The Daily British Whig.

Oculis vir Orbem Dicor.

TUESDAY EV'NG, MARCH 19 1878.

REMINDERS.

TUESDAY.

ANNUAL meeting of Irish Catholic Benevolent Society—7:30 p.m.

ENERGETIC meeting of Ancient Frontenac Chapter—7:30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY.

LENTEN Service at St. George's Cathedral at 7.30 p.m.

ANNUAL Meeting of Kingston Rifle Association at 7:30 p.m.

It is said the Dominion Government has proposed to the Oka Indians the propriety of moving to Manitoulin Island, and in connection therewith has offered them a spacious reserve in the new territory with a "bonus" of $20,000 in full settlement of all their claims against the Seminary. If this offer *has* been made we would strongly advise the Indians to accept it. They cannot do better. If they think they are persecuted where they are they will thus escape this annoyance, and then by going they will not be only better off themselves but their removal will prove a solution of a very vexed and vexing difficulty. If the Government succeed in finding a mutually satisfactory settlement of the Oka troubles they will be entitled to the thanks of the communities interested not only, but to those of the general public as well. Anyway the Government has shown, so far, infinitely more tact and courage in the solution of the difficulties arising out of race and religion in our miscellaneous population than did their predecessors, whose temporizing policy in the Riel and similar matters, was characterized by nothing so much as timidity and delay.

THE RECENT VOTE.

How far does the late vote on the political 'Kite' of the member for Kingston carry out the boastings of the Tory Press? Sir John's amendment was so carefully worded as to mean anything or nothing just as its author knows so well how to be all things to all men. The very vagueness of the protectionist resolution enabled all and sundry of his followers to vote for it, no matter what may be the views of their respective constituents on the fiscal question. For example Dr. Tupper, whose free trade proclivities prompted him to aver not so long since that Hon. Mr. Cartwright was entering 'the thin end of the protectionist wedge,' was quite able to vote with Sir John without unduly stretching his conscience. He will be able with the most elongated face of Tory hypocrisy to tell his constituents that there was nothing whatever in it. So with Mr. Pope, the champion Free Trader of Prince Edward Island, who last session a little fresher from the people and with their verdict against protection—falsely so called—ringing in his ears, voted for his constituents and *against* the Tory protection humbug. A little more seared than they Mr. Pope this time followed his leader, assured that his motion committed him to nothing at all. After thus roping in Tories of every hue the motion commanded a vote of 76 and was defeated by 114 nays, thus giving the ministry a majority of 38. There were six ministeralists absent and two oppositionists. Had all been there to vote the division would have shown 120 for the ministry to 78 against or a majority of 42 on what the Tories claim is their best hold. With this majority we fancy the ministry will be able to worry through pretty decently and that there will be no very urgent necessity for a premature absolution, of the House because of the weakness of the Government or the strength of the Tory reaction.

SATAN REBUKING SIN.

The expenses and salary of Dr. Haggarty, formerly of London but now Medical Superintendent of the North West, are being enumerated by the Tory press, accompanied by a summary of the amounts the same gentleman spent improperly in the last corrupt contest, between two Conservative gentlemen, Messrs. Carling and Walker, for the city of London. We have no word of commendation or extenuation for those electoral improprieties and corruptions at which the *Mail* raises its own clean hands in a sort of artificial holy horror. There is very little doubt that between the two candidates above mentioned (Tories both of them, up to the date of the contest) and their principal supporters, there was enough of corruption to disqualify both, and they are both shut of Parliament at the present moment for this very reason. Whatever naughty things their respective supporters might have done were equally reprehensible. Would it not be modest of the Tory press to remember, however, that their own immaculate chieftain, "clean handed" and all as he proclaimed himself to be, was himself unseated for corruption and was only *not* disqualified because the judge who tried him and rebuked him gave him the benefit of a very slender doubt in the case. And yet our Tory friends propose to reinstate this champion of corruption in the very highest office in the gift of the Crown and people, and to re-invest him with responsibilities for which he has repeatedly proven his corrupt unfitness before the whole nation, and, to our national disgrace, before the world. The *Mail*, and Tory organs generally, are great adepts in confessing *other people's sins*. If this exercise, like that of charity, did but begin at home with them, they would be kept so busy as to have precious little time in which to dilate upon the delinquencies of others. As for corruption in parliament, or among the people, the Tory party in Canada has all along been unapproached and unapproachable. The Tory record of this country reeks with political corruption from first to last, the party has been tainted with it from the chief vendor of public contracts for pelf with which to debauch the people down to the meanest briber in the party ranks. With what a delightful consistency do these convicted and pilloried offenders point the finger of virtuous scorn at isolated cases in which Reformers (of Conservative antecedents) unwisely resolved to fight fire with fire rather than be beaten by barefaced Tory corruption. The less the Tory party has to say on this to them most delicate subject the better.

