Daily British Whig.

The tactics which seem to find favor in the present Dominion Parliament would seem to be first to attempt the repeal of a given law, and, failing this, to so amend it as to render it next to useless for the purpose for which it was placed upon the statute book. This is the course being pursued with the Temperance Act, and the same policy is also being applied to the Supreme Court. Failing to repeal it its opponents are now trying to limit its appellate jurisdiction. We sincerely trust that this covert assault will not succeed.

The nominations in East Northumberland and Carleton, N.B., are to take place on the 18th inst., and the polling, as usual, will be one week thereafter. Quite a crow was indulged in by certain Tory journals because Mr. McCallum declined the Liberal nomination for the former constituency, although ill-health was the only reason for the gentleman's action. To interpret this as a sign of party weakness was premature enough, as the result will show. A Liberal standard bearer will be forthcoming with every reasonable prospect that he will this time carry the colours of his party to victory.

Unless the first accounts are misleading the prisoners who have been the first to be plunged into the "British Bastiles" in Ireland are having a very good time. The diet is said to be generous both in victuals and drink and the discipline is anything but severe and does not very severely interfere with the liberty of the subject. Substantial food, with wine, beer and tobacco, is much more liberal than ordinary prison fare, while the alleged opportunity of six hours each day for social intercourse and exercise is almost too good to be true. We hope for the sake of the patriot prisoners that the first reports of their being so considerately, not to say handsomely treated, will prove true. If they thus continue to enjoy a themselves while ostensibly in gaol it will be rather difficult to get up a cry about suffering the horrors of a living martyrdom in British dungeons.

The Civil Service Commission was appointed by a Government upon whose partizan behavior the report of that Commission is the severest possible reflection. There never was a Government which more shamelessly dismissed from and appointed to the public service than has the present Dominion Ministry, and, therefore, the strictures upon such conduct which the report contains are all so many implied censures upon the Government. The Commission consists of the creatures of the Government and the affected political virtue which prevades their report is only a fresh illustration of Satan reproving sin or rather of Satan rebuking himself. The only rational explanation of the enigma lies in the theory that the present occupants of the treasury benches are convinced, like the jubilee minstrels, that they "hain't got long to stay there" and that, packing the public offices with the hacks of their own party, they will render their places secure to them by enforcing a different system upon the party that will come into power at the next election.

Sir John Macdonald will to-day, says the *Globe*, move that the Government confess the entire series of promises made during the 1878 campaign to have been knowingly fraudulent; not in those words, of course, but the resolution of which he has given notice amounts to exactly that and nothing more. The Canada Pacific Railway is, as everybody knows, exempted from Customs taxation on fish plates, bolts, nuts, bridges, and several other articles made in this country. Sir John proposes, now, that the Government shall take power to repay to the Canadian manufacturers of those articles, in respect of such quantities thereof as are purchased by the Railway Company, the amount of the Customs duties on the materials entering into their construction. This forms a distinct admission that the said duties *do* increase the cost of the articles to the home consumer. As with these duties, so with others. They are simply taxes on the consumer, imposed partly by the Government and partly by the manufacturers. There is not a single Protectionist oracle in the Dominion that cannot be convicted of having asserted that the increase of duties would not increase the cost of protected articles to the consumer. And now we have this official admission that Canadians, and not foreigners, pay the Customs taxation.

SCOTT ACT.

Last year an attempt to virtually repeal the Scott Act was successful in the Commons, but was defeated by a narrow majority in the Senate. This session the Houses have respectively changed sides upon this question, the assault upon the Act having been defeated in the Commons and successful in the "Lords." Mr. Boultbee's bill, to require a clear majority of all the names on the voters' list to adopt the Act, was defeated by a respectable majority, while more recently the Senate has adopted an amendment to the Bill which for all practical purposes repeals it. The new Act exempts the sale of ales, porter, beer, wine, etc., from the operation of the Act wherever the people may adopt it. This nullifies the Act, for if these exempted articles are allowed to be sold the temperance men will hardly go to the trouble of local campaigns necessary for the adoption of the Act, merely for the purpose of attempting to suppress the sale of the stronger liquors. The more manly course to take would be to repeal the Act at once. The Amending Bill has yet to come before the Commons, and the chances are, that it will be adopted there also.

STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS.

Wages of the Kingstonians Just as Good as Those of St. Kitts.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

DEAR SIR,—I noticed in the *Daily News* of the 8th of March the following paragraph:

"GOOD WAGES.—An engineer, writing from St. Catharines, states that times are to be particularly good this season in his line. The engineers' pay there and at Port Dalhousie will be $65 per month, board included. Kingston engineers are to receive $50 per month, a difference of $15."

