Daily British Whig.

Office for Orders Done

The Ontario Legislature has been prorogued rather suddenly and unexpectedly to some, but not until after transacting a creditable amount of business and adding considerable legislation to the statute book. This fact has not given much of an impetus to the biennial session movement, and so long as there seems to be plenty of genuine work for the Legislature to do the people will not grudge the cost of annual sessions. The alternate session idea has not met with very great favour, but it is a plausible looking plan and may prove feasible, too, upon experiment. By such a plan general legislation would be engaged in every second year only, while the intervening shorter sessions would be reduced down to the minimum of expense. It has its disadvantages, it is true, but it is at any rate worth a trial.

Just how far prudent Dominion ministers familiarize themselves with the actual work of their departments was curiously illustrated in the House the other day, when the penitentiary items were under review. In answer to a question by Mr. McCuaig, of Prince Edward, a supporter of the Government, as to the meaning of the charge "retiring gratuities $325," Mr. Macdonald, minister of justice, explained that "when a prisoner left they gave him a suit of clothes and a sum of money towards defraying his expenses to his home." Hon. Mr. Blake instantly corrected the minister, showing him that this could not be, and that the item must be a gratuity to some retiring officer. This proved to be so, and the minister of justice stood corrected with the admission, "Oh, yes; the other comes under the general charge." As the amount is small it may seem a trifling matter, but at any rate it goes to prove that Hon. Mr. Blake knew more about the items in question than did the minister who was pretending to explain them.

WILD PREACHING.

Rev. Dr. Wild, late of New York and formerly of Belleville, is now the successor of the somewhat notorious Mr. Handford in the pastorate of the Bond Street Congregational Church, Toronto. Dr. Wild is proving his right and title to the name he bears by preaching a series of curious sermons on a variety of the most curious themes. He is in the first place an extreme Anglo-Israelite, believing in and contending for the identity of the British people with the lost Ten Tribes and he will in this respect more than fill the place of Rev. Dr. Poole, formerly of Toronto, now of Detroit, and who made this subject his well-ridden hobby. Mr. Wild has lately been preaching on "The men before Adam" proving to the abundant satisfaction of himself and his auditors that the preAdamites were stalwart fellows fifteen feet high and stout in proportion. The sermons are expected to furnish an effective antidote to Darwinian teaching, which asserts the ape ancestry of the human race and the gradual development of man in size, symmetry and intelligence to his present status by means of the survival of the fittest. The "Wild" theory on the other hand implies a deterioration of the species, at any rate so far as physical conditions and qualities are concerned. About half way between these extremes the truth will probably be found to lie very near the generally received Christian belief in man's origin and history.

RAILWAY AND SURPLUS.

It will be rather a difficult matter for the local opponents of Hon. Mr. Mowat to work up any feeling of discontent against the Ontario Government for declining to award any fresh subsidy to the Kingston & Pembroke Railway. Of course we sincerely regret that the Government could not see its way clear to the granting of an additional bonus, but the fact stated by Hon. Mr. Pardee cannot be ignored, that there is a sum of $8,000 per mile voted the road from the Mississippi to the Madawaska, and that just as fast as this as yet unconstructed portion of the road is built will the company realize this handsome Government grant, which is thus only awaiting the fulfilment of conditions. Inclusive of this last grant the K. & P. RR. has fared very liberally at the hands of the Ontario Government, and really has very little right to complain when compared with the less generous treatment which has been accorded to other, and, perhaps, equally deserving and necessitous projects. It will be observed, however, that the Government has been drawing the purse strings a little more tightly latterly than hitherto in the matter of railway expenditure, and our local Conservative friends will at once concede that this is quite in consonance with the cry of "hands off the surplus!" which the Opposition has been raising in the House and country for several years past. In fact there are some, our local members among them, who maintain that there is practically no surplus at all, and yet they have been asking and expecting for our railway a slice of the surplus which has no existence! Some of the same disbelievers in the fact of a surplus have also been demanding that it should be drawn upon for bonuses to encourage and develop our mining industries. Admitting that a surplus of some sort still remains, it is quite in harmony with the Tory opposition to its disbursement not to further reduce it by railway subsidies or any such expenditure; therefore, from a Conservative standpoint, the Government has done the proper thing in refusing any additional aid to our local railway. Furthermore, as Kingston at the last election returned a supporter of the party which has all along opposed the disbursement of the surplus, the Government is logically justified in concluding that the majority of the people of Kingston object on principle to any such an appropriation of the public funds.

REGIMENTAL TARTANS.

A Proposition That Does Not Evoke Much Admiration.

(Written for the Whig.)

