

from Bridge, Agriculture, VII.—On the management of the Editor's Office.—Summary.—Deaths.

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revenue arising from imported goods that her productions and consumption entitle her to receive, or that she would receive if the Provinces were not connected by the River St. Lawrence, along which we have to pass to the ocean. It is plain that the Upper Provinces are losing one half of the revenue from her own resources of industry, consumption and production, on account of her insular situation, the want of a seaport and our connection with the Lower Provinces. In addition to this, above, the poorer Canadians wish to have another picking out of us, for the temporary residence of the boatmen and raftsmen, prosecuting the trade of the Upper Provinces, on the common highway of the two Provinces. Such a demand can only be considered as an act of unprincipled extortion, as well as the demand of drawback on account of the seamen employed in the shipping, and on the common highway. One would suppose that the trade and profit caused by such casual sojourners, might satisfy any reasonable people, without descending to a pitiful demand of drawback for what was consumed on the common waters of the Provinces.

DISTRICT SCHOOLS.—One hundred pounds annually, are paid to each of the District Schools, and the people enquire for what purpose all that money is expended! Why the act says to educate a few scholars to be chosen from what are called the common schools, but these few scholars are never sent, for this reason, that most of the people spurn the idea, of having their children exposed to abuse and insult, by mixing with boys who would be apt to show their insolence, and to assume a sort of superiority over such boys as were receiving their education at the public expense. In the mother country, large sums were left by our forefathers, to educate the rising generations, but the money is mostly wasted on ill-pretended teachers, inspectors, &c. There are some parish schools like our District schools, where the masters receive a salary, to educate a certain number of boys gratis, at the same school a number of pay scholars are received. It is well known that many of the masters do actually treat the free scholars in a most scandalous manner, and that the free scholars are selected out and punished severely for slight faults, when the other scape goats go free from punishment, because the masters find it their interest to court the favor of the parents of the pay scholars, and are careless about offending the parents of the others, he therefore selects his objects of making severe examples of punishment to keep up the order and discipline of his school, from among the children who are educated gratis. We need not enquire of parents in this country whether they would suffer their children to be abused and insulted by the teacher of a school, should his disposition or interest induce him to act accordingly to the caprice we have now recorded. It is a matter of fact, that we have heard of hundreds of complaints of the same nature.

Now according to the bill Mr. Burwell has introduced, the master has only to court the favor of a District committee, and he may act almost as he pleases towards the children, from among the children who are educated gratis. We need not enquire of parents in this country whether they would suffer their children to be abused and insulted by the teacher of a school, should his disposition or interest induce him to act accordingly to the caprice we have now recorded. It is a matter of fact, that we have heard of hundreds of complaints of the same nature.

The dislike to Mr. B's. bill is general, and we venture to affirm that the people would much rather the Clergy Reserves were given to the English church, or as some people express themselves, hung about their necks, than such an odious bill should become a law, for sure we are, that no rest would be to the Province until the law was repealed.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.—This is a very delicate matter to legislate upon, so that justice may be done to all parties. We regret to say that we have reason to believe, that some unfortunate debtors have been incarcerated, at the suit of unfeeling creditors. We also have to deplore the base disposition manifested in a Christian country, by a large number of people who are eager to run in debt afterwards they can obtain credit, and afterwards shew no disposition to discharge their engagements, and very often use insulting language to their creditors when they demand payment for the accommodation given them. It will be seen that a meeting was held at Watertown, and measures taken to forward a petition to the State Legislature, for a repeal of the act abolishing imprisonment for debt. Meetings for the same purpose have been held in other parts of the State.

Something similar to the insolvent debtors law in England might answer better than the one introduced into our Assembly. By that act an insolvent debtor can, by applying to Commissioners appointed for the purpose, have the state of his affairs examined, then if he appears to have acted honestly, given a true statement of his affairs, and not have wasted his property in extravagance, he can be released from prison under certain conditions. It is said that such powers might be abused by commissioners, if they were not very upright men, and be made to operate, so as to punish political or religious opponents, at the same time screen from just punishment the delinquency of the partisans of an official party. In reply to that it must be observed that official characters are more closely watched than they were in former days, and that public opinion must have its weight to check the partial and unjust acts of public

officers, except such as are of the most honest and hardened composition. COLIN McNELLEIGH, Esq. has been elected for the County of Norfolk, in the place of D. McCall, Esq. deceased,—and DONALD FRASER, Esq. has been elected for the County of Lanark.

