## HALF-MINUTE ADVERTISEMENTS

SAUSAGES, fresh daily at Shroder's, Brock Street.

ROBERT GAGE, Architect, over Gage Bros' Jewellery Store, Princess Street, Kingston.

J. K. OLDHAM, PROFESSOR OF MUSIC, Balaklava Street Vacancies for pupils.

CARD.—MRS. GRAFFTEY, Teacher of the Pianoforte, Music, &c. Residence—Wellington Street.

YOU WILL GET SHIRTS, COLLARS and Cuffs at Factory prices at Ashley's Shirt Factory, Princess street.

G. J. JEFFERY, INSURANCE AGENT, Accountant and Commission Merchant, Clarence Street, between Wellington and King Streets. All business entrusted to him will meet with prompt and careful attention.

# A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S
NEW
# MUSIC STORE

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC OF Kingston and the surrounding country that we have opened

A Branch of our Toronto Establishm'nt
ON WELLINGTON STREET.

In the Golden Lion Block,

Where we will keep an assortment of MUSIC MUSIC BOOKS and GENERAL MUSICAL MERCHANDISE Also

## PIANO-FORTES,

especially those of the famous manufacturers:

Steinway,
Chickering,
Dunham
and Haines,

or which we are the only authorized Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

## ORGANS

of different makers, but especially those of GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., which are acknowledged first among the better makers.

SECOND HAND PIANOS and ORGANS for sale and for hire.

TUNING and REPAIRING carefully attended to. Our prices being reasonable and terms easy we invite all intending purchasers to give us a call, assuring fair and honest treatment and thorough satisfaction to all customers.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER
OF TORONTO.

Branches at Ottawa, Hamilton, St Catharines and London.
April 1, 1878.

# VEGETINE

REV. J. P. LUDLOW, WRITES

178 Baltic street, Brooklyn, N.Y., Nov. 14, 1874.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cures thereby have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the Vegetine for the complaints which it is claimed to cure.

JAMES P. LUDLOW,
Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church, Sacramento, Cal

## VEGETINE
SHE RESTS WELL.

South Poland, Me., Oct. 11, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I have been sick two years with the liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite. Since taking the Vegetine I rest well, and relish my food. Can recommend the Vegetine for what it has done for me. Yours respectfully,

MRS. ALBERT RICKER.

Witness of the above:
Mrs. George M. Vaughn,
Medford, Mass.

## VEGETINE
GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN

Boston Home, 11 Tyler street, Boston, April, 1876.

Mr. Stevens:

Dear Sir,—We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefitted by the Vegetine you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with the Scrofula. With respect,

MRS. N. WORMELL, Matron.

## VEGETINE
REV. O. T. WALKER SAYS:

Providence, R.I., 164 Transit st

H. R. Stevens, Esq.

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your Vegetine. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin square Church Boston.

## VEGETINE
RECOMMEND IT HEARTILY.

H. R. Stevens: South Boston.

Dear Sir,—I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaint, and General Debility of the system. I can heartily recommend it to all sufferers from the above complaints. Yours truly,

MRS MUNROE PARKER.

## VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

And sold by N. C. POLSON & CO., Druggists, Kingston

## Apples! Apples!

COLLIER & HOWE, of Fair Haven, N.Y. will arrive in Kingston with another cargo of Apples about November 1st. It will be composed of Winter varieties, choice and well taked. ☞ WAIT FOR THEM.
Oct 21st

## Nervous and Mental Depression

The indefinable mental distress and alarm which so often afflict the patient in Hypocondriasis, Hysteria, Dyspepsia, and other diseases depending on nervous exhaustion, yield more surely and rapidly to

## PHOSFOZONE!

Than to any other medicine; and exercising, as it does, so potent and so permanent an influence on the nutrition, muscular balance, activity and force of the brain and great nervous system, is sufficient to entitle PHOSFOZONE a foremost place in therapeutics, being extensively used and prescribed by physicians, and recommended by all medical journals.

"PHOSFOZONE" can be had from every Chemist and Druggist throughout the Dominion. Price $1 per Bottle or six for $5.


# The Daily British Whig.

SATURDAY EV'NG, NOV. 2, 1878.

## CITY AND VICINITY.

☞ Gold New York at 3 o'clock 100¼

THE FOURTH STATE.—C. J. Hynes has purchased the Prescott *Plaindealer* office and will revive the Prescott *Manager*, as States.

HYMENIAL.—Mr. W. W. Sangster has been united in marriage to Miss. M. A. Smith, and they have been extended the felicitations of numerous friends.

PROBABILITIES.—Fresh to brisk, southwesterly to northwesterly winds, and partly cloudy weater, possibly showering in the eastern portion during the day.