Now, Mr. Editor, if you will permit me to speak through your paper I can contradict the statement in regard to Kingston engineers. I refer to propellers passing through the Welland Canal, as does also this St. Catharines correspondent. There is not one engineer engaged out of Kingston for less than $65 per month and expenses while fitting out. And for the information of this engineer, who thinks himself so well posted and so well remunerated for his labor, I would state, and am prepared to prove what I say, that there are three Kingston engineers who have refused $75 per month. One engaged at that figure; and one Montreal engineer that I know of—is engaged for $900 for the season. Of course there are small steamers and tugs here and in St. Catharines the owners of which cannot afford to pay more than $50 per month, and in some instances even less than that figure. In conclusion, I would say that the Kingston engineers are second to none on fresh water in ability or Government qualifications, consequently their services are always in demand. Thanking you for so much of your valuable space,

I remain, sir, yours, etc.,
KINGSTON ENGINEER.

Kingston, March 10th, '81.

FORTY FOOT ROAD.

A Ratepayer Does not Endorse the Council's Recent Action.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

SIR,—It is amusing to contemplate the fuss that our Councillors are making with regard to the Government closing the Forty Foot road, a road that is of no use to the village, and upon which many of the inhabitants have never travelled so far as the water's edge. The majority of the inhabitants, outside of the Council, seem to be very little concerned about the closing, and think that according to the present state of the finances of the village the offer of the Government should be accepted. Sir, you can see by the following what a far-seeing and eccentric body our Council are: A short time ago they were about to lay down a new sidewalk along the Asylum property and they applied to the authorities to assist, but because they did not seem to assist so far as our Council thought they should have done, it was agreed among the latter to lay the walk on the opposite side of the road; but the ratepayers not being pleased with this matter the Council reconsidered the matter and laid the walk on the proper side, the authorities very kindly paying one half of the cost. Sir, I see by the issue of the 10th inst., that a numerously signed requisition has been served upon Mr. George Sexton, Reeve, calling upon him to hold a public meeting in the Town Hall on the 14th inst. Such may be the case, but I have been in conversation with a number of the ratepayers and they seem to know nothing about it, so that it cannot be numerously signed. But perhaps after the meeting on the 14th inst. the Lieutenant-Governor may see his way clear to agree with our Council and veto the act.

Yours truly,
A RATEPAYER.

Portsmouth, March 11, '81.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—In nine years the Church of England has contributed $28,000,000 for purposes of religious education.

—The disease at the London Orphans' Home, has now attacked forty of the children, leaving only eight unaffected.

—The great bridge across the Firth of Forth in Scotland has been abandoned because of the disaster to the Tay Bridge.

—A London, Ont., accountant, named Compton, has fallen heir to $100,000 in England, and will go home at once to take possession.

—The English House of Lords has negatived a motion to open the National Galleries and Museums on Sunday by a vote of 84 to 41. Beaconsfield voted against it.

—The Geological Society of London, England, has conferred on Principal Dawson, of Montreal, the Sir Charles Lyell medal, founded as a reward for important geological discoveries.

—The French Consul has written to inquire whether Canadian pork is debarred entrance into France. Should the answer be that it is not some Canadian pork dealers will reap a small fortune.

—A young grocery merchant visited Hyde Park, near London, on Sunday afternoon, and entering the Methodist Church proceeded to light and smoke a cigar. He was ordered out and wished to fight the whole congregation. He was forcibly ejected.

—An Ottawa evening paper charges the members of the corporation with paying cheques without the sanction of either the Finance Committee or the Council. The paper in question says a number of ratepayers are about to ask for a Royal Commission to examine into the working of civic affairs.

Ottawa Events.

Ottawa, March 11.—Sir John Macdonald intimated last night that it was probable that a commission would be appointed to investigate the Supreme Court, question in consequence of the dissatisfaction existing in Quebec.

Mr. McCuaig's bill to relieve borrowers from the payment of extortionate rates of interest provides that when payments are made by annual instalments not more than 8 per cent. on the sum originally advanced shall be paid.

A Priest's Good Offices.

New York, March 11.—The *Times'* Cincinnati says that in the suit of Eliza Conahan, to recover $70,000 from Archbishop Purcell, it was developed that on his death bed Conahan confessed his insolvency to Father Edward Purcell, whereupon the latter assumed his debts and paid them and kept his widow and family, and kept up his kind services until his assignment. The testimony in the trial was the first revelation to the widow that Charles Conahan was an insolvent.

A Cruel Mother.

Charlotte, N. C., March 11.—Yesterday morning Rena, a young and handsom mulatto, ran naked through the streets to escape a cowhiding from her mother, and found refuge in a neighbor's house. The mother accused her of improprieties and lashed her naked body till the blood flowed, when the girl fled. The mother was gaoled for 30 days.

Whittaker's Letter.

New York, Mar. 11.—At the Whittaker Court Martial yesterday, expert Southworth testified that the microscope had disclosed that Whittaker had written many words of the letter of warning upon that letter sheet, as if practising, and rubbed them out before he finally wrote the warning letter.

IRISH AGITATION.

The Boyton Case Arrival of Prisoners at Dublin.