ST. LAWRENCE.—The St. Lawrence improvement bill was sent to the Legislative Council on Tuesday last. The Hon. Thomas Clark, and the Hon. John Hamilton, were appointed Commissioners, so that the Commissioners now consist of seven gentlemen. On the third reading, the yeas and nays were as follows—yeas, Messrs. Attorney General, Brown, Buel, Burwell, Chisholm, Clark, Cook, Crooks, Elliot, Fraser A., Howard, Jones, Lewis, McDonald A., McNab, Merrit, McNeillage, Norton, Randall, Robinson, Sanson, Shaver, Van-koughnet, Warden, and J. Wilson. Nays, Messrs. Berczy, Bidwell, Boulton, Campbell, Horner, Jarvis, Ketchum, D. McDonald, Morris, Finhey, Robin, Solicitor General, Thomson, and White,—majority 12.

DISTRICT COURT BILL.—This measure passed the House of Assembly on Wednesday last. The jurisdiction of the District Court, by this Bill, is increased to £100 in all cases, and the fees, in some instances, have been reduced.

A Bill authorising the apprehension of fugitives from Foreign countries has passed both branches of the Legislature.

Mr. McNab, for the want of better employment, has been making himself a kind of buffoon and racking his brains for something to amuse our sage Legislature at York, so as to relax their minds from the very grave and solemn matters under their consideration. It would seem that Mr. Perry after all the talking and drilling that Mr. McNab's ingenuity could invent, to carry a favourite measure he had before the house, did not think it expedient, or just, or that it would be of that benefit to the people of this Province that Lawyer McNab wished to make Mr. Perry believe, and that said Mr. Perry continued obstinate in his opposition to the bill, to the great vexation of his opponent. Mr. McNab or some person for him, thought the anecdote of the witty Dean Swift and the ass at the baker's door, a very good thing to be applied to Mr. Perry in the matter of opposition between them. It seems to us that the piece of intended wit here related and applied, is devoid of point, inasmuch that Mr. McNab has the arrogance to place himself on a footing with the facetious Dean, and wished to convey an idea that Mr. Perry is too obstinate to contend with, although by his own account he had been making use of all the means he was master of, both fair and foul to get Mr. Perry to act as he wished him, but when he could not succeed, he (McNab) wished to convey the idea that a man of his understanding and superior abilities could not contend with Mr. Perry to advantage, for the reason that Mr. Perry obstinately contended and maintained his past against the efforts of Mr. McNab.

We have given at length the report of the committee on the Public accounts of this Province. The only remark we shall make at present is the great expense in collecting these duties, at the same time the persons employed as collectors demand a fee in most cases (whether lawful or not we have not examined). The revenue on Shop, Inn, and Still licenses are collected at a cost of 11 per cent, and a fee from each Innkeeper, &c. The revenue on importations at the Custom House, are collected at a cost of 17 per cent, besides the fees charged on a variety of items from the persons making the entries.

We have inserted the report of the committee appointed to examine the report and plans of the commissioners for erecting a penitentiary in this Province. We are glad to perceive that they recommend a plan sufficient to commence the work directly, and that they report Kingston, or Hamilton in the Gore District, as the best situation to erect the building, but rather prefer Hamilton on account of the best stone. There is one circumstance in favor of Kingston, and that is the protection of military guard. Which is the place least exposed in case of a war, requires some consideration in a choice of situation. The means of punishing felons, has become so urgent that it is actually dangerous to the community to delay providing some sufficient method to bridle the unruly dispositions interspersed among such a mixed population as we have in Canada.

