a requisition signed by 229 electors, ong them some of liberal principles, who supted Mr. Manahan at the former election. In the Requisition and the Address bespeak maintenance of "sound and liberal principles public policy;" so that they find it convent to be "liberal," at least in word. We unstand by it that they support his Excellency Governor General in his "principles of pubpolicy;" and on this we would ask, why they end to discard Mr. Harrison, their present presentative? If the contemplated vacancy oc., it will occur by Mr. Harrison taking office; dif he take office, it will be to support the veryor General in his "principles of publicity," the very thing that these electors and it candidate desire to do. Now Mr. Harrison any other man has, for he has made greater rifices for them; and insamuch as, if the conplated contingency happen, he would agree them in supporting his Excellency's "principles of public policy," there would be no difence between him and them, and they are and in duty and honor to support him as their didate. But they will not do this, and we are to conjecture the reason why. That is not find the first principle of power, but without any intention of the principle of power, but without any intention of the principle of power, but without any intention to conjecture the teason why. Into its to find. The tories are using the Governor General's name and influence to recover it forfeited power, but without any intention supporting his "principles of public policy." his is evident from the fact, that while professing to support his Excellency, they will oppose minister of his choice, and thus will do what sy can to prevent him from carrying out his inciples. And this is the kird of support that "Charles is to expect from the tories! They it use him as their "too!" to creep back to wer, and having done that, will oppose both his in and his measures, and compel him, if they in, to adopt theirs. For instance, it is undersood that his Excellency is in favor of the object of principle of the University bill, introduced to Parliament by his late Cabinet; but will the ries support that bill? No. And thus it will nearly throughout. While professing to support themselves, and oppose him, unless yields himself fully to their guidance, and opps their men and measures for his own. Yet sy have been addressing him, and he has been himself fully to their guidance, and oping to their men and measures for his own. Yet y have been addressing him, and he has been lying to their addresses with mutual unqualil approbation. They praise him as the paran of Governors, and his principles as the quinttence of political perfection. He receives the
steful adulation with delight, and in his turn
tols them and the opinions, they recogning as ateful adulation with delight, and in his turn tols them and the opinions they propound as a salvation of the colony; but, in the midst of this apparent harmony and mutual glorifican, he appoints an honorable man to office, and an the delusion vanishes. The magician's all is broken. The charm consisted in fulsome nises and sycophantic homage on the one side, ad diplomatic flattery on the other; but it cannot abide the test of pub ic acts and political appintments. Touched by this Ithurial's spear, e tories start up in their own likeness, and contain the contained of the start of publications of the contained of se tories start up in their own likeness, and con-ont Sir Charles Metcalfe with an opposing can-date, prepared, if successful, to vote against a measures, as well as to supplant his minister, and thus the tories support the Governor Gene-al! The first opportunity that they have of prov-g the sincerity of their attachment to his per-band government, they show that it is all g the sincerity of their attachment to his perna and government, they show that it is all
false and hollow," by raising their own dragled banner in opposition to his. One thing is
lear, they do not believe that his Excellency is
ith them, nor do they intend to support him and
is "principles of public policy," or they would
ever start a candidate in opposition to any minter that he may appoint, least of all to one posassing so many claims as Mr. Harrison possesse on the people of Kingston.

The Court of Quarter Sessions was opened sere last Tuesday, Stafford Kirkpatrick, Esq., cting as Chairman, in Mr. Cartwright's absence. There was much business before the Court, and a Thursday evening it adjourned over until to-tay.

Official notice has been given to the Government Officers to hold themselves in readiness to sense to hold themselves in readiness to sensor to Montreal on the 15th of May, and the Board of Works is instructed to have all the ne-tessary preparations made for that purpose.

The Literary Garland for February has been received. It contains an engraving of the attack upon the smugglers, from Guy Mannering, and the usual complement of good reading matter.

