TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT.

MARTIN'S - OPERA - HOUSE, SATURDAY, DEC. 3RD,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

BETTER THAN EVER BEFORE, TONY DENIERS

EVER WELCOME "HUMPTY DUMPTY"

---PANTOMINE

Greatest Specialty OLIO ever in Kingston. New Scenes, New Tricks, New Wardrobe, ## Prices: Matinee - Adults, 50c; Children, Evening - 75, 50 and 25c,

BOLTON'S REALISTIC TRAVELS

Under the auspices of the Central School Teachers,

LANDS OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN," and "ENGLAND'S GOLDEN AGE, 1837-87." 500 square feet of Canvas! Calcium Light!!
Over 120 Brilliant Artistic Views!!!

Opera House, Monday & Tuesday, Dec. 5th & 6th. ##Ganeral admission -- Adults, 35c; Children, 5c., Reserved Seats -- Adults, 50c; Children, Plan open at Nisbit's Bookstore.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.



TO THE ELECTORS :-

In respectfully soliciting your votes and influences for the ensuing Mayoralty election, I trust that my service in the Council in important positions, and my fidelity to the interests of the city at large, will commend me to your fullest support and consideration. Yours Faithfully.

J. DUNCAN THOMPSON.

DRENNAN FOR MAYOR.



To the Electors of Kingston:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, -Being sure that if elected Mayor of this City for 1888, my course in the Council during the year will meet with the approval of the public in general, I respectfully solicit your votes and influence in the coming Mayoralty Election. I will spare no efforts in behalf of measures which will be in the interests of Kingston and its people. Nov. 22. W. M. DRENNAN.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS, 1888.

TO GEO. S. FENWICK, ESQ. :

We, the undersigned Electors, request you to offer yourself as a candidate for Alderman for Ontario Ward, and promise you our heartiest

R, M. Rose,

Jno. Fraser.

J. M. Machar,

. C. Mitchell,

J. B. Murphy,

John Schroder.

Jas. Kavanagh,

A. Gunn, H. T. Shibley,

John Reyner, John Mudie,

support and influence: . McNaughton, . McAuley. Wm. Allen. . Smith, Wm. Rigney, Jno. McKay, Jno. Laidlaw, David G. Laidlaw, . G. Rudd, R. J. Bowes, James B. Johnston, Ino. Ward, Jno. C. Innes, . Belcher, Thos. Y. Greet, Thos. Mills, Dan Callaghan, Richard T. Walkem. . B. Walkem, R. Vashon Rogers. Jas. McArthur, B. M. Britton, George A. Kirkpatrick, T. M. Parkins, C. F. Gildersleeve, Jno. L. Whiting. R. M. Ford, J. B. Carruthers, E. J. B. Pense, W. R. McRae. R. W. R. McRae, W. Carey, .. Clements, Jno. Kelly, Robert T. Burns, N. McNeil. A. LeHeup, M. S. Sutherland,

A. P. Knight, R. Stirling, R. E. Kent, W. C. Martin, Saml. Dyde, Robert Hendry, Jr., Thos. Wilson. Thos. Peters, R. Crawford, A. Ross, W. D. McRae, Wm. Ford, L. W. Breck, E. A. Booth, J. A. Hendry, B. W. Robertson, Patrick Browne, N. K. Scott. James Yule, Robert Christoe, F. X. Lachance, Fred. Crosby.

W. C. Carruthers,

Owen Tierney, And others. To the Electors of Ontario Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—As requested by the above named electors, I very cordially offer myself as one of the candidates for your suffrage. The honour is one not only unsolicited, but quite unexpected; and if elected my services in your interests shall be discharged conscientiously to the best of my ability.

As it is an office of trust and confidence so it should be tendered and not solicited. I shall, therefore, not can vass a vote, leaving it entirely to your own good judgment who shall represent you in the Council.

GEORGE S. FENWICK.

To the Electors of Ontario Ward. IN offering myself for re-election to the position of Alderman for the ensuing year, I re spectfully solicit your votes and influence. JOSEPH F. SWIFT.

To The Electors of Cataragui Ward. i again offer myself for re-election to the position of Alderman for the ensuing year. I wish any voter I cannot see personally to kind ly accept this request for their vote and in-

F. S. REES.

To the Electors of Frontenac Ward. BEING selicited by a large number of the electors of Frontenac Ward to stand for Alderman for 1888. I now solicit your votes and in-N. WILMOT.

To the Electors of Cataragui Ward I respectfully solicit your votes and influence as Alderman for the ensuing year.