THE CRISIS IN QUEBEC.

Evidently the people of Quebec do not intend to be caught with the Conservative chaff about the usurpation and tyranny of the Lieutenant Governor, the overthrow of responsible Government, and the menaced rights and liberties of the people. They are concerned, indeed, about all these things, but in a very different sense from that intended by the Tory organs. We do believe that the rights of the people have been trampled upon; that responsible government has been vilely abused, and that there was the intention of usurpation and tyranny. On the question of the existence of all these things, the Liberals of Quebec are fully convinced, but the people of that Province know that the guilty parties are the Cabinet despots who have been justly and summarily relieved of the offices whose functions they had so flagrantly abused. What could be more unconstitutional, for example, than for this tyrannical clique to take the municipalities "by the throat," by legislating away their undoubted rights in the matter of the bonuses to the Government Railway scheme. The municipalities in question had voted their bonus assistance to the Government scheme on the explicit understanding that the line should be so chosen as to be of benefit to their respective localities. First to violate the condition on which the municipal aid was voted by running the line away from the places interested; then to compel the payment of those bonuses by coercive legislation, which distinctly declared that the municipalities concerned should have no redress in the courts of law; that, in case of persistent resistance, Government appointees should be empowered to usurp the functions of the civic authorities in signing and issuing debentures; that in case the debentures, thus manufactured, should not be honoured, the Sheriff should be empowered and instructed to issue a distress warrant on the taxable property of the municipality for the amount of the levy; for all this, we say, to be done in the name of the people whom it was coolly proposed thus to rob would have been a piece of unjust and cruel spoliation for which the annals of civil liberty and responsible Government might have been searched in vain. All of a piece with this—in a free country—unheard-of example of legislative tyranny was its companion measure, the Quebec Stamp Act, a bill which imposed a direct and onerous tax on every possible business transaction, by requiring that every memorandum of almost every conceivable incident in trade should be stamped, and that to a very exorbitant extent, or else that the transaction in question should be utterly null and void. No wonder that these two measures, representing a combination of spoliation and direct taxation, excited a deep and widespread indignation among the people; and no wonder that, in such a crisis, the Lieutenant Governor should step in between the people and their presumptuous oppressors, and at any rate give the electors an opportunity to say whether or not these high-handed measures, which were being perpetrated in their name, should be consummated with their consent. And this is all that His Honour's action amounts to. It will simply give the people of Quebec an opportunity of passing their judgment at the polls upon the certainly obnoxious legislation. If they restore the old Ministry to power they will have to put up with the consequence and have to thank themselves for whatever these may prove to be. If, on the other hand, the people should embrace the opportunity now so opportunely afforded them, of rebuking a piece of unprecedented tyranny, the Governor's action will be amply vindicated. There are not wanting abundant indications that the people of Quebec are fully resolved—at least a majority of them—on pursuing the latter course. The County of Ottawa—a constituency which, by the way, sends a Conservative to the Dominion Parliament, has by a formal resolution of its county council, expressly condemned the action of the late majority in the Assembly, and thanked the Governor and the minority for their courage in behalf of the popular rights. Mass meetings of the electors have been been held in various places with a similar result. The elections will now soon be on, and the probable result of them will be that the opposing parties will have permanently changed sides in the next Provincial Parliament.

WHIGGINGS.

—Six thousand people have been attacked with measles at Lyons, France.

—The Newfoundland Sealing fleet left on the 5th and 10th for the ice.

—Broadbills are making their appearance on the St. Lawrence, and are just three weeks ahead of time.

—Weston, the pedestrian, is ill, and cannot enter the international walking match, at London, Eng.

—A cablegram received at Rideau Hall announces the death of the Lady Powley, mother of the Hon. Mrs Littleton.

—The heirs of the By estate are suing the Dominion Government to regain possession of Jacques Cartier square, Ottawa.

—They say James Gordon Bennett isn't going to let out that job of finding the north pole to Stanley, but is going himself.

—A firm in Dundee has received an order from the British Government for 50,000 sand bags, to be ready within three weeks.

—A negro has been shot dead at Pilot Grove, on the Missouri Railway, for attempting to outrage a little girl six years old.

—A strike is expected in the Cotton Mills at Fall River (Mass.) over the contemplated reduction of wages by 15 per cent.

—Materials for a line of railway twenty miles in length are in course of delivery at the east wharf at the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich.

