

THE DAILY WHIG.

KINGSTON, CANADA FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 9, 1887.

NO. 287

VOL. LXI

REMINDERS.

FRIDAY.

THOS. N. DOUTNEY at the City Hall.
SALE of fancy articles by the Mission Band
of Chalmers Church at 7 P.M.

WANTED.

A COOK—IMMEDIATELY. Apply to Mrs.
S. BURCH, 120 Bagot St.

PUSHING MEN at once. Salary from start.
Unequalled advantages. BROWN BROTHERS,
Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y.

LADIES for our Fall and Christmas Trade, to
take light, pleasant work at their own homes.
\$1 to \$3 per day can be quietly made. Work
sent by mail any distance. Particulars free.
No canvassing. Address at once, CRESCEY
ART CO., 147 Milk St., Boston, Mass. Box 579.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

ONE OF THE BEST BUTCHER BUSINESSES
in Toronto, situated on the best cash business
street in the city; well established and
doing a big trade; will sell or lease good will
and everything appertaining to the business
cheap. Reason for selling—owner intends going
to California. Address all communications to
S. T. NELSON, 21 Wood St., Toronto.

TO-LET.

A HOUSE containing five rooms. Apply to
A. PIPER, Wade's Lane, on the premises.

FOUR OF THE NEW TWO-STORY BRICK
Dwellings, with extension, in Dunn Terrace,
corner Bagot and Bay Sts. Apply to Mrs. C. A.
HICKEY, Dry Goods and Millinery, Princess St.

TWO TWO FINE CUT STONE HOUSES
on Division St., just completed; 8 rooms each,
hard and soft water, fine lawn; rent, \$120 per
annum. Apply to JAMES CLAWFOOD, Grocer.

TWO NEW BRICK DWELLINGS, six rooms
each, fronting on Princess Street, 15 minutes
walk from the Market Square; hard and soft
water, and all the modern improvements.
Terms easy. T. CARTER, Williamsville.

FOR SALE OR TO-LET.

FINE CITY HOME. The undersigned offers
for sale that DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT
now occupied by him on Earl Street. The
whole is offered in one block, having about
one hundred and twenty feet frontage on Earl
Street, and the Upper Lot runs through to West
Street. The BUILDINGS on the property
are almost new, and the garden is planted with
the choicest fruits. For terms apply to THOS.
MOORE.

SPECIAL MENTION.

FLANNEL SHIRTS made to order in any
style at W. REEVE'S, King Street.

FOUND AT LAST—A remedy warranted to
cure hard and soft Corns, Bunions, Callouses
etc. Hancock's Magic Corn Salve, in boxes, 50c
at Wade's Drug Store.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.—Grasp a Bottle
of the DIAMOND COUGH REMEDY. The first
dose frequently stops a cough. Composed of
Wild Cherry, Horehound, Eucalyptus and
other valuable ingredients. Pleasant to take.
In bottles, 25c. and 50c., at WADE'S DRUG
STORE.

WADE'S MANDRAKE LIVER PILLS are
purely a vegetable Cathartic, being entirely free
from Calomel or any Metallic substance. In
case of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Dyspepsia,
Headache, &c., they give universal satisfaction.
They are Sugar-coated. One box, 50c. In
Bottles 25c., at WADE'S DRUG STORE.

LOOK OUT FOR COLD WEATHER!

BIG BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

THOS. CUNNINGHAM

Has now on hand one of the Largest Stocks
well bought for cash, ever offered in this city.
Look at our lines: Ladies' Felt Boots, Ladies'
Kid Boots, Ladies' Skating Boots, Men's Winter
Boots (Full Footed up to the top) only \$2, really
worth \$3—a Genuine Bargain. There is also a
large stock of Hand-Made Custom Work on
hand which will be sold at Slaughter Prices.
Rubbers and Overshoes in great variety. Custom
Work a specialty.

THOMAS CUNNINGHAM,
267 PRINCESS STREET.

GYMNASIUM SCHOOL & ROLLER RINK.

Lessons Given in Gymnastics, Sparring,
Fencing, Clubs, Dumb-Bell and Callis-
thenic Exercises.