The Montreal Medical Gazette has also been received, being a re-issue of the first number, without the French translations of the English articles, the space thus saved being filled up with other original and selected papers. The Editors have abandoned their first intention of publishing the Gazette half English and half French, from finding that nearly all the medical men of Lower Canada understand English. The change will render the work more valuable, and equally acceptable to both parts of the Province. We therefore anticipate for the Medical Gazette an extensive circulation in the Upper Province. The pubacription price is only 15s. per annum, and for this will be obtained a great amount of information of vast importance to every medical measures. and for this will be obtained a great amount of information of yast importance to every medical practitioner, giving him the cream of lectures, discussions, opinions, and the experience of his professional brethren, and thus he may have consultations with them at his pleasure.

Our harbour is clear of ice. The mail Steamer City of Toronto came in on Friday, and also the American Steamer Oneida. The latter returned again yesterday. The Schooner Sophia, Capt. Gaskin, was cut from the ice in the lower part of the harbour on Friday, and went up the lake. The Gildersleeve went down the river yesterday. Navigation is fully begun. The east and weet mails are now closed at 6 o'clock P. M., to be sent by steamer. Last year the harbour was opened on the 21st of April.

We hear that Dr. Beamish is canvassing the electors of Frontenac as a Candidate for suffrages at the next election.

BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the Town of Kingston, in Common Council assembled:

I. That a rate of Six Pence in the Pound upon all the real and personal property in the said

and government, they have of proveg the sincerity of their attachment to his person and government, they show that it is all false and hollow," by raising their own dragical banner in opposition to his. One thing is lear, they do not believe that his Excellency is the tem, nor do they intend to support him and as "principles of public policy," or they would are rater a candidate in opposition to any mineter that he may appoint, least of all to one posseng so many claims as Mr. Harrison possesses on the people of Kingston.

It has been stated to us that in our late rearks on the Corporation and the Market Buildage, we did injustice to Mr. G. Brown, the Archetc—first, in respect of the cost of the buildage, we did injustice to Mr. G. Brown, the Archetc—first, in respect of the cost of the buildage, we did injustice to Mr. G. Brown, the Archetc—first, in respect of the cost of the buildage, we did injustice to Mr. G. Brown, the Archetc—first, in respect of the cost of the buildage, we did injustice to Mr. G. Brown, the corporation and the Market Buildage, we did injustice to Mr. G. Brown, the corporation of a building to cost 18,000, which he accordingly did, and which is a plan acted on; so that the Corporation alone en answrable for exceeding the sum originally pecified. Again, with respect to Mr. Brown's aing overpaid, which is not the case, for the orporation are in his debt. And further, with spect to his reported dismissal, he has not been semised. Some sharp letters passed between a Corporation and him, and they passed some solutions requiring his personal attendance on and dismals; but the disagreement has been justed by the Corporation withdrawing their tensions, and authorizing him to carry on his as a Architect without interruption, and empty Mr. Coverdale as his Deputy when absent mack. These corrections are due to Mr. Twentey evening the second and the statements that misled a loo misled may others.

At length there is a prospect of an election at lootreal. The law officers of the Crown have exidenced

TO LET TWO STONE HOUSES with two SHOPS, and a pleasantly situated COTTAGE. Possession given 1st May

JOHN BURLEY. Kingston, 1st April, 1844.

AGENCY AND COMMISSION BUSINESS

Kingston, 2nd April, 1844.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,

Kingston, 6th April, 1844.

Thas pleased Its Excellency the Governor Nor General to appoint the undermentioned persons Inspectors of Clergy Reserves, viz Industry, Esquire, of Whitby, and Charles Rankin, Esquire, of Toronto, for the Home District, comprising the Townships of Albion, Brock, Chinquacousy, Caladon, Etobicoke, Georgina, Gwillimsbury East, Gwillimsbury North, King, Markhato, Pickering, Reach, Scott, Taronto, Toronto Gore, Uxbridge, Vanghan, Whithurch, Whitby, York, Scarborough.

The Directors of the Kingston Marine Railway Company beg leave to submit the following report:

STATEMENT. Of the Liabilities and Assets of the Marine Rail-way Company.

LIABILITIES.