—Some three thousand members of the Montreal Irish Catholic Union marched in procession through the streets Monday. No disturbance whatever took place.

—The bondsmen of Gage, the defaulting Treasurer of Chicago, have had a verdict rendered against them for over a million and a half of dollars.

—The demand for the new silver dollars has died out. Less than $10,000 worth were taken at the sub-Treasury on Saturday. Friday's sales aggregated only $43,000.

—A report comes of a daring bank robbery, at East Cambridge, (Boston) involving a loss of $50,000. The President had been called out to attend a lady in a carriage, at the bank door, and, during an absence of two minutes, the theft was consummated by three men in league with the "lady."

TORONTO.

Rossa's Lecture—Rioting and Bloodshed—The Lecturer Pursued—Attacking Hotels—Volleys of Stones and Shot.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

Toronto, March 18.—The threatened riot this evening did not come off. Beyond a continuous volley of stones for an hour and a half at the lecture room, riddling all the windows, no damage was done, and nobody hurt. The streets, however, in the vicinity were crowded by thousands of people, who all apparently gathered together to see a fight, but not to participate in or provoke one. O'Donovan Rossa, not being known, walked straight through the crowd and into the hall, where only about a hundred people had assembled. The chair was occupied by Mr. D. Moriarty, President of the Hibernian Society. The lecture was rather tame and by no means inspiring. After it was over the audience left by twos and threes, and Rossa again passed through the crowd unrecognized, outside the outskirts of which he he got into a cab with two others, and drove off. About half a dozen bystanders, seeing the cab stop, and a stranger enter, gathered around, but were frightened off by a loaded revolver presented by one of the fenian companions. A number of men ran after the vehicle, throwing stones, shouting 'stop the cab.' Baulked of their prey the howling mob advanced up Queen street, and at midnight Cosgrove a tavern was attacked. A crowd inside answered with revolvers, and the rioters returned the fire. A hundred shots were exchanged, and stones poured into the house until nothing but the boards were left of it. The police, 90 strong, charged on the mob and wielded their batons with great vigor. Four men were shot, one a young Protestant named James Clegg, fatally, it is feared. In the meantime another mob, 1,000 strong, opened with stones on Collins' tavern, where Rossa was believed to be. Revolvers were used here, but the police, fighting with matchless pluck against enormous odds, cleared the street. Rossa was driven out to Weston at 11 p.m. Policeman Worth was struck on the temple with a cobble stone and knocked senseless. Almost all his comrades are more or less injured. Probably 150 rioters are injured with stones and batons. The doctors are crowded, but the wounded, as a rule, sneak off home to avoid arrest. Police patrols are guarding Queen street. One hundred of the roughs are congregated in gangs in lanes. The police, who were marshalled for an emergency, made a number of arrests. Nine companies of the 10th Royals and Queen's Own were in the drill shed, which is close to the lecture room. At midnight everything was quiet.

REIGN OF TERROR.

More Outrages in Montreal.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

Montreal, March 18.—A number of pistol shots were heard at different hours last night, but no one was injured so far as could be learned, and no arrests were made.

About four o'clock yesterday, Jacob Hamilton was on his way to his son's residence in Shannon street, and when at the corner of Ottawa and Shannon observed a crowd of young men on the opposite side of the street. One of them cried out "Go for him, the old Orange ——," upon which four of them made a rush at him, but were kept at bay by Mr. Hamilton. Then the rest of the crowd, numbering a dozen or more, furiously set upon him, threw him down and kicked him about the face and head in a murderous manner.

Mr. James Hill, labourer, of Murray street, was also, last evening, the subject of a brutal attack by three young men at the entrance to his own gateway.

A man named Wm. O'Brien was yesterday arrested for carrying a revolver, and was this morning committed to stand his trial at the Court of Queen's Bench, bail being refused.

THE WEST INDIES.

Revolution—Tobacco Crop—Immigration.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

Havana, March 18.—A Jamaica telegram says a revolution took place at Port au Prince during the absence of the President. Tanis, at the head of 1,000 followers, attacked the palace, arsenal, and fort, capturing the fort. The navy remained faithful and is bombarding the positions of the revolutionists.

Heavy rains fell yesterday. The new tobacco growth is said to be much injured by rains.

During the past week 1,250 emigrants from the Canary Islands arrived here and were engaged by sugar planters. More expeditions expected.

REDUCTION OF WAGES.

The Workingmen and the Hard Times.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

London, March 19.—The cotton manufacturers in East Lancashire notified the employees that they intend to reduce the wages 10 per cent. the masters in the North of England iron trade, who gave notice of a reduction of 10 to 17 per cent., have consented to substitute a reduction of seven and a half. It is thought the men will accept. The miners of Tamworth accept a reduction of 10 per cent.

