N. H. DOWNS'
VEGETABLE BALSAMIC
ELIXIR
Is a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough and all Lung Diseases, when taken in season.
People die of consumption simply because of neglect, when the timely use of this remedy would have cured them at once.
Fifty-one years of constant use proves the fact that no cough remedy has stood the test like Downs' Elixir.
Price 25 cents and $1.00 per bottle
For Sale Everywhere.

Dr. Baxter's Mandrake
BITTERS
Will cure Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Indigestion, and all Diseases arising from Biliousness.
Price 25 cents per bottle.
For Sale Everywhere.

HENRY & JOHNSON'S
ARNICA AND OIL
LINIMENT
For Man and Beast.
The most perfect liniment ever compounded. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts
For Sale Everywhere.

R. & J. Gardiner

OUR
CHEAP SALE!
A
Grand Success

EVERY ARTICLE IN THE HOUSE MARKED DOWN IN PRICE.

Kid Gloves!

2 Button Kid Gloves reduced from 50c. to 25c.
2 Button Kid Gloves reduced from 60c. to 40c.
2 Button Josephine reduced from $1.25 to 75c.
3 Button Kid Gloves, good quality, reduced to 45c.
3 Button Kid Gloves, "our own make," reduced from $1.25 to $1.
4 Button Kid Gloves reduced from 90c. to 60c.
4 Button Kid Gloves reduced from $1.25 to $1.
4 Button Kid Gloves "our own brand," reduced from $1.50 to $1.20.
6 Button Kid Gloves reduced from $1.50 to $1.20.
6 Button Kid Gloves, "our own brand," reduced from $1.75 to $1.35.
8 Button Kid Gloves, "our own brand," reduced from $2 to $1.50.

As we hold a large and complete stock of

Kid Gloves!

Consumers have now an opportunity of procuring these goods DURING THE CHEAP SALE ONLY, at these extremely LOW PRICES.

Sales Strictly Cash.

But one price made!

R. & J. GARDINER.
July 16.

PHOTOGRAPH
VIEWS!
OF KINGSTON,
THE ST. LAWRENCE & THOUSAND ISLANDS.

Hand Painted. Mounted on Elegant Gilt Edge Cards with Verses. Suitable for sending to absent friends and birthdays.

KINGSTON VIEWS.
Queen's University.
Royal Military College.
Lock at Kingston Mills.
Penitentiary.
Rockwood Asylum.
Penitentiary Gate.
Military College and Fort.
Bridge at Kingston Mills.
Kingston from Fort Henry.
Cataraqui River.
Kingston Harbour.
Brock St., Kingston.
Post Office.

RIVER ST. LAWRENCE AND THOUSAND ISLANDS VIEWS.
Popular Bay, Westminster Park.
Symlock Lake.
Hayden Island Bay.
Manhattan Group.
Thousand Island Park Tabernacle.
Channel of the Islands.
Pavilion Sport Island.
Junction of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence.
Buck Island.
Shore of Wells' Island.
Cottage, 1,000 Islands Park.
Near Gananoque.
Lake of the 1,000 Islands.
Grounds 1,000 Islands House.
Alexandria Bay.
1,000 Islands House.
Devil's Oven, Alexandria Bay.
Lachine Rapids.
Long Sault Rapids.

STACEY & WALPOLE,
Importers of Books and Stationery.
Brock Street.
July 16.

PAY your Gas Accounts on or before Wednesday the 20th and save the Discount.

CITY AND VICINITY.

REMEMBER to pay your water rate and save the discount.

PROBS.—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly between the north-west and south-west, fine weather, stationary or slightly higher temperature.

GAVAZZI'S VISIT.—It was announced in some of the churches yesterday that on Friday evening Gavazzi would lecture in Chalmers Church. Gavazzi is one of the most notable men of the times.

PROSPECT POINT.—To-day Mr. S. Woods left for Prospect Point, (about midway between this city and Gananoque) where he and his family, Dr. Smith and family, and Mrs. A. Ross, will camp for several weeks.

ENGINE SHEDS.—We learn that it is intended to build on the Farley property, Cataraqui Ward, sheds for the extra engines now in the service of the K. & P. R.R., the present building (near the barracks) being insufficient.

