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The Daily British Whig.

SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 4, 1879.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Gold in N.Y.—York at 3 o'clock 100 PROBABILITIES, for the lakes, brisk southerly to northwesterly winds, partly cloudy; continued cold weather with snow flurries.

MARRIAGE.—The popular prima donna, Miss Nellie Holman, was married on Thursday to Mr. J. T. Dalton, a member of the Holman Opera Company.

THANKS.—The Sisters of the House of Providence acknowledge with gratitude the donation of two dozen loaves of bread from Mr. Northmore, of Catarqui Bakery.

CLOSING SALE OF PICTURES TO-NIGHT. Ten choice cabinet of paintings arrived today to close for last sale, all are to be closed to-night regardless of sacrifice. Sale at 8 o'clock.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the Poor Relief Fund returns thanks to Mr. George Robertson for \$11.08, the amount of collection on New Year's morning in the First Congregational Church.

TO BE BURIED HERE.—The remains of Mr. Thaddeus Patrick, late principal Clerk of the Commission on Railway and Banking, House of Commons, will be sent to Kingston for interment on Monday next.

STORMS.—The drifting of snow has continued during the past couple of days and still continues. The far back country roads are in a bad condition, but they cannot be much worse than some of the highways in the front townships.

THE "LATTER DAYS."—Up west some people have been making notes, and have come to the conclusion that these are the "latter days" spoken of in Scripture. The fact in some places is being strongly impressed upon the public mind.

"SPIRIT OF THE TIMES."—The Christmas edition was much larger than usual, copies being freely circulated in order that the excellence of the paper may be fully known and appreciated. The cuts and illustrations of the "Spirit" are only excelled by the variety and commendable merits of the reading.

OPENING OUT.—Mr. J. G. Bastow, one of the best of plumbers, has begun business on his own account at Horsley's store on Princess street, and will, we are persuaded, succeed well. Orders may be left for him at either of Mr. Horsley's stores, and those giving them will be well satisfied with the result.

POLICE COURT.—A drunk was discharged. Joseph McMillan was remanded until the 6th, he having a horse and cutter in his possession, for which he could not account last night. Today he is supposed he hired it in Napanee, but it is stated that it was stolen. He is an old Penitentiary bird.

COMMUNICATIONS.—We cannot publish some communications, especially if of a personal kind and calculated to arouse religious prejudices. Thus we must be excused for declining to give publicity to two articles relating to certain phases of the present municipal elections. They would really defeat the object they have in view.

PAPER MAKING.—Some enterprising parties have purchased the Nimmo Mill property, about one mile east of Newburgh, Ont., and also the property of Peter Johnson, in all about thirty acres, including one of the best water powers on the Napanee river, for the purpose of erecting a paper mill. They expect to have it running in about six months.

NOMINATIONS.—The candidates for the Township of Kennebec are: Rev. James Williams, re-elected by acclamation. Councillors—Andrew Bloomhower, William R. Hays, Nahaniel Hinchey, Levi Keller, Joseph Loyat, Wm. W. Pringle, James Marks, Daniel Scott, Miriam Vanness, and David Wood. In the township of Olden Mr. Coulter is opposing Mr. Flynn for the Reevship. The Council of that municipality has been, however, elected by acclamation.

SCHOOL EXPENSES.—The Minister of Education has sent circulars to the Secretaries of Western School Boards, asking for information regarding the expenses connected with the different examinations in the schools. The expenses under this heading have grown to be a considerable item every year. It is worth enquiring into whether the expenditure could be lessened without impairing the efficiency of the system. The queries go back as far as 1868.

PAPER MAKING.—Some enterprising parties have purchased the Nimmo Mill property, about one mile east of Newburgh, Ont., and also the property of Peter Johnson, in all about thirty acres, including one of the best water powers on the Napanee river, for the purpose of erecting a paper mill. They expect to have it running in about six months.

THE TOPICS.—To-morrow, we presume, sermons will be preached in connection with the Week of Prayer. The subject of Monday's meditation is praise to God for His long-suffering kindness and mercy; for the goodness of His providence; for the blessings enjoyed under the present dispensation of the Holy Ghost; thanksgiving for the cessation of war; for the Divine blessing which has attended the international meetings and services and Christian work during the Universal Exhibition in Paris; Confession of unbelief and untruthfulness.

