AGRICULTURAL, &c.

From the Columbian Sentinel.

MANAGEMENT OF SHEEP.

MR. EDITOR.—Situated as you are, in an agricultural district, I trust that a few observations on the management of sheep, will be admitted a place in your columns. To the farmer this subject is at all times important; but it is more particularly so now, from the fact, that through this section of country where large flocks are kept, they have been sorely thinned the past winter by both poverty and disease. Any observations, then, which may tend to prevent similar losses in future, will be useful.—And in the hope that what I shall now submit, may at least throw a little light on this subject, and lead to further investigations by others, more particular and more competent, I am induced to give the result of my own observations to the public. I wish to be understood that I am a practical man, and what I say on the management of sheep is the result of my own experience. It has been bought by previous similar losses and disappointments; and as a proof that there must be something useful in the plan I now adopt in the keeping of my sheep, I will farther state, that the two last winters I have kept nearly one thousand sheep each winter, and, "despite of wind and weather," my loss the first winter was trifling, and the last winter, which has justly been called a long and tedious one, requiring about four and a half months winter feed, has been but two old sheep by disease and two by accident. A few of my late lambs died and likewise a few of my yearling wethers, but on counting numbers on the 15 April, I am not twenty less (deducting a few I sold) than I was last spring immediately after the lambing season, counting lambs and all. My lambing season commences about the first of May.

To say that the constitutions of our fine sheep are not sufficiently hardy to withstand the severity of our winters, is not the true reason why so many are lost at that season. My own experience and that of others who have likewise been successful wool-growers contradict it. On the contrary, they are peculiarly suited to our climate. Nature by fitting them with a close and warm covering, manifestly intended them for it. All that is wanting is a little care on the part of their owners and in proportion to their numbers, they are not more subject to disease than the horse, neat cattle, or swine. If we lose our sheep there is wrong management somewhere—where it is, I will now endeavour to show.

In summer time sheep will live upon a little vegetation; knowing this, we permit them to remain in lots almost bare of herbage; and that too after other animals have cropped the grass as close as possible. The little nutriment they obtain is sufficient to support them, but not enough to cause them to thrive; on the contrary, they suffer, and that from hunger. Now it is that their constitutions are injured, and the foundation laid for disease; they are kept too poor, and the consequence is, when winter sets in, what with light carcasses, short wool, and dry food, they cannot withstand its length and severity. Under such circumstances is it a wonder that they die? The only wonder is, that so many live, when we have been so heedless of them. Careful winter feeding will only partially remedy the evil. Would we think of bringing our horses, cattle and swine, into winter quarters in this impoverished state? Experience has long since taught us the consequences that follow, and that an animal to winter well must be in good condition at the commencement of it.

The foundation, therefore, of the mortality that assails our sheep in winter, is laid in summer. My own experience warrants this conclusion, a part of which I will now relate.

When I first began to keep sheep, I had seen farmers turn them upon ploughed fallows when there was little for them to eat. I did not discriminate between the difference of turning in a few, who might feed along the fences in a lot of this kind, or turning in, say, one hundred. I kept them on scant pastures during the summer, intending that in winter, as I had plenty of provender, I would feed them well; but for two or three winters I met with very considerable losses, between twenty and thirty per cent, although I fed them plentifully on hay and often on grain. One winter, particularly, my sheep coming in thin, I fed to one hundred sheep more corn than the fall previous I had fed to eight fatted hogs, still I met with a very considerable loss, and that of sheep too which cost me from five to eight dollars each. At this time I was discouraged, I thought the animal by constitution unsuited to our climate. Still something must be done; and when I looked around me and saw one or two of my neighbors more successful in preserving their sheep, I was soon satisfied that their success was owing to plenty of food, both winter and summer, but more particularly the latter. Since I have adopted that plan I have no cause of complaint. My rule now is, fat them in summer; they keep easy in winter, and depend upon it, this is the true secret of preserving your sheep.—The profit too, to which all have an eye that keep them, is comparably greater.—You have more and better lambs in proportion to your flock, they keep easier during winter, you lose fewer of your old sheep, the fleeces of all are much heavier, and you go on increasing rapidly in numbers. During both winter and summer they should be kept in as small flocks as possible, one hundred in a flock is a great abundance; if in winter they should be reduced down to fifty, it is still better. You cannot get them well into good condition in large flocks, they will not fatten; they are gregarious animals, and those that come behind in a flock only pick up the leaving of those who go before; consequently, the first are very apt to become poor; to avoid this, therefore, keep the flocks as small as possible, they do not want as much food, and they will do much better.