SERGT.-MAJ. MORGANS, INSTRUCTOR.

Mondays, Tuesdays and Fridays—Boys
Classes, (not over 14 years) 6:30 to 7:45 p.m.;
Adults Classes, 8 to 9:30 p.m.

Terms, payable in advance—Adults, \$1.50 per
month—Boys, 75c per month.

CALISTHENIC CLASS, for Young Ladies,
Wednesdays and Fridays, 3 to 4 p.m., and 4:30
to 5:30 p.m. Terms, in advance—75c per month.

THE GRAND UNIVERSAL

Hard Coal Base Burner.

"It Stands at the Head" for artistic
design, cleanliness and simplicity
of construction. Its heating
capacity surpasses that of any
other Stove of the present day.
Every Stove a Double Heater.

For sale only at
THE NEW STOVE DEPOT,

BIBBY & VIRTUE,

335 and 337 King Street.

ROYAL ART STOVES AND RANGES.

Some of our customers were so struck by E.
and C. Gurney Co's

"ROYAL ART".

That they ordered at first sight and requested
us to take the stoves which they had in use.
Therefore we have a number of Second-Hand
Stoves, in good condition, For Sale Cheap at
our Ware Rooms, 189 PRINCESS STREET.

R. M. HORSEY & CO.

CITY AUCTION ROOMS,

125 Princess Street.

Auction Sale of Second-Hand Furniture on
WEDNESDAY, DEC. 14th, consisting of Cook
and Hall Stoves, one Parlor Suite, one Marble
Top Table, Marble Top Sideboard, Dining
Table, Carpets, and a lot of other goods. Sale
to commence at 10 a.m. Terms—Cash.

E. R. MARTIN, Auctioneer,
Agent for The Manufacturers' Life and Accident
Insurance Co.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE BY TENDER.

TENDERS will be received, addressed to the
undersigned, until SATURDAY, 17th DEC.,
at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purchase of the
Estate of the late Patrick Derry, containing
Three Tenements, corner Colborne and Chat-
ham Streets.

The highest or any tender not necessarily ac-
cepted.

GEO. MOORE'S, Executors.
PETER BATES, Solicitor.
Kingston, Dec. 9th, 1887.

GENERAL TICKET AGENCY.

For cheap tickets to all points, and infor-
mation pertaining to all Routes, apply to

F. A. FOLGER, General Ticket Agent,
Ferry Wharf, Foot of Brock Street
KINGSTON, ONT.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY

Are making a Specialty of CHEAP MILL
WOOD and

\$1.25 AND \$1.50 CEDAR SHINGLES.

These lines are worth more than we hold
them at.

THE THOUSAND ISLAND ROUTE BY
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg R.R.

To Utica, Albany, New York, Philadel'a.

Washington, Baltimore and all Points in North
and New York, via G.T.R. and N.Y.C. Rys.

T. HANLEY, Gen. Ticket Agent.

Whig's Telephone Number, 128.

BALANCING ON THE FENCE.

Position of the Tories—Divided Concern-
ing Free Trade and Protection.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—The effect of President
Cleveland's message on English politics is
discernible. The coalition of Tories and
liberal Unionists, already divided on the
question of increased tariff, are now
more so. Even the Tories are divided among
themselves, men like Sir Robert Fowler and
other members of parliament holding abso-
lutely safe Tory seats, condemning Mr.
Howard Vincent's attack on free trade. The
whole question is a greater embarrassment to
Lord Salisbury than ever. If he approves Mr.
Vincent's proposal he will lose seats in the
boroughs; if he opposes it, he will lose
seats in the counties. The watchword,
therefore is "sit on the fence." Strong
pressure has been put by Lord Salisbury on
Mr. Chaplin. For many years he has been
the leader of the forlorn hope in parliament
in favor of protection in behalf of agriculture.
The effect was seen in Mr. Chaplin's speech
yesterday to the associated chambers of agri-
culture. It was impossible to get a definite
idea of his principles, but it was quite clear
that after advocating all his life a duty on
corn as a cardinal principle of tariff reform,
he now declares against it, on the ground
that in some foreign country the duty on
corn has not raised the price. Of course
this alleged reason is only a pretence. The
object is to allay for the moment the fears
of dear food in England, which is so largely
dependent on other countries for produce.
Mr. Vincent accuses Sir Robert Fowler of
indifference to the long continued sufferings
of the agricultural urban populations owing
to the lack of employment, and says: "Mr.
Cleveland announces to a bewildered world
a superfluity of public revenue of a score of
millions sterling. That is what the defence
of American industries has done for the
republic in a quarter of a century." He com-
pares this with England, where, he alleges,
there is a disturbed population, a groaning
exchequer, and increasing national and local
burdens. The Times styles Mr. Vincent's
manifesto "turgid rhetoric," and says:

"The assumption that those who do not
adopt the proposed remedy are indifferent
to the existing evils is transparent sophis-
try. It shows that fiscal reformers like Mr.
Vincent assert their readiness to exempt
the colonies and India from proposed taxa-
tion, but are, as protectionists, content to
let colonial produce compete on equal terms.
It is easy to dissatisfy people on loose gen-
eralities, but the moment a definite propo-
sal is made it is impossible to agree."

Mr. John Morley and the Marquis of
Ripon's visit to Ireland next month will be
as a counterblast to Lord Harrington and
Mr. Goschen's visit, and give an opportunity
of contrasting the two receptions.

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

President Carnot's Father Outlines His
Character—M. Grey Very Ill.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—The *Gazette* publishes an
interview with Senator Carnot who said:
"My son, now president of the French Repu-
blic, is of philosophic temperament. I
educated him myself. I taught him to be
tolerant. Under his presidency one can
think, pray or play as he sees fit." After
speaking slightly of Boulanger and his eph-
emeral popularity Carnot said: "My son
is now engaged in the formation of his cab-
inet which is to reconcile and conciliate republi-
cans of each and every complexion." After
referring to Ferry's patriotic role in the
national assembly the father of the new
president was of the opinion that the ministry
of Rouvier and Flourens, made acceptable
to Clemenceau by the infusion of some
radical blood, would be called upon to man
the ship of state.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Orleanist managers
consider that Carnot's election has postponed
their propaganda ten years.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Ex-President Grevy is ill.
His memories are being written by his
nephew.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Follieries has agreed to
form a cabinet, and it is thought he will
select several of the ministers who were in
the Rouvier cabinet.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—M. Goblet has informed
President Carnot that, owing to the refusal
of several statesmen to join him, he is un-
able to form a cabinet. The president has,
therefore, made another appeal to M. Fal-
lieries to undertake the risk. M. Fallieries
will inform him of his decision to-night.
The discussion among the republicans con-
tinues.

EUROPEAN WAR TALK.

No Occasion For Alarm Just Now—Only a
Passing Breeze After All.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 8.—Advices from
the frontier say that the Russian troops are
suffering from bad accommodations and bad
food. The sick list is very large.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—The alarmist rumors are
attributed here to a Berlin financier, oper-
ating for a fall in Russian securities, and to
the desire of Prince Bismarck to obtain
further military credits.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—Sir James Ferguson,
under foreign secretary, speaking at Guil-
ford yesterday, said, the government had
received no news which justified the alarmist
war rumors prevailing in Europe.

LONDON, Dec. 9., (2:30 p.m.)—The stock
market opened strong this morning but has
since become weaker on rumors that Count
Kalnoky, the Austro-Hungarian prime min-
ister, has resigned.

Who ever heard of such a thing as Ma-
laga grapes being sold twelve pounds for a
dollar. Buy them to-morrow at Hender-
son's cheap grocery house.

FISHERIES COMMISSION.

A HITCH IN THE ARRANGEMENTS,
AND ITS NATURE.

Sir Charles Tupper Wants One Thing and
the American Commissioners Only Will-
ing to Grant Another—What Will the
Upshot of the Difficulty Be?