SPLENDID POTATOES.—Mr. James Matthews exhibits as the production of his garden on Sydenham Street, potatoes of large size and excellent quality. They are equal to the best coming under our observation this season.

BRUSH FACTORY.—Mr. G. M. Elliott, Secretary-Treasurer of the brush factory, visited the city to have an interview with Sir R. J. Cartwright in regard to the obtaining of one of his buildings for an enlargement of the manufactory in Napanee.

ILLEGAL BATHING.—Three boys have been reported by the police for bathing at improper hours at Murney Point. Another prosecution, therefore, looms up, and yet this is the nineteenth century and Kingston has no place that a lad can bathe in during daylight.

A HANDSOME BONUS.—The profit system of life insurance having been lately under discussion, Mr. McRossie presents a sample case from the Canada Life Insurance Co'y. Mr. John S. Smyth, of this city, whose annual premium is $67.00, to day received a bonus grant of $51.61.

RAILWAY STRIKE.—On Tuesday a second strike occurred among the shovellers and carters on the N. & T. RR. The difficulty seems to be that the men are not willing to work a month without pay—nor willing to have two weeks back pay retained by the contractor. The matter will be easily adjusted.

12TH AT ARDEN.—There were two visiting Orange Lodges, Olden and Parham, and the Olden 'Prentice Boys, making, with the two local lodges, five in all. After dinner the lodges and their friends repaired to Mr. Osborne's grove, where addresses were given by Revds. Edwards and Tapping, and the Masters of the lodges; Joshua Cox, D.M. presiding.

SOULE'S PILLS.—Mr. A. T. Soule, President of the Hop Bitters Company, has written to Kingston parties, asking if there is a course here upon which fifteen can row at the same time, and if the steamboat and the railway companies will grant a percentage on their earnings during the regatta week, if so how much? It is evident by this that no decision has yet been made as to where the big race will be rowed.

OUR DRY DOCK.—We are informed that the Government is favourable to the granting of a loan to the Kingston dry dock on terms similar to those upon which the Halifax dock was in this way assisted—that is, it will be advanced 1½ per cent. on the capital stock, to be paid annually during a period of ten years. Arrangements are being made to resume the work of construction at an early date.

REALLY A FAVOUR.—Some people think that the magistrate should have sent Pearl Reed whence she came, Rochester; others, including a lawyer, allege that the punishment was excessive. The magistrate did what some of the leading citizens think was wisest under the circumstances. The Mercer Institute is not a prison; in it the girl will be reformed if such a thing is possible.

McLEOD SCHOLARSHIPS.—The examination for these scholarships has again been postponed. Mr. Inspector Kidd has been confined to bed since the close of the Intermediate examination and is totally unfit for work. Mr. Knight refused to go on with the examination, feeling that, at least, two of the three examiners should be present. Eleven girls and nine boys presented themselves this morning. The date of holding the examination will be advertised.

NOT A MEMBER.—The fire brigade has been credited with having for a member a young man whose disgraceful escapades for a couple of weeks past culminated in a disgraceful performance on Friday night last. The facts are, however, that he was recently suspended for drunkenness when off duty, and not improving in his conduct, was on Thursday evening last struck off the roll and expelled. All that could be done to reform him was advanced by his brother firemen, but their counsel and interest were but illy requited.

HELPING THEIR TOWN.—The Grand Junction Railway is helping Belleville business men. On Saturdays return tickets are issued to Belleville from all regular stations at single fare. And on evening trains out of Belleville return tickets are sold every Saturday, to all stations, good to return on the following Monday, at single fare. The K. & P. Railway can afford to do as much for Kingston, which has done more for it than ever Belleville did for the Grand Junction road.

POLICE COURT.

Notable Attendants—The Auburn Case—Criminal Docket Lengthening—Accidental Drowning.

