SCOTT'S EMULSION

PURE COD LIVER OIL

With HYPOPHOSPHITES of LIME and SODA,

Recommended in a perfectly palatable form that is taken readily by children and most sensitive persons without the slightest nausea. It is the finest food and medicine ever offered to the weak and debilitated patient. It restores feeble digestion, enriches the blood, adds flesh and strength, and for Consumption and all affections of the throat, Scrofula, Rheumatism, and all disorders of the Blood and General debility, no remedy has been found to equal it. For sale by all Druggists at $1.00 per bottle. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

H. & W. J. CROTHERS,

BAKERS,

—AND—

Biscuit Makers

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS.

March 22nd.

Spring Goods Just Arrived.

THANKFUL for the past patronage we have received from our Friends in Kingston and vicinity, we would beg to inform them we have just received our

New Spring Patterns,

Port Folios, and

What to Wears,

(And expect in a short time to receive our Spring Fancy Goods), at our Old Stand, No. 28 Wellington Street, opposite Clark Wright's.

M. HENLEY & S. L. OTTON.

THE N. P.

NOBODY PLEASED!

On account of the recent change in the Tariff by an additional rise in duty of 10 to 20 per cent. Groceries of all kinds must be higher.

STILL WE ARE GIVING

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

Teas,
Sugars,
Coffees,
Tobaccos,
Canned Goods,
Sugar-cured Hams,
Bacon,
Shoulders,
Pastry Flour,
Family Flour,
Oatmeal,

CANNED VEGETABLES,
CANNED FRUIT,
SALMON IN TINS,
SARDINES IN TINS,
LOBSTERS IN TINS,
MACARONI FRESH,
VERMECILLA, FRESH.

THE CELEBRATED

PATENT FLOUR

Granulated Oatmeal,
Finnan Haddies,
Labrador Herrings,
Codfish,
Stelton Cheese,
B
&c. &c.

GOLDEN LION GROCERY

W. R. McRAE & CO.

March 19th.

STEAM HEATING

—BY—

N. McNEIL.

Dwellings and Public Buildings

HEATED BY STEAM OR HOT WATER,

On the most approved principle and with the latest improvements.

Satisfactory references given.

N. McNEIL,
No. 66 Brock Street, Kingston.

March 12, 1879.

FACTORY FACTS!

WITH WHAT SALLOW COUNTENANCE and haggard looks, poor appetite, languid miserable feeling, poor blood, inactive liver, kidneys and urinary trouble, that close confinement, careful attention to all factory work and the opposite, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out of doors or USE

PHOSFOZONE!

A preparation which restores to the human frame the most essential elements of life, giving energy and vitality to the whole muscular and nervous system. PHOSFOZONE for renovating impaired and broken down constitutions, has no equal.

"PHOSFOZONE" can be had from every Chemist and Druggist throughout the Dominion. Price $1 per Bottle or six for $5

FOR SALE.

Lot No. 2, on the North side of Barrack Street, adjacent to the Depot and Offices of the K. and P. R. Co., and being composed of the large STONE DWELLING HOUSE with a small Tenement attached and premises, belonging to the Estate of the late George Rich. Apply to

MACDONNELL & MUDIE,
Vendor's Solicitors

24th March, 1879.

The Daily British Whig.

WEDN'SDAY EV'NG, MARCH 26, 1879.

REMINDERS.

WEDNESDAY.

Lenten Services in St. George's Cathedral at 5:30 p.m.

Public Meeting in Chalmers' Church of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society at 7:30.

THURSDAY.

Reform Rally at 8 p.m.

Sale of House in Mozart Place at noon.

Lenten Service at St Paul's Church at 7.30 p.m.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Attention is called to the sale of a brick house in Mozart Place, by Mr. J. E. Hutcheson, to-morrow at noon.

Probs.—Brisk southeasterly to northeasterly winds, cloudy weather, followed by rain and sleet in northern Ontario.

Cook's Lecture.—We present an outline of Rev. Joseph Cook's lecture, forwarded to us from Belleville by a young man formerly an attache of the Whig, but now a student of the Business College of our sister city. The lecture was attended by a few from Kingston.

Local Distress.—There are lamentable cases of distress in the city, whole families in the neighborhood of Colborne street being in need. Those who suffer most are immigrant families, the men not being able to obtain employment as readily as Canadians drilled in the work of the country.

