#### TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT.

CATARAQUI BRIDGE CO'Y.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held in the City Council Chamber on MONDAY NEXT, 30th instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., to receive the Annual Report and to elect officers for the ensuing year.

THOMAS MILLS. Kingston, Jan. 26th, 1888.

#### NOTICE

IS hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway Company will be held in the Company's office, City Hall Station, Kingston, at NOON ON WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of February, 1888, for the purpose of electing Directors, etc., for the ensuing year.

The Stock Books will be closed from the 28th inst. to the 8th of February next, both inclu-

By order of the Board of Directors. T. W. NASH, Sec'y K. & P. R'y Co.

#### KINGSTON PROHIBITION CLUB.

THE Adjourned Meeting of the Kingston Prohibition Club for the enrollment of new members and the election of officers, will be held in the Sons of Temperance Hall, corner of Princess and Montreal Streets, on FRIDAY at 7:30 p.m. All members are expected to be present and to bring their friends.

D. FRASER, Provisional President.

#### "THE MESSIAH!"

Reserved Seat Plan opens at Henderson's Bookstore at 10 o'clock a.m. on Saturday next. Reserved Seat Tickets, 75c. Admission. 50 cents.

#### KNIGHTS OF LABOUR.

A MASS MEETING of the Knights of La-bour will be held in the Assembly Hall, Gelden Lion Block, on SATURDAY EVENING. A arge attendance requested.
By order of the Master Workmen.

#### NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of The Calvin Company, (Limited), will be held at the office of the Company at Garden Island on TUESDAY, the 14th February, 1888, at one

ANTHONY MALONE, Secretary.

DRY GOODS.

### NEWORESSGOODS

-AT-

### -HARDY'S-

NEW DOUBLE FOLD DRESS GOODS, all the New Colors.

NEW HEAVY WEIGHT DRESS GOODS.

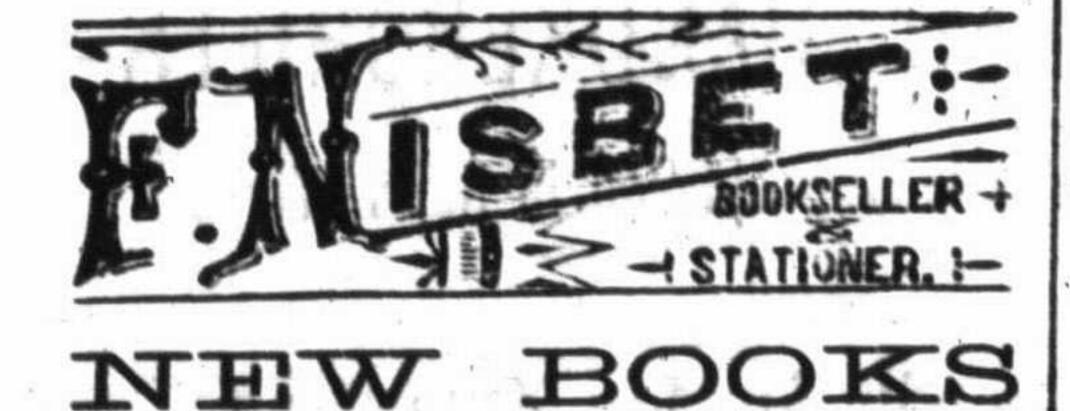
NEW CREAM DRESS GOODS.

Special Cash Discount of 10 Per Cent. off All Dress Goods 20c and over.

Discount off Blankets, Comforters, Cloakings and Wool Goods.

ONE PRICE & PLAIN FIGURES.

### J. C. HARDY & CO



Life of the Late Rev. Dr. Wilkes, by

Rev. John Wood, Lyrics on Freedom, Love and Death, by

Geo. F. Cameron.

Eighty Seven, by Pansy. Lord Tennyson's In Memoriam, in Shorthand, by Arthur G. Doughty, paper and

Laura Second, the Heroine of 1812. The Etruscan Question, by Prof. Fergu son, Queen's College.

### F. NISBET'S

Cor. Brock and Wellington Sts.



WATER WORKS DEPARTMENT.

CONSUMERS of Water are hereby notified that any person found wasting water unnecces-sarily, by leaving their water taps open while not in actual use, will be prosecuted according

Kingston, Jan. 27th, 1888.

T. O. BOLGER, City Engineer.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every evening, at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, At SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR, strictly

#### in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS. For four lines, one or two insertions.....\$0 50 For four lines, each subsequent insertion. Over four lines, first insertion ..... 10c per line Once a week, subsequent ins ...... 10c Twice a week, subsequent ins..... Three a week, subsequent ins ...... Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c. each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged. Special notices in reading columns are charged at fifteen cents per line for each insertion. Officers of unincorporated Associations or Societies will be held personally responsible for

all orders they give The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year, positively in advance, otherwise \$1.50 will be charged.