WEAVER'S STRIKE.

Thousand's Unemployed—Great Distress.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

London, March 18.—The strike of Oldham weavers has now lasted a month. Neither side seem inclined to yield. The strike commenced with six hundred weavers but now includes between 5,000 and 6,000. A hundred operatives in other departments are kept idle in consequence of stoppage of works by weavers. Great distress prevails.

FRENCH POLITICS.

The Budget Vote-Crisis Averted.

(*By Telegraph to-day.*)

Versailles, March 18.—The Minister of Finance moved that the budget of receipts be made the order for Thursday. Gambetta supported the motion and declared that the hour had arrived to assert confidence in the Ministry and the future of the Republic. The motion was adopted by a vote of 436 to 34. Thus all fear of a crisis is averted.

ROME.

The Pope's Captivity at an End.

(*by Telegraph To day.*)

New York, March 19.—The *World's* special says the Pope is preparing to occupy the summer residence of Popes at Castel Gandalfo, thirteen miles from Rome. This will put an end to the conventional captivity of the Pontiff.

THANKS.—The ladies of the Committee of the Orphans' Home desire to acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of a barrel of flour from Mr. Andrew MacLean.

TO AN ALREADY well established reputation, are constantly added the warmest praises of travellers who have enjoyed the hospitalities of the Grand Central Hotel, New York.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

A Settlement Still Afar Off.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, March 18.—Consols declined to-day on the rumour that Lord Derby had resigned. The rumour was probably of stock jobbing origin. The *Morning Post* congratulates the country on the unanimity of the Ministry in the present critical position. In the House of Commons this afternoon Sir Stafford Northcote announced that the existing circumstances justified the Government in keeping the British fleet at Constantinople. He said it was not true that Russia had refused to admit Greece to the Congress, but he merely raised the question as to the footing on which the Greek representative should be admittted.

Vienna advices state England has refused to take part even in the preliminary Conference of ambassadors until Russia gives a formal engagement that all the classes of the Treaty will be submitted to the Congress. Prince Gortschakoff has merely reiterated his promise that the full Treaty will be communicated to the Powers.

TURKEY'S NEUTRALITY.

A Constantinople special says it is reported important despatches from England were communicated to the Sultan on Saturday. A Council was held which decided Turkey should remain neutral in event of a difference between England and Russia.

THE ISLAND OF TENEDOS.

A Constantinople telegram received at Paris says England has asked permission to establish a coal depot on the Island of Tenedos.

MISUNDERSTANDING.

A Pera correspondent says England strongly protested at St. Petersburg against the Russian advance towards the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus.

A Vienna despatch says the misunderstanding between Russia and England makes no progress towards a satisfactory settlement.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE.

A Constantinople despatch says 25,000 Russians have arrived at Tchataldja from Tirnova. The Turks are carfully patrolling the Bujukdere road.

THE INSURRECTION IN THESSALY.

An Athens despatch says the official journal states Hobart Pasha has threatened to bombard Surbi unless the insurgents evacuate Makrinitza.

THE AUSTRIAN VOTE OF CREDIT.

At the sitting of the Hungarian Delegation to-day almost all the speakers declared they would vote in favor of the credit but hoped for a peaceful solution. The Austrian delegation granted the demand of the Minister of War for 657,000 florins for military stores.

PRELIMINARY CONFERENCE.

A Paris correspondent states the proposal to convene a preliminary conference to settle the programme for the Congress has been generally coldly received as unnecessary.

THE LATEST PHASE.

The *Times* says the latest phase of the difference between Russia and England seems to be that Russia, while admitting the right of the Congress to discuss all the points of the Treaty, declines to be ultimately bound by the decision of the majority of the Powers.

A well informed St. Petersburg correspondent of the *North German Gazette*, Berlin, states that Russia will not allow any interference with the points concerning the war indemnity, Armenia, or Bessarabia.

AUSTRIA THREATENED.

The *National Zeitung*, of Berlin, says the Austrian Government has been positively informed that the Russians are concentrating on the Austrian frontier.

THE MEETING.

Constantinople, March 19.—Grand Duke Nicholas, to obviate the difficulty about the military escort passing through the city, proposes to come here in the Imperial yacht "Eyrklick." The Sultan would then return the visit aboard the yacht. Nothing, however, is settled and the Porte, out of consideration for other Powers, has requested the Grand Duke not to embark at Buyukdere, where the Imperial yacht is now anchored.

THE CONDITIONS.