Much more might be said on this subject, but I have already trespassed too much on your columns, Mr. Editor. I will therefore only repeat to the wool-growers, *fatten your sheep in summer*, they will keep easy in winter and without loss.

A WOOL GROWER.

NOTICE.

THE firm of John V. Detlor & Co, is this day by mutual consent dissolved.—Persons having claims against the firm, will please present their accounts to John V. Detlor, for payment. Also all persons indebted to the firm are requested to make immediate payment to John V. Detlor.

JOHN V. DETLOR
WM. H. MILLAR.
HARVEY MILLAR.

Napanee, June 16th, 1832.

THE MANSION HOUSE HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having rented this extensive and well known establishment, is now about opening the same for the accommodation of the public.

The Mansion House is pleasantly situated on Store Street, being the principal and most central street in Kingston; and no establishment of the kind, in the province, can surpass it in the excellence and comfort of its apartments, in regard both to parlours and bed rooms; all of which will be furnished in the very best style.

The subscriber having kept Tavern for several years, has acquired experience in that line—and he trusts that with unremitting attention to the comforts of his guests he will merit a share of the public patronage.

In rear of the Mansion House is a large yard—in which there is an extensive and commodious range of stables—and where a Livery Stable will be constantly kept for the accommodation of the public.

S. CARMINO.

Kingston, 24th October, 1830.

CANAL COFFEE-HOUSE,

North-West corner of Quarry and Barrack Streets,
KINGSTON, UPPER CANADA.

WILLIAM CARRELL tenders his most grateful acknowledgments to his friends and a generous public, for the patronage he has experienced since he has opened the above Establishment, and informs them that he has now completed extensive, neat and comfortable ACCOMMODATIONS FOR TRAVELLERS.—The house having undergone a thorough repair, with many improvements, and the addition of large Stables and Sheds, with a spacious, convenient, and secure Yard; he hopes, by strict attention to the comfort of his customers, to merit a continuance of public patronage, and to regain that reputation the house attained under its original proprietor, the late Mr. Oliver Thibodo.

January 27th, 1831.

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, &c.

THE subscriber begs to acquaint his friends and the public generally, that he has just received direct from London and Liverpool, the most extensive and best selected assortment of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and every article in his line ever imported from Europe to this place, which he will dispose of, wholesale and retail, on such terms as cannot fail to secure public approbation.—The selection has been made from some of the most respectable houses in England, and purchased on such terms as warrants the subscriber in stating that it will superscede the necessity of Medical Gentlemen and Merchants sending to Montreal or elsewhere for their supplies.

WM BINLEY,
Chemist and Apothecary.

King Street, Kingston, opposite Mr. Moran's Auction Room, June 6th, 1832.

WALTER EALES—FROM LONDON.

HOUSE, Sign, Coach, and Ornamental Painter & Paper Hanger, begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Kingston and its vicinity that he has purchased the Stock of Mr. T. Brockett, and has commenced business next door to Mr Walter McCunniffe's store, in Store street, and opposite to Mr. Prentiss' store in Quarry street, and hopes by strict attention, to merit a liberal support.

The subscribers has on hand an excellent assortment of Landscape and Room Paper, White Lead, dry and ground Varnish, boiled and raw Linseed Oil, Spirits of Turpentine, Paint Brushes, and various other articles connected with the trade, which he will sell low for cash.

Flax seed bought and sold.

The Partnership between Eales and Down was dissolved on the 2d day of July, by mutual consent.

Kingston, July 7, 1832.