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—A Washington des-
patch to the *Evening Post* says: The nego-
tiations of the fishery commission are ap-
proaching an end, and there is good au-
thority for the statement that all attempts
to secure an agreement upon a treaty have
failed. It appears that Mr. Chamberlain
and Mr. Bayard could have come to an un-
derstanding, but Sir Charles Tupper, the
Canadian commissioner, is not willing to
accept the terms to which alone the Ameri-
can commissioners and Secretary Bayard
will agree. In fact, he is classed by his
associates as an irreconcilable, and they
acknowledge to those in official relations
with them that it may be considered that
the negotiations, so far as the treaty goes,
are practically at an end. Sir Charles Tupper
insisted upon a new reciprocity treaty
similar, in all its essential details, to that
of 1854 in consideration of the concessions
which Canada is prepared to make to the
fisheries. The American commissioners
seem to have been convinced, by the repre-
sentations made to them, that it will not be
practicable to secure the ratification of such
a treaty.

ARBITRATION PROPOSED.

Those who are best informed upon the
subject are now of the opinion that, so far
as our administration goes, the subject will
end by a recommendation by the president
to congress, at the earliest practicable day,
that a joint resolution shall be passed au-
thorizing the executive to refer all questions
as to the interpretation of the treaty of 1818
to arbitration. This would, of course, be in
effect a requisition for the appointment of
a commission, but it would be a commission
having a limited jurisdiction, to the appoin-
tment of which there would not, of
course, be the same opposition on the part
of the fishery interests that there has been
to the general commission, which was
recommended by the president to the last
congress, and which has always been so
strenuously insisted upon by Secretary
Bayard. There is reason to believe that a
commission of arbitration, whose jurisdiction
and duties were confined strictly to an in-
terpretation of the treaty of 1818, and to the
two special subjects of definition of the
boundary of the marine league and the
reciprocal rights as to entering ports of the
respective countries, would not be opposed
in the senate.

NOT A SURPRISE.

A gentleman well informed as to the pro-
gress of the negotiations says that the fail-
ure to secure a treaty will not surprise the
British commissioners or the government of
Great Britain. "Great Britain," he ex-
plains, "really did not expect to accomplish
anything by this negotiation, but the Salis-
bury government has really accomplished
its purpose in sending Mr. Chamberlain
to America. That government cares very
little for Canada or for Canadian fishing in-
terests, and the British people are alike un-
concerned upon these subjects. The press
of Great Britain does not discuss the fishery
agitation, and manifests very little interest
in it. The burning question in England is
the Irish situation, and this question has
been largely complicated by the apparent
sympathy with home rule in the United
States. This sympathy, it has been believed
in England, was not confined to Irish agita-
tors, but

EXTENDED TO AMERICANS

of high standing and influence. The Salis-
bury government, which is very shrewd,
has sent Mr. Chamberlain, the leading radical
anti home ruler, to this country on this
mission for a purpose. His reception here,
the courtesies which have been extended to
him, and the favorable comments which
have been generally made upon him in the
press and elsewhere, have attracted atten-
tion in England, and accomplished the ob-
ject of the Salisbury government in its at-
tempt to create the impression that the
feeling of home rule in the United States is
not as strong as supposed. The English
newspapers, which control public sentiment
very much, more largely than newspapers
do in this country, have called attention to
this fact. And this accomplished Great
Britain will consider that the mission of
Chamberlain has been successful, and will
be quite content to permit Canada to shift
for herself."

A CONTEST IN CARLETON.

Sir John Will Resign That Constituency
and Sit for Kingston.

OTTAWA, Dec. 8.—Sir John will resign
Carleton. There is considerable specula-
tion as to who will be the conservative can-
didate in Carleton. There is a large num-
ber of aspirants, including ex-Sheriff Powell
and Mr. John Rochester. There is a rumor
that no matter what the result of the Rus-
sell trial, which is fixed for hearing on Dec.
27th, C. H. Mackintosh will not run there
again, but in Carleton, and that Mr. Dan
MacMaster will endeavor to wrest Russell
from the opposition.

OTTAWA, Dec. 9.—There promises to be a
lively campaign in Carleton county. Eight
out of twenty-four county councillors sitting
here have expressed their intention of being
candidates. They are all conservatives.

Afraid of the Small-pox.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The steamer Elysia
has arrived at New Orleans with 614 immi-
grants from the cholera infected districts of
Italy. There is an English surgeon on
board. The vessel has a clean bill of health,
and there were forty cases of sickness on
the voyage. She was detained three days
at quarantine. Cholera has twice been in-
troduced into this country via New Orleans
at this season of the year.