The tartan worn by the Highland regiments is not to be abolished after all, as the late telegrams led us to believe was the intention of the Horse Guard authorities. But the proposal of some particular grams in either the Horse Guards or War Office seems for the present to be the reduction of three tartans into one, or in other words, that the tartans worn by the famous "Black Watch" or Sidier Rhu, and by the 92nd Gordon and 93rd Sutherland Highlanders should be abolished: and that from the ideas in the three different patterns a single pattern should be created to be worn by the three regiments, the objects to be attained there by being a greater

DEGREE OF UNIFORMITY

in dress and economy in expenditure. For such mean ends the policy of substituting a single, mongrel tartan for three tartans that have become gloriously historic, is a species of "tailoring" that would, if carried out, be demoralizing. The amount of feeling that has been roused by the proposition is perfectly natural. It was resolved to petition the Queen against it. A petition lies in Stafford House, Duke of Sutherlands London residence, for signature. Lord Archibald Campbell, brother of the Marquis of Lorne, and a host of other Highland authorities, have lifted their indignant testimony in the matter. Sir Noel Paton has lent his authority in deprecation of the folly. He says, "To a Highlander his tartan is his coat armorial, and as such has infinite value in his sight."

A SENTIMENT ADMIRABLY CRYSTALLIZED

in the Gaelic proverb. "If you scorn the tartan beware of the dirk." Symbolism of some sort must always enter into the forphation of an army recruited from a people who prize and are inspired by family and tribal emblems and distinctions. It is not easy now to pick recruits, it is the recruits who pick their regiments, and they do so for personal and historic reasons. It would be a fatal policy on the part of the war office to do anything which would injure the continuity of fame which attaches to any portion of the army. A clergyman would be out of place in knickerbockers, a lawyer in kilts would lose his suit, and a 42nd Highlander if dressed in gown and wig would fight like a woman instead of the common men. There is much

VIRTUE IN "A HIELAN GILL,"

but there is more in the tartan even in the color and pattern of it, therefore the war office artists ought to pause in their craze for change. It has been suggested by Lord Archibald Campbell and others that the adoption of the royal Stuart tartan in preference to the imposition of a mere *tailor's tartan* upon the Highland regiments is preferable. The Stuart is the Queen's tartan and is worn by the pipers of the Scots Guards, and also by those of every Highland and Scots regiment in the service, and such a compromise would be less offensive to our brave Highlanders than to be dressed like convicts in stripes and checks that are without history and without fame. A controversy has sprung out of the main question as to whether the tartan

WORN BY THE BLACK WATCH

is the same as the Clan Campbell tartan and whether they are one and the same, or did the Campbells adopt the pattern from the Black Watch or the Black Watch from the Campbells. Lord Archibald is quite certain that the Campbell tartan is worn by the 42nd. No one of the regiments concerned is willing to give way to another and adopt a tartan not its own. They would sooner have distinctive tartans taken away, and adopt a royal tartan than give way in this matter. It is a quaint idea to adopt the tartan of those one fought against in 1745. All the same, there would be nothing inaccurate. We associate with the tartan of Prince Charlie a love and unselfish devotion on the part of the Highlanders such as the history of few people can show. All the world knows how he was guarded through his wanderings by the devoted

LOYALTY OF THE HIGHLANDERS.

But to change the present tartan for the Royal Stuart is perhaps a compliment in a way, but it certainly is one which the original clansmen of Huntly and Sutherland, as well as the "Sidier Rhu," would by no means have appreciated. Were all jealousies dead the best plan would be to adopt the dark tartan of the 42nd, simply because the scarlet looks well in contrast. If not, then Prince Charlie's is the only real Royal tartan in existence, and naturally the standard is sought in some actual garment worn by the unfortunate Prince, who, as one of the most spirited of the Jacobite ballads has it, swept the troops of Cope and Hawley from the field "with every waft of his tartan plaidie."

GIDEON LANE.

Medical Examination of His Brain and the Results Thereof.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

DEAR SIR,—As this man, whose case has excited considerable local interest, was under my care in the hospital for about two months, suffering from a serious brain affection, I was naturally anxious to obtain a *post mortem* examination for the purpose of verifying the correctness of my diagnosis. After considerable trouble and vexations delay I obtained the proper authority to examine Lane's head. Yesterday afternoon Dr. Henderson and I proceeded to Cataraqui Cemetery and there made a thorough inspection of the condition of his brain. And we were well repaid, for we found our diagnoses confirmed, there being both a tumour and extensive softening of the whole base of the brain. The tumor was of a purplish red color, about the size of a pullet's egg, and hollow inside. It grew from the dura matter about the sella turica, involved the whole pituitary body, which was enlarged and completely softened, and it extended upwards into the interpeduncular space so as to press on the optic commissure, the optic tracts, and the whole of the middle portion of the base of the brain, in such a manner that this part was pushed upwards and the third ventricle in consequence wholly obliterated. The parts all around the tumor were softened and disorganized by the pressure and irritation of the morbid growth, so much so that a great part of the base of the brain had not much more consistence than fresh butter. The cerebellum did not seem to be particularly diseased although it suffered from general pressure.

