

### REMINDERS.

MONDAY.  
PROF. REYNOLDS at the Opera House.

### DIED.

MEAGHER.—In Kingston, on Jan. 27th, Jeremiah Meagher, of the Post Office Department, aged 75 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Wellington Street, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

WELLS.—On Jan. 29th, 1888, Miss Rachel Ann Wells, aged 46 years, second daughter of the late Isaac Wells, Wolfe Island. Funeral at eleven o'clock on Tuesday, 31st inst., from her mother's residence, Wolfe Island. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

### FOUND.

ON Sunday, a SILVER WATCH. Loser may apply at WHIG office.

### LOST.

ON Wednesday, a Pair of BLACK FUR MITTENS, with kid facing. Finder kindly return to residence of SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT.

### WANTED.

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS can be accommodated at No. 426 Princess Street.

A HOUSEMAID. Apply to Mrs. GEORGE A. KIRKPATRICK, Emily Street.

ANY PERSON wanting the services of mechanics or laborers will please leave their names and address with W. J. McNEILL, Flour Dealer, Brock Street.

AGENTS WANTED for Canvas for Advertising Patronage. A small amount of work done with tact and intelligence may produce a considerable income. Agents earn several hundred dollars in commissions in a single season and incur no personal responsibility. Enquire at the nearest newspaper office and learn that ours is the best known and best equipped establishment for placing advertisements in newspapers and conveying to advertisers the information which they require in order to make their investments wisely and profitably. Men of good address, or women, if well informed and practical, may obtain authority to solicit advertising patronage for us. Apply by letter to GEO. F. HOWELL & Co., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York.

### BUSINESS CHANCE.

ONE OF THE BEST BUTCHER BUSINESSES in Toronto, situated on the best cash business street in the city; well established and doing a big trade; will sell or lease good will and everything appertaining to the business cheap. Reason for selling—owner intends going to California. Address all communications to S. T. NELSON, 24 Wood St., Toronto.

### FOR SALE.

THAT SOLID BRICK RESIDENCE on George Street, near Queen's University, contains fourteen rooms, including bath room and all modern improvements. The interior is finished in natural woods, and the whole building is thoroughly heated with hot water. For terms apply to the undersigned, on the premises. W. NEWLANDS, JR.

### TO-LET.

A SMALL HOUSE, containing four (4) rooms and back kitchen; hard and soft water. Apply to Mrs. CRUMLEY, 48 Upper Union Street.

TWO FINE CUT STONE HOUSES on Division St., just completed; 3 rooms each, hard and soft water, fine lawn; rent, \$120 per annum. Apply to JAMES CRAWFORD, Grocer.

THE RESIDENCE on Simcoe Street, now occupied by Rev. A. W. Cooke; double house of nine rooms; two cellars; good yard and stabling. Possession May 1st. Apply next door, or to B. Robinson, at King & Co's Drug Store.

TWO NEW BRICK DWELLINGS, six rooms each, fronting on Princess Street, 15 minutes walk from the Market Square; hard and soft water, and all the modern improvements. Terms easy. T. CARTER, Williamsville.

### FOR SALE OR TO-LET.

FINE CITY HOME. The undersigned offers for sale that DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT now occupied by him on Earl Street. The whole is offered in one block, having about one hundred and twenty feet frontage on Earl Street, and the Upper Lot runs through to West Street. The BUILDINGS on the property are almost new, and the garden is planted with the choicest fruits. For terms apply to THOS. MOORE.

### SPECIAL MENTION.

FLANNEL SHIRTS made to order in any style at W. REEVES', King Street.

FOUND AT LAST—A remedy warranted to cure hard and soft Corns, Bunions, Callouses, etc. Hanson's Magic Corn Salve, in b. xes, 15c, at Wade's Drug Store.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.—Grasp a Bottle of the DIAMOND COUGH REMEDY. The first dose frequently stops a cough. Composed of Wild Cherry, Horehound, Eucalyptus and other valuable ingredients. Pleasant to take. In bottles, 25 and 50c, at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

### THE TOILET.

### CLEANLINESS IS NEXT TO GODLINESS

Hot and Cold Baths at all Hours at JONES' TONSORIAL PARLOR. British American Hotel Block, Clarence St. N.P.—These are the only Baths in the city heated by steam thereby securing at all hours, hot water. Aug 9.