Henry V.—On Monday and Tuesday evenings of next week the young Canadian tragedian, Mr. James Green, who made a great sensation in Toronto, will appear in the Opera House, supported by a good company. Mr. Green should secure an audience fully equal to that which favored Miss Genevieve Ward.

New Potatoes.—Our agricultural museum to-day does not give any sign of a late Spring. We are in receipt of new potatoes grown by Mr. Thos. Polly, of Amherst Island. They are the earliest of the season without a doubt. At the rate upon which he has started Mr. Polly can raise three crops in 1879.

Sands' Re-opening.—The premises occupied by Mr. J. S. Sands, on Wellington street, have been improved to such an extent as to be wholly unrecognizable from the front. Mr. Sands has improved his business facilities and his stock also, and will now accommodate a patronizing public in the most satisfactory manner.

Ald. Gaskin's Votes.—We are requested by Alderman Gaskin to state that he never advocated the interests of the Montreal Transportation Company; that in the Council he voted against the tax rebate, and that at a late meeting of the Finance Committee he went out of the room while the matter was under discussion.

Going to Manitoba.—We have mentioned the names of one or two who have recently commenced preparations for removal to Manitoba, but we are informed by a gentleman returned from a tour in the west that the immigration from Ontario to the new Province is something remarkable. Train loads have gone to that country, which has room for all.

License.—License applications are pouring in upon Mr. Inspector Conley, but some time must elapse before a decision can be made upon them. It is understood that some of those now engaged in the liquor business will retire and that others may be refused licenses, the record of certain places of business being decidedly against them in a consideration of the requests for renewal.

Political Quarrels.—North Hastings, Lennox, Addington and Frontenac appear to be all troubled with the one complaint—a surplus of Tories, who consider themselves expressly qualified to act as law makers and legislators. Where unity should exist there is glorious disunity, and each dissenting, ambitious star appears to be anxious for personal advancement, while the party and its interests may go to smash. Mr. Mowat is safe.

Liberality.—A friend has called our attention to a letter in the *Irish Canadian*, of 'An Irish Catholic,' complaining of the Whig's comments upon ex-Mayor Beaudry's defeat. He deemed the Whig a liberal paper in the past; but now he classes it with the *News* and the rest of the illiberal papers. However, we merely expressed the settled opinion of nine out of ten men upon the ex-Mayor's execution of his office, and it amounted to a mild reflection. We regret, therefore, that 'Irish Catholic's' views do not accord with those of the majority, since then he would not see anything illiberal in our article.

For the West.—On Monday a train of fourteen freight and four passengers left Ottawa for Manitoba, a crowd of several thousands and a brass band being present at the departure of the emigrants. Most of them were farmers from Russell and Carleton counties, and the general intention, upon reaching their destination, is to secure land and commence farming operations at once. The freight cars were loaded principally with household and farming implements, although several were freighted with horses, cattle, sheep, etc. The company expected many additions to the number en route west.

A Good Showing.—The London, Liverpool and Globe Insurance Company has held its annual meeting, and the results are satisfactory under existing circumstances. The company during the year has increased its connection, and insured a larger amount than during 1877; but owing to the depression in trade, and the severity of competition, the net revenue shows a decrease of £35,576. After deducting the sums paid for re-insurance of surplus risks, the premium income amounts to £1,016,895. The losses amount to £537,483. The account, without the addition of interest, shows a surplus of £178,108, the total surplus, including interest, being £207,182. The board of direction have carried £150,000 to the "general reserve and fire re-insurance fund," which now amounts to £1,300,000.

WIND WAFTS.

—The small-pox patient at Napanee Mills is recovering.

—There are some who disapprove of the sending of a deputation to Ottawa.

—At Newburg, butter is quoted 15 @ 16c.; potatoes scarce at 80 @ 90c. per bag.

—Mr. McCuaig, Prince Edward, has withdrawn his Bill effecting the Maritime Court.

—The City Council seems to possess a deal of life in a highly condensed and inflamable shape.

—Clergymen attending the Kingston Presbytery will address the Women's Foreign Missionary meeting this evening.

—The Belleville *Ontario* hopes the editor of the *News* will be appointed Postmaster of this city. What does the senior proprietor of our contemporary think about it?

—It is a pity those who like the National Policy could not be made to bear the extra expense which it has laid on the public. Those who voted "N. P." and Toryism will have all they want of both of them before long.

