At W. S. GORDON'S Grocery, Princess St., willbefound all kinds of Groceries and Provisions on the close cutting cash principle.

The Daily British Whig.

SATURDAY EV'NG, JULY 27, 1878.

REMINDERS.

MONDAY.

City Council.—Regular Meeting at 8 p.m.

TUESDAY.

Great Sale of Dry Goods at Ottawa.

Sale of Property of Smyth Estate at 2 p.m.

St. George's Pic-Nic.—Important Meeting of Pic-Nic Committee at 8 p.m.

Excursion Meeting of District Orange Lodge No. 1, at 7:30 p.m.

Who wouldn't be a Prince! There's more than a name in it in England. Fifty thousand a year is not so slow an allowance on which to practice the mysteries of domestic economy. No outlay, either, for life insurance, since, in the event of a prior departure of the lord and master, an annuity of thirty thousand is settled upon the surviving better half. It must go far to lighten the anxieties of married life thus to have all its substantial contingencies provided for. The British Parliament, in rejecting Dilke's adverse motion, was just ten to one in favour of the endowment of the Duke of Connaught and his fair young Prussian bride. Canadians who remember the visit of Prince Arthur to this country will wish him all possible happiness, and a long life of it. They will do this none the less readily because the British taxpayer has to foot the bill of maintenance.

What utter rubbish it is to talk of cowardice on the part of the Hon. M. Cartwright and his friends, because they very properly treat with contempt the operations of the Wandering Refugee in the County of Lennox. It would be a degradation to any public man, in either political party, to accept a challenge and to measure swords in the public arena with that "abandoned man" known as W. Macdougall. He has repeatedly boxed the political compass. He has denounced as treasonable, imbecile and incapable, the very men he is now supporting; he has in fact alternately condemned the leaders of both parties; and yet, forsooth, he presumes to be the people's guide to good government! The only proper treatment of such a political nondescript, is to let him severely alone; and it is much to Hon. Mr. Cartwright's credit that he resolved to adopt this course.

SIR JOHN'S KALEIDOSCOPE.

As shifting as the sea-sands, and as changeful as the colors of the chameleon have been the deliverances of the Tory Leaders on their pet protection hobby. For the most part the Chieftain has maintained a judicious reticence in regard to the *amount* of taxation he intended to impose on the consumers of this country for the special benefit of the monopolists. His resolutions on the subject in parliament have all been of the non-committal order. Even when the question was put to him by Mr. Gurney, at the Hamilton demonstration, as to *how much* protection he intended to afford, he replied by evading the point of the query: "Different manufactures," said he, "require a different manner of dealing with. It is impossible to lay down a scale for all. * * * We will ask every one to produce evidence of what is necessary to protect them and that will be given them." Thus this bounteous promiser announced the amplitude of the generosity of his *next* administration. "Ask and it shall be given." What could greedy protectionists wish for more? Like Absalom, who stole the hearts of the men of Israel by wishing that he were Judge in the land and that all men might come to him and he would do them justice! so the Tory Chieftain promises to protect all if they will only restore him to power, plunder and provender. To give the colour of consistency to his all embracing promise and to inspire some little public faith in his sincerity, he has voted in the House for every species of protection, no matter in how foolish a form it has presented itself. With the merest handful of other members he voted last session for a tax upon bread, the raw material of human existence, and upon coal and iron, the raw materials of our manufactures, the large majority even of his own followers refusing to follow him in what may be termed the very insanity of protection. All along Sir John Macdonald, while thus proceeding to suicidal lengths demonstrate his personal devotion to protection, has steadfastly resisted all temptation to commit himself to anything specific in regard to the amount of taxation he proposes to impose. Under the pressure of necessity, however, he has now and again been in a manner compelled to abandon his glittering generalities and to actually give some fitful indication of the extent to which he intended to protect the "interests" and to tax the people. But no two announcements have been alike. At one time, as for example at the Cobourg demonstration of last year, an increase of 2½ per cent. was declared sufficient, and from this slight advance with the facility of a reckless purchaser at an auction sale he has been bidding for popular support all the way up to a retaliatory tariff—any price for the prize of power! His latest bid is intended, no doubt, to be a happy mean between the two extremes. He has for the present placed his tariff at 35 per cent. for all comers. This is precisely a doubling of the taxation now imposed upon the country. His opponents must make haste to fight him on this line or they will find he has deserted it and struck out another. Let not the monopolists imagine that because Sir John has named a figure, he is likely to stick to it. In this matter, again, we say he is all things by turns and nothing long. Many a time may the Chieftain change the rate before he reaches power. Once the goal of his ambition is reached it need not surprise the very men he is trying to dupe with Protectionist bait, if he should revoke and abandon every pledge, and, furnishing some plausible pretext for his deception, laugh, not merely in his sleeve, as he is doing now, but right out in the very faces of those who are verdant enough to trust in his sincerity and honour.