London, March 19.—Hon. Robert Bourke, Under Secretary of the Foreign Department, announced in Parliament today that if Russia agreed to the conditions demanded by England respecting the Conference, it would probably meet about the latter part of the present month.

TURKS VS. GREEKS.

London, March 19.—An Athens despatch reports incessant fighting between the Turks and Greeks at Avia and Olympus. The Turks burnt Krania and Popsani.

A PROTEST.

Belgrade, March 19.—The Servian Shumadia corps has made a demonstration against the peace conditions, and re-occupied Vrarya, declaring it will not leave it unless forced.

PASSING THE DANUBE.

London, March 19.—A Galatz despatch says several vessels passed up and down the Danube safely. It is reported the river is to be officially opened on Thursday.

GREECE AT THE CONGRESS.

A Vienna correspondent states all the Powers agree that Greece cannot well be admitted to the Congress on the same footing as the signatory Powers, but she should be consulted in all matters concerning the interests of the Greek race.

RINE AND ROSSA.

Two Lecturers and their Movements.

(*By Tlegraph To-day.*)

Toronto, March 18.—Rine was in town last night, and leaves for Barrie to-day, where he will hold meetings, for which he has been some time announced, to-morrow. He returns to Mitchell on Friday, and will again be in Toronto to arrange for the Rine Club convention, and on Sunday afternoon will hold a meeting in the Grand Opera House.

O'Donovan Rossa's lecture last night, as a lecture, was a complete fizzle. It disappointed all who heard it, and his principal supporters before he was half through advised him to cut it short. It was not near so treasonable, nor for that matter, so inspiriting as General Burke's harrangue a fortnight previous. It consisted principally of an exaggerated account of his prison life, and attempts to drag in Lord Dufferin as having uttered language as treasonable as he, Rossa, had done. The fenian leader, outside his editorial sanctum or his New York pot house, is evidently a coward, and the whole time last night as he was talking was nervous to a painful degree, and several times appeared like breaking down either out of steer terror or nervous exhaustion. After the lecture it is reported he was driven out to Weston. The excitement being over the people this morning are beginning to count the cost. How many of the opposing force were hurt is not known, but none are believed to be dangerously wounded; most of the injuries consisting of broken heads and bruises. Five constables are hurt, one Worth, seriously, but not fatally, and all engaged in keeping the peace show signs of rough handling. One instance is worth mentioning. As Rossa was jumping into the cab to leave the scene he was recognized and the driver seized by a man who explained: "here's the d —— d Fenian." Rossa drew his revolver, at the same time hitting the man a back hander which caused him to release his hold, and, as the cab started, to fall into the mud.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

Condensed for the "Whig" Readers.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

—Slight rioting took place yesterday in Londonderry and Belfast.

—The Emperor of Germany has congratulated Leo XIII on his accession.

—Lieut.-General Sir William O'Grady Haly is dangerously ill at Halifax, N.S.

—Two German war vessels are at Panama and one at Aspinwall, awaiting instructions to proceed to Nicaragua to demand satisfaction for an outrage on a German consul over a year ago.

—A telegram from the master of the schooner Orkey Lass announces that the vessel was crowded ashore by drift ice near Sand Point. The tug Kitty Smoke is rendering assistance, but at the latest advices had not got her off. No insurance.

—The ice in the river is fast disappearing, and navigation promises to be open before another week elapses.

—The Pennsylvania Coal Companies employees have been notified to resume to-morrow. A large production for the ensuing month is anticipated.

—The President has approved an Act in aid of Bennett's polar expedition.

—A reduction of 10 to 15 per cent. is to be made to-day in the wages of employees on the Pacific Railway.

—Capt. McLeod, of the British bark "Chillianwallop," which was abandoned at sea on Dec. 4th, was charged yesterday with felony in casting away his vessel.

THE SILVER TRADE.

$500,000 Sent from Britain to America.

(*By Telegraph To-day.*)

London, March 19.—The *News* says the United States is said to be the purchaser of silver, and the announcement is made of the arrival at Queenstown of a steamer for New York with $500,000 of this metal. It would be interesting to know if this consignment proceeded to the United States or was disembarked at Queenstown. It would not be the first time the latter course had been adopted.

It is curious, contemporaneously with this export, that $250,000 were shipped from New York to this side.

QUEBEC.

The Provincial Political Ticket.

(*By Telegraph Today.*)

Quebec, March 19.—It is stated this morning that Mr. P. A. Tremblay will contest Charlevoix with Mr. Gauthier, and that Mr. Tarte will oppose Hon. Mr. Chauveau in Rimouski, and that Hon. D. A. Ross will seek election in the county of Quebec.

An Unbiased Opinion.