—A statement made in the License Committee, and reiterated by Ald. Allen in the Council meeting on Monday evening, is incorrect. The Government does not receive one third of the license funds of the city, but only $33 33 on each license of $150 or over.

—Mrs. Maggie Vancott is said, by a city preacher, to be an "unscriptural" gospel expounder, but she is going to drow all the same. We have heard men, who are not in the habit of visiting Church very regularly, declare that they will go to hear her. What is unscriptural about her anyway?

—We presume the Whig is one of the Grit organs referred to as being very uneasy about the Postmastership. Why wouldn't we be uneasy when the Government can't get a newspaper man in the city to take a billet worth $2,000 or $3,000 a year. Some farmer will get the place the first thing we know.

An Amusing Episode.

An interesting and laughable case was tried this morning. A Dutchman, hale and hearty, and a maiden lady were the participants. The case as far as we could learn was a follows: The lady is hard working and industrious, and had laid a little pile away in a stocking for future comforts. A short time ago she was made acquainted with the Dutchman, and, as she said, he used to come up and make 'love to her in her own little cot.' After he had ingratiated himself into her graces, and led captive her poor susceptable heart, he broached the subject of money matters, and induced her to make him a loan of $6.50. Since that time he has not been as 'soft on her' as previously. He has returned $3.50 of the money loaned, but a short time ago she asked him for the other $3.00, and he seemed as if he didn't wish to please her. On Saturday last about 11:15 p.m. he says he was in his bed, and he heard a crash and jumped out and run to the window, when he saw his lady love run away. He produced a piece of bark that he says he found in the house, and with which he says the window was broken, and for that reason he had her arrested for house breaking. The defendant, to prove that she did not do so, had Mr. Nero, a colored gentleman, sworn, and he testified that 'Becky' was in his house at that particular time, and that she was there from about 10:30 to 11.45 p.m. He said if the windows was broken by her it must have been her ghost did it in wrecking vengeance for wounded affections and borrowed money. The P. M. didn't believe in ghosts, and therefore dismissed the case, telling the woman to interview Mr. Duff about her case. The fun was only enjoyed by a few.

This Morning's Fire.

A very disastrous fire occurred on Barrie street this morning about 2:30 a.m. The alarm was given at that hour, and when, the firemen hastened in the direction indicated, fire was found to be bursting out of Mr. R. Tomkins' house. It spread with great rapidity and had caught the house adjoining belonging to Mrs. Rainard. The family of Mr. R. Tomkins had a very narrow escape, some of them having to escape by an upper window, the lower flat being in flames. They had not time to dress and have lost nearly all their clothing. An organ, a sofa and a few chairs which were in the front part of the upper story were the only things secured. Mr. Tomkins' stock of general groceries was greatly damaged and is hardly worth anything in its present condition. He has an insurance of $1,200 on the house and furniture in the "Guardian" Company. In the house adjoining lived Mrs. Rainard and Mr. A. McGuire, butcher. Mrs. Rainard's part of the house is totally gutted, and only a small portion of her furniture escaped destruction. She was insured in the Guardian for $600. The most unfortunate case is that of Mr. McGuire, who lived over his store. His furniture and stock, valued at $130, is a total loss. Mr. McGuire had no insurance. The firemen who were promptly on hand, after considerable exertion, put out what might have resulted in a disastrous conflagration. Great sympathy is felt in the neighborhood for the sufferers.

An Excellent Suggestion.

Senator Alexander, whose speeches contain many practical suggestions, makes an economical proposition in regard to providing the necessary machinery for taking the decenial census of 1880. The last census taken cost $500,000 for a young country of 4,000,000 people. The Senator stated in the House that a feeling obtained in his own district, that with all our perfect municipal system, many of the agricultural census returns could be correctly obtained through the municipal assessors, and a large amount be saved to the country. The Municipal Assessors were generally the best men they could get in the township, certainly quite as responsible and care-taking as any could be that were appointed by the Government. This sounds very well, and Senator Alexander is a Conservative fully in earnest. Yet he is wild to extend the Government to give away an atom of political patronage to a mixed body of men. Some Grit might be benefitted.

KINGSTON PRESBYTERY.

THE QUARTERLY MEETING IN CHALMERS' CHURCH.

The regular quarterly assembly of the Kingston Presbytery commenced in Chalmers' Church at 3 p.m. yesterday afternoon. At that hour Rev. Mr. Wishart, of Madoc, Moderator, took the chair and opened the Presbytery with prayer.