A LITERARY CALUMNY.

The writer of Current Events in the August number of the Canadian Monthly has placed the Tory press under the most insolvent obligations to him for a recent abusive paragraph perpetrated by his pen on the present Finance Minister. Those journals (our own *Daily News* for example) which glory in nothing so much as the "bloodhound" species of literature—we borrow the expression from the source just named—are fairly "howling with delight" at the discovery of the filthiest line they could find in the criticism they are honouring just now with all sorts of typographical prominence. The critic of Current Events dogmatically pronounces Mr. Cartwright's facts to be 'wrong' and his figures to be 'plastic and accommodating.' He imputes to the Finance Minister 'personal pique' against Sir John Macdonald although there is much more evidence of personal spleen on the part of the writer himself in the paragraph in question. This high authority further alleges Mr. Cartwright's "policy to be all wrong from first to last" without showing where or how. He declares Mr. Cartwright has borrowed money at ruinous rates, a base misrepresentation since the loans negotiated by the present Finance Minister were obtained on much more favourable terms and at a lighter rate of interest than those of his predecessors. His critic says he should have imposed taxes instead, when the fact is that when he did so to the extent of 2½ per cent he was condemned by Tupper and the rest of them for burdening the already overweighted people with unnecessary taxation and—crowning iniquity—for "entering the thin edge of the protectionist wedge." But the sweetest morsel to these literary garbage mongers is the opinion so delicately expressed by this "impartial" writer to the effect that Hon. Mr. Cartwright "has the foulest tongue, save, perhaps, Mr. Francis Jones, in the Dominion." This choice tit-bit is euphoniously and elegantly paraphrased by our local contemporary into "the *foulest tongued* man in the Dominion," and repeated again and again in its columns with an evident relish which sufficiently betokens the depths of literary degredation in which it most congenially grovels and may be accepted by the inditer of Current Events as an indication of how *low* a key he must strike when he would again evoke the rewards of Tory applause.

The precious criticism we have quoted is not going to hurt the Hon. Finance Minister. Wherever he is known and wherever he has addressed the electors the calumny now being quoted with such gusto will be dismissed as itself as *foul* a misrepresentation as ever was penned. Such an attempted aspersion upon Hon. Mr. Cartwright is not only foundationless but utterly shadowless. Among all the public men of Canada there is none more choice and even elegant in his diction, and no oratorical gladiator has more distinguished himself by a readiness to extend all the amenities of debate to his opponents. Incisive in argument he certainly is; in the employment of refined irony he is an undoubted adept, but this is a perfectly legitimate weapon and he knows when to draw and when to sheathe the blade. He has certainly shown up the corrupt career of the Tory Chieftain and depicted in outlines of warning the danger of again entrusting the destinies of this country to those "clean" but unsteady hands. In all his public addresses, however, in Parliament or on the stump, the Hon. Mr. Cartwright has never for a moment forgotten the exactions of honourable argument or what was due to his own reputation and self-respect as an educated gentleman. By no stretch of charity can as much be said of the Tory leaders after their exhibitions of last session on the floor of Parliament, in view of which it is to say the least in the worst possible taste to quote against an opponent the gratuitous insult with which it has given the organs such a rabid pleasure to defile their columns.

It will make more than ever evident how sensitively honourable is our local contemporary when we state that, in quoting certain strictures on the Hon. Finance Minister, an assertion was entirely suppressed to the effect that "*there is not the sign of a suitable successor on the other side.*" Even the Belleville *Intelligencer* had the fair play to print the whole paragraph just as it was. It was appropriately left for the Kingston *News* so to garble the quotation as to render it unmitigatedly hard upon one party, and entirely favourable to the other. There is nothing manly in tricky journalism of this description. We may just add that whatever Mr. Cartwright may be if "there is no sign of a suitable successor on the other side" it would be a deplorably short-sighted policy for the country to dispense with his services.

The visit of the Minister of Militia, Hon. A. G. Jones, of Halifax, to our Military College, is a pleasant reminder of the far-stretching area of our great Dominion, and of the wide-apart interests that have by confederation been brought into intimate identity. Kingston, by the way, cannot now complain of any want of attention from Ministers of the Crown. But a short time since the Dominion Premier was here; then the Minister of Education, and now the Minister of War. We are not likely to be in a position to grumble about Ministerial neglect. Times have changed. It was not always so.

Strange News.—The London (Eng.) *Times* and the *Daily News* have both leaders on the proceedings in Montreal on the Twelfth. The *Times* is not correctly informed. It speaks of large reinforcements of men drilled and prepared for conflict, having been despatched by the Orangemen from Toronto and other towns of Ontario, and even from the United States. Both papers, as might have been anticipated, are hostile to the Orange body.