Here then was the cause of this man's convulsions, his failure of memory, his slowness and difficulty of speech, his loss of sight which came on gradually and ended in total blindness some time before he died, his reeling and staggering gait, his various other morbid symptoms and finally his death. Now to ascertain such facts as these it is surely worth some time and trouble; and the public instead of throwing obstacles in the way of making *post mortem* examinations should, I think, in the interests of humanity afford those who are willing to go through the repulsive labor of examining the dead, every opportunity of increasing our general stock of knowledge respecting the causes of diseases and death by this means. Hoping these facts may interest your readers.

I remain, yours truly,
THOS. R. DERCH.

Kingston, March 5, 1881.

GARFIELD SEATED.

His Inaugural Speech Favorable Impressions Left.

Washington, March 4.—President Garfield delivered his inaugural address this afternoon. He says the war has forever settled the great question of the supremacy of the nation. The negro is entitled to full rights, and as far as he (the President) is able they shall be so accorded. He favors the adoption by leading commercial nations of a bimetallic currency. He wishes to see the purchasing power of every dollar equal to its debt paying power. The refunding of the national debt at a lower rate of interest should be accomplished without compelling the withdrawal of the national bank circulation. Agriculture deserves more attention from the Government, and he will move in this direction. The industries of the United States should be maintained, and the facilities for transportation provided. Though neither scheme yet proposed for the Panama Canal is deserving the aid of the United States, yet the question will receive due attention, and no exclusive or peculiar privileges will be insisted on by us, though the interests of the United States will be protected. Polygamy is denounced and should be removed. The Civil Service must be regulated by law. The address concludes: "I shall greatly rely upon the wisdom and patriotism of Congress, and of those who may share with me the responsibilities and duties of Administration; and above all upon our efforts to promote the welfare of this great people and their government. I reverently invoke the support and blessing of Almighty God."

Louisville, Ky., March 5.—The *Courier Journal* says: "The inauguration speech abounds in strong and vigorous thought. It comes as from a man who knows his duty and means to do it. There is no partizan coloring, and a palpable consciousness that the great office he holds must not be prostituted to base party purposes. His reference to the south will hardly satisfy the extremists of his party. The assertion of the permanent supremacy of the union will meet with general acquiescence, as well as his assertion that the autonomy of the states and the binding nature of the constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof."

Galveston, March 5.—The *News* says Garfield in his inaugural writes with some liberal and progressive idea of the spirit of steadfast Conservatism.

New York, March 5.—The *Tribune* says Allison was tendered the Treasury portfolio, but declined it because of the illness of his wife.

The *Times* says the reception which the inaugural received from the crowd must have been exceedingly gratifying to the President elect. In many instances old black men, who had been slaves, were seen weeping in the crowd. The chair upon which Garfield sat while on the grand stand was the same used by Washington in New York at his inauguration as the first President.

Washington, Nov. 5.—Windom has accepted the appointment of Secretary of the Treasury. His selection may unsettle some of the list sent last night, and has caused a delay in sending in the Cabinet nominations. At this hour (12.30 p.m.) the President has just issued a call for a special meeting of the Cabinet.

Washington, March 5.—The Cabinet nominations will go to the Senate today.

Washington, March 5.—The President this afternoon sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Blaine—Secretary of State.
Windom—Secretary of the Treasury.
Mac Veagh—Attorney General.
James—Postmaster General.
Kirkwood—Secretary of the Interior.
Lincoln—Secretary of War.
Hunt—Secretary of the Navy.

HOSPITAL CASE.

A Humanitarian's Comments Upon the Death of Gideon Lane.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

SIR,—The verdict given at the late Coroner's inquest does not seem to convey a very severe censure on the proceedings of the hospital officials. In this connection the word "imprudent" defined by the dictionaries as indiscreet, inconsiderate would not have been likely to offend even Sir Joseph Porter, K.C.B. However, rather more than "a few minutes' deliberation" might have disposed the jury to withdraw all disapproval, and instead express only commendation of the almost excessive caution displayed by the hospital authorities. Of course it is generally understood that they cannot be expected to hold the narrow views of mere private individuals, but must take into consideration the greatest good of the largest number. All the other inmates of the institution could not be alarmed and rendered uncomfortable by so "dangerous a lunatic." It is true that since this affair occurred people have been heard to suggest that patients in a state of stupor were not, as a rule, violent; and that it was somewhat singular that the hospital authorities, necessarily familiar with disease of every description, should have considered the case so hopeful, while no one else who saw the man had the least doubt that he was just at the point of death. While confessing ignorance of the duties required of the physician, surgeon and steward of the hospital, it would appear natural to suppose that one of them might consist in ascertaining positively whether any patients were in a fit state to be discharged from the building before their removal was ever permitted. With an asylum just at hand, where it is reasonable to imagine that quite as "dangerous lunatics" as Lane are provided with a comfortable bed at least, have not the public, who help to support both these institutions for the shelter of the suffering and friendless, a right to protest against the repetition of a case like this. That is all that now remains to be done, for the poor man whose wretched death aroused such general sympathy no longer requires the tender care and kind attentions that a few days since might have rendered his last hours comfortable.

