G. T. R. TIME-TABLE.

Trains arrive and depart from the Kingston Station as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING WEST.

Arrive at.....4:50 p.m. and 5:40 a.m.
Departat.....5:10 p.m. and 5:40 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 10:00 p.m.; depart at 7.00 a.m.

EXPRESS TRAINS GOING EAST.

Arrive at.....1:30 p.m. and 2:10 a.m.
Departat.....1:50 p.m. and 2:10 a.m.
Local Train arrives at 3:15 a.m.; depart at 6:20 a.m.

18 69.

Kingston & Cape Vincent Mail Line of Stages.

ON and after MONDAY, Jan 4th, STAGES of this Line will leave KINGSTON as follows: At 8 O'CLOCK A.M., at 11 O'CLOCK A.M., and at 2 O'CLOCK P.M., on arrival of the Grand Trunk Railroad Train from the West. Passengers leaving their address at the Stage Office will be called for, at their residences or at the different Hotels. This Company have provided Extra Accommodations for Passengers crossing with them.

Office in the Burnett House Buildings Ontario Street.

Agent:
THOMAS HANLEY.

Kingston, Jan. 8th, 1869. 7

McDONELL'S,

COMMENCING TO-DAY

AND CONTINUING

Until Next Saturday, Inclusive.

200 Fancy Dresses, at 5s.
1000 Yards Prints, at 6d.
500 Yards White Cotton, 5d, 6d & 7½d.
Factory Cottons, 4d, 5d, 6d & 7½d.
20 Doz. Linen Towels, at 5s per dozen.
Winceys and Tweeds all reduced to 7½d.

A Large Assortment of Sheeting, Ticking, Damasks, Curtain Muslin, White Marseilles Quilts, Table Linen, Oil Cloths, Fine Black Cloths, Fancy Flannels, Scarlet and White Flannels, on which we will allow 10 per cent. on all purchases of $5 and upwards.

We guarantee this to be the CHEAPEST SALE in Kingston for the NEXT TEN DAYS.

NEW DOMINION HOUSE.

Kingston, Feb. 4, 1869. 29

The Daily British Whig.

"Optimo per Orbem Dicor."

MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 8, 1869.

LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS.—R. H. S., et J. S., Montreal; J. J. R., Ottawa; G. S., London, Eng.; R. M. B., et A. & L., et J. S. V., Montreal.

REMINDERS.

SALES, MEETINGS, AMUSEMENTS, &c.

KING STREET RINK—Masquerade Carnival this evening at 7.30 o'clock.

CATARAQUI CHAPTER—Regular Convocation this evening at 7.30.

The Ruin and Decay of Kingston.

The Montreal and Toronto Press having kindly copied the damaging remarks of the News, touching the status of Kingston, thereby spreading the libel throughout the length and breadth of the land, we deem it but proper to counteract the evil in the best way we can. What follows is extracted from a letter of a Quebec gentleman to Thos. Ireland, Esq., City Chamberlain, who knowing that the gentleman had such a debenture, applied to purchase it at par: the debenture only paying six per cent.

"I hold four city of Kingston debentures for £1,000 sterling. I must say I am disposed to esteem the credit of the city of Kingston at a very high rate, equal to that of the Dominion of Canada."

The gentleman then proceeds to decline the offer to part with the debentures at par, or at any figure less than 5 or 6 per cent. premium. Last summer he sold the Chamberlain one of the same class of debentures at par!

MARBLE BUST OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.—A Mr. Doyle, of Norfolk, was in Kingston on Saturday collecting Subscriptions for a Marble Bust, to be executed by a first rate artist, with the intention of placing it in the Dominion House of Commons. He was very successful in his collection, so much so, that if all the admirers of Sir John throughout Canada contribute as liberally as his Kingston friends, not a Marble Bust, but a full length Statue can be procured for the money.

In consequence of the serious illness of the Hon. Mr. Dunkin, the Quebec Assembly, on Friday night, by a vote of 41 to 13, adjourned until Tuesday, the 16th instant.

MILITARY STORES.—Under instructions from the Secretary of State for War, Assistant Superintendent of Stores Moore will be removed to Chester, and is to be relieved at Kingston by Depty. Assistant Superintendent of Stores Rogers.

A Toronto telegram says:—The interest manifested here in the endowment of Queen's College is considered most encouraging. The subscriptions amount to $6,700 already. Many friends have yet to be waited upon.

☞ Three American schooners, laden with arms for the Cuban insurgents, have been captured by a Spanish man-of-war, and taken into Havana.

Common Schools.

At the adjourned meeting of the Board of Common School Trustees on Friday, all the members were present, Messrs. Newlands and Conley excepted. There was read the report of the Committee on Officers, Teachers and Salaries, which stated that they had examined the applications for the situation of teacher for the Johnson High Street School, and recommended Mr. Wm. Tandy, at a salary of $600 per annum, to the situation. It also recommended Mr. Abraham as care-taker to the Board's property in Princess Street. The applications for the mastership, about 15 in number, were handed to the members.