The roll was called and sixteen ministers and eight elders reported themselves present.

The minutes of last session were read by Rev. Mr. Chambers, Clerk, and approved.

The remainder of the afternoon session was taken up in the consideration of Home Mission business and the Treasurer's report.

The hour of adjournment having arrived they adjourned to meet at 7:30 p.m.

EVENING SEDERUNT.

The sederunt was, by Rev. Mr. Gracey, opened with prayer.

The discussion on the Home Mission work was re-opened and was fully considered in all its details.

The consideration of the report of the Treasurer was considered, and a balance of $82 50 was found to be on hand.

Messrs. J. G. Stewart, J. Ferguson, H. Cameron and G. McMillan, Divinity Students at Queen's University, made applications for licenses. The applications were referred to a committee who will examine them and report.

A special application was made by Mr. Miller, a missionary at St. Colombo and St. Paul's. The case was referred to a committee composed of Revs. Messrs. Wishart and Burton, Elders Tennant and Campbell, of Belleville, to investigate and report at the next quarterly assembly.

Two commissions were read and adopted.

The Sessional Records were produced, and a committee appointed to examine them.

After certain routine business the election of Elders at Morton was passed over.

Rev. Mr. McCuaig read a report of the forming of a congregation at Glenburnie, which report was received and adopted.

The ministers appointed reported that they had visited the several missions and found everything in order.

Rev. T. S. Chambers, Clerk, reported in the moderation of a call from Mr. Alex. Russell to the congregation of Glenvale and Harrowsmith. The salary would be about $600 per annum. The call was signed by nearly 100 communicants and adherents.

Mr. R. Gibson, one of the representatives, spoke in favor of the call.

It was moved that the report of Rev. Mr. Chambers be received and adopted.

The call was sustained and the Moderator instructed to proceed in the call according to the laws of the Church.

A motion was passed that delinquent sessions be required to present their records at the next meeting.

Rev. Mr. Gracey reported having moderated in a call at Lansdowne for Mr. A. Matthews, Minister of the Dutch Reformed Church, of Montgomery, N.Y. The call was signed by 76 communicants and 22 adherents.

After some discussion it being 10:30 the Court adjourned to meet on Wednesday at 10 a.m.

MORNING SEDERUNT.

The session opened by prayer

The minutes of last session were read and approved.

The first thing for consideration was the appointment of Commissioners for the General Assembly. The following were, by rotation on the roll, appointed: Rev. A. Young, Napanee; D. Wishart, Madoc; Rev. David Beatie, Campbellford; Rev. W. Colthard, Picton.

By ballot: Rev. Principal Grant, Rev. J. Gallagher, Pittsburg; Rev. Mr. McLean, Belleville.

The elders elected were: Prof. McKerras, W. McKenzie, A. F. Wood, G. S. Hobart, J. McNaughton, J. Frazer, and W. Coverdale.

The case of the call of Rev. Mr. Matthews to Lansdowne was taken up, and after considerable discussion upon some technicalities the call was received and the conduct of the Moderator adopted.

The call was sustained and ordered to be filled according to law.

The Committee on the application for licenses to the students of Queen's College reported that the candidates appeared before them and were examined on the subjects prescribed, and on the class and interim certificates. The Committee recommended that the Presbytery apply to the Synod for leave to take them on trial for licenses.

The report, on motion, was recommended, and its recommendations were adopted.

Mr. Gracey read the report on the state of religion in the Presbytery; on motion it was adopted and ordered to be transmitted to the Clerk of the Synod.

Rev. Mr. Burton, on behalf of the Committee, presented the report of the Sabbath Schools. It was received and ordered to be sent to the Clerk of the Synod. Its recommendation anent a Sabbath School Convention, was also adopted.

Votes of thanks were passed to both Committees.

A motion was passed that the first evening's sederunt of the next quarterly meeting be set apart to consider Sabbath School work. After prayer,

The Court adjourned at 1 p.m., to meet at 3 p.m.

Kingston Sports.—The first page of the last New York *Spirit of the Times* is filled with a racy account by "C. H. C.," of a New Yorker's experience in Kingston, while indulging in Canadian sports. It introduced many familiar spirits, and describes tobogganing on the fort hill, snow-shoeing across the harbor, ice-boating, an encounter with the "Ark" and a clerical crew, a visit to the curling rink, and an evening at a fancy dress skating carnival. The New Yorker seems to have had his full share of romantic experience, and the narrative is well sustained by humor.

