

interested in it against the two houses Government... The decision of which are first place, they decline to be... authority to investigate the differences... and his government in full and to sovereign...

grave admired and respected—unlike her professional character—undoubtedly in her private one. The funeral, as we stated yesterday, at her own request was strictly private... and members of the profession; it took place at St. Andrew's Church, which for many years she had attended.

IRELAND.

REPORTED MASSACRE AT NEWTOWN-BARRY.

We give the following communication from our Dublin correspondent, with feelings of indignation and regret. We can answer for the punctilious good faith of our informant... and we need not object that it is necessary to read statements which under the excitement produced by circumstances so sanguinary, and apparently so atrocious, with a correspondent degree of caution.

You will find in the Morning Register, of this date, some notice of the most sanguinary affair that has occurred for many years in Ireland; but this account (transmitted before the details could be sufficiently ascertained), so far from exaggerating, does not convey an adequate notion of the frightful carnage which the unfortunate people, or of the total recklessness of human life displayed by their blood-thirsty assailants.

"One of the most sanguinary and brutal outrages that ever gave pain to the eye, or adorns to the heart, took place yesterday at Newtownbarry, a beautiful village about five miles from this place. There were three heifers to be castrated (sold by auction) for the day, and having been set up to auction, and no bidders appearing, they remained for some hours in the street. It was a market day, and the village was crowded with people, and among the number were several of the police, who gathered around the cattle. Some person cried out the heifers would be sufficed by the heat, when the people opened a passage, and they ran down the street.

"Newtownbarry, Sunday morning. The cattle exposed for sale yesterday belonged to a respectable farmer, named Patrick Doyle, of Comberk, and were seized about a fortnight since for the alleged debt of the Rev. Mr. McClintock. Doyle disputed the claim; but the cattle were brought yesterday to town, to be sold for the amount. Captain Graham, agent of Lord Farnham, and a magistrate collected all the yeomanry and police from the surrounding stations, and yesterday forenoon had about one hundred and fifty of them in his stable-yard. Each man, it is said, was supplied with 50 rounds of ball-cartridge. About three o'clock the cattle ran along the street—and when the police and yeomen were bringing them back, a stone was thrown from the ruins of an old church, when the yeomanry and police got in the order to fire. I heard of an attempt to rescue the cattle, but although I was upon the street, I did not see it; indeed, I am confident there was no disposition to effect a rescue, for the people were unarmed, and what could they do against one hundred and fifty armed men? When the order to fire was given, the people were under the muzzle of the guns, about 30 or 40 were killed or mortally wounded in the street; but many were drowned in the river Slaney, and many were shot in the water, as it was upon the bank of this river that the slaughter took place. A number of women and children, to avoid the bullets, rushed into the river, and became a prey to the watery element. I saw two women who did so, one of whom the mother of seven children. Mr. King, the chief constable of the police, refused to permit his men to fire on the people; three of the police, however, are said to have fired when the word was first given. I have heard that a difference took place between the yeomanry and the police. All this morning the yeomanry were looking over the wall of Captain Graham's yard, and sneering at the people as they pass to Newtownbarry Chapel. The road was literally covered with blood, streaming from the bodies of the killed and wounded, as far as fifteen paces—it seemed as if a shower of blood had fallen."

LOWER CANADA. ADVERTISEMENT. SWINDLING.

To the Editor of the Quebec Mercury. Sir,—Having noticed in one of your late numbers a communication relating to the affairs of John Cunningham and Mary Ann Kirkwood, who lately absconded from this city, we feel it a duty to add the following, and beg the favor of you to publish it for the information of the community at large.

John Cunningham, is an Irishman, about 33 years of age, he came to this city in the year 1823 and opened a school, in the spring of 1828 he married a milliner of the name of Wilson, and commenced a small retail shop in connection with his wife's business, assisted by Mrs. Kirkwood, whose husband then lived at Hampton on a lot of land, (a boy, a sister to Mrs. K. also attended the shop.) he continued to carry on the shop with appearance of success till 1828, when a fire broke out in his shop, his goods were insured for about £600, some suspicion being entertained by the insurance, his claim upon them was resisted, and so strong was the ground of suspicion that he was prosecuted criminally, but acquitted, as the evidence against him did not go far enough to convict,—yet it was sufficient to impress on the public generally the idea that he was guilty of setting fire to the building, and he ultimately succeeded in obtaining the amount of his claim, say £600.—He soon afterwards left Quebec with his family, Mrs. Kirkwood and her son returned to Hampton, Cunningham with his family proceeded to Troy and spent the winter of 1829 with one John Wilson, an umbrella maker, (brother to Cunningham's wife and Mrs. Kirkwood.) and returned again to Quebec in the spring of 1830.