POLICE.—Dennis Hogan, Zachariah Evans and Isaih Carleton, drunk, fined $2 10 days Samuel Mulligan was accused of assaulting Ann McLeod. Case adjourned until the 5th instant.

TRAVEL.—One must wonder what brings it about, and yet the Grand Trunk cars passing here daily are crowded with passengers, most of whom are in business rather than pleasure bent.

WEATHER PROPHECY.—Mr. L. Lyon says his prophecy of the weather for October was generally sustained. He now declares that there will be wet weather all this month. We shall see.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—We have a report of the proceedings of the Teachers' Association for yesterday and today, but we have been obliged to hold it over until Monday.

MUSICAL.—Another concert is announced—one in connection with Chalmers' Church, which will take place on Friday evening the 8th of November, and will be participated in by Messrs. Tandy Bros. and Mr. W. H. Stanley, the new tenor.

THE DOMINION ELECTION. Notice is given in a small city paper that a petition against the return of Mr. A. Gunn has been sent to the Court of Queen's Bench, Toronto, and that a copy of the document has been sent to the City Returning Officer.

PROLIFIC.—In this year of the potato crop failures it is a relief to hear of one good crop. Mr. James Craig, of the township of Kingston, has harvested 160 bushels out of six bushels of seed of the Peerless potatoes, procured from Mr. John McGrath. They sold on the market for 80c. per bag.

REMOVED.—Mr. Alfred Simmons has removed his store to the corner of King and George Street (Mr. Robb's brick building,) where he has better accommodation for his increasing stock of fruits, confectionary, green groceries, varieties, etc. None seem to afford to sell as cheaply as he does.

LOST.—A poor man this week lost in the city a leather pocket book, containing two $10 bills. As he is a cripple, and was saving the money up for fire wood and taxes, the finder, if he be honest, will be glad of the good deed done in returning it; if he be dishonest his good fortune will not be on his easy conscience.

REOPENED BUSINESS.—The estate of George Offord & Co. has been purchased by Mr. George Offord, and the operations at the factory will be resumed very soon. The new firm will be in the name and benefit of George Offord alone. His travellers are again on the road, Mr. Thomas Scorah taking the central section.

FIRE.—Yesterday morning about 11 o'clock a fire broke out in the dwelling house of Mr. H. McCaugherty, Front Road, Towaship of Pittsburg. It is supposed to have caught where the pipe enters the flue in the chimney. The building, frame, was entirely destroyed, together with some of the furniture. Insured for $150; loss about $300.

SPECIAL SERMONS.—Sermons in behalf of missions will be preached by Rev. G H. Thompson in the P. M. Church, Brock Street, to-morrow morning and evening. Missionary Meeting on Monday evening in the same place. Mr. Thompson has the reputation of being an excellent preacher. He will also address the congregation on Monday evening.

THE MARKET.—There was another great attendance on the market to-day. The supply of produce was all that the most particular, or the most saving, house keeper could wish for. Poultry was very plenty. The best of turkeys sold at 70c.; geese at 45c.; chickens at 40c. per pair. Butter was 18c to 20c. for the best; eggs 20c. per dozen; potatoes 80c. per bag for the best.

ADVERSE OPINION.—The Queen's College *Journal* thus speaks out on the examination question: From the day of its introduction we have been opposed to the present system of fall examinations for undergraduates; and the more we think over it the less we esteem it. It makes the course too easy, and so lowers the value of degrees in proportion. Thirteen subjects in four sessions is easy enough work for any ordinary student without the aid of "consolation" examinations.

THE INCENDIARY FIRE.—We were misinformed as to the discovery of the attempt at burning Mr. Abram's stable. The fire was seen by the younger Mr. Abrams upon his return from Cataraqui with the horses and carriage, and the extreme danger averted. Temperature had been spread amongst the combustible materials and six tons of hay were in the loft. The blaze that the malicious incendiary would have created in the rear of the property can be estimated.

ACCIDENT IN PITTSBURG.—Robt. Green, a young lad of Pittsburg, was among a crowd of Hallowe'en ramblers. After finishing their night's mischief he separated from his companions to take a short cut for home, but he fell down a rocky bank. His scalp was torn across the forehead, and the scuff was fractured in front of the right side. In his second dressing to day Dr. Telgmann found the boy in a comparatively favorable condition.

## WIND WAFTS.

—Professor Youmans has organized a class of juveniles at Merrickville.

—Fine market this morning. Dairy produce was high enough, however.

—Imports for October $21,665,05. Value of goods exported, $176,758.

—More wintry to-day. They are having sleighing in some western places.

—The Montreal *Post* says the Chieftain is as "crooked as a whip snake."

—Sir John and Lady Macdonald passed from Toronto to Ottawa on this morning's train.

