

# THE UPPER CANADA HERALD.

118

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## TERMS.

Four Dollars per annum, (exclusive of postage) payable six months in advance. Any person becoming responsible for the payment of twelve papers, shall receive one gratis—and in like proportion for a greater number. N<sup>o</sup>. Papers discontinued until arrears are paid except at the option of the Publisher. Produce received in payment, at the Market price. Letters to the Editor must be Post PAID.

## PRICE OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under 2s 6d first insertion, and 1d 1-2 each subsequent insertion. Ten lines and under, 3s 4d first insertion, and 1d 1/2 each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines 4d per line for the first insertion, and 1d per line for every subsequent insertion. Advertisements without written direction are inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. Orders for discontinuing advertisements to be in writing. Advertisements for insertion to be delivered on the morning preceding the day of publication.

## PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, EXECUTED AT THE HERALD OFFICE.

THE NEW MONTREAL GAZETTE, AND CANADA LITERARY, POLITICAL AND HISTORICAL REGISTER. (A New Weekly Newspaper, issued from the Office of the Montreal Herald.)

Is printed in Quarto on a large sheet of good paper, with a beautiful new type. Each number contains 32 closely printed columns of extracts from new Books, Magazines, &c. with the most interesting news from all parts of the world, particularly those countries the inhabitants of which have the happiness to live under the same Government with ourselves. The New Gazette is published every Monday evening. The price to Subscribers to the Herald, is 10s. per annum, exclusive of postage;—and to those who do not take the Herald, 15s. exclusive of Postage.

The 3d number of the New Gazette was published on Monday last. Such however, as wish to have the paper from the beginning, may be supplied by an early application at the office.

N.B. The advantages of the New Gazette, as a Journal either for binding or for transmitting in files to Britain, must be obvious to every one. Those in the country who have never seen the paper, can do so by calling on any of the Agents to the Herald or New Gazette.

ARCHIBALD FERGUSON, Printer and Publisher. Montreal, August 4, 1827.

## Cheap Goods.

### THE SUBSCRIBER

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the inhabitants of Kingston and the country, for their past support in his business, and also announces to them that he has

### MOVED

into the brick building lately occupied by Mr. Neil McLean, in Store-St. and has received a fresh supply of

### DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, GLASS, CROCKERY & HARD WARE,

which he offers for sale on the lowest possible terms for cash or country produce. JAMES R. SHAW. Kingston, 16th July, 1827.

### NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forbid purchasing a NOTE of hand payable 6 Months after date, for Six Pounds five Shillings, Currency, given by the Subscriber to

### DAVID TEAL,

and dated the 4th June 1827, as no value has ever been received for the said Note. JOHN YAGER. Cranache, August 27, 1827.

### FOR SALE,

LOT No. 7, 4th concession of Bastard, with 1/2 a mile of the village of Beverly, and 1/2 a mile from the line of the Rideau Canal. Apply at the Herald office. Kingston, July 5, 1827.

## J. WATKINS

DEGS leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving and daily expects a further supply of

### Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

all of which he has imported direct from the first houses in Birmingham, and Sheffield; amongst which are as follows, viz.

18 Tons of English and Swedes Iron, 4 Ditto of Hoop and round Ditto, 1 Ditto L. Crowley, and Cast Steel, 1 Ditto Hollow Ware, I. X. I. C. and I. C. W. Tin, Anvils, Vices, double and single Sheet Iron, Nails, Cut and Wrought, all sizes, Paints, Putty and Oil, Grindstones, Spikes, Saws. A general assortment of Saddlers' & Cabinet-Makers' hardware, and a variety of articles of

### SHELF GOODS

so numerous to insert, which he will dispose of at very reduced prices for cash, country produce, or short approved credit. Kingston, June, 1827.

50 Dozen Follinsbes Grass and Cradle SCYTHES, 100 Boxes American Window Glass. J. W.

### TO FARMERS.

CASH will be paid for any quantity of FLAX SEED delivered at the Paint Shop of T. Brockett, in Kingston.

