TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT.

TEA MELTING AND CONCERT,

ORANGE HALL, PORTSMOUTH,

Thursday Evening, 2nd Feb., In aid of the funds of Presbyterian Mission.

	a and or the dames or troop, comm, and four
	PROGRAMME:
1.	Opening Hymn
3.	Address Musical Selection Song Mr. D. Strachan, Q. U
- 5,	Reading Mr. Sampson Song Miss K. Wrigh
7.	Address Clergyma
9,	Song Miss R. Stewar Reading Mr. D. Strachan, Q.U Song Mr. H. Lavell O.I
	Song Mr. H. Lavell, Q.

9.	Reading
10.	Song Mr. H. Lavell, Q.U
	TEA.
	PART 2ND.
1.	Selection of Scotch Airs Asylum Orehestra
2.	Song Mr. D. Strachan, Q. U
3,	Duet Messrs, W, and A. Atkin
4.	Address
5.	Comie Song Mr. W. Cochrane
6,	Song, with Vialin accompaniment
1000	Song. (Smith Family, (6) Mr. W. C. Bel
7.	Song, Mr. W. C. Bel
8.	Address or Reading
9.	Song
10.	Song Mr. R. Atkin
	Conclude with National Anthem

Doors open at 7 psm. Commence at 7:30. JAMES HALLIDAY, Sec'y.

OPERA HOUSE Six Nights and Saturday Matince,

COMMENCING MONDAY, JAN. 30th.

PROF. JOHN REYNOLDS

THE GREATEST LIVING

MESMERIST OF THE AGE.

Aff Prices-25 and 35c.

HOSPITAL TENDERS

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6th, at noon, for the supply for one year to the Kingston General Hospital of

BREAD, MEAT AND MILK.

All information may be obtained on application to the Medical Superintendent, at the Hospital. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. E. CLARK.

City Engineer.

Jan. 31st, 1888. Sec'y Bd. Gov. K.G.H.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY.

THE Annual Meeting of the Subscribers wil be held in the Court Room, City Buildings, on MONDAY, the 6th February, 1888, at 3 o'clock JOHN DUFF, Secretary.



CONSUMERS of Water are hereby notified that any person found wasting water unneccessarily, by leaving their water taps open while not in actual use, will be prosecuted according T. O. BOLGER,

Kingston, Jan. 27th, 1888.

INSURANCE.

THE LEADING INSURANCE AGENCY

A. R. MARTIN, FORD'S BLOCK, BROCK ST., KINGSTON Agent for the following Companies: FIRE.

Scottish Union & National Insurance Co. Capital, \$39,000,000. Imperial Insurance Co., of London, Eng.; Capital, \$7,788,666. British America Assurance Co.; Capital,

Glasgow & London Insurance Co. ; Capital, \$1,460,000. LIFE.

British Empire Mutual Life Assurance Co. of London, Eng. ; Capital, \$6,007,000.

ACCIDENT. Norwich Accident Insurance Co.; Capital, \$973,333,33. All first-class Companies giving the highest

security, the lowest rates, fair treatment, and prompt settlement of losses. MARTIN'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE Houses For Sale and To-Let; Tenants found; property appraised; rents collected. Money to

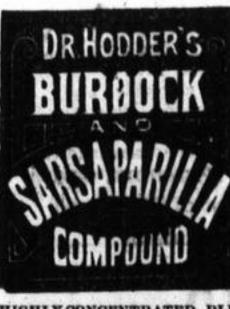
Liverpool And London And Globe INSURANCE CO'Y.

ONE of the best and Safest companies doing susiness in Canada. Insurances effected at as low rates as any other good Company. Invested Funds, \$35,200,700.

Net income for the past year was \$8,854,330. This enormous Premium Income ought to convince assured of the desirability of placing their Insurance in a Co'y so perfectly secure. The Company still maintains its claim to doing the largest Fire Business in the world.