From Comley's Biographical Encyclopedia of the distinguished men of the Empire State, we clip the following: "Every nation owes its peculiar character, its prosperity—in brief, every thing that distinguishes it as an individual nation—to the few men belonging to it who have the courage to step beyond the boundaries prescribed partisanship, professional traditions, by social customs. In professional, no less than in political life, there occasionally arise men who burst the fetters of conventionalism, indignantly rejecting the arbitrary limits impose upon their activity, and step boldly forward into new fields of enterprise. We call these men *self-made*. The nation claims them as her proudest ornament—the men upon whom she can rely, in peace for her glory, in war for her succor. Of this class of men the medical profession has furnished a distinguished example in the successful and justly celebrated physician, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., and any history treating of the industries of the Empire State would be incomplete without a sketch of his useful life and earnest work." Dr. Pierce is well known to our readers by the popular Family Remedies and his excellent manual of domestic medicine, "The Peoples Common Sense Medical Adviser."

An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The results of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant exhistance of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western Continent.

SORE THROAT.—The best cure we know of for sore throat is a gargle of Pain Killer and water—it acts like magic.

—The health of General Garibaldi is re-established. He feels himself so well that, taking advantage of the fine weather, he goes out fishing in a boat nearly every day.

—Female suffrage is evidently gaining strength. A resolution permitting women to vote received thirty-seven votes in the House of Representatives of Iowa on Monday. With seven more votes it would have passed.

—A brutal affair is reported from the shanties on the Mattawa. It is stated that a man named Cox assaulted another man named Godnon, and broke his jaw. The injured man is being treated by Dr. Lafferty, of Pembroke. It is stated that money has been paid to hush up the affair.

CONVENIENT alike to the business centre and the best resident portion of Philadelphia, and conducted as a model first-class hotel, the Colonnade has achieved a deserved and enduring popularity.

Teeth like orient pearls set in cushions of rose.
A breath like the perfume the toilet bestows.
These are charms to win hearts, when all other charms fade,
But they can't be preserved without SOZO DONT'S aid.

The Great Female Remedy.

JOB MOSES'
Periodical Pills.

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE IS unfailing in the cures of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excesses and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES.

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of nervous and spinal affections, pains in the back and limbs, fatigue on slight exertion, palpitation of the heart, hysterics and whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a power ful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution. Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

JOB MOSES, New York, Sole Proprietor.

$1.00 and 12 1-2 cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont. general agent for the Dominion, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail. Sold by all druggists.

Sold in Kingston by E. H. Parker, J. G. King, Heath & Gunn, H. Skinner, G. S. Hobart, J. McCammon, N. C. Pulson, Hy Wade, and all medicine dealers.

THE NEW
BOOK-STORE!

RECEIVED TO-DAY.

Elastic Bands, all sorts.
Pay Envelopes.
Pence Evelopes.
Envelopes, 4's, 6's and 7's, Manilla and White.
Newspaper Wrappers, ready gummed.
Doovel's Ink, in Glass Bottles.
Maurin's Ink, Fluid and Copying, pints and quarts.
Eighteen dozen Perth Office, all sizes.
Our stock of Albums, Stationery, Books, &c., is always well assorted, and buying in the cheapest market, we are enabled to sell at the very lowest advance on cost.
Lovers' Movels, Rexboro.
Lovers' Novels, Roxboro.
Hamblin Smith's Euclid Books, i and ii.
Literature for iii Class Teachers,
Mason's Grammar.
Marryatt's Novels, Roxboro.
St. Eleno.
Infelice.

S. WOODS.

March 19, 1878.

Kingston Collegiate Institute.

The Spring Term Begins on the 25th Inst.

TUITION FEES PER TERM:

In Boys' Department.....$5.25

IN GIRLS' DEPARTMENT.

COLLEGIATE.

(Including French, Classics, Chemistry, &c).....$5.25

INTERMEDIATE.....$5.25

PRIMARY.....$4.25

A liberal discount allowed when two or more sisters attend from one family.

THE ONLY EXTRAS ARE:

Music (Pianoforte) Prof. DesRochers.....$6.00

Drawing—R. Light, Esq.....$1.00

JOHN FRASER,
March 19. Chairman.

Kingston Rifle Association.

THE Annual Meeting of the Kingston Rifle Association will be held at the office of Lieut-Col. Kerr, Queen Street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 20th, at 7:30 o'clock.

J. K. OLIVER,
March 19, 1878. Secretary.

CONSUMPTION AND WASTING DISEASES, THE MOST

EFFICACIOUS REMEDY is PANCREATIC EMULSION.—The original and Genuine prepared only by SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London. Sold by them, and all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875,
AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the Matter of J. A. LeBEUP, an Insolvent.