McDowell. The McDowell Combination, which gives four evening performances and a matinee in the Opera House, commencing on Monday, will arrive from Ottawa probably to-morrow. The Company numbers twenty-six, and is perhaps the most talented and efficient that has ever visited the city. The opening of the Opera House will be a select affair.

WIND WAITS.

—1,000 ducks shot at Long Point this season. —Capt. Allen's rink will soon be a reality. —Meeting of the Public School Board this evening. —It will be some days yet before the American roads will be open. —The Battery Band will supply the music at the Opera House. —A meeting of the City Council will not likely be held before Monday night week. —"Edison's bust" has just been added to the collection of S. R. Walls, New York. —Do all the good you can in the world, and make as little noise about it as possible. —Rev. Dr. McDonald, of Japan, will lecture in Sydenham Street Church on Tuesday evening. —The majesty of the seats in the Opera House are already secured for Monday evening. —Mr. D. J. Waggoner was pronounced the position of Inspector of Light-houses, but he didn't get it. —Grip calls those who go from Kingston to Ottawa about offices, "confidential coveys." This insult our contemporary must resent. —What is a "chromatic trio"? We know what a chromatic scale is, but a "chromatic trio" is something new in music. —The candidates who went up for entrance examination were about the most successful of any given number in the Province. —Sir John Macdonald was in his best spirits on Wednesday, and received the congratulations of nearly four hundred friends—chiefly office seekers. —The Martineau English Opera Company, twenty-eight performers, will be in Kingston shortly. Martin has made an engagement with them. —Belleville has earned the credit of passing through the entire holiday season without a solitary arrest having been made within her borders for drunkenness or any other cause. —The Waterbury Steam Engine Company presented each of their employees with a turkey. It took over a hundred fowls to around. Such liberality is appreciated, and no firm or corporation ever loses by it. —"Having sworn off, will I remain so?" is the social conundrum just now. —"Speaking of bathing," said Mrs. Farrington, "some can bathe with perfect impunity in water as cold as Greenland's icy mountains and India's coral strands, but for my part I prefer to have the water a little tepid."

A Misstatement. Our Princess street contemporary, in its issue of last evening, made this assertion: "We learn that, notwithstanding strong efforts to the contrary, there will be a meeting of the Board to-morrow (Saturday) evening."

What strong efforts were made to the contrary? Who made these efforts and what were they made for? All these things we should like to know, since we are considerably interested in school-masters, and desire that all public questions should be discussed free of prejudice and misrepresentation. On Thursday evening a meeting should have been held, but was not, certain members being late and an adjournment having been forced after a lapse of thirty-seven minutes beyond the time at which proceedings were to commence. Later in the evening three members of the Board waited upon the Chairman and requested that he should call a meeting on Saturday evening. He consented, provided the usual legal course were pursued—the serving upon him of a requisition signed by a majority of the Board. Next (Friday) morning he directed the Secretary to make out the notices, and when the requisition was handed to him these were immediately issued. Such being the facts we fail to account for the statement in a city paper to the effect that an attempt had been made to prevent the holding of a meeting. Fair play is a jewel.

Pittsburg Social. A tea meeting was held in the Sand Hill Presbyterian Church on Thursday evening, Jan. 2. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather the church was filled at an early hour, mostly with young people, whose happy New Year greetings and pleasant conversation showed plainly that they had come to enjoy themselves. Suitable music was provided by the choir, whose rendering of "Welcome to all," "Crown of rejoicing" and "Good night" was particularly delightful, and would be a credit to choirs of far greater pretensions. Solos were sung by Miss McFarlane, of Pittsburg, and Mr. Pollock, of Kingston, Miss Chambers playing the accompaniment. Addresses were delivered by Mr. Anderson, the Chairman, Rev. Mr. Chambers, pastor of the congregation, and also by students of Queen's College. The ladies, as usual, were not behind in providing refreshments, which were dispensed in abundance and variety sufficient to make any epicure's teeth water. Mr. Chambers and his people are certainly to be congratulated on the success of their entertainment.

