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Feb 4th

Daily British Whig.

"Onifer per Orbem Dicor"

The Turco-Grecian difficulty seems more than ever likely to develop into war. All parties in Greece unite in supporting the Government determination to exact, by force of arms if necessary, the boundary rectification as decided upon by the Treaty of Berlin. The Porte on the other hand is equally determined that the [illegible] not be and will not hesitate to fight in order to prevent it. The Greeks are undoubtedly in the right, for they are perfectly justified in demanding the faithful execution of the treaty. Whether war will secure it for them, however, is quite another question, as unaided it is hardly to be expected that Greece will be able to cope successfully with the power of Turkey.

Railway accidents have of late been of almost alarmingly frequent occurrence. The loss of life has not been great but it is a matter of marvel that it has not been more so. The severity of the weather and the recent storms may have had something to do with the recent casualties, but with the increase of danger should come an increase of precaution, if that be possible, in order to keep the possibility of accident down to a minimum. In the recent smash up on the Northern Railway a Toronto cattle dealer was killed outright, having fallen under the wheels in an attempt to jump from the train, while his companion, who made no effort to get off escaped uninjured. This frequently happens, and it is a question whether the chances of life are at all improved by a desperate personal effort to escape at such a juncture.

VICE-PRESIDENT A CANADIAN.

There's many a slip, etc. A New York lawyer is hunting up proof that Chester A. Arthur, Vice-President-elect of the United States, is not to the manor born, and is, therefore, ineligible for installation next month. Mr. Arthur claims to have been born in Fairfield, Vermont, but the Town-Clerk's records have been searched in vain for any mention of his infantile *debut* in that locality. Moreover there is said to be indubitable proof that he was born at Stanbridge in the Province of Quebec. This, according to the law, would be sufficient to disqualify him from the office to which he has been elected, but we fancy that a party which could override law, fair play and common sense in the installation of Hayes will not permit an accident of birth to stand in the way of the new Vice-President's induction. In all probability, then, a Canadian will be the next Vice-President of the United States, and would in the event of Gen. Garfield's death become the chief Magistrate of the nation.

A DOWN STAIRS PROMOTION.

It must be exceedingly gratifying and flattering to Hon. Mr. Morris, (M. P. P. for East Toronto by a small majority), to have to compete for or divide the honour of deputy leader of the Opposition with Mr. Abraham Lauder in the Local House. The first named gentleman has been a Chief Justice and a Lieutenant-Governor and he has descended from the prestige of both these exalted positions not only to enter the Local Legislature but to play second fiddle there to Mr. Meredith, the Local member for London. All this were humiliating enough, but to have his title to even this comparatively humble position disputed by the bombastic Abraham must be especially mortifying to Hon. Alexander's pride. When Hon. Mr. Mowat assumed the position of Premier of the premier province much ado was made by the Tory press about his alleged "descent from the Bench." What must such authorities on political gradients think of the ex-Judge and Governor, the one who is now the sub-deputy leader of Her Majesty's loyal Opposition in the Ontario Legislature?

CARROLL'S ACQUITTAL.

The unqualified acquittal of Carroll for complicity in the Biddulph tragedy has taken the country somewhat by surprise as it was fully expected the jury would disagree as on the former occasion. As the evidence was more direct and positive against Carroll than in the case of either of the other prisoners, the latter may be considered as almost sure to get off scott-free. They are all entitled, in the eye of the law, to be considered innocent until proven guilty and as this latter is now a very improbable contingency it is safe to say that the real perpetrators of the horrible crime by which the two women and three men of the Donnelly family lost their lives, will never be discovered or punished. On the theory that all the accused in the present trials are innocent the crime and who committed it will ever remain a mystery. Reasonable suspicion points in no other direction, for it is impossible to imagine that the Donnelly's murdered themselves or killed each other, or that Johnny Connor fired the house to conceal the mutual and wholesale massacre. It will be a most frightful commentary on our boasted civilization, and upon the efficiency of our judicial system, if the majesty of the law be not by some means indicated in this terrible case.

OUR LOCAL MEMBER.