T. T. ORTON returns thanks to his numerous supporters, and informs them his Wholesale Business is conducted at No. 82½ Pearl Street, and his retail stand in that delightful part of the city, No. 287, Broadway. All kinds of imported Fruits and Confectionary constantly on hand. T. T. O. has already sent Fruits and Groceries as far west as Illinois and Ohio, and north as far as Kingston, Upper Canada; and altho' his expenses are heavy, yet a generous public has enabled him to face them. Land holders would do well to send the locality, &c. of Lands for sale.

New-York, May 15th, 1832.

SPIRIT OF THE TIMES,
AND LIFE IN NEW YORK.

A weekly Sporting Paper, on the plan of "Bell's Life in London," enlarged to the largest class imperial. The only similar publication in the United States.

DEVOTED to the Turf, the Chase, the Angler, the Hunter;—Foreign and Domestic News, Literature, Fashion, Taste, the Drama, Police Reports, and Scenes of Real Life.

Terms.—Three Dollars, per anum, payable in advance, Four Dollars, if not paid within the year.

PORT HOPE Nail Manufactory.—J Brown begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has commenced manufacturing NAILS of every description of a superior quality, which he will sell for cash or approved bills, as low as they can be obtained at any manufactory in the U. States.

Port Hope, July, 1826.

KNGSTON AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.

THE PUBLIC are informed that a large Stock of BIBLES has been received into the Depository in Store Street, where branch associations, Sabbath Schools, and individuals may be supplied.

INFORMATION WANTED.

WILLIAM JOHN GIBSON left Belleville for Bastard, near Brockville, in December last, and has never since been heard of. He is a native of the north of Ireland—is twelve years of age—dark red hair. Any person knowing of him will confer a great favor upon his father Isaac Gibson, by sending a letter to Kittley post office, or forwarding the boy to John Blackleys, Bastard, sixth Consession, lot No. 1.

Editors of Brockville and Belleville will will please insert the above.

NOTICE:

WHEREAS the Emigrant Agent at Prescott has transferred a document to the Emigrant Committtee of York, requesting information for Donald Calahan, (a very old man,) respecting his son-in-law, Alexander McDonald, a tailor, who left Prescott on the 20th June last, with intention to settle on lands; any information respecting the said Alexander McDonald will be thankfully received by the superintendent of the York Emigrant Committee, No. 15, Yonge Street, York.

The Canadian papers are requested to give the above one or two insertions.

York, July 4th, 1832.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

IN South Crosby, County of Leeds, District of Johnstown:—Being No. 5, in 1st Con., and No. 4, in 2d Con. of said township—situated on what is called the *White-fish* branch of the Gananoque Lake, and occupying one entire side thereof—consisting entirely of broken fronts and containing about 194 acres.

This land is generally of excellent quality, and is particularly valuable on account of its communication with the Rideau Canal, its near proximity to a mill, and its being near where the Perth road connects with the back road to Kingston; from which latter place it is distant only about 25 miles.

This estate is well worthy the attention of purchasers, and the terms are very moderate.—Apply to the Editor of this paper, or to C. Fothergill, Esq., Pickering Mills, Home District. 77tf.

FARM FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE FARM on Amherst Island, three miles from the Village of Bath. About one hundred acres are under improvement. There is an excellent Frame house and Barn on the Premises. The land is of the best quality, and is in the vicinity of grist and saw Mills. An indisputable title and immediate possession can be given. Apply to Henry Lasher, Esq. Bath, or Wm. Rorke, Hallowell. August 1831.

FOR SALE.—Lots No. 30 and 32 in the fifth concession of Murray each containing 200 Acres of excellent Land, this land is situated on Cole Creek and No. 32 commands a privilege of the water of said Creek, it being a most desirable situation for the erection of mills.—Application to be made to Mr John Richmond who lives adjoining, or to the proprietor at Adolphustown.

JONATHAN ALLAN.

March 12th, 1830.

FOR SALE.

LOT No 32, 1st Concession, Township of Ernest Town, 167 Acres, including the broken front, with a good Frame House 24 by 30, one Story and a half high, a Barn 43 by 30. Improvements of about 50 acres—under complete fence and sowed with wheat. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber, on the premises.

Kingston, June 15th, 1831.

LANDS FOR SALE.

