The Daily British Whig,

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 27.

REMINDERS.

FRIDAY.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY—Committee of Management—8 p.m.

ENTERTAINMENT of Congregation de Notre Dame, Opera House, 7:30 p.m.

SATURDAY.

THE CHEAP TRIPS to Cape Vincent and Gananoque—2 and 3:45 p.m

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION on Princess Louise at 8 p.m.

It is said to be the intention of the Reformers of South Wentworth to protest the election of Mr. Carpenter on the score of the usual irregular practices, but chiefly on the ground that seven electors were debarred from voting for the Reform candidate by the premature closing of the poll. The Tories threaten dreadful things in Hamilton in case a protest is entered in South Wentworth, and it is declared besides that Mr. Carpenter's majority will *unanimously* rise up as *one man* in his behalf in the event of any attempt to unseat him. In the face of all this we would strongly urge the adoption of every legitimate means to rescue South Wentworth to the cause of Reform with which that constituency has been traditionally identified.

Nepotism and violation of the Independence of Parliament are being charged against Mr. Costigan of New Brunswick. He is enjoying a position of emolument under the Crown in the North West while holding, seat in the Commons. Under these circumstances it was plainly indecent for him to interfere in our late Provincial elections, particularly as his mission was to try to rouse and rally the Roman Catholic feeling of Ontario against the Government. He seems to be looking out, not only for 'No. 1,' but for his male relations generally; a son, a brother, and a nephew, having, it is said, already been provided for at the public expense. Mr. Costigan is evidently a firm beliver in the scriptural adage that the laborer is worthy of his hire. At any rate he certainly exacts from his masters at Ottawa abundant and substantial recognition of his party and parliamentary support of the Government of the day.

THE GREAT REFORM REACTION.

In the face of the fact that Mr. Boutellier had just taken his seat as the Liberal member for Rouville, and that the Government had an actual majority in the House, not counting the Speaker, Mr. Chapleau, indulged in the fiction that the Opposition commanded a majority in the Quebec Legislature. When pointed to the fact of the redemption of Rouville from the Tory party, Mr. Chapleau's weak retort was that Rouville was only an offset to Vercheres, conveniently forgetting that the election for Vercheres has yet to take place, and that the Liberal prospect of retaining it is beyond comparison better than the Tory hope of capturing it.

The above was written prior to the reception of the glorious news of the election of Mr. Prefontaine for Chambly. At the last general election for the Quebec Legislature Dr. Martel (Tory) was returned for this constituency but subsequently unseated for bribery and corruption. Not being personally disqualified, however, Martel again offered himself for election,—to be defeated by the Liberal candidate. Thus three of the four vacant seats have been won by the Liberals, two of these, Rouville and Chambly, being captures from the enemy. Vercheres will doubtless follow suit, but, however it may go, the Joly Government has a clear majority in the House, giving the most practical of contradictions to the impudent assumption above alluded to that the Tory Opposition could command a majority in the Quebec Assembly. Thus the great wave of Reform reaction is carrying everything before it in Ontario and Quebec. Judging from the way these by elections in the adjoining Province have gone the strong probability is that were a general election possible there Mr. Joly would sweep Quebec as effectually as Mr. Mowat did Ontario. At any rate Reform Government is all solid in both the great central Provinces of the Dominion.

THE ADDINGTON DEMONSTRATION.

From our report of the Newburg demonstration, to be found in other columns, it will be seen that it was a grand outburst of popular enthusiasm in favour of Deroche, Mowat and good Government. Although the announcement of it had been a brief and partial one, yet thousands of stalwart yeomen turned out to do honour to the members for Lennox and Addington, and to the Premier of Ontario. The ovation which each of these gentlemen received as he rose to address the assemblage not only attested to personal popularity, but furnished undoubted proof of the solid satisfaction with which the great Reform victory of Ontario has inspired the people. The Hon. Mr. Mowat was very happy in his allusions to the Reform triumph, attributing the handsome support his Government had received to the prevailing Reform sentiment of the Province of Ontario and to the intelligent appreciation of honest Government on the part of the people. Mr. Deroche, in whose special honor the demonstration was given, was tendered a tremendous reception, the cheering being again and again repeated. He is equally an honor to the constituency which has elected him and a credit to the Legislature.

To have prefered Mr. Denison to a man of Mr. Deroche's ability would have been to repeat the blunder of last September when poor Mr. McRory was actually elected for the Commons. Such a mistake as that can happen but once in any self-respecting constituency. Mr. Hawley, the member elect for Lennox was accorded a warm welcome from the yeo of Addington, who by this means attested their lively satisfaction not only at his personal success, but at the fact that the notorious Roe had been kept out of Parliament. The whole demonstration was a grand success and proved for this reason a striking contrast to the Conservative fizzle in Channel Grove of a few days ago. Mr. Deroche and the Reformers of Addington are warmly to be congratulated on the success of the demonstration, and upon the victory which it celebrated.

