EPPS' COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*—Sold only in Packets labelled, "JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

The Daily British Whig.

Optimus est Ordinem Dicere.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 8, 1878.

This is encouraging, coming as it does from the Montreal *Spectator*: "And now, the hopes of the Conservatives are withered all, and nearly dead. The Reform party is in the ascendant; the work of retrenchment as to expenditure has been well begun; the prospects of the Province are brighter."

By a majority of only a few votes has the Wood Tariff Reform Bill been defeated in the United States House of Representatives. The main features of the measure looked in the direction of a modification of the ridiculously steep protection which interested "rings" have, ever since the civil war, succeeded in imposing in the adjoining country. That a measure conflicting so materially with the interests of the American taxationists should approach so near to success is of itself a hopeful augury. Long before the protection reactionists of Canada will get a chance to give effect to their vagaries here the policy of taxation will be banished from the adjoining country as utterly unworthy of a sagacious, enlightened and commercially progressive people.

The abolition of the Legislative Council of Quebec—as was expected—is foreshadowed in the Ministerial programme. A pretty bold stroke of Reform this, to propose the amputation of this paralyzed and cumbrous limb from the body politic. Ontario has got along all the better for dispensing with a petty provincial House of Lords. Many would go the length of disestablishing the Dominion Senate itself as an irresponsible and obstructive body, but there can be no question of the inutility, to say the least, of an upper House for a mere provincial legislature. No one will deny that it is, at any rate, the source of a considerable and quite uncalled for expense, the saving of which can very properly be included in the policy of retrenchment with which the new Government has been entrusted.

The importance with which the coming European Congress is invested by the principal nations interested in its deliberations and decisions is evident from the fact that Beaconsfield and Gortschakoff are to respectively represent Great Britain and Russia thereat. There will be sure to be plenty of diplomatic parleying and parrying before these combatant statesmen will be able to unite on a common basis of agreement. They will, doubtless, each go there with the determination to check-mate the other, and before a settlement is reached it will take considerable concession to bring them together. As between the two nations the indications are that Russia will do the most of the yielding. At any rate Great Britain has so far carried off the *Lion's* share of the diplomatic triumph, and will likely employ the prestige thus obtained to still further humiliate the conquerors of Turkey.

Rather a curious motion is that moved in amendment to the address by the Quebec Opposition. It is to the effect "that this House regrets that the Government has seen fit to accept and continue in office though not supported by a majority of the House." A pretty cool resolution surely to come after the first and only division taken up to that point, and which resulted in the choice of the Ministerial candidate for the chair of the House. The peculiarity of this amendment is that it will not be true as a statement of fact unless and until it is carried. If the amendment be carried it will, of course, become true that the Government will not have a majority in its favour. Meantime, however, the motion of the Opposition formulates a falsehood since the Government has so far been sustained. That falsehood is not at all likely to be converted into a fact by the passage of the resolution. The probabilities are all in favour of the Liberal Ministry and its triumphant continuance in power.

OUR HIGH JOINT BLUNDERER.

Whom have we to thank for the American haggling over the Halifax award but that heaven born statesman, Sir John Macdonald? The latest stage reached in this matter afresh declares that we have been placed by our own representative's culpable neglect or unpardonable stupidity at the mercy of our neighbours. In President Hayes' recent message to the Senate, recommending the appropriation of the amount of the award, he enclosed a document from his own Secretary Evarts in which the competency of the majority award is questioned, and suggesting a representation of the views of Congress to the British Government on this and every other aspect of the Fishery question. A left-handed, half-hearted mode this of recommending payment of the Halifax award in our favour, recommending the Senate to pay the money, and at the same moment furnishing reasons why they should not do it. But the opportunity for such double dealing was furnished by Sir John Macdonald, when, in his capacity as Canadian High Joint Commissioner at Washington, he sanctioned the invidious arrangement that a majority of the Alabama Commission was competent to reach a decision, but that in the Fishery matter a unanimous award was absolutely necessary. Any Canadian school-boy would have seen that such a jug-handled arrangement would render the British Commission powerless in the Alabama matter, and place the Commission completely at the mercy of the American delegate in the Halifax award. We may yet get the five and a half millions, but if so no thanks to our High Joint, Sir John, who placed it in the power of the American people to repudiate our just claims for indemnity.

PUBLIC WORKS.