To total amount of Capital Stock

Wm. Johnston,

To total amount of Capital Stock subscribed,
To debentures payable in London £5000 sterling, say
To bond in favor of E. Murney Esq. 6437 10 0

Thomas Paul,
C. H. Linter,
Richard Burrell,
James Noble,
John Irvine,
Patrick Doyle, - - £16437 10 0 1000 0 0 To 6 months interest on debentures, due lst May

To 6 months interest on bond; due

17th May

To contract for store now in course of erection

To balance

By real estate, cost
By Bills Receivable and Book ac.
By rents due
By stock in Commercial Bank, By capital stock not paid up, By cash on hand

2,435 1 4

By balance brought down, -Kingston, 2d April, 1844.

The Stockholders appreciating the valuable exertions of John Counter, Esq., in effecting a Loan in London and in otherwise furthering the interests of the Company, authorized the directors to present to Mr. Counter a piece of plate with a suitable inscription thereon, of the value of £60 Cv.

of £60 Cy.

The Stockholders then proceeded to ballot for directors for the ensuing year, when the following gentlemen were elected by a majority of votes.

ing gentlemen were elected by votes.

Henry Gildersleeve, John Counter, Thos. Kirkpatrick, D. Prentiss,
C. W. Jenkins.

At a meeting of the directors held immediately after the general meeting.
H. Gildersleeve, Esq. was re-elected President, and Chas. W. Jenkins. Secretary.

Chas. W. Jenkins, Secretary.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.

50 CASKS PORT HOPE WHISKY.

J. H. GREER. Kingston, March 14th, 1344.

THE Subscriber respectfully tenders his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the very liberal support he has received since he commenced business in Kingston, and begs to acquaint them that he is now prepared to receive consignments of any description of Property, at his old stand on the Commercial Wharf, foot of Princess Street, when every effort will be made to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.

From his extensive acquaintance with the Trade generally, he is confident that he can dispose of property with as much dispatch, and to as good advantage as any other in the same flue of business.

HUGH CALDER.

Commercial Wharf,

Commercial Wharf,

Line Roley Ro

Win. Campbell, Thomas Over nd. William Haycock, Joseph Thirkell, James Bone, A. McDermid, F. W. Smith, J. W. Brent, John Belanger, Robert Forsyth, Robert Allen, W. A. Gedde William H. Bolte, Wm. Stennett, jr., F. M. Hill, A. Pringle.
A. Campbell,
T. W. Robin John Fraser, John S. Smyth, James Williamss Ogle R. Gowan, W. Logie. Joseph H. Daley Joseph H. Daley Joseph Bruce, E. J. Barker, A. Bosseau, John Macpherson, Wm. Campbell, Richard Smith, F. Henderson, John Burns, Donald Christie, John Elliot, Thos. Smith. W. Logie, Charles Willard, Thomas O'Neil, F. A. Harper, are that Dr. Beamish is canvassing the of Fronteneze as a Candidate for their as the tocat election.

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Bir Hugh Fraser. Samuel Rowlands, Samuel Rowland David Alexander, Robert Deacon, M. W. Strange, John Patterson Edward Noble, Geo. Clarke, Geo. Clarke,
James Nickalls,
Roderick Ross,
John Wiley,
James Graham,
David J. Smith,
W. Simpson,
Ilenry H. Jagos,
J. H. Townsend,
W. Breden,
D. F. Campbell,
C. Edie, Charles Stuart,
Patrick Fleming,
II. Muttlebury,
J. C. Hofn,
John Flanigan, J. Goodall,
J. Linter,
Henry Asselstine,
Thos. Ovens,
George Webster,
R. Chanonhouse,
James Mitchell James Mitchell, James Mitchell,
James Y. Allen,
W. Holcomb,
John Jenkins,
Archd. Smith,
James Gormley,
Denis Daley,
James Church. James Church, Thomas Henders John Hilliard, Phillip Wentz, Jacob Byers,