### DYEING WORKS,

PRINCESS ST., - KINGSTON.

All kinds of goods cleaned and dyed and well finished. I put up and have for sale the "Jem Package Dyes," warranted to be the best in the market. Try them. Agents wanted. R. MONTGOMERY, Practical Dyer.

### RELIABLE BRANDS OF COAL OIL

Delivered to any part of the city. Electrocoke, Water White, Head-Light.

Buy your OIL from

### BIBBY & VIRTUE,

THE COAL OIL DEPOT,

335 and 337 KING STREET.

### JUST ARRIVED

A splendid assortment of FALL SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS; also Nobby TROUSERS that would please the most fastidious taste, made up in the Latest English and American Fashions, and a First-Class Fit guaranteed. Remember the place:

### P. B. KENNEDY

KING ST., 2 doors from White office, (Late Cutter for Mr. Z. Prevost).

### BARN FRAMES.

WE hope that parties wanting GOOD BARN FRAMES will give us a call at the FOOT OF QUEEN STREET.

### THE RATHBUN CO.

### GENERAL TICKET AGENCY.

For cheap tickets to all points, and information pertaining to all Routes, apply to F. A. FOLGER, - General Ticket Agent, Ferry Wharf, Foot of Brock Street KINGSTON, ONT.

### THE THOUSAND ISLAND ROUTE BY

Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg R.R. To Utica, Albany, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore and all Points in North and New York, via G.T.R. and N.Y.C. Rys. T. HANLEY, - Gen. Ticket Agent.

Whig's Telephone Number, 128.

### ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Three Important Government Measures Have Received a First Reading.

TORONTO, Jan. 27.—The Speaker took the chair 3 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. Fraser introduced a bill to regulate the closing of shops and the hours of labor for children and young women. He explained that the bill did not, as stated in some of the newspapers, propose to enact by statute a fixed hour at which shops should be closed. The Government recognized that the hour of closing in one locality might not be suitable in another. The bill, therefore, merely provided that it might be permissive for municipalities to fix an hour for closing shops within their bounds. With regard to the statutory provisions, the bill proposed to regulate the number of hours for which young persons might be employed in stores by limiting the entire number of hours in the week to 74. In the Factory Act the hours were limited to 60 during the week and ten hours during the day. In employment in shops, however, the number of hours per day was regulated by the particular business engaged in, and no rule could be conveniently laid down. The Government were not committed to the particular number of hours mentioned per week. A full discussion hereafter would probably indicate the proper number of hours to be fixed. He thought the legislation proposed should receive the support of the House, being in the direction of avoiding the perpetuation of evils from which older countries suffered, and which were there difficult to remedy, on account of their having been sanctioned by time.

Mr. Meredith—Do you propose that where a man and wife keep a store they must shut down at a certain time?

Mr. Fraser—So far as closing is concerned the municipalities would have the power to decide. The only statutory features were in regard to the hours of labor in stores for boys under 14 and girls under 16 years of age.

The bill was read the first time.

The Attorney-General introduced a bill respecting the law of alimony. The bill provides for a simpler and cheaper process of injured wives recovering alimony from their husbands. The act is framed from an English statute, introduced a couple of years ago and found to work very satisfactorily. Bill read a first time.

The House went into committee of supply and passed the usual interim appropriation for the carrying on of the civil government.

### HALDIMAND ELECTION TRIAL.

Dr. Montague's Majority Ten—Decision Reserved as to Two Ballots.

CATUGA, Jan. 27.—In the Haldimand election trial to-day, a number of charges of irregularities were inquired into, chiefly consisting of instances where deputy returning officers refused to be sworn. Judgment has been reserved on some of the charges.

The scrutiny was then proceeded with, and resulted in two votes being added for Mr. Colter. Decision has been reserved as to two ballots. One is claimed by Dr. Montague and the other by Mr. Colter.

This leaves Dr. Montague, as it stands now, a majority of ten. The petitioner, therefore, abandons all hope of securing the seat for Mr. Colter, but it is intended to proceed with the charges of irregularities in reference to the voting of persons as farmers' sons who did not possess the requisite qualification, in the hope of showing a sufficient number to have affected the result and claiming a new election.

CATUGA, Jan. 30.—On Saturday the judge gave judgment on the two ballots on which he reserved his decision the previous evening. Ballot No. 46 he allowed to Mr. Colter, and 113 to Dr. Montague. This ended the scrutiny of the ballots, Dr. Montague's majority being reduced to ten.