Hard Times. "A New Year's Call" is the title of Grip's last cartoon. Sir John is shown to be seated in a large and exceedingly cozy-looking arm-chair, in his office at Ottawa, his feet resting on the fenders of a coal grate, in which a fire burns cheerily. At his elbow is a table, on which are seen a decanter of wine and a box of cigars. Beside him "Hard Times" is seated, with clothing all tattered and torn, but with a countenance bearing the traces of a determination to demand from Sir John more than promises of an improvement in his condition. A deputation has just entered, composed of Hon. Messrs. Mackenzie, Cartwright and Brown, Mr. Innes, of the Guelph Mercury, Mr. Cameron, of the London Advertiser, and Mr. Barr, of the Lindsay Post. These latter gentlemen are weeping, and cry, "O, Sir John, do bring on that National Policy! Don't you know the country is famishing." Sir John, lolling in his easy chair, answers: "Gentlemen, I fully appreciate your tears. I shed oceans of the same sort myself last summer."

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

DRAWING TO A CLOSE—THE VOTING MONDAY.

All week the canvass of the candidates for municipal honours has been vigorously prosecuted, and but another day intervenes before the electors, who have the power to decide the issue, will be solicited to exercise their inalienable rights in balloting for those whom they desire to manage the affairs of the city. It is needless and unnecessary that any should be counselled as to the manner in which they should use the franchise. Those who have votes are at least supposed to know whom they wish to represent them, and to know what duty is required of those assuming to fill such really important and responsible positions. The Council of 1879 should be possessed of the most experienced, economical, and judicious men available, the financial condition of the municipality being evidently such as to demand no ordinary care and attention. There are capable candidates in the field, and their services can be secured if the ratepayers are but wise in the selection they make on Monday.

THE COMPETING CANDIDATES. Sydenham Ward—Ald. Woods, Gilchrist, McLean, Messrs. Hartly and Stewart. Ontario Ward—Ald. Wilson and Clements, and Messrs. McDermott and Irving. St. Lawrence Ward—Ald. Drennan and Dupuis and Messrs. T. L. Snook, J. Keenan and M. Gage. Catarqui Ward—Ald. Allen and Angus, Messrs. Maloney and Morrison, and Dr. Oliver. Rideau Ward—Maloy McIntyre, Ald. Carson, Fee, and Asselin, and Mr. R. Carovsky. Frontenac Ward—Ald. Paine and McCann, Messrs. Martin and McGuire, and Dr. Evans. Victoria Ward—Elected. Mr. John Brown's name was put on the ballots but he requests the electors not to consider him a candidate.

POLLING PLACES. No. 1 Sydenham Ward—Sullivan's, corner of Gore and Wellington streets. No. 2 Sydenham Ward—Mr. T. Savage's paint shop, William street. No. 3 Ontario Ward—Ontario Hall. No. 4 Ontario Ward—J. O'Connell's, Bagot street. No. 5 St. Lawrence Ward—Sobell's, corner of Brock and Ontario streets. No. 6 St. Lawrence Ward—J. Jones, Princess street. No. 7 Catarqui Ward—J. Smeal's, Queen street. No. 8 Catarqui Ward—E. Gallagher's, Wellington street. No. 9 Catarqui Ward—R. Donn's, Bay street. No. 10 Frontenac Ward—Del'Armitage street. No. 11 Frontenac Ward—J. Savage's, York street. No. 12 Frontenac Ward—Mrs. Halligan's, Montreal street. No. 13 Rideau Ward—Papp's, corner of Colborne and Division streets. No. 14 Rideau Ward—W. H. G. Savage's, Brock street. No. 15 Rideau Ward—T. Nicholson's, Gordon street.

It is unnecessary to name the polling places in Victoria Ward, since we assume there will be no polling done. ANNUAL MEETINGS. ORANGE YOUNG BRITONS.—At the election of officers at the December meeting of Boyne Lodge Orange Young Britons, No. 20, the following officers were elected for the year 1879: Bro. B. Freiland, W.M. Bro. W. Crawford, D.M. Bro. E. G. Liddell, Chap. Bro. W. J. Sissons, Sec. Bro. J. Elliott, Treas. Bro. J. G. Liddell, D. of C. Bro. M. Elliott, I. T. Bro. G. Latroney, P. M. Committee—Bro. J. G. Liddell, H. Smith, T. Dodds, E. Merritt, T. Phillips. Sick Stewards—The W. M. the D. M. and E. Trainer. Audit Committee—Bro. B. Freiland, W. Crawford, W. J. Sissons, J. Elliott, J. G. Liddell.