				Acres
LOT No. 25	in 6th Con.	Burgess,		200
No. 11	in 6th do	Darlington,		200
Lot No. 23	6th do	Marmora		200
East ½ 23	5th do	do		100
				700

For terms apply to H. C. Thomson, Esq. of Kingston or to the proprietor,

JOHN W. FERGUSON.

Adolphustown, 2nd March, 1828.

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE and LOT in Stuartville, occupied by Mr. Gay.

West half of Lot No. 22 in the 3d concession of Leeds, near the village of Gananoque,	100 Acres.
East half of Lot No. 2, & West half of No. 3 in the 2nd con. of Leeds.	200 "
No. 19 1st concession of Kitley,	100 "
No. 32 in 3d concession of King,	100 "
	500 Acres

Application to be made to the subscriber.

GEORGE OKILL STUART.

Kingston, Oct. 2d, 1831.

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers the following valuable Property for Sale:

Viz:—1000 acres of Land in the Township of Benbrook District of Gore, within a short distance of Burlington, Block No. 3 in the 2d Con. of said Township.

Lot No. 38 in the 1st Concession of the Township of Ernest Town, 9 miles from Kingston containing 300 acres.—There is a House, Barn, and 500 bearing Apple Trees on the premises.

Also,—2 Village Lots in Clarksville, near the Napanee Mills.

For the Lands in Benbrook enquire of William Crooks, Esquire, Grimsby.

Bath, WM. J. McKAY.

FOR SALE.

FIFTY Acres of Land being the most Northerly part of Lot No. Twenty, in the Sixth concession of Ernest Town under tolerable good improvements situated on the main public road leading from Camden, Sheffield &c. to Kingston, formerly owned by John Miller and occupied by James Smith as a Tavern and now in the possession of Johial Clark. Application to be made to Samuel Clark Esq. of Camden or the proprietor E. Beach.

Kingston, 14th February, 1832.

TO LEASE.

FOR a term not exceeding ten years, and immediate posession given,

That Valuable property at Green Bay or Barriefield, containing about five acres of valuable land, good garden, and a number of small houses, some of which are already occupied, but the rents thereof will be transfered to the person who shall take a lease of the whole property.

The rent to be paid punctually at the expiration of each quarter.

Further particulars may be known on aplying at the Herald Office Kingston.

March, 11th 1832.

Surveyor General of Woods & Forest Office
York, 10th Dec. 1830.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, that in future all persons cutting Timber upon the Crown Lands, or Clergy Reserves in Upper Canada, without Licence from this Office, will be rigidly punished, and the Timber so cut, will be seized and sold to his Majesty's use. PETER ROBINSON.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN.

200 ACRES of good Land, chiefly pasture, on which is a dwelling House, two good Frame Barns 30 by 40 ft., Cattle Sheds and out houses, formerly belonging to Samuel Aykroyd, deceased, and situated in East Loughborough, Lot No. 14, in the second concession. Apply to

THOMAS ASKEW.

May 1st, 1832.

FOR SALE.—The following Lots of Ground on the York Road, near the village of Waterloo, viz.—Lots No. 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15.

Apply to Mr. Marsh, Innkeeper, Kingston.

June 7th, 1831.

THE subscriber has on hand a quantity of BRIGHT JAMAICA SUGAR, which he will sell by the hogshead, tierce, or barrel for cash or short approved credit.

H. SMITH.

Kingston, 5th March, 1832.

FOR SALE, at the Herald Office, a few copies of "GOURLAY'S APPEAL TO THE BRITISH NATION."

LANDS FOR SALE
IN UPPER CANADA.

THE CANADA COMPANY have for Sale 2,233,000 Acres of Land of the following description:

1.st. *Crown Reserves.*

These are Farms generally of 200 Acres, which were reserved when the Land was originally surveyed, and have been sold by the Crown to the Canada Company, who are now selling them out to individuals wishing to settle on them: they are scattered in almost every Township throughout the Province, which gives to Emigrants who have friends or relations already settled in the Colony the means of choosing a situation in their vicinity. For the benefit of Emigrants who cannot afford to purchase a whole Lot, the Company divide their 200 Acre Lots into two and sell a half Lot, that is a Farm of about 100 Acres, to suit the convenience of purchasers.

