ROBERT GAGE,
Architect, over M Gage's Jewellery Store, Princess Street, Kingston, Ont.

L. CLEMENTS
Dentist, office opposite the Post Office, Wellington Street. Established in Kingston, 1857.

HENRY BAWDEN,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Kingston, Ont. OFFICE—Montreal Street.

WALKEM & WALKEM
ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, &c., Kingston, opposite the Post-Office.
RICHARD WALKEM | JOSEPH B WALKEM

D. PHELAN, M.D., M.R.C.P.S., Ontario and Quebec (Member of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario and Quebec) Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur Office: Princess St., over Robert's Drug Store Oct 11, 1877.

SMYTHE & DICKSON.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public—Ontario street, adjoining Dominion Telegraph Company's Office.
EDW. H SMYTHE, M.A. | E. H. DICKSON, B.A.

BRITTON & PRICE
Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c Office—Clarence Street. E. B. Britton, M.A., C. V. Price, L.L.B

POWER & SON
Architects and Building Surveyors. Office—Wellington Street, Kingston. John Power. Jos. W Power.

C. H. LAVELL, M.D., M.C.P.S., &c.
(Late Toronto Eye and Ear Infirmary.)
OCULIST and AURIST. Office at the Drug Store, 16 Princess Street, Kingston, Ontario.

REMOVED TO BROOK ST., opposite the Bay of Quinte House,
DR. TELGMANN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE—Heath & Gunn's Drug Store.

GEORGE F. HORSEY, L.D.S., DENTIST,
OFFICE and Residence—Bagot Street, between Brock and Princess Street.
Oct 20, 1877

J. H. CLARK, M. D., D.D.S., L.D.S.
DENTIST, Graduate of the New York College of Dentistry.
OFFICE—Wellington street, between Princess and Brock streets. Particular attention and to the preservation of natural teeth.

R. E. SPARKS, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
DENTIST.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, Princess St., between Montreal and Sydenham Streets. Careful attention paid to the correcting of irregularities of the teeth.
Jan 10, 1878.

J. K. OLDHAM,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC, Balaklava Street. Vacancies for pupils.
Jan 2, 1878.

DR. B. W. DAY,
DENTIST.—Office and residence, Dr. Sampson's office, corner of King and William Streets, opposite Dr. Yates'.
Jan6, 1878.

ROBERT SHAW,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-A-LAW, SOLICITOR, &c. OFFICE—Princess Street over Dr. Skinner's Drug Store.
Feb 20th, 1878.

KENNETH N. FENWICK, M.D.,
MEMBER of the Royal College of Surgeons, England. OFFICE:—William Street, adjoining Dr. Day's. RESIDENCE—Immediate opposite, second door above Dr. Yates.
May 13, 1878.

WALKEM & WALKEM
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &c., Clarence Street, Kingston, opposite Post-office.
Money advanced on security of Real Estate Mortgages purchased
Oct 5, 1876.

LOOK HERE
Do not believe all you read, but look for yourselves. We have Show Rooms on the ground Floor covering over 3000 square feet, and have
More Carriages in Stock of Home Manufacture than any two Shops in the City.
All work built in our own Shop and finished by members of the firm, and as we employ STEAM POWER and FIRST-CLASS MACHINERY, we can furnish work cheaper than any other Shop in the city.
ALSO—Carriages for hire.
J. W. BROWN & CO.
May 25, 1878.

ARRIVED!
Per S.S. *Polynesian*, at the
New Hat Store,
Another Large Case of the Popular
Weather Indicator Hat, and Christy's London.
Young Men's "Stitch Brims" at THE NEW HAT STORE.
American "Dish Brim" Hats at THE NEW HAT STORE.
Novelties in Straw Goods at THE NEW HAT STORE.
Tweed Hats—fine assortment at THE NEW HAT STORE.
Boy's Hats in endless variety.
MILLS BROS.,
Cor Princess and Bagot Streets
April 26, 1878.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS!
The Great Canadian Summer and Health Resort.
EVERY CLASS OF ACCOMMODATION. White Sulphur, Saline and Gas Waters and Baths. Specific in all Rheumatic, Dyspeptic, Blood, Skin and kindred affections. These waters are recommended by leading practitioners of Canada and the United States. Season from 1st June to October. For Guide, giving routes, fares, rates and full detailed information, address THE GRAND HOTEL COMPANY, Ottawa, Canada.
J. SWEETLAND, M.D., President. K. ARNOLDI, Sec.-Treas.
May 22nd.