Attached to the paper is one of the best Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work : eight improved printing presses. charges for advertising, subscription and job printing are payable in advance; this must be distinctly understood.

EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

#### THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

DON'T GET EXCITED.

The Ottawa people are liable to get excited over the question as to where the pro posed school of science should be located. The Journal declares that if Ottawa's claims important provincial institution, such as the school of science will be, will go to a little river village like Kingston, but there is a likelihood that the school will be gobbled by the alleged 'provincial' university at Toronto. Ottawa, the distributing and central point of the richest mineral districts of Ontario, and the headquarters of the geological survey, is the proper place for a provincial school of science, but merit will not secure the school for Ottawa unless Ottawa's claims to it are vigorously pressed. The Journal appears to be decidedly mixed. What does Toronto want with a second school of science? Being well supplied in this line now there is no danger of the gobbling which the provincial university is expected to indulge in. As between Ottawa and Kingston there is no comparison. Kingston is a university city and moreover it is entitled to some consideration at the hands of the government. Because Ottawa robbed it of the Normal school is no reason why it should be robbed of the school of

#### USEFUL LEGISLATION.

Of all the things promised in the speech from the throne in the local legislature those please most which refer to the agricultural and milling interests. The enlargement of prayer meetings, and often at bible class the ministry by one member has suggested the meanest sort of attack on the part of the conservative press. It is pointed out that at one time the liberals were opposed to this increase of ministerial managers, but at the time the contention was offered the state of affairs was not as it is to-day.

Rapid development is being made in this province, and the volume of public business is becoming so bulky that the government as of late constituted cannot attend to it with perfect satisfaction. And if there is any one interest that demands special at tention it is the agricultural. None will dispute this and none that is conscentious and aware of the cares of the government will object to the appointment of one who will give to agriculture his undivided devotion.

Then something is to be done in regard to the occupations of women and children-Their hours are so long, this service so slavish, as to rob life very largely of the few charms it possesses. Some legislation is requested to protect them from imposition and injury, and it is to be hoped that when laws are passed to this end they will be rigorously enforced. In this respect they will be different from statutes which have in the past been honoured more in the breach than in the observance.

#### POLITICAL OBJECTIONS.

The Hamilton Spectator is not pleased with the composition of the Canadian legislative committee, K. of L. and in an article of considerable length has this to say :

"Without the consent of the Canadian

knights-without even consulting them-Mr. Czar Powderly the other day appointed A. F. Jury, of Toronto, J. F. Redmond, of Montreal, and George Collis, of Hamilton, to be a legislative committee of the knights of labor for the Dominion of Canada. These persons will go to Ottawa when parliament meets and will watch the bills brought forward with a view of directing the attention of the legislators to any point in which the bills may clash with the interests of the producing class, s. This is rather an important mission, and the very best men in the order should have been nominated to accomplish it. The whole body of knights in Canada is deeply concerned in the work of this committee, and the whole body should have made the appointment. It has come to be a serious matter when Czar Powderly can pick out three favorites and send them to Ottawa, at the expense of the Canadian knights, to do work which the Canadian knights are of opinion that these men cannot do properly. Let any Canadian, having some knowledge of the politics of this country, contemplate the personnel of that committee, and he must come to the conclusion that the committee is not likely to have much influence at Ottawa. They are the wrong men. But if they were the right men, the best men available, the manner of their appointment is an outrage upon the Canadian knights, and an outrage that they will not be slow to resent. The object of the organization is to prevent tyranny, and the Canadian knights will not consent to be overridden by Mr. Powderly or any other auto-

The manner in which certain knights of labour have been appointed to an important committee may not be according to the de. sire of some, but the Spectator is not in position to speak on behalf of the labour party and reflect its views. It has been said that the nomination of committeemen should have been left to the Canadian knights, that the names of certain eligible persons should have been submitted to the

various assemblies, and that the chosen of these could go to the legislatures and to the house of commons teeling that they were backed by popular opinion. Prehaps it would have been better so to do with the se-Mection of the committeemen, but such an election would have been slowly conducted and it is exceedingly doubtful if three better men could have been named for special service than those which have received their credentials from Mr. Powderly.