## ARMY CONTRACTS, COMMISSARIAT.

NOTICE is hereby given that Tenders will be received at this Office for the undermentioned Supplies and Services, on Tuesday the 6th day of November next, at noon, and answers will be given on the Tuesday following:

### FOR SUPPLYING SUCH QUANTITIES OF Fresh Beef

As may be required for the use of the Garrison of Kingston and its Dependencies, between the 25th day of December, 1827, and the 24th day of December, 1828. The Tenders to state in sterling Money the rate per lb. at which it will be furnished.

### For seventy barrels of Inspected PRIME PORK.

The Tenders to state the rate per barrel in Sterling Money at which it will be furnished, and the period of warranty.

### FOR SUPPLYING SUCH QUANTITIES OF BREAD

As may be required for the service of this Garrison and its Dependencies, for twelve months, commencing from the 25th Day of December next. The Tender to state the rate per lb. in British Money.

### FOR INSPECTED Fine Flour,

For the Garrison and its Dependencies for the above period. The quantity required will probably be at the average of One Hundred and Twenty Barrels per month. The Tender to state the rate per Barrel in Sterling Money.

### FOR BAKING BREAD,

For the Troops, &c. in the Garrison of Kingston, Points Henry and Frederick, for one year from the 25th December, 1827, inclusive. The Tenders must state the number of Pounds of good well baked Bread that will be delivered for every 100 One Hundred pounds of Flour, furnished from the King's Magazines.

### For 800 EIGHT HUNDRED CORDS OF Fire Wood,

Of the best quality. Four hundred of which are to be delivered into His Majesty's Fuel Yard at Kingston, on or before the 31st of March, 1828, and the remaining quantity in the same Yard on or before the 24th day of June, 1828. To be of sound and merchantable quality, consisting of BLACK or YELLOW BIRCH, MAPLE or WHITE BEECH, and to be of the following dimensions, the stick to be cut full four feet long, the diameter at the top to be four inches, and at the bottom to be three inches, and to be straight, No Timber will be received for less than 100 One Hundred Cords, and must state the rate per Cord in British Money.

### FOR SUPPLYING

Seven Tons of Hay, 150 One Hundred and Fifty Bushels of Oats, and 150 One Hundred and Fifty Bundles of Straw, of 12 lbs. each.

The whole to be of good merchantable quality, and to be delivered on or before the 28th March, 1828.

### ORDNANCE.

For all CARTAGE that may be required for every branch of the Ordnance during one year from the 25th December, 1827. The Tenders are to state in Sterling Money the respective rates per Day that will be charged for one or two Horses, with Drivers and Carriages suitable to the service to be performed.

For supplying the Royal Engineers at this Post and Dependencies during the same period, with any quantities required of the undermentioned articles, specifications of which can be seen at this Office, where also any information respecting the same may be obtained, viz:

TIMBER, SCANTLING, BOARDS, PLANK, LATHS, SHINGLES, & CEDAR PICKETS.

BRICKS, SAND, CHARCOAL, and LIME.

Any information respecting the foregoing Contracts to be entered into, will be given upon application at this Office, where blank Tenders can be received.

The Tenders must be indorsed, "Tender for Fresh Beef," "Salt Pork," "Bread," "Fine Flour," "Baking Bread," "Fire Wood," "Forage," "Cartage." Building Materials as the case may be.

All prices to be stated in Sterling Money; Four Shillings and Four Pence, Sterling, being equivalent to Five Shillings, Halifax Currency, and payment will be made in British Silver Money, or in Bills at 30 days sight on His Majesty's Treasury, at the rate of £100 S. rling, for every £103 due upon the Contract.

Two sureties will be required for the performance of each Contract, whose real signatures must be affixed to the Tenders, and whom, as well as the party concerned, must attend at the time of opening the Tenders.

THOS. HILL, D. A. C. G. Commissariat office, Kingston, 21st Sept. 1827.

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED MILLER, Who can produce good Testimonials of Character and Ability apply to C. & J. M'DONALD & Co. Gananoqua Mills, Sept. 11th, 1827.

GANANOQUA FLOUR, SUPERFINE AND FINE, FOR SALE BY J. WATKINS. May, 1827.