Dublin March 10.—Your correspondent had an interview with Consul Barrows regarding Michael Boyton's claim to be treated as an American citizen. Mr. Burrows states that he had no official intimation of Mr. Boyton's arrest. About four months ago Mr. Boyton called on him and left his passport, which was issued about three years ago for purposes of travel, but since his imprisonment he has not communicated with Mr. Burrows. I have good authority for stating that the American Minister at London is inclined to view the case very much as the then Minister viewed the cases which arose in the Fenian trials in 1869, namely, that Mr. Boyton having contravened the laws of the country he must bear the responsibility. The cases, however, are slightly different. The Fenians were brought to trial, whereas it is not proposed to bring Mr. Boyton to trial, and he may finally claim to have the charge against him decided by the ordinary tribunals. It is not expected that Mr. Boyton's appeal will have the desired effect.

MORE PRISONERS.

Dublin, March 9.—Several more arrests of Land Leaguers were made early this morning and more are expected this afternoon.

Only four more prisoners have been lodged in Kilmainham gaol. One is lodged in Cork gaol, who will be brought to Dublin on Friday.

LIBERALS AND THE HOME RULERS.

The *News* says that in view of the conclusion of the debates on the Coercion Bill the extreme Liberals have pressed a new policy on the attention of the Parnelites. It is proposed that by studiously moderate opposition in Committee of Supply the Home Rulers should endeavour to obliterate the strong feeling prevailing against their conduct in England. This accomplished, in the event of the Land Bill not being thoroughly satisfactory, certain Liberals will undertake to participate in an appeal to public opinion in the Provinces.

AMENDMENTS REJECTED.

London, March 10.—In the Commons last night, after the Speaker had put the remaining amendments to the Arms Bill, in accordance with Gladstone's resolution, Sir W. Harcourt moved a recommit to amend clause one, by providing compensation for arms voluntarily surrendered. It was agreed to. Mr. Parnell moved to limit the operation of the bill to June, 1884; negatived 208 to 57.

ORANGE RELIEF PARTY.

Dublin, March 11.—A relief party of seventeen Orange laborers, engaged by the Emergency Committee, left Broadstone terminus last evening for Ballynkill, Connemara, to assist the Protestant rector, Canon Fleming, recently fired at, and for a long time boycotted on account of sectarian animosity. Each laborer was armed with a rifle and revolver, allowed by special license. They will be conveyed from Galway round the coast by the frigate "Valorous," the journey by road through Connemara being deemed dangerous owing to popular excitement.

MR. PARNELL'S MANIFESTO.

London, March 11.—Mr. Parnell has issued a manifesto to the Irish electors of the country urging them to vote on Saturday for H. W. Eaton, the Conservative candidate. He points out that it is his opinion that it is of vital importance to the Irish cause that the Whig element in the ministry, whose preponderance has been so prejudicial to the true liberty, should be weakened even if a temporary gain to Conservatives should result in the swamping of the constituents.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Paris, March 11.—Parnell is expected to preside at a dinner by the Irish colony on St. Patrick's Day.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Passage of the Arms Bill—The Amendments Defeated.

London, March 10.—The House of Commons to-night resumed consideration of the Arms bill as amended. Mr. Callan (Liberal) moved a new clause that the authorities shall grant licenses to carry arms to such occupiers of agricultural holdings as shall produce a certificate signed by two justices of the county that they are fit to have such licenses. The clause was agreed to and added to the bill. After some further discussion, 10 o'clock having arrived, Mr. Gladstone's resolution that the remaining amendments be put to the vote forthwith—which had been carried by 347 to 30—came into operation. The Speaker then put the remaining amendments. The report of Committee of the Whole on the Arms bill was adopted, and the third reading of the bill fixed for Friday. The report that Mr. Playfair intends to resign the chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee is untrue.

Yesterday Sir H. Wolff called attention to the passage in President Garfield's address referring to the interoceanic canal, and asked whether the Government had communicated with the Government of the United States regarding the execution of the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty. Sir Charles Dilke in reply stated that no communication had passed, but the matter was receiving the attention of the Government.

In the Commons this afternoon Goot, Conservative, gave notice that he would on Monday move for a writ for an election at Northampton in room of Mr. Bradlaugh.

Mr. Gladstone said that Mr. Brand, President of the Orange Free State, had proposed an armistice with the Boers. The questions of appointing commissioners to examine into matters of dispute is under consideration. All rumors of peace negotiations are premature.

This afternoon Sir Harcourt moved the third reading of the Arms Bills. Mr. Parnell moved the rejection of the bills.

American Trade.

London, March 11.—In the annual report of U. S. Consul Shaw, at Manchester considers the moisture of the atmosphere of Lancashire a natural advantage in favor of English cotton spinning, which cannot be supplied in America artificially. In American wood manufactures Mr. Shaw thinks there are special reasons for expecting a great development in the demand here. In regard to cheese and butter he consels careful attention to the quality. Mr. Shaw does not consider it so easy to beat the English manufacturers in their own markets as some English writers and speakers are wont to assume.

Polar Expedition.

