IT BURNS LIKE VITRIOL.

IMPURITY OF SPEECH CORRODES THE SOUL-BEWARE OF IT.

Theatre-Going is Not Advisable Because the Actors Do Not Cater to Christian Sentiment-Graduating From a Street Corner-Something Needed in Business Beside Justice.

Queen street Methodist church was crowded to the doors last evening. The opening exercises were conducted by Mr. Aikens, who thus relieved Rev. S. G. Bland, who was suffering from a cold. The choir sang a sweetly harmonious anthem, and then the sermon was listened to with great attention. Mr. Bland resumed the consideration of Phillipians IV, 8, taking up, "Whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely." He said in the beatific vision promised to the pure in heart could be read the curse that rests on impurity. Impurity burnt and corroded like vitriol. It wrecked even more disastrously than drunkenness, and while its ruinous effects were subtle the curse was there in the banishment of reverence, the loss of noble and generous feelings, the inflamed and corrupt imagination which made all things impure. One reason of the suspiciousness of good that prevailed too largely was the prevalence of impurity. The impure man, emphatically, thought evil. Street loafing was denounced as the devil's college, and he who took a full course might expect to be graduated master in the arts of smoke, smut, drink and profanity. Even among the professedly refined and respectable impure speech was lamentably prevalent. There were those who could not endure a spot on their linen who would pollute their lips with unclean speech. It was difficult in this world to avoid hearing evil, but he who tells an unclean story and utters an indecent jest strikes a deadly blow at his own soul. To tell one is far worse than to hear many, bad as that is. Of Gen. Grant it was said that a salacious jest never passed his lips. "I have a good story," said an officer once in a company at which Gen. Grant was present; "there are no ladies present I believe" "No," said Gen. Grant, 'but there are gentlemen.' The story was not told. Those who worked or lived where unclean speech was heard should imitate that workman, who, by refusing to laugh at low jokes, gradually hushed foul talk through a large workshop. Smutty stories stuck terribly, and years afterwards, in the delerium of fever, might be poured out on the pure ears of a mother or wife sitting by the bedside. Impure thinking, it was said, rusted the bars that caged the wild beast passion. Impure thought and speech destroyed that instinctive recoil from impurity which was one of the greatest safeguards against sin. Young men should hold up for themselves the same standard which they inexorably insisted on for the other six. Indulgences and amusements and conversation unfit for one were unfit for the other.

After a caution against books, which one would not like to be found reading by a mother or sister, the preacher appealed to his hearers if the modern theatre was not an institution which he who was jealously guarding against all sully would not do well to avoid. He did not wish to vilify the theatre. Some plays probably were elevating, some entertaining, But most he believed were debasing, and much theatre-going in any case was dissipating, expensive and demoralizing. The theatre did not respect Christian purity. It ostensibly catered to the many, and, unfortunately as yet, the taste of the many was not exactingly high. The Christian in attending the theatre ven tured on an enemy's territory. A place where, as the preacher knew from personal testimony, a lady's cheeks might be made to burn at the laughter in the gallery was no place for ladies, and if not for ladies not

for gentlemen.

The testimony of Count Leo Toster was cited against balls and theaters. The atmosphere of the theatre was held to be malarious, where the soul's life sickened and decayed. Cordial concurrence was expressed in the recent utterances of a Kingston journalist, that "it is so hard to draw the line between the performances of questionable and unquestionable purity that complete isolation is the only safe policy the church can advise its members to follow." Writers of immoral books, actors of impure plays, men of unclean speech were simply cancer planters. "Let purity be sensitively guarded," he said. "One blow will destroy the rich and velvety bloom of the peach. It meeds but a rude touch to stop of its glistening beauty the flower that stands begemmed with dew drops. A pressure of the hand obliterates the marvellous and exquisite tracing of the frost upon the window pane. So there is a bloom, a dewy freshness, a delicate friage of purity about the soul which is as easily lost as it is rare and beautiful."