The lodge is now in a flourishing condition, having 198 names on the roll in good standing. L.O.L. No. 352.—At a regular monthly meeting of L.O.L. No. 352, held in the Orange Hall, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Bro. Wm. Dennison, W.M. Bro. Jas. Bennett, D.M. Bro. W. M. Abernethy, Chap. Bro. Jas. Dennison, Secy. Bro. A. McKorkell, Treas. Bro. Wm. Mills, D. of C. Committee—Bro. Wm. Hazlett, D. J. Robbs, A. Agnew, A. Thompson, George H. Pidgeon. Bro. Wm. Makins, Trustee. Bro. Jas. Dennison, Past Master. This lodge meets on the first Wednesday of every month, and is in a flourishing condition.

L.O.L. No. 527.—At a meeting of L.O.L. No. 527, held this week, the following officers were elected: Bro. G. Brown, W.M. Bro. John Marsh, D.M. Bro. Jas. Latroney, Secy. Bro. J. W. Arniel, Treas. Bro. Sandford, D. of C. Bro. W. D. Graves, I. T. Committee—J. W. Brown, S. Mason, W. Gilmore, W. Smith, G. Silver. They also made a present to the widow of a deceased Bro. the sum of \$25, as a token of his services in the lodge.

TRUE BLUES.—At a regular meeting of Boyne Lodge Orange True Blues, No. 16, held last Monday evening, the following officers were elected: Bro. M. Elliott, W.M. Bro. M. Elliott, D.M. Bro. B. Freiland, Secy. Bro. J. Crutcher, Treas. Bro. C. Pepper, Chap. Bro. W. Mills, D. of C. Bro. G. Crawford, I. T. Bro. J. Ewart, P. M. Committee—Bro. J. Laird, J. Fowler, W. Pollitt, W. Clark, C. Perry.

Week of Prayer. The meetings in connection with the usual Week of Prayer (D.V.) will be held as follows: Monday evening, Jan. 6th, in St. Andrew's Church; Tuesday evening, First Congregational Church; Wednesday evening, Chalmers' Church; Thursday evening, Bethel Church; Friday evening, Sydenham Street Church; Saturday evening, Baptist Church. Each meeting to begin at 7.30 o'clock. An address will be given each evening, and a collection taken up for the benefit of the poor of the city.

Fire.—A destructive fire occurred at Brockton yesterday, burning a house and its tenants, one McGregor and his wife.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

THE QUESTION ONE OF MUCH PUBLIC INTEREST.

The following is the substance of the paper read on Thursday evening by Mr. A. P. Knight, the Rector of the Collegiate Institute, at the meeting of the Literary Association of Chalmers' Church. After introducing his subject the writer went on to say: "I distinctly take the position that Ontario has no right to support higher education of any kind, nor to any extent, because: 1. It is an unjust interference with the rights and privileges of individual citizens: 2. It is legislation for a class; 3. The direct benefits derivable from a State College are largely local. If a country has no institutions in which a higher education can be obtained, then perhaps a Government, in order to encourage the study of higher branches of learning, and on account of the benefit which society would reap from its pursuit, ought to devote a certain sum annually to its support; but as soon as colleges are founded and voluntarily endowed to do the work of higher education for the country, the Government ought no longer to continue its aid. Where is the reason or justice in compelling me to pay for the maintenance of an institution from which I derive no direct benefit? What right has any Legislature to compel me to pay taxes for its support, when perhaps I reside 300 miles from where it is located, and do not believe in its teachings? I may be a Roman Catholic, and it so, will not believe in much of the so-called history, philosophy and science taught in a non-denominational college, established and controlled by the State. A State College is like a State Church—neither should exist in Ontario. Presbyterians in this Province would never submit to be taxed for the