MR. ROBINSON AND THE CITY ELECTION.

Nothing was further from our intention than to impugn Mr. Robinson's 'independence' when elected eight years ago, or at any time during the two Parliaments through which he served. What we asserted in our article on Monday evening was that the Conservatives of the city claimed him to have been elected as 'an Independent member with a decided bias towards the virtually Conservative Government of the day.' If the local Tories did not consider Mr. Robinson to be this kind of an Independent, why did they claim his support for the Tory Government then in power? But such a demand was cool beyond presumption. Mr. Robinson had opposed and defeated Mr. Breden, the straight Tory candidate, and well did it prove for the interests of this city that he did so. The only possible claim the Tories pretended to have on Mr. Robinson was a sort of understanding that he would support the railway policy of the Government, of course if found to accord with the interests of his constituents. On this very question of the distribution of the Railway Fund it was found that the Government of the day, for axe-grinding purposes, proposed to deprive Parliament of all control over the people's money, and Mr. Robinson very properly opposed this piece of tyranny on constitutional grounds. The event proved the wisdom of his action. Not only were the rights of parliament vindicated, but in spite of the hue and cry the local Tory organ raised at the time about the alleged treachery of Mr. Robinson to the Railway interests of this city, all concerned have since conceded that the course Mr. Robinson took on that occasion was the best calculated to promote the success of our local Road. Had the grants thereto been made the price of our member's support of the Government, we should not have fared nearly so well, while we should have bartered away our independence for the value received. The road has fared infinitely better under the Liberal Administration than it would have done under the arbitrary system which Mr. Robinson very properly helped to terminate. So far as our railway interests are concerned, the organ dare not deny that Mr. Robinson amply fulfilled all his promises to his constituents, though, we dare say, not just in the way our contemporary would have liked to see it done.

As to Mr. Robinson's independence, we would be the last to challenge it. It was an intelligently independent support he gave the Mowat ministry throughout. When he thought proper to do so he voted against the majority of his party, as on the question of special Orange incorporation. When the organ says "Tories supported Mr. Robinson on account of his independent declarations and his pledges in relation to the Sandfield Macdonald Government" it perverts the truth. Everybody knows that the few scattered Tory votes Mr. Robinson obtained when first elected were wholly due to Tory disappointment in the matter of the Tory nomination, and to the conviction that Mr. Breden was not the man to send to Parliament. If that handful of Tories wanted the Sandfield Macdonald Government sustained they would have voted for Mr. Breden, who would have supported it blindly enough to have satisfied the most inveterate Tory. But the biggest whopper our contemporary has perpetrated is the assertion that "Reformers supported Mr. Metcalfe, knowing that he was pledged to oppose the Mowat Government, with which some of them had become tired." The fact is the election in this city did not turn at all on the merits of the Government. It was largely a personal contest between the candidates, and still more largely a fight to pay off old grudges against Mr. Robinson, and to the operation of these petty local influences the result of the election in this city was entirely due.

TO-DAY'S GLEANINGS.

—A vinegar factory has been started in London, Ont.

—Mr. Gordon Brown of the Toronto *Globe*, is in Winnipeg.

—Two American forgers are being watched for by Canadian detectives.

—150 men are striking on the Grand Junction Railway for $1 25 per day.

—Yesterday in New York $122,000 R. W. & O. RR. bonds sold for 58¼ to 58⅞.

—A new Catholic church is to be put up at Oka, in place of the one burned down.

—The great tower on the New York side of the East river bridge was completed yesterday.

—In Maine there is a new industry for children—the picking of potato bugs at ten cents a thousand.

—There is a great outcry against the impurity of the water now supplied to the city of Toronto.

—The Order of Foresters has paid $4,000 during the past week, clearing off all Canadian claims on them.

—"Woollen rags" used by manufacturers of shoddy goods, and gas coke, have been placed on the free list.

—The operation of removing the right eye has been successfully performed on Mr. Plimsoll, M. P., the sailors' friend.

—M. ay'sl steam yacht Nooya has arrived at Picton. The Rothchilds' friend is cruising round the Canadian coast.

—Invitations have been issued by the Volunteer corps of the Province to take part in a grand review at Toronto in September next.

—An east Bridgford (Conn.) woman, who is insane over the loss of her child, dressed up a cat and carried it around as though it were a baby.

—Mr. Ira D. Sankey is resting at Llandudno, Wales. He will assist in a campaign of six months in St. Louis next winter.

—The naturalist of the New York *Herald* has been rusticating, and expresses himself as of the opinion that the wasp is a stem winder.

—Atmospheric air is so heavy that its weight upon the body is fifteen pounds to the square inch. People can understand now why it is so hard to rise the wind.