In regard to things lovely, or more correctly "loveable," the preacher dwelt especially on the need of something more than hard inflexible justice in busin ss life. The supremacy of justice would mean a mighty reconstruction, but the gospel insisted ou more than mere justice, on sympathy, kindliness, loveableness. No doubt business must he managed for the most part on business principles of exactitude, and justice; but to heal class jealousies and destroy antagonisms nothing less than love will suffice. Justice commands respect, only love can beget love.

In conclusion the preacher entreated men who were conscious that sin had left its stains and defilement and plague spots on them, to accept Christ and that regeneration in which a new purity and sweetness and goodness comes to the soul as beautifully as when of old in the cleansing water of the Jordan the leper Naaman saw with joy "his flesh come again like unto the flesh of a little child."

The Anglican Diocesan Missions.

Rev. Mr. Burke, of Belleville, preached in St. George's cathedral yesterday morning in behalf of the domestic missions of the diocese of Ontario. His text was St. John xiri, 35: "By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples if ye have love one to another." He urged his hearers to show forth their love to Christ by giving liberally towards the mission fund in order that the board might be able to send missionaries to parts of the diocese where none laboured at present. They should remember that they belonged to a church which had a glorious past and would have a bright future. It was planted in America 100 years ago, and it was not long since the centenary of its first bishop was celebrated. The church has been a tender plant, and has not even now attained the growth it should have. They should not, however, think the time of growth was gone, but remember that God had given them enough hope and encouragement to push onward. A very kind reference was made by the preacher to the memory of a Kingston lady, now deceased, who had been an ardent church-worker while in life, always exhibiting a spirit of generosity in the cause of missions. Her example was worthy of imitation. It was shown that between forty and fifty missionaries were at present supported by the missionary fund. The year before last three new missions were established, last year three more, and it is expected that three

new stations will be opened this year. The total contributions to the fund last year were \$11,000. It is desired to increase the amount to \$12,000.

An Account of the Funds.

The report of the Woman's auxiliary to the board of domestic and foreign missions of the Church of England in Canada, gives an account of the amount of money raised during its two years existence and how the money has ceen expended. The first year was one of thirteen months, (Dec.) '85, Dec. '86,) and the amount collected reached the sum of \$296.90, 64.90 being for foreign missions and the balance \$232 for the mission in the North-West and Algoma. Last year (Jan. '87, Dec. '87) the sum of \$64.58 was collected for foreign missions, and \$194.56 for the N. W. and Algoma and \$100.50 for the women's jubilee offering to the Algoma W. and O. fund, making a total for the twelve months of \$359.64. These returns in no way interfered with the already established yearly offerings for missionary purposes. In fact, last year ordin-ary parochial offerings on behalf of foreign, domestic and diocesan missions were in excess of previous years, the returns to diocesan missions being the largest ever made by the parish.

PERSONAL MENTION.

People Whose Movements, Sayings and Doings Attract Attention.

Col. Campbell left this afternoon for Que-

T. W. Doutney begins a week's lecturing in Guelph shortly. Mr. Ebenezer Couper had his ears badly

frozen on Saturday evening. John Wilmot, of Pittsburg township, taken suddenly ill, is now recovering. Prof. Rockwell and son give a musical en-

Mr. N. A. H. Moore, assistant postmaster at Gananoque, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Matthew Campbell has been appointed a constable for the county of Frontenac. Prof. McKay, of the Dominion business college, has returned to the city after a tour

tertainment at Lakeport on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mr. J. L. Grass, of Sault Ste. Marie, have arrived in the city and will remain until the spring.

Messrs. James Ward, sr., and James Clark, of Renfrew, will act as skips of the rinks that play on the bonspiel here.

Miss Ellers, M.D., who is physician to the Queen of Corea at a salary of \$18,000 a year, has married the Rev. D. A. Bunker. Rev. Mr. Savage is now conducting suc cessful services at Centenary church, St. John, N.B. Work is being carried on at twenty points.

Thomas Hewitt, of the water works de partment, was in Belleville on Saturday witnessing the test of the new system introduced there.

Harry Lindley, writing to the New York Mirror on "play pirates," rather upholds them, as he is more than liable to be classed under this head himself.