MAINTENANCE OF A STATE CHURCH, especially if that church were the Episcopal. Nor would English Churchmen and Methodists passively submit to be burdened with the support of an established Presbyterian Church. Why then should the funds of the Province be long or applied in support of a State College, even if its "Favorable endowment does date back nearly half a century"? What guarantee have parents that the religious teaching which they have at infinite pains, and for years, been implanting into the minds of their children will not be ruthlessly torn from its roots? Now, guarantee that the teachers, either now or hereafter, may not be talented infidels and scoffers at all that they prize highest? What guarantee that eternal shipwrecks may not be made of the souls of their sons, for whose intellectual and moral welfare they are responsible to God? None whatever; and if there be none, then no Government has a right to expend money for the support of any such institution, especially if her citizens voluntarily undertake to supply the means for obtaining the highest literary training, without any cost to the country. If it does so it perpetrates an injustice upon citizens who object to the maintenance of a State College, and distrust its teaching. How utterly indefensible then does the permanent endowment of one become when many others exist in the country, all fully equipped and willing to do the work for nothing. But this is not the only objection to the maintenance of a State College. The legislation which establishes it is

LEGISLATION MAINLY FOR ONE CLASS in a community, viz., the wealthy. The Government of a country should provide for the education of all (not a part) of her pupils, and of all up to the same point. This Ontario has done in establishing her public and high schools, but the moment she went beyond that point, and established University College, Toronto, her legislation was partial, she proceeded to set apart a large fund for the benefit of the few, instead of for the many. University Arts education should be provided for all or for none. Besides, who are benefited by University College, Toronto? Only a very few of the people—these, in short, who are able to send their sons to it—and these are the comparatively wealthy. But we are solemnly and energetically assured that it is open to all, and any man, rich or poor, may send his sons there to be educated. Very true, but the immense majority of people have not the means to send their sons to Toronto for their collegiate training, supposing they have no objections to its teachings, which many have. Its benefit are therefore confined chiefly to those who can well afford to pay for the higher education of their sons, or think the Provincial Legislature to provide it for them. I repeat then, that the legislation which founds any State College is class legislation of the worst kind. Why should not a Government with just as much reason found colleges in which our young men could be prepared for the ministry, or for the practice of law or medicine? Many of you are aware that up to 1868

THE MEDICAL COLLEGE of this city did receive a grant from the Government, but that it was discontinued at that time, because the members of Parliament declared against supporting professional training of any kind. They said, and said rightly, that a Government ought not to aid a particular class in its community, to enter lucrative professions such as law and medicine, which a Government would practically be doing by supporting schools for the study of those subjects. Why then does a legislature do it for the profession of teaching? From the last report of the Minister of Education we learn that 45 of the head masters of High Schools in this province were educated at the Provincial College, Toronto, which means, that the province gave them for nothing a professional education which now enables them to earn salaries ranging from \$600 to \$2,000 per annum. Why should not the Legislature, in consistency, furnish a professional education for lawyers, doctors, ministers, and engineers? Speaking of engineers, I believe it was only last October that a School of Practical Science was opened in Toronto by the Government of Ontario, designed mainly for the very object, viz., the training of engineers and lawyers. Why, the people of this whole province should be asked to furnish a professional training for a class, thereby enabling the sons of wealthy men

to enter respectable and lucrative professions of engineering, is more than I can understand. In the third place the benefits of such an institution are largely local, they are chiefly confined to the city or town in which the college is situated. I have no statistics to support my statements regarding University College, but I have most reliable ones about Upper Canada College, Toronto, an institution endowed by the Provincial Legislature to the extent of \$18,000 per annum. The attendance at this college for the past year averaged 300, of whom nearly 300, being either in the city of Toronto, or to the adjoining village of Yorkville. About 100 only attend from different parts of the province, the education of each of these Provincial pupils costing \$180 per annum. The High Schools do exactly the same as the Upper Canada College, Trinity College School, Port Hope, Albert College Grammar School, and Helliwell College, London, are doing similar work and are self-supporting. The pupils in these schools, as well as those in Upper Canada College, are necessarily the sons of wealthy men, the very men for whom the State should provide no such seats of learning. If provided at all they should be for