DR. D. PHELAN.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Mearly all the litigation and resisted settle ments in Life Assurance arise from clauses and conditions in the policies. They often read "Indisputable after two years from any cause

whatever," "provided only," that the conditions are kept intact. The "SUN" is absolutely unconditional, and therefore absolutely indisputable after two years. We have no "provid ed only." Surplus over all liabilities...... \$ 94,452.97 Total surplus to policy holders 594,452,97 Assets.... New Life business for 1886 3,114,788,40 LIFE AND ACCIDENT. For rates apply to 304 GORDON STREET

THE MINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

E. C. HILL

HARTFORD CONN. Cash Capital...... \$ 4,000,000.00 Total Assets, January 1st, 1882.... 8,902,272.90 Losses paid in 63 years...... 53,400,000,000
The leading Fire Insurance Company on the Continent. Its Annual Premium Receipts in Canada and the United States are larger than those of any other Company, and it has an un blemished record of 63 years.

JAMESSWIFT, Agent

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every even-ing, at 336 King Street, Kingston, Ontario, AT SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS. For four lines, one or two insertions..... For four lines, each subsequent insertion. Over four lines, first insertion..... 10c per line Once a week, subsequent ins..... Twice a week, subsequent ins.....

Three a week, subsequent ins. Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c. each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged. Special notices in reading columns are charged at extra rates. Officers of unincorporated Associations or Societies will be held personally responsible fer all orders they give.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year. Attached to the paper is one of the best Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; 8 improved printing presses. EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Opifer per Orbem Dicor,"

READY FOR PURCHASE.

The information is mildly conveyed to the press that Mr. Baird, of Queen's, N.B., after holding the seat, to which he was not elected, for nearly a year, and making his party blush by the immodesty of his conduct, is willing to surrender it. The assurance is given at the same time that he will be a candidate for re-election, and that "the government is sure to recapture the seat. To be sure the government is sure of this; were it otherwise Mr. Baird would not have the effrontary to continue to misrepresent the people. As a matter of fact the government or at least some one member of it, acting

on behalf of all-made Mr. Baird the kind of a politician he is to-day. When he suffered defeat, so far as the ballots could indi cate defeat, he was willing to abide by the result, but he was induced to take advantage of the ruling of a partizan returning officer and he did so, and depended in par liament, and successfully too, upon the exercise of party unfairness to save him from ejection. And during all these months he has been waiting the arrival of that time when he would make an appeal to the people and seek in election the recovery, at least partially, of his former political respectability. The government, it is said, will "recapture" the constituency. The government has yet to "capture" it honestly. That Mr. Baird is to resign at all shows pretty clearly the purpose of the ministry to have him pulled through an election, and, in some way, at the head of the poll. It can be done. It is only a question of dollars and cents, and to a party holding power at any price a million or two is of no account.

COLLEGE DISTURBANCES:

S. C. Bartlett, in the Forum, discusses that live and always interesting theme, college disturbances, and in doing so he emphasizes two things: (1) that the disorders originate with the few and not the many; and (2) that they are "magnified by the ambitious reporter." The question arises, How shall these relics of barbarianism be obliterated? The evil is deep-seated. It is associated with tradition, and tradition dies hard. The traditional notion of misrule is reinforced by another traditional false notion-that a different code of honor, morals, duty and conduct belongs to college life from that which attends common life, and that a college community is exempt from ordinary obligations and responsibilities. Practices condemned and punished by the common and statute law are looked upon as very allowable frolics in college. The affronts, and even the violations of sonal liberty, in certain forms, are but good sport. This mistaken standard is sustained by two other forms of wrong sentiment: an excessive class spirit, and a false sense of college honour. Under class pressure students will sign a petition or incur an expense they do not believe in, cut a recitation they desire to attend, and be forced into proceedings which they condemn. The boldness of the ill-disposed is not confronted by the courage of the good. In communities generally the disposition is for the people to band together and detect and punish wrong-doing; in college communities the combination is to prevent detection. Admitting all this, what is the remedy? First the reformation of the underlying sentiment, the treatment of the student as any other citizen; then, the extension of this reformation of sentiment to the students themselves; and (last) the application of punishment in severity proportionate to the offence? We wonder what the students of Queen's thinks of Mr. Bartlett and his

THE LABOUR COMMISSION. The Montreal Gazette is not pleased with the manner in which the labour organizations of Toronto have been treating the Royal labour commission. Such, indeed, is the disfavour with which it is regarded that summonses have had to be issued to certain parties, compelling their attendance in order to get evidence from them. The Gazette is satisfied that political feeling is at the bottom of the case, and so remarks: "There always has been of late years considerable of politics mixed up with the labour movement in Toronto. One of the chief professional workers is an employee of the Ontario government, whose services to the province no one has ever been able clearly to define, but whose hand is often seen in the pronunciamentos of the central trades' organization, the striking peculiarity of which is that they coincide in a remarkable manner with the momentary platform of the grit party. Whether the influence of these professional workmen has been used to hinder the work of the Royal labour commission we do not know, but that is a fair inference unless the ailure of witnesses to appear and testify can be taken as evidence that the workingmen of Toronto are in the happy position of having no grievances to remedy. Perhaps

however, the agitators do not want griev.