—Politics are rather lively away down at the jumping off place at Cape Breton. The other day Dr. Tupper was burned in effigy by the people of Port Hood. This returns a similar compliment paid on a former occasion at Picton, to Mr. Carmichael, M.P.

—A youth from Vermont, who had with him $800, and was roaming about Montreal in a suspicious way, was arrested and searched, when a loaded revolver was found on him. He said he came to see the Roman Catholic bishop and was ignorant of the law against firearms. He was allowed to proceed home.

THE NORFOLK TRAGEDY.

PARTICULARS OF THE TERRIBLE CRIME AT JARVIS.

(From the Hamilton Times.)

Our readers have already learnt from our telegraphic despatches that on Tuesday, in the County of Norfolk, one of the most terrible tragedies that have lately happened, was enacted in that county. On the telegraph being received, a *Times* reporter at once proceeded to the spot, when the following particulars were learnt:

THE FAMILY.

George Smith, a farmer, forty-nine years of age, lived on the 10th concession road of the Township of Townsend, in the County of Norfolk. He was a native of Attleborough, and had been in this country twenty-two years. When he came here first he was married; she for whom he married again, who is also dead. The family consisted of a son, James, aged twenty-one; two daughters, named Jane and Jessie, and another younger son, all by his first wife, and three younger children, the offspring of the second marriage.

THE CRIME.

Unlike many another crime of a similar nature, this did not arise from dissipation, but from terrible temper. The father was fond of money, and kept his son James very close. About a year ago the son had submitted to being treated as a child, but last year he insisted on being paid wages. The father consented and gave him a certain sum. James wanted more, and so clamored for either an increase or else a share in the profits of the farm, which the father declined to give. This led to bad feeling, and the son frequently refused to work when the father required him. Latterly James' demands had been frequent, and the reason seems to have been

MARRIAGE.

James had been keeping company with a young woman, the daughter of a respectable farmer in the neighborhood. The girl had loved "not wisely, but too well," and there was a probability of her becoming a mother before she was a wife. Young Smith was desirous of making reparation and marrying the girl, and consequently he wanted money. Whether he told his father the circumstances or not is a matter that will never be known, as both are dead; but at all events his request for money was refused. What passed between father and son on Tuesday evening is also unknown, but on that same evening James was seen engaged in fixing

THE MURDERER'S CLUB.

This was manufactured out of a pump handle. it was two feet ten inches in length and about three inches in diameter. The handle had been lying idle for some time, and he picked it up, and, sawing it in two, appeared to test each part to see which was the best for his purpose. The money James wanted must be had, and he knew how to get it.

THE FAMILY ARRANGEMENTS

were not of the best possible order. The house, as we have said before, was small, and in one of the rooms upstairs, which was not of good proportions, slept Jane, the eldest daughter, Jessie, James and George. The father slept down stairs, as also did the younger children. Smith seems to have had a good deal of money on the premises, and he entrusted the key of the cash box to his eldest daughter, Jane, who also was housekeeper, there being no mother. She wore this key tied around her body, and her brother knew this. The money was kept in a bureau down stairs. Some time in the night James arose, and finding his sister asleep, he proceeded to find the key. Cutting the string he got possession of it, and proceeded down stairs to the cash box. From this he abstracted some $75, and returning to the room, replaced the key in his sister's bed. Toward morning, somewhere about two o'clock, she was awakened by lying on the key, and immediately she found the string had been cut, and that somebody had been using the key. She at once suspected her brother, and was confirmed in this suspicion by hearing the voices of her father and brother in loud tones down stairs. She got up and went down and found her brother telling the father that he meant to go to Hamilton to-day on the excursion. The father said he could not, as he wanted him to work, and that he must go to a neighbor named Calver. The son distinctly refused to do so and hot words ensued. The sister then told the father the circumstance of the key, and said she suspected James had taken it. The father got out of bed and went to where the cash box was and found some money missing. James denied having taken it, and the old man said he would stop this sort of thing and go either to Simcoe or Waterford for a constable, and he proceeded to go out and hitch up a horse for that purpose. He returned and found the money lying on the table; after counting it he said it was not all there and insisted on the rest being returned. James said he had returned it all. The old man said he would forgive him for what he had done if he would not go to Hamilton. No agreement was made as to this, and Jane, the eldest sister returned to bed. The father then built a fire in the stove, presumably for the purpose of getting breakfast, and after some little time he again went out, this time followed by his son.

THE FATAL BLOW.

The barn is somewhere about fifty yards from the house, and close to it is a straw stack. The building is an an ordinary farm one, built in the shape of the letter L, the part near the house being used as a stable and the other part as a grain and hay shed. Almost exactly at the corner James came behind his father and struck him a fearful blow with the pump handle he had prepared on the back of the head. The old man dropped and the patricide evidently beat him terribly about the head, for when the body was first found the brains were oozing out. With the same weapon in his hand which had only so recently taken a father's life, he then stole upstairs with the purpose of attacking that sister who he knew had told his father of his guilt.