New York, March 11.—Commander Cheyenne, of the Royal Navy, who proposes, if £30,000 is secured, to send a vessel to St. Patrick's Bay, and from there to survey the polar region by means of balloon voyages, has invited Lieut Schwatka, of this city, to co-operate in proposed expedition.

The Under Colonial Secretary has confirmed the statement that the Governor of the Gold Coast has received a peaceful message from the King of Ashantee, but said the Governor does not yet consider the state of things quite satisfactory.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The Expenditure of the Government Severely Criticised.

(*Globe.*)

In the House yesterday Mr. Blake adverted to the increased taxation and expenditure which had characterized the present Government's advent to power, so contradictory to their promises when in Opposition, and during the campaign of 1878. In concluding he moved an amendment pointing out the facts and supporting the same by statistics, and affirming the necessity of reducing the expenditure generally, and the taxation as well; the latter to be redistributed so as to relieve the masses of the taxation on the necessities of life and fuel.

Sir Leonard Tilley's reply was brief, being little more than a reiteration of a few features of his budget speech. In explaining the decrease of free goods imported from the United States he made the rather novel admission from a protectionist standpoint that under the old tariff grain being free large quantities entered for exportation were entered as for home consumption.

Sir Richard Cartwright made a caustic criticism of Tilley's reply, and showed that the latter when in opposition refused to judge the Mackenzie Government by the very standard he now desired to be judged.

After a brief speech from Mr. White, Dr. Orton, not having heard Sir Leonard Tilley's admission about the importation of breadstuffs whilst on the free list, claimed that the decreased importation of breadstuffs for home consumption during the past two years under the tariff represented an increased market for Canadian farmers to the amount of that increase.

The amendment was lost on vote 53 yeas to 131 nays—Ministerial majority 78.

The House in Committee of Supply, passed votes for the following services: Intercolonial Railway, Canadian Pacific Railway, Canals, Census, Lighthouse and Coast Service, and Fisheries.

In Committee of Supply, during the discussion on the Pembina Branch vote, it was revealed that the Government were to gravel the road before it was presented to the syndicate, notwithstanding that Sir Charles Tupper reported last year this work had been completed by the Government.

BELLEVILLE.

Government Offices Destroyed—Military Company's Loss.

Belleville, March 11.—Shortly after 4 o'clock this morning the brick building on the corner of Bridge and Pinnacle streets was found to be on fire. Twenty minutes or more elapsed before a general alarm was sounded, and fully fifteen minutes elapsed before the engines arrived, and the flames meanwhile extended to the adjoining building and both were completely gutted before the fire was extinguished. The structure in which the fire originated was occupied by the Custom House on the ground floor. The Inland Revenue Office was on the second story, and in the third story were the armory, reading and billiard rooms of No. 1 Company of the 15th Battalion. The building was owned by Mr. James Norsworthy, whose loss is $6,000, insured for $3,000. None of the contents were saved except some furniture of the Custom House, the books of which are in the safe, as are also those of the Inland Revenue Office, but their condition is unknown as the vaults cannot be opened as yet. The arms of No. 1 Company of the 15th, together with their uniforms and other accoutrements, were destroyed. The adjoining building, which was owned by Sheriff Taylor and occupied by Mr. Geo. Thomas, was badly damaged, but is insured. The total loss is estimated at from $10,000 to $12,000.

Belleville, March 11.—The losses by the fire this morning were as follows: James Nosworthy, one building, $3,000, insured for $3,000 in the Royal; Sheriff Taylor, on building, $2,500, fully insured in the Queen; Dominion Government, on arms and accoutrements of No. 1 Company, 15th Batt., and testers in the Inland Revenue office, $2,000; No. 1 Company, 15th Batt., $400; Thomas Butler, $200; Mr. Wickett, painter, $200; J. H. Ford, photographer, $100; total, $11,300. No insurance in any of these latter cases. The fire is supposed to have originated in an office on the second floor, ocupied by E. W. Davy, Customs broker.

A fireman was injured by falling from a roof in rear of Mr. Taylor's building. A small iron safe in the Customs office did not stand the fire, and the papers which it contained were destroyed. The vaults in the Customs and Inland Revenue offices will not be opened until to-morrow.

The whole of the fire brigade have tendered their resignation because of discontent at a change about to be made by the City Council in the drivers of the fire engines and hose carts.

CLINTON.

A Very Disastrous Fire Last Night—Insurance.

Clinton, March 11.—A fire broke out out in rear of Stevenson's cabinet shop at 1 o'clock last night spreading over and demolishing Stevenson's cabinet shop; Wright & Co., dry goods, building owned by D. C. Strathy; John McGarva's grocery, owned by himself; W. Coates' brick dry goods and general store, and a large frame warehouse attached; the three storey frame, owned by D. B. Strathy, occupied by C. W. Graham as a sewing-machine depot, and the dwelling. The loss is very heavy; partly insured.

American Politics.

New York, March 11.—The *World* says conspicuous among those who failed to call upon President Garfield are Arthur and Conkling.