2nd. *Blocks of Land.*

When the Colony was first settled several Townships were Surveyed without reserving one seventh for the Crown; but when that arrangement was determined on, the Crown's proportion of Land was reserved in Blocks, in the unsurveyed, or partially surveyed, Townships: these Blocks are situated chiefly in the Gore and Western Districts—the principal of these is *Guelph*, situated about 21 miles from the head of the *Lake Ontario*; it consists of about 42,000 Acres, of which about 15,000 are still for sale; it contains nearly 1,200 inhabitants, and a Village, in which are a good Grist and Saw Mill, Stores, Taverns, a School, and all kinds of Mechanics and Tradesmen; a Presbyterian and Episcopal Church are in progress, and a Catholic Church has been built; a Minister of the Kirk of Scotland resides there, and a Catholic Priest and Church of England Clergyman occasionally visit it. From the class of Emigrants that have lately gone there, and from the conveniences afforded in a settlement of some standing, it will be found a desirable residence for persons of moderate Capital, and would probably make a good investment for Capital. Persons desirous of purchasing partially cleared Farms, can generally procure them in the Township.

The other Blocks are all excellent Land, and would be desirable purchases for communities of Settlers.

3rd. *The Huron Tract.*

After the experience of five years, and after every part of it having been thoroughly explored, the Commissioners can with confidence recommend the Land of this tract as superior to any body of Land of equal magnitude, either in the Province of Upper Canada or the States of New-York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, or the Territory of Michigan. The soil is a rich loam; the Trees, the Sugar Maple, Basswood, Elm, Beech, and Cherry—Timber, which is known in this Country to indicate the very best land. It is a Table Land, being from 150 to 250 feet above the level of Lake Huron, but its summit is diversified and rolling; it is watered by numerous streams, and possesses every quality which ensures a good settlement.

The Town of *Goderich* is the Capital of the Tract; it is situated at the mouth of the River Maitland, the Basin of which forms an excellent Harbor; it contains several Stores, and there is a good Grist and Saw Mill in its immediate vicinity. Another Saw Mill, on a large scale, is erecting on the River Sable, and three Grist and as many Saw Mills will be commenced in the course of this Season.

One great advantage which the Huron Tract possesses over other wild Lands is its Roads; these have been cut at an immense expense, in the very best manner that Roads are constructed in this Country. The Harbor at Goderich gives a facility of Shipping produce at the one end of the Tract, while the Grand River Ouse will this Summer be rendered navigable, to Brantford; and it is then proposed to render the Nith also navigable, thus giving a water communication to each end of the Tract. Depots of Provisions and Tools are forming along the main Road, and Taverns are established at convenient distances from each other.

To encourage the settlement of their Lands, the Canada Company have, for the present Season, resolved to give settlers who purchase from them in the scattered Crown Reserves not less than 200 Acres, or in the Township of Guelph and the Huron Tract, 100 Acres, a Passage free of expense to the Head of Lake Ontario, in the following manner:—the Emigrant deposits with the Company's Agent at Quebec a sum of money equal to the price of his conveyance to the Head of the Lake, and takes a Receipt for it, getting at the same time a Pass Ticket to the Company's Forwarders on the route; when he has fixed upon his Land, he shews this Receipt to the Agent, or presents it at the Company's Office in York, and it is taken in part payment of his second Instalment.

The instructions of the Court of Directors to the Commissioners of the Canada Company being to sell their Lands as quickly as possible, the prices are moderate and the terms advantageous—the Purchaser is allowed to pay for his Lot by six Instalments, in five years; on paying the first of which, *one fifth*, he receives a Letter acknowledging the receipt of the money paid, and giving him a right to occupy the Lot. And on the whole, the Commissioners have used every means in their power to give the settler the best information, the cheapest modes of conveyance, and done every thing they possibly could to assist and facilitate all his undertakings to render himself comfortable and independent.

Offices of the Canada Company:—York, Guelph, and Goderich.

EMIGRANTS

Are referred to Messrs. John McPherson, & Co., Montreal, and McPherson & Crane, Prescott.

AGENTS.