HERE WE ARE AGAIN!
BAJUS'
L-A-G-E-R B-E-E-R
The Best
WALDSCHLOESSCHEN!
CAN COMPETE WITH ANY MANUFACTURED IN THE PROVINCE.
The popular Waldschloesschen is now supplied daily in wood or bottle. 300 dozens of the new patent bottles received. The quality of every delivery guaranteed. We challenge competition from any Provincial or imported Lager. Patronize home manufacture and order your Lager where you can be sure of getting it good. Also,
XX and XXX Ales and Porter,
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
P. BAJUS.
The Bottling Department will be in charge of H. A. HARBACK, Princess St.
April 30, 1878.

The British Whig.

VOL. XLVI. KINGSTON, CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 12 1878. NO. 137.

"OUR SUCCESS
The Best Recommendation."
Grand Trunk Brewery,

King Street, Kingston.
MORTON, McKAY & KELLY,
BREWERS OF
XX & XXX Ales and Porter
SUPPLIED IN WOOD OR BOTTLE.
Orders solicited, and those received by mail promptly attended to.
April 22, 1878.

THE PUBLIC
WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Has Purchased from R. W. Hillyard
HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF
Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Valises, &c., &c.
And is now prepared to give all the old customers and to as many new ones as will honor him with their patronage such BARGAINS as they have not before had offered. The subscriber will spare no pains to make this Shop the best in the city, both as regards quality of Goods and lowness of price. We earnestly solicit a liberal share of public patronage. Goods at astonishingly low prices. REMEMBER THE PLACE—
Kirk's Old Stand, Princess-st.
D. F. ARMSTRONG.
April 8, 1878.

YARKER'S OLD STAND
Important Notice to Builders, Farmers and Others.
CUT NAILS,
$2.75 per Keg of 100 lbs.
Each Keg of Nails is guaranteed entirely free from dust, scale, slivers, or headless nails, each nail being selected by "Diamond Automatic Picker," which gives at least 3 lbs more of perfect nails to the keg.
ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
A call solicited
JNO. H. ROSE
March 28, 1878.

NEW OTTAWA HOTEL,
(EUROPEAN PLAN.)

MONTREAL.
THIS HOTEL WAS OPENED FOR THE reception of Guests on Tuesday, the 14th May. Re-built, newly furnished throughout, Elevator, Electric Bells, Parlors, Bedrooms and Baths *en suite*.
All modern improvements. Prices to suit the times.
HARRY ANDREWS, Manager. C. S. BROWNE, Proprietor.
May 21st.

DYEING TO LIVE.
The Oldest Renovating & Dyeing Establishment in Kingston.
(Established A.D., 1867.
THOSE WANTING LACE CURTAINS and Carpets cleaned should send them to this old and reliable establishment, where they can be made to look equal to new in 48 hours notice, and all kinds of Goods that can be mentioned CLEANED AND DYED all colors in the best style and on the shortest notice.
The Ladies will please take notice that I am the only Crape Dyer in the city.
R. MONTGOMERY
Steam Dyer.
May 11, 1878.

FOR SALE,
ON the Southwest quarter of Lot 24, in the 5th Concession of the Township of Kingston, containing 50 Acres of good cultivated Land. Thereon are two Dwelling Houses, (occupied) four Wells of water, and 4 Acres of an Orchard, in good condition, with fruit. There is one new Barn, lately built, size 40x42, the best in the Township. This valuable Property is situated near the Perth Road, five miles from Kingston. The property can be purchased by paying one third down. For further particulars as to terms or otherwise, apply to the owner,
WM. DAVID,
Cheap Broker, Princess Street, Kingston
April 24, 1878.

NOTICE.
THE undersigned has determined to do in future a strictly CASH business and begs to inform his Customers, having accounts running with him, that the same are to be considered closed from the first of June. No deviation to be made from the above terms. His object for doing so is to be able to sell to his customers, goods cheaper than at present he can do, by at least 20 per cent. and hopes in a short time to prove to his customers the great superiority of a cash over a credit business.
ALL ACCOUNTS due are to be paid before 30th June.
JAMES DONOGHUE,
Market Square
May 31, 1878.