ances adjusted, for if that were done their occupation would be gone and their political employers would have no further use for them. The labour commission is the result of a sincere desire to secure evidence bearing on the relations of labour and capital in order that a remedy may be devised for any real evils that exist, and it will be very regrettable if personal selfishness or political partizanship is allowed to render the commissioners' work abortive." This is the language of a government paper, one ment and its creations, first, last and always, at heart. It did not, of course, occur to the Gazette that the commission has not, in its personnel, the confidence of the entire labour party. Some of its mem bers have been intimately identified with the labour party, and do most thoroughly know its cares and its anxieties, but there are others who have nothing to commend them, nothing to suggest their appointment to the commission, save their ability to apologize for every shortcoming of their political masters. The members of the labour party feel that their wishes and their interests should have been so far esteemed as to be better served by the government of the day; they feel, further, that that governmen, has been most unmindful of consequences that it would be a waste of time to pour into the ears of those who do not sympathize with them the details of their grievances. Perhaps they are making a mistake; perhaps it would be better for those who feel that their position in life can be benefitted by legislation to lay their opinions before he commission and place upon it the respon sibility of making worthy recommendations. But if they do not it does not lie in the mouth of any one to attribute to their silence improper motives.

A BAD ONE LOCKED UP.

His Experiences in Canada-He Was Once an Inmate of the Penitentiary.

A few days ago John Green and a "pal" tried to enter a bank in Ballaston, N.Y., for the purpose of robbing it. A watchman saw them crawling through a window in the building and gave an alarm, and in a short time the police had the men in charge. They are safe-burglars of the most desperate kind. On the way to gaol Green's companion escaped. Since the arrest efforts have been made to trace Green's career. Photographs of him have been sent to those in charge of the prisons in Canada and the United States, and to chiefs of police in different cities. Dr. Lavell, warden of the penitentiary, identified the man quite readily. Green had, many years ago, been sent from the west to the penitentiary for five years for burglary. After a short service he became very ill and was pardoned. In 1881 a safe at the car works was blown open. The burglars expected a good haul and were mistaken. There was no money in the safe. The burglars jumped on a train and went to Belleville. They tried safe breaking there

and were caught. One of the men was Green, now under arrest at Ballaston. He was sent to the penitentiary for seven years. He put in one year, and at the end of this period escaped. He got through a window in the dome and let himself over the wall by means of a rope. He had not been heard of until

recently. On Green's first visit to the penitentiary he gave his name as Jacobs, and on the second occasion as Johnson. He is a goodlooking man, wears a flowing moustache, is 30 years of age, and weighs 160 lbs. His eyes are shut in the pictures, because he would not be photographed with them open. The chief of police has written to the authorities at Ballaston regarding him. He will no doubt be sent to prison again.

THE COLD WEATHER HERE.

The Reason Why the Extreme Cold is Felt -Helping the Poor.

People think the weather very cold, and have been enquiring how low the thermometer is. A reporter asked Dr. Knight, the local observer of the meteorological depart. ment, and he replied :

"It was fourteen degrees above zero yesterday and only a few degrees lower than that to-day."

"Wel', it is very cold." "Yes it is," he replied, "but is the wind that makes a person feel it more than ordinary. I have seen the mercury down to 20° below zero, and would call it warm beside to-day. You see the wind strikes the exposed parts, drives the heat away, and causes the feeling of intense cold to come over a person.

Yesterday was so eminently fitting a day for a display of charity on the part of those who are comfortably housed and clad that many ladies interested in the relief of the poor, started on collecting tours, and they were very successful. The poor relief association commends itself to the public, for the ladies who dispense the funds see that it is principally used for relief of unfortunate widows and children.

TALK ABOUT A MEETING.

One of the Greatest Ever Held in Dublin -Clear Party Opinion.

DUBLIN, Dec. 1.—The Irish Times (conservative) claims that the unionist meeting was an assemblage of intellect, courage, and popular feeling, to protest not as a minority but substantially as an equal portion of the Irish people against the policy of the home rule party.

The Freeman's Journal says the surroundings proved that Lord Hartington and Mr. Goschen were avowed enemies of Ireland. Detectives guarded the two Englishmen as if they were a couple of czars. The meeting was attended by only those who had tickets and no claim could be made that it was the free expression of public opinion.

The Dublin Express (conservative) says there never was such a meeting before in Dublin. It asserts that its supporters included peers, ecclesiasts, civil digni taries and representatives of the railway, shipping, banking and professional interests.

A news vender at Killarney has been sentenced to a month's imprisonment for selling copies of the United Ireland containing reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the national league.

Linwood Has Left London.