Yours, &c.,
HUMANITY.

March 5th, 1881.

Superannuation Allowance.

SIR,—Can any of your readers inform several anxious persons why it is that the Matron of the Kingston Penitentiary has been placed by the Government upon the list of persons entitled to superannuation, when several officers of longer service in the institution are not accorded that privilege?

Yours respectfully,
FAIR PLAY.

Portsmouth, March 4th, '81.

Late Escape.

It is stated that as a result of Inspector Moylan's enquiries the following fines have been imposed in consequence of the recent escape and the alleged want of inspection that it disclosed: On the Chief Keeper, $10; on one guard, $10; on six keepers and about forty-five guards, $5 each. Not a guard or keeper in the institution seems to have been spared to tell the tale. If they were found to be all actually at fault then the Inspector is to be commended for the courage displayed.

TORONTO SPECIAL.

Reception of Hanlan Several Presentations Parliament Prorogued.

Toronto, March 5.—Notwithstanding all the drawbacks of the weather the Hanlan reception last evening proved a magnificent success. On his arrival at the station he was greeted with deafening cheers, the band playing "See the Conquering Hero Comes." He was then conducted by Mayor McMurrich and Ald. Boswell, Chairman of the Reception Committee, to a carriage, along with T. B. Whitehead of the London *Sportsman*, and a deputation from Toronto, and met him at Suspension Bridge. A procession, headed by two bands of music and six mounted torch bearers, then started, proceeding through several of the streets to the Grand Opera House, where the presentations were made. The streets were in a bad condition, being two or three feet deep with snow in some places, and the snow kept steadily falling as it had done for the previous twenty-four hours.

SEVERAL THOUSAND PEOPLE

were on the street by the time the Grand Opera House was reached. It was for sometime impossible for the champion's party to get in. The delay gave the crowd ample opportunity to enjoy Prof. Hand's original grand illumination transparency. This combination was carried on a G. T. R. wagon and represented Hanlan placing between two kangaroos, the kangaroos each having one paw employed in supporting a laurel wreath over the champion's head and the other, in wiping away falling tears. The Opera House was crowded to its fullest capacity. Of the 2,500 among those present all classes of citizens were well represented. Hanlan's box, on the right of the stage, was draped, as well as the stage itself, with American, English and Canadian flags, and presented a pretty sight. On his entrance

HANLAN WAS LOUDLY CHEERED.

After about ten minutes delay the proceedings commenced with a gymnastic exhibition by Toronto and Montreal amateur gymnasts, on the conclusion of which, about half past ten, the stage was cleared for the real business of the evening. Alderman Boswell, as Chairman of the Reception Committee, opened with a few words of greeting and retrospect and congratulated the champion not only upon his success but upon the pluck and honesty which had secured the success. The Lieut.-Governor congratulated the champion on behalf of the Province in suitable terms. The Mayor then came forward in the name of the citizens and presented the champion with a magnificent salver and service of plate, six pieces, value at $75.), and a cheque in addition for $500. Upon the conclusion of the Mayor's remarks and the subsequent cheering Mr. T. B. Whitefoot came forward and formally presented Hanlan, who was looking as sheepish by this time and as cool as a man could look.

THE SPORTSMAN CHALLENGE CUP,

a 25 guinea gold medal and also a purse of 100 guineas, all from the paper accompanying the presentation with congratulatory remarks. Mr. Henry O'Brien, President of the Canadian Association of amateur oarsmen, presented to the oarsman, on behalf of the association, an ebony and bronze clock with bronze side pieces, a very handsome gift. The fourth presentation was by the members of the Toronto Lacrosse Club, champions of the Dominion, who had contributed a magnificent silver tribute, three feet in breadth, and with Hanlan's name in foot long letters of flowers across its face. The fifth and last was from the Toronto Snow Shoe Club, consisting of a pair of snow shoes. Each of the five presentations had been made of course amid great applause and cheering, which culminated when Hanlan came forward and replied. At 11:30 the band struck up 'God Save the Queen' and the vast audience filed out, the Thirteenth battery band played several selections.

LEGISLATURE PROROGUED.

The Provincial Legislature was prorogued yesterday afternoon by Lieut.-Gov. Robinson with the usual ceremonies, which, however, were not so brilliant outside at least owing to unfavorable weather.

FIERY SPEECH.

Mr. Dillon Causes a Scene in the Imperial House of Commons.