The Liberal party has earned precious little credit from the Opposition for the impartial conduct of public works which has marked the present administration. In spite of the fact that two-thirds of all the contracts given have been awarded to political opponents—a state of things undreamed of in Tory times—the Opposition, in press and parliament, persist in insinuating that the Government, in these matters, is partial to its friends. No wonder that such an indefensible warping of the facts should at length excite the repudiation of respectable Conservatives, who refuse any longer to give even a silent consent to such outrageous mendacity. In contradistinction to the uniform habit of the Tories when in power, the Reform Government has failed to consider the question of party antecedents before issuing contracts for public works. It was so in the case of the Goderich Harbor works, about which so much ado has been made by the Opposition scandal makers. The principal of the successful firm in that instance was and is a staunch Conservative. It has been so in the Welland Canal contracts, every one of which this season has been let to political opponents of the Government. It has been so in connection with the public works in this locality, not only in the letting of contracts, but in the engagement of workmen for the day-work jobbing which could not, from the nature of it, be contracted for. The totally unfounded charge of Mr. Kirkpatrick from his place in parliament to the contrary notwithstanding, no question was ever raised in regard to the political creed of the men employed. So far from the truth was the silly ticket yarn of the Hon. gentleman that Conservative workmen have received their full share of employment, in proof of which we may state that the very last man to be kept on the works was a staunch and unswerving life-long Conservative. The fact is the severe impartiality, not to say liberality, of the Government towards its opponents in this regard has been, in the opinion of many, carried too far. Certain at any rate it is, that nothing of the kind was ever experienced by Reformers in all the reign of Torydom; and, following Conservative precedent, there would seem to be no reason why, in the matter of public works as in the Civil Service, the discrimination should not be in favour of the friends and supporters of the Government. Although the administration has pursued, as we have seen, such a neutral course in this matter, what thanks have they had therefor from their ungrateful and inveterate opponents? Reform impartiality has been requited by charges of favouritism which were as scandalous as they were untrue. As we have seen, respectable Conservatives are at length becoming disgusted with the bottomless slanders to which Tory desperation is resorting to try to damage the Government in a matter in which the latter is perfectly irreproachable, and therefore invincible. Unfounded defamation of this description is sure of its own reward, and that will be the contempt of all fair thinking men.

Shall We Subscribe?

(*To the Editor of the British Whig.*)

DEAR SIR:—My wife and I took a great interest in the agitation about the Queen's College Endowment Fund. Our two little boys go to Queen Street School, and they have an idea that when they grow up they may go to College. Their successful teacher, Mr. Metcalfe, is encouraging them in this idea. I would like to give a little to the fund. My wife reads the papers over to me, and I see Dr. Dupuis has been writing a great deal in favor of everybody giving to the College. Night after night the doctor had a letter in; in fact no letters interested me more than his; and the first observation my wife would make in opening the newspaper would be, "Here's another long letter from Dr. Dupuis!" I saw a few nights ago that the doctor followed up his letters with a subscription of $500. But my wife last night, in looking over the subscription list, saw that the doctor's name and his subscription were erased. This astonished us both. Why is this? Has the doctor gone back on his letters? Did he merely subscribe in order to give the list a tone, and then withdraw when it approached the required $40,000? My wife and I really don't know what to do.

Yours, &c.,
PLUM STREET.

June 8, 1878.

[If Dr. Dupuis has withdrawn his subscription he must have reasons, and these he will likely give on Monday.—ED. WHIG.

Is He Consistent?

To the Editor of the British Whig.

DEAR SIR,—The other day I read in your paper that our Mayor had written to the Mayor of Belleville, and suggested that the Belleville celebration should be postponed, and that the people of the "City on the Bay" should come here, and assist by their presence in making our Dominion Day festivities as successful as possible. I cannot but think that Mayor McIntyre acted somewhat unwisely in making the suggestion, since, as you pointed out, the 1st of July was not to the Bellevillians merely a national holiday, but the occasion of rejoicing, in that the place had become a city. Thus to our neighbors Dominion Day had a double significance. But, admitting that Mr. McIntyre acted with the best intentions, his action in the Council last evening must be considered very inconsistent, when he stood on technicality and declined to vote or sanction the grant for the celebration. Just fancy the position—asking the Belleville people to come here and refusing to vote a sum for their entertainment.

Yours, etc.,
June 8th, 1878. A CELEBRANT.

The Next Ross-Hanlan Contest.

St. John, N.B., June 7.—Thursday, July 25th, has been fixed on for the sculling race between Hanlan, of Toronto, and Ross, of this city. The race will be rowed on the Kennebeccasis, distance five miles, for $1,000 aside, Hanlan receiving $250 expenses. The articles of agreement were forwarded to Toronto for signature last night.