The farmers' sons' vote question was then taken up, when a lengthy argument took place between the counsels. On Mr. McCarthy's application the judge ruled that no evidence could be taken. Mr. Aylesworth wished to call other witnesses on the charge of irregularities, but the judge ruled that the charge of irregularities had been closed and further evidence could not be accepted.

This practically ended the case, as, without being allowed to call evidence, it was impossible for the counsel for the petitioner to proceed.

The judge then dismissed the petition.

### WANDERED FROM THEIR FLOCKS.

Disappearance of the Rev. Theodore Haven—Rev. Mr. Mills Found at Last.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The pastor of the Congregational church in Battle Creek, Mich., Rev. Theodore W. Haven, has been missing since Jan. 11th. His health being somewhat impaired by overwork and from worrying upon certain theological questions. The night of Jan. 10th he remained at the St. Denis hotel, leaving the next day, since which time his friends have been unable to find trace of him.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The Rev. Edward F. Miles, pastor of the Church of the Reformation, mysteriously disappeared last December. Nothing was heard of him until his wife received a letter from him to-day saying that he is in an hospital in Memphis, Tenn., suffering from nervous prostration. He says he has no remembrance of going to Memphis or of being received in the hospital.

### A Blow at Canadian Labor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Congressman Chipman to-day presented a bill to prohibit aliens from being officers of corporations in this country and compelling railroad employees to become citizens. This measure is an outgrowth of the agitation among labor organizations in Detroit against Canadian labor.

### MR. HOWLAND NOT HEARD.

### A DISAPPOINTED THROG AT THE MASTER'S COURT.

The Story of the Ex-Mayor Concerning Mr. Campbell's Alleged Dereliction of Duty Still Unfold Under Oath—A Mass of "Killing" Correspondence and Telegrams.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—The interest in Central Bank affairs was somewhat overshadowed by the developments concerning the Federal, which were foreshadowed yesterday. The few letters published below are a sample of the correspondence exchanged between Cox and Allen. Most of it is unintelligible to the general public, but it is printed just as it was handed into court.

The following is the document received by the liquidators yesterday morning, in which Cashier Allen communicates the news of his departure:

Gentlemen,—As I have received a telegram offering me a permanent position in a western city, I have decided to go immediately. I have now waited for two months, and have given every opportunity to parties wishing to take action against me, but as I am left entirely without means and have a wife and family dependent upon me, it is necessary in my own interests that I should secure permanent employment. I shall be glad to be of any assistance to the liquidators as far as I can be in any information I can give, so that the assets of the bank will be realized to the best advantage of the bank, A. A. ALLEN.

Two days before the Central Bank suspended Mr. E. Strachan Cox drew out \$54,800. Of this sum James Baxter & Co. came in for the nice round sum of \$33,710.

The checks drawn were these:

- Nov. 11—Pay James Baxter & Co. or order \$7750.
- Nov. 11—Pay to James Baxter & Co. \$4000.
- Nov. 11—Pay to James Baxter & Co. \$9750.
- Nov. 11—Pay to James Baxter & Co. \$6000.
- Nov. 11—Pay to Frank Bond & Co. \$7750.
- Nov. 11—Pay to James Baxter & Co. \$6210.
- Nov. 11—Pay to ourselves \$3000.
- Nov. 11—Pay to our order \$4750.
- Nov. 11—Pay W. J. Baines \$350.
- Nov. 11—Pay to our order \$1800.
- Nov. 11—Pay to our order \$3000.

The throng of eager spectators which filled the Court of the Master-in-Ordinary yesterday morning suffered a grievous disappointment. Interest had been increasing day by day, and something special was expected to transpire when ex-Mayor Howland, the chairman of the liquidators, was examined. Mr. John Bain, Q.C., on the previous day preferred examining Mr. Wm. Gooderham first, and had stated that he was not at that time prepared to examine Mr. Howland. It was, however, generally believed that the ex-mayor would be on the stand yesterday, and great was the disappointment when Mr. Campbell's counsel told the court that he could dispense with Mr. Howland's evidence, stating: "I have got the information I wanted."

Mr. Howland looked surprised, many in court smiled, and significant glances were exchanged between the lawyers. In vain Mr. Howland assured the court that he had "a lot of information" he was desirous to impart and which would throw light on some of the dark passages of the bank's history.