In the House of Commons on Thursday, during the debate on the Arms Bill, Mr. Dillon defended John Devoy. He also defended his own advice to the Irish to arms, but said that in the event of their disarmament they were resolved to establish equality and disarm the landlords too. He said if he were an Irish farmer he would keep a rifle to shoot the landlords. (Shouts of "Oh.") He wished the Irish had proclaimed a civil war.

The Speaker called him to order.

Sir William Harcourt declared that his former attacks were fully justified by Mr. Dillon's language in a previous debate.

Mr. Baxter (Liberal) gave notice that he would ask Mr. Gladstone whether as despite the new rules the usual necessary business of the House was virtually stopped, the Government intended to propose measures which would effectually end the obstruction.

Mr. Healy was repeatedly called to order, for charging Sir William Harcourt with uttering an untruth. He was eventually named by the Speaker and his suspension voted by 235 to 35. During this scene Mr. Parnell entered the House.

Sir William Harcourt said Mr. Dillon uttered sentiments that would bring horror and disgust into the minds of every honest man. (Cheers.) The civilized world would be able to-morrow to pronounce on his vile conspiracy. He was justified in saying that the Land League depended for support on a Fenian conspiracy, the Irish subscriptions being copper, while the gold and silver came from America. Mr. Dillon had expressed the true spirit that animated the League.

Mr. Dillon said he never expressed approval of assassination.

Messrs. Gray and McCoan (Home Rulers) regretted Mr. Dillon's language, and disavowed any sympathy with illegal means of promoting the League agitation.

Mr. Childers moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Chaplin (Conservative) desired to call attention to the state of public business. He wished to introduce motions on several important matters.

The Marquis of Hartington said the state of affairs had been fully explained.

Sir Stafford Northcote said he and his friends only assented to supply being taken on the ground that their action was not to be considered a precedent.

Mr. Parnell protested against such an early adjournment. If the Arms Bill was urgent, the Government ought to proceed with it.

The motion to adjourn was carried by 277 to 28.

Walking Match.

New York, March 5.—Sullivan has suffered from a swollen knee, and has withdrawn. At noon the score stood: Sullivan 461 miles, Panchot 534, Krohn 500, Campau 428, Curren 485, Lacouse 460.

IRISH AGITATION.

Home Rulers Assuming a More Courageous Attitude.

New York, March 5.—The World's cable says there is great excitement throughout Munster in anticipation of arrests under the Coercion Act. Business in Cork is almost suspended. A number of prominent Leaguers and Nationalists for England, some for the United States, and Irish Americans, swarm the lawns and villages. The brothers of Nally and the cousins to Nally, one of the traversers in the Land League prosecutions, who has been arrested on the

CHARGE OF SHOOTING BEARER,

a sub-agent, returned from the States five years ago, and have taken an active part in the National business. Capt. Boycott, who claimed compensation from the Government for the loss in having to abandon his property, has been informed by Mr. Forster that if compensation were granted him and the Chief Secretary intimates he is not entitled to it) the claims of every other sufferer would have to be recognized.

DECIDED ACTION.

London, March 5.—The Home Rule members of Parliament held a conference, Mr. Parnell presiding, at which a decided majority of them shall return to Ireland, and on Sunday week address their constituencies on the Coercion Act. All the speeches will be bold and outspoken.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES.

Condensed into Small Compass.

The Governor General left Ottawa this afternoon for Quebec.

The stock market was very strong with higher prices to-day.

A farmer named Farrelly was fatally shot near Mayaire, Ireland, in connection with a land dispute.

The Crown Prince of Sweeden has been affianced to the eldest daughter of the Grand Duke of Baden.

Joshua Beamont & Co., merchants and manufacturers, of Huddersfield, Yorkshire, have failed; liabilities £65,000.

The *Economist* says the India office, as on the previous occasion, will doubtless be represented at the Monetary Conference.

The Canada Central Railway have taken possession of their new freight sheds. The new Union Depot will shortly be opened.

Geo. Irvine and John S. Barnes, the well known pedestrians, will engage in a quarter of a mile snow shoe race at Ottawa to-morrow.

In Jackson county, Ga., on Thursday Jesse Cook beat his 14 year old daughter fatally because she did not split as many rails as he.

The weavers of Fall River hesitate to commence a strike as there has been a heavy decline of print cloths and a decreasing trade.

Lord and Lady George Campbell left this afternoon for Washington, where they will be the guests of Sir Edward and Lady Thornton. They will not return to Ottawa.

Storm in the West.