THE CANADIAN MAGAZINE.—We hail with pleasure the appearance of this periodical, the first number of which has been politely forwarded to us by the publishers. From a hasty perusal of its contents, we are impressed with a favorable opinion of the talents of the editor, and we most sincerely hope that his laudable enterprise will be crowned with the most signal success. The contents of No. 1 are—Editors, Address; The Emigrant; The Poets Test; On Roads; Song; The Danish Murders; or Landlord's Tale; Ballad; Domestic (York) Mortality; Speed the Plough; Mortal exit of Sir Walter Scott; The Graves of a Household; Clerical Anecdotes; Religion; to intending Emigrants; Stanzas for the New Year; Current Prices, York Market. Perhaps we cannot more effectually subscribe the interests of the Editor, and at the same time gratify our readers, than by giving his "Ad-

dress to the inhabitants of Upper and Lower Canada," which we intend to do next week.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—A few weeks since, a parcel of mischievous young fellows of York, sallied out at night to commit depredations on the property of the peaceable citizens. After performing several exploits with salt barrels, pulling down and defacing divers signs, they came to Mr. Post's, when one of their number who had clambered up to take down his sign, fell from his station, and injured himself so much that he died four days after. The young man's name is Craig, and a nephew to the Archdeacon. It is the more to be regretted, as this young man was one of the best of the party, and we understand that he had been drawn into the scrape by persuasion and that he desired all the youth of the town to take warning by his fate and avoid evil company. His companions all ran away and left him, except young Wm. Campbell, clerk of assize. It is said that a Robert Hamilton a law student, and one of the Archdeacons sons were of the party.

We hope that the misfortune of young Craig will be a warning to some of the young chaps in Kingston, who have been in the habit of cutting up such capers, and particularly to impress upon the minds of such as do not contrive such mischief not to be persuaded to engage in it by those that do. Remember young Craig was persuaded to join in those exploits, and by that means lost his life.

THE WEATHER.—Last week we felicitated ourselves upon the prospect of sleighing, on account of the snow falling without drifting. Our remarks were hardly in print, before the wind began to blow the snow up in heaps from the open ground, so as to leave bare the most elevated places.—Thursday was very severe. Friday was milder and the bay was open in front of the Town. Saturday was very severe and continued so all day, the ice took clear across to Long Island.

Sunday morning it was thawing making a difference of 60 degrees between the morning of Saturday and Sunday. It has been thawing every day since. It is hardly possible to believe the human frame could support such sudden changes. For several months past the weather has been very unsettled. We have heard, that so much rain, and such very severe gales of wind were never before witnessed in this Province. We observe by the shipping reports, that so many severe gales were never before experienced on the Atlantic ocean, several ships, bound to America have been obliged to put back to Europe. It is believed by many that such boisterous and unsettled weather is caused by the visitation of the comet.

Dr. Barker will deliver his first lecture to-morrow evening. Last Thursday was the time appointed, but the severity of the evening prevented the attendance of the public. We refer our readers to Mr. Barker's advertisement for particulars.

Fire.—We have just read of a family who had retired to rest, and were awakened in the night by a fire, in and about the chimney board of a fire place. It is thought that the chimney had been on fire during the evening without blazing, and some of the pieces of pitch substance usual in chimneys being on fire fell against the fire-board.

WE give this for a caution to show how necessary it is that chimney boards should be lined with tin at the bottom and some distance up the board, to guard against accidents of the same description.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF KINGSTON.—The following gentlemen have been appointed Directors of the Branch of this bank in York, viz. Messrs. George Monro, Peter Dehl, J. R. Armstrong, S. Burnham, Jas. F. Smith, and James Newbigging. Cashier, John Ross, Esq. Day of discount—Tuesday in each week.

Fire!—Every inhabitant of the town of Kingston cannot but participate in the solicitude consequent upon the adoption of any regulation for the extinguishment of fires. No one, we are persuaded, will witness the honorable efforts of our Magistracy, and the highly commendable spirit of those individuals who have stepped forward to protect the property of their townsmen, without a generous wish to second them in their laudable determination. At those seasons of danger and alarm, that demand the energies of every one, it will certainly be a gratifying spectacle, to see a special constabulary force in the active exercise of their respective vocations, and the names of those who have been sworn, we anticipate the most successful results. It is to be hoped that every man who "loves his neighbour" will not be backward in any and every exertion that may contribute to preserve his property or his home. [Chronicle.]