The Anarchists and the Dead.

CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—The anarchists have
decided to give five festivals at five differ-
ent halls for the benefit of the families of
the dead or imprisoned anarchists. One
will be held on Saturday, two on Sunday,
and two on Tuesday. The burial of the
executed anarchists will take place at
Waldheim, on Christmas day.

Always Favorable to Cheapness.

Toronto News.
There is a general feeling abroad among
merchants and the people generally that
in this Canada of ours a two cent postage sys-
tem would be more acceptable than the pre-
sent three cent rate.

The national republican convention will
be held Chicago on June 19th.

TEACHERS ARRIVING LATE.

They Will be Cured of This Habit—The
Inspector's Statements.

At the meeting of the school board last
evening remarks were made to the effect
that some of the teachers had been habitu-
ally late at the schools. It was stated that
the secretary had to wait in one school a
half an hour, after the time the session
should begin, for a teacher. Mr. Kidd
stated that only a few of the teachers were
given to lateness. As a rule the teachers
were very punctual and faithful in the dis-
charge of their duty. He, however, de-
sired that the teachers should be at
their posts every morning at 8:45, to
receive the children, and prevent them
from doing injury to school property, and
teachers should be with their children at all
times. That was their duty. After January
1st he intended to compel a compliance
with certain rules. The principals of the
schools will be required to report to the
board, the time of arrival of each teacher
under his supervision. A time book will be
placed in the rooms of the principals, and in
it the teachers will be required to enter their
names and the time of their arrival.

THE INFANTICIDE CASE.

A Coroner's Jury Declare That the Baby
Was Murdered by Its Mother.

TORONTO, Dec. 8.—Coroner Johnston held
inquest to-day upon the body of the in-
fant of John and Elizabeth Fellows. Some
of the evidence was of a revolting character,
it being proved beyond doubt that the un-
fortunate woman had resorted to cannibalism
after killing the child. The doctor's
evidence established the fact that she was
suffering from puerperal insanity. The hus-
band appeared to have done his utmost
to prevent the harming of the child, having
paid five visits to the house on the day of
the tragedy. After he had learned what had
happened he did not leave the other children
alone with their mother. The coroner told
the jury that although there was no doubt
of the insanity of the woman, that must not
prevent them from bringing in a verdict of
murder; accordingly they brought in one to
that effect.

MR. M'GLYNN'S INFLUENCE.

The Collections for the Pope and What
They Seem to Indicate.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The collections for
the pope in the Roman churches of New
York had been awaited as a criterion of the
force of the anti-poverty society's fight on
Archbishop Corrigan and his holiness. It is
\$36,663 larger than the collections of several
years put together. The people of St. Ste-
phen's parish, of which Dr. McGlynn was
pastor, were peculiarly emphatic. Last
year, before the doctor advised them to boy-
cott the pope, that congregation contributed
about \$300 as Peter's pence; this year they
contributed over \$1,100. While Dr. Mc-
Glynn maintained that his parish couldn't
support a school, they now have one running
well supported and attended by several
hundred children.

THE TROUBLES OF IRELAND.

Mr. Dillon's Last Large Contract—Harrington
Appeal Case Discussed.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Mr. Dillon, in a speech
at Islington, said that the nationalists in-
tended to publish an analysis showing that
the persons on the platform at the recent
meeting in Dublin, addressed by Lord Har-
rington, were chiefly Castle officials, Orange-
men and lawyers.

The court offered to release Mr. Harring-
ton on his own recognizance if he would
agree not to publish any more reports of
meetings of suppressed branches of the
league, but he refused to give such a pro-
mise. The court declined to state the case
for appeal.

The Exposure Killed Him.

On Wednesday Reuben Green, aged 18
years, returning to his home near Parham
after an absence of six months, started across
Eagle Lake, the ice on which had only taken
the night previous. When about half way
across he broke through and clung to the
ice but before assistance arrived became un-
conscious. Shortly after being rescued he
breathed his last, dying from exposure.