Francis Gardner, Isaac Hope, Ronald Chisho!m Thomas Costelle Donald McKay, Leon Case, John Fisher, Thomas Liddell, Thomas Johnson, Andrew Thomps Wm. Fender. Samuel Clark, Thomas Drumm R. D. Pearson, John Everett, R. Gaskin, George Brown, Ramssy, Armour, & Hugh Hood, William Davey, William Davey,
Benjamin Forsyth,
Philip Whelpley,
John McGann,
Edmund Boyle,
J. Campbell,
James S. Miller,
Alex. McCaul,
William McKay,
William Goodwin,
Thomas Griffin,
John Philir. John Phair, Wm. Beamish, Thomas Phair, Edmund Anderson, M. Murdock,
Philipp Talbot,
Alex. McLean,
Richard Hutton, Richard Gibson, James Fraser, Horace Mills, William Ashley, Thomas Bilton, William Haldenby, James A. Henderson, Robert Gill,

David Hunter, John P. Macdonald, Martin Cameron, John Moore, Hugh Calder, Thos. Jones. 30 0 0

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When I observe the numerous names which When I observe the numerous names which are attached to this requisition, and which comprises men of all shades of political opinion, I aminspired with the hope of a successful result. Should that result, however be unsuccessful, it will always afford me the highest gratification of the confidence of so many of my friends and fellow citizens.

zens.

In presenting myself to the electors of Kingston as a Candidate for their suffrages. I have no objects of personal ambition to gratify, except a desire to advance the interests of the Town in which I have lived so long and with whose fortures my own prosperity is identified, as well as to maintain those principles of public policy, which you justly style "sound and liberal," and which have always actuated our boyal old Town. In a young country like Canada, I am of opinion that it is of more consequence to endeavor to develope its resources and improve its physical advantages than to waste the time of the Legislature, and the money of the people, in fruitless discussions on abstract and theoretical questions of government:

of government: of government:

One great object of my exertions, if elected will be to direct the attention of the Legislature to the settlement of the back Townships of this district, hitherto so utterly neglected, and to press for the construction of the long projected Plank Road to Perth and the Ottawn, and thus make Kingston the market for a large and fertile, though hitherto valueless country. This desirable object once attained, the presperity of our Town will be established on a firm basis.

Permit me in conclusion to reneat my warm-Permit me in conclusion to repeat my warmest thanks for the honor you have done me, and
for the confidence you express in me, and to
state, that I will not fail, as soon as my protes.

THOMAS A.

Board of Works, Kingston.

18th March, 1844.

TO JOHN A. MACDONALD ESQ. stonal avocations will allow; to wait on you and the other electors individually.

I am, gentlemen, Your obedient & obliged servant, John A. Machonald.

To the Hon. JOHN KIRBY,
And the signers of the Requisition.

To the Respected Electors TOWN OF RINGSTON.

Esteented Friends,-Rumour assigns to the floorable Mr. Harrison a seat in the Gabinet, and an appointment to solne important Department, upon a ceptance of which he will cease to cupy the position of your Representative in

occupy the position of your Representative in Parliament.

Anticipating the probability of such as fact, I said myself thus early of the circumstance to anneutree to you my intention of offering myself again as a Candidate for re-election to the proudestion to which you elected me this day three years—the memorable 25 h March. 1841.

I avail myself, with unlengued delight, of this opportunity to disabuse the minds of those who, I am pained to learn, form uniavourable opinions of the matives which induced me to descend from that position, the demost object of my ambition, as well as to claim office again the confidence of those generous freeded for my success, and for whose generous ity, good will, and efficient efficits, I shall never cease to feel unbounted gratitude, and undying affection; I take this apportunity, too, of refuting the unjust imputation of having sold the Constituency of Kingston, so ungerrously laid to my charge by a portion of the Press.

My greatest ambition was to be Meinber for Kingston; under Heaven I distinct over the firm of the months of May, June, July, and August next.

Two responsible Sureties will be received at the Office of the Provincial Prescriptor, until MONDAY. 15th day of April next, from such persons as may be willing to fürrish, for the service of the soil Institution, for the service of the said Institution, effort to deserve a distinct of the soil particle of the Wood.

Consisting of equal qrantities of Hard Maple, Beech, Birch, Hickory, and Iron Wood, to be delivered on the Penitentiary Wharf, in the following proportions, viz:—

So Cords on or before the 30th of April next, from the delivered on the Penitentiary Wharf, in the following proportions, viz:—

The whole of the Wood to be sound, and the most of the press.