LONDON, Dec. 1.-Rev. John Linwood has left numerous unpaid bills behind him. He was connected with the bible class of the Dundas street Centre Methodist church, and about two weeks ago he suggested that the class make their pastor, Rev. J. V. Smith, a Christmas present. The suggestion found favor, and a subscription was made up. Linwood acted as treasurer, and when he went away he forgot to hand over the funds. Ald. Jarvis was the tirst person who entered Lumood's house after the explosion, and is positive that it was caused by gunpowder.

DRY GOODS.

CONTINUES LANSDOWNE

All This Week.

TENPERCENT

Cash Discount off all Dress Goods 20c and over.

Piles of Goods goand Prices Low at

ONE PRICE STORE,

88 Princess Street.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES. CHRISTMAS is COMING

BUT

ARE PREPARED FOR IT.

OUR DISPLAY OF

IS THIS YEAR

UNUSUALLY BRILLIANT

It is impossible to enumerate one-tenth of the articles that go to make up the Magnificent Show which our Store now presents, but from all parts of the world we have gathered together a collection of Manufactures of

PLUSH, BRASS, CRYSTAL

Which those who have seen it say has never

and LEATHER,

been surpassed in this vicinity.

We cordially invite everyone to come at any time and take a look at our stock. You will not be pressed to buy. Our premises are large and there is room for all.

John Henderson & Co.



CHRISTMAS CARDS

In Great Variety, by the Best Makers.

Make your selections now before the best are sold, at

CORNER BOOKSTORE,

Corner Brock and Wellington Sts. SECOND - HAND BOOKS Second-Hand Books bought and sold by

A. SIMMONDS, PRINCESS STREET Aug. 9.

GREAT BANKRUPT STOCKS At Less than 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, at

PRINCESS STREET. 260 YOU ARE SURE TO SECURE GREAT BARGAINS in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Boots and Shoes, Fancy Goods, Fur Robes, Fur Coats and Caps, Children's Fur Sleigh Robes, Furniture, Household Furnishings, Wire and Wool Mattrasses, Oil Paintings and Parlor Mirrors, Crockery, Lamps, Silverware, Curtain Poles and Rings. Pianos, Organs and numberless other goods at

260 Princess St.

FURNISHINGS.

In Seal and Persian Lamb,



AS A BONNET



Variety Large AS A CAP

The Latest, Most Stylish and Fashionable Headgear ever produced. No lady should be without one, as she can wear both a Cap and a Bonnet at the same time.

- FINE FURS

-A SPECIALTY-

Both for Ladies and Gentlemen, in great variety.

SLEIGH ROBES & COON COATS EN MASSE.

The Largest Stock in the city to selec from. No trouble to show goods.

J. B. PAGE & CO., Leading Hatters and Furriers,

138 PRINCESS STREET,

OPP. CITY HOTEL, KINGSTON.

Send to Galloway before the rush comes any Furs you may want repaired or altered in shape and have it done while there is plenty of time.

DON'T COST ANY MORE

And the work will be better done. If it prevents the moths from getting into them for the next two months it will be money saved.

Remember then GALLOWAY'S

Is the place and 84 Princess St. the number.

Bigger Bargains Than Ever This Week AT THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE, 93 PRINCESS STREET.

Just think of it: 500 Men's Suits from 3.50 350 Boys' and Children's Suits from 2.25 up. 500 Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats from \$3.00 up. 500 Men's and Boys' Pants from \$1.25 up. Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Fur Caps, Fur Coats, Gloves, Trunks and Valises at Sur prising Low Prices. See our Street Advertise-

Be sure and call at the STAR before chasing elsewhere. H. WOLF.

PROPRIETOR.

Received to-day, direct from factory, a splendid lot of LINED GLOVES in Kid, Indian Tan Buckskin, and the Celebrated Napa Tan Buck, all of which will be sold Cheap.

R. RATTENBURY, OPP. WINDSOR HOTEL.

JUST ARRIVED!

A splendid assortment of FALL SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS; also Nobby TROU-SERINGS that would please the most fastidious taste, made up in the Latest English and American Fashions, and a First-Class Fit guaranteed. Remember the place:

B. KENNEDY. KING ST., 2 doors from WHIG office. (Late Cutter for Mr. Z. Prevost).

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber is now prepared to show complete assortment of the LATEST FALL and WINTER GOODS in Suitings, Overcoat ings and Trouserings, which he will make up in first-class style at reasonable prices.

JOS. A. B. SMITH, MERCHANT TAILOR. . 259 KING STREET.

THE PALACE FURNISHING STORE

Has the best assortment of Balbriggan Under wear, Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Umbrellas, Col. lars, Handkerchiefs, &c., for men, at Cash Prices, imported direct for our own trade. Gentlemen can depend on getting Reliabl

Goods from ASELEY The Popular Shirt Maker,

124 PRINCES STREET