Daily British Whig.

Office: 162 Princess Street.

CONSTABULARY DIFFICULTIES.

There has been an unhappy revival of discontent in the ranks of the Irish Constabulary. The authorities have not been as discreet in their management of the force as circumstances warranted. The fresh outbreak of difficulty has been occasioned by the issue of an order directing the removal of sixteen sub-Inspectors from Limerick to a northern county, and with a haste which was particularly obnoxious. It must be borne in mind that the Limerick Constabulary were the originators of the agitation for better terms. They led in the resistance which, a superior remarked, should have been treated as a mutiny, and when the Government's representatives satisfied them they satisfied all occupying subordinate positions — we presume they only were in a rebellious mood—and there was a general abandonment of the strike. Experience should have taught those who rule at The Castle "that in a crisis they should not act precipitately or offensively." For some good purpose six sub Inspectors were booked for a change of duty, and while they may have suspected the cause of such they could not have objected to removal had they been given the couple of days they asked for in order to satisfactorily adjust private affairs. A little diplomacy must be again used to avert a demoralization of the force, and we dislike to contemplate the probabilities if such an eventuality occurred.

The Irish Constabulary was originally formed in 1822 under an Act which superceded the power of the Grand Juries to appoint Constables and which gave to the whole of Ireland 1,000 Constables and 5,000 Constabulary, that is, a chief and sixteen men to each barony. After what one historian has termed "thirteen years of successful bungling," there was, in 1836, a reorganization under Thomas Drummond, who, in a letter to the Tipperary magistrates, enunciated the famous aphorism "that property has its duties as well as its rights."

In 1851 the force was increased to 35 Inspectors, 262 sub Inspectors, 575 Head Constables, and 10,000 Constables. Of the latter 300 were mounted, and distributed through the several counties in the proportion of one mounted man to each sub-Inspector, and two to each County Inspector, while a reserve of young horses was always kept at the depot for remounts as the others became unserviceable. In 1857, also was passed the Act defining the discipline and fixing the duties of the Constabulary as follows, which, by the bye, have been varied very little up to the present time: Taking the census every tenth year, taking the agricultural statistics annually, issuing and collecting voting papers for the election of poor law guardians, putting in force the fishery laws, carrying out the Vagrancy Act, executing loan fund warrants, acting as Inspectors of Weights and Measures, seeing that all dogs are registered, suppressing illicit stills, etc.

Subsequently there was a change in the Government, the distribution of the men and their promotion passed into the hands of those acting under the Lord Lieutenant, the number was increased to over 12,000, in 1866 the pay was raised, there was a change in the style of the dress worn, and the armament, the long rifle and sword bayonet, of which some people had such a horror, having been called in and a short Snender carbine and bayonet issued in their stead.

For a time there was a feeling that the Constabulary were too military in their appearance and line of duty. It certainly has been necessary to group the police in barracks, living under control, armed and concentrated for action against the movements of all ill-organized rabbles. No attempt has ever been made to recruit for the army from the Constabulary, even for crack regiments. The effort made during the Crimean war to obtain from the force volunteers for the Guards was a terrible failure.

During the Fenian excitement, especially during the uprising on the night of March 5th, 1867, the police rendered a service which was acknowledged by Parliament and marked by the presentation of medals and money to the most deserving officers, and the conferring of a new name upon the force, that is "the Royal Irish Constabulary."

It is to be regretted that anything should occur to impair its usefulness, to effect the harmony of its relations with the Government, heretofore trusty officers of the peace to cause to desert their posts at such an epoch in the history of Ireland.

IRELAND AND AMERICA.

O'Dwyre Gray, publisher of the *Freeman's Journal*, Ireland's leading newspaper, winning fresh notoriety for the warmth of its defence of the Land League and the methods it adopted to remove the oppression under which the tenantry suffered and chafed so much, was summoned before Judge Lawson and without opportunity to defend himself without an opportunity to mitigate his offence, fined £500 and unceremoniously bundled off to Dublin gaol for six months. What was his offence? He published a correspondence which reflected seriously upon the jurymen who convicted Hynes of an agrarian outrage. It said they were drunken, and had been in that condition when considering the verdict. Public opinion is agreed that the sentence is excessively severe, and it is not improbable that Gray will be speedily released from imprisonment, that a portion of his heavy fine will be remitted, though there has been no haste on the part of the Executive to interfere with the judgment of the Court.