—Belleville collected $6,553,40 in the shape of Inland Revenue during the month of October.

—One of the street car drivers was robbed on Thursday evening of $10—taken out of his overcoat pocket.

—The new policeman is on duty. Changes on the force have been quite numerous during the past few years.

—The Newburg *Reporter* announces that Mr. James Thompson is to start a paper mill near Clark's Mills.

—Picton exported goods to the United States for the quarter ending 30th of September to the value of $56,122,24.

—About 500 barrels of apples were shipped from Picton and other ports on the Bay last week. More are to follow.

—The Perth *Courier* makes kind mention of the late Mr. Doran, who removed to Wolfe Island and died on the 24th inst.

—Mr. Flood, of Delta, shipped forty head of cattle and four horses to the American side from Brockville yesterday.

—St. Andrew's Church, Perth, will be re-opened on the 3rd of November. Principal Grant will preach a special sermon.

—Everybody who crosses Cataraqui Bridge could be fined for fast driving, but no one can tolerate such a long stretch of a walk.

—The propeller "Cuba" went aground while going into Ogdensburg harbor yesterday. She was pulled off by the ferry steamer "Armstrong."

—Mr. John Medley is announced as a candidate for the Reeveship of Pittsburg. He certainly knows the affairs of the Township thoroughly.

—Messrs. Wm. Byers and H. G. Hutchinson, Gananoque, returned from their hunting expedition among the lakes north of Kingston with five deer.

—Mr. Stark, medical student, arrived yesterday and has entered upon his 'final' year at the Royal. He had quite a practice this year at Fort Coulonge, and may eventually settle there.

—The coal oil lamps were shedding a bright light at two a.m. to-day, two hours after the gas lamps had been blanked. The cheapest light is thus the most satisfactory, in one respect at least.

—Thursday, the 28th of November, has been appointed a day of Thanksgiving by the President. Why not have the Canadian Thanksgiving Day on the same date?

—A call to the rectorship of Christ Church, Belleville, Ont., has been received by the Rev. L. DesBrisay, of St. Luke's Church, Montreal, and he has taken it into consideration.

—Joanna McEwen, a Montreal woman, who was missed from her home in Fullum Street, was discovered at the Bonaventure Depot yesterday morning trying to get a ticket for Kingston. She was restored to her husband by the police.

## Sudden Deaths.

On Sunday evening, October 20th, Mrs. James Harding, of Pittsburg, when about retiring for the night, was taken suddenly ill, and had to be assisted to bed. She did not recover consciousness and after an hour or so a doctor was summoned, who pronounced it a case of apoplexy. The Gananoque *Reporter* says she remained unconscious until Tuesday, when she quietly passed away.

The Picton *Gazette* tells of another sudden death that occurred in the Township of Hillier on Saturday night. On that day Mr. Gilbert Murphy was in Picton, and towards evening started for home. He reached Covett's Hotel, where he remained a short time and then started, accompanied by one Pine, a son-in-law, and another man named Pine, on horse back. After riding about two miles he was taken with vomiting, during which he leaned heavily against the other occupant of the vehicle. Pine called to his associate on horse back, telling him that he feared that something serious was the matter. When examined it was found that Murphy was dead.

## Friends Must Part.

The cartoon accompanying *Grip* this week is a happy conception. It shows Sir John Macdonald in office, reclining in an easy chair, smoking a cigar, while the members of his Cabinet stand by regaling themselves in the most approved manner. The sweets of office seem to be very sweet. In the midst of all this enjoyment an intruder appears, "Hard Times," who, tattered and torn in clothing, deposits his bundle on the floor and reminds the Premier of an appeal made by him some weeks ago, that he should "stay, stay, oh stay, until after the general elections." Sir John is not in the mood for parley, and pointing his finger to the door without changing his position, he remarks: "Well, good bye, old fellow, thanks very much for your help during the campaign, but don't let me detain you now; good bye, *au revoir*, adieu, farewell, tra-la-la, ta-ta, etc." To which "Hard Times" replies: "Certingly, but I ain't gone yet, me hearty."

## Short Weight.

This morning Alderman Gaskim, Chairman of the Market, made a bargain for several bushels of potatoes and asked to have them weighed. The farmer refused, and police officer Nesbitt was called upon to sustain the Alderman's rights in the matter, the market by-law making it obligatory on the part of the seller to make the weight satisfactory to the buyer. The honest farmer then saw his duty in the premises. When the potatoes were tested they were found to be from six to eight pounds short on each bushel. The seller was at once charged with offering short weight and the Police Magistrate fined him $3.60 and costs. The farmer was considerably agitated, but he must remember the fraud he practised by means of short allowances, and be content with his share of the penalty.