As an amendment to the report Mr. Robinson moved, seconded by Mr. Draper, that Mr. McClennan, of St. Catharines, be appointed to the School at a salary of $800 per annum. The adoption of the report was agreed to upon a division. Yeas—Messrs. Cunningham, Fenwick, Chown, McCrae, Carroll, McRossie, Britton, 7. Nays: Messrs. Phillips, Draper, Robinson and Massie, 4. The Chairman, Mr. Fenwick and Mr. Woods were requested to make what temporary arrangements for the Wellington Street School they might think necessary.

Messrs. Britton, Cunningham, Ford Fenwick, Phillips and Massie were named a Committee to suggest amendments to the new school act, and to report; the same Committee to attend to the reception of the Chief Superintendent of Schools.

It was agreed that the chairman of the Board, Mr. Britton and Mr. Cunningham be a committee to revise the rules of the Board, and report at a regular meeting.

After some important business being transacted the Board adjourned.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, Feb. 6.

About 8 o'clock this morning another roof fell in. It was that of a new and unoccupied building, 251 Notre Dame street, owned by Mr. Bayles. The building has a frontage of only twenty feet, and the amount of snow on the roof could not have been great, but it broke in, crushing through the four floors of the cellar, leaving nothing but the walls standing. The second accident has alarmed the citizens, and elsewhere the snow is being thrown off the roofs.

Mr. Dunkin is said to seriously indisposed again.

His Excellency lunched at the residence of Geo. Stephens, and afterwards visited the Victoria Skating Rink, accompanied by the Major, Lieut. General and Lady Wyndham, Lieut. Governor Howland, Sir Henry and Lady Havelock, and he was received and conducted round the Rink by the President, T. H. Ritchie. A number of skaters were present on the ice.

His Excellency dined at St. James's Club last evening, and left at 5:40 for Ottawa.—News.

European News and Gossip.

One London coroner held twelve inquests the day after Christmas, most of the deaths resulting from "holiday exercises."

A new invention has been brought out in Paris, which should earn for its author the gratitude of millions. It consists of an apparatus which, if applied to any piano, will deaden the sound emitted.

Kossuth has at last intimated his willingness to return to Hungary in its present condition of virtual independence of Austria. This is looked upon as a great triumph of the Deak party.

The Legislature of Geneva, Switzerland, has passed a law setting aside a certain proportion of the public revenue yearly, to constitute a fund for the assistance of the poor, of the aged, and of the invalids of industry.

The Paris Figaro says: "Two friends met the other day in the street. 'What a shocking bad hat you wear!' exclaims one of them. 'My dear friend, I wear it only because I love my own liberty.' 'But what on earth has your liberty to do with the hat?' 'Oh, a great deal. My wife has sworn she would never walk out with me as long as I should wear such a hat!'"

The present Grand Vizier is one of the most majestic looking Turks in Constantinople, but a man of little ability. He has but one wife, but keeps at his own palace an English concubine, whose beauty is said to be so great that when she visits the women of the Sultan's harem none of them can be compared with her.

The Siamese Twins, undiscouraged by the opinion of the Edinburgh medical faculty as to the inadvisability of their undergoing a surgical operation, are now on their way to Paris to submit their case to the professors in the French capital. They are accompanied by two of their daughters, who are self-possessed, affable girls.

The Austrian Reichsrath begins the new year with new reforms. It has passed a law allowing trial by jury for all press offences. Truly, Austria goes forward, and at the same time with surprising moderation. No transition from absolute to limited monarchy has so far been conducted more quietly and more successfully. The Reichsrath is about the most liberal assembly in Europe, if not the world over.

A telegraphic despatch informs us that a battle has been fought between the Turks and the Prince of Montenegro. The latter is a tributary of the Sultan, and one of the most hostile to his rule. On his aid, as well as on the aid of Servia and Roumania, the Greeks have at all times calculated in case war should be declared against them by Turkey, and this engagement rather tends to show that they have been measuring their strength with some degree of accuracy.

A recent storm in Belgium was distinguished by some singular phenomena. The wind carried off several articles of the first necessity. For instance, the roof of a house and a lawyer's wife have totally disappeared. It is possible that the roof may have been found; but as for the lady, who was a light weight, her husband has given up all hopes of her recovery.

A railway accident took place on the 18th ult., at the Copenhagen Tunnel, Caledonian road, London, England, in consequence of the fog. The driver of a mineral train was unable to see the signals, and ran of the line on to the siding, coming eventually at the rate of twenty miles an hour against a brick wall ten feet thick. The engine was knocked to pieces, and the unfortunate driver and his stoker were killed on the spot.