My greatest ambition was to be Meinber for Kingston, so ungerforesty laid to my charge by a portion of the Press.

My greatest ambition was to be Meinber for Kingston, so ungerforesty to the months of May, June, July, and August next.

The whole of the Wo

nent; my pride was satisfied; my a know and dearest wishes were fulfilled.

In my hour of ecstacy came the pain, if struggle between recreancy to your interes, a and self-gratification; in a deep sense of my da'y formy benefactors, and the inhabitants of Kingston, terminated abruptly our connexion. A demand was made for my seat, the refusal of which would have confessedly jeopardized your dearest interest; and although a compliance with it occasioned to me more of misery and wretchedness than the accumulated crosses and perplexities of thirty-four years' career of business (if they had at once assailed me,) could produce, I did not hesitate for one moment to make the great sacrifice, and yield to the necessity I saw of rescuing Kingston from the danger of the removal of the Seat of Government, which every man admits my resistance to Lord Sydenham's wishes would involve.

The demand involved other minor points, commanding my serious consideration. It was acknowledged that Kingston owed a debt of gratifude to that illustrious Statesman—he asked for the Representation of Kingston for his favourite Minister; had I refused, would be have been satisfied?

ourite Minister; had I refused, would he have been satisfied?

My election defeated a powerful party, who would therefore have opposed any measure I should have introduced into Parliament. There was a party, then, inveterately hostile to the removal of the Seat of Government from Toronto to Kingston, who would have united in efforts to defeat any measure introduced for the benefit of Kingston; and the Government party, displeased at my refusal to give place to Mr. Harrison, would not have supported, if they had not opposed me; thus would I have been placed in the unenviable position of incapacity to carry any measure in the house. It is obvious, therefore, I had no alternative but to submit to the controlling impulse of subserving the true interests of my Constituents, by securing to them what I then fordly hoped would have been irrevocably established by it—that Kingston should remain the capital of Canada, as 1 thg as Canada existed.

In the proud co viction of the rectitude of my

sevocably established by 11—that Kingston should remain the capital of Canada, as 1-ng as Canada existed.

In the proud co viction of the rectitude of my determination, and persuaded that those generous friends who so unequivocally manifested their confidence in my zeal and ability to serve them, will give me full credit for candor and sincerity, I offer them the assurance that those were the motives which solely guided my conduct in this to me most painful and unfortunate affair, and I respectfully ask, had I resisted Lord Sydenham's urgent request, whether the threatened removal of the Government now to Montreal, would not by most men be attributed to my refusal!—I must, I am sorry, add, egotistically, that I am noted over Canada for my anxiety to relieve from want, distress, or embarrasements, my fellow men, friend or foe, and that I never yet hesitated to do so; can any man, then, truly suppose me the base recreant to sell the constituency I so sincerely esteemed, and bartor my seat for filthy lucre?

I had to accept office to enable me to vacate my seat. I did so; but no inducements could remove me, or entice me from Kingston, where I at that time was—have since been—and now am Agent for the sale and management of Crown Lands, &c. for the Midland District.

At the befitting time I will again address you more at length on this subject. In the mean time, permit me thus to renew to each of you my earnest solicitation that you will extend to me the same cordiality of feeling, and unity of action, which so nobly sustained the cause you know I advocate; that of maintaining a fair, honest, impartial, and liberal Administration of Government—not the government of a party, but a Government administered for the benefit of the whole people.

Your sincere friend,

March 25, 1844.

E.CRANE J PLAND MAKER.

Princes Street, Kingston,
WOULD inform the trade that from im proved facilities for manufacturing, he is enabled to afford Planes of all sorts, much CHEAPER than formerly, and warranted of the first quality.

Dr Planes made to order, and Repairs don

Kingston, March 19, 1844.



TO CONTRACTORS. TENDERS will be received from com-

At the "Bout de L'Isle," Montreal.
The Tenders to be delivered into this office on or before the 10th of April next, and are to be accompanied by the written consent of two solvent persons, who are willing to become securities for the due performance of the work, to the full satisfaction of the Board of Works, and in strict accordance with the instructions, plans and specifications, which are to be seen at the office of A. BARRETT, Esq. College Street, Montreal, where also may be had printed forms of Tender, and all further information which may be required.