We have read his first oral effort of the present session with some interest but without much satisfaction. In fact it is to us quite a difficult matter to ascertain what he was driving at. The little speech in question was on the matter of the budget, and Mr. Metcalfe began by saying, "He could not bring himself to believe that the statement made by the hon. gentleman (presumably the Provincial Treasurer) could be correct." Very likely not. Our Local member's effort in trying to persuade himself that it was all right was no doubt a very sincere one, but the proof was not sufficient to convince his unbiassed and candid mind. "He thought the opposition arguments of the member for North Grey had not been fully answered." This was a tacit admission that the arguments were answerable and had indeed been answered, though not entirely to Mr. Metcalfe's satisfaction. "He contended that the expenditure had increased since 1873." No body seeks to deny this, but it is justly claimed that the expenditure upon railways, etc., has been for the development of the resources of the country and for the good of the people. The economy of which Mr. Metcalfe's party are such Simon-pure champions is the Local Legislature doubtless deplores the public money already spent upon our Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and would deprecate any additional grant for the same object. "Speaking of the alleged surplus it had not been proved to him that there was a surplus at all, although he would be glad to find that he was mistaken. We question the ingenuousness of this statement. We don't wonder that it is hard to convince gentlemen of Mr. Metcalfe's inveterate Tory animus that a surplus or any other good thing could co-exist with a Liberal Government. As he half admits himself, however, he is "mistaken" on this point, although we very much doubt that it would gladden him to make that discovery. Mr. Metcalfe's remarks, although intended to have an "open to conviction" air about them, simply went to prove that he was in any and event "again the Government," and that however plausible he may try to talk he may be trusted to vote against them every time. For all the harm his vote will do he's welcome to make his use of it for the balance of the present parliament.

Indian Warriors.

Fort Buford, Feb. 4.—Despatches from Poplar River states that Crow King, Long Dog and Good Bear, with 32 lodges, about 350 Indians, were carried on Wednesday night on Big Muddy, 30 miles from here, and are expected here on the 4th or 5th. Low Dog, one of the worst of Sitting Bull's warriors, who was supposed could not be induced to surrender, arrived at Poplar River with 8 lodges on the day of the surrender of the other chiefs mentioned, having come in unexpectedly from Bull's camp and joined in the general capitulation to Iges. It is estimated that this leaves not over sixty lodges with Sitting Bull. Low Dog says he had to surrender or starve.

Fort Davies, Texas, Feb. 4.—It is reported that Col. Boyler joined Lieut. Neville on Jan. 28th and attacked the Indians in Sierra Dials range, and with 25 men took the Indians by surprise, killing six and capturing three squaws. They are supposed to be the same Indians who attacked the Graham family last May.

Telegraph Consolidation.

New York, Feb. 4.—The consolidation of the Telegraph Companies yesterday was made in haste by securing the written consent required by three-fifths of the stockholders for the amalgamation. The leading directors were in session, and when Judge Barret's decision was announced the consolidation was effected. It is stated that five of the directors of the Western Union have resigned, and the following of the American Union were elected to fill the vacancies:—Thos. T. Eckert, as Vice President and manager of the new Company; Jay Gould, Nathaniel Niles, Russell Sage and Robert Garrett. It is reported that arrangements are pending for the imitation by the Western Union of the Union Pacific's tactics, removing the main office from New York to Boston to avoid hostile legislation and persecution by injunctions.

Wife Slaughter.

Charlotte, N.C., Feb. 4.—A white woman, who asked lodgings at John Demp's house in Cheekertown, on Wednesday, was assigned a bed in a room with Mrs. Demp. At night Demp, learning that the woman had money, decided to murder her. He went to the bed which he supposed she occupied and struck the fatal blow with an axe. He then discovered that the woman had changed beds and he had killed his wife. The visiting woman fled. Demp was arrested.

A Fraud Exposed.

Fillmore, Me., Feb. 4.—Jas. Riggens, engaged to marry a young lady here, left suddenly a few days ago for the far west, insuring his life for the benefit of his mother. It was reported that he committed suicide at North Platt and a coffin alleged to contain the body received and buried. The insurance agents commenced an investigation, exhumed the coffin, and found it filled with sand. The mystery is still unsolved.

Railway Extension.

Albany, Feb. 4.—The New York, Ontario and Western RR. Co. have secured the right of way and recorded the same in every county from Cornwall to Albany and from Catskill to Buffalo. Their proposed line is to follow the route from Catskill originally intended for the New York Central and from Utica West. It will be nearly parallel with that of Central.

Garfield's Policy.

New York, Feb. 4.—The *Tribune's* Mentor says Garfield, in conversation with a visitor yesterday, said that that he did not propose to become involved in the quarrels of factions. He would not turn good Republicans out of office merely because they were doing well and others wanted their places.

Jury Disagreed.

New York, Feb. 4.—In the suit brought in the U. S. Circuit court in the name of Victoria Queen of Great Britain against Jacob D. Otis, broker, to recover $12,000 alleged to be stolen from the office of the Assistant Receiver General of Canada, and afterwards negotiated by Otis, the jury disagreed.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Climax Approaches—Home Rulers Expelled Last Night.

London, Feb. 4.—The principal alterations to Gladstone's resolution, as finally adopted, are that the motion for urgency must be made by a Minister who must state his reasons. The majority voting on urgency must consist of 5 to 1 in a House of at least 200 members. Modifications are also introduced, making it clear that the Speaker was intended to use the powers conferred upon him only for facilitating any particular business which might be declared urgent.