Queen Victoria is expected to honor Mr. Gladstone's ministry by opening the session of Parliament next month in person.

A priest at Rome has addressed a circular letter to all the Bishops of the church calling their attention to the light, operatic character of the music now used in many churches as being much more suitable for vanity than piety. He advocates a return to the grand, solemn music of the early ages of the church.

The Turkish ladies at Constantinople are becoming more and more civilized in their dress. Although they still wear the uncouth, shapeless outer cloak and white veil when in the street, they have the European dress often under the cloak, and make the veil of such thin and transparent gauze as to show to the utmost advantage the features they pretend to conceal.

The German papers mention a melancholy case of suicide and filial devotion. A widow had two sons, the eldest of whom supported the family. He recently was ordered to join the army, having fallen into the conscription. The younger brother, feeling himself unable to support his aged mother, shot himself through the heart, thereby liberating the elder from military service, on account of his being a widow's only son.

The vexed question, can a woman ride a velocipede? seems to be in a fair way to be decided. A pretty young woman not unknown to the frequenters of the French Theatre, astonished the gray coated policeman and pleased the public generally by appearing in the Central Park the other day, attired in manly costume, and riding a splendid two wheeled turn-out, which she managed with perfect grace and skill. If this sort of things goes on, we will have to eat our trotting horses, as they do in France, for want of a better use for them.

The latest Parisian scandal is the financial ruin of the Duke de Castres. His wife sues for the separation of the estate. His family did all they could to save him. Marshall McMahon, his brother, went his security to the amount of 500,000 francs, and the very next day De Castres gave over 105,000 francs to secure a diamond necklace for the lorette who had ruined him. His family intend to use every legal means to compel the lorette to disgorge her ill-gotten plunder.

Paris just know is wondering at the wealth of pretty actresses. How it is gotten, the Lord—or, the devil—knows! An actress of the minor theatres, whose salary is not $20 a month, and whose fines usually amount to three times her salary, a few day since gave $60,000 for a lot on the Avenue des Champs Elysees; she will build a mansion on it which will cost $100,000. Mlle. Blanch d'Antigny, who plays Fredegonda in the new musical extravaganza, "Chilperic," wears $60,000 worth of diamonds in one act, and $20,000 turquoises in another act—$80,000 of jewels displayed in one night. She has just leased a mansion in the avenue Friedland for which she pays $8,000 a year rent. She has spent $11,000 in lace, silk and furniture for her bedchamber alone. The other rooms of the house are furnished in an equally extravagant manner.

Bold Robberies.

The thieves are having it all their own way in New York. A day or two since a gentleman was sitting alone in his office, when two men entered, gagged him, tied him to his chair, and then robbed him of $5,000. Boston has a parallel case:—

Boston, Feb. 2.

David Sisson, treasurer of Post 15, Grand Army of the Republic, was approached from behind, in his office, yesterday at noon, by a man who presented a revolver and told him to make no noise. A struggle ensued, when Sisson had a rope put round his neck and was tied to a bolt in the floor. The robbers took a gold watch, a diamond pin, and two hundred dollars from him, and then set down and ransacked the drawers and desks, getting four hundred dollars more. Sisson escaped by gnawing the rope with his teeth.

THE PRISONER WHALEN.—We are glad to learn this unfortunate man seems to begin to realize his awful situation, and to exhibit a state of mind more in keeping with his position than that formerly shown by him. On Wednesday night he gave the turnkey of his corridor a message for the Sheriff, saying he wished to see him, and on it being communicated to Mr. Powell yesterday afternoon, he at once repaired to visit him in his own cell. The prisoner said he had sent for him to thank him for all his kindness to him, and to ask his forgiveness for all that he had said or done against him. This we need scarcely say, Mr. Powell frankly assured him of. Since his return from Toronto the Sheriff has, as before that time, shown him every consideration consistent with his duty. A few days ago Whalen expressed a wish to have the Rev. Dr. O'Connor to visit him and his request was at once complied with. Since then Mr. Powell has given orders that his religious advisers shall have access to him, at any and all times they desire, or when he wishes to see them.—Ottawa Citizen.

THE WOODRUFF HOUSE.—This popular and widely known establishment, which has for some time past been conducted by Mr. A. Lance, has this week changed hands, and is now under the management of Messrs. Buck & Sanger, two gentlemen from Ottawa, the capital of Canada, at which place they have had ample experience in the hotel line, having kept for a few years the Revere House there,—a hotel which has not only a provincial reputation, but is well known to travelling Americans, as a well ordered and first class establishment. Under their direction the Woodruff, which now enjoys the character of the first best hotel in Northern New York, will, we are sure, continue to secure as it deserve, the patronage of the elite of the traveling and resident public. Messrs. Buck and Sanger will make some alterations and improvements, which will add greatly to its appearance, as well as to the comfort of the guests.—Watertown Reformer.