The Company has actually paid since its in formation the following large sums:— For Fire Losses. \$82.040.285 For Life Losses...... 25,890,225

-\$107,930,510 THOMAS BRIGGS, Agent.



CURES LIVER COMPLAINT DYSPEPSIA BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, KIDNEY TROUBLES RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD FROM ANY CAUSE ARISING.

Female Weak nesses and General Debility¶ PURELY VEGET'LE

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED, PLEASANT, EFFECTUAL AND SAFE. ASK FOR

DR. HODDER'S COMPOUND Take no other. Sold everywhere. Price, 75 cents per bottle.

DR. HODDER'S COUGH AND LUNG CURE

Sold everywhere. Price, 25c and 50c per bot tle. Proprietors and Manufacturers, The Union Medicine Co., Toronto Can.

KINGSTON LAUNDRY, - Opp. Windsor Hotel. J. R. RATTENBURY PROPRIETOR. First-class work done at low prices and on

DORAN & WRIGHT CO., (LIMITED) Stocks, Grain and Provision Dealers.

R. J. EILBECK, Mgr. - OFFICE-Clarence St

Paid up Capital \$100,000, to be increased to one-quarter of a million at the next annual meeting.

Members of the N.Y. Consolidated Stock and
Petroleum Exchange, and of Chicago Boards

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE RRITISH WHIO is published every even-ing, at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, at SIX DOLLARS PER VEAR, strictly in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS. For four lines, one or two insertions,....\$0 50 For four lines, each subsequent insertion . . Over four lines, first insertion ... A. 10c per line Each subsequent consecutive ins.... 5c Once a week, subsequent ins..... 10e Twice a week, subsequent ins..... 8c "
Three a week, subsequent ins..... 6c
Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c,
each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged. Special notices in reading columns are charged at fifteen cents per line for ea h insertion. Officers of unincorporated Associations or Societies will be held personally responsible for

all orders they give The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year, positively in advance, otherwise \$1.50 will be charged.

Attachea to the paper is one of the best Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; eight improved printing presses. All charges for advertising, subscription and job printing are payable in advance; this must be distinctly understood.

EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

CANDID CRITICISM.

The WHIG says nothing derogatory to the conservative party, but it conceives that the grits could run the machine better-have the necessary ability and honesty in "a larger degree" than the conservatives. - Hamilton Spectator.

It is not often that the Spectator interprets the meaning of a contemporary, of opposing politics, so correctly. The Whig has not been worrying much about politics of late, but when it has given them attention it has spoken so candidly as to merit the respect of its opponents. It seeks to tell the truth, though by so doing it shames the devil, particularly that representative of the lower regions making his headquarters in Hamilton.

THE FORCE OF LAW.

The bill which Hon. Mr. Fraser has introduced into the legislature, regarding the hours of labour in retail shops, has the hearty endorsation of most people. But it is felt that the government ought to see that its laws are as practically applied as pos sible. There was general applause when the Factories act was passed. It was suggested by circumstances the importance of which no one could question, but in the period during which it hung fire inferences were drawn more or less unfavourable to the political parties. Nor was this adverse criticism done away with when the measure was embraced in the statutes of 1884. The provisious of it could not be carried out without inspectors and in the appointment of such officials no hurry was evinced. The delay was occasioned, perhaps, owing to the inability of the government to select the men most suited in their opinion for the performance of the duties the Factories act imposed. Meanwhile the law was being generally disrespected, and it is being disrespected yet. It is only a day or two since the inspector for the central district, before the Royal labour commission, in Toronto, admitted that there were children below the legal age employed in certain mills, and that the act, in various regards was not being observed. What the government will do we cannot divine, but it is its bounden duty to instruct the inspectors to enforce the law; to prevent the employment of boys in mills under 12 years of age, and of girls under 14 years of age; to see that in all cases of doubt the employers shall have certificates of the age and health of their employees; to declare that children or young persons shall not clean machinery when it is in motion, and, at noon hour, not eat luncheons amidst the machinery; to demand that there shall be good air and good water, and the provision of every reasonable comfort. The penalty for disobedience is a severe one, and the inspector can have no difficulty in enforcing it. That he must do his duty fearlessly and courageously is quite apparent. Certainly it should be obeyed or it should be repealed. If it be a failure no further effort should be made by parliament to pass similar legislation.