Quebec,	John Davidson, Esq.
Montreal,	Messrs. Hart, Logan & Co.
Prescott,	John Patton, Esq.
Kingston,	James Sampson, Esq.
Bytown,	Charles Shirreff, Esq.
Longueil,	C. P. Treadwell, Esq.
Perth,	Alex. Fraser, Esq.
Belleville,	James H. Sampson, Esq.
Napanee,	Allan Macpherson, Esq.
Cobourg,	J. G. Bethune, Esq.
Hamilton,	McPherson, Crane, & Co.
Fort Erie,	James Kerby, Esq.
Buffalo,	E. Johnson, Esq.
Port Talbot,	Col. Burwell,
Aldborough,	John McFarlane, Esq.
Amherstburg,	Wm. Berczy, Esq.
Sandwich,	Joseph Woods, Esq.
Baldoon,	Wm. Jones, Esq.
New-York,	J. C. Buchanan, Esq.
Boston,	Robert Manners, Esq.
Canada Company's Office, York, 1st May, 1832.	

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150 REAMS WRAPPING PAPER, a few Bags HOPS, and a quantity of excellent BUTTER for sale by

J. G. PARKER.

Kingston, March 16th, 1831.

UPPER CANADA
FRENCH BURR MILL STONE
FACTORY.

ELISHA HAYWARD, & Co., York, U. Canada, respectfully informs the public that he has now on hand 10 pairs of first rate Burr Mill Stones: he is also reciving from time to time a supply of Burr Blocks, immediately from the quarries in France, and none but the best of workmen are employed in manufacturing the stone.

For recommendation of Mill Stones manufactured at his establishment, which are warranted, and now more than 60 pairs in use in this province. E. H., & Co. would refer to the following gentlemen, who have them in operation, viz.

Messrs. Clark & Street, Niagara Falls; Grant & Kirby, Fort Erie Mills; Hon. Ja's Crooks, Flamboro West; Samuel Andrus, Esq., Ancaster; Mr. Collin McNeilledge Dover Mills; William Wilson, Esq., Long Point; George Keefer, Esq., Thorold; Mr Jacob S. Shoemaker, Waterloo; The Canada Company, Guelph and Goderich; Absalom Shade, Esq., Galt; Mr. Jedediah Jackson, Brantford; Mr. Hiram Capron, Dumfries; G. McMecking, Esq., Chippewa; Jno. McGill, Esq. River Credit; Hon'ble Peter Robinson, Beverly Mills; Wm. B. Robinson, Esq., Newmarket; Mr. John Bogart, Whitchurch; Messrs. Thorne & Parsons, Thornhill Mills; James Hogg, Esq., Milford Mills; Mr. Joseph Shepard, Vaughan; Peter Milne, Esq., Markham; Mr. A. W. Farewell, Whitby; Mr. James Sampson, Smith's Falls; Mr. A. R. Ward, do.

Three pairs Mill Stones are now on hand at Mr. Molson's wharf, Kingston, where they can be examined.

THO'S MOLSON, Agent.

Kingston, Dec. 14th, 1831.

HATS! HATS! HATS!
NORTH SIDE MARKET-SQUARE, KINGSTON.

JOHN RUTTER respectfully tenders his thanks to his friends and the public for the patronage he has heretofore received in his line, and informs them that he continues to keep constantly on hand Ladies', Gentlemen's and Youth's water proof HATS, CAPS and BONNETS of superior fabric and manufacture, which he will dispose of for Cash or short approved credit, (but the former would be preferable.) He continues as usual, to pay the highest price for HATTING & SHIPPING FURS.

☞ Having in operation a patent Machine for Manufacturing Hat Bodies, he will be enabled to furnish any quantity required by the first April next.

WANTED.—A quantity of Hatting Wool.

I hereby request all those indebted to me either by bond, note, or book account, to call and settle the same on or before the first of April next, otherwise they will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection. And all having demands against me are requested to call and present the same. All kinds of Produce received in payment.

JOHN RUTTER.

Kingston, Feb. 24, 1831.

KINGSTON HAT WARE-HOUSE.