—A novel feature at the Bank of England yesterday was the receipt of £120,000 from the United States, remitted in payment of called American bonds returned to New York for redemption.

—The Dominion Telegraph Company has been awarded the contract for the construction of the new shore line between Canso and Halifax, connecting with all the light houses on the shore.

—Mr. Pentland, has received from the seat of war in Zoluland, an assegai and club weapons used by the Zulus in their present war with the English.

—Niagara Falls, illuminated by means of the electric light, will be one of the grandest sensations of the water-place season, and will attract crowds to that famous place.

SPLENDID DEMONSTRATION.

NEWBURGH ALIVE WITH PEOPLE—THE OVATION TO HON. O. MOWAT, MESSRS. H. M. DEROCHE, M.P.P., AND G. HAWLEY, M.P.P., SPEECHES, MUSIC, MOTTOES, ETC.

Yesterday morning about 9 a.m., a deputation of Kingston gentlemen, consisting of Mr. A. Gunn, M.P., Mayor Gildersleeve, Mr. W. Robinson, ex-M.P.P., Alds. Harty, Redden, Carson, Wilson, Messrs. R. McCammon, T. Doolan, W. R. McRae, W. Stewart, J. A. McMahon and a Whig representative left the city in three carriages for the village of Newburgh, to take part in the Reform demonstration in honor of Mr. H. M. Deroche, the re-elected member for the County of Addington. After a delightful drive, Newburgh was reached about 12 a.m. While passing Clark's Mills a report having gone ahead that the Kingston party were coming, they were met by a long procession from Sydenham, headed by the 47th Batt. Band. The procession then moved on into Newburgh. This little incorporated village is beautifully situated in a vale through which runs the Napanee River. The ladies and gentlemen made excellent preparations for the demonstration, and had erected arches and otherwise beautified their village, decking it out in the gayest colors. From the elevation overlooking the village it presented a scene of beauty and picturesqueness. The mottoes upon arches were lovely. The first mottoe on entering the village from Napanee, was strung across the front of an arch near the Greenly House, reading "Addington welcomes Mowat." This arch was decorated wish flags, etc. On the reverse side was this characteristic mottoe "Mowat has done the biz." A little further in the village was another arch, and a streamer in flaming letters announced that "Addington stands by Deroche," and on the other side was the appropriate sign, "Addington is sick of N.P." While passing the *Reporter* office we noticed a large streamer crossing the road, with mottoes in blue, 'Mowat-Frazer Administration triumphant,' and 'Reform Government gives equal rights to all.' The private decorations and mottoes were also quite numerous. We have enumerated enough to show the enthusiasm that the sturdy denizens of Newburgh had evinced. Shortly after 12 o'clock an immense procession entered the village from Napanee, headed by the colors and the Oddfellows Band of Belleville. In a carriage following were Hon. O. Mowat, Messrs. Deroche, M. P. P., and Hawley, M.P.P., and following these were the sturdy and faithful yeomen of Camden, Oso, Portland, Bedford, Loughboro, and many adjacent townships, together with a large number of the gallant men of Lennox, who had stood so nobly by their candidate, Mr. Hawley. Hon. Mr. Mowat and the party were received with tremendous applause. This procession was followed in a few moments by another from Sydenham, which had moved a few miles out of the way to meet the Napanee procession which, unfortunately, had passed on in advance about ten minutes before. This did not affect the programme of the day, their arrival only intensifying the excitement, which, to the villagers and yeomanry, was 'running mountains high.' No greater honor could be shown to the members of the Government than was shown, and every time they made their appearance it was the signal of long continued applause.

After a sumptuous repast, prepared by mine host of the Camden House in his best style, had been partaken of by the guests (Kingston's included) the procession again reformed and proceeded to the Crystal Palace, which is upon a magnificent plateau overlooking the village, and from the summit of which a fine view of the surrounding country could be seen. An artistic and ingenious transparency hung from an arch opposite the entrance to the grounds. A person was struck with the design, which was exceedingly laughable. When near it, it was found to be the manufacture of a person who clearly took in the position. Lo, and behold! there was the great white elephant, lying upon his back, writhing in the torments of death, and immediately under was the inscription, 'Our pet is sick.' The cause of illness was to be seen on the other side, "Grit Medicine, June 5th." From the top of the Crystal Palace floated the Union Jack while small flags and standards were floating from the stand erected for the speakers. Upon the door of the palace was the words 'Deroche's majority 44.' This motto was set in evergreens.

Shortly before 2 p.m. the Chairman Mr. Thos. Scott, President of the Reform Association of Addington, called the audience of about two thousand five hundred to order. Among the audience was a large number of ladies, who were given seats by the farmers and citizens present. Upon the platform were Messrs. R. Hannah, Camden; S. Shibley, Portland; Chas. Lane, Napanee; Robert Madden, Camden; M. McConnell, Portland; J. B. Aylesworth, Tamworth; Wm. Doran, Sharbott Lake; T. W. Casey, Napanee; W. Scott, of the Napanee *Express*; several clergymen, the Kingston delegates and the speakers of the day. The first thing done was the presentation of the following address to Hon. O. Mowat, the Secretary of the Association, Mr. W. A. Hope, reading it:

To the Hon. Premier of Ontario, Oliver Mowat, M.P.P.

