TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT. BOLTON'S REALISTIC TRAVELS

Under the auspices of the Central School Teachers,

"LANDS OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN," and "ENGLAND'S GOLDEN AGE, 1837-87." 500 square feet of Canvas! Calcium Light Over 120 Brilliant Artistic Views!!!

Opera House, Monday & Tuesday, Dec. 5th & 6th. Lar General admission—Adults, 35c; Children, 5c. Reserved Seats—Adults, 50c; Children, 5c. Plan open at Nisbit's Bookstore.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE BY TENDER. TENDERS will be received, addressed to the

undersi med, until SATURDAY, 17TH DEC., at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purchase of the Estate of the late Patrick Derry, containing Three Tenements, corner Colberne and Chat-The highest or any tender not necessarily ac-

GEO. MOOERS, Executors.

Kingston, Dec. 5th, 1887,

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.



TO THE ELECTORS :-

In respectfully soliciting your votes and influences for the ensuing Mayoralty election, I trust that my service in the Council in important positions, and my fidelity to the interests of the city at large, will commend me to your fullest support and consideration.

Yours Faithfully. J. DUNCAN THOMPSON.

DRENNAN FOR MAYOR.



To the Electors of Kingston: *

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, -Being sure that if elected Mayor of this City for 1888, my course in the Council during the year will meet with the approval of the public in general, I respectfully solicit your votes and influence in the coming Mayoralty Election. I will spare no efforts in behalf of measures which will be in the interests of Kingston and its people. W. M. DRENNAN,

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS, 1888.

TO GEO. S. FENWICK, ESQ. :

We, the undersigned Electors, request you to offer yourself as a candidate for Alderman for Ontario Ward, and promise you our heartiest support and influence

J. McNaughton. R. M. Rose, T. McAuley, Wm. Allen, Jno. Fraser. J. M. Machar J. Smith. J. C. Mitchell, Wm. Rigney. J. B. Murphy, Jno. McKay. John Schroder, Jno. Laidlaw. Jas, Kavanagh, David G. Laidlaw. A. Gunn, H. T. Shibley. T. G. Rudd, R. J. Bowes, John Reyner, James B. Johnston. John Mudie, Jno. Ward. A. P. Knight, Jno, C. Innes. R. Stirling. J. Belcher, R. E. Kent, W. C. Martin, Thos. Y. Greet, 'hos, Mills, Saml. Dyde, Dan Callaghan, Richard T. Walkem, Robert Hendry, Jr., Thos. Wilson, B. Walkem, Thos. Peters, R. Vashon Rogers R. Crawford, A. Ross, W. D. McRae, Jas. McArthur, B. M. Britton, George A. Kirkpatrick, T. M. Parkins, C. F. Gildersleeve, Wm. Ford, L. W. Breck. Jno. L. Whiting. R. M. Ford. E. A. Booth, . B. Carruthers, . A. Hendry. E. J. B. Pense, B. W. Robertson, W. R. McRae. Patrick Browne, N. K. Scott, James Yule, R. W. R. McRae. W. Carey, L. Clements, Robert Christoe, Robert T. Burns. Fred. Crosby. N. McNeil. W. C. Carruthers, J. A. LeHeup, M. S. Sutherland,

To the Electors of Ontario Ward: GENTLEMEN, -As requested by the above named electors, I very cordially offer myself as

Owen Tierney,

one of the candidates for your suffrage. The honour is one not only unsolicited, but quite unexpected; and if elected my services in your interests shall be discharged conscientiously to the best of my ability.

As it is an office of trust and confidence so it should be tendered and not solicited. I shall, therefore, not can vass a vote, leaving it entirely to your own good judgment who shall repre sent you in the Council.

GEORGE S. FENWICK.

And others.

To the Electors of Ontario Ward. IN offering myself for re-election to the posi-tion of Alderman for the ensuing year, I re spectfully solicit your votes and influence. JOSEPH F. SWIFT.

To The Electors of Cataragui Ward. I again offer myself for re-election to the position of Alderman for the ensuing year. I wish any voter I cannot see personally to kind ly accept this request for their vote and in-

F. S. REES.

To the Electors of Frontenac Ward. BEING solicited by a large number of the electors of Frontenac Ward to stand for Alderman for 1888, I now solicit your votes and in-

N. WILMOT.

To the Electors of Cataragui Ward I re pectfully solicit your votes and influence as Alderman for the ensuing year. DR. D. PHELAN.

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE

On the Kingston & Pembroke Railway.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his Dwelling Houses, Store and other buildings at CLAREN-DON STATION, together with about 348 acres of land. This is one of the business stands on the K. & P. Road for a live man with capital of \$3,000 or \$4,000. Terms reasonable.