At the Police Court one has the opportunity to study various phases of human nature. There are some who daily file an appearance there, who are as regular in their arrival and departure as if acting in the performance of a duty, who have certain choice positions which they invariably occupy, and whose interest in the proceedings shows no abatement, however long and wearying they may be to others. These are the fixtures, without whose presence the machinery of the court is defective. And they are not mere ornaments, but real sympathetic, sensitive, creatures, whose hearts are easily moved. The recital of a humourous passage causes them to smile blandly, and even to laugh occasionally, but the unchangeable features of the Sergt.-Major as he casts a searching glance across the room, serves as to produce a calm in keeping with the dignity of the court. At times, however, a feeling of sadness is apparent when some unfortunate one rises to plead her cause, and, amid sobs, advances some excuse in extenuation of her offence. The witnesses in the front seats gaze tenderly upon her and tears, big and plentiful, course down their cheeks. As a matter of fact a few of these "courtiers" frequently miss a meal rather than leave while there's ought to be seen; some would never have a meal if allowed to linger in and loiter as they pleased about a place whose very walls fascinate them. The scandal, the exhibitions of fallen humanity, the petty disputes of quarrelsome citizens, the statement of singular things men and women do in their angry and foolish moments, are, as it were, meat and drink to them, without which they would be unhappy, as was quite apparent on Saturday morning when they were hustled unceremoniously out just as they had settled themselves for the enjoyment of what had previously been announced as an uncommon entertainment.

The docket this morning was very light, and hence the attendance was confined to those having business with the magistrate.

Robert Hewitt, a bibulist, made many promises to do better in future, but the magistrate thought little of them, and made the prisoner feel quite bad by fining him $2. The side of his head being considerably scratched, the inference was drawn that he had been trying to stand on his ear.

John Coulter, for disorderly conduct, was fined $1 and costs—light punishment.

John Fowler was accused of larceny. The magistrate wished he could do something to make him a better man, that his conduct was only reprehensible when under the influence of liquor. He obtained another chance to reform.

Mrs. Dine appeared and stated that it would cost $2.50 to repair the damage done to her windows by Mrs. Aubin. The magistrate asked the prisoner and learned that she had four children, aged respectively 4, 8, 12 and 14. These, his worship said, it was proposed to place under the guardianship of some one else, while she (the mother) would be sent out of the city—to the Mercer Institute, we presume. Mrs. Aubin left the court in tears.

A small boy was charged by Capt. Gaskin with stealing a piece of plank from the M.T. Company's wharf. The captain said he was annoyed by a number of boys, who purloined everything they could carry off. He was determined to stop the thieving. This being Welsh's first offence he was let off with one day's imprisonment.

Two cases, neglecting to remove nuisances, were disposed of by the defendants being fined $1 and costs each.

WHAT'S THE NEWS?

Laconic Replies given by some of those to whom the above Stereotyped Question has been Addressed.

Sunday picnics are not an uncommon thing.

Vennor's hurricane was due on the 17th or 18th.

The Oddfellows' excursion took place to-day.

The foundation of the cotton mill has been nearly completed.

The Utica club are at their resort on the head of Carleton Island.

St. Vincent de Paul Society's picnic will be announced in a few days.

The stone work about the city building is being carefully, very carefully, pointed.

The Aldermen are in no humour for attending Council meetings during the hot weather.

In the light of recent occurrences a once exciting burglary at the drill shed is now discredited.

The grass in the parks has been given away on condition that it is properly cut and cleanly removed.

The Friday evening lark with Pearl Reed will likely tend to the loss of his present situation by one young man.

The reported burglary at Dr. Henderson's no longer excites attention. It is clearly a myth. Oh, those belles of the kitchen!

To-morrow being the feast of St. Vincent de Paul, Mass will be celebrated at 6 a.m., for the members of the Society of the same name.

St. Paul's Sunday School picnic will be held on Wednesday afternoon on Sampson's farm, near the asylum; to be reached by street cars and on foot.

Probably fifteen of those who studied in the city schools will pass the Intermediate examination. The papers were sent to Toronto on Saturday.

London has coolly decided to annex London South or New Brighton, without consulting the villagers. What would the Portsmouth people say of Kingston were it to attempt a similar feat?

The steam yacht "Sylvia" has left Kingston, having been purchased by Messrs. Helliwell and Fessenden, of Napanee. We have a dozen or two still left, and can spare a few more for ambitious towns.

Messrs. Wood & Parr, of Brockville, have obtained the first contract for the construction of the Toronto and Ottawa Railway from Madoc five miles eastward. The contractors advertise for 200 men and offer $1.25 per day.

MARINE NOTES.

Dullness in the Harbor—Work at the Shipyards—Accidental Accident.