It has been settled that Pearson will be Postmaster of New York and Merritt will remain Collector for two years yet, the balance of his term.

Sherman could not be put upon the Senate Finance Committee because there was no Republican vacancy.

The *Herald* says Garfield stated yesterday that whoever went to Washington as an office seeker, looking for the removal of an officer against whom there was no charge of inefficiency or neglect, would come to no purpose.

Sufferings in Africa.

London, March 10.—An Alexandria despatch says: "A traveller named Gessi, second in command to Gordon Pasha at the time of the latter's campaign against the slave traders, and who has since been engaged in similar operations in Darfur, arrived at Khartoum. It is reported half of his party died of hunger."

Tichborne Case.

London, March, 11.—In the final appeal of the Tichborne claimant, to declare the sentence of two consecutive terms of seven years penal servitude on the same indictment illegal, the Lord Chancellor confirmed the decision of the courts below and dismissed the appeal.

Nip and Tuck.

New York, March 11.—In the walking match the score stood at 9 o'clock Vaughn, 357 miles; O'Leary, 350.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES.

Condensed Into Small Compass.

A Ladies' Land League has been formed at Liverpool.

The stock market was very strong and generally higher to-day.

The *Herald's* Kansas city says the loss by yesterday's fire is $450,000.

Parliamentary fatigues are telling on Gladstone since his recent accident.

Zion Congregational Church, Toronto, proposes to erect a new and larger building.

It has been snowing in Montreal since yesterday morning, and there are no signs of it ceasing.

The tone of the Constantinople negotiations gives rise to hopes that there will be no rupture of the peace.

The Legislature of Milwaukee has defeated by a close vote the women's suffrage and prohibition amendments to the state constitution.

Ten thousand dollars have been sent by the members of St. Michael's Society of New York to the Transvaal Committee in Holland.

An amiable lunatic, whose ambition in this life is to outfast Dr. Tanner, will begin operations at Chicago shortly under the auspices of a local medical school.

Floods by the overflow of the river near Edinburgh caused damages to foundries, bridges, railways, etc., estimated at £100,000.

The suit of Samuel Wilkerson against Henry Ward Beecher, for a breach of contract, to write the "Life of Christ," has been noticed for trial on the first Monday in April.

At the meeting of the shareholders of the New York *Graphic* Company, held in Montreal, the net profits for last year were shown to amount to $64,000, or 18 per cent. on the capital.

There is a decidedly strong feeling at Washington in regard to the withdrawal of the lawful money deposited by the National Banks to retire the circulation. It will be considered impracticable.

Mr. Justice Cameron will to-morrow give judgment in the extradition case of Robert McHolm, who is held in custody at Toronto, on a charge of fraud, felony and perjury, perpetrated in England.

Rev. Mr. Syvert, of Hull, wrote to the Ottawa *Free Press* last evening in effect that some miscreant threw a stone, weighing 2¼ pounds, through the window of the mission house whilst the evening service was in progress. No one was injured.

From Hon. W. H. Jones, of West Dover, Vt.

"I have been troubled from my boyhood with chronic or hereditary lung complaint. Some years since, early in the winter, I took cold, which as usual settled into a severe cough, which continued to increase as the season advanced, although I made use of all the cough remedies I had knowledge of. My family physician also prescribed for me, but I experienced no relief. During all this time I was gradually running down, losing flesh and strength, until my friends as well as myself, became very much alarmed, thinking I should waste away in consumption. While in Boston, during the spring following, I was induced to try WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. After one day's trial I was sensible that it was relieving me; in ten days' time my cough had entirely ceased, and I was soon restored to health and strength. I have ever since kept the BALSAM in my house, and whenever any member of my family has a cough or cold, it is immediately resorted to. No family should be without it."

50 cents and $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 9th March, at the residence of the bride's mother, G. T. R. Station, by the Rev. Dr. Smith, John D. Cornett, Esq., of Huron City, Michigan, to Jessie, daughter of John Donald, Esq.

DIED.

On the 10th inst., at Kingston, Ont., Berent Frolland, aged 24 years.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, 12th inst., at 3:00, from his father's residence, Wellington street. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Toronto and London papers please copy.

On Wolfe Island, on March 10th, of heart disease, Catharine, beloved wife of James Coyle, aged 65 years.

The funeral will leave her husband's residence on Saturday morning at 8:30 o'clock for Marysville Catholic Church. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, March 11.