## J. G. PARKER,

HIS FOREIGN

200 Fur Caps, 20 1/2 lbs Window Glass, 20 1/2 lbs Nails, Iron, Steel, 4 bales Cotton Yarn, Sate and Upper Leather, Calf, Sheep, and Buck Skins; 100 barrels Salt—Candle Wicking, Batting—Looking Glass, Paper Hanging—20 pieces Sateen—20 kegs Tobacco—Scotch Rappee, and Macaboy SNUFF—Cooking Furnaces for families, at 5s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. each—Ladies Window Blinds, India Grass Mats—Whirl Heads, Sperm Candles—Lamps, fine Sperm, Lamp Oil, Lamp Glasses—Paints and Oil—Dye Stuffs—Powder, Shot—30 barrels Tar, Rosin, Pitch—Beaver Bonnets, Ear Hats.—A very general assortment of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Crockery, &c. Also—Just received, a quantity of Patent FLOUGHS.

CASH FOR WHEAT. WANTED.

10,000 BUSHELS WHEAT, for which Cash will be paid by JOHN G. PARKER, Store Street. October 9 1827.

## N. PALMER, DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

MARKET-SQUARE, RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, that he has just received from England and N. York, a general and extensive supply of

GENUINE DRUGS AND MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, Chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Oil, Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs;

Together with all other articles commonly kept in his line, a few of which are enumerated below:—an infallible cure for Ague and Fever, Sulphate of Quinine, or celebrated Ague Powder, Poladiphly, or India Extract, highly celebrated for the cure of

RHEUMATISM, Dutch Tapers, Pocket Lights, Cologne Water, Rogers' Improved Vegetable Palmonic Cure for consumptive affections of the lungs, Tolu Balsam, Oil Rhod., a sovereign cure for

Salt Rheum, Thomson's Aromatic Tooth Paste for scurvy in the gums, preserving and beautifying the teeth and sweetening the breath, best Silver-wired Tooth Brushes, Tooth Powder and Tooth Instruments, fine

WATER COLOURS, in boxes complete, with pencils, Linnier's Pencils, Gold, Silver and Dutch Metal Leaf, Rouge, Carmine and Pink Sancers, Pallet Knives, Fuller's Earth, Ornaments, French Chalk, light coloured Glue, of the best quality, Starch, Spanish Fl. Indigo, Savin Leaves, Furniture bottles assorted, Nipple Shells, Breast Pipes, and Sacking Butlers,

Macassar and Russia Oil, Otoriferous Honey Water, for cleansing, thickening, and beautifying the hair. Genuine

MILK OF ROSES, for removing freckles and tan, healing pimples, chafing, sun-burns, cutaneous disorders, and whitening and beautifying the skin, with directions for using, Double Distilled

LAVENDER AND ROSE WATER, English and French Pomatum, Castile Windsor, Rose, Palm, Vernacular, Chinese Musk, Violet and Low's Oriental Saponaceous compound Soap, Spanish Bean for setting Snuff, Scotch, Rappee, and Macaboy

SNUFF, of a superior quality, &c. &c. He having been appointed Agent for vending Bela Farr's newly invented

TRUSS, will supply Druggists with any quantity at the original cost. This double Cone, spiral spring Truss, is now presented to the public under a full conviction that it can be worn with more ease and safety, and with far greater benefit to the patient, than any other Truss now in use.

It, so far it is believed, as human genius can go, possesses a perfect self adjusting principle, accommodating itself to every motion and position of the body, and, at the same time, preserving a constant, uniform, equal, and to the patients, an agreeable pressure upon the part to which it is applied.

The above articles are warranted to be of a good quality; and having been purchased low, will be sold wholesale or retail at greatly reduced prices.

PHYSICIANS and country Store-keepers, without an object to give him a call. Kingston, July 13th, 1827.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, AT Maitland's Rapids, Rideau Canal, a number of

STONE CUTTERS, to whom liberal encouragement will be given by THOMSON & CRAWFORD. August 29 1827.