But if this could not be, the public still learn something further of the practices of the gang of wreckers so frequently referred to. The pith of the correspondence and memoranda on which Messrs. Howland and Gooderham based their charges against Mr. Campbell was given to the press by Chancellor Boyd.

The following is a fair sample of the correspondence which has been in possession of the Court for some days and which was only given to the press yesterday:

Cox to Allen.

TORONTO, July 11, 1887.

A. A. Allen: DEAR SIR,—I shall have to ask you again if you cannot let me have two deposit receipts for \$15,000 each, 5 per cent. interest, 15 days notice. Neither of them will be used in Toronto nor in this Province, and I will pay you not less than \$1000 a week and you need have no fear of the receipts being presented, and will constantly send you collateralals, so that you need have no personal uneasiness, and I wish I could send you \$20,000 in cash. It would be the greatest possible pleasure, but I have been fooled so badly that I am forced to ask you to have patience. I enclose two checks which you will mark. I can send you legal over by 1 o'clock, and the checks will not be in for a week or ten days. I wish you would consider the advisability of "listing" your stock and issuing more. If you have listed, I can, if the bank will keep it quiet, float from \$300,000 to \$500,000 stock at par before any one is aware of it.

E. STRACHAN COX.

Cox to Allen.

TORONTO, July 22, 1887.

A. A. Allen: DEAR SIR,—I took loan of \$9000 on the \$10,000 deposit receipt from Union Bank, and \$7000 from Ville St. Marie on the \$8000, both for three months, and paid the interest in advance on both. Had to use some money in Montreal, which I should have had today. In the meantime please mark enclosed, and I will send legal in ten minutes. Checks won't go in till Aug. 10. E. S. COX & Co.

If not received before 12 o'clock cannot get until after 2, so please bear in mind.

E. S. C.

Cox to Allen.

TORONTO, Sept. 23, 1887.

A. A. Allen: DEAR SIR,—I want to take my family to New York and remain there three or four days. Can you mark \$3000 check for me? It shall not go against you before Oct. 3, and you can use mine on the Imperial on the 30th of this month. Do this for me and I will reciprocate personally on my return.

E. S. COX.

Allen to Cox.

TORONTO, Sept. 26, 1887.

E. S. Cox: DEAR SIR,—I have your favor of this date with enclosures, which are returned herein. I would do anything to oblige you in my power consistently with duty, but this I cannot, and for reasons that are private. It is simply an utter impossibility, and I regret that it is so.

A. A. ALLEN, Cashier.

Baxter to Cox.

TORONTO, Oct. 13, 1887.

[Private.] DEAR SIR,—We herewith enclose the following notes: R. Millard & Co., Sept. 6, two months, \$2750; Kortorsk & Co., Sept. 6, two months, \$98,615; M. Leonard, four months, Oct. 4, \$1750; R. Millard & Co., six months, Sept. 6, \$2750, which notes will all be promptly paid on their maturity, except the two last. A renewal for a part may be asked. We also enclose our own three notes at 3 1/4 and 5 months for \$10,500, each, of which are to be removed from time to time at same dates on a cash payment of 10 per cent on the amount of each note as they mature. We also enclose all the other documents referred to in our conversation. JAS. BAXTER & Co.

### A CORNWALL STRIKE.

Four Hundred Employees of the Canada Cotton Company—A Reduction.

CORNWALL, Jan. 30.—A strike at the Canada cotton mill and the Stormont mill became general on Thursday morning, with the exception of the dyers in both mills and the carders in the Stormont mill, who are still at work. About four hundred of the operatives gathered before the Canada cotton mill at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The services of Policemen Riordan and Cameron were secured, but when they came the crowd had dispersed. The strike was caused by the manager of the mill cutting down the wages of the employees. The first to strike were the mule spinners. They were told that a reduction of \$1.50 per week would be made on their wages. They wouldn't hear to this and walked out of the mill in a body. This was on Monday. On Wednesday the weavers were notified that a reduction of from two to fifteen per cent. would be made in their wages. They quickly put on their duds and left also. The climax was reached yesterday morning when the hands employed in the other departments walked out of the mill one half hour after the engine was started. A few of the hands who refused to strike were prevented from returning to work at noon hour by some of the strikers. The police were telephoned for, but upon their arrival on the scene everything was quiet. A committee of the strikers called on the business manager and tried to effect a settlement, but that gentleman refused to take any of them back unless they agreed to work at the reduced prices. This the strikers say they will not do.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