THE SONS OF THE POOR. Let it be remembered also, that the amount distributed annually among the public schools by the Legislature is only about \$1 per pupil, and it will soon become apparent how unjust and indefensible this state of affairs is—\$180 upon a rich man's son attending Upper Canada College, and only \$1 upon a poor man's son attending a Kingston public school. A similar state of affairs would probably be found to exist if the attendance of students at University College were analysed—the same limited circle of pupils, the same lavish expenditure of money upon a class instead of upon the whole mass of the people. This institution also is endowed to the extent of \$50,000 per annum. Of course the hazy reason given for the maintenance of the Provincial College is that the educated men who are sent forth from them exert a refining and elevating influence upon the society,

and that, therefore, every individual citizen is benefited by their establishment in the country. With how much greater force would the same argument apply in support of a State Church! And yet no one would tolerate one in Canada for one moment. A central State College, whose mission it is to educate society by means of its continuous stream of enlightened graduates, is a delusion, and its maintenance by the Province an injustice as the establishment of a state religion. If it be said that the graduates of a State College do a great deal for society could less be justly said of ministers, lawyers and doctors educated at a similar institution? Higher education in Ontario can now take care of itself, as has been clearly shown by the voluntary endowment of such colleges as Trinity, Victoria and Queen's. When people have done so much for their children, and when they are every day willing to do still more, as proved by the large sum—over \$180,000—subscribed during the past year for the new Western, and old Queen's, Universities, why should our Legislature longer continue its support of a State College? Let the maintenance of University College, Toronto, be thrown upon its friends, as was that of Trinity, Victoria, Queen's and Ottawa, in 1865, upon their sons. If it is worthy of a place among the educational institutions of the province (and who doubts that it is) it will be supported; not, let it die, and there will still remain as many colleges as will be required to do the work of higher education for many years to come.

Kingston Lodge. At the regular Friday evening meeting of Kingston Lodge, No. 59, I. O. O. F., the following officers were installed for the current term by D.D.G.M. Guy: Bro. G. W. Andrews, W.M. Bro. W. Zealey, D.M. Bro. P. G. Rev. T. W. Joffe, Chap. Bro. H. M. H. Heron, Secy. Bro. R. S. P. G. Saunders, Treas. Bro. J. E. Dillon, D. of C. Bro. C. Robinson, I. T. Bro. Jas. Latroney, P. M. Bro. W. Lake, Chap. Bro. G. W. Andrews, D. of C. Bro. G. Young, Secy. Bro. J. Jamieson, Treas. Bro. E. Chatterton, D. of C. Bro. W. Langdon, I. T. Bro. M. Kirkpatrick, P. M. Bro. W. W. W. W. L. S. S. Bro. D. J. Garbutt, Chap.

Post Office. When the Belleville deputation waited on Mr. Mackenzie a short time before the elections, concerning the Post Office, they were sent home with a good sized fleecy in their ear. Now, however, that Belleville is represented in the Cabinet the yearling puppy expects that its claims will not be overlooked. —News.

Yes, they may expect fine things at the hands of Mr. Mackenzie Bowell. He cannot send a deputation away with a fleecy in the ear, but he can give them an excellent blistering, having, no doubt, adopted Dr. Tupper's plan of roasting hungry office-seekers.

The People Want Proof. There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by druggists, that cures such a disease as the success and prosperity of a man's business. It is a cure for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of this fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sure Relief in 10 days and feel better before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing every one that uses it. Three bottles will cure any case. Try it. Sold by Heath & Gunn and H. Wade.

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Jan 2nd, 1879.

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P. HARTY'S

Millinery, Mantle and Dry Goods Stock Must Be Sold.

THE STOCK TO BE CLEARED OFF AT LOW PRICES WILL DO IT. THE greatest Reductions made on all Goods. MILLINERY to be sold at 40 per cent than our usual low rates. ON HATS a reduction of 25 per cent guaranteed. DRESS GOODS at half price. Cloths, Tweeds, Linens, Blankets, Shawls, Cloakings, Heavers, Cashmeres, Silks, Velvets and our complete assortment of Hosiery and Fancy Goods to be sold AT COST. To sell the Stock and close the business is the object of this GRAND CLEARING SALE, and those who at one take advantage of it receive the biggest benefit ever offered to Dry Goods buyers in Kingston.

P. HARTY.

REDUCED PRICE LIST FOR THIS MONTH

FOR CASH ONLY AT

Ashley's Shirt, Collar and Cuff Factory,