HONORED SIR:—We, the members of the Reform Association of Addington extend to you a hearty welcome to this County. We congratulate you on the deservedly great and glorious triumph achieved by your Government on the fifth of June last, a victory that will not only encourage you to continue managing the affairs of this Province, with honesty, economy, probity and impartiality, and afford additional hope and courage to Reformers throughout the country, but also teach a wholesome and much needed lesson to Canadian political demagogues, viz that the electors of Ontario, at least, cannot be duped by the same political jugglery a second time, and likewise that the people of this Province are not slow to discover political trickery, and mete out punishment to the perpetrators of it. Associated in your Government, as you are, and have been, with gentlemen of ability, probity and efficiency, as well as the highest legal and financial attainments, and looking after the interests of the people as if they were your own, it would have been a disastrous discouragement in the future to honest Canadians of honesty and ability, either to enter the uncertain field of politics, or labor self-sacrificingly for the good of their country, had your Government been defeated by the incapable but unscrupulous Opposition leaders. We feel great pride and pleasure in expressing our hearty approval of your Government since its formation. Your aim has been to legislate in the best interests of the people, without regard to creed or class; to develop the resources of the country without going beyond your means; to diffuse education and make the people of this Province an enlightened and free people; to use the surplus funds of the country in such a way as to alleviate the burdens of the people, and assist in the construction of permanent public works; to administer the laws so that the weak will receive equal justice with the strong; to fulfill all your promises to the people, and to sacrifice your own promises and your own interests rather than violate principles of justice and honor. We acknowledge the debt of gratitude we owe you, as members of the Reform party, and as citizens of Canada, for the distinguished services you have rendered the cause of good government during your long and successful career as a statesman; and what more substantial proof could be given of our appreciation than in giving you the most valuable prize the whole country could supply, in the election of H. M. Deroche (cheers) as a supporter of your Government. We thank you for the honor you have conferred on our County by your presence to-day (applause), and in conclusion we beg to assure you that when we are again required to rally around your standard, the muster will be greater than on the 5th of June last.

Signed on behalf of the Addington Reform Reform Association.

THOS SCOTT, President.
R. J. HOPE, Vice-President.
J. B. Aylesworth, Treasurer.
W. A. HOPE, Secretary.

Hon. Oliver Mowat, in rising to reply, was received with three lusty cheers. He thanked the Association for their vigorous, pointed, and flattering address. He was pleased to know that Addington had returned to her seat such an able and energetic man as Mr. Deroche. (Cheers.) The success of the Government did not depend upon himself but upon the colleagues and supporters that the electors of the country had sent. They had nobly returned Mr. Deroche in spite of all opposition, an opposition which was of a most serious character. He thanked them, on his behalf, for returning to support his Government such a man as Mr. Deroche. He had greatly assisted him in Parliament, and he did not think the electors of Addington could have sent a better man. He again thanked them for the address, and took his seat amid loud applause.

Mayor Gildersleeve followed in a very felicitous speech, congratulating the friends on the honor they had done themselves in returning Mr. Deroche. He deplored the defeat of Mr. Robinson in Kingston, and hoped the seat might yet be redeemed from the enemy. He referred to the high character which Mr. Deroche bore in Kingston, and congratulated him upon the recount which had given him at a larger majority.

Mr. J. B. Aylesworth, of Tamworth, made a few very suggestive remarks, and made way for other speakers.

Mr. W. Robinson, ex-M. P. P., of Kingston, then followed and delivered a neat speech for about ten minutes. He congratulated Mr. Mowat upon his re-election to the Government benches, and hoped that for many years he would continue to occupy a high position. He made a few excellent remarks in regard to Mr. Deroche, who, he had heard intimated, was to be the Speaker for the present House. He hoped the rumour might prove true, for he knew of no man more upright and honest in his convictions. If Mr. Deroche did not wish to accept it he supposed his only reason would be that he wished to serve his constituents in a humbler position. He expressed his pleasure at being present, and retired amidst cheers.