RANK MANAGEMENT.

The evidence that has been tendered, or elicited, in connection with the Central bank's management is astounding. It reveals 'a state of things almost incredible. How a cashier could let a lot of adventurers get the grip upon them they did, how he permitted their persuasiveness to get the best of his judgment, is unaccountable. He seems to have committed one indiscretion, then another, and another, each being calculated to lift him out of embarassment, and each actually sinking him deeper and deeper into it. Confronted by dangers to the stand. ing of the bank, his own reputation and welfare, he appears to have become desperate, and to have become as putty in the hands of a bolder operator. Cox tells how he get into the difficulty with the bank, how he became involved in the trouble that has induced him and six others to exile themselves. It is a long story, and it is thus summarized by the Mail:

The evidence of Cox is in part explanatory of how he conducted business with the bank and in a short time was \$41,000 behind. This money was evidently withdrawn from the bank by means of drafts, which were subsequently protested. Then he proceeded to raise money on his own behalf by means of deposit receipts. The process was this: Cox would give the bank his note for a sum of money, and the bank would give him a deposit receipt for the sum represented. The deposit receipt would then be negotiated elsewhere, so that Cox practically raised money for himself on the credit of the bank to which he was already heavily indebted. The bank would have to meet the amount indicated in the receipt, and all it had as security were his notes, which in some cases he lifted with cheques for which there were no funds. The mystery about the precedure was Mr. Allen's acquiescence in it. Cox speaks of some papers in his possession of which he more than once reminded Allen when applying for accommodation. He says he does not know what these papers contained; but he passed them over to Mr. Allen on the occasion of his last draw upon the funds of the institution. It is a great pity Messrs. Cox and

Allen have not remained to explain this

matter. The shareholders of the Central bank would no doubt like to know how it was Mr. Allen was so extremely accommodating, and where the \$170,000, said to have been paid in one way and the other to

Cox, went. The information is not likely to be soon forthcoming. Allen is gone, not in all probability to return to Canada. As a financier no one can have any further confidence in him and his future will be more pleasantly spent among those to whom he is unknown.

SCRIPTURE SELECTIONS.

The opposition press in Ontario is deyeloping a new sensation, or rather an old sensation in a new form. The Empire has learned that a new edition of the Ross bible is being printed, and at once it opens fire upon the government and the smaller jour nals on the same side of politics re-echo its alarm. It is explained by the Globe that the work used, and so much objected to, was placed in the hands of a committee of clergymen and revised, and it will be published by a business house and not by the government. And important changes have been made in the book. The revised edition contains the scripture references omitted from the first book, and papils and teachers will have no difficulty in finding in the bible the selections that have been adopted. Then the selections contain entire portions of the bible. These changes will meet some of the former objections to the book.

But though it is announced that the work is not of a government character, that the nature of it cannot be judged until it is seen, the party press continues to find fault. The Peterboro Review, a recorgnized authority in former days on biblical subjects, declares that the action of the department is an acknowledgment that a revision was necessary, and that the selection of bible readings, as at first published, was not suitable for the purpose for which it was intended. "It is," says the Review, "a practical admission that the government and its supporters were wrong in defending the book as it was, for if it was the perfect volume it was said to be, why was not further editions printed, as was promised, and why was the revision necessary? If the revised edition contains whole chapters throughout, without the elimination of verses, and has the references to the places in the bible from which the lessons were taken, the question will arise, what need is there for the extra expense in procuring the book of selections, when the same lessons could be read from the bible itself, the portions to be read being pointed out in a circular or otherwise ?"