THOS Smith, respectfully informs the public that he continues to carry on the Hatting Business at his old stand opposite the Kingston Hotel, and the Court House, where he has on hand the latest and most fashionable patterns for gentlemen and ladies' Hats and Bonnets, Beaver and imitation do. warranted waterproof do. which he will dispose of at low prices for cash or produce, or approved credit

Cash paid for Beaver, Muskrat, and Shipping Furs. November 2d, 1830.

N. B.—Has also on hand, a few Gentlemen's and Youths Fur Caps, of excellent quality—and two Bales of Buffalo Robes, which will be sold very low for Cash.

WHISKY.

THE Subscriber has again commenced the Distillation and rectifying of Whisky, and will keep the same for sale at his shop in the Market Square, and solicits the patronage of his former customers and others, and trusts the quality of the liquor and price will meet with approbation.

Also, wanted, Rye, and Corn, for which a liberal price will be paid by

WM. GARRETT.

Kingston, 1st June, 1830.

FOR 1832.

THE Token, The Atlantic Souvenir, The Pearl, for sale at the Kingston Circulating Library.

Also,—Gough's, Vester's, and Walkingham's Arithmetic.

Store Street, Kingston, Nov. 23, 1831.

NOTICE.

JOHN STRANGE Esq. having relinquished the business of an Auctioneer, the Subscriber takes this opportunity of informing the Public that he has taken out license to act in that capacity. His attention to business and moderation in charges, will, he hopes, induce a share of the business of Kingston. A. MANAHAN.

Kingston 18th Jan., 1832.

A DIRECT IMPORTATION OF
DRUGS & CHEMICALS.

CHARLES HEATH has lately received direct from one of the first houses in England a very general assortment of Drugs and Chemicals which he offers for sale as low as they can be purchased either in the Upper or Lower Province.

Kingston, Oct. 10th, 1831.

MACCOBOY SNUFF.

CHARLES HEATH is now receiving on consignment, his fall supply of Storms' celebrated Maccoboy Snuff, consisting of 200 Jars, various sizes and qualities, which he offers for sale low for cash or short approved credit.—ALSO,

2,500 lbs. Superior Rappee Snuff.

Kingston, Sept. 28th, 1831.

TOBACCO.

250 KEGS Tobacco, 12, 14, 16, 18 & 32 hands to the pound, just rec'd and for sale by CHARLES HEATH.

Kingston, Sept. 26th, 1831.

PAPER HANGING.

1000 PIECES just received and for sale unusually low by

CHARLES HEATH.

Kingston, Sept. 28th, 1811.

CHARLES HEATH, has for sale 200 Barrels Gr'd. & Chip'd. DYE WOODS,

Also—a few Tons Stick Do. Do.

Kingston, Oct. 10th, 1831.

NOTICE.

WANTED to Loan on Interest, the sum of 3 or £400 for one year, for which security will be given on Real Estate in Kingston. Apply to this office.

Kingston, March 28th, 1832.

DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION.

THE parents and guardians of deaf and dumb children, of the age of ten years or upwards, who may wish to avail themselves of the provision made by the Legislature for the board of a certain number of indigent deaf-mutes, are are requested to send in, as soon as possible, to the Commissioners entrusted with the management of the fund, their applications, supported by satisfactory evidence that they have not the means of paying for the board of the children, at a rate not exceeding twenty-two pounds ten shillings a year, and that the children are intelligent and free from any disease or vice that might render their admission into the school objectionable.

Those who being unable to pay the whole could afford to pay any part of the above sum, will make a declaration to that effect, and specify to what part of it they would undertake to pay. The school being open, and instruction given gratuitously, to all who may choose to attend, persons residing near the Institution may send their children as day scholars, without incurring any expense. The age is not limited for day scholars, or boarders supported by their parents. The charge will be the same for all boarders. They will be expected to bring their beds, with a proper supply of bed and other clothes.

The Commissioners are the Rev. Dr. Mountain Archdeacon of Quebec; the Rev. J. Demers, Vicar-General, and Joseph Roy, Esq.

Letters and papers relating to the object of the Commission, are to be directed to the subscriber, to be post paid.

Editors of newspapers desirous of contributing to the promotion of this charity, are requested to give the above an insertion.