A contrast is very interesting at this time. Every reader of the WHIG has heard of the Star Route scandal. A number of prominent politicians, active in all important contests, professional wire-pullers, administrators of the campaign funds, were detected in a conspiracy to rob the public treasury of $500,000 per annum. The scheme originated in 1877, it was developed in 1878, it culminated in 1879, "eating" as one of the counsel for the prosecution observed, "into the very heart of our country, and making it necessary that it should be plucked out if the tree would flourish and resist the storms." When the huge job was first exposed there was a great outcry against it. Public indignation knew no bounds, and Dorsey, Brady & Co. were overwhelmed with obliquy. Their utter extinction seemed to be threatened. Garfield's Government had but entered office when the scandal fell upon the country. Post Master General James, selected for his great executive ability, having proven the most successful head the New York Post Office ever had, and rightly termed an honest man, was determined to ascertain to what extent the public treasury had been affected by the corruptors' operations; and in his efforts in this direction he was cordially supported by the President and Attorney General MacVeigh. An investigation of the iniquity had been but fairly commenced when Garfield was stricken down, and in the eight weeks of his struggle for life the Star Route party were spared an unpleasant enquiry into their conduct. With a change of Cabinet came a change in the tactics of the prosecution. It has not been as vigorous as circumstances justified, and when the end is reached, possibly to-morrow evening, all seven of the defendants may be acquitted. We are led to draw this reference from the following, which is a fair specimen of the liberty of the American press, an extract from the Washington correspondence of the Chicago *Inter Ocean*?

"The free and easy manner in which the jurors in the Star Route trial conduct themselves has frequently been criticised, but to-day the sight of one of them reeling, stupidly intoxicated apparently, along Pennsylvania avenue created considerable comment regarding the latitude allowed. The surveillance of the special officers of the Department of Justice seems to have relaxed recently and the jurors have consequently taken advantage of it. In this connection it may be stated that as soon as the recess hour arrives, Brady, with his counsel, and a few chosen friends, leave the court room to seek consolation for their griefs in a bar room opposite the City Hall which rejoices in the name of the 'Hole-in-the-wall.' Here the Star routers hold forth till their presence is required in Court, and when, as it frequently occurs, a juror or court official stops for a drink or bite of lunch, he is quickly hustled into the back room among the defendants.

"Wine is the principal feature at these noonday feasts, and the proprietor is authority for the statement that Brady's bill for the past month was upwards of $500. The 'Hole-in-the-wall' will therefore regret the close of the trial. Quite a rivalry exists between this establishment and one adjacent, where the counsel for the Government generally pass their recess. A mug of beer and a sandwich are usually the limits of the stomachs of the prosecuting attorneys, and the proprietors of the rival saloons are not at all backward in vaunting the feats of the customers to strangers.

"In support of the assertion that the proper way to reach men is via the stomach, the impression generally prevalent here is that the defendants, with the exception of Brady, will be acquitted; that the best that the Government can hope for in this case will be a hung jury, and that the Star Route subject will then be quietly allowed to die away."

Will the editor of our contemporary be summoned before the venerable Judge, charged with contempt of court, fined $500, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the common gaol and without having an opportunity to make explanations? We trow not. And yet the offence of the *Inter-Ocean* is infinitely worse than that of the *Freeman's Journal*. What in one case is construed into a most inexcusable libel, is on the other hand treated as a piece of spirited journalism, to which usage has even reconciled the judiciary.

Opera House Notes.

To morrow afternoon and evening the New York Opera Company will reappear in our Opera House, performing "Patience" in the afternoon, and "La Mascotte" in the evening. The company is a well balanced one, and has given satisfaction at Toronto, Kingston and Ottawa. At the latter place The Mascot was pronounced a great success. The music is very popular, as much so as any of Sullivan's, and the various leading characters are taken by those best adapted for them. Both *Free Press* and *Citizen* state that Mr. Pyke as "Pippo," Mr. Temple as "Racco," and Miss Manred as the peasant girl with whom goes luck and fortune, are really very fine, and that the support is capital. The company deserve good houses, and the plan indicates that such they will receive.