General Moore, leader of the Salvation army in America, was at Tweed on Saturday. This high functionary was formerly known as Major Moore, of the English sal vationists. Mr. Michael Walsh, formerly of the King-

ston hosiery mill, who has been in Paris, Ont., for some time returned to Kingston on Saturday. He takes the foremanship of the knitting room in the hosiery mill here. Mr. Messervey, one of the strongest sup-

porters of the Salvation army in Quebec, was married to Miss Lanigan, late cadet in the army, in Trinity church. The sacred edifice was crowded with the friends of the bride and groom to witness the ceremony. Mme. Adelina Patti has decided to for-

sake Wales. She was shocked by the recent burglarious visit to Craig y-nos-castle, by which she lost one of her most valuable rings, the gift of a distinguished admirer. She has determined to part with her Welsh estate, and it will soon be in the market.

THE EX-CADETS IN SESSION.

A Large Increase During the Past Year-A Dinner at the Russell House.

The annual meeting of the Royal military college club was held Saturday afternoon under the presidency of Major-General Oliver, commandant of the college, honorary president. About thirty ex-cadets were present. The meeting was of a private character, but it is understood that the club decided to ask for certain changes in the military regulations regarding cadets. Certain amendments to the by-laws were also proposed. The following officers were elected: President, W. M. Davis, C. E., Woodstock, Ont.; vice-president, Captain Septimus Denison, Toronto, South Staffordshire Regiment; secretary treasurer, Fred White, militia department, Ottawa. Committee of management - Captain A. Straub nzie, R. E., Royal military college, Kingston ; Duncan Macpherson, C. E., Montreal; R. W. Leonard, C. E., Spring Hill, N. S.; F. J. Dixon, Montreal; L. H. Irving, Toronto. In the evening a pleasant gathering took place about the groating mahogany in the Russell house, and the festivities were kept up till midnight.

APPOINTED TO OFFICE.

Mr. Thomas Conley's Addition to the Staff of the Kingston Penitentlary.

To-day Mr. Thomas Conley entered upon his duties at the Kingston penitentiary as master tailor. He was born in Kingston in a house on Brock street about fifty years ago. He received a good common school education, and becoming of age he apprenticed himself for six years to a tailor named Matthewson, who kept a clothing establishment on King street opposite the Whig office. Thirty five years ago Mr. Conley started business on his own account and has been keeping a tailor shop at intervals ever since. He held the position of license inspector under the Ontario government, and was also for a short time license inspector for the Dominion government. He served as councilman for the city three or four years and has been a school trustee for ten years. As a citizen Mr. Conley is highly respected and the unanimous verdict of all is that the government has made a wise appointment and will find in him a painstaking and efficient officer.

ATTENDANCE AT QUEEN'S.

A Great Increase Noted In It-The Number of Girl Students Present.

At the statutory meeting of the senate of Queen's university, recently held, the registrar reported the number of students registered for the present session as follows : In arts, 212; in medicine, 167; in theology. 27; or a total of 406. Allowing for five who have registered in more than one faculty the total number is 401, an increase of 28 over last session.

The total attendance at Queen's in 1870-71 was 67. The average increase annually since that date has been between 19 and 20. The increase this year is thus 50 per cent, more than the previous average rate.

Of the 401 students this session 42 are ladies. Of these 19 are in the faculty of arts and 23 in medicine.

There are more post-graduate students this year than ever before. The increase in students keeps pace with the development of the staff and general efficiency of the university.

ASSETS OF THE SOCIETY.

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S IN-TERESTS NOT CONSERVED.