CHEAP GOODS.—Provision are decidedly cheap as compared with other years, but consumers do not appear to obtain the advantage from the low markets, in some lines at least, they should. Cheese of May made and good quality is selling in wholesale lots at from 7c. to 8c., while some retailers are charging about double that figure for it. The Toronto grocers have been charging equally as high prices, and the press of that city are pointing out the fact to consumers. A fair profit should be granted, but a profit of 100 per cent. on this staple article of food is a little too great.

WHIGGINGS.

—The potato bugs are not doing much in the Murphy movement this year.

—The recent frost struck in patches, but no great damage has been sustained.

—River navigation in Manitoba is exceedingly embarrassed by the low water.

—It is expected the session of the Quebec Legislation will extend over a month.

—Farmers in the vicinity of Quebec are in good spirits over the prospect of fine crops.

—Mr. Kelly, the missing contractor, is supposed to be all right, having been heard of in New York.

—A Prince Edward Islander named Hughes lost eight children in eight days by diphtheria.

—An Erie conductor and a Middletown lady are soon to be married. He will conductor to the altar.

—Hon. Mr. Laurier is shortly to deliver an address before the Young Men's Reform Association, Ottawa.

—The treasury of Brazil is empty, so the telegraph informs us. The assumption is that Dom Pedro has started a paper.

—A first and final dividend of ten cents on the dollar has been declared on the estate of Freeman I. Daniels, hotel-keeper Prescott.

—The Congregational Union of Canada are in Session in London, and elected Rev. R. K. Black, of Granby, Chairman of the Union.

—The Secretary of the Orange Concert reports that several accounts for expenses incurred in arranging for it have been sent in to him receipted.

—A sub-contractor of the Manitoba telegraph line, named McAuley, with three of the men, drowned at Rat Portage by the upsetting of a boat.

—Senator Butler, of South Carolina, has been elected President of the delegation proceeding to Paris shortly to arrange a Franco-American treaty of commerce.

—It is very gratifying to notice the decrease in the number of insolvencies, which shows two things, that business is improving, and that the unreliable houses have been pretty well weeded out.

—A man named McCafferty is under examination at St. John (N.B.), on a charge of offering a man named Day $50 to set fire to his (McClafferty's) house. The object being to obtain the $1,300 insurance.

—According to late information received at Ottawa, among the names which have obtained prominence in connection with the Governor-Generalship of Canada are those of Earl Carnarvon, Earl Hardwicke, Lord Normanby, a former Colonial Governor, and Lord Rosslyn.

THE CHEESE INTERESTS.

Much despondency has lately prevailed among cheese-makers and produce dealers over the very low figure to which the price of the article has fallen in the market. The fine spring we have just passed through, and its excellent effects on vegetation, leads to the belief that a much larger quantity of cheese will be made this summer than ever there has been before. This has resulted in the market becoming very depressed, there being no demand for the cheese coming in, even at the low price of 7c. and 8c. per pound. The shipments from the United States to Britain will, it is estimated, alone amount to 2,134,850 boxes, or 500,000 boxes in excess of last year. With a corresponding increase of Canadian cheese, which is annually becoming in greater favor in Britain, it is evident that something should be done to save the panic that will ultimately ensue unless prevented by forethought. To meet the exigencies of the case it is proposed to manufacture at least one-third of the summer's make, so that it may keep throughout the entire season. That there is a great future for Canadian Cheese in the Bristol markets there is every reason to believe; and that remunerative prices can be commanded is equally well assured. For the day is not far distant when, owing to the great increase of population in England, the whole produce of her dairies will be required for the supply of milk, and the result will be that the Canadian and American farmers will have the most of the field for the supply of cheese. As in every business, however, care must be taken in the marketing of the article, so as not to glut the market, and thus bring inevitable disaster on an industry which bids fair to have such a brilliant future.—*Spectator.*

Crime in Japan.

A Yokohama despatch of May 20, says Okubo Toshimitsi, Senior Imperial Councillor and Minister of the Home Department, was assassinated May 14. He was attacked by six men while riding from his residence at 8 o'clock a. m. The murderers selected an unfrequented part of the route, cut down the horse, killed the driver, and slaughtered their victim as he sprang from the carriage. The body was frightfully mutilated, the face and neck being covered with wounds. One hand was cut off. The assassins immediately proceeded to the palace and gave themselves up. They proved fanatical followers of the late rebel Saigo although not from his part of the country. Two of them wrote letters and sent them to the newspaper before selling out, declaring their reasons. They say Okubo was selfish and tyrannical, preferring despotism to liberty. He overrode law at pleasure, was arbitary and proud, wasted public money, excluded patriots from a share in the government, this exciting rebellions. He failed to sustain the dignity of the empire towards other nations. Therefore, they killed him.