AT a Special Sessions holden on Friday the 12th Jan. 1833, the following persons were sworn in as Special Constables, of the Town of Kingston, for enforcing the Police Regulations for the extinguishment of fires, and the protection of property on such occasions: John S. Cartwright, Neil J. McLean, H. W. Wilkinson, James Reeves, George Oliver, Benj. O'leary, John Vincent, John Lamer, John S. Smyth, John Oliphant, Charles Ward, John Coy, Emerson Barley, Jacob Reitter, John Spence, W. P. Cook, Francis Gardener, John Bowen, Alex. McDonald, Barton Phillips, Wm. McDonald, William Polly, Robert Bowman, Jason Burchell.

Benj. O'leary, George Oliver, H. W. Wilkinson, and Wm. Polly, were appointed to fix upon the kind of badge to be worn, and the staff to be used; the latter to be furnished at the expense of the Police funds.

MARRIED.—At York on the 5th inst. by the Hon. and Right Rev. Dr. McDonell, Bishop of Kingston, John S. Smyth, and Miss Margaret, eldest daughter of Hon. L. P. Sherwood, one of the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in this Province.

On the 9th inst. at the Chapel of the Holy Trinity, Quebec, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Henry Temple, Esq. Captain in His Majesty's 13th Regt. of Foot, to Maria May Livingston, eldest daughter of the Honorable J. Sewell, Chief Justice of the Province of New Brunswick.

On the 21st ult. in this Town, by the Rev. John Macfarlane, Mr. Angus Maclean, to Miss Margaret, eldest daughter of Quarter Master Sergeant George Henderson, 7th Highlanders.

DIED.—At Montreal, of Consumption, at the house of James G. Grant, Esquire, an infant son of Thomas Blackwood, Esq. merchant. We regret to have to record the death of a young gentleman possessed of such talents and acquisitions. His loss will be felt in society. After a regular course of studies he was a student of medicine, and passing his examination with very great credit to himself, he went to Europe for the purpose of collecting in the first choice of a profession relative to his profession. He had acquired a number of friends only a few days previous to his death.

In Montreal, on the 24th inst. of consumption, Samuel Hall, of 12 years, son of the late Hon. Samuel Hall, of Canada.

On Monday night last, Mr. Wm. Evans, of the late firm of Evans & Atkinson, was killed by a cart of the late firm of Evans & Atkinson, on the 24th inst. of consumption, Samuel Hall, of 12 years, son of the late Hon. Samuel Hall, of Canada.

SEALING TENDERS will be received at this Office until Saturday at noon, on the 9th of February next, for entering into the following Contracts with His Majesty's Government, for the service of the Royal Engineer Department at this Post. viz: FIRST CONTRACT. For supplying the following Materials for carrying on the new work at Point Henry: Pine Boards, 15,000 feet superficial, of 1 inch, from 12 to 16 feet long; and from 7 to 9 inches wide; (2d quality.) Pine Plank, 3,700 feet superficial, of 1 1/2 inch; from 12 to 16 feet long, and from 12 to 14 inches wide (1st quality.) Pine Plank, 2,500 feet of 2 inches do. do. do. 5,500 feet of 3 inches do. (2d quality.) Oak Plank, 25,000 feet superficial; of 2 inch (1st quality white); from 12 to 16 feet long, and from 7 to 9 inches wide. Pine Scantling, 10,000 feet running (1st quality.) 4 x 12 inches each, of such lengths as may be required, not exceeding 20 feet. Oak Scantling, 60 feet running, (1st quality white) 1 1/2 x 6 inches, of such lengths as may be required, not exceeding 20 feet. Red Cedar Pickets—400; 19 feet long, 8 inches diameter at ends, and 4 inches in the middle. Persons proposing Tendering to supply the above, are particularly requested to apply at the Commissariat Office for further information.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a Warrant of Attachment issued out of His Majesty's Midland District Court, against Job Hoxie, an absconding or concealed debtor, in favor of Tobias Blecker, for the sum of twenty-one pounds four shillings and eleven pence, I have seized all the estate, as well real as personal, of the said Job Hoxie, and unless the said Job Hoxie return within the jurisdiction of the said Court within three calendar months from the 29th day of January, 1833, or put in bail to the action, all the real and personal estate of the said Job Hoxie, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be held liable for the said claim.