## HISTORY AND ITS LESSONS.

LECTURE LAST EVENING OF MR. J. A. ALLEN.

The Teachers' Association, and others who attended, were pleased last evening with the lecture of Mr. J. A. Allen, on 'History and its Lessons.' In commencing Mr. Allen said that a great thinker told them that man was peculiarly interesting to man. It must be so ever. Men and their doings will command our interest till brain ceases to beat with brain and heart with heart. So long as our blood currents through our common humanity, so long as love and hate and wonder exist, so long must the record of men's ways and words and wisdom and achievements and failures be infinitely interesting to those who, environed by the same circumstances, and having to battle with the same difficulties, actuated by the same motives, and struggling towards the same ends, behold in the great past the same palpitating eagerness, the same compound of littleness and greatness, of nobility and selfishness, of weakness and of strength, of low ambition and of lofty aspiration, of debasing passion and beautifying love, which, in their union, make up the lives of the denizens of the earth. If history enfolds but one great character amid the super-abounding and darkening selfishness of the world—one grand, wise, brave, disinterested soul, pursuing the even tenor of his way, neither deterred by weakening fear nor actuated by selfish interest, how our feelings cluster around him, while we enshrine him in our hearts the most precious and hallowed heritage of the past. Even when history hands down to us a man of iron will, of undaunted courage,

OF NOBLE ORIGINAL CHARACTER,

of commanding genius and distinguished virtue, though blurred and sullied by some of the weaknesses and passions of a lower humanity, how great the boon which she confers. It is thus that history, by stimulating the affections and sending warm currents of blood to nourish and invigorate the brain, strengthens and improves the human race. But there was another benefit, namely, that in history they had the opportunity of witnessing the examples of many kinds of principles and of contemplating the results that flow from them. By principles he meant any course of conduct the result of which has been happy or disastrous. This was history teaching by examples. Every cause enfolds its effects—enfolds it now and will enfold it in the future, as surely as the acorn enfolds the oak and will enfold it. Indeed the effect already exists potentially in its cause, just as the powder needs but the spark to burst in ruin on every side. If the historian is so happily constituted, he might be trusted to trace the

MEASURE OF HAPPINESS OR MISERY

of any given period to its cause or causes, and thus to give us the benefit of his tutored intellect and enlarged observation, with regard to the purity or viciousness of the principles in which they took their rise. For, be persuaded that as we sow we reap, that nothing happens not only without a cause, but without a cause adequate, and only adequate to its production, that good can never be the parent of evil or evil of good, and that vice, which, if you examine it narrowly, is but another name for weakness—feebleness of heart or brain—and that vice or moral feebleness, whether in the individual or in society, is the womb from which is born the largest portion of the accumulated misery of the world. This lesson history impresses upon us everywhere.

BUT IF WE DESIRE TO BE MEN

we must take our stand upon *reality*. There is no other help for us. It only is the solid base, which every time we rest on it, as in the case of the giant of the old myth, will renew our strength and make us invincible. Sophistry cannot touch us, if we stand on the firm earth; we can be strangled only by being held aloft from her energizing force. To this end, we must be ever on our guard, glad of any help, but resolving always to see things with our own eyes; for few writers of history are without their pet theories. The unhistoric person is one who looks on life with his own experience only, one who has made but one experiment on the vast and varied and complex problem of humanity. But in history we get the net results of a myriad experiences and experiments made for us. This is our great vantage ground. We stand not, like the red Indian of a new continent, like the Egyptian in the infancy of the world, with no past behind him, to guide his uncertain steps—no chart to steer by on untravelled seas. It is not so with us. Through the histories of nations and of individuals, of their failures and successes, we know something of the shoals and quicksands and sunken rocks by which they suffered shipwreck, and, if wise, are the gainers by their terrible loss, and a responsibility, the result of privilege, attaches itself to our conduct, which, in an equal degree, could never attach to them.

IN THE RUSH OF LIFE,

in the shortness of life, we have not time, however interesting, to write the lives of small or mediocre men. In the crush and crowd we see only the faces of those who stand high above the rest; or as, in a great picture or heroic poem, the others are mere accessories to bring the great man into relief; so in histories, the people are only 1st citizen, 2nd citizen, 3rd citizen, that a Cæsar or an Anthony may shine resplendent, that their matchless eloquence or unrivalled actions may flash forth. Thus the histories of mankind are little better than imperfect biographies of a few of its great men—of its Moses, and Alexander, and Charlemagne, and Mahomet, and Cromwell, and Napoleon, and Paul, and Luther, and Loyola, and Kepler, and Newton, and Homer, and the immortal Shakespeare, the Magnus Apollo of our intellectual humanity, the crown and king of men.