The Chairman said he had been asked to interpret the meaning of the motto on the front of the pavilion. He would now do so. It would be remembered that Ta 'Pharison had compared Ontario to a Citadel and said it must be taken. His motto was a refutation of that, and said that "the Citadel was not taken." (Great applause.) He then again introduced Hon. Oliver Mowat. This gentleman received a second hearty reception. In commencing he said that the time for long speaking was now necessarily gone. He came to the demonstration to know the men who had elected Mr. Deroche, (cheers) and he was delighted at being present, for the place was near to his old home, where his happiest boyhood days had been spent. Then, as now, it used to be his greatest pleasure to leave the "Limestone City" and go out to the country, and the summit of his happiness was when he was eating blackberries with cream, and a good hunk of home-made bread, which was so deliciously prepared by the good farmer's wife. (Laughter and cheers.) He was pleased again to be present on account of the historical interests of the counties, for in the counties—Frontenac, Lennox and Addington—the earlier settlements had been made, and from them had gone forth many of the most enterprizing farmers in the West, and here it was when the devoted U. E. Loyalists settled when driven from the United States, and assisted in making the country what it was to-day, (Cheers.) He expressed his satisfaction that Addington and Lennox had returned such good Reformers to represent them. Mr. Hawley the speaker looked upon him as a young man of great promise. (Cheers.) He next referred to the causes that had allienated many of their supporters from them. Their acts in regard to temperance, which he contended was in the interest of the people, had taken from them considerable support. Then the incorporation of societies under General Acts, rather than under Special Acts, had caused bitter opposition. The incorporating of societies under General Acts was more in the interests of the people than they imagined, and, if they would only look into the matter squarely, they would be convinced of it. The Act, as proposed by the Orangemen, was not better than the one they proposed, and there's would be more in the interests of the masses. The whole scheme of the Orange Act was for the purpose of making political capital. (Cheers.)

Voice—Why don't they go to the Dominion Parliament and get an Act?

Mr. Mowat—That is the proper House for them to go to, but they only want, as he said before, to make political capital. The National Policy was another great detriment to their election. From the first it was contended by the leading Conservative papers that the contest was exactly on the same ground as it was on the 17th of September. He congratulated the electors upon the opinion they had expressed at the polls on the 5th of June. He referred to the leaders of the Dominion House who went around the country previous to the election harping upon the 'N.P.' and saying that a greater blow could not be inflicted than by returning Reformers to the Provincial Government. Harmony between the two Governments was also made a great handle of, but out of all they had been delivered. (Cheers.) Now the leading Conservative journals say that the National Policy had nothing to do with the election. Well, if the N.P. had nothing to do with it he would only be compelled to accept the other alternative, that he and his party had been returned on account of their acts of good government. (Laughter and applause.) He referred to the allusions that had been made to the small majorities by which the Reformers had been elected, but he called their attention to the fact that the smallest majority was given to their own candidate in South Wentworth, who had only gained his seat by one majority. (Cheers.) He could inform them that the largest majorities were all on the Reform side. The recount, that had been made had, in every case but one, increased the majorities of their supporters, and only yesterday he had received the joyous news that Mr. Morgan, for Russell, had, on a recount, been returned as the member elect. (Cheers.) This made for the Government a majority of twenty-nine, and he didn't know where the thing would stop. (Laughter and cheers.) The great confidence of the Conservatives throughout the country, and in Toronto especially, on the result of the election was commented upon, and he told to the amusement of the audience the manner in which a great demonstration in Toronto on the evening of the 5th June, came to an inglorious end. He told the Conservatives why he came to be a Reformer. He said his father was a Conservative because he thought it was right, and for the same reason he was a Reformer. His reasons for considering himself right were that the greatest benefits that this country was blessed with were the result of the labors of old Reformers. The questions of responsible Government, the formation of municipal institutions, the Act distributing property among families, were each touched upon as among the causes for which he had espoused the Reform platform. For these things the great forefathers of Reform had struggled, being in every case strenuously opposed by the Conservatives of the day. He spoke at considerable length upon the Clergy Reserve Fund, and showed the wrong that was inflicted by the giving of a portion of land to the English Church and not to another. He touched upon the Confederation Act. After thanking the audience for the hearty reception he had met with he took his seat amid applause. Many of Mr. Mowat's old friends throughout the counties came forward and shook him heartily by the hand.

Mr. Hawley, Mr. Deroche and Mr. W. Doran each made short speeches, but owing to limited space we cannot give them.

Mr. Deroche, on rising to speak, received an ovation. The bands struck up, "See the conquering hero comes," and this added greatly to the feeling, cheer after cheer being given. During the interval between the addresses the bands gave some stirring music. One of the drawbacks to the demonstration was the showers, which, although very detrimental to the success of the affair, were very acceptable to the farmers, as there had not been rain for some time in that part of the country.

At the conclusion of the meeting hearty cheers were given Messrs Mowat, Deroche and Hawley, and the Queen.

Mr. Mowat left immediately for Napanee to take the train for Toronto.

About 5 p.m. the Kingston delegation started for home, arriving here, after a most pleasant and delightful ride, about 10 p.m.

AMERICAN.