Mr. Bawden Points Out Reasons Why There Should Be Representation on the Board of the Joint Stock Company-He Opens the Question in a Somewhat Startling Way.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 19. - (To the Editor)-The manner in which the interests of the Frontenac agricultural society have been sacrificed by the men who have been entrusted with its management has no parallel in the history of agricultural societies. That the farming community have shown their traditional indifference in the transfer of their assets to a joint-stock corporation is no excuse for the men who negotiated that transfer. That indifference is not only no excuse but throws the onus of maladministration more directly upon those who were entrusted with the management of the society's affairs, only to make a sacrifice of them. That it was necessary to make a change nobody will deny. That new grounds and new buildings had to be provided is indisputable. That an exhibition can be managed better by men specially adapted for such management caunot be questioned, in the light of experience gained from such exhibitions as the Industrial, of Toronto, the Western, of London, and the Central, of Hamilton. No valid objections can be er, to my knowledge, are raised against the formation of a joint-stock company for exhibition purposes in the city of Kingston. But that the interests of the Frontenac agricultural society were not properly conserved, in the contract entered into with that company, I propose to give some figures to prove. The market value of the property purchased from the government is estimated at \$13,500. Owing to the fact that it was applied for by the agricultural society for agricultural pur poses it was obtained for \$3,500. The difference, \$10,000, should certainly be credited as an asset of the society. The serviceable building material that was taken from the crystal palace and other buildings could not have been purchased for less than \$2,000, which, added to the amount received from auction sale of material expected, \$500, makes a total of \$2,500, to be added to the assets of the society. Then there is the government grant, the portion that can be legally retained, varying from year to year, never less than \$280 with an average value to the society the past three years of \$389 That amount capitalized at 5 per cent. represents an additional asset of the society to the amount of \$7,780, which, with balance on hand \$522, makes the total assets handed over to the joint stock exhibition company \$20,822. What is the consideration? The use of the grounds and buildings for exhibition purposes, with a supervision of the prize list. That is all ! No voice on the board of management!! No representation whatever!!! After adding \$20,822 to the \$20, 000 on stock, subscribed by shareholders, and retaining no control over such a substan tial addition to the company's stock. The president of the society makes an exhibition of his importance by insinuating that all those who object to the present condition of the society's affairs are insane. It is alleged that there are several farmers on the joint stock company's board, but those farmers are there as representatives of stock, and as representatives of the Frontenac agricultu-

ral society. More anon. - HENRY BAWDEN. CANADIAN BANK BILLS.

Ten Per Cent. Tax Upon Them Will Drive Them Entirely Out of Use. Watertown Times.

About three weeks ago we published a letter from Commissioner Miller in the relation to the circulation of Canadian bills in our banks, which was to the effect that for every dollar of such bills put out by the American banks a tax of ten per cent. must be paid. The matter has been taken up in cities where the bills are most likely to be offered, and an agitation has been developed which will probably drive them out of use.

S. B. Upham, Union bank, stated that no Canadian bills had ever been paid over the counter, though they had been received at par. Usually the Canadian bills are placed together until a goodly amount is on hand. Then they are sent to Kingston. The local banks thereupon lose the amount of the express charges and the cost of a draft.

George C. Sherman, National bank and loan company, had supposed it was a penal offence to pay out Canadian bills. It was never done, except as an accommodation. The bank received the bills, and when they had accumulated to the amount of about \$600 it sent them to Canada. Harry Keep made a practice of buying Canada money here and selling it in Canada for a long time, and this was the foundation of his great fortune. Before the war Canada bills were received at 3 per cent. discount, while the silver was worth only 90 cents on a

dollar. The president of the Jefferson county national bank said that it was wrong for the banks to receive Canada bills at par. "We have now," he said, "about \$3,000 in Canada money, upon which we will have to pay 75 cents per thousand expressage and of 1 per cent. for draft on New York. hope that the banks are liable to a tax of ten per cent. upon these bills, for it will tend to drive Canadian currency out of circulation. A good deal of the Canadian money is received along the line of the river and at Cape Vincent. In summer time we have some one take this money to Canada, as an accommodation, but usually we are out about \$3.25 for every \$1,000 received." The Watertown bank has already given notice to its customers that no Canadian money will hereafter be received. The bankers seem unanimous as to Canadian money circulated by them being subject to a tax, and that it will necessitate a refusal to receive it.