JOHN MACLEAN, Sheriff of the Office, Kingston, 22d January, 1833.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of two Warrants of Attachment issued out of His Majesty's Midland District Court, against George Evans an absconding or concealed debtor, one at the suit of Sydney Scofield for ten pounds nineteen shillings, and the other at the suit of John Dawson, for the sum of nine pounds seven shillings and six pence, I have seized all the estate, as well real as personal, of the said George Evans, and unless the said George Evans return within the jurisdiction of the said Court within three calendar months from the 28th day of January, 1833, or put in bail to the actions, all the real and personal estate of the said George Evans, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be held liable for said claims.

JOHN MACLEAN, Sheriff of the Office, Kingston, 22d January, 1833.

NOTICE. WITH a view to improvement and despatch in our business, as Forwarders, we have purchased from the Estate of the late Mr. H. Dickinson, two-thirds of his interest in the Steam Boats between this place and Montreal, and, as it is our determination to have Boats towed both up and down, we have no hesitation in stating, that it will be in our power to serve our friends and the public far more satisfactorily than we have heretofore been able to do, and are of opinion, that our present business will so well connect with that of Steam Boats, as to enable us to reduce considerably, the present charges of Freight.

The business will be conducted under the Firms of CRANE, HOOKER, McCUTCHEON & Co. at this place, and MACPHERSON & Co. at Montreal, on the 14th inst. at 11 o'clock. Prescott 14th December, 1833. They have stores and an agent at Kingston who will attend to receiving and shipping property for Montreal.

WANTED immediately, a first rate Sleigh and Cutter maker, who will find ready employment with the subscriber, near Napanee Mills. Application to be made soon. W. J. P. BARTELS. Napanee, Jan. 15th, 1833.

AT AN ADJOURNED GENERAL SESSIONS 14th January, 1833. Present J. Macaulay Esq., Chairman, H. Smith, and A. Pringle, Esquires. It is ordered that the Carman shall within fifteen days from this date provide at his own expense, leather pipes, or hose, for the purchasers of their respective Carts, or Trains, on pain of forfeiting their licenses.

It is also ordered that in future, the sum of £1. will be allowed Carman and others for each full punction of water delivered at a fire, on the production of the proper voucher to the police officer. By the Court. J. NICKALLS, Clerk of the Peace.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg leave to inform from the inhabitants of Kingston and its vicinity, that they have opened their stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. in the House adjoining the Engineer Office, in Quarry Street, where they will be happy to attend to the orders of those who may favour them with their custom. Their assortment of Dry Goods is very extensive, comprising every article in that line; a-mongst which may be enumerated, fine and superfine Cloths, fashionable Cassimeres, drab Flannels, white, red, green, and yellow Flannels, green Baize, superfine black Bombazine, and black Grape, Bombazines, black and coloured Grod Napier, Borden's Gauze, Canton Crane, Damask, Cassimere Shawls, Silk Handkerchiefs, rich London Chintzes, coloured Cambrics, Irish Linens, Diapers, Jaconet and Book Muslins, Fustian, Scotch, Bonnets, Calicoes, Light and dark ground; Sheetings and Osnaburghs; Canadian Cloth, Apron and Furniture Checks, Gingham, Stripe Cottons, Hosiery and Gloves; with a variety of other articles too numerous to be detailed; all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash or short approved credit.