Prohibition in the States—Indolence on the Bench—Timely Resignation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—As the subject of prohibition is one of especial interest just now it is mentioned that congressman Hayes, of Iowa, has placed himself on record for the second time in opposition to the cause. When circuit judge in Iowa he decided that prohibition was unconstitutional, and he has this week refused to present to congress a petition from his state praying for prohibition in the district of Columbia. He declares himself absolutely opposed to prohibition on principle, and thinks the people of Iowa are meddling when they attempt to force upon the district legislation in a matter that he calls "of merely local concern."

That brilliant but indolent man, L. Q. C. Lamar, is apparently enjoying the "crowning honor of his life." He is peacefully reposing upon the restful wool-sack, where his slumbers will not be disturbed by the demands of annoying departmental duties nor the incessant importunities of the office-seekers. The court can distribute no patronage, and as for real work, are there not eight other justices besides Lamar to do it?

The president has thrown another crumb of comfort to the civil service reformers in accepting the "resignation" of United States district Attorney Harris, who took a prominent part in the recent notorious municipal election at Jackson, Miss.

### PROTECTING LAKE SHIPPING.

Canadian Vessels in These Lakes Will not be Exempt From Charges.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The house committee on merchant marine made an important determination as to lake ship building. A majority of the committee had favoured the proposed free ship bill, which would admit foreign built ships, including those of Canada, to the privileges of American vessels, thus exempting them from tonnage dues and other charges. Congressman Farquhar, of Buffalo, made an argument in favour of exempting the shipping of lakes and rivers from the provisions of the bill. At the conclusion it was agreed to make this exception, and also one exempting the vessels used in coasting trade. This insures the continued protection of lake shipbuilders against the competition of Canadian or foreign yards.

### WRETCHED ROWDYISM.

The Treatment Accorded to a Boarder at One of the Leading Hotels.

KEMPTVILLE, Jan. 30.—A piece of rowdyism occurred in a leading hotel here in which a boarder was taken from his comfortable bed and carried to the bar, where he was informed that he must treat all hands or take the consequences. A number of revolvers were used, and a club or two was brought into requisition. The lights were put out, and the victim, thinking he was about to be murdered, made a dash for the door, and, succeeding in getting out, rushed down the street in his abbreviated dress and succeeded at last in getting into Dr. Erratt's office, where he remained till morning. The thermometer registered 20 degrees below zero.

### SCHEDULING THE GAMES.

Arranging the Duties For the International Base-ball Association.

TORONTO, Jan. 30.—The International association schedule committee will meet at Buffalo on March 17th. It has been decided already that on all American holidays the Canadian clubs will play with Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse, and on all Canadian holidays the teams from these three cities will play with London, Toronto and Hamilton, while on all holidays Troy and Albany will play together. The Canadian clubs will open the season at Syracuse, Buffalo and Rochester. The Hams will be pitted against Syracuse.

### A VERY SAD ACCIDENT.

A Well-Known Stenographer Falls, Is Stunned, and Frost-Bitten.

TORONTO, Jan. 30.—George Eyvel, the well-known stenographer, fell on the street on Friday night and was stunned by the fall. He lay for some time, unconscious, and then, finding that he was being badly frozen, made his way to the nearest house and was taken home. Both his hands were stiff, and it is feared he may lose them. He is one of the Hansard staff, and has been officially reporting the proceedings of the labor commission.

### A Case For Investigation.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—At Sudbury a young man, lately from the works of construction on the Algoma branch of the Canada Pacific railway, having been freely supplied with liquor for about three weeks, succumbed to delirium tremens. His death creates great indignation against the parties who supplied him with liquor, and talk of indicting the saloon keeper for manslaughter is freely indulged in.

### AFFAIRS OF THE WORLD.

### TELEGRAMS FROM THE EARTH'S FOUR QUARTERS GIVEN.

The Little Things that Affect Canadians—Flashes From Europe and What They Portend—A Little of Everything Easily Read and Remembered.