LAGER BEER.
OWING to the pressure of my business, MR. H. HARBACK has undertaken the BOTTLING DEPARTMENT OF MY LAGER BEER.
From Mr Harback's extensive knowledge of the Bottling business, I guarantee satisfaction to all parties who may favour him with their orders.
P. BAJUS.
April 30, 1878.

ICE! ICE! ICE
OWING TO THE LIMITED SUPPLY OF ICE STORED LAST WINTER, WE WILL NOT BE ABLE TO SUPPLY ONLY
A Limited Number of Customers.
The Season will be THREE MONTHS, commencing on the 1st of June.
At the Same Price as Last Year.
Parties taking by weight will be charged 10 cents per 100 lbs.
WM. PIPE.
JOHN MALONEY.
May 27, 1878.

DESPATCH
Owing to the Marked Increase in Business, I have found it decessary to place
2 Delivery Waggons on the Road
ON SATURDAYS.
Customers whose Goods have not been sent home promptly will find quite a change in this Department. All Goods will be delivered at any particular hour desired.
We have Reduced all Goods in the Provision Department to
POPULAR PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES,
And are not surprised at the increase.
J. Y. PARKHILL,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant
May 15, 1878.

GO TO
SARSFIELD & DILLON'S
THE PEOPLE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
THE CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.
Opposite W. W. Chown, Princess Street.
REPAIRING DONE promptly and neatly.
SARSFIELD & DILLON.
June 3rd.

Fishing Tackle
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Everything from the Cheapest to the Best.
BRAIDED LINES in Linen, Cotton and Silk. Also, Chapman's TROLLING BAITS in Stock,
CHEAP
—AT—
M. Kirkpatrick's Fancy Store,
PRINCESS STREET.
May 30, 1878.

WHITEWASHING,
Colouring.
Patching.
Plastering
And GENERAL JOBBING DONE
—BY—
W. JONES,
Princess Street, opposite Welchs Marble Works.
April 13.

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S
Cast-Off Wearing Apparel
PURCHASED.
New and Second Hand Goods
of every description bought and sold.
A LARGE STOCK OF NEW CLOTHES now on hand for sale.
NOTE THE ADDRESS—
MRS. JONES,
OPPOSITE WELCH'S MARBLE SHOP
PRINCESS STREET.
April 13.

ICE
ANY OF OUR CUSTOMERS that are neglected will please notify the undersigned at once. Some customers having moved from place to place it will be impossible to find them out unless notified.
JOHN MALONEY,
78 Queen Street.
June 1st.

ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.
A SMALL ENGINE of two horse power, with four horse vertical Boiler—good as new. For sale cheap for cash. Apply to
D. McEWEN & SON.
Feb 9, 1878.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!
HOUSE FURNISHINGS!!
ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, Hare & Nairn's Celebrated makes—beautiful designs. CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS at bottom prices, in Brussels, Tapestry, Wool and Hemp—all very choice patterns. LACE CURTAINS AT ANY PRICE. Window Holland in Green, Buff and White, all widths. Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Quilts, Counterpanes, Toilet Covers, Toilet Mats, Antimacassars, Piano Covers, Door Mats, Hearth Rugs, Cretons, Table Linens, Towellings, &c. Before purchasing elsewhere call and see these Goods, at
ALEXANDER ROSS'S, Princess Street,
May 9, 1878. OPPOSITE CITY HOTEL.

'78. SPRING. '78
LARGE ARRIVALS OF NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
HICKEY & ILETT'S
PRINCESS STREET.
Consisting of Black and Colored Cashmeres, Plain and Fancy Dress Goods in all the Leading Colors ranging from 7c per yard, New Black Silks at extraordinary low prices, 500 pieces New Prints from the best makers, 500 Remnants Print to be sold by the pound, White and Grey Cottons, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Table Linens, Napkins, Towels and Towellings, Lace Curtains and Antimacassars, all to be sold at prices to suit the hard time, 25 pieces Oxford Shirtings offering at a great Bargain, a full Stock of Tweeds, Cloths, and Worsted Coatings, cheap a full Stock of Ladies and Gent's Cotton and Merino Hosiery. Also a full assortment of Cotton and Merino Underclothing, 500 Pairs Black and Colored Two Button French Kid Gloves at 50c. To arrive in a few days—50 dozen Genuine Patent Seamless Kid Gloves in all the new Shade. These Gloves are decidedly the best in the market. A full Stock of Fancy Goods and Gent's Furnishings, all comprising one of the most complete and attractive Stocks of Dry Goods in the city. An inspection solicited.