Verdict in the Hall Murder Case—Cox's Conduct—Yellow Fever—River Pirates

(*Per Dominion Line.*)

New York, June 27.—A verdict against the confessed murderer of Mrs Hull has been rendered by a Coroner's jury, and is committed to the Toombs. The Grand Jury have considered the case and will present an indictment against him to day. He may be tried in General Sessions, but it is possible a special term of Oyer and Terminer may be called to try him. Cox was amused a good deal at the inquest, but turned a little melancholy when it was over.

New York, June 27.—Ten farmers of Mennonites, were taken an Erie train for Nebraska. Notice has been given to the Jersey city health authorities of a rumor that the captain of a canal boat, lying off the coal docks at Bayonna, is sick of yellow fever.

Michael Shanahan, alias 'Big Mike,' a member of the gang of river thieves known as 'North river pirates,' was arrested in Balto on Wednesday night and taken to Jersey city and lodged in jail last night. He was traced from Buffalo through the west, thence to Canada and Ireland. A few days ago it was ascertained that he was in Baltimore. He was found in a low sailors' boarding house, of which he was proprietor, and taken into custody without difficulty, but when he found he was to be taken to New Jersey for trial he cursed Jersey justice and the officers. It is estimated that in the ten years existence of the gang of river thieves its members have plundered steamship companies and vessels on the North River of property valued at upwards of $500,000. All the members of the gang are now prisoners.

New York, June 27.—On the first of June next Madison Square Garden, formerly Gilmore's Garden, will pass into the possession of a Stock Co., and resume the name and character of the New York Arcade. The premises have been leased from Vanderbilt for one year, with the privilege of renewal, the annual rental being fixed at $30,000. For some months past well known citizens have been actually engaged in a movement whose result is the organization of New York Arcade Co., limited, with capital at $100,000. The purpose of these gentlemen is to establish a sort of permanent bazaar, furnishing, under one roof, facilities for transacting nearly every kind of business, wholesale and retail.

New London, June 27.—If weather permits the Yale-Harvard boat race will take place at 4 30 p.m. to day.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 27.—The lamp chimney makers of this city have been on strike over two years in consequence of the introduction of patent crimpers. Workers propose to work patent crimper provided manufacturers allow them a share of the profits arising from its use. Manufacturers will announce decision to-morrow

OTTAWA.

Politicians on the Wing—Visiting England—Cricketing—A Professional Eleven.

(*Per Dominion Line.*)

Ottawa, June 28.—Hon. J. B. Robinson, M.P., Toronto, is in town.

Sir Charles Tupper left yesterday for Quebec en route for England. During his absence Sir Alexander Campbell will preside over his Department.

Sir John A. Macdonald will leave next Friday for Quebec.

Rev. Dr. Kemp, Principal of the Ottawa Ladies College, leaves to-day for England, and will be absent about four weeks.

A professional eleven of English Cricketres have decided to visit Ottawa next month. It is proposed to pit against them a team of fifteen selected from the United States and Canada. The professionals are to receive two thirds of the gate money.

The weather is somewhat cooler to-day.

TORONTO.

Dangerously Wounded—Convicted of Larceny.

(*Per Dominion Line.*)

Toronto, June 27.—William Beatty, dairyman, of Davisville, a few miles from the city, was dangerously wounded in the shoulder on Wednesday by the accidental discharge of a revolver.

Fanny Fallon, a notorious thief, and Michael Callaghan, a well known sneak thief, were convicted of four cases of larceny, and were each sent to the Penitentiary for two years.

☞ FOR TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.—Gananoque—the 'Maud'—Joe—Clayton and the river. Good enough.

CHAMBLY.

Another Reform Victory—Mr. Prefontaine Elected.

St. Hubert, June 26.—Martel had 73 majority in this place. Chambly Canton and poll No. 1 give Prefontaine 100 majority.

Chambly, June 26.—Prefontaine has a majority of 70 in Chambly Basin and Chambly Canton.

St. Lambert, June 26.—Prefontaine's majority here is 43.

Longueuil, June 26.—Prefontaine, Liberal, is elected 60 majority.

Montreal, June 26.—There is great rejoicing here over the splendid victory in Chambly, which is considered greater than that of Rouville or St. Hyacinthe. Prefontaine's majority is 60.

EUROPEAN.

Cuttings from the English Despatches.

(*Per Dominion Line.*)

London, June 26.—The condition of the ex-Empress Eugenie is somewhat improved. Last night she obtained some sleep, and to-day has taken more nourishment, but her condition still remains very critical.

A solemn low mass of requiem for the repose of the soul of the Prince Imperial was sung to-day at the Church of St. Augustin, in Paris, with imposing ceremonies.

Manchester, England, June 26.—Most disquieting rumours were afloat this morning, and there was almost a collapse of trade in consequence of the reported instability of a large firm engaged in the Manchester trade and in ironworks and colliers.

London, June 26.—Indian Government has received information that Abdul Rahman, a pretender to the Afghan throne, has invaded Badakshan, and that the Afghan troops in Balkh have revolted.