Bank of Montreal—asked 186¼, offered 186¼, sales 50 at 5¼; 50 at 6¼, 75 at ¼, 70 at ¼.
Merchants' Bank—asked 119, offered 118¾, sales 50 at 19; 14 at 18¾; 0 at 0.
Bank of Commerce—asked 142, offered 142, sales 0 at 0; 000 at 00.
Ontario Bank—asked 101, offered 100¾, sales 47 at ¼, 50 at ¾.
Bank of Toronto—asked 149¼, offered 149, sales 50 at ¼, 00 at 0.
Molson's Bank—asked 112¾, offered 111¼, sales 0 at 0, 00 at 0.
Banque Du Peuple—asked 93, offered 90¾, sales 0 at 0.
Banque Jacques Cartier—asked 100, offered 99, sales 00 at 0.
Union Bank—asked 91¼, offered 90¾, sales 17 at ¾.
Quebec Bank—asked 00, offered 00, sales 000 at 0.
Exchange Bank—asked 67¼, offered 65, sales 00 at 0.
Montreal Telegraph Co.—asked 129¼, offered 129, sales 135 at 9; 00 at 0; 00 at 0.
Dominion Telegraph Co.—asked 92, offered 91¾, sales 100 at 2.
Montreal Gas Co.—asked 156¾, offered 156, sales 50 at 5.
City Passenger RR.—asked 118, offered 117, sales 00 at 17; 0 at 00.
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.—asked 63¼, offered 62, sales 235 at 2.
Royal Canadian Ins Co.—asked 58, offered 55, sales 00 at 0.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour, Feed and all kinds of Grain.

Dolan's Block, Princess Street, Kingston.

WHITE RUSSIAN SEED WHEAT for sale.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, March 11.

Flour—receipts 1400 barrels, sales 900 barrels. Quotations are: Superiors 5.25 to 5.30; extra 5.20 to 5.25; fancy 5.10 to 5.10; spring extra 4.95 to 5.00; superfine 4.60 to 4.70; strong baker's 5.50 to 6.00; fine 4.00 to 4.10; middlings 3.70 to 3.75; pollards 3.00 to 3.25; Ont. bags 2.40 to 2.60; city do 3.10 to 3.15.
Grains—Wheat, nominal.
Oatmeal 4.25 to 4.35.
Cornmeal 3.00 to 3.10.
Peas 80 to 82c. per 66 lbs. for cargoes.
Rye 85 to 86c.
Corn 56 to 57 in bond.
Oats 35c. to 36c. per 32 lbs.
Barley 65c. to 75c.
Provisions—Butter, Western 13 to 14c; B. & M. 14 to 18; E. T. 18 to 20c.
Cheese 12½ to 14.
Pork—Mess 17.50 to 18.50.
Hams 12 to 14.
Dressed Hogs—8.75 to 9.00 per 100 lbs.
Lard 13¼ to 14.
Bacon 9c to 11c.
Ashes—Firsts 4.00 to 4.05; pearls nominal.

GRAIN MARKETS

Chicago, March 11.—Wheat 4¾ May, 9¼ Apl. Corn 40¼ June, 2¾ March, 29 April. Pork 50 Apl. 70 May. Lard 10.80 June.

OSWEGO MARKET.

Oswego, March 11.

Wheat—Steady. White State 1.16. Red State 1.18.
Corn—Western at 56 to 57.
Barley—No. 1 Canada 1.15; No. 1 bright Canada at 1.20; No. 2 Canada at 1.15.
Rye—Canada in bond at 90½.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

New Grocery Store!

ON THE MARKET SQUARE.

Next door to King's Drug Store, a new lot of

Teas and other Groceries!

Which are offered at very low prices.

Great inducements in Teas. You can get a very nice Japan Tea for 30c per lb., equally as good as any 60c. Tea. We have a new lot of Fish on hand which we offer at very low prices. Fresh Eggs for 15c per doz. Fresh Butter from 20 to 25c per lb. A trial will convince you that you can get Groceries and Provisions at lower prices than any other house in the city, at R. WEAVER'S new Grocery Store, Market Square, next door to King's Drug Store, Kingston, Ont.

March 11, '81.

RUPTURE!

CHAS. CLUTHE'S

Patent Spiral Truss.

FOR CURE OF RUPTURE. ENTIRELY NEW PRINCIPLE.

NOTHING better and more substantial under the Sun! If you are Ruptured, or Deformed send for Book on RUPTURE AND HUMAN FRAME by Chas. Cluthe. Best information of a life long study. Natural mechanical advantages, 18 years' practical experience and best Tools money can buy, made him perfect master of his profession. Will visit as follows:

Belleville, Anglo American Hotel, 10th and 11th March, 1881.

Kingston, British American, Saturday and Monday, 12th and 14th March, 1881.

Come early. Don't wait for the last hour.

Late of Hamilton. CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. West, Toronto, Ontario.

Feb. 16.

Patent Leather Shoes for evening wear, for youths and boys, cheap, at Haines & Lockett's.

To be Opened SATURDAY, THE NEW GROCERY OF McGUIRE BROTHERS, AT THE OLD MONTREAL TEA HOUSE!

Corner of Montreal and Princess Streets.

A COMPLETE new stock of Groceries and Liquors has been purchased at advantageous prices, and will be sold at low figures.

No old Stock.

McGUIRE BROTHERS.

March 8, '81.

EYE, EAR & THROAT.

DR. GEORGE S. RYERSON, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.E.