The seventh accomplice surrendered himself the following day. It is not believed there is any further extension of the conspiracy. Okubo was the foremost member of the Cabinet for many years, being next in rank to two Ministers known as Dai Jan, principal mover in the great reforms of modern times. His loss is severe though fortunately not irreparable.

THE SAME OLD STORY.—Before the elections in Quebec, the Tory papers were quite confident that Mr. Joly and his friends would be overpowered, horse, foot, and artillery, as soon as the people could get to the polls. The elections came in due time, and Mr. Joly and his friends were sustained. Then the Tory papers said the overpowering would take place on the election of a Speaker. The Speaker was duly elected, and Mr. Joly still sat in his place. And now we are assured by these same Tory papers that the crisis will come when the vote on the Address is taken. "'Twas ever thus from childhood's hour."—*Telgeram*

BURGLARS find that Iowa has some plucky women that do not easily scare. The Davenport *Gazette* gives an account of an attempt of two men to burglarize the residence of J. A. Young, Assistant Cashier of the Washington National Bank. Mrs. Young confronted them with a revolver, and her little son slipped out and roused the neighbors. The failure of the revolver to explode the cap was the only reason one of the pals was not called to hand in his checks. The lady says she had a good bead on him. A killing under such circumstances general he has a healthy and beneficial influence.

NEW AUDITOR-GENERAL.—It is highly probable that J. Lorne McDougall, Esq., M.P. for South Renfrew, will be appointed Auditor-General for the Dominion within a short time. Newspapers in the county, of both shades of politics, unite in commending the fitness of Mr. McDougall for the position, and approving of the expected appointment.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

Austria the Great Obstructionist—The Disposition of the English Army.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

London, June 7.—The prospects of a successful issue to the deliberations of the Congress are daily improving, the dread of internal troubles fomented by the Socialists acting, in one quarter at least—Russia—as a powerful incentive to conclude a peace. The terms of the agreement between England and Russia are said to be more satisfactory than was expected, and for the present the most serious obstacle in the way of a compromise is Austria's objection to the cession of Antivari to Montenegro. Another difficulty is threatened, however, by the action of Roumania, who now absolutely refuse to cede Bessarabia, even in obedience to the decision of the Powers. Apprehensions of an outbreak are entertained at Constantinople, and it is feared that something has already gone wrong, as the Sultan did not go to the Mosque yesterday.

London, June 8.—The English Government has abandoned the intention of mobilizing the first army corps at Aldershot. It has also informed the Indian Government that the contingent of native troops is not required.

The Duke of Cambridge starts for Malta next Tuesday.

DEATH IN THE PIT.

Two Hundred and Thirty Miners Killed.

(*By Telegraph To day.*)

London, June 7.—A colliery explosion is reported at Evans' colliery at Haydock, near St. Helen's in Lancashire; 300 persons are reported killed.

The colliery explosion reported was in Evanswood pit colliery at Haydock, six miles south of Wigan. The number in the pit at the time is variously stated from 200 to 250. Many have been brought out badly injured. The larger proportion it is believed are killed, but it is impossible to explore the mine.

The explosion in the coal pit at Haydock to-day shook the earth for miles. The first explorer descended the shaft five minutes after the explosion, and others followed. Ten men were rescued alive, and were sent to the surface, when several died almost immediately, and the others have suffered much from after-damp. Eight other men are alive, and have taken refuge in the working of the mine. Two hundred and thirty-two men are dead. The explorers state that they found bodies decapitated, reduced to shapeless masses, and some of them blown to pieces. It is expected the corpses will be brought up by midnight. A large crowd surround the mouth of the pit. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

MONTREAL.

The Vice-Regal Tour—Presentation—The Blake Act—Political Caucus.

(*By Telegraph To-Day.*)

Montreal, June 8.—The Vice-Regal party arrived at Montreal about seven o'clock last evening from Ottawa on the steamer "Prince of Wales." They were met at the Richelieu Company's wharf by a large number of curlers, and the President of the Caledonian Club, Col. Dyde, read an address to His Excellency and presented him with a magnificent painting entitled, "Curling in Canada." Lord Dufferin replied and Lady Dufferin was affected to tears. Their Excellencies departed on the Quebec boat amid much cheering.

The *Evening Post*, the new Irish Catholic daily, is announced to appear on Monday.

Alderman Mercer has a motion before the Council to abolish smoking in the City Hall, and Alderman Stephens has another to cut the debates short.

Quite a number of young men, out late at night, have been searched by the patrol under the Blake Act, but no revolvers have been found. Our streets are now quiet, comparatively speaking.

At the Liberal caucus prior to the opening of the House it is said Mr. Joly had made up his mind to resign when Mr. Price came into the caucus and voluntarily gave in his adhesion.