Catarra in New England. The best remedy for its purpose I have sold .- John Hooker, druggist, Springfield,

Mass. An article of real merit.-C. P. Alden, druggist, Springfield, Mass. Those who use it speak highly of it. -George A. Hill, druggist, Springfield,

I believe Ely's Cream Balm is the best article for catarrh ever offered the public. It has given satisfaction in every case. Bush & Co., druggists, Worcester, Mass.

Hamilton's Pills.

Cure liver complaint, biliousness, etc. These troubles arise from torpidity or inaction of the liver, and should be promptly treated. An active dose should at first be taken, say three of Hamilton's pills, followed the next night by one or two pills as the occasion may depend, after which take one pill once or twice a week, which will gradually restore the action of the great blood filter and thereby allow it to perform those functions so essential to the health and comfort of the body. Sold by dealers in medicines.

Asthma cured by the double treatment of Southern Asthma Cure, is a common remark | don Assurance companies.

SPORTING ITEMS

The Cricketers' Tour-Sullivan Can't Relieve Mitchell Wants to Fight Him.

The Newcastle trotting association has decided not to hold races this year. Pitcher Radbourne demands the sauge salary, \$4,800, as he received from Boston

last season. McCaffrey will be 162hs, when he enters the ring with Dempsey. The monpared will be about 10ths: lighter.

The cricket records show that Pittsburg did the best work of any club in the United States outside of Philadelphia in 1887.

The Syracuse ball club is in straits for money, and the members realize that they

have signed too expensive a team. J. F. Quinn, left-hand pitcher of last year's Portland, Me., team, and formerly with the Torontos, has signed with the Te-

Sullivan cannot be made to believe that Mitchell really means to fight him, and, therefore, he proposes not to train very

The team of Australian cricketers, who leave Melbourne for England early in March, intend to come back by the way of the United States and Canads and play a series of matches en route.

G. Coxworthy won the three mile sweepstake race held at the roller rink on Saturday evening. J. Cruse and R. Decker will some evening this week try their speed on roller skates.

Captain James C. Daly has posted \$500 at the Police Gazette office, and challenges any man in the world to fight a mounted sword contest on horseback for \$1,000 a side and the championship of the world. The match for the light weight champlou-

ship of the West and \$1,000 a side, between Harry Gilmour, of St. Paul, and Billy Myers, of Streater, Ill., took place at North Judson, Ind., Myers knocked Gilmour senseless in 28 rounds and was declared the win-At the International association meeting

in Buffalo the question of. colored players came up, and a motion was offered that each club be allowed to sign but one. No Sunday games will be allowed. The association takes the protection of the national agreement by paying \$2,000 to the association committee.

Archibald Gordon, the editor-in-chief of the Police Gazette, Arthur Lumley, managing editor, Theodore Butler, superintendent of the art department, George Mc-Avory, artist, and thirteen engravers have left the paper. Fox says he discharged them. They say they resigned after various disagreements, but mainly on account of a difference of opinion over the Smith-Kilrain fight. The seceders expect to start a new

TO BE ORDAINED TO-MORROW.

Mr. Smith Will Be Set Apart For Missionary Work-Sketch of the Gentleman.

To-morrow evening in Chalmers' church Rev. J. F Smith, whom the students are sending out as their missionary to China, is be ordained. Rev. Mr. Chambers is to preach; then comes the ordination; Rev. Mr. George addresses the congregation; Rev. Mr. McGillivray, the missionary, and Rev. Dr. Grant presents him with a bible and says a few kind words.

Several years ago Mr. Smith was a teacher in the Sunday school of St. Paul's church, Hamilton, while attending the collegiate institute there: He had then only a medical course in view, but by the encouragement he received through his connection with the congregation of St. Paul's he entered Queen's university, and, after the necessary training in arts, took the full theological course, graduating in April last, and is now completing the full medical course in addition to having taken a special polytechnic course at New York last summer. He is also studying dentistry and is thus being thoroughly equipped for the mission field in the province of Honan, northern China, to which he expects to go out this coming summer, by appointment of the foreign mission committee of the Presbyterian church, to be permanently maintained there by the alumni students and other friends of Queen's university. In January, 1886, the idea of colleges sending out and maintaining missionaries in the foreign field first occurred to Mr. Smith. He shortly afterwards laid it before the missionary society of Queen's college, which at once took steps towards having it carried out. The same idea was taken up by the alumni and students of Knox college, Toronto, in the summer of 1886, and their representative, Mr. Goforth, has already started for the Orient. The plan thus originated has commended itself to other colleges, and has al ready been adopted by some of the leading institutions of the United States, prominent among them being Princeton college, New Jersey.

TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

Cox & Co's. Office Closed Up-Speculators Looking For Their Money.

On Saturday night a despatch was received by Mayor Thompson announcing the suspension of the commission house of Cox & Co., Toronto, and which had a branch office on Ontario street. For over two weeks no business has been done, owing to a difficulty about payments to dealers. Several persons who had speculated and who had come out with a fair display of gains found that neither their investments nor the profits were forthcoming. The circumstance created some astonishment and a great deal of bad feeling. E. Strachan Cox, the nead of the concern, arrived a week ago, had the books examined, announced that the total indebtedness was \$6,000 or \$7,000 and added; "No one will lose a cent, their claims are just and are as good as gold, and will all be squared up by Wednesday." The days passed and also the time of payment passed. Saturday came with the announcement of suspension, and the speculators are in greater alarm as to their capital than ever.

There are a number interested in amounts ranging from \$400 to \$2,000. One young man, who put up the savings of years, will be a serious loser. The office was locked up to-day.

A CHURCH ON FIRE.

John Street Presbyterian Church in Flames -The Fire Quickly Damped Out.

Shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday fire was discovered in the John street Presbyterian church, one of the most costly edifices in Belleville. The fire, originating from the furnace, had made considerable progress and was rapidly spreading when the hose was attached to a hydrant at the south-west end of the church, and in half an hourthe flames were drowned out without any assistance from the engines. The building is uninjured, but the seats, carpetings, and interior fittings are badly damaged by water. Mr. Bolger of this city witnessed the conflagra-

Rev. J. H. George is the present pastor. Among his predecessors were Rev. John Burton, Toronto, and Rev. David Mitchell, of Jersey City, N. J. The church was built about thirty years ago and cost \$25,000, besides about \$1,000 improvements made this year. A \$1,500 organ was to be put in next week. The church was insured for \$10,000 in the Commercial Union and Lon-

INCIDENTS OF THE DAY.

PARAGRAPHS PICKED UP BY OUR BUSY REPORTERS.

The Spice of Every Day Life What the Public are Talking About - Nothing Escapes the Attention of Those Who are

Taking Notes. Belleville pays \$6,000 for 168 hydrants. Kingston can do better than that.

Eight cases of violation of the Scott act were tried at Gananoque on Monday. The managers of Cooke's church paid \$2,-

500 to-day, part of a debt which rests upon the church. \$6.50 and 87 pants to order from Byrnes' bankrept stock to order for \$3.50 and \$4 at

Livingston Bros. The tragrance of Hendry & Thompson's is now unsurpassed. Try it and you will use no other.

Brook & Booth's is the encapest place for pine blocks, bunchwood, hard or soft wood cut or un-cut

The cold snap is nothing to the snap in clothing from Byrnes' stock now selling at Livingston Bros.

Owing to the machinery in the car works, becoming disabled the employees were unable to work to-day. If you are not pleased with the coffee you

are using, try Hendry & Thompson's; it always gives satisfaction. The commandant and officers of "B" battery, Quebec, have issued cards for a ball

at the citadel on Feb. 1st. The "Messiah" chorus will meet for re hearsal on I uesday evening instead of Mon

day at St. Paul's school house. The gleeclub, connected with the Philoma theon society, appears at the concert to be

held at Stella, on Friday evening. A grand hockey match will be played on the citizens rink on Wednesday at 4 p.m., between the cadets and students.

Speaking about beauty last night Rev. Mr. Bland said, "Christianity is the best cosmetic ever discovered for the face.