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!!
J. HALLIGAN & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
25 Chests Fine Japan Tea, 4 lbs $1
25 do Choice Tea, 3 lbs $1.
25 do Choice Green Tea, 3 lbs $1
We guarantee these Teas to be the best value in the city.
Sugars Very Low.
Just arrived—a fresh lot of
Montreal Ginger Ale,
do Seltzer Water,
Montreal Plain Soda
at Montreal Wholesale prices.
J. Halligan & Co., Brock St.,
"BEAVER GROCERY,"
May 15, 1877. Near the Market.

ONTARIO
Building and Savings Society.
OFFICE—Wellington Street, opposite the St. George's Hall, Kingston.
Wm. Ford, President. | M. Doran, Vice President
Solicitor—B. M. Britton, Q.C.
Subscribed Capital, $250,000.00
SAVINGS BANK open daily from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Interest allowed on deposits.
LOAN DEPARTMENT—Money advanced on the security of Farm or City Property, in amounts to suit the wants of Borrowers. Repayments may be made either by periodical instalments or in one sum at the end of a term of years. Interest moderate. For further information apply to
JAMES McARTHUR,
May 20, 1878. Manager.

City Hat Store.

CHRISTY'S LONDON HATS
—AT—
M. L. HYMAN'S.
Straw Hats.
Men's Brown Straw Boaters,
Men's White Straw Boaters,
Men's Brown Straw Derbys,
Boys' White Straws,
Boys' Brown Straws.
The Latest Novelties in American FELT HATS!
Direct from New York, at
M. L. HYMAN'S, Princess St.
June 3rd.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING MY my friends and the public in general THAT I HAVE
The Largest and Finest Show Rooms in Central Canada.
Also, the Finest and Largest Stock of CARRIAGES, PHÆTONS, BUGGIES and WAGGONS, &c., in the Dominion. I will sell as Cheap as any first-class work can be sold. In these three points I defy competition. All work warranted.
A fine lot of Market Waggons of different styles.
G. W. ROBINSON,
PRINCESS ST., KINGSTON.
May 22nd.

Removal.
MACDONNELL & MUDIE have removed to the offices on Clarence Streets, over the offices of Mr. Gildersleeve. Entrance from the Street the same as to the offices of Messrs. Britton & Price.
May 2, 1878.

THE NEW BOOK STORE.
We Shall Have on View To-Morrow:
THE PRIZES
FOR THE
Royal Military College,
Specially bound and Stamped with the College Arms and Crest.
RECEIVED THIS DAY:
Additional Supplies of Lecky's England in the XVIII Century.
Silicate Pocket Slate.
Notes Ambrosiane, 6 vols., half Russia, very elegant.
Corneille's Works, 2 vols.
Stationery of every kind and at the lowest prices.
S. WOODS.
June 7th.

DOMINION
FIRE AND MARINE
Insurance Company.
Head Office, - - - Hamilton, Can.
Deposit with Dominion Gov't, $50,000
PRESIDENT:
JOHN HARVEY (of J. Harvey & Co.)
VICE-PRESIDENT:
JAMES SIMPSON (of Simpson, Stuart & Co
MANAGER—F. H. DESPARD.
H. S. ROEBUCK, Inspector.
GEO. J. JEFFERY, Agent,
June 6th, '78. KINGSTON.

STEAM HEATING
N. McNEIL,
Plumber, Gas & Steam Fitter.
DWELLINGS HEATED BY STEAM OR HOT WATER on the most approved principle. Satisfaction guaranteed, and satisfactory references given of dwellings heated by him.
N. McNEIL,
May 3. Brock Street, Kingston

CARD.
R. B. HOLDER,
THE NEW
PHOTOGRAPHER
Opposite the Golden Lion Block.
COME ONE! COME ALL!
And give the new Artist a Chance.
May 13th.

NOTICE.
WE BEG TO INFORM OUR FRIENDS and the public generally that we have this day received another LOT OF
CUT NAILS
That we will sell at the old price, $2.70 per 100 pounds.
Corbett & Co's Hardware House
87 King Street.
May 4, 1878.