The barge Advance is receiving new timbers, new sides and a new deck at the M.T. Co's. wharf.

The shipyards near Cataraqui bridge looks as if considerable work has been done at them. The ways have been improved.

The str. Ontario, running between Kingston and Montreal, via Ottawa, has been detained, pending her compliance with the customs regulations now very strictly enforced.

Welland Canal—Round Down.

G. M. Neelon, Toledo, Kingston, timber.
Anglo Saxon, Toledo, Garden Island, timber.
Gulnair, Romney, Collinsby, timber.

Arrivals.

Str. Algerian, Montreal, pass. and fgt.
Str. Spartan, Hamilton, pass. and fgt.
Str. Magnet, Prescott, pass. and fgt.
Prop. Cuba, Ogdensburg, pass. and fgt.
Prop. Persia, Montreal, pass. and fgt.
Prop. Glenfinlas, Port Dalhousie, 20,000 wht.
Schr. Singapore, Toledo, 12,014 corn.
Schr. Vienna, Port Dalhousie, 9,404 wht.
Schr. C. Marsh, Hamilton, 15,457 wht.
Schr. G. Suffel, Oswego, 100 tons coal.
Schr. Forest Queen, Charlotte, 260 tons coal.

Lake Freights.

Toronto—Dull and unchanged at 1½c wheat to Kingston.

Chicago—Freights dull, and rates nominal with no charters reported to Canadian ports.

Detroit—Freights dull and nominal, 5½c to Kingston and 8c. to Montreal. Charters reported: Bessie Barwick, two cargoes of pine timber, Duncan City to Garden Island, $80.

Toledo—Freights continue very dull at 6½c. on wheat and 6c. on corn to Montreal, with nothing offering to other ports. Charter reported: Mediterranean, coal to Kingston, $1.50.

Steamboating in 1818.

A friend of the *Star* has exhibited the backboard of an ancient mirror on which is pasted the first page of the Montreal *Herald*, on Saturday evening, November 7, 1818. Among other things to which it is said to have made reference is the following: "The steamboat "Frontenac," James Mackenzie, master, left Kingston for York on the 1st, 11th, and 21st days of each month; left York for Kingston on the 3rd, 13th and 23rd; left Niagara for Kingston on the 6th, 16th and 26th. The bay and river steamboat "Charlotte" left Prescott for Kingston every Thursday and Saturday morning."

Catching the Chain Tug.

Since the chain tug is working so far out in the rapids, it makes it very dangerous for boats to get up them, as they have to swing before they are really over the pitch. The str. Corinthian, on Friday, came so near the chain tug that the left point of her paddle-box and her paddles touched the chains which are out on each side of the tug to keep her in position. These were quickly slackened by the men on the tug. Had they not noticed the accident it is thought the Corinthian would have been capsized.

The pilots of the mail steamers think they will have to canal it after this, as they run too great a risk in the river.

Accident to the Corsican.

The steamer Corsican struck and knocked a hole in her bottom yesterday morning while ascending the pitch in the Gallops Rapids. As there was a strong north wind blowing she took a shear and struck the shoal, which is a sharp perpendicular rock at that point. As the water commenced to run in she listed badly to the starboard and Capt. Sinclair ran her down to the sand beach, about one mile east of Cardinal, and grounded her in 8 feet of water. She had on about fifty passengers and about 150 tons of freight. With the assistance of the pumps the hands succeeded in keeping the water down and preventing her freight from being damaged. The steamer Cultivateur, on her way down, stopped and took the Corsican's passengers to Prescott and afterwards lightened her of her freight. The pilot thinks he can take the injured steamer to Montreal with the assistance of a pump which is now on its way from here, having left to-day by the steamer Traveller with John Donnelly in charge. As the Corsican was lying in American waters the Cultivateur was obliged, by the Ogdensburg Customs officer, to pay $180 tonnage dues.

The str. Magnet has taken the place of the str. Corsican on the regular line for the present, the str. Norseman will replace the Magnet, and the Hastings runs on the Port Hope and Charlotte route.

A telegram this afternoon says the str. Corsican listed over a great deal more during the night.

Deacon of the Church.