'ARE YOU ASLEEP?'

was the question asked in an angry tone. There was no reply. The poor girl Jane was wide awake, but thought it best to feign to be asleep. Down came the murderous club like lightning and a terrible blow was inflicted just above the temple. Miss Jane said she believed she was struck again, but she was not sure. She then thinks she held up her hands to defend herself, as they were badly injured. She may even have run down stairs, but she knows nothing about it. Having disposed of this sister, as he thought, the murderer turned to Jessie and struck her. Fortunately he did not hurt her as much as the other sister, and she immediately called out she was killed. He then left her, and she concealed herself under the bed. The murderer then proceeded downstairs, followed by his young brother George. Seeing him, he turned on him and was going to strike him, when the boy picked up a kettle and threw it at him. This created a diversion, and the boy escaped to give the alarm to the neighbors. The nearest house was that of Mr. John Waters, a farmer, and thither the boy went. It was now about three o'clock, and Mr. Waters was considerably startled to hear that James Smith was

MURDERING HIS FATHER AND SISTERS.

He immediately dressed and went over. On nearing the barn he found that the story was only too true, for lying near the straw stack was the body of George Smith, with his head battered in. Mr. Waters then proceeded to the house and found the unfortunate girl Jane unconscious, and the girl Jessie almost dead from fright. Medical aid was sent for. Meanwhile the whereabouts of the murderer were unknown and it was supposed he had run away. A search was instituted and it was found that the murderer had duplicated his crime and in turn had murdered himself. Hanging from the scaffolding of the barn was the body of James Smith, stone dead. He had taken a plough line, made a noose and mounted to the upper storey, where, with a jump of about seven feet, he had launched himself into eternity.

The National Policy.

(Hamilton Times.)

The National Policy has up to this date been declared by the Tories to embrace (1) an increased protection to the manufacturers of Ontario; (2) a tax upon flour and wheat to protect the farmers of this province; (3) a tax on salt to catch the suffrages of Goderich and Kincardine, and (4) a tax on coal and iron to protect the miners of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Unfortunately for this hybrid National Policy it was incapable conferring a benefit in one direction without inflicting a corresponding injury in another, for whatever questionable advantages might be conferred upon the farmers and manufacturers of the large provinces by raising the tariff on manufacures, breadstuffs and salt, there was no doubt that such imposts would prove onerously burdensome, if not ruinous, to those on our maritime frontier. And conversely, a tax on coal, though desirable to the miners of the east, must inevitably prove distasteful, because burdensome to the great consuming populations of the west. It has therefore arisen that Sir John Macdonald has advocated in Ontario what his followers in the Maritime Provinces have openly condemned, and that this degrading conflict has produced strange but natural results. For example, a Mr. Boyd, a leading Tory merchant in St. John, New Brunswick, bewildered by the anomalous National Policy, telegraphs Sir John as follows:

"St. John, N.B., July 18, 1878.

"Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald:

"The Government press here state that you propose to raise the tariff generally to 35 per cent. Can I contradict this?

"John Boyd."

To which the Chieftain sends the following characteristic reply:

"Toronto, July 19, 1878.

"To John Boyd, St. John:

"It is an absurd falsehood; neither at London, or elsewhere, have I gone beyond my motion in Parliament, AND I HAVE NEVER PROPOSED AN INCREASE, but only a re-adjustment of tariff.

"John A. Macdonald."

What say the Hamilton manufacturers to this? "I never proposed," says Sir John, "to *increase*, but only to *readjust*, the tariff." Can mendacity go farther? What said Sir John to the assembled thousands at the Crystal Palace in this city last autumn. "Every manufacturer "shall receive such increased protection "as his particular industry requires." And since last autumn the cry of "reciprocal trade with the United State "or reciprocal tariffs" has been echoed and re-echoed from every Tory stump in the province as the cardinal plank in the Tory platform. And yet with matchless effrontery, Sir John Macdonald mendaciously proclaims that beyond 17½ per cent., he never intended to raise the tariff, and that all he ever meant to do was, within that ultimate limit, to re-adjust its component parts. And thus vanisheth away another great fraud which the political bankruptcy and desperation of the Tory party attempted to foist upon the credulity of the electors of this fair Dominion. *Requiescat in pace.*

Lacrosse in Kingston.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

Dear Sir—Although it is some weeks now since a team from our Club visited your city and played an exhibition game of lacrosse against the St. Regis Indians on your new athletic grounds, I cannot allow any further time to elapse without expressing the hope that the young men and athletes of Kingston will take hold of our "National game" and cause it to flourish—as I understand it once did—in your midst.

You have a splendid ground now, the one we played on being—or will be next year when the turf is somewhat improved—one of the finest if not the best in Canada, which I understand can be had at a moderate charge, so that there is not any reason why lacrosse should not prosper with you, if your young men will only bestir themselves. I may add that our grounds cost us over $1,200 a year, and still we manage to pay our way, and generally have a surplus.