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between PARSONS & SCORAH, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Business will hereafter be carried on by Wm. Parsons, who will pay all just claims against the late firm and to whom all outstanding accounts must be paid.
WM. PARSONS.
THOS. SCORAH.
BEE HIVE SHOE STORE,
June 1st, 1878.

CARD.
Thanking my friends and the public generally for their very liberal patronage during the time I have been in business, and hoping a continuance of the same, as I intend reducing the prices on my Stock of Boots and Shoes, I am determined to give the public the benefit, as soon as usual to the BEE HIVE Boot and Shoe Store, where you will be treated with courtesy and liberality.
WM. PARSONS,
June rd. Practical Shoe Maker

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE
For CATARRH
A purely vegetable distillation entirely unlike all other remedies.
IN the preparation of this remarkable remedy every herb, plant, and bark is subjected to distillation, whereby the essential medical principle is obtained in vapor, condensed and bottled. What remains in the still is inert, valueless, and totally unfit for use in an organism so delicate as the nasal passages. Yet all saline and insoluble compounds of wood, flora, all tinctures, saturated solutions.
SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE
is a local and constitutional remedy, and is applied to the nasal passages by insufflation, thus allaying inflammation and pain and at once correcting, cleansing, and purifying the secretions. Internally administered, it acts upon the organs of circulation, keeps the skin moist, and neutralizes the acid poison that has found its way into the stomach and silence into the blood. Thus a cure progresses in both directions, and it does not seem possible for human ingenuity to devise a more rational treatment.
SURPRISING CURE.
Gentlemen,—About twelve years ago, while travelling with Father Kemp's Old Folks Concert Troupe as a tenor singer, I took a severe cold and was laid up at Newark, N. J. This cold brought on a severe attack of Catarrh, which I battled with every known remedy for four weeks without avail, and was finally obliged to give up a most desirable position and return home, unable to sing a note. For three years afterwards I was unable to sing at all. The first attack of Catarrh had left my nasal organs and throat so sensitive that the slightest cold would bring on a fresh attack, leaving me prostrated. In this way I continued to suffer. The last attack, the severest I ever had, was terrible. I suffered the most excruciating pain in my head, was so hoarse as to be scarcely able to speak, and coughed incessantly. I thought I was going into quick consumption, and I firmly believe that had these symptoms continued without relief they would have rendered me an easy victim. When in this distressing condition, I commenced the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH, very reluctantly, I confess, as I had tried all the advertised remedies without benefit. The first dose of this wonderful medicine gave me the greatest relief. It is hardly possible for one whose head aches, eyes ache, who can scarcely articulate distinctly on account of the choking accumulations in his throat, to realize how much relief I obtained from the first application of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE. Under its influence, both internal and external, I rapidly recovered, and by an occasional use of the remedy since, have been entirely free from Catarrh, for the first time in twelve years.
Respectfully yours,
GEO. W. HOLBROOK.
WALTHAM, Mass., Jan. 8, 1876.
P.S.—I purchased the RADICAL CURE of GEO. H. ROGERS, Druggist, Elmford Building.
Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price, $1.00. For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER
An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly Medicated Plaster containing the choicest medicinal Gums and Balsams known to modern Pharmacy.
These Plasters have now been before the public for two years, and, notwithstanding the immense number of remedies in the form of liniments, lotions, pain-curers, and ordinary plasters, they have steadily increased in sale and met with universal approval, as evidenced by over one thousand unsolicited testimonials in our possession. Many remarkable cases have been certified to by well-known citizens in all parts of the United States, copies of which will be sent free of charge to any one desiring them. Improvements, in many ways, have been made, as suggested by experience and use, until it is believed that they are now perfect in every respect, and *the best plaster in the world of medicine.* All we ask from every sufferer in the land is a single trial. The price is 25 cents, although the cost is double that of any other plaster. But, notwithstanding the efforts of the proprietors to make the best plaster in the world for the least money, any similar remedy can be bought, numbers of unscrupulous dealers will be found ready to misrepresent them for *selfish motives* and endeavor to substitute others. If you ask for
COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER
Have it if you have to send to us for it.
Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