And it does not become the Spectator, in all seriousness, to be churlish and petulent about this matter, and to refer in an offen. sive manner to the action of the general master workman. That which it has condemned in him, as the executive head of the knights of labor, the premier and head of the government has done with its perfect, approval. The composition of the Royal labor commission does not meet with the approval of some sections of the labour party. Though most of its members are workingmen they are not all the choice of the labor party. Truth to tell a couple of them were, by their appointment, seemingly rewarded for political service, and have never had, and have not new, the interests of the workingmen at heart. The commission is not opposed by the workingmen, however, as the Spectator opposes the legislative committee; on the contrary it is the are to be recognized, her representatives | desire of the labor party to give the commismust bestir themselves. "It is true," it sion assistance in its work, and so contriadds, "there is not much likelihood that an | bute to the relief which the legislation it suggests should bring about.

The talk of tyranny on the part of Mr. Powderly is senseless and absurd. Mr. Powderly is not a tyrant. Those who call him such do not know him or the record for discretion, discrimination and wisdom which he has made. Had he sooner created a Canadian legislative committee the service of a Royal commission would not have been so necessary.

#### A MOURNFUL REMINISCENCE.

Rev. Mr. McCuaig Tells of His Early Relations With the Late Mr. Murray.

Rev. F. McCuaig, of Welland, has written a letter to the Presbyterian regarding the lamented death of Rev. R. C. Murray! in India. He writes: "My first introduc tion to Robert Murray was in 1877, when I spent a Sabbath in Pictou, Nova Scotia. 1 was requested to address the Y.M.C.A of that place. Mr. Murray was present, and he was kind enough in after days to tell me that that brief address was a means, under God, of deciding his future career. When in the autumn of 1878 he came to Kingston to prosecute his studies, he lost no time in calling on me and leaving with me his certiticate of church membership, and a most consistent member of the church he was during the seven years of his college course. Always in his pew on the Sabbath, when not engaged in other Christian work in the city or out of it; always in his place at the and Sabbath school, his presence was always an inspiration. Other students wandered from church to church, but Robert Murray rarely, if at all, did so. He often took part in the prayer meeting, though singularly modest and unobtrusive, and occasionally at my request addressed the monthly missionary meeting, and always to the great delight and profit of all. I doubt | Suits for \$18. if there was a student in the college in his time that was more generally beloved than

"The dear dust of Robert Murray, and of his young wife of one short year, sleeps side by side in the soil of that distant land, whose fierce sun laid them both low-the first ashes of our little band in Central India to take possession of that soil for Christ. But when they shall rise on the resurrection day they will not be alone, but surrounded by countless millions of India's saved sons and daughters, eager as themselves to 'meet the Lord in the air.' Their short lives are not lost. The Lord who multiplied the few loaves of old can and will'propagate the few seeds that they sowed in their brief day, and cause them to bring forth a glorious harvest."

#### U. S. EMIGRATION RETURNS.

Increase Over the Preceding Year-Value of Imports and Exports.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The total number of immigrants arriving at the ports of the United States from the principal foreign countries, except from Canada and Mexico, during the twelve months ended Dec. 31, 1887, was 500,261, against 386,631 in 1886.

The total value of the imports and exports of merchandise of the United States during the twelve months ended Dec. 31, 1887, was \$708,807,311 and \$715,320,956 respectively. against \$663, 429, 189 and \$713, 404, 021 in 1886,

Trouble Over Scott Act Enforcement. OTTERVILLE, Out., Jan. 26. - Between 9 and 10 o'clock on Saturday night last Constable J. W. Fish, while serving papers to witnesses in a Scott Act case, was assaulted by an anti-Scott Act magistrate, knocked senseless and badly beaten while down. Last night about 12 or lo'clock the same constable's residence was broken into by an infuriated mob. Mr. Fish and his wife were alone, and the former by remaining quiet and secluding himself was able to escape.

The C. T. R. Absorbs the N. and H. & N. W. Hamilton, Jan. 26.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hamilton and Northwestern Railway, held here to-day, an agreement between the Grand Trunk Railway Company, the Northern Railway Company and the Hamilton and Northwestern Railway Company to unite the three companie into one under the name of Grand Trunk Railway, was read and ordered to be executed.

#### The Haldimand Election Trial.

CAYUGA, Jan. 26.—The remaining charges of corrupt practices against Dr. Montague were dismissed at the sitting of the court today. There only remained the charges of irregularities on the part of deputy returning officers and the scrunity to be gone into.

It was decided to dispose of the charges of irregularities before going into the recount.

If The Sufferers From Consumption, Scrofula and General Debility will try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with hypo phosphites, they will find immediate relief and a permanent benefit. Dr. H. V. Mott. Brentwood, Cal., writes: "I have used Scott's emulsion with great advantage in cases of phthisis, scrofula and wasting dis-

eases." It is very palatable. Put up in

50c and \$1 size.

Ah! Some beautiful roll and print but! ter, 22c. and 23c., good dairy butter, 20c., fresh eggs 25c. a dozen, and another lot of Cheap poultry expected at Henderson's cheap cheap poultry expected at Henderson's cheap grocery house to morrow.