On Thursday and Friday of next week the very promising comedy of "Bantamalolph" will be given by a Company of which of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Knight are the stars, and Mr. B. G. Berger, (one of the bell ringers) the manager. The piece was played in Montreal last night, in the Academy of Music, to a large and enthusiastic audience, and the Knights so captivated the audience "that" (as a telegram informs us) "they were called out at the close of every act."

McDowell, now at the head of an Opera Company which has been singing the newest things out in Winnipeg, and for a season covering several weeks, writes Mr. W. C. Martin that he purposes making an eastern tour, and looks for his old time success.

Mr. D. K. Brown, journalist, formerly news editor of the Toronto *Telegram*, latterly of the Winnipeg *Times*, has taken to play writing. He has two or three important engagements.

Coming By Express.

Final arrangements have been made for the transportation and subsequent exhibition of Manitoba products at the the Provincial Exhibition at Kingston. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company have given a baggage car in which to carry the exhibits, and which will be through direct with an express train. The party in charge of the Manitoba products will leave on the night of the 10th.

ST. PAUL'S S. S. PIC-NIC. — To-morrow (Wednesday) at 1:30 o'clock sharp the boat will leave the ferry wharf for Channel Grove. Tickets, 15c.

POLICE COURT—TUESDAY.

Cases in Which the Public Have a Lively Interest—A Divided Household—Sentences Reserved.

Hugh McGurk, a shoemaker, has been leading for some time a very exemplary life. He fell from grace, however, yesterday, and this morning felt vexed that King Alcohol had overcome him. Discharged.

James McGowan, in a sad plight, pleaded guilty to having excessively indulged in the liquor he was licensed to sell to others. Fined $10 or costs or 30 days.

Some days ago the cows of Benjamin W. Folger and Mrs. P. Macauley got out of their pasturage at Murney Tower, and were captured by Samuel Self, poundkeeper. This morning the Magistrate made the usual demand for $3 and costs in each case, for an infringement of the city cow by-law. Those "blawsted bank fellahs who play lawn tennis," were reported to be responsible for the appearance of the cows on the street. They had knocked the fence down. The fine, however, was inflicted.

William Barton and James Walsh were charged with stealing fruit. One lad was nine years of age, and the other ten. Both pleaded guilty. Sentence was reserved. Patrick Purcell and William Walsh were accused of receiving the stolen fruit. Their parents put in a plea of guilty. Sentence was reserved. The prosecutor addressed the Court and pointed out that he had the lads arrested in order that the public might be protected. The Magistrate said, in his opinion, that it was impossible to grow fruit in the city gardens. The boys were a continual source of annoyance, and he desired that the thieving should be stopped. He would require the boys and their parents to appear before him in the course of a week, when it would be decided as to the proper punishment to mete out.

Thomas Enright was charged by his wife with having on the 26th instant, threatened to throw a lighted coal oil lamp at her, and with striking her violently on the head. She took the stand and stated on Saturday at midnight he arrived home in an intoxicated condition. As soon as she opened the door he used abusive language and because she would not allow her child to go for meat he assaulted her in the manner described. Enright gave his version of the case, and it was a very different one too.

The Magistrate reserved decision, meanwhile allowing him his liberty until wanted by the court.

This morning Manley Williams, proprietor of a temperance hotel, corner of Queen and Ontario streets, was charged with keeping liquor in stock and for sale. The defendant pleaded not guilty. In his evidence he said that his hotel was not licensed this year, but he had a good run of customers and to retain them he kept liquors which he dispensed gratuitously. He would not swear positively that he had not sold liquor. A fine of $40 and costs were imposed. The case may be appealed.

Opening of Schools and Classes.

Public schools on Friday.

Separate schools on Friday.

Kingston Collegiate Institute on Friday.