In St. Mary's Cathedral yesterday morning, at 8 o'clock, his lordship the Bishop officiated, assisted by the Rev. Fathers Twohey and Kelly. The bishop conferred on the Rev. Mr. Hartrick the order of deacon. On next Sunday morning, at the same hour, the reverend gentleman will be elevated to the priesthood. There was a large congregation present to witness the interesting and impressive ceremony. At 10:30 o'clock the Rev. Father Twohey officiated, and the Rev. Father Kelly preached an eloquent and practical sermon on the miraculous multiplication of the loaves and fishes, taking his text from St. Mark viii. 1st and following verses. In the evening Vespers were sung.

A Destructive Storm.

On Saturday Brockville was visited by a terrific hurricane. The storm began by a heavy fall of rain and very loud thunder, followed almost immediately by large hail stones driven with terrific force by a tremendous gale. Great damage has been done throughout the town. The new window in the Roman Catholic Church, recently placed there in memory of the late Bishop O'Brien, was more or less shattered.

REMEMBER to pay your water rate and save the discount.

KINGSTON PENITENTIARY.

Life and Surroundings of Seven Hundred Convicts—Economy Evident—Corridors—How the Prisoners are Employed.

(*Globe*)

The aspect of the penitentiary buildings at Kingston is not so gloomy as popular imagination conceives. The great length of wall that slope down to the shore on two sides, and front the lake and Portsmouth harbour on the others, are cheerful and elegant in appearance. The masonry and architecture are in good taste, and the light coloured stone has a pleasing effect. The height of the walls, and the watch-towers which here and there surmount them, are the only appearances which suggest the penal nature of the institution; but these are not peculiar to penitentiaries and do not lessen to any marked degree the pleasing general effect of the surroundings.

The great gateway, with its locks and bars, and guards standing key in hand, is the first appearance which suggests the gloominess of the life within. And the portal passed, the well kept winding gravel walks, the grassy lawn, and the flower garden, flashing in the full glory of crimson, lilac and green, and redolent with perfume, are no sufficient to draw the stranger's view from the barred windows that rise row above row in front, and make him realize to some extent the feelings of the manacled man who passes the gloomy portals behind and hears the hinges grate and the lock click a doleful welcome to this receptacle of blasted lives. The spacious corridors with the rooms of the officers on either side are tasteful, but the pervading gloom is heightened by the appearance of occasional convicts in their garb, one half black or brown, and the other yellow or white.

THE DORMITORY CELLS.

A courteous official proceeds to show the visitor through the premises, and the first place entered produces an impression never to be forgotten. A great circular space paved with stone is surrounded by stone walls of a giddy height. Around the walls project circle after circle and tier above tier—light iron galleries till the circle of the great glass dome breaks the monotony. From the summit of the dome a magnificent panorama of hill and valley, lake and river, is to be seen, but the visitor hesitates when he looks up to the great concave above him and is told that the only means of obtaining the desired view is a rope ladder carving up the inside of the dome and suspending the climber like a fly on the ceiling at a height of 157 feet above the hard pavement below. From this circular hall extend in every direction long dark corridors of enormous height. Corresponding with the tiers of circular galleries are straight galleries leading along the corridors, off which are the cells of the convicts, long, low, narrow and dark. The cells, which are only about two feet and a half wide, contain a low couch at their farther end, filling up the cell from side to side, and affording the sleeper but little room to turn in his dismal night thoughts. At the head of the couch is a little barred opening, on the sill of which a lamp is placed and kept burning till 9 p.m., when the whole place becomes dark, and nothing is heard save the stealthy step of the guard as he paces up and down the corridors, or peeps through holes in the wall opposite each cell observes, unsuspected, the movements of any prisoner he may deem it necessary to watch. When the prisoners retire at night each row of cells is locked by a single movement—an improvement invented by a former convict.

This great dormitory affords sleeping accommodation to over eight hundred prisoners, but though kept scrupulously neat and clean, and as attractive as prison necessities will permit has a terrible air of gloom. Everywhere are stone and iron, and locks and bars, and dull twilight. The air is chilly, though outside the heat is stifling. The voice has a sepulchral echo in the long, dark corridors, and every footfall rings along the pavement with a hollow sound.

THE CONVICTS AT DINNER.