EXTRAORDINARY PRECAUTIONS.

The most extraordinary precautions were taken in the House last night. Almost every door leading into the lobbies and corridors were watched by detectives. Forster's office, the Speaker's house, and Gladstone's private room were guarded by the police members. The lobby was cleared from an early hour and strangers were not allowed to enter for several hours.

London, Feb. 4.—It was Mr. Davitt's arrest that led to the disorderly scene that ensued in the House, to the suspension of the Irish members, and to the arrest of Mr. Parnell and thirty-four members of Parliament who were removed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, the police standing in readiness to clear the House amid intense excitement.

In reply to Mr. Parnell Sir William Harcourt replied that Mr. Davitt had been arrested in consequence of having violated one of the conditions of his ticket-of-leave.

Mr. Parnell—What conditions?

No reply being made angry cries of "answer, answer, answer," came from the Irish benches.

THE FIRST GUN.

Mr. Gladstone then rose, and Mr. Dillon also stood up simultaneously amid the most terrible din and cries of "shame."

Mr. Gladstone said: "I rise, sir, in conformity with the notice I gave yesterday——

Mr. Dillon—Mr. Speaker, Mr. Speaker.

The Speaker—The right honorable gentleman is in possession of the House.

Mr. Dillon continued to stand with his arms folded.

The Speaker—I call upon the hon. member to resume his seat. (Cries of "shame," "shame.")

Mr. Dillon continued to stand, the Irish members crying, "Point of order," "Point of order."

DILLON SUSPENDED.

Mr. Gladstone then moved that the hon. gentleman be suspended during the remainder of this day's sitting.

The Speaker then put the motion from the chair amidst cries of "privilege" and "order."

Mr. A. M. Sullivan—Mr. Dillon rose to a point of order. I object to the division.

The House then divided. For the suspension there were 395 against 33; majority, 362.

The Speaker—Mr. Dillon will withdraw.

Mr. Dillon—I beg——

SULLIVAN'S PLEADING.

The Speaker—The hon. member must withdraw.

Mr. Dillon—I decline to withdraw.

The Speaker then directed the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove Mr. Dillon.

Mr. A. M. Sullivan rose to a point of order amid the greatest confusion, during which the Sergeant-at-Arms approached Mr. Dillon accompanied by five officers.

The Sergeant said: "Mr. Dillon, you are not going to use force, I hope."

The hon. member then rose, and amid cries of "shame" left the House.

Mr. A. M. Sullivan then proceeded to quote the case of the member for Northampton, and said that the Speaker then declared that without a specific motion of the House he could not compel the hon. member to withdraw. He therefore contended that the course taken was one of extreme illegality. He then proceeded to justify the conduct of Mr. Dillon. Mr. Dillon had, he said, been punished by the illegal exercise of usurped authority.

Mr. Gladstone then rose to address the House.

PARNELL OFFENDS THE HOUSE.

Mr. Parnell moved that the right hon. gentleman be no longer heard.

Mr. Parnell continuing to speak, he was named by the Speaker for disregarding the authority of the chair.

Mr. Gladstone then moved that the hon. member be suspended during the remainder of the sitting.

The majority of hon. members proceeded to divide. The Irish members, however, continued to remain in their places and maintained an angry discussion. They were in vain addressed by Mr. Power, who appeared to be counselling them to withdraw.

Lord Kensington—I have to report, Mr. Speaker, that I am unable to clear the House because the hon. gentlemen refuse to leave.

The Speaker—The hon. members are continuing in a course very unbecoming.

Mr. A. M. Sullivan—We contest the legality of the proceedings.

The doors were then opened and the honourable members returned to their seats. The House then divided as follows for the suspension: Yeas, 405; nays, 7—majority, 398.

The Speaker—Some hon. members did not move from their places, consequently their votes were not recorded, but Mr. Parnell in consequence of this resolution must withdraw.

The Sergeant-at-Arms then touched Mr. Parnell.

Mr. Parnell—I respectfully decline to withdraw except by superior force.

BOWS TO SUPREME FORCE.

The five officers again entered the House, and Mr. Parnell withdrew in their company.

Mr. Gladstone rose, and after referring to the conduct of hon. members in refusing to take part in the division, was proceeding with his statement, upon the motion of which he had given notice, when

Mr. Finnegan moved that the Prime Minister be no longer heard.

He was then named by the Speaker for disregarding the ruling of the Chair, and informed that his conduct was that of wilful obstruction.

Mr. Gladstone then moved that the offending hon. members be suspended from the service of the House.

The motion being put from the chair the House again divided, the Irish members remaining in their position. This fact was reported to the Speaker by Lord Kensington.

The Speaker called upon the hon. members to leave, as they were disregarding the authority of the Chair.