By order of the Commissioners,

R. MACDONALD,
Principal of the D. & D. I. and
Sec'y to the Board of Com'n.

Quebec, 29th March, 1832.

EDUCATION.

THE Public are respectfully informed that the Academy at Bath, under the superintendence of the Rev. J. Stoughton, is now reopened, for the reception of Pupils, under very peculiar advantages. Mr. Shirley, an experienced English Teacher, has been engaged as an Assistant; and the tuition fees for the English department, have been considerably reduced. Pupils can be accommodate with board and lodging, in respectable families on very moderate terms. Reference as to *the abilities of the Assistant,—the system of tuition &c. &c.* may be made to the Venerable the Archdeacon of Kingston, who has recently visited and examined the School.—The fine and healthy situation of the Village of Bath need no recommendation.

TUITION FEES.

Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, (with the use of the Globes) Ancient and Modern History,	£2 0 0
Mathematics,	4 0 0
Latin and Greek,	6 0 0

Kingston, July 28th, 1829.

NOTICE.—The Subscriber, having resumed business in Kingston as a General Commission Merchant, begs to inform the Merchants of Upper Canada that he has received a part of his Fall Supply of West India Produce, consisting of Brown, Fair and very Fair Muscovado Sugars, Lewad-Island Jamaica Rum, Plantation Coffee, Pimento, Hollands Gin, and Cogniac and other Brandy, all of superior quality.—Also, a large supply of Cooking and Double and Single Stoves of different patterns; the Cooking Stoves superiorly furnished with Tins: Pot Ash Kettles, Sheet Iron, English Glue, &c.

He also daily expects a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Crockery, Hardware, and such goods as will enable him to supply many of the Merchants usually resorting to Montreal; and the whole will be sold on terms so advantageous, as to dispose many of them to get supplied from him, and preclude the inconvenience, risk and expense attending the purchase of Goods in the Lower Province.

Upon the arrival of the expected supply, the subscriber intends to detail the advantages which his establishment here will afford to the Upper Canada merchants, which the limited time afforded by the publication of the Chronicle to day precludes his doing now. A. MANAHAN.

Kingston, October 15th, 1831.

LITHOGRAPHY,
FROM CANADIAN STONE.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to announce to the public the establishment of a Lithographic Press in Kingston, by the name of the WILLIAM IV PRESS, where will be executed all kinds of work applicable to that useful art, such as Maps, Plans, Views, Circulars, Music, Headings of Merchants Bills, and Steam Boat notices, with the sketch of the Boat if required, Blank Deeds and Memorials, Funeral Notices, embellished with suitable emblems, Bills of Exchange, &c. &c. &c. Persons wanting any kind of copies of their own hand writing will be supplied with prepared Paper and Chemical Ink for that purpose.

S. O. TAZEWELL.

N. B. Caricatures printed by the sketch being supplied.

Kingston, Aug. 12th, 1831

WINDOW SASHES FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has recently commenced making Window Sashes in this Town, at his Shop nearly opposite Mr. T. Brocket's Hotel, which he will sell on the most reasonoble terms for cash.

JOHN SARGENT.

Kingston, Feb'y 6th 1832.

CASH paid for RYE and CORN, and the highest market price will be given by the subscriber at his shop in the Market Square. WM. GARRAT.

Kingston 26th Dec. 1831.

THE HERALD

Is published every Wednesday Evening, by H. C. Thomson, Editor & Proprietor, Store Street.

T. H. Bentley, Printer.

TERMS.—Four Dollars per annum, exclusive of postage) payable six months in advance.—Any person becoming responsible for the payment of twelve papers, shall receive one gratis—and in like proportion for a greater number.

*** No papers discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the Publisher.

Produce received in payment, at the market price. Letters to the Editor must be POST PAID.

Price of Advertising.—Six lines and under 2s. 6d first insertion, and 7½d. each subsequent insertion Ten lines and under, 3s. 4d. first insertion, and 10d each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4d. per line for the first insertion, and 1d. per line for every subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without written directions are inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. Orders for discontinuing advertisements to be in writing.

Advertisements for insertion to be delivered on the morning preceding the day of publication.

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