POLITICAL REVIEW.

The lecturer contined: 'I fear I am now about to tread on dangerous ground, but I hope to speak on the phenomena of history and must not be silent. But what I am going to say has little reference to Canada or her politics, which at present are far enough from my thoughts, but has reference only to phases of thought and feeling common to humanity in every country and in every age. We can scarce have failed to notice in reading history the presence of two principles in human nature—two classes of minds, ever struggling for the mastery—neither principle is itself wrong, nor yet, if left to its own action, wholly right. Indeed I think myself that life is kept from stagnation and in tolerable order by the conflict of the two. These two principles may be denominated, the one the Conservative-politic, the other the radical-progressive. Like clouds charged with opposite electricities they sometimes rush together with deadly force. I must not, however, be supposed to affirm that every man is purely conservative or purely progressive, but only that, relatively, the one principle is more or less largely in the ascendant in the characters of most men. In some minds they seem

STRANGELY AND COMPLETELY MIXED.

The principles in themselves are, the one, prospective; the other, retrospective; the one based on hope, the other on caution; the language of the one, strike for what you have not, of the other, keep what you have; the one lives more in the future amongst the beautiful possibilities of time, the other in the time-honoured and clustering associations of the past; the one loves more the ideal—abstract, the other the real and the concrete; the one is more hardy, enterprising, venturesome, the other more staid and solid and mature; the one loves theory and movement, the other clings more to institutions that have stood the shocks of time; the one, all confidence, exclaims, "strike from beneath your feet the rickety old foundations of the past and build for the glorious future, breast the floods, my fellows, shiver not at home, but, Columbus-like, seek, in your slender clippers, other continents 'mid sunny seas." The other cries, "Hold fast, the good old machinery has worked well in our time and in our fathers' time, the old homesteads suit us, none of your new continents here, please, and none of your crazy clippers in these seas, but the good old ship of State that has braved for generations the battle and the breeze. Safe and sure is the word for me."

FRENCH REVOLUTION.

They both appeal to history. "Look at the French Revolution," cries the one. "I look at it," replies the other, "and at the results of it to-day." But look, too at the Puritan revolt in England, and the 'Petition of rights;' at the third William and the bill of rights; at the American Revolution, and the Enlish Reform bill. He remembered, too, all the Cassandra vaticinations on it, all of them falsified by the hard logic of facts. How quietly we repose to-day under the Ægis of a constitution reformed but not destroyed. It is neither a very wonderful nor a very difficult achievement to draw a cleverish caricature, painting history in the hot glow of the feelings and in the interested colouring of caste. There are a thousand ways of reading history wrong; only one of reading her right. The French Revolution with all its horrors we admit; but what was it but the natural rebound from a crushing and cruel despotism? It was an idea very prevalent for *centuries before* and *immediately preceding* the French Revolution—amongst worthy and thoughtful people too, that the

SCHOOLMASTER ABROAD

was hardly an advantage, indeed a general suspiciousness in regard to the benefits of the education to the peasanty was generally entertained and though few could perhaps be found hardy enough to formulate the doctrine that ignorance was the parent of piety, yet, the idea floated in many a good man's head that learning had anything but a tendency to foster goodness. Again, seeing how many wrongs have been wiped out, are we not warranted by history in expecting that everybody will be gradurlly redressed? Again, if

THE TWO ADVERSE PRINCIPLES

of conservation and innovation in politics in morals, and in religion, have throughout the whole course of our human history been combating for the ascendancy are there not the strongest grounds for believing that they are the result of an original mental build, and that, therefore, we ought not to judge harshly of one another for what, possibly, must appear to one in one light and in another light to another. If the innovating mind press impatiently for the acceptance of a new doctrine, the conservative mind prevents, by the gravamen of its opposition, its hasty adoption, so that time is thus given for its full discussion, and all its weak points, if it have such, exposed. Thus the two principles by their collision may become only joint helpers in the final establishment of every truth. We are, most of us, too one-sided. We ought to be like the star, sung of by Goethe, that "maketh not haste that taketh not rest." They are the wise few whose day is so happily mixed and tempered, that they, while clinging and appreciating the whole value of the good we have attained to, are prepared to expect and accept new developments and advances in the science of politics, of mind, and of external nature, who can even believe that the remote future may be as great

AN IMPROVEMENT ON THE PRESENT

as the present is on the remote past, and who, though cautious—and we ought to be cautious here—in the acceptance of a new theory, are yet not startled incontinently because it collides with old opinions or with even settled habits of thought, and who, calling to mind Copernicus and Galileo and Harvey and Lyell and hosts of others, believe that we are bound to widen our minds as nature widens before us, and to accept the new, as before, our fathers accepted the novel and to many of them startling and unsettling doctrines of their times, but which to the thinkers of to-day appear as really harmless as a dead lion's paw.