The names of the members were then taken by the Clerk at the table, the Irish members meanwhile sitting in perfect silence. During the division a strong body of police were in readiness to remove if necessary the recalcitrant members. The members in favour of suspension were 405; against 2—majority 403.

REFUSED TO LEAVE THE HOUSE.

The speaker then said he had to report the following gentlemen as having refused to leave the House: Messrs. Barry, Biggar, Byrne, W. O. Corbett, Daly, Dawson, Gill, E. Gray, Healy, Lalor, Leahy, Leamy, McCarthy, McCoan, Martin, Metge, Nelson, A. O'Connor, W. H. O'Sullivan, The O'Donoghue, O'Gorman, Mahon, O'Connor, Power, Rails-ad, Sexton, A. M. Sullivan, T. D. Sullivan and Smithwick.

Another disorderly scene then ensued. The motion was put from the Chair for that suspension from the House. They left the House one after another, amid laughter and cheers.

The House divided, for the motion, 410, against 7—majority 403.

The members were then ordered to withdraw, and declined to go unless forced. Upon being spoken to by the Sergeant-at-Arms, Mr. Barry, the first on the list, refused to leave the House, and was ejected by Captain Gossett. The same process was repeated in the case of the other members. The Rev. Isaac Nelson created some laughter by holding firmly to the bench on which he was sitting. Mr. O'Sullivan said, that this was not the first time he had been illegally arrested by Parliament. Mr. Molloy was subsequently named, and was called upon to retire. It was discovered, however, that he had with drawn.

RESOLUTION OF OBSTRUCTION.

Mr. Gladstone then rose to propose his resolution on obstruction, when

Mr. O'Donnell moved that the Premier be not heard.

Mr. O'Donnell was named and his suspension moved by Mr. Gladstone. The House proceeded to divide, but it was reported that Mr. O'Shaughnessy and Mr. R. Power had refused to leave the House during the division.

The division was then taken for the motion:—311; against, 1—majority 310.

Lord Grosvenor then reported that two honourable members had declined to withdraw.

The Speaker then ordered Mr. O'Donnell to withdraw.

Mr. O'Donnell declined to withdraw as a protest against liberty. He then withdrew in company with the Sergeant-at-Arms.

The other two hon. members were then named and ordered to withdraw. No challenge of the ruling being made they were removed.

Mr. Gladstone then proceeded to bring forward his motion, and made a statement with regard to the course taken in putting down obstruction.

PARNELL SPEAKING OUT.

London, Feb. 4.—In an interview Parnell declared that the Speaker allowed Gladstone to do last year what he suspended him (Parnell) for yesterday. Parnell said the refusal of the American Congress to let Ministers have seats in the House is very much to be preferred, as the tendency for several years in the British Parliament is to subordinate everything to the opinions of the paid servants of the Crown, independent members being left really nowhere.

PUBLIC OPINION.

The general opinion of impartial observers is that the extreme measures by the Parnellites have caused much indignation in England, and that many members favorably inclined towards the Irish party dare not exhibit any sympathy in future.

IRISH MANIFESTO.

A manifesto was issued to the Irish people by the expelled Home Rulers in which they denounce the conduct of the House but advise the people to keep within the line of constitutional action. It is signed by Parnell on behalf the Irish members and addressed to the Irish race at home and abroad. Previous to it being adopted a suggestion by O'Connor Power was negatived that members should go to Ireland to address and consult the constituents. Dillon will go to Ireland for some days.

SPEAKER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

London, Feb. 4.—In the Commons to-day the Speaker read a statement that he would use his authority with circumspection to ensure freedom of debate and shortly lay rules before the House. Meanwhile he will make a rule to prevent a member, dissatisfied with an answer to a question, moving the adjournment of the House. The announcement was received with cheers. Home Rulers gradually arrived during the proceedings.

PROTECTION BILL.

Mr. Forster rose at 5 p.m., amid cheers, to move the second reading of the Protection Bill. Mr. Bradlaugh moved the rejection of the Bill because, he said, there was no certainty that the Lords would approve of the Land Bill as readily as the Coercion Bill.

BOSTON LEAGUE.

A Proclamation of an Excitable Character.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 4.—The following proclamation has been issued:

To the members of the Land League and American people—A crisis has been reached in Ireland. It is not unexpected. The suppression of free speech, the arrest without bail, darkening land with spies and soldiers, Coercion Bill—all these were inevitable. There is now in Ireland, in the mass of her people, courage, patriotism, zeal, endurance, leadership, capacity sufficient for the time, and strong thoughtful resolute men to lead.