City commercial travellers have had their lists of country firms reduced. The wholesalers want to do a safe, if not an extensive, business.

One hundred different styles of single and double trusses at Wade's drug store. The incorporation of the Alexandria Bay

steamboat complete. The principal office will be at Alexandria Bay and the capital stock \$30,000. The weather on Saturday was very hard

on the poor, who suffered greatly. In some houses it was all they could do to keep warm. The county council meets to-morrow. Hugh Smith, Portland, Hugh Rankin, Kingston, and W. Hutton, Pittsburg, are

after the warden's chair. Jack Frost and Jerry Bastow completed a partnership last week. Jack on Saturday night broke the water pipes; to-day Jerry is mending them. Profitable business!

A burglar arrested at Toronto has been identified as a young man committed to Kingston penitentiary from Peterboro some three years ago on a charge of burglary.

A tachelor clergyman, who remarked last evening in his sermon "that some of the best things are girlish," caused a smile among those who viewed the remark in a practical sense.

You hardly realize that it is medicine. when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved by their use. If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miser able, and these little pills cure both. Try our dry edgings, \$2.50 per cord ; dry

pine blocks, \$3 per cord ; dry oak cordwood, as good as ordinary hardwood, \$3.50 per cord. delivered throughout the city. R. Crawford, foot of Queen street The city officials complain that their offices

cannot be properly heated during extremely cold weather by the stoves now in use. They advocate that a stove be placed in the lobby leading to the city hall, and that an inside door be adopted. The meetings of the Salvation army held

yesterday were conducted by a new officer, Capt. Cook. He is young, a good speaker and singer, and exhibits a great deal of enthusiasm in his work. He is well fitted to make a successful commander. At Belleville on Saturday Victor Eccles, formerly of Kingston, was sentenced to five

months in gaol for aggravated assault on W. Minor, in the Kyle house, on the 13th inst., and find \$25 or 60 days' additional imprisonment for assault on Mr. Kyle. At the regular drawing of Father Labelle's lottery, held at Montreal on Thursday last, ten young men, of this city, who combined and purchased tickets, won a gold watch

valued at \$50. They received \$45 in cash.

A. Ryan held the lucky ticket, 15,488, which drew the prize. Dr. Henderson reports that McGuire, who was injured by a locomotive on Saturday, is better to day. His injured leg was not amputated on Saturday as was intended owing to the weakness of the patient. The broken forearm was set, however, and the

leg will be removed to-morrow. The following students entered the Dominion business college last week; W. Robin son Oliver and Thomas McMahon, city; David Stratten, Dufferin; W. Gould, Smith's Falls; R. S. Miller, Appleton; Alvin Jenkinson, Prescott; Peter Marsh, Huntsville; G. W. Thomas, Domville; Alexander Colville, Oswego.

Purchased a Heavy Horse.

Mr. Peter McLaren, the millionaire lumberman of Perth, has just purchased from J. H. Metcalfe, M.P.P., the magnificent four-year-old Percheron stallion Gillies, which weighs 1,900 lbs. and is considered one of the largest and finest draught stallions in Canada. The horse was imported from France by the Dubuanes, of Illinois, and sold by them to the Chipman ranche company, of Calgary, from whom Mr. Metcalfe purchased the animal. Mr. McLaren intends going into the raising of heavy stock.

Be Sure and Hear Them.

The Burns anniversary concert in theopera house to-morrow evening should be an attraction for Scotchmen and their descendants. Findlay McGregor, who appears, is a com-plete show in himself; he is supported by Mrs. Bowman, who has a magnificent voice, and delights the audiences. Mr. McGregor's imitations of the different musical instruments are exceedingly good and have been rarely equalled, while his Scotch selections are claimed by many to be equal, if not superior, to the great Scotch vocalist, Ken-

A woman who is weak, nervous and sleepless, and who has cold hands and feet, cannot feel and act like a well person. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, remove nervousness, and give strength and rest.



Weather Probabilities. East to south winds, increasing cloudiness, followed by a fall of snow, higher tem perature.