In introducing the lecturer Prof. Dupuis assured the audience of the literary entertainment in store for them, he having heard Mr. Allen lecture acceptably on several occasions, and at the close Prof. Watson praised the lecture, declaring that it was one of most profound and brilliant he had ever heard.

## City of Glasgow Bank.

In his celebrated 'ode to Rae Wilson', Tom Hood thus cleverly represents a character which is faithfully exemplified by the members of the above corporation:

"Behold you servitor of God and mammon,
Who, binding up his Bible with his Ledger,
Blends Gospel texts with trading gammon.

A blackleg saint, a spiritual hedger,
Who backs his right Sabbath, so to speak,
Against the wicked remnant of the week.

A saving bet against his single bins—
"Rogue that I am," he whispers to himself,
"I lie—I cheat—do anything for pelf.
But who on earth can say I am not pious?"

## SHARPER.

HE SWINDLES A WESTERN STUDENT OUT OF SIXTY DOLLARS.

The Montreal *Post* tells the following story: "Yesterday morning a young man named John McKenzie, who describes himself as a student at the College at Kingston, arrived in this city from Prescott Junction. On the way he made the acquaintance of a nice young man, who, by his gentleness of manner and respectable bearing, soon ingratiated himself into his confidence. He explained that he was a merchant doing business in a western town, and was on his way to this city in order to pay the amount of his indebtedness to a wholesale firm named Turner. On reaching the station the sharper—for such he proved to be—met a man whom he introduced to Mr. McKenzie as the wholesale merchant to whom he had come to make the payment, but on taking out his pocketbook he found his cheque was only for $850, while the bogus merchant's account was $910. The swindler asked the accommodating Mr. McKenzie for the loan of $60, which he obligingly handed over without hesitation, being assured by the borrower that the account would be refunded during the day. Since that time neither money nor borrower has been seen by the lender, who was this morning at the detectives' office to make his complaint. The number of this kind which occur from time to time is almost incredible, and the simplicity is really marvellous. As a proof of this the detectives have in their possession a cheque signed "Ketchum and Chatham," which was recently cashed by an obliging clergyman for one of these sharpers."

## BARRIEFIELD SCHOOL.

ROLL OF HONOR FOR OCTOBER—MISS WOOLLARD TEACHER.

1st Division.—Emily Allen, Lottie Rackett, William Medley, David Callaghan, Alfred Rackett, George Allen, Wm. Rackett.

2nd Division.—Sarah Hutton, Jessie Forbes, Archibald Hutton, Annie Medley, William Barrie, Ellen Anderson, J. Barrett, Wm. Barrett.

3rd Division.—Claire Callaghan, Janet Martin, George Fletcher, Celia Randall, Arthur Leader, Josephine Vaillancourt, Charlotte Medley.

4th Division.—Agnes Conway, Harvey Coulson, Frederick Martin, Carrie Vaillancourt, Wm. McGrigor, Jas. Fletcher, Ida Blair.

## Presentation.

THE WAY TO HONOUR A COLLEAGUE—A PLEASANT TIME.

Last evening the employers and employees of McEwen's machine shop enjoyed a pleasant reunion, the occasion being a farewell supper to Mr. W. M. Patterson, who leaves for Watertown to assume the inspectorship of the Davis Sewing Machine Works—an important position, but one for which he is specially fitted. During the evening Mr. Patterson was presented with a meerschaum pipe, and the following address:

DEAR SIR:—We, your employers and fellow-workmen, avail ourselves of this opportunity of expressing our regret at your departure from our midst. For a few years you have worked in this shop, both faithfully for your employers and agreeably with your fellow-men and shopmates. We regret your departure, but we trust that the 1 se of your services and friendship to us may be to your credit. We therefore beg your reception of this small token of our respect from the hand of our junior apprentice. The value of the gift is not great, but we trust that the spirit that it is given in may make up for any deficiency in that respect. Again expressing our regret at your departure, and our best wishes for your future welfare and prosperity wherever your lot may be cast, we bid you farewell.

## Is your life worth 10 Cents?

Sickness prevails everywhere, and everybody complains of some disease during their life. When sick, the object is to get well; now to say plainly that no person in this world that is suffering with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and its effects, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Heart Burn, palpitation of the Heart, Depressed Spirits, Biliousness, etc., can take GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER without getting relief and cure. If you doubt this, go to Heath & Gunn, or H. Wade, and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it. Regular size 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

An Arabian, having brought blushes to a maiden's cheek, said to her:—"My looks have painted roses in your cheeks, why forbid me to gather them? The law permits him who sows to reap the harvest." If pale, ghostly looking people wish to have rosy cheeks, they should use Victoria Hypophosphites, the great remedy for consumption and general debility. For sale by all dealers.