IF THEY ARE SILENCED

others will leap to fill their vacant places. Ireland cries for justice. The Land League is her voice. England must build more gaols before that voice can be stifled. To attempt outrage upon people's representatives, to attempt to place Ireland upon her knees, to beat and scourge her before righting her wrongs, to arrest a brave Michael Davitt let America answer in protest. As fire flamed upon all the hells in that olden time when the edict went forth so now in every American city let

FIRES OF YOUR INDIGNATION

blaze. Call public meetings everywhere at once. As you saved the Irish people from death and roused them from despair show that your sympathy is still with them in their grand struggle for justice. The members the League knit closer together; add to your numbers, form branches in every place where ten friends of the cause can be found; place yourself in immediate communication with us. Ireland moves fast to her supreme crisis. We must be close together when the hour strikes. The patriotism, wisdom, prudence of Irish leaders must be cheered and sustained by your sympathy. Make your sympathy more marked. Organize everywhere.

(Per order)

P. A. COLLINS,
President.

House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—In the Senate yesterday the second reading of the Pacific Railway Bill was moved by Sir Alexander Campbell and supported in a speech of nearly two hours' duration.

Hon. Mr. Scott followed in reply, and had not concluded when the Senate adjourned at 6 o'clock.

In reply to a question by Sir R. Cartwright, Sir Leonard Tilley stated that he hoped to be able to bring down the estimates for the year 1881-82, on Wednesday next. It is expected that he will make his financial statement on Friday next.

Dominion Returns.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—The *Mail* publishes the Dominion returns for January, a total of $1,764,421, an increase for January this year of $600,068. This makes the total increase in the Dominion returns for the past seven months $4,139,138 over the corresponding seven months of the previous fiscal year.

The monthly statement of the Consolidated Bank, in liquidation, for January, shows; liabilities $125,755; and assets $719,062.

DAVITT'S ARREST.

It Creates a Perfect Furore of Excitement.

Dublin, Feb. 3.—Michael Davitt had been working at the League office with the Ladies' Relief Committee, who are busy getting out their addresses to the Irish people. Between two and three o'clock he left the office for dinner. With him were Mr. Brennan, the secretary of the League, and Matthew Harris, of Ballinasloe, both of them defendants in the recent State trials. They walked down Sackville street, and were crossing Carlisle bridge when a detective said, "Mr. Davitt, you are wanted at the Castle." Mr. Davitt said good afternoon to his friends, and walked to the Castle with the officer. There he was taken in charge by two Scotland Yard detectives, who told him that they had orders for his arrest on the ground of breach of the conditions of his ticket-of-leave. He at once recognized their authority and handed over his revolver. He also asked them to send to the League office for his overcoat, which was done. They then entered a cab and proceeded to Kingstown, whence the prisoner left Ireland. Afterward Mr. Brennan asked Superintendent Mallins what had become of Davitt. Mr. Mallins refused to give the information.

HIS ARRIVAL IN LONDON.

London, Feb. 4.—Davitt arrived in London by the Irish mail at 4.30 o'clock this morning, accompanied by a number of police and detectives in plain clothes. The pilot engine ran in front of the mail train from Holyhead to London. Chester, Holyhead, Crewe, Stafford, Rugby and Willesden railway stations were strongly guarded. The examination of prisoner at the police court took place at 8 o'clock this morning. Davitt was removed to Millbank.

DEMONSTRATIVE CROWD.

A considerable crowd assembled in the street to see Davitt brought up to the court. There was an exhibition of much angry feeling when it became known that he had already been remitted to prison.

COURT PROCEEDING.

London, Feb. 4.—Davitt was taken from the train at Wilsedon station to avoid a demonstration at Euston station, where a number of persons had collected. The proceedings before the magistrate merely consisted in the production of the warrant for the prisoner's arrest, and his identification. Davitt then wished to ask the reasons for the revocation of his ticket of leave. The magistrate said his duty was simply to see that Davitt was the convict whose license had been revoked.

FIVE YEARS TO SERVE.

London, Feb. 4.—The specific charge upon which Davitt has been arrested is of breach of the conditions of his ticket of leave in connection with his association with the Land League. He has yet to serve between four and five years of his sentence. The magistrate's enquiry was very brief. Davitt was removed in the prison van to Pentonville prison. The police have strict instructions to give no information.

LATE INFLAMATORY SPEECHES.

London, Feb. 4.—A Dublin correspondent says there is no surprise at Davitt's arrest after his inflammatory scurrilous language in recent speeches in reference to the action of the Government and to Forster's character.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Feb. 4.—Meetings to denounce the Government will be held in many places on Sunday. There is generally an absence of excitement. A number of arrests especially among members of the Land League are expected as soon as the Coercion Bill is passed.

RENT PAYING MOVEMENT.

The movement for the non payment of rents hardly created a greater sensation than the announcement from several parts of the country that on some large estates rents were actually being paid. This rent paying movement is certainly extending.