Sterling House School, conducted by Miss De St. Remy, on Friday.

Private classes, conducted by Miss Burrows, Mozart Place, Earl street, on Monday, Sept. 4th.

Mrs. Martin Walsh's classes, 196 Barrie street, opposite Grammar School, on Monday, Sept. 4th.

Young Ladies' Academy, conducted by Miss Rose, Thurday, Sept. 7th.

The New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass., Sept. 14th.

Ontario Ladies' College, Whitby, Sept. 7th.

Music classes of Mr. F. C. Heath, B.A., and Mrs. W. L. Baxter, 1st Sept.

The Kingston Academy, a private institution for boys, conducted by W. Spankie, B.A., Wellington street, Friday, Sept. 1st.

Hay Not Sold Out

Mr. J. A. Griffiths has been surprised to learn that he sold his establishment at Sharbot Lake to Mr. C. Talkins. The business is too good to be disposed of, but it is so lively that he has engaged Mr. Talkins as manager. Mr. Griffiths has had an establishment in Parham for the past 18 years, and of it the Sharbot Lake store is a branch. Mr. Griffith cut trees at Parham with which to put up his building.

The McCaffrey Murder.

An inquest is proceeding at Richmond on the young farmer, McCaffrey, who was shot dead near this place on Saturday night. Chester Spearman and his sister Maria have been arrested, but that she has confessed is a rumor lacking foundation. The event has caused a profound sensation, as McCaffrey was very popular among his neighbors and bore an excellent character, while the Spearmans do not stand very high in popular estimation. It appears that Chester Spearman was hanging round McCaffrey's all day Saturday seeking him and said he was hiding from him. Afterwards they were seen talking together in the buggies on the road. Spearman's sister, Maria, was with her brother. A few minutes after he was shot. The theory is that there was an improper intimacy between McCaffrey and Maria, and that his murder was owing to her refusal to marry her.

Maria Spearman has candidly confessed that she shot McCaffrey because he was going to marry another woman, when she believed he ought to marry her.

MESSRS. PUTTNER EMULSION COMPANY, of Halifax, N. S., Gentlemen—I have been troubled with weakness of the lungs and general debility during the past two years, so much so as to cause me considerable anxiety, and hearing that your emulsion was highly recommended by the medical and other reliable authorities, I concluded to give it a fair trial. I have taken about seven of your fifty cent bottles, and find that my general health is much improved, my lungs and chest are a great deal stronger, and I have increased in weight twelve pounds, and feel pleased to be able to thus testify to the merits of your excellent Emulsion," which I can heartily recommend to all who are similarly afflicted. R. T. Allen, next door to MacCarthy's drug store, Ottawa.—Feb'y 21st, 1882.

PREVOST'S all wool English serges at $11 a suit—made to order—are the best value in the city. Also his all wool Halifax tweed suitings, made to order, at $12. Are as well made and are as good a fit as his high priced goods.

A VICIOUS FIGHT,

REALIZING THE EFFECTS OF THE LATE BATTLE—LOSSES HEAVY.

Forces Fail to Face—Issue Near at Hand—A Hot Fire Now Proceeding.

London, Aug. 29.—Mahmoud Fehmy, Arabi's chief engineer and artillerist, states that in Friday's engagement the enemy suffered a severe defeat, and that however much our men were cut up the Egyptians lost tenfold. On being further examined he said that much suffering and insubordination prevailed in Arabi's ranks. Among the articles found, which had been thrown away in the rout of Friday, are a tent, said to be that of Arabi, and two standards. The artillerymen and Bedouins fought well, and many of the latter showed great courage. In the general *melee* several fierce hand to hand encounters took place. One Bedouin, a man of tall and lithsome frame, though severely wounded and abandoned by his comrades, stood his ground alone, wounded and unhorsed a life guardsman, disabling him for the time, seized his sabre, and made several thrusts at the officers before he was cut down and secured. A boat supplying the posts on the canal with provisions was fired on by Bedouins near Ismalia to day. Four of her Maltese crew were wounded, one fatally, and the boat was plundered. These men are inspired with an intense hatred of our troops, and show this on every occasion, regardless of the risk they themselves run. To day a dragoon, who was signalling on the banks of the Canal near Tel-el Mahoulan, was instantly shot dead by an Arab who was prowling near by.