Municipal Changes.—On Monday evening it was again declared by many aldermen in Council that it is illegal to grant municipal money in promiscuous or individual charity. What, then, is the position of those townships in Frontenac who sustain many poor people by monthly or quarterly grants?

"DOES DEATH END ALL?"

LECTURE OF REV. JOSEPH COOK, OF BOSTON.

Despite the inclemency of the weather a large audience assembled in the Opera House, Belleville, on Monday evening to hear Rev. Joseph Cook, of Boston, lecture on the subject: 'Does Death End All?' under the auspices of the Mechanics' Institute. The chair was occupied by Mr. Thos. Ritchie, President of the Institute, who briefly introduced Mr. Cook.

The rev. gentleman, before commencing the lecture proper, gave a short sketch of the attitude of infidelity in the United States. A small minority of the infidels there had turned State's evidence against the majority, accusing them of having transformed Liberalism into Libertinism. He stated the position of the Infidel Association in his own city, Boston, where after ten years existence, it lives in a fourth story, Payne Hall having gone under the hammer. After some further remarks, in which he eulogized Boston as one of the best grounded Christian cities in the United States—judged by their contributions for religious purposes—he led the audience in a brief prayer, after which he commenced his lecture on the subject: 'Does Death End All?' Is there no Duke of Wellington in existence anywhere now? he asked; no Prince Consort, no Wordsworth, no Wilberforce, no Burke, no Chatham, no Milton, no Abraham Lincoln, no Sumner, no Webster, no Brant living at this moment? Is death like the breaking of a flask in the sea? Is there no more personality in these men who have died than there is in a consumed candle? If Materialism teaches this, then truth is nowhere. If there is nowhere another existence after this life is ended, then man is of no more account than those burning gas-jets. If Materialism were true then there was nowhere in the universe any Plato, or Isaiah, or Paul, or Jesus Christ. If Materialism was correct in its assertions, there would very soon be nowhere in existence an Carlisle, or Bright, or Gladstone, or Beaconsfield, or Grant, or Sherman, or Longfellow. If Materialism were true, Burns was wrong, and Dante was a fanatic in his hope, and our widowed Queen was dreaming when she looked forward to re-union with Prince Consort. When Socrates drank the hemlock liquid he said to his unconsolable followers, "You may bury me if you can catch me; but do not say thus we bury Socrates. Do not call this poor body Socrates, for when I have drunk the poison I shall depart to the occupations of the blessed. Say that you bury my body only." It was the prevailing theory that the relation of the soul to the body is that of the music to the harp. If the relation of the soul to the body is that of the music to the harp, then when you break the harp the music stops forever; if the relation of the soul to the body is that of the harper to the harp, perhaps you can destroy the harp and not the harper at all. Socrates believed in survival after death, and the question had lost none of its interest since then. He then quoted from Shakespeare, "Conscience makes cowards of us all." "There is an undiscovered country whence no traveller returns." What is conscience? The mind, the something which cannot be made out. If they were made right, then this constitutional instinct, which leads us to anticipate reward or punishment, does not mislead us. In nature, whenever they find instinct, there is always something to match it. Wherever they found a fire they found water to match it, and so through the whole range of the universe there are no half joints. And how, he asked, does the Creator keep His word with the birds and fishes and not with us. If we are so made that our conscience anticipates somewhat behind the veil, conscience then has a prophetic voice as to the existance of something to match it. If there is nothing beyond the veil then our constitution was a lie. But the fact that conscience had this prophetic anticipation was recognised by philosophy. As the bird, migrating southward, found a climate to match her instinct, so they might be assumed that He who keeps His word with the birds would keep His word with them. The lecturer then went into a minute explanation of what is called the "cell theory" illustrating it by means of maps, and on which he dwelt for upwards of an hour, combatting the views of some scientists. The inferences which the rev. gentleman drew were, that it (the called theory) was no more wonderful than that your woven bodies might weare another; it was no more that we should live again than that we should live at all; and it was less wonderful that we should live than that we have begun to live. The lecturer concluded by picturing the glories of a grand spiritual concert of the organic life of all kinds, from all worlds, in the presence of their Creator. He held that behind the weaving of the bioplasts there was something else. Science had demonstrated when life began, but beyond the germinal period could not fathom. The body of man was perpetually changing, but his individuality remained, and it was evident that he must have had identity before coming into existence in this world. The form of man was merely a clay envelope which had been put on, and would eventually be put off again. He said: I have endeavored to show you the starlight, and the moonlight, and now I shall show you the sunlight. Here it is! (saying which he picked up the large Bible on the stand and held it in his left hand.) This Book tells us of a resurrection—it speaks of a spiritual life as well as a physical life, and the people of to-day, thanks to science, are nearer understanding it than they once were. I tread here upon the edge of immortal mysteries, but the great proposition I wish to put before you is that science, in the name of the microscope and the scalpel, begins to whisper what revelation ages ago uttered in words of thunder that there is a spiritual body with glorious capacities. It was no more wonderful that the body, invisible though it be, should live again than that it should live at all. First came the organic body, and why not a spiritual body? The Bible when it speaks of a spiritual body then the physical body, does not imply that the soul is a material body. Scientific researches accorded with the scriptures, and the time would come when a revealed Christ would be seen in all His glory. In concluding he asked them to part, singing, in the name of science, and with microscope and scalpel clasped over each other, what Milton and Goethe, if they passed hence safely, no doubt are singing now in Milton's own words:

Then joy shall overtake us as a flood,
When everything that is supremely good
And perfectly divine.
With Faith and Hope and Love shall ever shine,
About the Supreme Throne
Of Him whose happy-making face
When once our heavenly-guised soul shall climb,
Then all this earthly grossness quit,
Attired in stars we shall forever sit,
Triumphing over Death, and Chance, and Thee,
O Time.

Rev. Mr. Cook spoke for about two hours, during which time he was frequently and loudly applauded as he made each point. He resumed his seat amid loud applause.

THE SCHOOL LAW AMENDMENTS.

WHAT THEY AMOUNT TO—THE COUNCIL'S VETO POWER—BOARDS OF EXAMINERS.

The clerks of cities, towns and counties are to furnish on each year, before April 1st, a return of the population for last year, to rule the grant. It is therefore necessary for clerks to act at once.

School corporations may purchase authorized prize and library books from any source, and receive an equal amount in cash or stock.

All income voters, who have paid a school tax, can vote at school elections. All formerly qualified can still vote.

CITY ELECTIONS—GREAT CHANGES.

In cities the city clerk has to furnish the Board with Voters' Lists. The election law in cities also is considerably changed. A nomination shall take place in each Ward on the last Wednesday in December, the School Board fixing the polling places and naming the Returning officers. At the nomination, if no opposition is created, the returning officer shall elect after waiting one hour. The polling for opposing candidates takes place on the first Wednesday in January, and the Board may have a polling place in each subdivision or ward, as it chooses. Polling is to be from 10 a.m. till 5 p.m., except no vote is polled for one hour, in which case the poll shall close. The poll books are to be returned next day to the existing members of the Board, who shall meet, count the votes, and declare the elected candidate, posting the returns at conspicuous points. In case of a tie the highest assessed member of the Board shall decide it.

RURAL SECTIONS.

In rural sections the election law is not changed, except to change the annual meeting to the last Wednesday in December.

The powers of trustees of rural sections, to collect or levy school rates on their own authority, has ceased; the municipal officers do the collecting and levying, the school trustees making a requisition for the amount.

All pupils, children of non-residents, are liable to a school fee not exceeding 25c per month.

New regulations are made for arbitrators on school sites, and doubtful points as to School Unions are settled.

Trustees cannot borrow or raise money for capital expenditure unless under authority of a general meeting of qualified electors. Debentures not to run over twenty years.

CITY SCHOOLS.

City School Board can have their own model school or schools.

For expenditure on capital account the City Council has a veto power on a two-thirds vote over the demand of a Public or High School Board. After a vote the Board may submit the question to the electors.

The examiners for admission to the High Schools are confined to the P. S. Inspector and the Head Master.

The Chairman of a Board, in case of a tie, to have an additional vote to his own.

SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Elections are to be similar to those of the Public Schools.

A non-resident owner can order his rates to be paid to a Separate School.

A Separate School may be made a Model School for separate school teachers in training.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

Inspectors have no power to withhold the Legislative grant from school trustees, but shall report the case.

The regulations as to school accommodation are recommendatory to Inspectors.

Inspectors are not to set aside any election or proceedings of a school meeting, but act upon a requisition and with caution.

No teacher shall substitute a text book without authority of Trustees and Inspector.