BLANK DEEDS and MEMORIALS, For sale at this Office

THE Subscriber has just received a fresh assortment of

## Fall Goods.

most of which he has imported from England, consequently he will be enabled to sell them uncommonly low. They comprise Cloths, Blankets, Flannels, (forty pieces of which are fit for military wear) Bombazines, plaids, CAROLINA STRIPES,

Printed Calicoes, and furniture Chintzes, Cottons, Muslins, Bobinets, and Laces, Irish Linens, Lawns, Damask and Diaper, Harkback and Russia Sheetings, Cotton, Worsted and Silk Hosiery, Kid, Buckskin and

## LINED GLOVES.

Black and White Lace veils, Worsted merino Shawls, Kidminster, and Brussels Carpeting, Black and Drab Beaver Bonnets, 500 FUR CAPS,—with an assortment of

Liquors, Groceries, and Crockery, and a very general assortment of Dry Goods. Wm. WILSON. Kingston, October 16, 1827.

## MARMORA IRON WORKS NOTICE.

THE Wares of this establishment yet remaining in the hands of agents unsold, nevertheless the lowness of the price at which they have been offered—and the subscriber imagining that the scarcity of Cash selling all castings, deliverable at Kingston at the rate of 27s. 6d. per Cwt.—In payment for which he will receive Potashes, Wheat, and Flour, at the Kingston Cash prices.—

Large quantities of the Wares are now on their way to Mr. Peter Patterson, of York—and Mr. Lockheart, of Niagara—where they will be sold on the same terms—the freights to and from Kingston being added.

A. MANAHAN. Oct. 15, 1827.

## S. NATHAN, FURRIER.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he has recommenced the business of

FUR CAPS, Muffs, Tippets, Gloves, &c. &c. which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. He will receive orders for making FURS of any description, and to whatever shape may be required.

(Furs coloured on the Shortest Notice.) WHEREAS John Simons, an Indented Apprentice, has left my employ, I do hereby forbid all persons harboring or entrusting him on my account, and all persons are cautioned against employing him, if they would avoid the penalties of the law. JAS. BICKFORD. Belville, October 1st, 1827. 3w.

Bank of Upper Canada. York, 5th October, 1827.

AT A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders, held this day, pursuant to Public Notice, it was Resolved, that a further instalment of Ten per Cent, upon the Capital Stock subscribed, be called in payable at the Bank on the 21 day of January next.

THOS. G. RIDOUT, Cashier. Wanted, A Quantity of Good Clean Wheat, for which CASH will be paid on delivery: ALSO, A few Barrels of Flour. Apply to JOHN COUNTER. Kingston, October 9th, 1827.

NOTICE, I hereby give that on the ensuing first day of November, the subscriber will commence an inspection of the houses in the Town in order to ascertain whether each inhabitant has the number of fire buckets and ladders required by the Police regulations. The strictest scrutiny will be instituted, and the law will be put in force against all defaulters. THOS. ROGERS, Police Officer. Kingston 2d Oct. 1827.

Notice. A PUBLIC SALE of the PEWS in the New Episcopal Church of Saint George will take place on Monday the 22d of the present month, at the Church, at which time they will be sold to the highest bidder. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock. Kingston, 12th October 1827.

NOTICE. FOUND near the subscribers premises, in the month of May last, about 300 oak staves of different descriptions. The owner is requested to come forward, prove his property, pay the charges and take them away. JOHN NICKALLS. Kingston, Oct. 19th, 1827. 8w.

NOTICE. IF Barney Carney or Owen Carney of the County of MOHONAN, Parish of CHALANY should see this Notice, they are informed that their Sister and her family have arrived from Ireland, and are now in Kingston.—They will please address their letters to the Post Office, Kingston. Editors of Papers in Upper Canada and the U. States are requested to give this one insertion in their respective papers,

## COMMUNICATIONS.

FOR THE UPPER CANADA HERALD. Printed but not published in London. LETTER 1st. "O for a forty Parson power to preach."

DEAR HONORABLE & VENERABLE DOCTOR, I have been much amused in reading, what you are pleased to style (p. 24) your "Religious Fervour" of Upper Canada, and certainly this specimen of the fine Arts, however inaccurate the drawing may be, has the merit of a bold outline—exceeds in the chiaro oscuro, and displays considerable talent in the art of colouring. It is what Fuseli said of his picture—"By gas it is like no picture that ever was in de world, or dat ever will be."

But my Dear Doctor, though I intend "to tickle your catastrophe" it will be in moderation and for your good, as I feel in common with the rest of the Province, the most profound veneration for a Gentleman, who by his piety and learning has raised himself to so many notorious situations in the little State and Church of York.