Lennox and Addington.

(*Express.*)

—Mr. W. D. Madden, G.M., organized a 'Prentice Boys' Lodge on June 6th, at Roblin.

—The Court for the revision of the Napanee Voters' List of 1877, was held by Judge Wilkinson, on Monday last. Some eight or nine names struck off the roll and two added.

—A young and valuable span of horses belonging to R. J. Wright and Marcus Johnson, of Ernesttown, were killed on the G.T.R. track on the 1st of June. The loss was $200.

—The monthly fair took place at Napanee on Tuesday last. Some 15 head of cattle were shown, besides a fine yoke of oxen, but buyers were scarce. The only purchaser was Mr. Breden, from Kingston, who obtained possession of several of the finest beeves. The crowd in town was large.

(*Beaver.*)

—The Court of Revision for Newburg, was held on Monday last.

—Peas were in bloom in Camden on the 25th of May, which is a month earlier than usual.

—Sad to relate—an enterprising, hard-hearted Granger went most deliberately to his potato patch, near Newburg, and killed in one day eleven hundred hard shell potato bugs.

—About a fortnight ago Mr. Wesley Vanalstine, of Ernesttown, near Napanee, lost a team of good bay horses, worth about $200. On Saturday one of the horses was attacked with symptoms of throat disease and died before night. The other was attacked in a similar manner and died forty-eight hours after.

—Dr. Ross has purchased the stone residence of Mr. Byron Derbyshire, of Odessa. Mr. Silas Vrooman, has removed to Napanee. Mr. Derbyshire is building a brick residence on Factory street. Mr. R. N. Baker is also erecting a residence on Factory street. Messrs. Watts & Jones will shortly erect a show room on Centre street.

The attempted assassination of the Emperor of Germany recall the fact that on the same day of the same month, namely, the 11th of May, 1812, Mr. Percival was assassinated in the lobby of the British House of Commons by Bellingham. The month of May has indeed, been marked on several occasions by crimes or attempted crimes of the same nature. On the 30th of May, 1842 Queen Victoria was fired at when driving down Constitution Hill in an open carriage by John Francis, who was subsequently transported for life, the death sentence passed upon him being commuted. The 14th of May was the date of the murder of Henry IV. of France by Ravaillac; and on the 4th of May, 1847, Queen Isabella of Spain was twice fired at by La Riva.

NUISANCE GROUND.—Such a place should be provided by the Council, because it is needed very much. Our citizens are urged to be tidy and clean, and yet the city is without a spot where refuse matter can be deposited.

At W. S. GORDON'S Grocery, Princess St., will be found all kinds of Groceries and Provisions on the close cutting cash principle.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

Boiled Down for 'Whig' Readers.

—The Imperial Parliament has adjourned for the Whitsuntide holidays, the Commons to the 13th and the Lords to the 17th.

—Reports from various parts of Massachusetts and New Hampshire show the crops were greatly injured by heavy frost on Wednesday night.

—A Paris correspondent says a letter by Halim Pasha, uncle of the Khedive, is published, plainly putting forth his claims to the succession to the Viceroyalty of Egypt.

—Messrs. Gillies and McLaren, of Carleton Place, have made a sale of seven million feet of lumber. Mr. Peter McLaren intends starting his mills on Thursday next, employing eighty hands.

—From the opening of navigation to May 28th, there were shipped from the St. Lawrence to Europe 1,285 tons of phosphate. It is estimated that the total shipment this season will reach 7,000 tons.

—During the past six weeks, a Belleville firm who are engaged in exporting cattle to Europe have paid out $168,705 for stock, and the same firm have other stock of the value of $40,000 preparing for shipment.

—Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Countess of Dufferin took their departure from Ottawa yesterday morning for Tadousac. Both at Ottawa and Montreal crowds assembled to bid them "God-speed."

—The debate on the Address and the amendment was continued yesterday, the speakers principally confining themselves to the Constitutional question. At one o'clock this morning the House adjourned without having come to a vote till two o'clock this afternoon.

—Warren County, N.J., recently elected a Reform Board of Freeholders, which ordered a review of last year's county expenditures, disclosing that a ring had been raising vouchers, paying its members' bills, and stealing outright. It is believed the county has been plundered of $150,000. A number of arrests will be made. Some parties have fled.

No change for the worse appears in the Emperor William's condition. Arrests of supposed accomplices of, or sympathisers with, Nobeling are being made in all parts of Germany, and the Government has decided to dissolve the Reichstag and submit to the new House a new and more stringent measure directed against the Socialists.