Mrs. Kirkwood's husband died about the same period when she with her joined Cunningham's family, and resumed millinery business, Mrs. Kirkwood having disposed of her late husband's lot of land (of trifling value) commenced a general retail shop in her own name, Cunningham and wife and children living with her and from her previous punctuality she obtained unexampled credit amongst the wholesale merchants, and effected purchases, and otherwise got in debt to the amount of about 2,000 of which nothing was paid. A considerable portion of the goods was disposed of in Quebec for cash, between the 1st of May and the period of their absconding; it appears that Cunningham under pretence of travelling for his health, left Quebec about three weeks before the first of May, the same time took away with him three or four trunks of goods of Mrs. Kirkwood's shop, and on Friday night the 8th inst. Mrs. Kirkwood, under a similar cloak left Quebec with three or four trunks more, filled with goods, and on the following night, Saturday the 6th, Mrs. Cunningham, his two children, Mrs. Kirkwood's son, a lad about 15 or 16 years of age, aided and assisted by the before mentioned Wilson, a resident at Troy, (France), (who was sent for the express purpose.) left Quebec in one of the Steam-Boats for Montreal. On the following Monday they were pursued by two of the creditors for themselves, and an agent for a number of others, who, joined by the general police, followed them, and the absconding parties were regularly traced on the route, and finally found at Troy, at which and other places where the public attention was applied to, they uniformly lent their utmost assistance, and to Wm. P. Haskin, Esq. High Sheriff at Troy, the pursuing creditors beg to offer their thankful acknowledgments, for his great perseverance and labour in finding out the place of concealment of this nest of Swindlers, and otherwise rendering them the most valuable assistance. Notwithstanding it was ascertained that they were in possession of property sufficient to meet all demands, every means used and the best professional advice taken, it was deemed advisable to make a compromise owing, in a great measure, to the circumstance of a woman being the debtor; it must however be observed that one fellow,—was the grand mover of the latter part of the business, and effected to advance the money required to pay the divided which the creditors had agreed to take, viz. five shillings in the pound, when at the same time it was well known that he had not it in his power by any honest means to raise a quarter of the amount of the debt."

Mrs. Kirkwood, who was very long time troubled with a severe cough, with difficulty of breathing (particularly when lying down) so much so, as at times almost to produce suffocation, and after trying several remedies in hopes of a cure but without effect, I was induced during my late visit to Montreal, to purchase a Bottle of Powell's Balsam of Aniseed, having heard of its extraordinary properties, and I beg to assure you that the effect it had upon me, after taking one or two doses, was an almost instantaneous cure. I am happy to observe that you have forwarded a supply of this invaluable Medicine to Mr. H. Smith, of Kingston, and I have no doubt the demand for it will be as extensive in Upper Canada (in proportion to the population) as in any other part of the world where its virtues are known. You are at liberty to make any use of this letter you may think proper, and I hope it may prove one of the means of increasing the sale of the Balsam and thereby benefiting mankind.

Among the items of intelligence lately received we find the following: "The King of Denmark has given a Constitution to his subjects, and it was proclaimed amidst their loud acclamations. Thus, one Revolution has been prevented by the wisdom and virtue of an absolute Sovereign. How much human suffering might have been spared on the one hand, and how much human disgrace on the other, if the Emperor of Russia had acted as generously towards the Poles."

MODENA, May 27. EXECUTION OF THE ITALIAN PATRIOTS.

You are no doubt aware that the gallows has been raised on the square of Modena, and that the vindictive retributions of the despots have already commenced. It was to be supposed that the first act of sanguinary revenge was reserved for the Duke of Modena. Two noble victims, Menotti and Borelli (a Barrister) were hanged yesterday, 26th inst. in the morning. More than 1,000 persons have been arrested, and 4,000, at least, are to be handed over to the Courts. Add to this the emigration daily taking place, and you may form an idea of the desolation of the country. I have heard that the Duke, in the course of a successful first of those confided to her charge. Miss Leach conceives it necessary to mention that previous to her leaving England she purchased an extensive selection of the most approved School Books progressively arranged; calculated to facilitate and ensure the instruction of youth. Miss Le. begs to refer to the Venerable the Archdeacon Stewart.

IRELAND.—It will be perceived that a most horrible massacre has been committed in Ireland, at a place called Newtownbarry. The alleged rescue of three heifers, seized by Tynes, has occasioned the death of more than a score of human beings, among whom were several women and children. At this distance, and with probably but an imperfect statement of the facts before us, it may be deemed improper to condemn the armed Yeomanry of Ireland; but we are utterly at a loss to imagine what excuse can be offered for conduct so wantonly cruel and blood-thirsty.

and, turning towards me, spoke in a strong and firm voice the following words which were his last—"The cause of tyranny has no other support than that afforded by executioners and gibbets; the cause of freedom has on its side the force of opinion and the union of sentiments. The success of the latter does not depend on the fate of individual units. I have done my duty, and I descend into the grave free from remorse. I expected France would have interfered; perhaps it is better that she did not. My death will teach the Italians to detest foreign intervention—they must place their sole confidence in the strength of their own arms." Menotti spoke no more, and I rushed from the scene horror-stricken.