I hope some day to see a team from Kingston coming to Toronto and contesting for the championship. Why not

Yours very truly,

Henry E. Suckling,

Hon. Sec. Toronto L. C.

Toronto, July 25.

Township of Kingston Schools.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

Dear Sir,—In your columns, some weeks since, an account was given of an exhibition held in School Section No. 2, at which Mr. Chas. Ferris, one of the Trustees of the above School expressed himself highly pleased with the manner in which the pupils acquitted themselves, and showed his interest in the School by offering two prizes for general efficiency, one to senior and one to junior classes. The merits of the pupils have been tested by a thorough examination, the junior pupil at the school and the senior in Kingston, where they appeared as candidates for entrance to the Collegiate Institute, and the result shows the successful candidates for the prizes to be Miss Lizzie Gould, in the junior class, and Mr. George Gould in the senior. The effect of trustees offering prizes for competition in schools is good, and the pupils desire to thank Mr. Ferris through your column, for the interest shown by him in their behalf.

Yours, S. Raymore,

Teacher.

Kingston, July 27.

Important Action.

It is learned this afternoon that the Government will, within a few days, appoint a special commission with power to issue licenses to carry fire arms for self defence. This privilege will be granted to those who take an affidavit to the effect that they are liable to attack in the performance of their ordinary duties. It is believed this important step will be taken to protect volunteers from assaults to which they are being subjected in certain parts of the city. It may be stated on high military authority, consulted by our reporter, that in going and returning from drill in uniform, or going and returning from rifle practice, a volunteer is exempted from being searched under the Blake Act, and consequently any interference with them under such circumstances is unwarranted.—*Witness.*

I have used Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia in my family and for my horses, with wonderful results. Have tried other liniments, but have found none equal to it. Would not be without it.

T. W. Decker,

Milk Depot, 309 East 27th St., N.Y.

25 and 50c per bottle. Agents—J. Geo. King and Heath & Gunn.

—She was plump and beautiful, and he was wildly fond of her; she hated him, but woman-like she strove to hate him. He was a fool.

EUROPEAN.

Salisbury's Defence of the Treaty—The Pan-Anglican Conference, &c.

(By Telegraph To-day.)

London, July 27.—A Bucharest despatch says there is a considerable party in Servia which despair of acquiring Bosnia, and would prefer to see Servia annexed to Austria, rather than remain an insignificant state.

The *Telegraph's* Vienna despatch announces that attempts to organize resistance to the Austrians in Herzegovinia, have collapsed. The British plenipotentiaries have submitted fresh proposals to the Austrian Government, but have received no definite answer. Some of the conditions previously proposed were unacceptable.

London, July 27.—In the House of Lords the Marquis of Salisbury entered upon a general defence of the Government's policy in conducting the Anglo-Russian agreement, which was intended to prevent the failure of the Congress, and not tie the hands of the Government during the discussions. He declared that the Government was under no engagements for the future, except those which had been presented before the House. It had never promised Greece an increase of territory.

London, July 27.—The Pan-Anglican Conference adjourned yesterday. *Te Deum* and farewell service at St Paul's Cathedral this morning. The Bishop of Pennsylvania preached.

A despatch from Constantinople says Austria has abandoned the idea of a convention with Turkey, and will move her troops into Bosnia and afterward's send a note to the Porte giving Austria's intentions.

Bucharest, July 27.—A dispatch says rowdies decoyed Jews into a shop in this city and beat them shockingly. The Government has promised to investigate.

Lond n, July 27.—A brougham, containing the Chinese Ambassador, collided with an omnibus this morning. The Ambassador's right arm was injured and his head was contused and his system received a severe shock.

ST. JOHN.

The Ross-Hanlan Race Again Postponed.

(By Telegraph To-day.)

St. John, N. B., July 26.—The greater number of strangers who came to witness the race have gone home disappointed, having waited two days, and fearing that they might be kept over Sunday they concluded they had better leave, especially when they found the weather continuing unpleasant. To-night rain is falling, and there seems to be no probability of improvement. The day was a comparatively quiet one at the race course. Between four and five thousand spectators gathered on the road along the bank and in vessels on the river, anxious to see the contest. Before 3 o'clock, the hour fixed for starting, rain began to fall, and for three hours it poured down almost unceasingly.

A consultation was held among the backers of the respective oarsmen as to the course to be pursued on the day following. As it was apparent no race could come off to-day, it was proposed that the race should take place between 9 and 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, if the water was suitable, if unsuitable that it should come off between 3 and 7 p.m. To accomplish this it would be necessary to amend the articles of agreement, which fixes the hour between 3 and 6 p.m. as the time for the race. Ross declared he was willing to row the race in the morning, or afternoon, as proposed, Hanlan however, objected to rowing in the morning, and it was, therefore, decided to amend the articles only by extending the time from six to seven p.m. Soon after this decision was arrived at the judges' boat steamed up the course, and it was definitely announced that the race had been postponed until Saturday, whereupon the remainder of the spectators started for home, pretty well tired of the delays.