STRENGTHENING THE FORCES.

Two gunboats are to be stationed at Starbert, on the Shannon, at the disposal of the coast guardship. The forces at the batteries on the Shannon are being strengthened. Sentries are doubled nightly.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES.

Condensed into Small Compass.

The stock market was stronger this morning.

Mr. Sellers, of New York, died suddenly at his office yesterday of apoplexy.

Coal now is sold in Hamilton at $7 a ton. It was purchased by dealers two years ago for $2.

It is possible that Max Levi, who made a ferocious attempt at suicide in Toronto, will recover.

Number four express going west this morning ran off the track at Lansdowne. The engine broke both side rods. No one hurt.

There was almost unprecedented attendance at the annual charity ball last night in New York. The net proceeds probably reach $12,000.

The steamer "Kronprinz Friederich Wilhelm" collided with the steamer "Canxhaven." The latter sunk in three minutes. Six lives were lost.

Ella Mitchell, aged three years, was burned to death at Trenton, N. J., on Wednesday, her clothes catching from the grate. It is feared her mother will become insane.

In all the New York Catholic churches yesterday there were gathered persons seeking the intercession of St. Blasius, supposed to be especially powerful against the scourage of diphtheria.

The snow blockade on Long Island RR. and branches has, since Tuesday, completely isolated the residents along the line from communication with New York or Brooklyn except by telegraph.

Regina Johnson, formerly a pedestrian, has been arrested charged with engaging a number of young women in Copenhagen as domestics and then bringing them to New York to lead a life of shame.

A GREAT CHICAGO ENTERPRISE.—The laboratory for the manufacture of Electric Bitters is one of Chicago's greatest enterprises, giving employment to a large number of hands. The extensive sale already attained for this wonderful remedy is astonishing. Wherever once introduced and becomes known, it is almost impossible to supply the demand, because of their true merit—curing where all others fail—and at a reasonable price (fifty cents). *Exch.*

Bills and Petitions.

Yesterday in the Ontario Legislature a bill legalizing a by-law of the county of Frontenac for the issue of debentures to the amount of $252,400, was reported with some technical amendments.

Petitions were presented from James H. B. Moore, of Sarnia, that the Bill before the House respecting the confirmation of certain assessments in the city of Kingston may not pass; of Geo. Abbott, Olden; S. S. Shibley, of Portland, and T. H. McGuire, of Kingston, for certain amendments to the Free Grants Act.

Picton will be made a wood station for the bay boats next season. Capt. Crawford is now in Picton arranging his plans to that end.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Feb. 4.

Bank of Montreal—asked [illegible] offered 244; sales 40 at 243, 40 at 243 ex div.

Merchants Bank—asked 124½ offered 125; sales 40 at 124, 30 at 124 ex div.

Bank of Commerce—asked 133½ offered 134; sales 100 at [illegible].

Ontario Bank—asked 102, offered 103, sales 150 at [illegible].

Bank of Toronto—asked 161 offered 162, sales 6 at [illegible].

Molson's Bank—asked 107½ offered 108, sales 20 at [illegible].

Banque Du Peuple—asked 94, offered 95, sales 20 at 95.

Banque Jacques Cartier—asked 98, offered 94, sales 50 at 95.

Union Bank—asked 93, offered 93, sales 60 at 93.

Quebec Bank—asked 64, offered 65½, sales 200 at 65.

Exchange Bank—asked 64, offered 61, sales 50 at 62.

Montreal Telegraph Co—asked 127, offered 128½, sales 450 at 128, 30 at 127.

Dominion Telegraph Co—asked 94, offered 96½, sales 50 at 96.

Montreal Gas Co.—asked 139½ offered 140½, sales 7 at 140.

City Passenger RR.—asked 172, offered 173½, sales 600 at [illegible] at 173.

Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.—asked 87, offered 90½, sales 5 at 90 at 89.

Royal Canadian Ins. Co.—asked 50½, offered 52, sales [illegible].

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour Feed and all kinds of Grain.

Dolan's Block, Princess Street, Kingston.

Strong Bakers' Flour a specialty.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, Feb. 4.

Flour—receipts 1700 barrels; sales 200 barrels. Quotations are: Superior, $5.80 to 5.85; extra 5.30 to 5.40; fancy 5.20 to 5.25; spring extra 5.00 to 5.10; superfine 4.85 to 4.95; strong bakers 5.75 to 6.00. Bran $10 to $11. Middlings $13 to $14. Pollards 9.00 to 9.50. Ontario bags 2.40 to 2.45; city do 2.30 to 2.35.

Grains—Wheat, No. 2 Canada spring 1.23 to 1.25; red and white winter at 1.17 to 1.19.

Oatmeal 4.50 to 4.60.

Cornmeal 3.00 to 3.10.