L.S.L.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY
TO WIN A FORTUNE. SEVENTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION, 1878, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, JULY 9th.
The Louisiana State Lottery Company.
This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DISTRIBUTION will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:
CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.
100,000 TICKETS AT TWO Dollars EACH. HALF TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.
LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize	$30,000
1 Capital Prize	10,000
1 Capital Prize	5,000
2 Prizes of 2,000	5,000
5 Prizes of 1,000	5,000
20 Prizes of 500	10,000
100 Prizes of 100	10,000
200 Prizes of 50	10,000
500 Prizes of 20	10,000
1000 Prizes of 10	10,000
APPROXIMATE PRIZES	
9 Approximation Prizes of $300	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900
1875 Prizes, amounting to	$111,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.
Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans.
Write, clearly stating full address, for further information or send orders to
M. A. DAUPHIN,
P.O. Box 692, New Orleans, Louisiana,
or to
H. L. PLUM,
319 Broadway, New York
All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY.

PHOTOGRAPHY!
Enlarged and Colored Copies
—OF—
SMALL PHOTOGRAPHS
In the best Style and at prices to suit the times.
News in great variety. Come and see specimens.
H. HENDERSON,
PRINCESS STREET.
May 25, 1878.

PURE
Wines and Liquors,
Imported Direct from France of all the different Brands of
Wines, Brandies, &c., &c.,
Also XX and XXX,
Porter XX and XXX,
French Brandy Colouring,
a very superior article,
Champagne Cider
Some of the best ever introduced in this Market.
Geo. Thompson & Co.

NOTICE.
TO ALL PEOPLE WANTING KEYS for Locks can be supplied by leaving their orders with WM. DAVID, the Cheap Broker He has hundreds of Keys on hand.
WM. DAVID, Broker, and dealer in New and Second Hand Goods of every description Opposite Mrs. Burgess' Fancy Goods Store Princess Street, Kingston. CHEAP JOHN

Daily British Whig

WEDNESDAY EV'NG, JUNE 12, 1878.

THE JOLLY OLD PEDAGOGUE.

Twas a jolly pedagogue, long ago.
Tall and slender, and sallow and dry;
His form was bent, and his gait was slow,
His long thin hair was as white as snow,
But a wonderful twinkle shone in his eye;
And he sang every night as he went to bed,
"Let us be happy down here below;
The living should live though the dead be dead,"
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

He taught his scholars the rule of three,
Writing and reading and history, too;
He took the little ones up on his knee,
For a kind old heart in his breast had he.
And the wants of the littlest child he knew.
"Learn when your young," he often said,
"There's much to enjoy down here below;
Life for the living and rest for the dead,"
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

With the stupidest boys he was kind and cool
Speaking only in the gentlest tones,
The rod was hardly known in his school—
Whipping, to him, was a barberous rule,
And too hard work for his poor old bones;
Beside, it was painful, sometimes said,
"We must make life pleasant here below,
The living need charity more than the dead,"
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

He lived in the house by the hawthorn lane,
With the roses and woodbine over the door;
His room was quiet and neat and plain,
But a spirit of comfort their held reign,
And made him forget he was old and poor;
"I need so little, he often said,
"And my friends and relatives here below
Won't litigate over me when I'm dead."
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

He smoked his pipe in the balmy air
Every night when the sun went down,
While the soft wind played on his silvery hair,
Leaving its tenderest kisses there,
On the jolly old pedagogue a jolly old crown;
And feeling the kisses, he smiled and said,
Twas a glorious world down here below;
"Why wait for happiness till we are dead;"
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

He sat at his door one midsummer night,
After the sun had sunk in the West
And the lingering beams of golden light
Made his kindly old face look warm and bright;
While the orderous night wind whispered Rest!
Gently, gently he bowed his head:
There were angels waiting for him. I know
He was sure of his happiness living or dead,
This jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

THE TRADE QUESTION.

(Hon. Mr Laurier at Lindsay.)