St. John, N.B., July 27, 11:30 a.m.—The wind blew a hurricane all last night and early this morning, but is somewhat calmer now. It is still raining, though not so hard as last night. The prospects of the race coming off to-day are very slim. People are getting disgusted and disappointed, and are leaving in large crowds.

St. John, N.B., July 27, 3 p.m.—The prospects for the Ross-Hanlan race are gloomier than ever. A furious rain storm prevailed this morning; the wind is still high and there is a regular sea on the Kennebecasis course. It is not at all likely that the race will take place today. If it does it will be witnessed by a very few people.

TO-DAY'S NEWS.

—Pickpockets were at work in St. Lawrence Market, Toronto, this morning.

—A vigorous "bull" movement in the Chicago wheat market on Thursday raised prices from five to six cents.

—Fourteen children and three teachers were drowned by the capsizing of a boat yesterday in the river Blackwater, near Ballieborough, County Cavan, Ireland.

—Molson's Bank has entered a suit against the city of Montreal to recover an amount alleged to have been illegally collected for assessments for widening the end of St. James street.

—At a meeting of the finance committee of Montreal yesterday it was decided to report to the Council asking power to invite tenders for a permanent loan of $700,000 to $800,000 at 5 per cent.

—Mr. George E Griffin has been appointed by the Board of Trade to the position of Public Weigher, Measurer and Gauger for Toronto.

—Gen. Thomas Greene and David McClune, well known citizens of Madison, Ind., fought a duel on Thursday with shot guns. After two shots and no damage a reconciliation was effected.

—By a freight train on the G. T. R. this morning five printers left Toronto for England, to which place they are escorting a large drove of cattle.

—An amphitheatre has been erected on James' Street, Toronto, for the purpose of holding election meetings. The first is to be held on Monday night, when Sir John Macdonald will speak on the question of a National Policy for Canada.

—Everyday assaults are committed in Montreal on volunteers by scoundrels lying round for them. On Wednesday evening a volunteer returning from ball practice at Point St. Charles, was stopped by ruffians, who attempted to take his rifle away, and warned him not to show himself in that locality again.

—A riotous demonstration occurred in South Washington yesterday against the labourers excavating the foundation of the Bureau of Engraving and printing building. The men who ordered the gang to desist work were fully two hundred in number, and were both coloured and white. One of the labourers who refused to leave work was very badly cut.

—While Mr. M. Kollman, gunner of Col. Stevenson's Battery, and also a member of the Field Battery Association was returning from ball practice at the butts, Point St. Charles, he was set upon by a party of roughs, who handled him as roughly as they dared, but allowed him to go home without much injury.

OSWEGO MARKETS.

Oswego, July 27.

Wheat firm; Red State 1,12; corn higher; 400 high mixed western 47; state 45; Oats steady, 100 mixed State 31; Canal freights, wheat and Peas 6c; Corn and Rye 3 5-8.

MURDER!

A silk Peddler Killed, Robbed and Thrown into the River.

(By Telegraph To-day.)

Montreal, July 26.—Early this morning Acting Chief Naegele received a telegram from Rouse's Point asking him to arrest one Costafrolez, a watch-maker well known in Montreal, having formerly carried on business here, and afterwards removing to Rouse's Point. The customs officer there saw Costofrolez and a friend named Motherni, a silk peddler, embark on a Bachelieu boat and go west. The same day a steamboat passing on the river brought to view the body of a man with a deep gash across his forehead, and his hands fearfully cut, as if he had endeavored to protect himself from some murderous assault. The body was soon recognized as that of the unfortunate peddler, who was minus his travelling pack containing $3,000, and a fine gold watch, which he always carried. His companion, who was seen in the boat with him, was at once suspected as being the murderer. Costofrolez was seen in Montreal yesterday, and at three o'clock he went to the house of Amos Cross, on Amherst street, where the murdered man generally stopped while in town. On receiving the information the detectives at once took measures to prevent the suspected murderer's exit from the city. No arrest has been yet made, however.

Later.—Costafrolez, the alleged murderer of Maraven, had not been arrested at a late hour to-night, but the detectives think they will secure him before morning, as they believe him to be in the city.

QUEBEC.

Political Appointments—Montreal Judgship—Civic and Provincial Improvements.

(By Telegraph To-day.)

Quebec, July 27.—It is rumored that Mr. E. Richard, M.P. for Megantic, will be named Superintendent of Indian Affairs, in place of Mr. Provencher.