LECTURER on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary, and consulting Oculist and Aurist to the Institutions for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb Belleville, Ont. Late Clinical Assistant Royal London Opthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, and Central London Throat & Ear Hospital.

MAY BE CONSULTED AT THE British American Hotel, Kingston, ON TUESDAY, MARCH 29TH (This day only.)

Hours—9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.

317 CHURCH STREET, TORONTO

March 2.

ALL BELFORD'S Publications AT HALF PRICE AT McAuley's Bookstore.

March 2.

NEW FRUITS RECEIVED

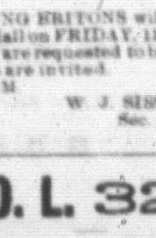
CHOICE GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS AND

Everything Suitable for the Season.

A Fresh and Select Stock always to be found at the

CHINA TEA HOUSE, Ferguson's Block, Princess St. JAS. REDDEN.

Aug. 19.



EMERGENT MEETING

OF ORANGE YOUNG BRITONS will be held in the Orange Hall on FRIDAY, 11th inst at 8 p.m. All members are requested to be present. Certificate members are invited.

By order of the W. M.

W. J. SISSONS, Sec. pro tem.

March 10.

L. O. L. 325.

THE Brethren of L.O.L. 325 are hereby summoned to attend a special meeting of above Lodge on Friday evening at 8 o'clock in the Lodge Room.

By order of the W. M.

JOHN BLACKLEY, Secretary.

March 10.

SOMETHING NEW IN Cakes, Crumpets and Scons! FRESH DAILY AT Mrs. McLaughlin's,

A few doors above the Opera House.

Kingston, March 11th, '81.

Auction Sale of Furniture, &c.

I HAVE received instructions to sell by Auction, at the residence of Mr. J. A. SKINNER, corner of Barrie and Queen Street, on WEDNESDAY, March 16th, all of the Furniture contained therein, consisting of Parlour, Dining and Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

Sale at 10.30 o'clock.

Terms cash.

J. E. HUTCHISON, Auctioneer.

Kingston, March 11th, 1881.

CARRUTHERS BROTHERS, FINANCIAL AGENTS,

CLARENCE ST. KINGSTON

MONEY LOANED on Real Estate and other securities.

Nov. 11, 1880.

R. & J. GARDINER

SPRING SEASON

OUR STAPLE DEPARTMENT

Contains a full stock of CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GREY COTTONS, WHITE COTTONS, SHEETINGS, PILLOW COTTONS, TICKINGS, TOWELLINGS, LACE CURTAINS, ANTIMACASSARS, TABLE COVERS.

Our Linen Department

Contains a full and complete stock of Table Linens, Fine Damask Table Cloths, Napkins, Fine Towels, Crashes, Kitchen Towellings, Glass Cloths, D'Oylies, Window Hollands, White Counterpanes.

We keep constantly on hand a very large stock of goods in the above department, and offer them to cash buyers at a slight advance on cost.

Inspection invited.

R. & J. GARDINER, PRINCESS STREET.

March 1.

NOTICE.

Addington License District.

A TAVERN LICENSE

Authorizes the Sale of Liquors in quantities of less than one quart, which may be drunk in the Taverns.

A SHOP LICENSE

Authorizes the sale of Liquor in quantities of not less than three half pints, none to be consumed within the building of which such shop forms a part, by persons not usually resident therein.

Particular attention is drawn to the difference between "Tavern" and "Shop" License. The SALE OF BEER and other liquors BY THE QUART, or larger quantity, IS UNLAWFUL under a Tavern License.

This part of the Law will be strictly enforced hereafter.

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSES

For the year 1881-2 (beginning 1st. May) must be filed with the Inspector, on or before the 1st April, 1881.

Blank Forms of Application may be had of the Inspector.

Published by order of the Board of License Commissioners for Addington District.

ROBERT MADDEN, Chairman.
JAS. AYLSWORTH, Inspector, Tamworth P.O.

March 9th, 1881.

To Tavern Keepers, Shop Keepers, Wholesale Merchants, and others whom it may Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that applications for Licenses for the Sale of Liquors in the City of Kingston, for the year 1881-82, will be received at the office of the License Commissioners, CITY BUILDINGS, Ontario Street,

From this Date to 1st April,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

Applicants must furnish the names of two good and sufficient sureties.

By order of the Commissioners.

W. GLIDDEN, Secy. and Inspector.

Kingston, March 7th, 1881.

To Tavern Keepers, Shop Keepers and Others

APPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned from

This date to April 1st, 1881.

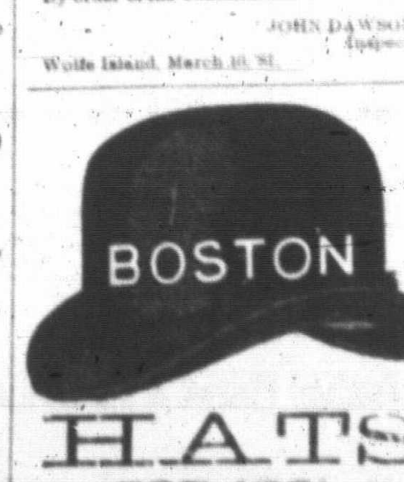
From parties desirous of obtaining Tavern or Shop License for the Electoral Division of Frontenac for the license year 1881-82.