The County of Frontenac will now have to name and constitute a Model School of its own, independent of Kingston, which has furnished it one free for two years nearly.

Battersea Amusements.

The readings on Monday night were well attended and passed off very pleasantly. The chair was occupied by Mr. Jas. McGrath. An interesting programme was presented, readings being offered by Misses C and M. C. Weller, Dr. Darrah, J. W. Ansley, I. Holder, C. S. Vanluven, G. S. Wakeford and others. A humorous recitation by Mr. Alex. Sharp caused a good deal of merriment. Good vocal and instrumental music was discoursed at intervals by the usual singers and performers. At a late hour the meeting closed by singing "God save the Queen." By the way an effort is being made to organize a brass band at the "hub." An energetic committee has the matter in hand and we have no doubt it will succeed in raising the necessary funds. An entertainment is said of the band will be held on Friday evening.

Durham Flour.—The Durham corn flour is making a Canadian name through the energy of Mr. Johnston, of Montreal, general agent, and its own merits. It is so well thought of as to be counterfeited, and buyers should therefore ask their grocers for the genuine only.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of skin eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per box. For sale by J. G. King, Kingston.

PERSONAL!

Mr. F. X. Cousineau has just returned from Toronto, where he has been attending several Large Trade Sales of Staple Dry Goods, and having made heavy Cash Purchases, the Public may expect

GENUINE BARGAINS,

On Arrival of the Goods Next Week.

NEW GOODS

AT THE

Emporium of Fashion.

A NEW AND HANDSOME STOCK OF SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS opened this week. Also a fine selection of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, including all the Novelties of the season. Gentlemen one and all are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock and get prices before placing orders for Spring Clothing. We are now prepared to show one of THE LARGEST AND FINEST STOCKS ever brought to Kingston also to GUARANTEE A PERFECT FIT AND GOOD WORKMANSHIP IN ALL CASES.

W. Y. BOYD, Merchant Tailor,

Corner Princess and Wellington Streets.

SPRING GOODS

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR YOUR SPRING SUITS, AT THE

NEW YORK CLOTHING STORE.

Brock Street, Four Doors from Market Square.

WE HAVE RECEIVED A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS, TWEEDS AND Worsted Coatings, which for style, durability and cheapness cannot be excelled in the city. Worsted Coatings in Checks, Diagonals, Diamonds and Figures. Fine Worsted Trouserings in the the latest New York and Paris styles. Fine Broadcloths and Doeskins. Fine Canadian Tweeds in the choicest patterns ever manufactured. Fine assortment of Scotch Tweeds. We are taking orders rapidly for the above Goods, and parties requiring really a first-class Garment or Suit at a moderate price will please call on us. We have been hard at work all winter manufacturing A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, and parties requiring a Ready-Made Coat, Pants or Vest will find ours equal in many respects to order work, and a very large assortment to select from—AT VERY LOW PRICES. Choice assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods, new and cheap. Just Received—THREE CASES AMERICAN FELT and FUR HATS, to be sold at prices that will astonish the closest buyer. N B—Look out for THE SIGN THAT READS THREE DIFFERENT WAYS.

Z. PIERCE.

March 18th. New York Clothing Store, Brock Street, Kingston

The National Policy Don't Make any Difference in Prices

AT WALDRON'S.

All White Cottons and Sheetings at old prices,
All Grey Cottons and Grey Sheetings at old prices,
All Black and Colored Silks at old prices,
All Fancy Dress Goods at old prices,
All Tweeds and Cloths at old prices,
All Carpets and House Furnishings at old prices,
All Prints, Linens, Tickings and Towellings at old prices,
Go to WALDRON'S and buy your Dry Goods cheaper now than can possibly be for five years.

R. WALDRON, Wilson's Buildings.

THE LARGEST, MOST STYLISH and BEST STOCK

For all Purchasers in the City.

THOMAS SEALE,

Merchant Tailor, Clothier and Dealer in Gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS.

Princess Street..... Nearly opposite the City Hotel

The Order Department contains an immense assortment of Goods of the latest and most fashionable styles. In Ready-Mades the Stock is most extensive, first class in style and quality, and at very moderate prices. Gent's Furnishing Goods of all descriptions and in great variety constantly on hand

PLACES TO BE LET.

HOUSES IN VAUGHN TERRACE—nine rooms, gardens attached. Rent $160, landlord paying taxes. Apply at the British Whig Office.