A detachment of men of 'B' Battery crossed the river at 11:30 a.m. yesterday, to go into camp at Point Levis.

The Dominion Telegraph Company will sink two cables at Cape Rouge to-day to connect their line with the wires running to the Maritime Provinces.

L'Evenement says it appears certain that on Mr. Jette's return from Europe he will be named Judge of the Superior Court, Montreal, in place of the late Judge V. P. Dorion.

It is said the lowest tender received for the construction of two gates to form the commencement of the Dufferin improvement in this city is that submitted by Mr. Lowe, Ottawa.

The reconstruction of the massive walls of Durham terrace is steadily progressing under the contract with the Provincial Government. About 50 men are at work and the external wall facing the river, which is now nearly completed, will be thicker and stronger than ever were those of old Castle of St. Louis, destroyed by fire in January, 1836.

MONTREAL.

Inspection of the River—Official Visit of the Premier, &c.

(By Telegraph To-day.)

Montreal, July 27.—The trip of the Dominion Premier and Harbor Commissioners, Aldermen of the city, Mayor and members of the Press, etc., to the number of about one hundred persons, on a tour of inspection of the river channel, was very pleasant. The object was to consider the deepening of the channel between Cape Charles and Cape Larocke to 22 feet at low water and 25 feet at high tide. The Mayor did not feel very happy on board. The party returned about 10 o'clock last night. Premier Joly came up the river to the city with the party, but immediately set out on his return to Quebec.

It is reported that the City Band has consented to be sworn in as the Victoria Rifle Band.

The *Gazette* says a party, who saw the occurrence, says that on Wednesday evening as a volunteer, dressed in civilian clothes, was walking along Bonaventure street, near the Mansfield saloon, he was confronted by a man who demanded if he was a volunteer. The volunteer said he was, whereupon the man drew a revolver and said: "Then, by God, I'll shoot you." The volunteer, however, was too quick for him and knocked it out of his hand and then knocked the man down and gave him a severe thrashing. He then picked up the revolver and walked off, telling the man that if he wanted his revolver he could follow him. He did not follow the volunteer, but went home as fast as he could.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, July 27.

The advance in the flour market has checked business; buyers believe it to be without any real cause and refuse to pay the prices asked; not a single transaction reported this morning. Quotations in the absence of business are consequently nominal.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, July 27, 10:30 a.m.

Wheat 1 65 for July; 92 3-8 for August; 96 1-8 bid for September; corn 41 for July; 39 1-2 for September; 36 3-4 bid for August; Oats 25 bid for July, 22 7-8 for Aug; 22 1-2 for Sept; pork 9,37 1-2 for July, 9,40 for July; lard 7,10; flour, winter 4 1-2.

DIED.

In Kingston, on July 27th, Edith, eldest daughter of Mr. John Dunbar, aged 12 years and 10 months.

The funeral will take place to-morrow, Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from her father's residence, near corner Queen and Clergy Sts. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

STRAYED,

A RED COW, on Sunday last, from the residence of the subscriber; four years old. Information of her whereabouts will be thankfully received by

MRS. BROPHY.

July 27th.

NOTICE.

☞ Bottles having this Label blown on the Glass: "Phillip Bajus' Lager Bier, Kingston, Ont," belong to me. I shall claim them wherever found. Parties having such bottles in their possession will please not dispose of them.

H. A. HARRACK,

Princess Street, Kingston.

July 27th, 1878.

EMERGENT MEETING.

AN EMERGENT MEETING of District Orange Lodge No. 1, will be held in the Orange Lodge Room, Kingston, on TUESDAY, 30th instant, at 7:30 o'clock p.m., of which all Brethren concerned are requested to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

By order of the District Master.

ROBERT BAIRD,

July 27th. Dis. Secretary.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE,

On Saturday, the 31st August,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

THERE WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, by Wm. Murray, at his Auction Rooms, in the Market square, Kingston,

The Northern Parts of Lots 24 and 25, 3rd Conc., Township of Kingston,

(Excepting that portion occupied by the Kingston and Perth Road) containing 131½ Acres.

Terms and conditions of Sale made known on application to Kirkpatrick & Rogers, Vendor's Solicitors, or to

WM. MURRAY,

Kingston.

Kingston, July 26, 1878.

THE NEW BOOK STORE.

RECEIVED TO-DAY:

Adam's Dictionary of English Literature.

Gladstone's Homer, Science Primer.

China Hunter's Club, a burlesque on the new rage for old china.

OUR BABY—We have got some more of these interesting little Books.

Douglas Hamilton's England.

Light Summer Reading of all kinds

Hugh Miller's Works, complete.

Dicken's Novels—cheap edition.

☞ All the newest and latest styles in Note Papers, Envelopes, Papeteries, Plain and Black Bordered Parchment, &c.

S. WOODS.

July 27th.

CHEAP CLEARING SALE

We are Offering the Following GOODS,

—AT—

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

UMBRELLAS.