Milwaukee, March 5.—The storm continued at intervals yesterday but the back bone of the blizzard was broken. There are no trains north or west yet. No attempt to open the lines will be made until to-day. The Milwaukee Steam Supply Company, furnishing heat to hundreds of residents, and steam to the engines of factories etc., could get no fuel on credit. It has suspended and put its management into the hands of a committee of stockholders. Coal is $12 per ton and wood $9 per cord. Both are almost impossible to get. Business continues suspended. The streets are being cleared as rapidly as snow plows and shovelers can do so. All the country roads are impassable. Milk is 25c per quart, and eggs 90c per dozen. The meteor reports predict great suffering. The railway blockade north and west will continue for two or three days.

Mining Disaster.

Cheyenne, W.T., March 5.—Owing to the excitement at Almy it is impossible to obtain the full particulars of the mining disaster. It is now thought that there are more men in the mine than at first reported. A faint hope has been held out that most of the men have fled to the part to not on fire, the flames intervening to prevent the rescuers from reaching them. The scene at the mouth of the shaft is pitiful. Two families of white men are still in the mine, frantic, while Chinamen throng about wailing piteously for their lost friends and relatives. Most of the population of Evanston are on the ground. The miners of the surrounding pits are working hard. The business of the community for about twenty miles around has been entirely suspended.

Severe Storm.

London, March 5.—The severest snow storm experienced in many years is raging over Great Britain since Thursday night. Gales are reported along the coast.

London, March 5.—The British ship "Stamboul," from Baltimore to Belfast, struck on the rocks at Ballyhalbert. The crew were saved.

Liverpool, March 5.—The report of the wreck of a vessel off Sunderland is confirmed. Eighteen persons have been lost.

London, March 5.—The str. "Sultan," which yesterday sunk in the river Humber by a collision, was not bound for the United States, but the emigrants aboard were destined for America. Only one man was drowned.

Railway Negotiations.

Ottawa, March 5.—In the Railway Committee this morning Sir John Macdonald made a statement as to the policy of the Government with reference to railway prospects in the North-West. Great care should be taken in the granting of charters in order to prevent the placing of bonds of schemes not *bona fide* on the English market, and thus prevent permanent injury to the credit of the country. He also announced that all the North-West Railway bills would be held over till next session.

A Lunatic's Work.

Denison, Tex., March 5.—Last evening while the Missouri Pacific passenger train was bound south, a passenger in an emigrant car, James Hayden, from Lebanon, Ky., suddenly pulled a pistol and commenced firing among the passengers. Wm. Lewis was shot through the brain and instantly killed. Thos. Shaw was shot near the eye. James Hamilton was shot in the body. Hayden was apparently insane.

FRIDAY NEXT.—A musical and literary entertainment will be held in the Town Hall, Portsmouth, on Friday evening next, 11th inst., in aid of the Sabbath School. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Smith and Mr. Thompson. The following ladies and gentlemen have kindly consented to take part, viz., Miss Bates, Mrs. McGillivray, Mr. W. Tandy, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Craig, Mr. Anglin, Mr. Cameron, Mr. Keeley and the children of the school.

MESSRS'S MARKET REPORT.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour Feed and all kinds of Grain.

Dolan's Block, Princess Street, Kingston.

WHITE RUSSIAN SEED WHEAT for sale.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, March 5.

Flour—receipts 1800 barrels; sales 200 barrels; Quotations are Superiors 5.25 to 5.30; extra 5.20 to 5.10; fancy 5.10 to 5.10; spring extra 4.45 to 5.00; superfine 4.00 to 4.70; strong bakers 5.50 to 6.00; fine 4.00 to 4.10; middlings 3.60 to 3.70; pollards 3.00 to 3.30; Ont. bags 2.40 to 2.50; city do 3.00 to 3.15.

Grains—Wheat, nominal.
Oatmeal 4.25 to 4.45
Cornmeal 3.00 to 3.10
Peas 80 to 81c per 66 lbs for cargoes.
Rye 80 to 85c.
Corn 56 to 57 in bond.
Oats 33c to 34c per 32 lbs.
Barley 65c to 75c.
Provisions—Butter, Western 13 to 16c, B. A. M. 18 to 22, E. T. 18 to 22c.
Cheese 13½ to 14.
Pork—Mess 17.00 to 18.00
Hams 12 to 14
Dressed Hogs—8½ to 8¾ per 100 lbs.
Lard 11½ to 13.
Bacon 10½ to 11c.
Ashes—Firsts 4.10 to 4.10; pearls quiet.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, March 5.