—The programme for the Belleville civic demonstration has been arranged. It includes a procession in the morning by five hundred firemen, the military, the trades, and citizens in carriages, athletic sports, at which some of the most noted athletes in Canada will compete in the afternoon, a dinner to the city's guests from six to eight o'clock in the evening, a torchlight procession at eight o'clock by the firemen, winding up with a display of fireworks by Prof. Hand, commencing at nine o'clock.

—The Washington Cabinet yesterday considered the subject of American citizens supplying ships and munitions of war to the Russian Government while engaged in a controversy with England, which may develope into war. No decision was reached, and the subject will be resumed at the next session. It is regarded as a serious question whether this Government could permit an American built war vessel purchased by either Power to leave our ports after hostilities are opened.

FARMERS' MARKETS.

BELLEVILLE—Barley 40c; Wheat 1,05; Oats 30 to 31c; Peas 56c; Rye 56c; Buckwheat 50 to 55c; Beef $1 to $5; Lamb 5 to 6c; Mutton 5 to 6c; Hams 7 to 9c; Butter, roll, 13 to 16c; Butter, tub, 7 to 10c; Cheese 7 to 7½c; Eggs 8 to 10c; Lard 10 to 12c; Potatoes 60 to 70c per bag; Flour $5 per bbl; Hay $7 to $10.

NAPANEE MARKETS.—Wheat 1,00 to 1,05 Barley 40 to 50c; Oats 8c; Oatmeal $5 per cwt; Eggs 10 to 8c; Rye 62c; Peas 90c; Corn 50c; Oats 28c; Cheese 11 to 12c; Potatoes 40 cents per bush; Mutton 5 to 6c per lb.; Beef $4 to $5 per 100; Turkeys 50 to $1; Chickens 25 to 30c. Cordwood—$3,00 for best; Butter 18 to 20c per lb. Hay $10 to 12.

PERTH—Flour per bbl 5,50 to $5,50, Oatmeal per bbl $1,50 to $5, Wheat—spring, per bush $1 to 1,10; Fall do 1,00; Peas 50 to 60c; Barley 45c; Oats 30c; Rye 45 to 50c, Pork, Mess $12 to 13; Beef per 100 lbs. $ 0,50 to $5.00; Lard 10 to 10c; Butter 10 to 14c; Cheese 12 to 13c; Eggs 9c; Potatoes per bush 20c; Wool 23 to 25c; Hides $5,00 to $5; Sheep skins 45 to 70c; Hay $11 to 12.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, June 8.

Bank of Montreal—163 1-4, 161 3-4.
Merchants' Bank—92 1-4, 92, 50 at 2.
Bank of Commerce—117, 117.
Ontario Bank—ex div., 84 1-4, 83.
Bank of Toronto—136, 134
Royal Canadian Bank—00.
Molson's Bank—Ex. div., 94, 92.
Bank du Peuple—asked 75, 72 1-2.
Metropolitan—blank.
Consolidated Bank—offered, 76, 74 1-2.
Jacques Cartier—43, 42 1-2.
Union Bank—blank.
Quebec Bank—00, 00.
Exchange Bank—asked, 80, 75.
Montreal Tel. Co—117 1-2, 117, 49 to 17 1-2.
City Gas Co—150, 148
Dominion Tel. Co—asked, 85, 3
Richelieu and Ont—85.
C.P.R.—56 3-4, 56 1-4.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, June 8, 1.30 p.m.

Wheat—closing at 100; selling at 1 1-4 to 1-2 for June; 95 5-8 to 6 for July; 89 3-4 to 90 1-4 for August; corn 36 5-8 to 3-4 for June, 37 1-8 to 1-4 for July; 28 to 28 1-8 for August; oats, 23 1-2 for June, 23 1-4 for July; pork, 9,40 for July; 52 1-2 for August; lard, 6,82 1-2 to 85 for June, 87 1-2 to 90 for July.

REMINDERS.

MONDAY.

SITTING of Court of Revision at 3 p.m.
SALE at Mr S. H Blomdheim's at 10 a.m.
OPENING Term of the Collegiate Institute

BIRTH.

At Hamburgh, on May 30th, the wife of Mr. John Huffman, of a daughter—weight 20 lbs.

MARRIED.

On June 5th, at Bloomfield, Mr. J. O. Clark, of Picton, to Ella A., daughter of the late W. C. Williams.

At Napanee, on June 4th, Mr. J. N. McReary to Miss Rebecca Saul, of Camden.

At Napanee, on May 31st, Rev. Wm Wilson, of the Bay Quinte Conference, to Stella, daughter of the Rev. Wm. Brown, of Plevna.

At Napanee, on the 4th inst., Mr. Thomas Anderson, of Richmond, to Miss Harriet Hastings, of Napanee.