A WRIT of attachment has been issued in this cause and the creditors are notified to meet at my office, in the City of Kingston, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of April, A.D. 1878, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to receive statements of his affairs and to appoint an Assignee if they see fit.

C. V. PRICE,
Assignee.

Dated at Kingston, this 18th day of March, A.D. 1878.

CLOTHING.

I have a very nice selection of SPRING TWEEDS and can furnish

A FULL SUIT

of excellent material, well cut, made and trimmed,

FOR $12,50.

J. M. Sherlock, Princess St.
March 19.

Valuable Farm For Sale

The McCarthy Homestead,

THE Subscriber offers a Farm for sale about two miles from the Village of Marysburgh, containing 60 Acres, being the West part of Lot No. 2, North of the base line, in the 5th Concession of the Township of Wolfe Island. There is a good Stone Dwelling, good Barn, Shed and Stables, a good Orchard and a never failing spring of water. For particulars apply to

JOHN McCARTHY,
March 19. Wolfe Island, Ont.

A FARM TO RENT,

CONSISTING of 40 Acres of good cultivated Land, the Sentbwest quarter of Lot 24, in the 5th Concession of the Township of Kingston. Thereon are good buildings on it and an Orchard of three Acres. It is situated near the Perth Road, five miles from Kingston. For further particulars apply to the owner,

WM. DAVID,
The Cheap Broker, opposite Burgess' Fancy Goods Store, Princess Street, Kingston.
March 19, 1878.

FOR SALE.

THAT COTTAGE on Earl Street, at present occupied by Mr. L. J. Erly. Title indisputable. Possession when required. Apply on the premises.
March 19, 1878.

TO LET,

NO. 2 CLYDE TERRACE, at present occupied by Mr. Kennedy. Possession on May 1st. Apply to MRS. DAVIS, corner of Earl and Sydenham Streets.
Kingston March 19.

RE-OPENED.

H. & W. J. Crothers

wish to inform their customers that they have resumed business

TWO DOORS ABOVE OLD STAND,

Wellington Street,

where they will attend to all orders promptly and with despatch.

H. & W. CROTHERS.
Feb 18, 1878.

MUSICIANS!

Especially Concertina Players,

If you want A FIRST-CLASS INSTRUMENT CHEAP, either German or the Improved English CONCERTINA, you will do well to call

AT M. KIRKPATRICK'S

FANCY STORE, as I have a large Stock imported direct. Call and see them at

M. Kirkpatrick's Fancy Store,

PRINCESS STREET.
Feb 16, 1878.

Hotel For Sale,

OR TO LEASE.

WILL BE SOLD ON REASONABLE terms, or will be let, that well known and popular Hotel, known as the

FENWICK CHEQUERED HOUSE,

Eligibly situated on Ontario Street; and the THREE TENEMENTS adjoining. Apply to

G. W. FENWICK,
Nelson S reet.
Kingston, March 9, 1878.

THE PUBLIC WILL PLEASE REMEMBER
THAT OUR
GIFT SALE
Will Continue for the Next Two Weeks Only.
F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.

THE TORONTO FLOUR STORE
BROCK STREET.

M. MORRISON.

Car Loads of Choicest Brands

Family and Baker's Flour

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Lower than any House in the City.

Fresh Wheat Meal to hand.
Fresh Cracked Wheat to hand.
Kiln Dried Oat Meal to hand.
Kiln Dried Corn Meal to hand
100 Barrels New Process Haxall FLOUR Arriving.

Seeds, Seeds, Seeds, Seeds.

100 Bush Pure Eastern Timothy,
50 do Pure Ontario Clover,

OIL CAKE—Rich and juicy Food for Calves.
OIL CAKE—Good for Cattle and Horses.

Cheap Feed—all Sorts always Ready.

N.B.—I would say in confidence to the public at large that when you want anything in the above line if you call at MORRISON'S you will be well repaid for your intelligent choice.

M. MORRISON.
March 12, 1878.

HEWTON & HUGHES'
New Flour Store
ON PRINCESS STREET,
Opposite the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons,
IS THE PLACE TO GET YOUR

Family Flour,
Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour,

And in fact everything manufactured from GRAIN. Also

Clover Seed, Timothy Seed and OIL CAKE,

of the finest quality and all at the LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY. Give us a call and get your goods at FIRST COST.

Hewton & Hughes,

PRINCESS ST., KINGSTON.
March 14, 1878.

RECEIVED TO-DAY
AT THE
China T House

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

CANNED GOODS,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT

Prices to Suit the Times.