For further particulars apply to the sub-scriber on premises, on Mondays or Tuesdays or by letter address Ardoch P.O. BRAMWELL WATKINS.

UNTIL NEW YEAR'S Great Reductions in all kinds of PHOTOS

New Scenery, First-Class work, Prompt de-livery. Come early and avoid waiting. Give

WM KELLY.

Cor Princess & Montreal Sta TO BE DISPOSED OF,

An Excellent General Store Business

In the Country, doing fully \$800 a month, at a fair profit; nearly all cash or monthly payments. For particulars apply tol. A. DUNLAP, care of H. & W. J. Crothers, Kingston.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every even-ing, at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, AT SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS. For four lines, one or two insertions.....\$0 50 For four lines, each subsequent insertion..... 25 Over four lines, first insertion...... 10c per line Each subsequent consecutive ins.... 5c Once a week, subsequent ins..... 10c

Twice a week, subsequent ins..... 8c

Three a week, subsequent ins..... 6c

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c, each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged.

Special notices in reading columns are charged.

ed at extra rates. Officers of unincorporated Associations or Societies will be held personally responsible fer all orders they give.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year. Attachea to the paper is one of the best Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; 8 improved printing presses. EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor."

THE COST OF COAL.

A Philadelphia despatch announces that a large coal corporation, will, within a fortnight, reduce the price of hard coal by \$1 per ton. The recent rise in hard coal, which has been mainly attributed to the strike, was really contributed to by the enormous demand before the closing of navigation and the setting in of the winter season. So great was the quantity shipped that the railways were overtaxed in its transportation. This forced a temporary rise in prices, but now that the pressure has ceased the price of coal will go down.

THE FEDERAL BANK.

Whatever the reasons-and it is idle to speculate upon them-the Federal bank stock sustained a serious drop on Saturday. Such, indeed, was the depreciation in its selling price that in order to prevent unnecessary alarm the general manager caused the issue of a circular-a copy of which appears in the Whig's telegraphic columnsassuring the stockholders that the bank was in a perfectly solvent and prosperous condition. Mr. Yarker goes further and states that the business of the bank is increasing, that its affairs are in a most satisfactory state, and that its stock is good for par and even a premium. There are no scares so easily started and so disastrous in their results as those in connection with the banks. A rumour gets about, and, misjudged or misunderstood, shakes the confidence of some men in an institution, and their distrust disturbs others, and so, if unchecked, thee remark for which there is no justification may produce a panic, and werse. Mr. Yarker, who ought to be familiar with every detail of the Federal bank, tells the people that it is safe, that it is gaining in strength and usefulness, that it is able to resist the effects of business depression, and his words will have, no doubt, a quieting effect. He has spoken wisely and well.

THE DEFECT IN FRANCE.

It is pointed out that the radical defect in the French government system is the centra: lizing tendency which is a leading feature in Gallic civilization. This tendency has been either exhibited in the disposition of the French people to worship power in the person of some great statesman, some mili tary chief, or some parliament, which incontinently, ou its creation, proceeds to usurp every function of government. Without the creation of a single chamber, to which the clerical and monarchial factions gave a too willing assent, the French revolution of 1789 would have been impossible. In the present revolution, or crisis, all the parliamentary parties and factions, as a Parisian writes, have broken both the letter and spirit of the constitution, as we have frequently asserted they were bound ultimately to do. For the future the president of the republic can know no fixed term of office, "but will," as this Parisian says, "be romoved whenever a combination in the chamber refuses to supply him with a cabinet." It is under such circumstances that M. Sadi Carnot accepts office. He does so with the feeling that he is on the crest of the popular wave, and that he remains there only as he profits by Grevy's failings. If he can hold power for any length of time he will be successful in that which no politician in France has ever accomplished.

THE PEOPLE RESPONSIBLE.

The county council's finance committee did wisely in abandoning all litigation anent the Scott act and promptly meeting the liabilities for which, under the law, the county was liable. The electors may have justified their test of the power of the legislature in passing a certain act, but that point settled it would be folly to add to the outlay in court costs by resisting the demands of the license commissioners until the supreme court had been reached. The responsibility of the people can be traced all through the piece. A majority of them-and the majority always rule-voted for the Scott act, and of course voted that it should be enforced. The Scott act was not respected after its adoption, and the license commissioners and a special magistrate were appointed to see that it was. Their services cost something, so did the services of others acting under them; and then the men, elected by a ma jority of the people to parliament, put into the hands of their officials an act which, however arbitrary, the circumstances of the case called for. The county council is not called upon to offer an unreasonable resistance to that which is in itself lawful and lawfully constituted. The people have practically voted for the condition of things which the Stott act has brought about, and councillors have nothing to fear in their appeals to the people on its account. The people rule in all things ; the people, according to modern philosophy, can do no wrong.