THE REDUCTION OF TROOPS.—The announced reduction of the Royal troops in Canada will cause regret pretty widely throughout the Dominion. Many of the fairer sex, with their national tendency to hero-making and hero-worship, will especially deprecate the withdrawal of the red coats. Officers and men of various regiments have married in the Dominion, and endeared themselves to wide circles of friends, who will mourn their departure. Others will leave a blank behind them, who have benefitted society by high social, intellectual and other qualities, for a social difficulty like that at Quebec has been a great rarity. But after all the reduction and removal of the troops from Canada was inevitable. We cannot reasonably expect England to bear the expense of a large force, when her people are over taxed, and we are not. Although on some grounds we regret the reduction of the regular troops here, on others we think it will be advantageous. It will probably tend to develope the idea that we must trust for our defence in future a good deal to our own efforts, and it may serve to deepen the feeling of the need of fostering our militia system by every proper means.—Citizen.

United States.

The "lynching" done out West averages one case a day.

A Western pianist plays blindfolded, with the keys-board covered with a tablecloth.

The four hundred and thirty churches in New York will seat about 300,000 persons.

A girl of thirteen, living near Burlington, Iowa, committed suicide recently, because reproved for tampering with a clock.

One of the religious journals speaks of a church which pays its choir $2,000 a year, while its contributions do not exceed $100.

A little thief in Cincinnati has been sent to the workhouse for six months. He is 14 years old, and the last arrest was his twentieth.

A child has been born in Watertown having full sets of visible teeth,—incisors, molars and grinders. He is now a few days old and is well.

It appears that Brigham Young was once fined $10 for assaulting and battering an unscrupulous wretch who had charged him with being in favor of polygamy.

The crowd is so great at Dr. John Hall's church in New York, every Sunday, that pewholders have to hang out tickets bearing the word Taken, like those of the theatre.

A young woman was arrested in Providence the other day because she looked so sorrowful, and a bottle of laudanum and a letter directing where she should be buried was found in her pocket.

The latest swindle of New York rogues is to copy the orders written on expressmen's slates, then go to the stores or other places directed, and, representing themselves as the expressmen, obtain possession of the articles, which they sell on the first opportunity.

Syracuse, N.Y., has a new scandal case. A travelling agent returned home sooner than expected, and arriving at night found a substitute in his place. He didn't have an attack of momentary insanity, but simply packed wife and lover out of the house.

A Salt Lake despatch to a San Francisco paper says: 'Brigham Young was stricken down by apoplexy in his private office, and it was some time before assistance could be rendered him, from the fact that the serious mishap was not known to the clerks in the outer room. He was immediately conveyed to his residence, and is now lying on a couch, surrounded by his family. He has rallied once since the attack, and it is thought that he will survive, this being the first of the usual series of three attacks, the last one proving fatal.'

A most horrible and revolting outrage was perpetrated at Mount Vernon, Alabama, says the Mobile Register, a day or two since, by a negro, named Mack, upon two little white children, the eldest not more than eleven years of age. The fiendish act created an intense excitement in the community, which was shared by the negroes. The country was scoured in every direction, and the monster was captured. So great was the excitement and indignation of the people that it was determined to execute the prisoner on the spot. After consultation, however, the case was left in the hand of an impromptu negro jury, how after a full hearing, sentenced the prisoner to be hung, which entence was executed on the spot. His victims, are in a critical condition.

Outrage at Cornwall,

PURSUIT AND CAPTURE—PROMPT EXTRADITION.

Cornwall, Ont., Feb. 3.

About a week ago a most brutal outrage was committed by a man named Grant, on the person of a young woman of very respectable standing, residing about ten miles from this place. The scoundrel fled to the village of Fort Covington, New York. Last night a number of the inhabitants turned out, and conveyed him to the Canada side of the line, where he was once arrested, and now lies in Cornwall jail. Popular feeling runs high, and threats of Lynch law are freely uttered.

JUSTIFIABLE PARTIALITIES.—Lord Byron, adopting the opinion of his literary predecessor, Chesterfield, that an agreeable personal exterior is a letter of recommendation made it a rule, in all his migrations, to carry with him an ample supply of Rowlands' justly celebrated Macassar Oil, Kalydor, and Odonto—a partiality warranted by uniform felicitous results; for these infallible specifics preserved his hair, complexion, and teeth, in every clime that he visited, from deterioration. The judicious example of the noble poet and discerning philosopher is now universally followed, for all travellers resort, with equal avidity and success, to those admired sustainers of manly grace and feminine beauty. To be obtained at most of the principal Stores and Chemists' Shops throughout the country. 31

Curious Deposits near Charleston.