Stocks—Strong
Cotton 11¾
Flour—Receipts 18,000; sales 13,000; 5.00 to 6.10 for sup state and Western; 6.40 to 6.75 for common to choice extra State; 6.30 to 8.00 for do western; rye flour 5.25 to 5.50.
Wheat—Receipts 93,000; sales 202,000. No. 1 white April 1.13½ to 1.13¾. No. 2 Red March 1.18 to 1.18.
Rye—98 to 1.03
Corn—Receipts 42,000; sales 140,000; 51 to 58.
Barley—Six rowed state 90 to 92. No. 1 Canada, at 1.00 to 1.02, do bright 1.05 to 1.08.
Oats—receipts 27,000; sales 35,000; 42c. to 44½c mixed western and state, 45 to 48c white do.
Pork—firm, $15.00 to 00.00
Lard—10.60
Butter 13 to 34.
Cheese 8 to 13½

GRAIN MARKETS

Chicago, March 5.—Wheat 1.09½ March, 92 April. Corn 42 May. Pork 15.32½ April, 14.60 May. Lard 10.02½ April, 10.30 May.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM is the most safe, pleasant and perfect remedy known for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. It cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Pectoral Complaints, in the most speedy manner. A few doses will relieve the most troublesome cough in children or adults. For sale by all dealers, at 25 cents per bottle.

CONTRACT ISSUED.—To-day Mr. J. C. Mitchell was awarded the contract for the erection on King street of a brick addition to the foundry of Chown & Cunningham. The size is 75x70 feet, three floors.

BIRTHS.

At Napanee, on Feb. 23d, the wife of W. Anderson, of a daughter.

At Napanee, on Feb. 24th, the wife of John Kirby, of a son.

DIED.

On Friday, March 4th, Margaret, wife of Michael Enright, aged 47 years.

Funeral will take place from her late residence, corner Barrack and Raideau Sts., on Sunday at 1 o'clock, p.m., to Cataraqui Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

At Gananoque, on March 1st, James B. Ryan, aged 45 years.

At Selby, Feb. 23d, Mary Jane, wife of Wm. Vallean, aged 39 years.

On Feb. 27th, at Richmond, Annie Eliza, McLeod, aged 33 years, beloved wife of George C. Wilde, of Plum Coolie, Manitoba.

St. Patrick's Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the St. Patrick's Society will be held at their HALL on MONDAY EVENING, MARCH the 7th, inst., at half past seven o'clock for the Election of Officers and other important business. A full attendance of members is requested.

R. J. BOWES,
Secretary

March 4.

Frontenac Loan & Investment Society.

THE Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Society will be held at the Society's Office on WEDNESDAY, the 16th of MARCH, instant, at 3 o'clock, p.m., when the usual yearly statements will be submitted, an election of three Directors to fill the places of three retiring ones, and certain amendments to the By-Laws sanctioned.

THOMAS BRIGGS,
Manager.

Kingston, March 5, '81.

OPERA HOUSE
ONE NIGHT ONLY
Wednesday, Mar 9
HAVERLY'S
New Mastodon Minstrels!
40. PERFORMERS. 40.

EVERYTHING NEW THIS VISIT!
THE LARGEST COMPANY ON EARTH!
PRICES—75, 50 and 25 Cents.
Boxes $4 and $5.

Plan at Stacey & Walpole's.

J. H. MACK, Manager. W. H. STRICKLAND, Gen. Agent.

March 5.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between W. H. SMITH and WILLIAM LAKE as master carpenters, under the name and style of LAKE & SMITH, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be carried on solely by the undersigned at Savage's old stand, Brock street, near Division street.

All orders for work will be carefully and promptly executed.

W. H. SMITH.

Kingston, March 5, '81.

New Dress Materials
OPENED OUT AT
R. & J. GARDINER'S.

WE have opened out and are now showing large quantities of
NEW DRESS MATERIALS
FOR
Early Spring Wear.

Debeige D'Alsace
In handsome shades, all-wool, 36c. 40c. and 45c. per yard.
Melange Lustres in handsome shades, 12c. 15c. and 20c. per yard.
New Spring Dress Materials in Cashmeres, at 20c. per yard.
New Spring Dress Materials in handsome shades at 10c. per yard.
Cheap Black Cashmeres at 25c. 40c. and 50c. per yard.
Cheap Silks, Satins and Velvets.
New designs in SILK FRINGES.

R. & J. GARDINER,
PRINCESS STREET.

March 5.

ALL
BELFORD'S
Publications
AT HALF PRICE
AT
McAuley's
Bookstore.

March 5.

ROBERTSON BROS.,
IMPORTERS OF
Earthenware,
China,
Glassware,
Lamps & Lamp Fixtures,
Bronze Chandeliers,
Table Cutlery,
Plated Ware, &c., &c.

A select assortment of BRONZE CHANDELIERS, and BRACKET LAMPS, suitable for HALLS and CHURCHES always on hand, also a large stock of PLATED WARE and other FANCY ARTICLES suitable for WEDDING and other presents.

The largest stock in the city to choose from.

178 Princess St.
Next door to Heath & Gunn's.

Feb. 26.