PAYING THE DUTY.

The conservatives will keep on contra dicting each other in spite of the counsel their leaders can give to them. If there is any one thing about which the conservative

press has been explicit it is the statement, oft repeated, that it was the American miners, not the burners in Canada of their coal, that paid the duty, which parliament was so kind as to abolish at its last session. That the tory press has not spoken the sentiments of the party is made evident by the speech of Mr. G. D. Dickson, of Belleville, a tory of the tories yet a commercial unionist, at Picton a few days ago. We learn that he demonstrated by facts and figures that if the market price of an article is fixed in the country to which it is exported the exporter must pay all the charges connected with getting it to the market, which, in the case of lumber, barley, horses, etc., going from Canada to the United States, includes the whole of the duty. If the Americans were obliged to come here for lumber and the price were fixed here, then the consumer would pay the duty. Consumers, not the exporters, of American coal brought to Canada, have been obliged to pay the Canadian duty because they had to go to the United States for it, and the price is regulated there. Consumers of Canadian barley in the United States do not pay the American duty for the reason that the Americans have barley of their own and their market controls the price here. We hope this statement has been read by the Belleville Intelligencer and Peterboro Review, seeing that they have been preaching something quite different. Mr. Dickson requires their special attention, and it is hop ed he will get it without delay.

GOOD FOR FIVE YEARS.

The Conservative Government Seems Firm-

ly Established in England. NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The Herald's London special says: "It is very noticeable that evnn among the stoutest Gladstonians a forecast of parliament begins to be accepted similar to that I have long laid before you. They see that the Gladstone bill will never do. Moreover, they begin to doubt whether this ministry is not safe beyond the reach of attack. Labouchere admits this week that the government may remain in three or four years more. Cast up the numbers of the respective parties, and the conclusion is unavoidable. The conservatives have a majority of 100, and four home rulers have gained four seats in one year, ergo, it would take them at that rate twenty-five years to turn out the conservatives.

This parliament will expire in 1892, according to recent usage, its full term of seven years not being up till 1893. No conservative minister would dream of dissolution, even if grave difficulties in public affairs arose. The present government might conceivably resign, but another unionist government would immediately be formed. Hartington or Churchill would be sent for by the queen, not Gladstone, because the party with a clear majority would have a right to claim the trial of an alternative minister. All hopes, therefore of driving the conservatives from office are mere delusions,

The parliament, barring an earthquake aud other abnormal convulsions, will last nearly five years more. Many people dislike that prospect, and they try to soften it by building castles in the air. But the big battalions are with the unionists, and they win in politics. If, indeed, Mr. Gladstone were to die aud a Hartington Chamberlain government were to be formed there is no telling what might be the consequences.

Lord Hartington, addressing his constituents, said that as long as Mr. Gladssone's object was to establish a parliament in Dublin, there would be no hope of a reunion of the liberal party. When the liberals were willing to co-operate with the unionists for the extension of local liberty, local selfgovernment and freedom, Ireland would find that the unionists were its closest friends.

THE LABOUR COMMISSION.

The Last Session in Toronto-Several Wit-

nesses Examined-Evidence Taken. TORONTO, Dec. 5.—The labour commission resumed its session on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. John Dixon, carriage builder, believed that the houses occupied by mechanics in Toronto are better than ever. He was opposed to overtime, as he did not think it paid. Workmen do save money as a rule. They can save if they are economical. He believed that ten hours was a proper length of a day's work, and if men wished to work less they should be paid in proportion. Skilled mechanics are very scarce, and in his business there was not a surplus of labour in Toronto. An apprentice system would be a great benefit in Toronto if it could be carried out.

John Scully, contractors' agent for nine years, was next examined. He hires men for railway and canal contractors for the lumber woods and ships them to all parts. The lowest rate of wages paid by the C.P.R. in Ontario and Quebec was \$1.25; and laborers paid about \$2.75 for their board. As a rule there is plenty of work for men in Canada, but at present there are more men than we can find work for. It is seldom men who work on contracts lose money by absconding contractors. It is not customary to advance fares to men going to work. If a man is of the right stamp-he could always find work.

Charles Pearson, real estate agent, said; "I have been living in Toronto for twenty years. During that time land has advanced greatly in value. Workingmen pay much higher rent now than ten years ago, and to get a house at the same rent now as ten years ago he would have to go to the outskirts of the city. In places convenient to business rents of workingmen's dwellings advanced from thirty to forty per cent. in ten years. The properties secured from the crown should be sold by act of parliament."

Have You Neuralgia?