Pease—$1 to sale per 66 lbs. for cargoes.

Rye 63 to 65c.

Corn 61 to 61½ in bond.

Oats 35c to 36c; per 34 lbs.

Barley 65c to 75c.

Provisions—Butter, Western 16 to 18c. B. A. 18 to 22. B. T. 18 to 20.

Cheese 12 to 13½.

Pork—Mess 17.50 to 18.

Hams 12½ to 14.

Lard 11 to 12½.

Bacon 10c to 11c.

Ashes—Firsts 4.00 to 4.70, pearls nominal.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Feb. 4.

Stocks—Strong.

Cotton 11½.

Flour—Receipts 11,000; sales 12,000; 3.75 to 4.45 for sup. state and western, 4.35 to 6.30 for common to choice extra State, 4.30 to 5.00 for do western; rye flour 3.35 to 3.55.

Wheat—Receipts 39,000; sales 352,000; No. 1 white Feb. 0.00 to 1.14; No. 2 Red Feb 1.12 to 0.00.

Rye—85 to 1.00.

Corn—Receipts 47,000; sales 80,000, 54 to 55c.

Barley—No. 1 two-rowed state 1.07 to 1.08, No. 1 Canada at 1.20 to 1.22, do bright 1.35 to 1.38.

Oats—Receipts 21,000; sales 30,000; 45c to 49, mixed western and state, 43 to 49c, white do.

Pork—firm, $14.50 to 00.00.

Lard—9.32.

Butter 11 to 34.

Cheese 8 to 13.

OSWEGO MARKET.

Oswego, Feb. 4.

Wheat—White and Red State at 1.16 to 1.17.

Corn—Western at 56 to 56c.

Barley—No. 1 Canada 1.35; No. 1 bright Canada at 1.33; No. 2 Canada at 1.15.

Rye—Canada in bond at 93 to 93c.

GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Wheat, 84 cash, Corn 36½ cash, new high mild 34; red 33½. Pork 25 to 26 March; 40 April. Lard 6 April.

BIRTH.

In this city, on Friday, 4th February, the wife of Mr. Abraham Shaw, of a son.

PASTOR'S ANNIVERSARY.

Baptist Church.

THE Anniversary Sermons will be preached on Sabbath the 6th, by Rev. A. A. Cameron, of Ottawa.

On Monday, the 7th Inst.,

a Tea and Social Meeting will be held.

Addresses will be delivered by Revs. Thomas Hall, T. W. Jolliffe and J. Young. Readings by Prof. Woods and others.

Singing by the 1st Congregational and Baptist Church Choirs.

Tea at 6.30. Entertainment at 8 o'clock. Tickets 35 Cents.

Feb. 4

RATES REDUCED.

STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

DIRECTORS IN CANADA.

Sir Alexander T. Galt, Chairman
George Stephen, Esq., President Bank of Montreal. Vice Chairman
Ferdinand Macculloch, Esq. Alfred Brown, Esq.
A. C. Hooper, of Messrs. Wm. Dow & Co.

Accumulated Fund, over	$20,000,000
Revenue, about	4,000,000
Claims paid in Canada, over	1,200,000
Funds invested in Canada, over	1,000,000

THOMAS KERR, Inspector.

Feb 4th.

MAGIC Cough Cure

A most Safe, Efficient and immediate Remedy FOR

Coughs, Colds, Nervousness

And for the cure of CONSUMPTIVE PATIENTS

Excellent for Nervous and Irritable Children. For Sale by

W. T. C. Bethel, Chemist,

134 Princess Street, Kingston (Late of K. Hooper & Co., Toronto.)

Feb. 4th.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE following lands will be sold cheap for cash

No. 23, 6th Con. Hinchinbrooke, 200 Acres
W. ½, 23, 14[illegible] 100
(K. & P. R'y crosses this lot.)
No. 9, 8th Con. Olden 100
(Main road north crosses this lot.)

Apply to JAMES AGNEW, Barrister, &c.

Kingston, Jan. 28, 81.

KINGSTON Masonic Benefit Association.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE Annual Meeting of the above Association will be held in the Masonic Hall, King Street, on TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 7th, 1881, at 7:30 o'clock, to receive reports and election of officers. All the members are earnestly requested to be present.

G. W. ANDREWS, Secretary

Feb. 4th.

For Sale.

172 ACRES of LAND in the Village of Cataraqui, adjoining the Cemetery. 100 Acres well drained, suitable for Orchard, Market Garden or Cemetery purposes. Balance in pasture well watered by Creek running through. A good Spring on every field.

Also a Sand-pit from which one thousand loads are annually sold. Terms easy.

Apply to E. RILEY, Cataraqui, before March 17, '81.

Feb. 4th, 81.

Notice.