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## W. J. BYRNES.

Having purchased the stock of the above mentioned gentleman for 53c on the Dollar, leaves us in a position to offer Clothing to the Citizens of Kingston at prices that may not happen again in a lifetime.



### TWEED SUITS TO ORDER!

And that made by LIVINGSTON BROS. \$25 Suits for \$18; \$20 Suits for \$15; \$18 Suits for \$13; \$15 Suits for \$10 and \$12.

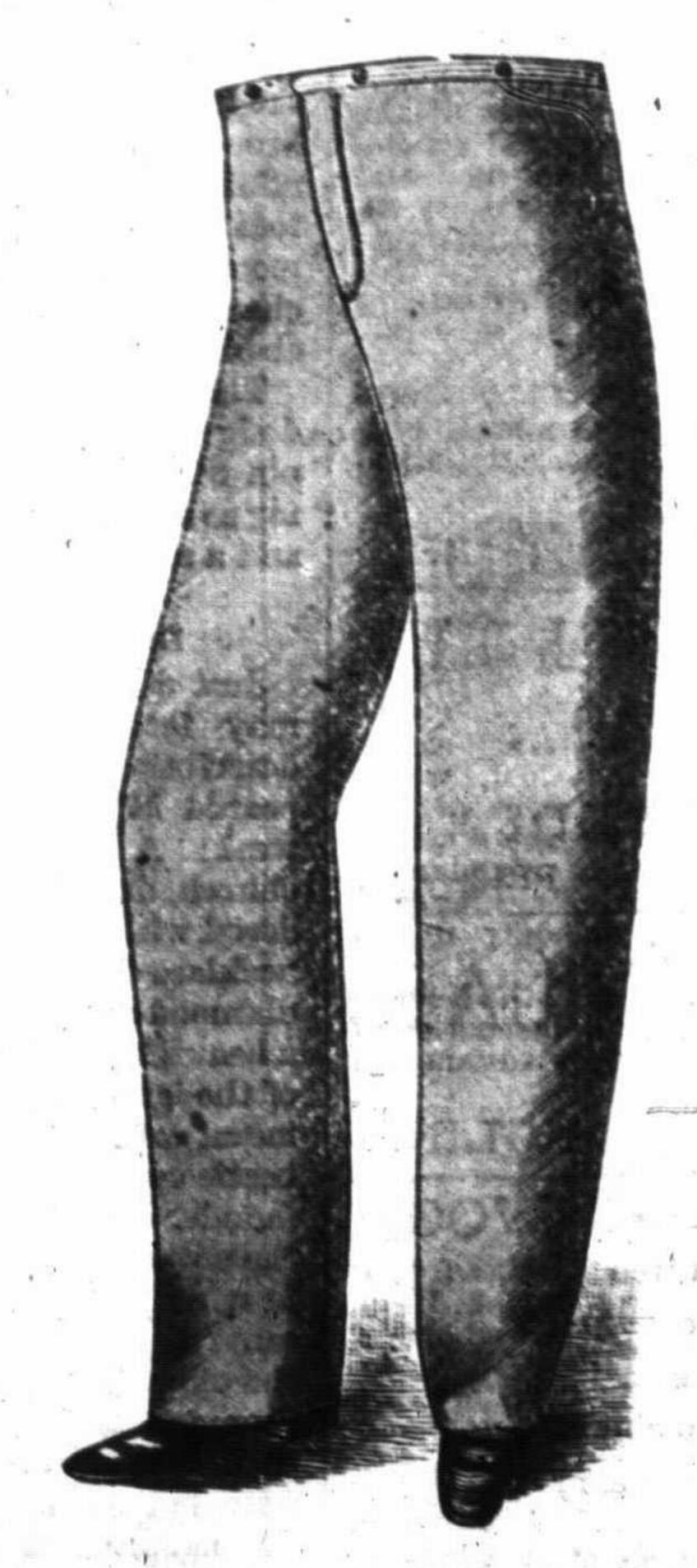
FINE FRENCH BLACK WORSTED SUITS.

\$35 Suits for \$25. \$28 Suits for \$20. \$25

During the Month of February, 1888, we will make to order

### FULL - DRESS - SUITS,

Silk Lined, made in No. I Style, Fit Guaranteed, for \$25.00.



### FINE TWEED PANTS TO ORDER.

When you can purchase \$6 50 and \$7.50 Pants to order for \$3.50 and \$4.00 you ought to take advantage of them, as you don't Strike Such Luck Every Day.

These Prices are for Prompt Cash. Remember those that Come Early get the Best Choice.

# LIVINGSTON & BRO..

75 and 77 Brock Street

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