London, June 26.—Arson is rife in St. Petersburg, and in every part of Russia. The town of Szyran, on the Volga, has been nearly destroyed by fire.

A number of persons have been arrested at Kieff, St. Petersburg and Moscow for clandestinely training in explosives.

In the House of Lords to-day, Lord Saulisbury, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, confirmed the report that the Sultan had ordered the Khedive to abdicate, and that the latter expressed his acquiesence. Lord Salisbury stated that Prince Tewfik has been installed as Khedive.

It is reported that the ex-Khedive will receive a pension of £50,000 per annum

NIAGARA.

Indications of a Great Crime.

(*Per Dominion Line.*)

Niagara, Ont., June 27.—The body of a man was found in the river here this morning with the throat cut and one leg off. Coroner Moreson will hold an inquest at 11 o'clock.

VERY LATEST.

Condensed for the "Whig" Readers.

(*Per Dominion Line.*)

London, June 27.—A Bermingham special says that the Lipton Drainage Commissioners have raised nearly £21,000, more than half of what is required to rescue the mines in this district from the threatened inundation.

The *Times* this morning says that the amount of bullion in the Bank of England (£35,000,000) is the largest on record, and there is no reason to think that the sum cannot be considerably exceeded.

Berne, June 27.—At the Catholic Synod of the Canton of Berne, on Monday, the Roman Catholic delegates for the first time participated in the voting. They outnumbered the old Catholics by 65 to 35, and elected the office bearers and Synod-at-Council, to hold office for the next four years, entirely of the Roman party.

London, June 27.—The Protestant school house at Connaght, County of Galway, Ireland, has been sacked by a gang of thirty, and the bells thrown into the sea. This is the revival of serious disturbances, which were thought to have been quieted some weeks ago.

Paris, June 27.—M. Laroche Juberat, Bonapartist, who has lately been veering toward Republicanism, is about to resign his seat in the Chamber of Deputies, so that his son may stand as a Republican candidate.

The Government took precautions against any demonstration of yesterday's funeral mass, commemorative of the deceased Prince Imperal. Troops in the neighborhood of the barracks were confined in their quarters, and the police instructed to arrest anybody indulging in Bonapartist cries.

Berlin, June 27.—The Tobacco Commission has decided to favor a duty of 85 marks per 100 kilograms, on foreign tobacco.

Constantinople, June 27.—The Governor of the Province of Salancia has asked for reinforcements on account of an outbreak of the insurrection in the Djuma District.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, June 27

Bank of Montreal—136, 135.
Merchants' Bank—76 1-4, 75 3-4.
Bank of Commerce—103 1-2, 103.
Ontario Bank—61.
Bank of Toronto—offered 106 1-2
Consolidated Bank—37 1-4, 33 1-4
Molsons Bank blank
Bank du Peuple blank
Jacques Cartier—blank
Union Bank—92 3-4 92
Quebec Bank—115, 114
Exchange Bank—asked 48.
Montreal Tel. Co—93 3-4, 93.
City Gas Co—114 1-2, 114.
Dominion Tel. Co—off 80.
City Passenger Railway—42 1-4, 41 1-2.
Globe—90.

OSWEGO MARKETS.

Oswego, June 27.

Flour market is quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; sales 4000 bush white state 1,10 to 1,16; red state held at 1,14. Corn steady, western 45½. Oats unchanged—state held at 39. Barley neglected; no transactions. Rye dull—unchanged. Mill Feed continues steady and unchanged. Corn meal, bolted 19.50; unbolted 18,50 per ton. Canal freights—wheat and peas 3½; rye and corn 3½; barley 3½. New York; lumber 1,45 to Albany, 2 to New York; 75 to Syracuse.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, June 27

Flour receipts 386 bbls; market firm without any change. Quotations were Extra superior held quiet 4,60; extra superfine held at 4,60 to 4,65; fancy held at 4,50; spring extra held at 4,42½. superfine 4,10 to 4,20; strong baker's 4,60 to 4,80; fine 3,35 to 3,50; middlings 3,00 to 3,15; pollards 2,60 to 2,80; Upper Canada bags per 100 2,15 to 2,25; city bags delivered 2,30 to 3,12½; oatmeal, Ontario, held quiet at 4,20; corn meal at 2.40. Corn at 45 in bond. Canada peas, spring held at 75 to 77. Oats held at 31 to 31½. Butter, new 8 to 10; 11 to 12½ creamery. Lard 9 to 9½ tubs. Pork 13.50 to 14,25 according brand; ham 11c per lb; cheese 5c to 6 per lb.; Ashes—pots 3,40; pearls 5,60 to 5,75.

DIED.