ARABI'S WHEREABOUTS

is hardly known for certain. At last accounts he was reported to be at Sulihech, a point lying midway northeast and northwest of Maxama and Ismalia respectively. What he is doing is not known, nor can the military authorities understand his persistency in holding Kafr-el Dwar, where the pick of his army is, amounting, so says Mahmoud Fehmy, to 7,000 men, the artillery very strong, all fresh from Cairo, and all on the Meks line. It is supposed he means to make his stand there, so as to be able in the event of defeat to escape to Tripoli. He has five batteries of Krupp guns and three mounted batteries at Tel-el-kebir.

JOHN BULL IMPATIENT.

The latest clamour is for the immediate bombardment of Abonkir and the debarkation of a select corps to operate from that side against Kafr-el-Dwar. They forget, however, that the forts along the seashore are very strong, and have only just been rebuilt and re-armed. Fort Tewnk particularly, which has lately been rebuilt is well armed with guns of position of the most modern type. A duel, were it to, between it and the ships will attract much attention. A beginning of the work seems to have been made, as a dispatch from Alexandria received to-day says that the ironclad Minotaur has successfully shelled the enemy out of Mandara, between Ramleh and Abonkir. The strongest positions, however, are close to Abonkir.

AN ATTACK AND REPULSE.

Port Said, Aug. 29.—Last evening the Arabs attacked the British position at Kassasin, and were repulsed with heavy loss. The British lost 20 men. 11 of the enemy's guns were captured.

Alexandria, Aug. 29.—The enemy is still strengthening their left. They sent out an armoured train again last evening. Gen. Wood has gone to reconnoitre at Meks.

REPLY NOT YET RECEIVED.

Constantinople, Aug. 29.—Lord Dufferin has not as yet received a reply from Granville to whom he submitted the Porte's acceptance of a military convention. It is considered doubtful whether Granville will agree to the acceptance as the Porte has been several times warned that it might be too late.

BIG BATTLE IMMINENT.

Ismalia, Aug. 29.—A large Egyptian force has appeared in front of the British advance lines. Reinforcements, consisting of the Indian contingent, have been sent to the front, and an attack has been ordered. A big battle is imminent. The British troops have occupied Nsu three miles beyond Kassasin.

Ismalia, Aug. 29.—The firing began on Monday evening between the advanced posts of the enemy and the British.

AN EX-GOVERNOR POISONED.

Alexandria, Aug. 29.—Zoulba Pacha, formerly Governor of Alexandria, has been poisoned and is dead.

FIGHTING BY MOONLIGHT.

London, Aug. 29.—Further advices confirm the report of the battle and repulse of the enemy at Kassasin. The fighting took place by moonlight. The British lost from 129 to 150 men.

WOODS' ENGAGEMENT.

London, Aug. 29.—Wolseley telegraphs from Ismalia: "This morning I just received the news from the front that Gen. Graham was heavily attacked last evening by a large force of Egyptians. The British Cavalry from Labsameh went to his assistance and he had a brilliant success, taking 11 guns. Only a few British were killed, but over a hundred were wounded. I am proceeding to the front."

SKIRMISHING AT RAMLEH.

Alexandria, Aug. 29.—Light skirmishing has taken place to-day at Ramleh.

ACCEPTANCE ADVISED.

Constantinople, Aug. 29.—The German Minister in the Turkish service was present at the sitting of the Council when the signature of the military convention was finally discussed, and advised the acceptance of England's proposals.

Resignation Demanded.

Dublin, Aug. 29.—At a meeting of delegates of the Constabulary, from the counties Leitrim, Mayo, Roscommon, Sligo and Westmeath, at Athlone, the resignation of the Inspector-General was demanded.

Limerick, Aug. 29.—The petition, signed by upwards of a hundred members of the Constabulary, has been forwarned to the Lord Lieutenant, asking that the dismissed men be reinstated. It is said that in the event of his failure to comply with the request a general strike will take place.