During last year Canada consumed English beer to the value of \$140,000. It is proposed to increase the salary of the mayor of Toronto to \$4,000. It is said that England and France will soon settle the New Hebrides question. A bill for a normal school at Saratoga Springs was introduced in both houses. In a mine at Plymouth, Pa., five men were seriously injured by an explosion of gas.

Director Gruber, of the Pesth Meteorological institute, has been placed in a lunatic asylum.

Advices from Tonquin say that eighteen French soldiers were recently shot at one time for desertion.

By a cable road disaster in St. Paul, Minn., one person was killed and several seriously injured.

In the New York assembly a bill was introduced providing that mortgage be taxed as personal property.

In Ireland three more prominent nationalists have been sentenced to imprisonment under the Crimes act.

The Austrian papers make an urgent appeal for aid for the starving peasantry in Georgia, where a famine prevails.

A settlement between the parties in the case for damages of Lafamme against The Mail was spoken of, but nothing has been accomplished.

Bailiff Stephenson, of the Bancroft division court, North Hastings, has levanted. His bondsmen are thought to be "let in" for \$800 or \$1,000.

In the case of Henry F. Button, on trial for murdering his wife, the jury at Cooperstown rendered a verdict of murder in the second degree.

Serious railway blockades by snow are reported on all roads in New York, New England, Maryland, Pennsylvania and other states.

One hundred and five million florins were realized from direct taxes and 1,840,000,000 florins from indirect taxes in Austria in 1887.

To-day was the twenty-ninth anniversary birthday of Prince William, and he was appointed a major-general and commander of the Second Brigade of Infantry Guards.

The traffic receipts of the Grand Trunk railway for the week ending January 21st, were \$240,779, an increase of \$25,352 compared with the corresponding week last year.

The application for the trial of the Montreal detectives must be made to the court of queen's bench on the 1st of March, or to one of the judges of the court of queen's bench in chambers.

Messrs. McLachlan Bros., lumber merchants, of Arnprior, Ont., will build saw mills, employing 600 men, at Papineauville, Que., in return for substantial inducements from the local corporation.

In the Halton election cross petition, and in the North Victoria Dominion election petition, orders have been made for the payment out of court of the \$1,000, the petitions having been withdrawn.

The trial of the persons found guilty of bribery in the recent Halton election trial occurs at Milton next Friday, and of those in a similar position in the Glengarry case at Cornwall on Saturday next.

Waterloo county council has decided to memorialize the Ontario legislature not to make a grant for Scott act enforcement in that county, it being held that the act should be enforced at the expense of the counties adopting it.

The Swiss Bundesrath has decided to expel Haupt and Schroeder, the alleged German police spies, without further judicial proceedings. It was proved at the trial that Schroeder had been paid \$50 monthly by the German police.

Acton Burroughs, editor of the Winnipeg Call, has been to Ottawa endeavoring to bring about reconciliation between Sir John Macdonald and Norquay. The premier refuses to render any assistance to Manitoba Tories so long as they retain Norquay as their leader.

Louise Michel, the French anarchist suffering from mental aberration. One of the bullets fired at her by Lucas has been discovered in her bonnet. The doctors still think that the other bullet remains in the region of the temple, but they are afraid to attempt to extract it.

So persistent are the pessimists, who declare that they believe Stanley has been lost, that Mr. MacKenzie, of the Emin Bey relief committee, prints a letter pointing out that no news from him could possibly arrive before the end of February, even if he long ago joined Emin Bey.

### ON THE WAR PATH AGAIN.

Dennis Kearney's New Undertaking—He's Bound to Crush Out the Chinese.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 30.—The notorious Dennis Kearney, the San Francisco sand lots agitator, who is chiefly known to fame by the prominent part he took in the fight made against the Chinese on the Pacific Coast a few years ago, which led to the passage of the act restricting Chinese from landing on these shores, is in Washington, trying to have congress pass a bill which will forever prevent all Chinese from being able to land. As soon as he finishes his labors here Kearney told your correspondent that he will visit Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and the other large cities in Canada, and, by speeches and other means, stir up a sentiment against the Chinese being allowed to land in the Dominion. He says that as long as Canada admits them they cannot be kept out of the United States, as they creep across the border, and no custom house force is sufficient to detect them. His indignation has been aroused by the debate in the senate to repeal the head tax law, and he says that unless Canada passes a Restriction act the United States will force her to do so—a threat which is, of course, idle, which Kearney will do his best to have put into force.

### Gone Through a Bridge.