Your correspondent was privileged to see another very interesting phase of prison life—the noon meal in the large dining hall. Here nearly seven hundred convicts were ranged on benches, every man supplied with tin cup and plate, and iron knife, fork and spoon. The Deputy Warden superintended affairs, aided by several other officers and prison guards. Perched on stools seven or eight feet high scattered through the hall were eagle-eyed guards watching every movement of the convicts, who sat in silence eating their meals.

CAPITAL PRISON FARE.

Prison fare is generally supposed to be meagre and barely sufficient to sustain a vigorous life, but there is nothing in the fare at Kingston to prevent a man becoming fat upon it. The allowance is liberal, and the variety almost as great as is enjoyed by many a poor man outside prison walls. The bread, white and brown, samples of which your correspondent partook of, is as wholesome and palatable as most city bakers furnish their customers. The soup, however, is the dish *par excellence* of the penitentiary, and would do credit to the table of the best hotel in Canada. The quality of the food was such, one could not help feeling that penitentiary food might be a powerful incentive to crime. A minute or two beside the great kettles in the kitchen after dinner extracted the information that over 500 pounds of meat are used in making one day's soup for the prisoners, and hence some of the good qualities of the article.

THE APPEARANCE OF THE PRISONERS.

Before half-past twelve the prisoners had finished their repast and sat quietly waiting the orders of the Deputy-Warden. A strange assemblage it seemed. Here were gathered nearly seven hundred of the murderers, thieves, and desperadoes of the country. Grey hairs appeared here and there; middle-aged men were present in considerable numbers; but the majority were comparatively young men, many not out of their teens. Dark, sullen countenances and lurid eyes in which slumbered the fire of terrible passion, pale expressionless faces, dull, stupid, and sensual ones were the most noticeable, but here and there were the faces, sad and thoughtful, of young men who evidently had many a pang of the keenest remorse when they thought of the "what might have been." In other garb than the prison's monotonous bi-colours, many might have passed for Divinity students, while fully a half of the whole assemblage were not more wicked-looking than some of the gangs of young roughs who congregate in our parks and at other places of resort on public holidays. Out of the seven hundred convicts, one hundred were murderers, while forgers and thieves made up a large proportion of the remaining number.

AFTER DINNER OCCUPATIONS.

Grace was said by the Deputy Warden, and it being shaving day, a dozen or more convict barbers came forward and were furnished with razors. Then one file after another of convicts came forward and took their turn in the chairs. Meanwhile the Roman Catholic and Episcopal choirs withdrew to their separate chapels for half an hour's practice in vocal music and a class of uneducated prisoners went upstairs to their class-room for half an hour's study. Your correspondent followed to the class-room and found the prisoners coming over their first, second or third books, or obtaining volumes from the library, the existence of which brings into vivid contrast the prison life of Howard's time and that of our own day. In the spacious Episcopal chapel a choir of over a dozen convicts, including hymns, another convict manipulating the organ. The voices were clear and melodious, and kept time with remarkable precision.

HOW THE PRISONERS ARE EMPLOYED.

At one o'clock the prisoners filed out into the yard, where, after being searched, they were marched off to their respective shops. The shops are a most interesting feature of the penitentiary, and well worthy of extended notice. A large foundry for the manufacture of carpenters' hardware and castings for Government buildings, a carpenter shop and furniture factory, a tailor shop, a shoe shop, and a stone-cutting establishment, furnish employment for nearly all the prisoners. Picking oakum and breaking stone engage the attention of a few. The choice of an occupation largely lies with each prisoner, but, of course, each preference must meet with the approval of the prison authorities before being acceded to. In the washing and drying rooms connected with the prison the very latest improvements are used, and the same may be said of every department of the institution.

A CLEAN BILL.

Everything is scrupulously neat and clean; the prisoners are managed with a firm but gentle hand, and while sufficient punishment is employed to check misconduct, great encouragement of a moral nature is given to good behaviour. Prisoners who show a reformation receive a measure of confidence which cannot fail to make their chances of success, when they again enjoy liberty, very much better than they otherwise would be.

PERSONAL MENTION.

In Montreal—Major Walker, R.E.

In the city—Mr. H. Horsey, architect, of Ottawa.

Mr. J. R. Spackman, a well-known actor, and for many years with the Holmans, has leased the Grand Opera House in Hamilton.

E. Comp. Fleming Rowland, of Kingston, has been appointed Second Assistant Sojourner of Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Masons.