Effect of the Rains.

Maysville, Ky., Aug. 29.—The heavy rain yesterday swelled the creeks until the foundation of the bridges in East Maysville was washed out and the the bridge fell. Four or five bridges on the Kentucky Central railway have been washed out. Mrs. Deatly was killed by lightning.

New Skirmishing Fund.

New York, Aug. 29.—O'Donovan Rossa has started a new skirmishing fund. He has $2,000 subscribed and says he will not be embarrassed in his operations by the Trustees.

An Usurper.

London, Aug. 29.—Telegrams from Corea state that the uncle of the King has seized the throne.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Gist of Various Telegrams on Various Themes.

The Opposition candidate has carried in the British Columbia local elections.

The British Association for the Advancement of Science will meet in Montreal in 1884.

It is estimated that the yield of corn in Kansas this year will be 150,000,000 bushels.

Heavy floods in the interior of Japan have caused great loss of life and damage to the rice crop.

The appointment of Mr. Gerin, of Three Rivers, to the Quebec Legislative Council is gazetted.

A man named Sackhammer, of Forchester, near Wilson, Niagara County, lost six cows from the Texas cattle disease and died himself.

Mr. Eph. Moser, a well-known attorney of Shoals, Ind., had been confined to his room with severe rheumatism. St. Jacobs Oil was used; the third application relieved him from all pain.

A large bequest has been left by the late Major Mills, of Montreal, for the distribution of bread to the poor of the city through the Corporation.

A Yokohama despatch states that out of 775 cases of cholera within twenty days at Yokohama, 572 cases were fatal. At Tokio about eighty cases and fifty deaths occur daily.

An advertisement is published in Ottawa calling for tenders for the erection of a monument to the late Sir George E Cartier, for which purpose a sum of money was voted during the session of 1881.

Turkey and Greece.

Athens, Aug. 29.—Yesterday morning Turkish troops attacked the Greeks all along the frontier, from Zorbas to Degam. The fighting continued to-day. The Greeks lost four killed and ten wounded. The Government have despatched one thousand infantry artillery and gen d'armes to the frontier.

London, Aug. 29.—The Turkish account of the fighting on the frontier says the Greeks attempted to take forcible possession of the disputed territory, Karliko, on the Thessian frontier. They were repulsed on the frontier with a heavy loss by the Turkish leader, Ragleh Pacha. Eight Turks were killed. The Greek Minister at Constantinople has had a conference with the Turkish Minister.

Destructive Storm.

Dallas, Texas, Aug. 29.—From all parts of Western Texas come reports of the most disastrous storms ever known in the South West. Nearly a hundred lives have been lost in the past three weeks. Thousands of head of stock and vast amounts of property have been destroyed. Telegraphic communication is interrupted, but there is no doubt that San Angelos and Ben Ficklin have been almost entirely swept away and the surrounding settlement badly damaged.

Whipping the Indians.

Little Rock, Aug. 29.—Thirteen Indians, engaged in the recent rebellion in Creek nation, were captured and publicly whipped, each man receiving a hundred lashes on the bare back. The punishment caused some excitement. Each received the lash with stoical indifference. Their backs were shockingly cut and bruised.

Loss of Vessels.

St. Johns, Nfld., Aug. 29.—The schr. Virginia foundered in the recent gale; 57 were lost. The schr. Elsie, employed in the lighthouse service at Miquillon, was lost at Point Piatte on Saturday night. The fate of the crew is unknown. The same night the schr. Emily Jane, laden with codfish, was lost at Lamline. The crew were saved.

A Tony Defaulter.

Galvaston, Aug 29.—A Dallas special says, William June Grant, alleged cousin of ex-President Grant, is guilty of a defalcation of funds of the lodges of the Anti Catholic Negro Societies. He will be indicted if he does not refund.

Siberian Plague.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 29.—The Siberian plague is appearing to an alarming extent in the most widely separated quarters of European Russia. One death occurred at Odessa.

BEAUTIFUL hair is one of the most striking and pleasing of characteristics and can easily be obtained by the use of the Cingalese Hair Renewer. Sold at 50 cents by all druggists.