At Sophiasburgh, on June 4th, Mr. Martin Gordon to Miss Margaret Elizabeth Dixon, 50th of Sophiasburgh.

DIED.

At Napanee on June 7th, William Robert, youngest son of Thos G. Morgan, aged 1 year.

At Picton on the 31st ult., Mr. John Kelly, aged 78 years.

There are Millions in Buying Well

Read, Mark, Learn, Examine and Tell Your Figures.

JUST RECEIVED AT MOLLOY'S
A NEW LOT OF
Boots and Shoes,
NAMELY:—

100 pairs of Men's Slippers at 50 cents per pair, worth 75 cts.
36 pairs of Women's Goat Button Boots at $1.50, worth $2 per pair.
60 pairs of Women's Pebble Tie Shoes at $1.00, worth $1.25 per pair.
60 pairs of Women's House Shoes at $1, worth $1,25.
60 pairs of Prunella Gaiters at $1,00 worth $1.25.
60 pairs of Prunella Gaiters at 75 cts worth $1 00.

☞ I do quote prices. Pedlars take note.

C. L. MOLLOY

DREDGING—BAY OF QUINTE.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Dredging Bay of Quinte," will be received at this office until NOON of MONDAY, the 17th day of JUNE, 1878.

Specifications can be seen at this office and at the Custom House, Belleville, where printed forms of Tender may be obtained.

Tenders will not be considered unless strictly in accordance with the printed forms; and must set forth the names of the Dredge and Tug offered for the service.

The tenders of parties not owning Dredges will in no way be considered.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th June, 1878.

TO IRON FOUNDERS,
And Metal Workers.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Lamps, &c.," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, AT NOON, for the Lamp Standards, &c., required for the Parliament Grounds, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

Drawings and Specification can be seen, and form of Tender obtained at this office on and after the 7th of June instant.

To the Tender must be attached the actual signatures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the due performance of the works embraced in the contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, June 6th, 1878.

To Paris and Back for $220.

FIRST-CLASS
Steamer, Railways, and Hotels.

Messrs. Cook, Son, & Jenkins, the well-known Tourist agents of London and New York, have chartered the celebrated steamer City of Chester, of the Inman line, to leave New York on THURSDAY, August 1st, for Liverpool. They will send a special party of ladies and gentlemen under charge of one of their conductors to London, Brighton, Dieppe, Paris and back for

$220 FROM TORONTO back to TORONTO, or FROM MONTREAL back to MONTREAL.

The sum will include first-class railway tickets by New York Central R. R. to New York and back, saloon passage on City of Chester to Liverpool and back, first-class railway ticket between Liverpool and Paris, both ways, six days' hotel accommodation in Paris, with carriages for three days to see the city and Versailles, and four days hotel accommodation in London, and two days between these places.

TIME OF ABSENCE ONLY 33 DAYS,

The ticket will provide facilities for those who wish to go to Switzerland or Italy at $100 and $200 additional. The steamship portion of the ticket is good to return any time this year. The steamer has good berths for 200 passengers, and only that number will be taken. The best berths will be given to the earliest depositors. Fifty Dollar deposits required when name is registered.

For Further particulars address
COOK, SON, & JENKINS,
261 Broadway, New York,
P. O. Box 4265.

DOMINION
FIRE AND MARINE
Insurance Company.

Head Office, - - - Hamilton, Can.

Deposit with Dominion Gov't, $50,000

PRESIDENT:
JOHN HARVEY (of J. Harvey & Co.)
VICE PRESIDENT:
JAMES SIMPSON (of Simpson, Stuart & Co.)
MANAGER—F. R. DESPARD.
H. S. ROEBUCK, Inspector.

GEO. J. JEFFERY, Agent,
June 6th, '78. KINGSTON.

COUNTY COURT,
And General Sessions.

THE JUNE SITTINGS of the County Court and General Sessions of the Peace will be holden at the Court House, City of Kingston on TUESDAY, June 11th, at noon. All in anyway concerned are required to take notice.

WM. FERGUSON,
Sheriff.
Kingston, June 7, 1878.

Kingston Collegiate Institute

THE SUMMER TERM will begin on MONDAY NEXT the 10th instant, and end on the 15th of October. Pupils may join the Class at any time. There are vacancies for a few Pupils in the

KINDERGARTEN CLASS.

The vacation extends from the 15th July to 1st of September.

JOHN FRASER,
June 6th. Chairman.