2 lb Cans Fresh Peaches, each 15c; or $1.50 per dozen.
3 lb Cans Fresh Peaches, 20c each; or $2 per dozen.
Also, Canned Pumpkins, Peas, Corn, and Tomatoes.

All of which will be sold at prices to correspond and warranted of the finest quality

JAMES REDDEN,
FERGUSON'S BLOCK, PRINCESS STREET
March 13, 1878.

RE-OPENING!

Parsons & Scorah

WILL RE OPEN

THE BEE HIVE

Boot and Shoe Store

IN A FEW DAYS!

Nearly Opposite their Old Stand, on

PRINCESS STREET.

Jan 22 1878

A Garden or Homestead Lot.

FOR SALE—Six Acres of Land in the Township of Kingston, being a part of the former Vaughn Farm, Lot No 18, in the Second Concession. It lies on the principal thoroughfare into the city, and is but a mile from the Corporation limits. The soil of the Farm is excellent, and the site a commanding one for a residence. Apply to

GEORGE NEWLANDS,
March 13, 1878. Contractor.

FOR SALE,

THAT COMFORTABLE NEW RESIDENCE, with the Lot of a quarter of an Acre, on the corner of Patrick and John Streets, now owned and occupied by Patrick Fallen. There are six rooms in the building, which is well drained. For terms and further particulars apply to MR. C. V. PRICE, Barrister, or to P. FALLEN, on the premises.
Jan 19, 1878.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE IRISH PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY will be held at the British American Hotel, on TUESDAY EVENING, March 19th, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.
By order of the President.
March 16.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Frontenac Loan and Investment Society will be held in the Society's Office, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of March inst, at the hour of three o'clock, p m

THOMAS BRIGGS,
Manager.
Kingston, March 8, 1878.

LOST,

YESTERDAY, a young Black and Tan Terrier, called "Tipsey." The finder will please return to the Italian Warehouse.
March 18.

TO BE LET,

HOUSES Nos. 1 and 5, Vaughn Terrace, Princess Street; nine rooms, (new). Apply at the WHIG OFFICE.
March 1, 1878.

R. & J. GARDINER

INVITE THE ATTENTION OF CASH BUYERS TO A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

GENERAL DRY-GOODS

WHICH THEY ARE NOW SHOWING

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

Black and Colored Silks,
Black and Colored Cashmeres
Black and Colored Lustre,
Dress Goods of every kind.

ALSO IN

Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Napkins Table Linens, Lace and Muslin Curtains, and a Stock of about

500 Pieces New Spring Prints

All of which will be sold AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

One price only. Sales strictly cash.

R. & J. GARDINER

PRINCESS STREET.
March 1, 1877.

The Great Conflict!
Eternal Punishment!
Eternal Hope!
Science and Religion!
&c., &c., &c.

BOOKS

FOR SALE

—AT—

Henderson's Bookstore

Eternal Hope—Canon Farrars' New Volume of Five Sermons. $1.00.

Joseph Cook's Lectures, 20c to $1.50 per Vol.

Talmage's Sermons.

Is Eternal Punishment Endless? 75c.

Gehenna and its Fire. 25c.

The Abolition of Death. 25c.

The Doctrine of Annihilation, by J. Baldwin Brown. 30c.

The Churches of Christendom, by the Rev. A. J. Bray. 75c.

Questions Awakened by the Bible. $1.50.

The Verity of Christ's Resurrection from the Dead. 75c.

Striving for the Faith, Lectures of the Christian Evidence Society. $1.00.

Hades, or the Immediate State of Man. $1.25.

Duration and Nature of Future Punishment. $1.25.

Problems of Faith, a Contribution to Present Controversies. $1.

Gould's Origin and Developments of Religious Belief, 2 vols, each $2.

The Resurrection of Jesus Christ, by Reginald Macan. $1.50.

Atomism, by Prof. Watts. 10c.

Life and Character of Christ, by Rev. John Moran. 10c.

Prayer and Natural Law, by Prof. Wallace. 10c.

Doctrine of an Impersonal God, by Martin. 10c.

Design in Plants, a proof of the Existence of God. $10c.

Draper's Conflict between Religion and Science. $1.

Popular Objections to Revealed Truth. $1.

Plain Pulpit Talk, by Thos. Cooper. $1.50.

Dr. Brewer's Theology in Science. $1.

Maudsley's Physiology of Mind. $2.

Saigey's Unity of Natural Phenomena. $1.25.

Biology of Lotourneau. $1.75.

Evolution, by St. George Mivart. $1.50.

Bioblasm, by Lionel S. Beale