DIED.

In Kingston, on the 28th inst., Charles Michael son of Patrick McLaughlin, aged 5 years, 9 mos 9 days.

The funeral will take place from his father's residence, Albion Hotel, cor. Queen & Montreal Streets, on Wednesday at 7:30 o'clock a.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

On Aug. 28th, at the residence of his brother John Hyssop, Ballantyne Station, Wm. Hyssop, aged 53 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow (Wednesday) at 2 p.m. to Milton Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

At Brandon, Manitoba, on the 28th August, George Hamilton, Esq., fifth son of the Hon. John Hamilton, of Kingston.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Aug. 29, 12 o'clock.

STOCKS.	ASKED.	OFFERED
Bank of Montreal	212	211¾
Merchants' Bank	130½	130¼
Bank of Commerce	144½	143¾
Ontario Bank	127	126
Bank of Toronto	193	192
Molson's Bank	132	130
Banque du Peuple	90	85
Banque Jacques Cartier	118	115
Union Bank	96	93½
Quebec Bank	117	60
Exchange Bank—ex div.	"	73
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Montreal Telegraph Co.	133½	133
Dominion Telegraph Co.	"	95
Montreal Gas Co.	"	186
City Passenger RR	"	156½
Richelieu Ont. Nav. Co.	"	75½
Royal Canadian Ins. Co.	"	000
Canada Cotton Co.	110	110
Dundas Cotton Co.	130	124
Consol Bank	000	000
Federal Bank	156	155½
Ont Investment	130	124
St Paul's	147	146

TO-DAY'S SALES.

Bank of Montreal—5 at 211¾.
Richelieu Nav. Co—275 at 76.
Merchants' Bank—114 at 130½.
Bank of Commerce—100 at 144.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour, Feed and all kinds of Grain.

otan's Block, Princess Street, Kingston.

STRONG BAKERS' FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKETS

Montreal, Aug. 29.

Flour—Receipts 900 barrels; sales 600 barrels Market quiet, prices unchanged, quotations superior 6.00 to 6.10 extra 5.65 to 5.75, fancy 6.00 to 6.00; spring extra 5.55 to 5.65; superfine 5.00 to 5.10; strong baker's 6.50 to 7.50; fine 4.00 to 4.25; middlings 3.80 to 4.00; pollards 3.50 to 3.75; Ont. bags 2.50 to 2.75; city do 3.00 to 3.50.

Grain—Wheat, U.C. white, 1.36 to 1.13 do red 0.00 to 1.30; spring 1.23.

Corn 00 to 00.

Peas 96 to 98 for 89½ lbs

Oats 50c to 50½c

Barley 65c. to 70c.

Rye, 70 to 71.

Oatmeal 4.75 to 5.00.

Cornmeal 3.80 to 4.00.

Provisions—Butter, Western 15c to 18c & F. M 18c to 20c; E. T. 18c to 21c.

Creamery 00 to 00.

Cheese 11 to 11½c.

Pork—Mess 28.50 to 16.60

Hams 15c to 17c.

Lard 15c to 15½c

Bacon 14c to 15c.

Ashes—Pots quiet 4cts, 4.15 to 4.25, pearls nominal.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 29.

Flour—Dull; receipts, 18,000 bbls sales 14,600 bbls; 3.70 to 4.30 for superior state and western; 4.50 to 8.00 common to choice ex-state.

Rye Flour—Steady; 3.65 to 4.00.

Wheat—Weak; receipts, 344,000 bushels; sales 72 00 bushels No 2 Red Aug 1,12½ to 1,12½.

Rye—Steady at 75c to 78c.

Corn—Lower; Receipts 20 000 bush sales, 460,000 bush; 00 to 00 for mixed; 89 to 92½ for old 77 to 93c for new.

Oats—Receipts 20,000 bu; sales 290 000; 55 to 62 for white, 45 to 56c mixed western state.

Pork—Firm at 21.75 to 22.25.

Lard—12.80.

Butter—15 to 30.

Cheese—9 to 11.

OSWEGO MARKET.

Oswego, Aug 29.