The Review should possess its soul in patience. The publication of bible selections, as a private venture, in no way affects the action of the government, or its policy, past or present. Nor does it indicate that the selections (Ross bible) were not suitable for school use. If the new departure indicates anything it is that the publication was a success, that is was called for by many outside of the teaching profession, and that the revision is a popular and profitable undertaking.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

Mowat Returning the Compliment. The Citizer.

The Mail has commenced to sing Mr. Mowat's praises. What next?

Fruits of the Fisheries Commission. Bobeaygeon Independent.

The fishery commission is still sitting, and there is an ominous silence which indicates that the result will be either a flat fizzle or a startling hatching of mighty queer ducks.

Probably a Boom Carpenter,

Toronto Mail. A church in a country town had been erected and a dinner was given, at the conclusion of which the health of the builder was proposed. Thereupon he rather enigmatically replied that he was "more fitted for the scaffold than for public speaking."

An Army of Teachers.

Hamilton Times. Hon. G. W. Ross, minister of education, says there are now 7,000 school teachers in Ontario, and that every year 1,000 new teachers are required. The supply still largely exceeds the demand, as last year 1,500 passed the examinations. If all who obtained certificates looked for schools, some would be very much disappointed.

The Principles of Anarchy. Toronto World. Louise Michel shows the consistency of her anarchist principles by protesting against the punishment of the man who pistoled her the other day. That's all right. Let the anarchists show their consistency by killing one another, and law-abiding citizens show theirs by hanging the survivors.

Latest Fad of New York Dudes. Dudedom has become real crazy over the latest fad. One was seen propelled by the wind along upper Broadway the other day carrying balanced between the thumb and forefinger of his right hand a diminutive telegraph pole, on the end of which hung a deer's antlers. Around the center of the stick, tied in the shape of a bow, was a bright colored ribbon with long streamers.

On one of the streamers was painted a bunch of "forget me not" flowers, while the other bore a gaudily colored monogram, "Aw-yaas, yer know, 'tis-er the latest fadaw," was the dude's reply to the reporter's inquiry as to why the ribbon was tied around the stick. "Aw-our gu'ls, deawh cweatures, tie-aw them awound them. 'Tis-aw me dar-

aw-ling's monogwam, yaas." It was learned that it will not be long before it will be a usual street sight to see all of the dudes' canes wrapped with ribbons, tied on by their best girls.-New York Sun.

Growing Tuberoses in Florida.

A Florida perfumery company has nineteen acres of tuberoses in Fairfield and San Mateo and expects to plant nearly 200 hundred acres more. The manager of the company says that Florida is the only place in America where these beautiful flowers can be grown successfully. He also says that Florida is far ahead of southern France, where the flowers are raised extensively by irrigating at a great expense. He asserts that he has known the flowers from one acre of land to sell for \$2,000 in one season. The expense of planting one acre is less than the cost of planting strawberries, the expense of caring for them not half as much, and the income fourfold greater.-Chicago News

FRENCH SCHOOLS IN ON I ARIO.

A Report to the Legislature Says there are 65 in Prescott and Russell.

TORONTO, Jan. 31.

The Legislature went into session at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon and remained there just about three minutes and a half.

A number of petitions were presented, The Attorney-General introduced a bill respecting the Revised Statutes. Mr. Meredith said it was time the Revised Statutes were in the hands of the people. He inquired the cause of the delay. Mr. Mowat replied it was on account of certain tables. They would be put in the hands of the people as speedily as pos-

The Provincial Secretary presented a number of orders-in-council referring to printing text books, raising the Chatham High School to the status of a Collegiate Institute, and regulations respecting the Education Department and the Factory Act.