In Shannonville, on June, 22nd, Mary Ann, wife of Mr. Moses Fourex, and daughter of Mr. John R. Hodgson, of Sterrington, aged 22 years. The deceased was buried at Cataraqui on Tuesday, the 24th.

Y. M. C. A.

GARDEN PARTY

THE MAPLES.

Sir Richard Cartwright's

RESIDENCE

DOMINION DAY.

BOATS will leave Gunn's Wharf every hour, commencing at 1 p.m. until 7 p.m., returning at every half hour until 8 p.m.

By permission of Col Irwin and Officers, A BATTERY BAND will be in attendance.

Games and Races — by land and water — Aunt Sally and the Zulus will be there. Skiffs at city rates

Refreshments furnished by the ladies during the afternoon on the grounds at reasonable prices

Tea from 5 to 7 o'clock at 15 cents.

Admission, including boat fare, 25c. Children under 12, two for one ticket.

Last boat returns at 8.

J. D. BISSONNETTE, Sec'y Pro tem

June 23, 1879.

DOMINION DAY

EXCURSION

Under the auspices of the Jubilee M. E. Church, Kingston,

—TO—

St. Lawrence Central

CAMP GROUND!

Calling at Gananoque.

Camp Meeting opens on the 25th inst.

STR. "HASTINGS"

WILL LEAVE GUNN & CO'S WHARF at Ten o'clock A.M., arriving at the Grounds at 1 o'clock. Will reach Kingston on the return, between 8 and 9, giving ample time at the Grounds

TICKETS—Kingston and Return 50 Cents. Gananoque and Return 50 Cents.

Meals can be obtained on board of Boat at 25 Cents.

June 21st

CHEAP EXCURSIONS.

Saturday, June 28TH.

TO

Cape Vincent and Gananoque

TO CAPE VINCENT, STR. PIERREPONT LEAVING FERRY WHARF AT 2 P.M., RETURNING AT 8 P.M.

STEAMER MAUD to Gananoque and down among the Islands leaving Ferry Wharf at 3 O'C, returning at 8 30 p.m.

Fare for either Excursion 25c.

June 24th

Moonlight Excursion.

THE STR. PRINCESS LOUISE will give an Excursion on

Saturday Next, the 28th Inst.,

Leaving A. Gunn & Co's Wharf at 4 p.m., calling at Gananoque both ways. Clayton and passing the Camp Ground, arriving back in Kingston about 10 p.m.

Tickets as usual, 25c to be had on board.

H. C. ROTHWELL, Master.

June 26th

Tenders for Heating Jail and JAILER'S RESIDENCE.

TENDERS will be received at the County Clerk's Office.

UNTIL JULY 15TH.

For heating the JAIL and JAILER'S RESIDENCE with Hot Water, according to specifications, to be seen at the Gaoler's Office, Court House.

Parties tendering will require to examine Buildings

The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. P. VANLUVEN, Ch. Com. County Property.

Kingston, June 24th

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Midsummer Examinations.

THE PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS will be held at the different Schools as follows:

Frontenac School,	Monday Morning,	June 30.
Orphans Home		"
Gordon St School	Monday Afternoon	"
Williamsville,		"
Cataraqui School	Wednesday,	July 2nd
Queen St	Thursday,	" 3rd
Johnson St	Friday,	" 4th
Model	Monday,	" 7th

Parents and guardians are earnestly requested to attend. The examinations will be of a practical order and the public are invited to examine for themselves.

S. S. PHIPPEN, Secy P. S. Bd.

Kingston, June 25th, 1879

BABY CARRIAGES.

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK TO BE SOLD AT COST.

PARIS GREEN.

ANOTHER LOT ARRIVED THIS MORNING

Paint and Paint Oils, Glass and Putty, Cut Nails, &c.,

for sale cheap.

PORTLAND CEMENT, PLASTER OF PARIS AND WATER LIME.

WM CORBETT & CO.'S Hardware House, 87 King Street.

June 27th.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, chapter 107; section 34, that the Creditors of Peter Cuigen, late of the City of Kingston, Pensioner, who died on or about 18th March last, are on or before 1st August next, to send by post to Britton & Whiting, of said city, Attorneys for S. L. Chenery, his Administratrix, their Christian names and surnames; addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, and that on and after the said 1st August next, the assets of the deceased will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been received, and the said Administratrix will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to persons whose claims shall not have been received by her at the time of the distribution of the said assets or part thereof as the case may be.

S. L. CHENERY, Administratrix by BRITTON & WHITING, her Attorneys.

Kingston, 24th June, 1879.

CORSETS.

We are showing a large and very complete stock of Corsets at very

LOW PRICES.

"LA FIGURINE"

This new Corset reduces the figure to elegant proportions without the slightest degree of inconvenience or discomfort. A great improvement in Corsets.

The celebrated spoon busk Corsets in White and Grey at 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1 50 per pair.

Queen—a handsome embroidered Corset and finished in the best style at one