Within the past year the character of a large deposit of fossil remains near Charleston has been determined. It crops out in many different places, and extends over many thousand acres. It lies at various depts below the surface, and forms a pretty well-defined stratum from twelve to twenty inches thick. It is not a rock, but a mass of nodules of different sizes, more or less imperforate, coprolites; or fossilized excrement, and the bones, teeth and tusks of fishes and animals, all compactly imbedded in clay or sand. It forms a very valuable manure, and as it exists in immense quantities and costs little to work, its discovery will be worth more to Charleston and the State generally than all the Sea Island cotton grown for many years. The region is entirely free from stones, and everything harder than the soil itself is a part of the valuable deposit, so that simple washing suffices for the rejection of all worthless material. Making due allowance for the earth that fills the interstices between the nodules and their imperforations, there are probably more than one thousand tons of the phosphate to each acre that it underlies, and its commercial value, even at this early day, while its introduction has been but little more than experimental, is eight dollars per ton; and the cost of digging and preparation for market not more than one-eight of that price. None of the theories as to the origin of the deposit are very satisfactory. Obviously many species of animal, land and marine, have been attracted—perhaps as to a salt lick, or to a fresh water spring—to this region, and they must have remained here sufficiently long for their excuvia to form a considerable element of the accumulation which their remains have helped to make. Whatever the origin of these fossil remains their is no doubt as to their enormous value. The larger part of the material which is now excavated contains from fifty-five to sixty-five per cent. of true phosphate of lime, and it is doubtful whether any of it falls below fifty per cent. The reported richness in 'phospates' is much less than this—sometimes nearly seventy per cent.; but this includes phosphate of alumina, both of which are probably without value as manure, and are not separated in the ordinary process of analyzing fertilizers. Concerning the remaining constituents, it is enough to say they are harmless applied to the soil, and that they are not of sufficient agricultural value to be taken into the account. Probably it would be safe to estimate that such of these phosphates as will be sent to market contain fully one thousand pounds of pure phosphate of lime to the ton, or one million pounds to the acre, the deposits averaging thousands of acres. This is that element of the soil, whose removal has been the chief cause of the destruction of its fertility since the foundation of the world. These deposits are, it must be remembered, raw material. In its crude state, the phosphate is almost worthless for agricultural purposes, being too insoluble for even the searching process that attends the growth of plants. Before being used, it must be rendered soluble by the action of sulphuric acid, which converts it into the super-phosphate of commerce.—Leader.

Triple Tragedy.

FATHER AND MOTHER DIE OF GRIEF FOR A MURDERED SON.

(From the Columbus (Miss.) Index.)

We obtain the imperfect particulars of a tragedy that is terrible, as involving the lives of three persons under peculiar circumstances.

Our informant states that some two or three weeks since a man named Jake Hampton, former employee of Mrs. Hale & Murdock, started from the iron works in Alabama, in company with a young man named Dempsey, who was moving Hampton and his household to Montevallo. Dempsey was a teamster living at the iron works.

After an absence of a day or two, Hampton returned alone, and reported to the family of Dempsey that he had been murdered by some one, and reported where the body could be found. Parties went at once to the place, and found the body, and that the man had come to his death by violence. Suspicion, arising from his own conduct and surrounding circumstances, fixed on Hampton himself as the perpetrator of the dark deed, and he was arrested and placed in custody.

But this is not the worst of a beginning that is sad enough to be the end itself.—Young Dempsey was an only son, and his father, on hearing of his tragical death, was so overwhelmed with grief that he dropped dead where he stood.

And yet another act in the sorrowful drama. Another member of the family, a daughter, brave-spirited, though stricken with grief, started after the body of her brother. Returning to the house, she found that her mother was also dead of a broken heart, and dressed ready for burial.

It is supposed that Hampton's object in committing the murder was to get possession of the team of the deceased.

Through Without Breaking Bulk.

A new device for thorough-freighting is now being put into operation on the Grand Trunk Railway. Last Tuesday morning a train of twelve cars went west laden with merchandise for Chicago, St. Louis, and other points in the west. These cars run through from Boston to their destination, be it St. Paul or Salt Lake City, adapting themselves to the different gauges on the route. The wheels are made to shift on the axle, to which they are perfectly fitted by means of the lathe. When fixed to any required gauge, the wheels are retained in their places by keys, which are easily withdrawn when it is necessary to change guage. The contrivance is a very simple, ingenious, and apparently effective one. The right of the invention is patented, and held, we believe, by Mr. Yates of Brantford, and is worth a very large sum of money. The change of guage is easily effected by withdrawing the keys and running the cars on a sliding or track inclining from broad to narrow, or vice versa. If this plan succeed, and its success can hardly be doubted, it will entirely supercede the very expensive device of a third rail. A large number of the class of cars in question are now being constructed, and doubtless we shall soon daily trains running to and from the seaboard and the Mississippi, and ere long to the Pacific coast, without breaking bulk. The already very heavy through-freight traffic of the Grand Trunk must be incalculably increased by the success of the 'change guage' cars, and the ability to make successful competition with other routes relatively enhanced. A principle applicable to the running gear of freight cars can also, no doubt, be applied to that of passenger coaches. We may reasonably expect very shortly to see the Pulman Palace, and other cars, passing our doors from the Atlantic and St. Lawrence ports to the extreme western points of travel. Should the success we anticipate from the change guage plan be realized a traffic already respectable will tax, if it do not exceed, the greatest capacity of a single line of rails, and gladden the hearts, we trust, of now despondent proprietors.—Cornwall Freeholder.