THE KINGSTON DIRECTORY for 1881 and 1882 is now complete and about to be delivered to subscribers and advertisers. All accounts due for advertising, according to contracts, are now payable to the Publisher of the British Whig, who is alone authorized to collect the same, said contracts being duly handed over to Mr. Payne, endorsed by me.

R. M. CHARLTON.

Dated Kingston Jan. 20, '81.

K. & P. R. R.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's offices in the city of Kingston at noon on Wednesday, the 9th day of February, 1881, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE, Sec'y and Treas.

Jan. 19th.

R. & J. Gardiner

We are now Offering at

Greatly Reduced Prices

Our entire stock of Plain Flannel.
Our entire stock of Fancy Flannel.
Our entire stock of Woollen Cloths.

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Our entire stock of Cloaks, Neck Squares, Breakfast Shawls, Opera Shawls.
Ladies' and Children's Garters, Children's Polkas.

Ladies Lambs Wool and Merino Vests.
Ladies Merino Drawers.

And our entire stock of Underwear for Ladies and Gentlemen's wear.

We are now offering all classes of Dry Goods at greatly reduced prices.

An inspection invited.

R. & J. GARDINER,

PRINCESS STREET.

Jan. 7th

ROOM PAPER

The Largest, Cheapest and Best Stock of

Room, Hallway & Decorative Paper

IN CENTRAL CANADA

AT THE

CITY PAINT SHOP

BAGOT STREET.

HAVING taken my son into partnership and being about to make alterations on our store, we will sell for the next 180 days our large stock of Room Paper, Window Shades Bordering and Decorations at cost price.

Any person wishing to get cheap Paper should call and see our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

House and Sign Painting, Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining and Window Shade Painting done in the best style and lowest notice and at the lowest rates.

W. ROBINSON & SON,

Bagot St., between Princess and Queen.

April 19

THE Fire Insurance ASSOCIATION (Limited) OF LONDON, ENGLAND,

Having made the required deposit of $100,000 and obtained the Government license is now prepared to transact a general fire insurance business in the Dominion.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,
42 St. John Street, Montreal.
WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Manager.

W. D. GORDON,

Agent for Kingston.

Office Montreal Street, between Princess and Brock.

Dec 5th.

Hot Water

—AND—

Steam Heating

A Specialty!

For Comfort and Economy in heating your dwelling use Hot Water or Steam and consult

McKELVEY & BIRCH

Practical Steam Fitters to do it. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. But if you still decide to use COAL OR WOOD STOVES, you will find a very large assortment at low prices at our Depot.

McKelvey & Birch's,

72 BROCK STREET.

Sept. 13, 1880

FLOUR!

Wholesale

FLOUR!

Retail

AT THE

TORONTO FLOUR STORE,

M. MORRISON.

Jan. 29

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Young Ladies' Academy

E. G. ROSE, PRECEPTRESS.

THE Spring Term will commence (D. V.) on FRIDAY, Feb. 4th. For further particulars apply to

E. G. ROSE,
No. 208 Queen St.

Feb. 1st.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

THE Subscriber desires to intimate to the citizens of Kingston and vicinity that although not now in the Factory he still intends keeping up his connection here. Orders left at the Factory of Weber & Co., or W. L. Richard son's Store on Princess Street, will receive his immediate attention.

E. MORHAM,

RESIDENCE Albert St., off Earl.

PIANOFORTE TUNER, & Practical Piano Maker.

Jan. 27, '81.

NOTICE!

Go to Wells' Livery Stables

For a first-class Single or Double Rig.

The best Sand Sleigh in the city.

Horses at all hours. Charges moderate.

Orders left at office, foot of Princess street, opposite Penn's factory promptly attended to.

H. WELLS

Jan. 20th

STEAM SAW MILL

FOR SALE or to let in the Village of Bath's field, within one mile of Kingston Market, Building 70 x 36 ft., 34 stories high. Engine Room, &c., 40 x 26 ft., with yard and boom privileges, capable of doing a large business; erected in the building are Lath and Shingle Mills. That may be purchased at reasonable figures. For further particulars apply to

MARTIN STRACHAN, Barriefield.

Feb. 2nd.

SCHOONER FOR SALE.

SCHOONER FOR SALE, 400 tons, well formed, strong, suitable for timber trade. Easy terms. Apply to

MERCHANTS' BANK, Kingston.

Feb. 2.

For Sale.

THE Business, Stock and Fixtures of the old established shop Chandler, Grocery and Provision Trade, at present carried on by T. McADAM, Ontario Street.

Feb. 1st.

Wanted.

A GENERAL Servant in a small family. Apply to W. H. Wentworth, Twin Cottage, 66 Barrie St.

Kingston, Jan 31.

THE NEW POPULAR AND CHEAP SHEET M