Rev. Mr. Lord, of Boston, preached in the First Congregational Church last evening, while Rev. Dr. Jackson conducted service at Garden Island.

Jessie Yokes, the "Lucinda Scrubb" of the Yokes family, was recently married to E. Warren Wright, one of the players in the opening comedy the other evening.

Wallace Ross has challenged Hanlan to row him for two thousand dollars a side, four or five miles with a turn, the race to come off on one of the United States lakes.

Ven. Archdeacon Lauder, of Ottawa, writes to say that he is rapidly improving, and that there is no foundation for the alarming despatches sent to the press from Ottawa.

Mr. Blake, on Saturday, visited a large number of manufacturing establishments at St. John. To-day he starts for Gagetown, where a political picnic will be held.

Gunner Hunter, of "A" Battery, won first prize in the big gun shooting for the prize of the Dominion Artillery Association, at the Island of Orleans, making 30 points out of a possible 60.

The principal officers elected by Grand Chapter of Masons are: Grand Z., Comp. Donald Ross, of Picton; Grand H., Comp. Judge McPherson, of Owen Sound; Grand J., Comp. Thos. Sargent, of Toronto.

Mr. D. McArdle, of the Model School, left yesterday morning for St. Catharines, where he will remain for a couple of days, thence proceed to Toronto and thence to Manitoba. He will be absent about a month.

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Bower, of Cataraqui, have arrived from England in good health, and in good spirits also over the arrangement of matters in connection with the valuable legacy that has fallen to them. Their friends congratulate them on their good fortune.

Concerning the rumoured approaching departure of H. R. H. the Princess Louise for Canada, an inquiry at the office of the Allen Line was answered by the statement that no application had been made for her accommodation on any of the vessels of that line.

"A SOUND MIND IN A HEALTHY BODY."—The old Roman idea of the highest degree of happiness. The liver rules the roast, indigestion creates anarchy in the physical system. Costiveness, biliousness, dizziness and bad taste in the mouth, yellow skin and eyes, loss of appetite, loss of energy, and low spirits, pains in the back and side, wind and foul stomach, all these create bad blood. Regulate the bowels, stomach, liver, and kidneys with Zopess, (from Brazil) try a 10 cent sample, and ask Henry Wade or Heath & Gunn about it.

A GREAT SUCCESS IN SERGE FOR SUITINGS.—Z. Prevost, at the New York Clothing Store, is having great success in his serge suitings, having on hand English, Irish and Canadian serges. His English serges at $10 a suit (made to order) are taking the trade in the city.

TWO FARMS FOR SALE at a cheap rate; also, one spring waggon, one buggy, one sleigh, and one cutter. The foregoing will be sold at a waggon, as the owner is going to the west. Apply to the owner, William David, Ireland's, Princess Street, Kingston.

HYGEANIA of kava can be had at William David's, opposite Parkhill's, Princess-St. Bring on your boys.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY
—YOUR—
Butter, Eggs, Teas, Sugars, Bacon, Lard
—AND OTHER—
Groceries!
—AT—
Very Low Prices,
—GO TO—
H. Weaver's
New Grocery Store, Market Square, next door to King's Drug Store, Kingston, Ont.
May 27, '81.

Great Success! Great Success!

HAVING been very successful since our upsetting, we have bought the largest and best assortment of TIES ever shown in this city, in all the Latest Novelties.

Prices lower than ever!
Inspection Invited!

W. REEVES & CO.
King Street, 4 doors from Princess Street.
July 14.

ALEX. ROSS
Lawn Tennis & Boating Hats!
Something NEW and very NICE. The CLEARING SALE of SUMMER DRESS GOODS still continues.
July 16.

An Established Fact!
That the Cheapest Place to buy DRY GOODS and MILLINERY is at the NEW DRY GOODS STORE.
THE CLEARING SALE OF SUMMER GOODS A GRAND SUCCESS.
ALL OUR PATRONS PLEASED.

Special Lines for this week:
1 Lot Gent's White Shirts, 65c. each or two for $1.25
Regatta 90c. " 1.00
Working 50c. " 90
75c. " 1.35
Merino Undershirts 40c. 75c. a suit.