THE BEST PRESSES,
THE BEST TYPE,
THE BEST FACILITIES
AT THE
British Whig Job Rooms

EVERY ORDER, LARGE OR SMALL, ATTENDED TO CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY

☞ No other Printing House can excel the WHIG, either in quality or price. ☜

☞ VISITING CARDS—as neat as Letter Press Printing can make them at 75c per 100.
☞ PAMPHLETS and Business Circulars a specialty. Specimens of hand to prove the quality of every class of work.
Feb 4, 1878.

Y. M. C. A
Free Reading Rooms,

MONTREAL STREET, CORNER PRINCESS ST.

Open Every Week Day from 8 a.m till 10 p.m (except during the time of meetings.)

MEETINGS.

Union Gospel.—Service in the Rooms, every Sunday evening at 8:15; open to everybody.

Literary Meeting for Lectures, Essays, Music &c., every Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Bible Class, for Sabbath School Teachers, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mission Meetings in the School Room, Barriefield, at 7:30 p.m., and in the Room over the Post Office, Portsmouth, at 8 p.m., on Friday evenings.

Young Men's Prayer Meeting every Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

All young men are cordially invited to attend the above Meetings, and all strangers in the city are requested to call on the Secretary at the Rooms, who will be glad to direct to suitable boarding houses and furnish any information that may be required.

Donations of Books, etc., to the Library are respectfully solicited and will be gratefully received. Persons wishing to promote the interests of the Association are requested to call upon the undersigned any day between 9 and 10 a.m. and 2 and 3 p.m.

S. RANTON,
Feb 9, 1878. Gen. Secrete

DOMINION DAY.

Prepare for Celebrating the 1st of July by Leaving Your Orders for Cheap and Fashionable Suits at

NEW YORK CLOTHING STORE,
BROCK STREET, Four Doors from the Market Square.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF READY MADE CLOTHING ON HAND—(our own make), at prices that will satisfy buyers. GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, new, stylish and cheap. HATS AND CAPS, our Stock just received and will be sold at very lowest prices. For a splendid Stock of FANCY COATINGS, Diagonals, Tweeds, Black and Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Black Doeskins, Fancy Vestings, and all seasonable Goods. Be sure to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we have the best value in the city for the least money. Every class of Goods in our line can be had at the very lowest possible price.
TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, RUBBER GOODS, UMBRELLAS, &c., always on hand. ☞ Remember the place—

Z. PREVOST,
BROCK STREET, Four Doors from the Market Square.
June 8, 1878.

THE NEW BOOK STORE.

We Shall Have on View To-Morrow:

THE PRIZES
FOR THE
Royal Military College,

Specially bound and Stamped with the College Arms and Crest.

RECEIVED THIS DAY:

Additional Supplies of Lecky's England in the XVIII Century.
Silicate Pocket Slate.
Notes Ambrosiane, 6 vols., half Russia, very elegant.
Corneille's Works, 2 vols.
Stationery of every kind and at the lowest prices.

S. WOODS.
June 7th.

COUNTY ORANGE LODGE.
SOUTH FRONTENAC.

A MEETING of the above Lodge will be held in the ORANGE HALL, Kingston, ON TUESDAY, 11th inst., at 1 o'clock, sharp. The members entitled to toast and vote are notified to attend, as the coming celebration of the 12th, and the Montreal affairs will be brought before the meeting.

THOS. ROBINSON,
June 5th. Co. Master.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Furniture, Bar Fixtures, &c.

I HAVE received instructions from MR. S. H BLOMDHEIM, to sell all of his Furniture, Bar Fixtures, &c.,

Monday, June 10th,
AT HIS SALOON, BROCK STREET.

Sale at 10 o'clock. Terms cash.
J. E. HUTCHESON,
June 6, 1878. Auctioneer.

HENRY LOWNDES
A GREAT SUCCESS IN THE Kid Glove Department,
Colored Kids at 35 Cents,
New Colors, 2 Buttons at 50c,
New Black do at 50c,
A Rush on Evening Shades, two buttons, at 50c.
Also, the Finest, Cheapest, and most complete stock of Hosiery and Frillings, IN THIS CITY.
Gent's Kid Gloves at 75c
USUALLY SOLD AT $1.50.
H. LOWNDES.
LIVERPOOL HOUSE

Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company.

Royal Mail and Express Line of Steamers.

THE LINE IS COMPOSED OF THE following first class steamers:

CORSICAN,	Composite	Captain	Sinclair
SPARTAN,	do	do	Bailey
CORINTHIAN	do	do	Farrell
PASSPORT	do	do	Irvine
ALGERIAN	do	do	Trowell
MAGNET	do	do	Cameron

Time of Departure from Kingston
Commencing Tuesday, 11th June:

At 5 30 p.m. for TORONTO and HAMILTON, calling at Cobourg, Port Hope and Bowmanville, daily, Mondays excepted, (weather