MULHOLLAND & TWIGG, Kingston, 4th Jan. 1833.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received, by late arrivals from Britain their FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS, adapted to the season, forming a very general assortment, consisting of:— 5 pt. Blankets, 8 and 4 pt. best Whitney do. Canadian cloth, fine and S. fine Cloths, fashionable Cassimeres, Olive and Drab Flannels, white, red, green and yellow Flannels, Electoral do. green Baize, Scotch Carpeting, Hearth Rugs, Tartans, Guernsey Frocks, Angora, and royal ribbed shirts, Overall Hose, Hosiery and Gloves, Rangeon and Printed Worsted Shawls, Lastings, Bombazines, Bombazines, Scotch Bonnets, Scarlet Caps, 27, 30, 36, 40, 45, 47 and 60 inch Grey Cottons, Long and Book-fold Shirtings, Apron and Furniture Checks Gingham, Stripe Cottons, Navy and 2-blue Calicoes, Fancy, light and dark ground Cambrics, rich London Chintzes, Furze Prints, Colored Cambrics, Irish Linens, Diapers, Brown Holland, Jacket and Book Muslins, plain, striped, checked and hair cord Cambrics, Black and green Grape, India and English Bandannas, and rich Britannia Handkerchiefs, Cotton and Linen Bedticks, Fustian and Beavertees, Bang up Cord, Drab and black Velvet, Umbrellas, Canvas Nos. 2 to 5, Sheetings and Osnaburghs, Shoe and Clothing Thread, with a variety of other articles too numerous to be detailed.

ALSO:— Teas, Muscovado Sugar, in blis. Tierces, and blis. singly that double refined and do. fresh bunch Muscatel Raisons, Poland Starch, Fig Blue, English Soap in boxes of 30 and 60 lbs., Snuff, Mustard, Spanish Brown, Carolina White (Giant's) Patent Shot, assorted Nos. best London Port, in casks of doz. strong and fine flavored Jamaica Spirits in blis.; very superior old Cognac Brandy, in Pipes and blis., London Vinegar in blis., Port, Serrano, and Tenerife Wines in gr. Casks, &c. all of which will be sold at the Montreal wholesale prices for Cash, or short approved Credit.

MACKENZIE, GEDDES, & Co. P. S.—In addition to the above, M. G. & Co. are hourly in expectation of receiving a further supply of Dry Goods, Teas, Groceries, Liquors, &c. &c. Kingston, 1st December, 1832. The Editors of the Hastings Times and the Hallowell Free Press will please give the above four insertions, and send their accounts for payment. M. G. & Co.

Office of the Catarague Bridge Compy. Kingston, 16th Jan. 1833. THE ANNUAL meeting of the Stockholders will take place at this Office, on Monday the 28th inst., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, agreeable to the articles of incorporation. GEORGE F. CORBETT, Secretary & Treasurer.

TO LET. AND possession given on the 1st of Feb. A next, small House and Garden in Sturville. Apply to JOHN S. SMYTH. Kingston, Jan. 16th, 1833.

ADVERTISEMENT. MISS PHILLIPS, Dress Maker and Lace Worker, (lately arrived from London in the family of Dr. Barker) respectfully accounts to the Ladies of Kingston, that she will be most happy to receive their commands, and will execute them in the first style of the London Fashions, upon the most reasonable terms. Address at Dr. Barker's Office, opposite the market place. Kingston, Jan. 9th, 1833.

FASHIONABLE DANCING. MR. J. ADAMS, (FORMERLY TEACHER IN ENGLAND.) BEGGS leave most respectfully to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingston, and its vicinity, that he has lately arrived from the above city, where he has studied under and assisted the first professors of that useful and elegant accomplishment; and that he has opened Mr. Myers' Assembly Room, where he has commenced giving instruction in all the most NEW AND FASHIONABLE DANCES, as practised in London and Paris, viz. Spanish and Swedish Contra Dances, Quadrilles, Waltzes, Mescalones, Gallopades, Mazourkas, &c. &c. Terms—6 Dollars per Quarter. No extra charge will be made. Public classes, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 4 to 6; 6 to 8; 8 to 10. P. M. Private tuition, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Private Families and Schools attended in town and country. Orders left at the Bookstore of James Macfarlane & Co. or at Myers' Hotel, will be duly attended to. Kingston, November 23, 1832.