If you are suffering the agonies of neuralgia, and have failed to get a remedy that will afford relief, we want you to try Polson's Nerviline. No remedy in the market has given anything like the same degree of satisfaction. Its action or nerve pain is simply marvellous, and as it is put up in 10 cent sample bottles no great expense is involved in giving it a trial. Polson's Nerviline is the most pleasant, powerful, and certain pain remedy in the world. Sold by N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, and all dealers in medicine; 10 and 25 cents a bottle.

He is Considering the ariff. NEW YORK, Dec. 5.-A Washington despatch to the Herald says . "The president's message does not contain more than 6,000 words. The surplus taxation, and the necessity of reducing it, are fully discussed, and the advisibility of referming glaring abuses in the tariff is also fully considered."

He Is Feeling Invigorated.

DUBLIN, Dec. 3.-Mr. Goschen, replying to an address from the Dublin constitutional club, said that he would return to England invigorated by the loyalty and the spirits of Irish loyalists.

See the giant icebergs to night !

DRY GOODS.

SUCCESS. SUCCESS.

-HARDY'S-

Special Discount Offering of last week on

GOODS.

Was Most Successful. The Great Run we had all week and the manner in which the public appreciated it, induces us to

REPEAT IT

All This Week.

be taken off all Dress Goods and Cashmeres 20c per yard and over all this week.

We have added more New Lines.

SPECIAL - LEADERS

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Blankets, Comforters, Table Linens, Sheetings and Towellings.

Plain Figures and One Price at

88 PRINCESS ST., KINGSTON.

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CHRISTMAS CARDS

In Great Variety, by the Best Makers.

Make your selections now before the best are sold, at

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CORNER BOOKSTORE, Corner Brock and Wellington Sts.

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GREAT BANKRUPT STOCKS

At Less than 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, at

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YOU ARE SURE TO SECURE GREAT BARGAINS in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Boots and Shoes, Fancy Goods, Fur Robes, Fur Coats and Caps, Children's Fur Sleigh Robes, Furniture, Household Furnishings, Wire and Wool Mattrasses, Oil Paintings and Parlor Mirrors, Crockery, Lamps, Silverware, Curtain Poles and Rings, Pianos, Organs and numberless other goods at

260 Princess St. 8. WEAVER'S,

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

In Seal and Persian Lamb,





The Latest, Most Stylish and Fashionable Headgear ever produced. No lady should be without one, as she can wear both a Cap and a Bonnet at the same time.

FINE FURS

—A SPECIALTY—

Both for Ladies and Gentlemen, in great

SLEIGH ROBES & COON COATS EN MASSE.

The Largest Stock in the city to selec from. No trouble to show goods.

B. PAGE & CO., Leading Hatters and Furriers,

138 PRINCESS STREET,

OPP. CITY HOTEL, KINGSTON.

NEW LINES!! NOW IS THE TIME!

Send to Galloway before the rush comes any Furs you may want repaired or altered in shape and have it done while there is plenty of time.

IT DON'T COST ANY MORE

And the work will be better done. If it prevents the moths from getting into them for the next two months it will be money saved. Remember then

GALLOWAY'S

Is the place and 84 Princess St. the number.

Bigger Bargains Than Ever This Week AT THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE,

93 PRINCESS STREET. Just think of it: 500 Men's Suits from 3.50 up. 350 Boys' and Children's Suits from 2.25 up. 500 Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats from \$3.00 up. 500 Men's and Boys' Pants from \$1.25 up. Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Fur Caps, Fur Coats, Gloves, Trunks and Valises at Surprising Low Prices. See our Street Advertisement

Be sure and call at the STAR before chasing elsewhere. H. WOLF. PROPRIETOR.

Received to-day, - direct from factory, a splendid lot of LINED GLOVES in Kid, Indian Tan Buckskin, and the Celebrated Napa Tan Buck, all of which will be sold

R. RATTENBURY, OPP. WINDSOR HOTEL.

JUST ARRIVED

A splendid assortment of FALL SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS; also Nobby TROU-SERINGS that would please the most fastidious taste, made up in the Latest English and American Fashions, and a First-Class Fit guaranteed. Remember the place:

P. B. KENNEDY, KING ST., 2 doors from WHIG office, (Late Cutter for Mr. Z. Prevost).

THE PUBLIC

The subscriber is now prepared to show complete assortment of the LATEST FALL and WINTER GOODS in Suitings, Overcoat ings and Trouserings, which he will make up in first-class style at reasonable prices.

JOS. A. B. SMITH. MERCHANT TAILOR. . 259 KING STREET.

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Has the best assortment of Balbriggan Under wear, Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Umbrellas, Col lars, Handkerchiefs, &c., for men, at Cash Prices, imported direct for our own trade. Gentlemen can depend on getting Reliabl Goods from

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