Food for Consumptives.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with
Hypophosphites, is a most marvelous food
and medicine. It heals the irritation of
the throat and lungs, and gives flesh and
strength quicker than any other remedy
known. It is very palatable, having none
of the disagreeable taste of the crude oil.
Put up in 50c. and \$1 size.

Russia Makes a Choice.

VIENNA, Dec. 9.—The *Correspondence
De L'Est* states that Russia has agreed to
accept the Duke of Gothland, the second
son of the King of Sweden, as a candidate
for the throne of Bulgaria in place of Prince
Ferdinand.

Taking Action for Damages.

NATCHEZ, Miss., Dec. 9.—Five damage
suits, aggregating \$140,000 have been in-
stituted against the Natchez cotton company
by surviving relatives of those killed in the
explosion which took place in the mill last
May.

Tumbled Into a Well.

QUEBEC, Dec. 9.—Miss Armstrong, Inver-
ness, went to the well to lower some milk,
when she fell into it, and though she man-
aged to drag herself out was found dead short-
ly afterwards from exhaustion.

Great Failure in Glasgow.

GLASGOW, Dec. 9.—Armstrong Brothers
& Co., the largest operators in the iron
ring, have failed owing to the rise in the
price of pig iron. The iron markets here
are excited and there is a great amount of
speculation.

Danger Yet Apparent.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Paris correspon-
dent of the *Times* learns that the Russian
government has just refused the offer of a
Parisian syndicate to guarantee the raising
of a loan of \$150,000,000. This action, he
says, is proof of Russia's pacific intentions.

25c.—Bloomfield Best Cider—25c.

Sweet cider, 25c; sweet oranges, 25c;
fine new dates, 10c; lemons, 25c dozen; Ma-
laga grapes, 15c; cranberries, 25c quart.
James Crawford.

Judge Lawrence, New York, to-day ad- mitted Most, the anarchist, to bail in the sum of \$5,000.

I always enjoy breakfast at Mr. Blank's
They use Henry & Thompson's coffee, and
it is lovely.

AFFAIRS OF THE WORLD.

TELEGRAMS FROM THE EARTH'S
FOUR QUARTERS GIVEN.

The Little Things that Affect Canadians—
Flashes From Europe and What They
Portend—A Little of Everything Easily
Read and Remembered.

The hardware establishment of James
Atcheson, St. Thomas, was destroyed by
fire this morning. Loss, \$1,000; insured.

Mr. Mandeville, a prisoner in Tallmore
gaol, has been subjected to bread and water
for 48 hours for refusing to clean his cell.

King Humbert has contributed \$4,000,
and the pope \$600, to a fund for the relief
of sufferers by the recent earthquake in
Calabria.

Christian Denning, a well-known anarch-
ist, Chicago, grieving over the death of
Spies and his fellow revolutionists, has com-
mitted suicide by hanging.

Frederick Seburn, Welland, was found
dead in his house, having committed suicide
by hanging. Grief at the loss of his wife
and financial troubles are ascribed as the
cause.

The Dublin libel suit of Mr. Joyce
against his former employer, the Marquis of
Clanricarde, for \$50,000 damages, has result-
ed in a verdict for plaintiff, who was
awarded \$1,200.

Thomas White, who killed Harry Wood-
son, the black diamond, a coloured pugilist,
at Chicago, was found guilty of man-
slaughter, and was sentenced to five years
in the penitentiary.

A commission to enquire into the law and
practice of municipal institutions in this
province and other provinces has been
issued to the Hon. T. W. Anglin, E. T. B.
Johnston and W. Houston. Their report
will be submitted to the Ontario legislature
next session.

Mr. Labouchere, of *Truth*, has received
an anonymous contribution of sixpences for
contribution among the workhouse children
of London. This year he has received
10,000 new sixpences, with a request that
he again undertake the task.

A deputation from Toronto university
senate will wait upon the minister of educa-
tion this afternoon to ascertain what im-
pediment exists to the immediate bringing
into force of the University act of last ses-
sion.

Lord Dalhousie's life was insured for about
\$200,000. His four younger sons will be
well provided for, as under the Scotch law
of entail, the free,