Select the Tories from all parts of the country—from Ontario, from Quebec, from Nova Scotia, from New Brunswick—and let them endeavor together to frame a tariff, and it would be just as impossible for them to agree upon a tariff as it would be possible for the seventeen wives of the late Brigham Young to agree together. (Loud laughter.) It was said that poor Brigham, in order to have a little peace in his household, was obliged to resort to the expedient of building a separate cottage for each of his seventeen wives. (Renewed laughter.) If they could separate the protectionists of the different Provinces—if they could separate the different classes and give to each its own little tariff—then they might perhaps be able to agree. But suppose they could frame a general protective tariff to suit the manufacturers of Ontario and Quebec, the farmers of Ontario, and the miners of Nova Scotia, would they get the manufacturers to agree among themselves? Not at all. During his last election he met a manufacturer of rope, who said he was badly treated by the Government; while they gave to all other manufacturers a protection of 17½ per cent. he was only given five per cent. "Well," he asked the gentleman, "you want an increase in the tariff?" "Of course I do," was the reply; "but I am not hard to please, and if your Government gives me ten per cent. I will be satisfied." A few days afterwards he met a shipbuilder who was a protectionist, and said to him, "You are a protectionist!" "Yes." "Well, do you want a duty on rope?" "Oh no, oh no," he replied in alarm. (Laughter.) Now, of the shipbuilder and the rope-maker, whom could they protect? They could protect neither, and this only proved that it was impossible for the manufacturers to agree together. We had seen the protectionists fighting among themselves. We found protectionists rising in the House and protesting against a duty on coal and against a duty on wheat and flour. Not a man from Lower Canada would be willing to impose a duty on these articles—the thing was monstrous. Why should we wish to put a duty on wheat and flour? They were the primary necessities of life, and to put a duty on them would be to go back to that barbarian legislation which had created so much agitation in England before it was got rid of. It was not more than forty years ago when there was a powerful agitation from one end of England to the other to relieve the nation from that infamous legislation which it was now sought to place upon our shoulders. He would give them a proof of the injustice of such a duty as it was sought to impose on wheat and flour. He happened a short time ago to lay his hands on a copy of the weekly *Mail* and there found the following paragraph:—

Says the Strathroy *Despatch*:—"An old farmer, and a Grit at that, called at this office yesterday, and complained bitterly of the tax on barley, and said that if the Government did not remove the tax on malt they need not come to Middlesex for support at the next election. The tax was now seventy-two cents on every bushel of barley used in or sent out of the country as malt, and that it was no wonder that the farmers had hard times in Canada. He says there are many farmers who have from 700 to 1,000 bushels of barley in their barns and do not know what to do with it, and expect to have to feed it to their pigs. He expects the Government will next tax the flour they get ground for the use of their families from wheat grown by themselves."

He (Mr. Laurier) suspected that this complaint had its origin in the fertile brain of the editor who wrote it, and who, in order to give it an appearance of credibility, put it into the mouth of "an old Grit farmer." Be that as it might the words expressed the true sentiment of that Tory editor and his party; and what were the sentiments that were expressed there? Why, that it would be a grievance, an injustice, and almost, he might say, a tyranny, that the Government should impose a tax upon the flour that the people get ground from wheat grown by themselves and for their own consumption. Well, he (Mr. Laurier) quite agreed that it would be a grievance and a tyranny if the Government were ever to be so rash as to put a tax on the flour which the people get from wheat grown by themselves. The farmers of Ontario grow their own wheat and have their own flour; and it would be an infamy if a tax were placed on that wheat and on the bread they eat. But did the gentleman who wrote this not know that there was not a pound of flour or a pound of bread eaten in Quebec which was not bought? If, then, the Tory farmer of Ontario thought it a tyranny and injustice to put a tax on the bread he ate, did he think it would be right to put a tax on the bread that was eaten in the Province of Quebec? It was said that a duty on wheat and flour would increase the profits of the farmers of this Province. No doubt it would, but it would do so by making the price of them dearer than they are now to others. He was sure that the people of Ontario did not want to wring their profits and wealth out of the Province of Quebec by taking the bread out of their mouths, and that they were prepared to condemn any such selfish policy.

POWDER IN POLITICS.

THE RECORD OF POLITICAL ASSASSINATION FOR THIRTY YEARS.

1848—November 26.—The life of the Duke of Modena was attempted.

1849—June 21.—The crown prince of Prussia was attacked at Minden.

1851—May 22.—Sefeloque, a workman shot at Frederick William IV, king of Prussia, and broke his forearm.

1850—June 28.—Robert Pate, ex-lieutenant in the army, attempted to assassinate Queen Victoria.

1852—September 24.—An infernal machine was found at Marseilles, with which it has been intended to destroy Napoleon III.