Hon. Mr. Hardy also presented the report

of the Public School Inspector in regard to the French schools in Prescott and Russell. There are sixty-five French schools in these counties. The Inspector, Mr. O. Dufard, says: "The schools are doing better work than when under the supervision of English inspectors, who had not enough knowledge of French to address the pupils in their mother tongue, much less to correct the pronunciation and examine in the various subjects taught." The phonetic method of teaching reading was progressing notwithstanding the opposition of the parents, who desired their children taught the French-Canadian pronunciation. Arithmetic, which was formerly taught but once a week, was now receiving more attention. The parents offered no opposition to it. The Inspector continues: "As it has been publicly asserted that the French are, particularly averse to having English taught. I must mention that forty-three and four assistants teachers English reading and spelling, and in some cases the translation of English into French is also taught. Twenty-seven teach nothing but French, but of these 21 have a knowledge of English, so that there are only 6 teachers who have no knowledge of English."

Hon. Mr. Hardy also laid reports from the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities before the House. The attendance at the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, at Belleville, on Sept 6 was 238, 141 boys and 97 girls. The total expenditure at this institute in 1887 was \$39,695.01, or \$171.10 a pupil. In 1886 it was \$41,029.71, or \$168.84 a pupil. At the Institute for the Blind at Brantford there were 135 in attendance, 80 males and 55 females. The expenses for 1887 were \$32,887.94, or \$247.27 a pupil. In 1886 the expenses were \$32,574.75, or \$246.78 a pupil.

A TORONTO GIRL'S ADVENTURE.

She Leaves Home and is Found With a Street Car Driver at Hamilton.

TORONTO, Jan. 31.

A dark-eyed beauty is Ellen Fraser, the 15year-old daughter of Simon Fraser, proprietor of a confectionery store doing a snug business at 194 Queen-street east. She is the pet of the household, and has a score of young admirers who gladly parted with their small change for candies when the fair girl was behind the A week ago last Friday she left home with-

out the knowledge of her parents or any of her admirers, and apparently with no particular point as her destination, though she had a ticket for Chicago, Eight days subsequently the Yamily heard she was in Hamilton, and the father went to the Ambitious City on Sunday. He found her in a York-street boarding house in company with John Maxwell, a pleasant looking young fellow who drives a Toronto street car. The presence of Maxwell in the girl's room seemed to warrant his detention by the Hamilton authorities, and he was held till yesterday, while the Frasers returned home the same evening. Maxwell went to Hamilton on Saturday night to induce the girl, as he says, to return home. He passed Sunday night in the cells, but as there was no charge on which to detain him, the Hamilton magistrate yesterday discharged him, and he came back to this city.

A reporter called at Mr. Fraser's store last night to get a statement of the case. Both parents declare their daughter was induced to leave home by Mrs. Hill, the wife of Edward Hill, barber at 202 Queen-street east. The girl said Mrs. Hill some time ago made her promise to go away with her. She believed the place was Port Arthur, where Mrs. Hill's mother lives. With this intention, she commenced to pilfer daily from the cash drawer, taking altogether a sum she fixes at \$75, which she gave Mrs. Hill, who was to buy her a silk dress, a hat and other articles needed for the prospective trip. On the day of her departure, Robert Hill, a brother-in-law of Mrs. Hill, drove her to Union Station where he gave her a valise containing the silk dress and hat, bought by Mrs. Hill, a ticket to Chicago and \$25. Mrs. Hill was not there but it had been arranged that Ellen was to proceed alone as far as Chicago, where she was to remain till joined by Mrs. Hill. Reaching Hamilton, however, Ellen concluded to abandon the trip, and return home. She went to the American Hotel on Friday night and on the day following took rooms in a boarding house on York-street, from which she was removed by her father, her whereabouts having been discovered from letters sent to Toronto. The girt described Maxwell's predicament when he was found in her room in an artless way. She seemed to think the scene

Mrs. Hill was not at home when a reporter called. Her husband was told what the Frasers had said about his wife. "That's a funny story, but it is untrue in every particular."

IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

Mysterious Abduction of a 13-year-old Girl at Hamilton.