You have fallen into inadvertencies certainly, but it may be said of you in extenuation, that like Reuben Butler, "the man was mortal, and had been a Schoolmaster," and I am anxious that in the next edition of your observations, these errors may be corrected, in order that your veracity may be cleared from the foul aspersions, with which it is at present beset, by divers of the heterodox.—Having thus premised, let us proceed to business, so take up the libellum Doctor, and we shall go over it coolly, together.

It strikes me, that you have made a slight trip in the very outset. You say "that England is the only European nation which has not provided for the religious instruction of her Colonies"—and that "this is the cause of our losing them"—Favour, Sir, and Portugal were wiser—they provided for their Colonies the same means of religious instruction as the mother country, with what more German to the matter in hand "still more abundant means of support." Now, as accuracy of argument is a Jewel, I shall state yours in the form of a syllogism thus.

Religious instruction is essential to the retaining of Colonies. Spain and Portugal provided their Colonies with religious instruction. Therefore, Spain and Portugal retain their Colonies.

The syllogism is good, but facts are against the conclusion; so either it or the major proposition, must be abandoned.

But it may be asked my Dear Friend, how it happens that Ireland (which is provided with "the same religious Establishment with (as it should be Doctor) the parent state—the same gradation of ranks among the Clergy and will more abundant means of support), is "not in a satisfactory state" as Lord Castlereagh (great established and fed a "learned and pious clergy" to conciliate and convert the people—This must be reconsidered.

You next tell us (p. 2) that at the time of the American Revolution, "almost all the Episcopal Clergy and their congregations, remained loyal"—This may be very true but it only proves half the proposition—(In the forthcoming Edition, you must shew (or if you can shew, you can assert) that almost all the Scotch Presbyterian Clergy and their congregations, were Traitors—and while on the subject of zeal and loyalty, it would be well to prove or assert, that during the last war, those who defended this Colony of Upper Canada, were principally or exclusively of the Episcopal Church.

At page 5, you make an admission which is rather imprudent, viz: that the Rents of the clergy lands "never supported one single clergyman" though in page 7, you admit that they amount annually to £1,500. The vulgar comment upon this is, "who snacks the remnant?" Hath the curse of the prophet indeed overtaken the clergy reserves? so that "what is left of the locust the caterpillar hath devoured, and what the caterpillar hath spared, the canker-worm hath utterly consumed"—O celestial Doctor, verily "ye have sown much and bring in little—Ye eat, but ye have not enough—Ye drink, but ye are not filled with drink, ye clothe ye, but there is none warm, and he that earneth wages, earneth wages to put it into a bag with holes."

That the best article to be got for the best price, is a commercial aphorism which few will dispute, but that clergymen are vendible commodities, in this respect, I hope may be doubted.—But Doctor, though it is well known that you are as mathematical as you are pious, I fear in your calculations (page 8) you have omitted one important datum—You state that in a given number of years, to save a definite producible number of souls, a specific number of Priests of the church of England will be required—Now it happens, that at present nineteen twentieths of the population of Upper Canada, is it therefore not reasonable to infer, that the product of the said 19—20 multiplied by your own rule of DUPLICATION, will in 21 years, be equal in proportion to the existing quantity upon which the equation is evolved; Ergo Doctor, you must in the next Edition demonstrate, a priori, that a M. theistical Father and Mother, will beget Episcopal children—a physiological phenomenon hitherto not apparent.

At page 9 and elsewhere, you insist strongly on English Clergy introducing into the Colony (what I am free to own there is a plentiful lack of) English feeling—But Dear Doctor that is very far from what has been, or is the plan of the English Church in this Country, possessing as it does Funds sufficient to induce men of liberal Education from Oxford and Cambridge, to settle among us—Raw, half educated Canadian lads, who never were out of the Colony (except indeed in the United States) are manufactured into Parsons, and as these are chiefly deserters from the standard of the Kirk, they carry with them the suspicion which ever must attach to a change of Religious opinion, which tends to improve our worldly circumstances.

Granted Doctor, that you are yourself a burning and a shining light of English feel-

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CENTIMETRES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8