National Pills regulate the digestive system.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of skin eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per box. For sale by J. G. King, Kingston.

## Extracts from a Letter from C. H. S. Cronkhite, Esq.

Canterbury Station, York Co., N.B., October 10th, 876.

Mr. J. H. ROBINSON.

Dear Sir: In reply to your letter of enquiry, I would say that your *Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lacto-Phosphate of Lime* is the best preparation of the kind I have ever seen or taken.

I was ordered by my physican to take it, and commenced about the last of August, and since that time I have felt a different man, and also look differently, and all for the better, as the Doctor can testify.

I was unable, in the summer, to walk any distance without much fatigue. I can now take my gun and *travel all day, and feel first rate at night, and eat as much as any lumber man. Have not bled any* since I took your preparation, and can now inflate my lungs without feeling any soreness, and I can inflate them up to full measurement same as before I was sick, have also gained in flesh, my weight in the summer was 153 pounds, and now it is nearly 190 pounds, which is pretty well up to my former weight.

The foregoing is a correct statement which am prepared to swear to, and I hereby authorize you to give it publicity in my name.

I am, dear sir, yours truly,
(Signed) C. H. S. CLONKHITE.

We, the undersigned, hereby consent to have our names published as witnesses of the effects of ROBINSON'S PHOSPHORIZED EMULSION on the person of Mr. Cronkhite and do assert that the foregoing statement is correct in every particular.

ALEXANDER BENNETT, J.P.,
(Signed) WILLIAM MAIN,
REV. THOMAS BARTIN.

Prepared solely by J. H. ROBINSON, Pharmaceutical Chemist, St. John, N.B., for sale by Druggists and General Dealers. Price $1.00 per bottle; six bottles for $5.00.


# 1878.

## CHEAP WINTER CLOTHING
AT THE
## "PEOPLE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,"

## C. Livingston, 21 Brock Street,

IS DETERMINED TO SELL READY-MADE CLOTHING AT LOWER prices and give more value than any other Store in the city, as he manufactures all his Goods, and you have the advantage of buying them at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

## You Can Save 25 per Cent. by Calling at Livingston's.

Please take notice that his Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING is new, Fashionably Cut, well made, and equal in every respect to any CUSTOM WORK made in the city.

☞ I DEFY COMPETITION IN PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.
OBSERVE THE LOW PRICES:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Overcoats from | $ 5.00 | upwards. |
| Men's Good Working Pants from | 2.00 | " |
| Good Canadian Tweed Suits, all Wool | 10.00 | " |
| Fine Pants | 2.75 | " |
| Tweed Vests | 1.00 | " |
| White Shirts | 0.90 | " |
| Shirts and Drawers | 0.45 | " |

A large Stock of FLANNEL SHIRTS constantly on hands EXTRA SIZE CLOTHING FOR LARGE MEN. ☞ Don't fail to remember the place to secure Bargains.

## THE PEOPLE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
21 Brock Street, (next to McKelvey & Birch's.)
CHARLES LIVINGSTON.

Oct. 30th.

# LIVERPOOL HOUSE,
106 PRINCESS STREET.

STARTLING REDUCTIONS IN DRY GOODS AND THE ONLY GENUINE Ten per cent. discount Clearing Sale ever offered in Kingston. Having purchased heavily in every department for the Fall Trade and as the season is now advancing, as an inducement we offer the public GENUINE BARGAINS, and will take 10 cents off every dollars worth of Goods purchased in this house. In other words 90 cents will buy what costs one dollar elsewhere, and all who would consult their own interests should make it a point to visit

HENRY LOWNDES
Nov 1. "Liverpool House," Princess Street, 3 doors above Wellington St

## New and Handsome Dress and Mantle Trimmings--Cheap,
## AT WALDRON'S.

Black Silk Velvets at $1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75 and 2.00.
Black Silk Mantle Velvets at $2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00 and 5.00.
Black Satins for Trimmings at 75c, 90c, $1.00 and $1.25.
New Colored Satins for Trimmings at 90c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Black Velveteens at 37½c, 50c, 60c, 75c and 90c.
Handsome Colors in Velveteens—Cheap.
New Wool Fringes at 12½c, 17c, 18c and 20c.
New Black Moss Trimmings at 25c and 37½c.
Handsome Colors in Moss Trimmings at 25c.
All Colors in Silks at 90c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Cheap Black Silks at 50c, 60c, 75c, 90c and $1.00.
☞ All Silks and Velvets cut on Bias for Trimming.