SORE THROAT.—Gargle the throat with a mixture of Davis' Pain Killer and water, and the relief is immediate and cure positive.

For a cough, a few drops on sugar, eaten, will be more effective than any thing else.

For diarrhœa and dysentery, take a teaspoonful of Pain Killer, well mixed in a gill of milk and water, and sweetened with sugar. It will never fail if taken in time. 32

FANCY SILKS! FANCY SILKS!

A Bankrupt Stock of Striped and Checked Silks now For Sale at the Montreal House. A rare chance for Ladies in quest of Bargains.

JAMES DAVIS.

COMMERCE AND MARINE.

Kingston Money Market.

Feb. 6.

FOLGER BROS., BANKERS, REPORT THE MONEY MARKET AS FOLLOWS:

American Currency buying, 73¼ Bills.
" " 76 Silver.
" selling, 74 Bills.
Silver buying, ... 4½ Dis.
" selling, ... 4 "
Gold in New York, ...135¼
Sterling Exchange, ... 9¾

Current Prices of Grain.

Feb. 6 1869.

The Grain Buyers of Ontario Street report—

Fall Wheat,	1 05 to 0 00	per Bushel.
Spring do.,	1 02 to 1 05	" "
Rye,	0 67 to 0 00	" "
Barley,	1 10 to 1 15	" "
Peas,	0 85 to 0 00	" "
Oats,	0 50 to 0 55	" "
Buckwheat,	0 45 to 0 50	" "

Montreal Markets—Feb. 6th.

Flour—Super Extra, 0,00 to 0,00; Extra, 5 40 to 5,50; Fancy, 5,10 to 0,00; Welland Canal Super, 0,00 to 0,00 Super No. 1 Canada wheat, 4,85 to 4,95; Super No. 1 Western wheat, 0,00 to 0 00; Super No. 2 Western wheat, 4,40 to 4,50; bag flour 2 35 to 2.45. Wheat—Canada Fall 0,00 to 0,00. Spring, 1,16 to 0,00; Western, 0,00 to 0,00. Oats—per 32 lbs, 00 to 00. Barley—per 48 lbs, 0.00 to 0,00 Butter—Dairy 22 to 24c; storepacked 20 to 21c. Ashes—pots, 5,55 to 5 60. Pearls 5,40 to 5,45. Gold in New York at 12 o'clock, 135¼. Pork, Mess, 00 00 to 00 00 Prime mess, 00,00 to 00,00. Prime, 00,00 to 00,00. Dressed hogs, 9,75 to 10,00. Peas, per 66 lbs 90 to 0.. Rye Flour 00,00 to 00,00.

Flour market very dull, and best supers offered, 4,90 a 4,95, with little doing. Grain—Wheat nominal, at about 1,16. Peas—nothing doing; nominal value 90c. Provisions—Pork in small supply, and unchanged in value. Hogs scarce, and taken at quotations. Lard firm, but quiet. Butter, holders firm, but little moving. Ashes unchanged.

Montreal Stock and Share List.

Feb. 5.

Shares.	BANKS.	Div. p	Closing Prices, pc.
$200	Bank of Montreal...	10	139¼ a139¾
£50	Bank B. N. America..	6	103 a105
80	City Bank		102 a103
50	Banque du Peuple...	8	109 a110
50	Molson's Bank.....	8	110 a111
40	Ontario Bank.....	8	99 a100
100	Bank of Toronto.....	8	121 a122
100	Quebec Bank.....	7	99 a100
50	Banque Nationale....	8	106½ a108
40	Gore Bank.....		40 a 45
50	Banque Jacques Cartier	8	107½ a108½
100	Merchants' Bank....	8	109 a109½
50	East. Townships Bank	8	98 a 99½
50	Royal Canadian Bank	8	96 a 87
100	Union Bank	8	103 a103½
50	Mechanics' Bank	8	94 a 96
50	Bank of Commerce...	8	102 a103
	RAILWAYS.		
£100	Grand Trunk.....		15 a 17
20½	Great Western	4	13 a 15
	MISCELLANEOUS		
40	Montreal Telegraph Co	10	133 a135
40	Montreal City Gas Co.	8	138 a140
100	Richelieu Nav. Co..	7	116½ a118
100	Can. Navigation Co..	20	90 a100
100	Dominion Stock 6 p c t		104½a —
	EXCHANGE.		
	Bank on London, 60 days.....		109½a109¾
	Private " "		108 a109
	Bank on New York		25¾a 26
	Private "		26¼a 26½
	Gold Drafts on New York.....		¼ds to par.