Silk, Zanilla and Alpaccas.

CORSETS.

A large and complete Stock at low prices.

HOSIERY.

Real Balbriggan, English and German makes.

KID GLOVES.

A most complete Stock of the best makes.

RIBBONS.

A very large and complete Stock.

SUNDRIES.

Collars, Cuffs, Lace Bibs and Ties, Ladies Silk Ties, Dress Lifters, with hundreds of New Novelties at low prices.

ALSO—A large Stock of Embroideries in Hamburg and Swiss Edgings and Insertions.

Every Article in our Establishment at Reduced Prices during the Continuance of our Cheap Sale.

☞ Sales for cash. Strictly one price.

R. & J. GARDINER

PRINCESS STREET.

July 25, 1878.

WANTED,

BY A RELIABLE AND TRUSTWORTHY SERVANT, a Situation in city, town or country; can furnish the most satisfactory references from some of the best families in Canada, is willing to give gratuitous services for a few days to those who desire it; if engaged I will guarantee to save double my wages to any family every month. I am young in age, have a good constitution, without fault, will give extreme powers of endurance, always ready for the emergency, and in fact both an early and late riser. I need no doctor, am always light hearted, never have sulky fits, and require no rest; have not a single vice or bad habit, and never ask for a holiday or evening out, always do my work well, only a little time to draw, have no country cousins or other company, have been used by families of all nationalities, I have no particular religion, and am willing to defer to any belief of my employers, and all the Goods I require is boiling water which enables me to do my work easy. In fact I am a family favorite and any one will tell you I am some of JAMES REDDEN'S Choice New Breakfast Black Tea. Extra Choice New Japan and Hysons at your own prices.

China T House.

EXCURSION

TO WELL'S ISLAND.

Under the Auspices of the Y.M.C.A.

ON FRIDAY, 2ND AUGUST.

THE Steamer *MAUD* will leave the Ferry Wharf at 10 o'clock, p.m. and proceed to the Thousand Island Park, thence to Westminster Park, returning to the former at 6 p.m., and remaining till after the evening Session of the Temperance Camp Meeting.

TICKETS—50c, Children under 15, 25c. For sale at Dr. McCammon's, Hobart's, Gage's, Woods', Folger Bros., Folger & Hanley's, and the Rooms.

S. RANTON,

July 26, 1878. Gen. Secretary.

VERY EXTENSIVE STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS

IN ONE LOT

BY AUCTION

THE Subscribers have received instructions to sell on the premises,

IN OTTAWA,

—ON—

Tuesday, the 30th July Next,

The valuable Stock of Dry Goods of

HUNTON, SON & LARMONTH.

The Stock consists of a fine assortment of Dry Goods, such as is usually kept in a first class establishment, and will be sold without any reserve, in one lot, at so much in the dollar on cost price. It amounts to about $45,000.

ALSO,

The Lease of the Splendid Store to let May next. The store is situated at 94 Sparks street, and is certainly the choicest spot in the City of Ottawa, and the building one which is not surpassed in the Dominion for style and beauty.

Stock may be viewed on the 29th instant and day of Sale.

Terms exceedingly liberal.

☞ Sale at THREE o'clock p.m.

BENNING & BARSALOU,

Auctioneers, Montreal.

July 25, 1878.

ST. GEORGE AND MERRIE ENGLAND

1878. 1878.

Grand Annual Pic-Nic

THE ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY have the honor to announce their fourth annual PIC-NIC, at

CHANNEL GROVE, Simcoe Island,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31st.

☞ Foot Races, Field Sports and Games of every description, for which a list of valuable Prizes will be announced.

Good Music and Dancing.

☞ Steamers will leave Messrs. Folger and Hanley's Wharf at 10 a.m., calling at Portsmouth, 12 noon, 1, 2 and 3:30 p.m. the last boat at 7:30, returning in time for excursionists to reach home between 7:30 and 10 p.m. The first return Steamer will call at Portsmouth.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Temperance Restaurants, Dining and Refreshment Booths will be on the Grounds. Positively no spirituous Liquors will be sold.

TICKETS—Adults 25c; Children 15c; to be had from members of the Committee, at the Bookstores and on the Wharf.

For particulars see programmes.

E. J. B. PENSE, President.

R. W. BAKKER, THOS. SCORAH,

Vice-Presidents.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A. LeRICHEUX,

July 19th. Secretary.

RE-OPENED.

H. & W. J. CROTHERS

BEG TO ANNOUNCE HAVING COMPLETED their new Factory, that with new Machinery of the most modern improvements, are now manufacturing

Biscuits and Confectionery

SECOND TO NONE IN THE DOMINION.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and see quality and get Price List before purchasing elsewhere.

The strictest attention given to all orders which will be attended to with despatch.

Our new RETAIL STORE is also complete and will be found well stocked with