RIDEAU CANAL.—In consequence of a report that the Locks and Dam at the Kingston Mills had yielded to the pressure of the water, COLONEL BY made a hasty excursion to Kingston last week, and was fully satisfied that nothing but malice could have prompted such a rumour. We advise all who have not seen the Kingston Mill improvements this year to visit them. Before the navigation closes, these fine Locks will be completed, and in a manner which will reflect credit on the Contractor, and insure the permanent success of the important undertaking at this point.

STEAMBOAT JOHN BY.—We yesterday visited the yard where this Steamer is building, and were pleased to observe the rapid progress which has been made within the last few days. Before the end of the ensuing week the John By will be "in Frame," and the necessary materials for "planking" are nearly all ready. The engine, we understand, is more than half completed.

Polish War. The last accounts from Warsaw are to the effect that the Russian troops have been driven from the city, and are retreating in disorder. The Polish army, under the command of Gen. Skarzynski, has achieved a brilliant success, and has driven the Russians back to the city. The Polish people are rejoicing at the news, and are determined to fight to the death for their liberty.

MELANCHOLY AND DISTRESSING ACCIDENT. On Wednesday evening last, as Mr. Robert King, who resides on the Rice Lake plain, was returning home from his work, he perceived lying on the side of the road, a short distance before him, his son—a fine boy about 3 years old, named Richard. Thinking it a safe place to leave him, he drove on, and did not know where his child was lying. The little innocent bore the one sign in his distracted parent's arms and expired. On examination it appeared that a wagon, belonging to Mr. Richard Lapp of this Township, and then in sight, had unconsciously to the driver, just passed over a hole—one side of which was found to be completely flattened—the pain therefore, could only have been instantaneous. He was buried the following day in the Church Yard of this town. —[Cobourg Star.]

IMPORTANT CAUTION. Observe that the words "Thomas Powell, Black Friars Road, London," are by permission of His Majesty's Hon'ble Commissioners of Stamps Engraved in White Letters upon a Red Ground, in the Government Stamp, pasted over the top of each Bottle, without which it cannot be genuine.

GRAND EXHIBITION. S. WISS, Professor of the art of LEGERE DEMAIN, (who performed in this town with such unbounded success three years ago) has returned with a new and splendid apparatus, and intends performing in the great Hall of J. Meagher's Hotel, near the Artillery barracks, on Monday the 8th, Wednesday the 10th, and Saturday the 12th of August, on which occasion he will introduce several new and extraordinary Feats which has given such general satisfaction in Europe, Asia, and America.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION. ON Thursday the 18th inst. at the store of Mr. Thos. Turpin, all the STOCK IN TRADE belonging to Miss Mary Ann Read, consisting of Dry Goods, &c. &c. Library; a great variety of Looking Glasses, Perfumery; Household Furniture.—Also, an elegant Gig and Harness. The Sale to commence at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and to continue each day until the whole is disposed of. MICH'L MORAN, A. & B. Kingston, 10th August, 1831.

LANCASTERIAN SCHOOL HOUSE. TENDERS will be received by the subscriber until 12 o'clock on Saturday next, from such persons as may be desirous to lease the Lancasterian School House in this Town, for one or more years (not exceeding three) from the 15th inst. H. C. THOMSON, Treasurer, m. d. s. s. Kingston, August 9, 1831.

NOTICE.—The share holders in the Rideau Canal Steam-Boat "John By," are hereby required to pay into my hands on or before the 7th day of September next, a third instalment of two pounds ten shillings currency on each of their respective shares. By order of the Committee. DAVID JOHN SMITH, Treasurer. Kingston, 6th August, 1831.

FARM FOR SALE. A DESIRABLE FARM on Amherst Island, three miles from the Village of Bath. About one hundred acres are under improvement. There is an excellent Frame house and Barn on the Premises. The land is of the best quality, and is in the vicinity of grist and saw Mills. An indisputable title and immediate possession can be given. Apply to Henry Lasher, Esq. Bath, or Wm. Rorke, Hallowell. August 1831.

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED. FOR COUGHS, COLDS, SHORTNESS OF BREATH, ASTHMAS, &c. This invaluable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, difficulty of Breathing, and Huskiness in the Throat. It operates by dissolving the congealed Phlegm, consequently causing a free expectation.

THE CANADIAN WATCHMAN.—We perceive by the last number of this paper that Mr. Miles has declined publishing it in future. Mr. Elry is to be the publisher and Editor, and the second volume will appear on an imperial sheet, in a folio form.

Mrs. WISS, whose advertisement will be seen in another column, afforded great amusement on Monday evening to the admirers of Ledgelemain. A more perfect performer than Mr. Wiss never visited America, and as he will only remain in Kingston two nights longer, we advise the curious to embrace the opportunity of witnessing his extraordinary feats.

DR. WOOD'S GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE. This medicine is a certain and safe remedy for all the complaints of the throat, chest, and lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, and Shortness of Breath. It is particularly useful in cases of Whooping Cough, and in the early stage of Consumption. It is sold by all the Apothecaries and Druggists in Kingston, and is highly recommended by the most eminent Physicians.

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