Hamilton, Jan. 30 .- This morning Miss Lucy Bowman, the 13-year-old daughter of Wm. Bowman, left her home, 56 Hunter-street west, to attend school at the Wesleyan Ladies' College. She walked along Hunter-street to Hughson-street, and was accested by two men in a rough market sleigh. They asked her which way they coud get to the mountain. She told them that they could go up Jamesstreet or John-street. They drove away and Miss Bowman continued along Hughsonstreet, She had got past Kilgours piano factory when she was seized from behind by one of the men who had previously spoken to her and flung into the sleigh. She was too frightened to scream or to resist, and lay quietly in the bottom of the sleigh. The excitement was too much for the girl, and she fainted. All became a blank after that until she came to and found herself lying on a hard snow bank on the old John-street road, near the steps. Her school books were beside her and not a soul was in sight. Fortunately she was uninjured, and she got up and walked

Last evening a horse belonging to Thos, C. Bowker was standing in front of a store on James-street north, opposite Vine-street, when some person stabbed it in the nostril, inflicting a wound about ten inches deep. A young man named Wm. Hall is under arrest for the cruel

The Northern and Northwestern train from the north, which was due here on Friday night did not arrive until 7.35 Sunday evening, and the train due Saturday got in about midnight last night. They had a hard time on the road.

Dulse at Wade's drug store.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

GALLOWAY'S GREETING

Peace on earth, good will towards men, Is the theme of our earthly song Peace on earth, good will towards men Should mould our actions all day long.

It should lead us think how best to bring The happy smile, the cheerful ring Of laughter to the cheerless hearth, And thus make glad this dreary earth.

The way is plain: see GALLOWAY'S Furs, There neither cats skin, sheep, nor curs, But just the thing to keep your warm; To keep you free from cold and storm, Which must bring peace in this cold clime, . ind make your Christmas a happy time.

84 PRINCESS ST TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber is now prepared to show complete assortment of the LATEST FALL and WINTER GOODS in Suitings, Overcoat ngs and Trouserings, which he will make up in firs ass style at reasonable prices.

JOS. B. SMITH M TCHANT TAILOR. . 259 KING STREET.

THE PALACE FURNISHING STORE

Has the best assortment of Balbriggan Under wear, Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Umbrellas, Col lars, Handkerchiefs, &c., for men, at Cash Prices, imported direct for our own trade. Gentlemen can depend on getting Reliab Goods from

SHLEY The Popular Shirt Maker,

ARRIVED

A splendid assortment of FALL SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS; also Nobby TROU-SERINGS that would please the most fastidious taste, made up in the Latest English and American Fashions, and a First-Class Fib guaranteed. Remember the place:

P. B. KENNEDY KING ST., 2 doors from WHIG office, (Late Cutter for Mr. Z. Prevost).

FOR FINE NECKWEAR, UNDERWEAR, WHITE SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS

J. R. RATTENBURY'S, - Opp. Windsor Hotel kar Good Goods Low Prices

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BOOKS AND MAGAZINES. BOOK STORES

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They should invite those thirsting for knowledge, and those whose appetites need to be stimulated by a tempting display or books, to come in, make themselves at home, and buy only to the extent they may please.

Books approach so closely to luxuries that "Shall a Purchase be Made" is often a question of whether or not the Bookstore is an inviting place.

We wish our customers, that is the public at large, to feel that, even if they buy nothing, we are glad to see them in our store and know they are interested in books.

Princess Street.



BOOKS NEW Life of the Late Rev. Dr. Wilkes, by

Rev. John Wood. Lyrics on Freedom, Love and Death, by Geo. F. Cameron.

Eighty-Seven, by Pansy. Lord Tennyson's In Memoriam, in Shorthand, by Arthur G. Doughty, paper and

Laura Second, the Heroine of 1812. The Etruscan Question, by Prof. Fergu son, Queen's College.

Cor. Brook and Wellington Sts.

SECOND - HAND BOOKS Second-Hand Books bought and sold by A. SIMMONDS.