REMARKS.

With the exception of a few of the leading Bank Stocks, the transactions of the week have not been numerous, rates continuing firm at the late advance.

Bank of Montreal—Sales at 129¼ to 129¾. Offered to-day at the latter figure, with buyers at 139¼.

Bank of British North America—Sellers at 105. Buyers at present offer 103.

Ontario Bank—Considerable sales at 99¾ and 100. Offered to-day at 100¼, with buyers at the former figure.

Bank of Toronto—No stock in this market for some time. Buyers have advanced their offers to 121.

Merchants' Bank—Sales to some extent at 109¼, at which rate more could be placed.

Gore Bank—Is asked for at 41. Held at 45.

Royal Canadian Bank—Held now at 87, with buyers at 86. Last transactions at 86 and 86½.

Canadian Bank of Commerce—Quotations nominal. Latest transactions were at 102½.

Canada Navigation Company—Sellers are asking par. Demand slack. Transfer books were opened yesterday.

Government Securities—There have been no classes of these securities on the market during the past week.

Sterling Exchange—Is slightly weaker, and has to be quoted at 109½ to 109¾ for Bank 60-day drafts. Gold drafts are worth about ¼ discount.

Customs Imports—In Bond.

Feb. 4th.

Sleigh, Cape Vincent—1 bx, A J Wells; 1 pkg music, E Stacey; 1 bx, J Carruthers; 1 bx photograph stock, Sheldon & Davis; 1 bx, H Skinner; 1 pkg, J Salisbury; 2 bxs, J Nelson; 1 bx, K H Hambly; 1 pkg, F Hance; 2 bales, S Ewing & Co; 6 bales duck, 1 bbl twine, 4 coils rope, Fraser & George.

Feb 5.

Sleigh, Cape Vincent—1 bx oysters, J Reynolds; 2 bxs, P H Hambly; 1 bx, E Stacey; 1 pkg, J Maconer; 1 pkg music, J Reyner; 1 pkg, J Williams; 1 pkg, A Donnelly; 1 pkg, J Keeler; 1 sett harness, S Davis.

BIRTH.

At the Ordnance House, Point Frederick, Kingston, on Friday, the 5th instant, the wife of James Moore, Esq., Superintendent of Her Majesty's Military Stores, of a Daughter.

DIED.

In Kingston, on the 16th inst., Henry Simon, youngest son of Mr. Skinner, aged one year.

At Almonte, on the 2nd inst., the wife of Mr. Patrick Byrnes, aged 26 years.

At Toronto, on Feby. 5th, Martin John O'Dea, M.D.

At Oakville, on Feb. 3rd, Desdemona, wife of Joseph Milbourne, Esq., aged 61 years.

At Cornwal, on the 29th ult., Eliza Lucretia, wife of R. G. French, Esq., aged 57 years.

At Lancaster, on the 30th ult., Miss Margaret, daughter of Donald McNicol, Esq., aged 22 years.

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Frontenac.

In the matter of Mary Watson and Annie Watson, two Infant Daughters of William H. Watson, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Judge of the Surrogate Court of the County of Frontenac, at his Chambers, in the Court House, City of Kingston, on THURSDAY, the FOURTH day of MARCH, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, for an order appointing Annie Watson, of the City of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, Widow, Guardian of Mary Watson and Annie Watson, two Infant Daughters of William H. Watson, deceased.

GEORGE A. KIRKPATRICK,
Solicitor for Infants.

Dated 6th February, 1868. 32

COW LOST.

LOST from the Premises of the Subscriber, in Johnson Street, last week, a GREY COW, with a bit of one of her horns broken off. Whoever knows of her whereabouts, will be rewarded for his information and trouble.

JAMES MAGUIRE.

Kingston, Feb. 6th, 1869. 32

Take Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forbidden to harbor or give credit to Ann McFaul on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her from this date.

A. D. McFAUL.

Kingston, Feb. 5, 1869. 32

LOST,

A RED COW, with a white streak down the back and belly, with horns turned towards each other, and a small piece broken off one horn. Is three years old in the spring, and giving milk. She strayed away from her yard in Princess Street on Sunday, January 31.

Any one leaving or sending word where she may be found to this Office, will be rewarded for their time and trouble.