R. WALDRON, Wilson's Buildings.
Oct 23, 1878.

## COMPETITION DEFIED.

## First-Class Ready Made Clothing for Men and Boys.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS FOR FALL AND WINTER AT
## Z. PREVOST'S NEW YORK CLOTHING STORE,
Brock Street, Four Doors from Market Square.

WE ARE DETERMINED NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD BY ANY CLOTHING HOUSE in this city. For lowest price, style and quality we defy competition.

We have on hand the largest Stock of Overcoats in Blue, Black and Brown Beaver and Pilot, at all prices to suit the purchaser. Our Boy's Department is well assorted in Suits, Pea Jackets and Overcoats which will be sold at bottom prices. We have a very large assortment of PANTS AND VESTS for Men and Boys. All we ask is an examination of the Stock to be convinced of their low price and superior quality. All the above Goods are our own make.

OUR ORDER DEPARTMENT is very complete in all classes of Goods: Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Broadcloths, Fancy Diagonals—all patterns—Beaver and Knapped Goods for Overcoats in great variety.

OUR GENT'S FURNISHINGS; also HATS AND CAPS are complete for Fall and Winter Trade. Come and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere and you will be satisfied that ours is the Cheapest House in the city. ☞ SIGN OF THE ATTRACTIVE SIGN.

Z. PREVOST, BROCK STREET, 4 Doors from Market Square

# NEW FALL DRY GOODS
## ALEXANDER ROSS
Begs to announce that he is showing
One of the Largest, Most Select and Cheapest Stocks Dry Goods

IN THE CITY, and invites all intending purchasers to call and inspect it before buying elsewhere. The following departments are especially large and varied with something in them to please every taste:—Black and Colored Silks, Dress Goods in all the newest shades and materials, Galloons, Fringes and Buttons to match, Black Cashmeres from 30c per yard, Black Lustres from 12½c per yard, Plain and Fancy Winceys, commencing at 5c per yard, Shawls, Jackets and Jacket Cloth in all the newest styles and fabrics. Our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, always a great attraction, will this season, with novelty, variety and lowness of price please the most fastidious. GENT'S FURNISHINGS of every description. 150 pieces new Tweeds in Scotch, English and Canadian. NEW CARPETS in Brussels, Tapestry, Wool and Hemp. NEW FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

## ALEXANDER ROSS'S, Princess Street
Sept 24, 1878. OPPOSITE CITY HOTEL.

## To Foundrymen, Machinists, Ship Chandlers and Others.

## GREAT AUCTION SALE

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION AT THE

## ATLANTIC FOUNDRY,
Ontario Street, Kingston,
(Estate of J. Brokenshire, et al., Insolvents.)

## ON THURSDAY,
The Seventh Day of November Next,
BEGINNING AT 10 A.M.,
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

Consisting of old and other Brass, Propeller Wheels, Waggon Skeins, Pump Shells, Unfinished, Capstains and Crab Winch, Crucible, Ingot Tin, Cast Iron Sinks, Cast Iron Fencing and Gate, Oil Cabinet with Pump, Jack Screws, Force Pumps, Wrought Iron Scrap, Wrought Nutts, Coal Screenings, Metal Tubing, Snatch and other Blocks, Block Shells, Block Sheaves, Pat. Brass Roller Bushings, Iron Bushings, Iron and Brass Wire, Circular Saw Works, Steering Screws, Globe Valves, Brass Cocks, Safety Valve, Steel Set Screws, Steam Fittings, Steam Whistle, Boiler Purging Powder, Pump Boxes, Second hand Spring Waggon, Bar Iron, Machine Steel, Boiler Plates, Iron Chain, Emery Grinder with Stone and Frame, Chuck for Lathe, Punching Machine, Boiler Plate Roller, Self-sustaining Pulley Blocks, Babcock Fire Extinguisher, Weighing Scales, India Rubber Hose, Bevill and Gear Wheel, Wrought Iron Wheel Barrow, Hand Cart and Hand Trucks, Letter Copying Press, Clock, 3 Letter Clip Boards and a variety of other articles. Also a Small Boiler and Engine, about 3 Horse Power, suitable for a Cheese Factory. Also a quantity of Lignum Vitæ.

Terms cash.

Kingston, Oct 29th, 1878.

JAMES AGNEW,
Official Assignee.

## BANKING.

$10 to $1000 | Invested in Wall Street Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent for explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., Bankers' 17 Wall street, N.Y.

## TO LET,

A HOUSE on Princess Street, containing rooms. Enquire at the store of the undersigned.

R. J. CARSON.

Oct. 14th, 1878.

## Dress Goods Departmn't

R. & J. GARDINER
Invite the attention of
DRESS BUYERS
TO THE
Very Complete Assortment of Goods we are Showing in the above Department.

DR