REMNANTS in every department selling Cheap.
Spence & Crumley's,
OPPOSITE CITY HOTEL. 132, 134 PRINCESS ST.
July 16.

WALSH & STEACY,
PRINCESS 106 STREET.
Their WHITE GOODS DEPARTMENT is well assorted in all the Newest and Most Popular Makes of Goods. HANDSOME WHITE LAWNS at 9c, 10c, 12½c, 15c and 20c per yard. One case of new EMBROIDERIES—very cheap.
WALSH & STEACY,
July 15. 106 Princess Street.

Remnant Sale!
A SUCCESS!
REMNANTS selling rapidly! We have a small quantity yet remaining. Call and see them if you want a BARGAIN.
F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.
July 14.

Dunbar & Co.
Are now showing a Magnificent Stock of
Gent's Scarfs and Ties!
Newest and Cheapest Goods. Finest DRESS SHIRTS in the city; guaranteed to fit; at prices which cannot be beaten. See our fine assortment of NEW REGATTA SHIRTS. Calls solicited and compare our Regatta Shirts (with two Collars) which we offer for $1. Our stock of UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SUSPENDERS, is the finest and cheapest. We are still showing a Splendid Selection of SCOTCH TWEEDS, WORSTEDS, very fine SERGES, HALIFAX TWEEDS, &c., at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction.
DUNBAR & CO., Merchant Tailors,
July 13. Corner of Princess and Wellington Streets.

Good Trunks, Valises and Satchels!
AT LOW PRICES.
HAINES & LOCKETT
Saratoga Trunks, Express Trunks, Dominion Trunks, Mansard Trunks.
Cheap Valises, Medium Leather Valises, Extra Grain Leather Valises.
Low Priced Satchels, Medium Priced Satchels, Extra Fine Satchels.
Shawl Straps, Trunk Straps, and all Traveller's Requisites.
July 8. HAINES & LOCKETT, City Boot Store.

JUST RECEIVED!
A LARGE ARRIVAL OF VERY FINE NEW DARK PRINTS
Very Choice and Very Cheap!
RICHMOND & BOYDEN.
July 5th.

Gents' Furnishings Cheap!
Men's Colored Shirts, "French Cambric," with 2 Collars, $1. Men's White Unpressed Shirts, Good Linen, Best Cotton, $1.10. Men's Cotton Undershirts at 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c and 75c. Men's Cotton Pants, 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c and 75c. Men's Under Gauze Shirts and Pants at low prices. Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Pants, 70c, 75c, 90c and $1. Men's Fancy and Solid Colors, Cotton Socks, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c. Men's Silk Socks, Beautiful Colors, $1 and $1.50. Shirt Collars, 3 and 4 fold, 12½c, 15c and 20c. Colored Silk Handkerchiefs, Linen Handkerchiefs, Ties and Scarfs at low prices.
R. WALDRON, Wilson's Buildings.
June 23.

Nothing Like Getting the Best Article at the Lowest Price!
GIBBARD & SON'S
FURNITURE!
Is taking the lead and WHY?
BECAUSE they have it all manufactured at their own Factory and employ none but skilled workmen, use the best material and sell cheaper than any other House in Ontario. They are receiving orders from Toronto, Montreal, Belleville, Kingston and other large cities and towns, and still they come, so that their Factory is worked to its utmost capacity.
Photos and Prices can be seen and had from J. E. Hutcheson, Esq., Kingston.
May 11. J. GIBBARD & SON, Napanee.

FINE CLOTHING!
We believe we hold the Largest Stock and Greatest Variety of Fancy Tweeds, Worsteds, &c., in the City, which we make to order in First-Class Style.
PRICES RIGHT. INSPECTION INVITED
The People's Clothing House
C. LIVINGSTON.
May 6.

WORTHY OF NOTICE.
LATELY ARRIVED AT
Thos. Moore's
Clothing House, Brock St.
A FULL LINE of Scotch, English, Irish and Canadian TWEEDS. Coming in Suit lengths as they do there will be a LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT.
THE PEOPLE
can appreciate BARGAINS, a fact which was clearly proven during our Clearing Sale of Ready Made Clothing last Fall. Our SPRING SALE of Ready-Made Clothing commences to-day and will continue till further notice. Our prices defy competition.
April 9th. THOS. MOORE, 99 Brock St.