THIS IS THE BEST MONTH TO
DECORATE YOUR HOUSE.
Because you avoid the Spring rush.
You get first choice of New Patterns.
You are sure of skilled Labor.
You insure prompt finish.
Come this month and see the new, beautiful and attractive
PAPER HANGINGS!
The Largest, Cheapest and Best Stock of
Room, Hallway & Decorative Paper
IN CENTRAL CANADA
AT THE
CITY PAINT SHOP
BAGOT STREET.

House and Sign Painting, Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining and Whitewashing done in the best style, shortest notice and at the lowest rates.

W. ROBINSON & SON,
Bagot St., between Princess and Queen.

March 3, '81.

Patent Leather Shoes for evening wear, for youths and boys, cheap, at Haines & Lockett's.

N. McNEIL,
Practical Plumber & Steam Fitter.

HAVING SUCCESSFULLY HEATED THE TWO LARGEST PUBLIC BUILDINGS that have been heated in this city, the one by hot water and the other by steam, is of itself conclusive evidence that I am competent to give satisfaction in heating buildings of like things of similar dimensions.

All work done at the lowest remunerating rates for first class work at the

Old Established Kingston Plumbing Works
No. 66 Brock Street.

March 4.

AUCTION SALE
OF
Furniture and Household Effects.

THE undersigned has received instructions from Mr. ANDREW RAY to sell by auction at his residence, No. 98 Wellington St., on

Monday, March 7th,

Commencing at 10 a.m. all his furniture and household effects, comprising a parlor and 3 bedroom suits, wardrobe, 2 spring mattresses, sideboard, extension table and dining room chairs, 2 cook stoves, kitchen stove, kitchen utensils, crockery, &c. Also stair and other carpets, benches, blackboards and office desk.

Terms cash.

J. H. METCALFE,
Auctioneer.

March 1st.

SCOTCH SEED BARLEY,
CLOVER SEED,
TIMOTHY SEED,
OIL CAKE,
AT THE
TORONTO FLOUR STORE.
M. MORRISON.

March 5.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders in the CITY OF KINGSTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY will be held at the Company's office, Queen Street, on MONDAY, 7th March, 1881, at 3 p.m.

JOHN KERR,
Manager.

Feb. 28th.

Teachers' Association.

THE members of the City Teachers' Association are hereby requested to attend a meeting to be held in the Board Room, Montreal St., on FRIDAY EVENING next, at 7.30 o'clock. By order.

THOS. H. McGUIRL,
Secy Treas.

March 5th.

Wanted

AN ACTIVE, TIDY AND POLITE BOY for the Grocery Trade. Apply to

T. GRAHAM,
Corner Earl and Bagot Streets.

March 4.

CARPETS!
CARPETS!
AT
FELIX SHAW'S.

WE would call special attention to our large and extensive
Stock of New Carpets!
Just to hand from the CASPIAN and AUSTRALIA
Central Canada
Have bought from the manufacturers for cash and will sell direct, we are prepared to offer GOODS AT MONTREAL WHOLESALE SALE PRICES.

25 New Patterns, 5 Frames, Heavy English Body Brussels, Borderings and Rugs to Match.
Handsome patterns for room in Kingston.

40 NEW PATTERNS,
Best make of Tapestrys.

CROSSLEY'S & BRINTON'S,
Choicest Patterns we ever imported.

3 PLY KIDDER CARPETS,
Best make, very cheap.

2 PLY INGRAIN WOOLS,
Choice in design and very cheap.

HANDSOME UNION CARPETS,
50c, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75c. YARD, Value.

HANDSOME STAIR CARPETS,
BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, BEDTICK, IMPERIAL and HEMP.

STAIR AND HALL CARPETS
to match in Brussels and Tapestry.

NEW DUTCH CARPETS,
75, 80, 85c. $1.00.

NEW RUGS, MATTS, SLIPS,
OIL RUGS AND CRUMB CLOTHS.

OILCLOTHS and LENOLEMUS CARPETS,
Wholesale & Retail
AT
Felix Shaw's,
Glasgow Warehouse
CORNER STORE

March 4th.

HENDERSON & CO.'S
Lending Library.

On looking over the Books which have been returned, and comparing them with the Catalogue, which comprised our Circulating Library, we find that a large number are still retained by subscribers and casual readers.

Our experience has taught us that a book borrowed from a Library is generally speaking, used, very much like a horse hired from a livery, i.e. pretty roughly, and also that it is returned with about the same celerity as a "borrowed umbrella." However, if the parties who still have will now return them, we will make no remarks about their condition nor ask any remuneration for their hire.

We are daily disposing of those books at prices, which, while to the purchasers are more than satisfactory, are to us acceptable, as the goods are being taken out of our road and leaving room in which to handle fresher stock. Of any particular books you may want, make a list and we will look them up for you. Complete Catalogues furnished on application.

For lists of old Magazines and Reviews from Library at greatly reduced prices see former advertisements in this paper.

JOHN HENDERSON & CO.,
Booksellers,
PRINCESS ST., KING