1853—February 18.—The Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, was grievously wounded in the head while walking on the ramparts at Vienna by a Hungarian tailor named Libzena.

1853—April 16.—An attempt on the life of Victor Emanuel was reported to the Italian chamber.

1853—July 5—An attempt was made to kill Napoleon III. as he was entering the Opera Comique.

1854—March 20—Ferdinand Charles III, Duke of Parma, was killed by an unknown man, who stabbed him in the abdomen.

1855—April 28—Napoleon III. was fired at in the Champs Elysees by Giovanni Pianeri.

1856—April 28—Raymond Fuentes was arrested in the act of firing on Isabella, Queen of Spain.

1857—December 8—agesilas Milano, a soldier, stabbed Ferdinand III., of Naples, with his bayonet.

1857—August 7—Napoleon III. again. Bartoletti, Gibaldi and Grillo were sentenced to death for coming from London to assassinate him.

1858—January—Napoleon III. for the fifth time. Orsini and his associates threw fulminating bombs at him as he was on his way to the opera.

1861—July 14—King William of Prussia, was for the first time shot at by Oscar Becker, a student, at Baden-Baden. Becker fired twice at him, but missed him.

1862—December 18—A student named Dossius fired a pistol at Queen Amalia of Greece, (Princess of Oldenberg) at Athens.

1863—December 24—Four men conspirators from London against the life of Napoleon III. were arrested at Paris.

1896—April 14—President Lincoln was shot by J. Wilkes Booth.

1867—April 7—A Russian named Kavarasoff attempted Czar Alexander's life at St. Petersburg. He was foiled by a peasant, who was enobled for the deed.

1867—The Czar's life was again attempted during the great exposition, at a review in the Bois de Boulogne at Paris.

1868—June 10—Prince Michael of Serbia was killed by the brothers Radwarowitch.

1871—The life of Amadeus, then newly King of Spain, was attempted.

1872—August—Colonel Gutierizzas assassinated President Balta of the Republic of Peru.

1873—January 1.—President Morales, of Bolivia, was assassinated.

1875—August—President Garcia Macno of Ecuador, was assassinated.

1877—June—President Gill, of Paraguay, was assassinated by Commander Molas.

1878—May 11.—The Emperor William of German, was shot at again, this time by Emile Henri Max Hoedel, alias Lehmann, the Socialist. Lehmann, it will be remembered, fired three shots at the Emperor, who was returning from a drive with the grand duchess of Baden, but missed him.

To the list we must now add a third attempt on the life of the Emperor William, at Berlin.—*N. Y. World.*

EXPORT OF FROGS.—The Montreal *Journal of Commerce* says:—"We recently mentioned that frogs were being shipped from Carleton Place to the New York market. It appears quite a profitable trade is being done in this line. The pioneer of the business, and his son, recently made a trip down the Mississippi in a small boat, and after an absence of four or five days returned with 160 lbs. of frogs' legs. These are sold at 50 cents per pound, and are considered a great luxury."

A CARD.
TO all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. The great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman. Station D. Bible House, New York City

Mitchell's Belladonna Improved India Rubber Porus Plaster.—There has never been a time when the healing of so many different diseases has been caused by outward application as the present. It is an undisputed fact that over half of the entire population of the globe resort to the use of ordinary plasters. They are very soft and pliable, still very adhesive; and a sure cure for Weak Backs, Pains in the Side and Breast; and are invaluable to those who have a Cold of long standing, and often prevents Consumption. Some even tell us they believe they were entirely cured by the use of them of a long seated consumption. Prepared by GEORGE E. MITCHELL, Lowell, Mass, and sold by all Druggists.

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CALLENDER'S FAVOURITE COMPOUND DENTIFRICE.—A fragrant, stimulating, astringent and disinfectant. It is composed of material which are pleasant and wholesome, effectually cleansing the Teeth and Mouth, and producing the most beneficial effects. It imparts to the breath a most delicate fragrance, restores to health mordid condition, preventing disease in the mucous membrane of the gums, and producing an agreeable and refreshing sensation in the mouth.
The Dental Association of Ontario—"Having examined and used this Favourite Compound Dentifrice, recommend it for general use." The following are a few of the many names who speak and write concerning it:—
From J. BRANSTON WILLMOTT, D. D. S., M. D. S., Prof. of Operative Dentistry and Dental Pathology, School of Dentistry:—
"Having