THOMAS A. BEGLY.

Recretary

THOMAS MEAGHERS NOTARY PUBLIC, Office in Wellington Street.

LETTERS of Attorney drawn and attested for foreign countries. Agreements of all kinds. Protests against Damage tione to Vessels or Cargoes, and Notices of Surveys of the same. Charter Parties, Bonds of Bottomry, Indemnity, &c., and all Contracts relating to Freight and Shipping.

A. MANAHAN, Esq., Kingston,
JNO. R. ARMSTRONG, Esq., Rytmon,
Kingston, March 27, 1844.

Provincial Pentientiary.

THE Subscriber, snaious to reduce his larger stock of Wines, will, on the 5th April next for the Youth April next for the

Ontario Street, Kingston,

THE DWELLING above the subscriber's Shop—being large, and well adapted for the residence of a respectable family. Will be let, either with or without Ceach-house and Stabling. Apply to WM. SIMPSON.

Ontario St., Kingston, 19th March, 1844.

MR. KENNETH MACKENZIE, Barrister at Law, Bolicitor in Chancery, Attorney, &c. &c., CLARENCE STREET.

RIECSTON,
A few deors above Daley's Hotel, at the Office 'ately coupied by Messrs. Burns & Moneat:
August, 1843.

STOVES

At greatly Reduced Prices. THE Subscriber has just received, direct from the Foundries, made to special order, a very large assortment of Stoves,

COOKING, PARLOUR, HALL SO BOX STOVES, of the latest improved patterns, which are offered exocuting tow he Cash Meline buying elsewhere, be pleased to call at the old established Stove Stand, and examine the assortment and price.

JAMES POWELL Princess, late Store Street, & Kingston, Nov. 14, 1843.

TO LEASE,

FOR THREE or more Years, a desirable
Family Residence, with Garden and every
convenience. Rent low. For particulars ap-

WM. SIMPSON,

A SITUATION AS MANAGER OF A FARM, by a Young Man who has been brought up a Farmer in one of the best agricultural districts of Scotland. He is well acquainted with the Scotch system of husbandry, keeping farm accounts, &c., and would be an acquaint to a well-acquaint to aw. Gentleman wichigather.

misition to any Gentleman wishing his farm well managed. Enquire at this office, if by letter, pest paid. Kingston, March 4, 1844.

100 barrels Oatheal, 400 barrels Liver-pool and Onondago Salt, for sale by W. SIMPSON. Ontario Street, Kingston, July 1843. Midland District Agricultural Society.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Midland District Agricultural Society, will be holden at Clark's Hotel, in the Village of Waterloo, on Tuesday the 16th April, 1844; for the purpose of appointing Officers for the ensuing year, Auditing the Annual accounts, and thaking other necessary arrangements and also for taking into consideration the plant that will be submitted to the meeting for establishing an Agricultural Society in each

tablishing an Agricultural Society in each Township.

THOMAS GLASSUP, Secretary and Treasurer, M. D. A. S. Kingston, 23rd March, 1844. NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the Subscribers in the Flour and Baking business, at the City Bakery, under the firm of R. Allen & Co., has been duly dissolved.

All debts due by the said firm will be paid by Rob't Allen, who is duly authorized to collect all accounts, and will carry on the business as manal.

WM. SIMPSON. ROB'T ALLEN. Kingston, 28th Feb. 1844.

THE undersigned begs to tender his thanks to the public generally for the very liberal patronage bestowed on the establishment of which he has had charge, and would say the business will in future be carried on by him on his own account, and requests all parties indebted to come forward and settle their accounts forthwith

R. ALLEN. City Bakery, Brock Street, Kingston, Feb. 26, 1844.

W. SIMPSON, & CO., EMPORTURE. A RE now receiving a Choice selection

China, Glass and Earthenware, which they offer at greatly reduced Prices.

N. B.—A Consignment of 40 Crates of
Earthenware, which they are authorized to
sell Cheap for Cash. Ontario Street

Kingston, August 15, 1843.

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