THE HOUSE on Sydenham Street, now occupied by George Offord, Esq. Possession 1st May. Apply to B. M. BRITTON.

Feb 22nd

THE HOUSE AND PREMISES on Princess Street, at present occupied by Mr. Patrick Harty. Possession 1st April. Apply to SHERIFF FERGUSON.

March 1st.

A HOUSE AND TEN ACRES OF LAND. Thereon are good outbuildings and about one Acre of an Orchard. Apply to the owner, WM. DAVID,

The Cheap Broker, Princess St., Kingston.

March 1st.

A VERY COMFORTABLE BRICK DWELLING, with carriage house attached, on Alfred street, will be sold or let. Apply to VANDEWATER & BETTS, Office—Ontario Street

THE two storey and basement brick and stone House, now occupied by Mrs Chown on Montreal, between Princess and Queen streets. Possession 1st May. Rent moderate. Apply to W. D. GORDON.

March 11th.

THE BRICK HOUSE No. 112, Clarence St., at present occupied by Mr. Edward Boyden, of the firm of Richmond & Boyden. Possession 1st May. Apply to T. C. WILSON.

Feb 1st

THE building on Princess street formerly occupied by Messrs. Macdonnell, & Mudie as a Law Office. Plans of alterations, which will be made to suit a desirable tenant, may be examined on applications at the offices of BAWDEN & MACHAR.

Golden Lion Block,
Kingston, Sept 25, 1878.

Wanted,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT—A DWELLING HOUSE, with modern conveniences, and containing at least five bedrooms. Rent must be moderate. West end of the city preferred. Apply to

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE
Real Estate Agent.

Kingston, March 11, 1879.

For Sale,

A MODERN OFFICE SAFE, combination lock. Apply at British Whig Office.

March 11th.

FIVE LOTS, on Albert and Nelson Streets, well fenced and manured, they also contain a number of choice apple trees. Apply to R. W. NESBITT, Barrie Street, North

Jan. 1879.

A NEW PIANO—with maker's warrant for six years. Bought in anticipation of the rise in tariff and will be sold now cheap Agents all through. Apply to J. K. OLDHAM

Feb 20th.

ON REASONABLE TERMS—Those two first-class semi detached Houses, replete with every convenience and style, situated on Alfred street, opposite the new Park. Apply to JAMES SCOTT, Contractor

March 10th.

THE FURNITURE of a house of six rooms, (black walnut), and as good as new, being but a few months in use, comprising everything required in bedrooms, parlour, dining room, kitchen, pantry, &c., complete, to be disposed of at private sale. To anyone about taking up house this is a good chance—AS WILL BE SOLD CHEAP. Also a Weber Piano, cost originally $500, if required, if not furniture sold separately. The house can be rented if purchaser wishes. For further particulars apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

March 7th Wellington St., Kingston.

Farm For Sale.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THREE ACRES of choice Land, situated on Queenston Street, fifteen minutes drive from the business part of the city. The soil is a fine sandy loam, very rich, suitable for market gardening if desired. Good water, four living springs on the premises. Good Houses and Barns on the different portions of the place. A good bearing Orchard of choice fruit, also a young Orchard of 100 trees in good condition. The Farm will be sold in Lots of 50 Acres each, if desired. Payments easy. For further particulars enquire upon the premises, or address

W. H. COLE,
St. Catharines, Ont.

Feb 7th.

EASTER CARDS!

BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

—AT—

Henderson's Bookstore.

Logomachy, or the War of Words and other Card Games for Evening Parties.

AT HENDERSON'S

Purses, Wallets & Pocket Books

IN GREAT VARIETY AND AT LOW PRICES. Every one of them warranted to hold all your increased income by the National Policy,

AT HENDERSON'S

THE BOY'S OWN PAPER.

Monthly Part Just Ready

—AT—

HENDERSON'S

Parents, buy it for your Boys. It is cheap and reading. Nothing objectionable as in many paper of similar title.

Published at the *Leisure Hour* Office.

20 cents per part.

ALSO—SEVERAL OF WEEKLY ISSUE at four cents each.

AT HENDERSON'S

Young Lady's Journal

FOR APRIL.

AND A LARGE PARCEL OF

English Magazines,

JUST ARRIVED AT

HENDERSON'S

March 19th.

MARMALADE ORANGES!

At the Bazaar To-Day.

REES BROS

Manufacturing Confectioners.

March 8th.