Kingston, Feb. 6, 1869. 32

UNIVERSAL

Clothes Wringers

JUST RECEIVED AT

HORSLEY'S STOVE ROOMS,

PRINCESS STREET.

Kingston, Feb. 6, 1869. 31

SAVE YOUR WOOD AND COAL

AND SECURE

Good Health for Your Families!

BY USING

BARNES' PATENT

Draught Regulator & Ventilator.

NO Noxious Vapors or Foul Air can exist where any of these are in use, either in the Kitchen, Parlor, Bed-room, or Office.

It also prevents the accumulation of Soot, rendering it impossible for the pipes to take fire, or leak, which is a consideration where there are carpets.

It is guaranteed to save One-third your Wood or Coal by concentrating the heat in the Stove (instead of allowing it to escape up the chimney). It will cook, and heat irons, &c., in one-half the usual time.

By putting an extra stick of wood in the Stove at night, in the morning you will find live coals, thus rendering it unnecessary to re-light your fire, and saving the expense of kindling wood.

Certificates of several thousand persons could be procured in Toronto testifying to the above.

REFERENCES, KINGSTON:

Capt. Swales, British American Hotel.
David Fraser, Fraser's Saloon.
Thos. Parke, Deputy Judge.
James O'Reilly, Boarder, &c.
Dr. Barker, British Whig Office.
And many others.

Price of this invaluable article, $1 25.

Manufactured and for sale at McKelvey & Birch's, Wellington Street.

☞ County Rights for Sale.

BRAY, BAKER & CO.,
Toronto.

W. D. DEARICK, Agent,
British American Hotel,
Kingston.

Kingston, February 5th, 1869. 31

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

WILL be Sold by AUCTION on **Saturday, March 13th Next,** at the Auction Room of the Subscriber, a FARM containing One Hundred Acres of land, being part of Lot No. 6, Western Addition, Township of Pittsburg, within three miles of the City, the property of Mr. John G. Strachan. It is well fenced, watered and in a thorough state of cultivation. There are two Barns and Sheds, a Young Orchard and about eight acres of wood. It is positively one of the Best Farms of its size in the County, as far as land, fencing and tillage are concerned, and will afford to a person desirous of a homestead, situated in a pleasant locality, an opportunity that rarely occurs. The place will be sold without reserve.

TERMS—One third of the purchase, Cash, the balance in five annual instalments, with interest at eight per cent.

Sale at 12 o'clock.

WILLIAM MURRAY,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, Jan. 27th, 1869. 25

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE FARM, containing one hundred and thirty acres of land, being the east half of Lot No. 33 in the 7th Concession of the Township of Ernestown, within two miles of the village of Wilton. There is a good substantial Stone House, Barn and Sheds, about sixty acres under a good state of cultivation, and twenty acres of a cedar swamp. Well timbered and well watered.

Also, a SLOOP, the Victoria, between 30 and 40 tons buthen, slip keel, suitable for either canal or lake navigation. Is in good running order, standing rigging and canvas all complete.

For particulars apply to Mr. George Brown, Princess Street, Kingston, or

WILLIAM MURRAY,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, Jany. 29th, 1869. 1m26

TO-NIGHT.

GRAND MASQUERADE!!

KING STREET SKATING RINK.

A FANCY DRESS MASQUERADE will be held in the RINK on the Evening of MONDAY, the 8th day of FEBRUARY next.

None but Skaters in costume allowed on the ice.

No gentleman in female costume admitted.

Spectators admitted by the Union Street Entrance. Maskers by the King Street Entrance.

By the kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Hibbert and the Officers of the R. C. Rifles, the Band of the Regiment will play during the evening.

The Skaters in costume are requested to hand in during the evening a card bearing their name and the character they represent, in order that the list of costumes may be preserved.

Tickets to be obtained from the Secretary, at the office of C. F. Gildersleeve, Esq.

☞ Admission 25 cents.

R. W. BARROW,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Kingston, Jan. 26, 1869. 22

ANOTHER LOT

OF

Alabaster Ornaments, Vases, Toilet Bottles, &c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

ALL OF WHICH, with the large Stock of Parian Statuettes, China Goods, Fluted Ware, Jewelry, Work Boxes, Bags, Pen-knives, Engravings, Slippers, Woods, Toys, &c., &c., will be sold at

A Small Advance on Cost.

Call and examine Goods and Prices.

WM. McCOMB,
177 Princess St.

Kingston, Feb. 5, 1869. 31

SALES BY J. J. LINTON.

Sale at Auction!

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the following Property will be offered at Public Auction, at the Auction Rooms of J. J. LINTON, in the City of Kingston, **On Thursday, 25th February, 1869,**

At 12 o'clock, noon,

pursuant to a power contained in a certain mortgage over said property to the Frontenac Loan and Investment Society:—

All that Parcel or Tract of Land containing One