Applicants must furnish the names of two good and sufficient sureties.

By order of the Commissioners.

JOHN DAWSON, Inspector.

Wolfe Island, March 10, '81.



HATS FOR 1881

LARGE ASSORTMENT! NEWEST STYLES! SPLENDID VALUE!

CALL AND SEE THEM AT THE

BOSTON HAT STORE, WELLINGTON STREET.

GEO. MILLS & CO.

March 7.

$25 SAVED BY INVESTING 25 CENTS IN A BOTTLE OF MAGIC COUGH CURE!

FOR SALE BY

W. T. C. Bethel, Chemist,

164 Princess Street, Kingston.

(Late of E. Hooper & Co. Toronto.)

March 4.

Wanted.

A MILLINER. Apply at MRS. ANGLIN'S, Wellington St.

March 7th, '81.

BIG Profits are now made in Canadian Bank Stocks. Positive guarantee against loss. Investments accepted from $50 up. Balance loaned. By policy cate plan. Write W. WALKERTON & CO., Stock Brokers, Jacques Cartier Bank, Montreal.

Lost—A Cloud!

LOST on Tuesday afternoon a Lady's Gray Cloud. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Kingston, March 3, '81.

Building Lots for Sale.

TWO on Gordon Street. Four on Alfred Street facing Victoria Park. Apply to W. ADAMS.

Feb.

SPRING SILKS AND DRESS GOODS AT SHAW'S.

A Marvel for Cheapness & Elegance of Style

Beautiful Summer Silks 45 cts.

Solid Colors in Dress Silks, 48c., Well worth 60c

Best Gros Grains in Colors, marked 85c and $1.00 regular prices always $1 and $1.25.

A Good Black Trimming Silk

Black Gros Grain Silks 72 cts., good value at 85c

22-inch Black Gros Grain 98c., usual price $1.15

Ponson's Best Goods, Cashmere finish, $1.10, $1.25, $1.45, $1.75, $2.00

Stylish Dress Goods!

Debage Effects at 10c.

Twill, Melange Cloths (yds) 15c.

Handsome Brocatelles at 20c., worth 25c

Elegant Momie Cloths, 25 cts., cheap for 35c

All the newest Colorings in Buntings and Cashmeres. Very cheap.

The largest and cheapest stock of Mourning Goods in the city.

Fringes, Satins and Buttons in variety and quantity, to match all Dress Goods.

Just Opened, One Case of Sun Umbrellas, Very Nobby.

AT SHAW'S, Old Glasgow Warehouse.

March 9th.

Cheap Stationery.

FIVE QUIRES OF NOTE PAPER for 15 cents or 4 cents per quire at JOHN HENDERSON & CO.'S

Five Quires of Fair Note Paper for 25c or 5c per quire at HENDERSON & CO.'S.

Five Quires Good Note Paper for 25 cents or 6 cents per quire at HENDERSON & CO.'S.

Five Quires Fine Note Paper for 35c or 8c per quire at HENDERSON & CO.'s.

Five Quires Superfine Note Paper for 40c or 10c per quire at HENDERSON & CO.'S.

Five Quires Extra Superfine Note Paper for 50c or 12c per quire.

Five Quires Very Heavy and Extra Superfine Note Paper for 60 cents or 15c per quire at HENDERSON & CO.'S.

ENVELOPES.

100 ENVELOPES for 10c or 3 cents per package.

100 Envelopes for 15 cents or 5 cents per package.

100 Envelopes for 20 cents or 6 cents per package.

100 Envelopes for 25 cents or 7 cents per package.

100 Envelopes for 30 cents at 8 cents per package.

100 Envelopes for 35 cents or 10 cents per package.

LETTER PAPER.

Five Quires of Letter Paper for 40c or 10c per quire.

Five Quires of Letter Paper for 60c or 15 cents per quire.

Five Quires of Letter Paper for 75c or 20c per quire.

FOOLSCAP.

Five Quires for 40c or 10c per quire.

Five Quires for 60c or 15c per quire.

Five Quires for 75c or 20c per quire.

Pens, Pen Handles, Ink, Ink Bottles, Slates, Slate Pencils, Lead Pencils, Pencil Leads, Copy Books, Drawing Books, Exercise Books, Pass Books, School Crayons, Colored Crayons, Rubber Erasers, Rubber Bands.

EVERYTHING ELSE IN THE BOOK AND STATIONERY LINE CHEAP FOR CASH.

John Henderson & Co., Booksellers and Stationers, Princess St., Kingston.

March 10.

W. J. Patterson & Co., MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Tarred & Dry Felt, Roofing Material, Marine Stores, Varnishes, &c.

47 Murray Street, MONTREAL.

March 16, '81.