Wheat—Steady. Sales, 2000 white State at 1.15; new red State at 1.11; No. 2 red Chicago at 115

Corn—Steady; sales 9,000 No. 2 Yellow Western, 93; cept western, 86c

Oats—Quiet; white state held at 45c to 00c

Rye—Quiet; sales, 0,000 Canada 73c in bond

Cornmeal—dolled, 30,00; unbolted, 35.00 per ton.

Barley—Nominal, sales 0,000 bushels of No. 2 Canada at 0,80. No. 1 bright Canada at 0,00 No 1 Canada at 0,00; extra bright Canada at 0,00.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Chicago, Aug. 29, 12 noon

Wheat new, 98 Oct; 98¾ Sept; 97¾ year 98¾ Nov.

Corn, 65¾ year; 74c for Sep; 76¼ Aug; 70¾ Nov; 00 July; 74½c Oct; 75¾ Sept; 75¾ cash.

Pork—20.00 for Oct; 00.00 nom for Aug; 20.34½ for Jan 12.02½ Sept.

Lard—12.42½ Sept, 12.20 Jan; 12.52½ Oct.

Oats—35¾ Oct; 34¾ year; 46 Aug; 36¾ Sept

COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 29. Cotton. Easier; uplands 7¼; Orleans, 7 5-16

Cheese, 60s 0d.

New York, Aug. 29.—Cotton steady at 12 15-16

OPENING OF SCHOOLS!

SCHOOL BOOKS!

SCHOOL BOOKS!

Large and Complete Stock of Books and School Requisites.

—AT—

Rothwell's Bookstore,

Cor. Brock & Wellington Streets.

LATE STACEY & WALPOLE.

All Books of latest authorized editions.

Aug. 28.

OUR STOCK

—OF—

Rich Black Silks—Black Brocaded Silks—Black Moire Silks—Black Watered Silks.

OUR STOCK

Rich Dress Brocaded Silks,
Colored Grest Grain Silks
Colored Moire Silks,
Colored Watered Silks.

The Newest Shades in Velvets & Plushes

OUR STOCK

Far surpasses in extent, completeness of assortment and display ever before made by us.

Prepared to Meet

The most exacting demands of fashion We place before our customers the Newest Novelties shown by the best Parisian and London houses. Purchased from

THE BEST FRENCH MAKERS.

The value is admittedly the best we have ever shown.

A call will greatly oblige

R. & J. GARDINER,

Importers of British and Continental Goods

192 Princess Street,

Second door from the corner of Wellington St.

Aug 28

IF

Oscar Wilde's lectures have accomplished nothing else, they have at least been the means of creating on the part of the sterner sex, a demand for something in head-gear more attractive to the eye than the sombre looking touch-me not style of hat so long in vogue. The new—the very very newest

EVENING HAT

for young men's wear (in a variety of beautifully blended colors) would charm the heart of Wilde himself. We are the only house in the city who have them, and as the supply is limited, if you want one come quickly. The price is $1.50.

GEO. MILLS & CO.

BOSTON HAT STORE.

Aug. 3. Wellington Street.

MARTIN'S OPERA HOUSE!

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 30th.

Afternoon & Evening

—THE—

NEW YORK COMIC OPERA COMPANY,

Formerly Haverly's.

Special Matinee at 2:30—"PATIENCE."

Evening at 8:30—"LA MASCOTTE."

With a Powerful Cast, Gorgeous Costumes, Grand and Effective Chorus.

Popular Prices.

Matinee, 25c.; Children 15c.—Evening, Ground Floor, 50c.; Balcony, 35c.; Gallery 25c.

Reserved seats on sale at Opera House.

Aug. 25.

Annual Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Roberts Iron Co. (limited) Ontario, will be held at 11 o'clock a.m. on THURSDAY, SEPT. 7th, 1882, at the British American Hotel, in the City of Kingston, Ontario.

A. S. CLARKE, Sec'y.

Aug 28.

NEW FALL GOODS!

—AT—

S-H-A-W'-S

We are Showing New Goods This Season Cheaper Than Ever.

100 pieces New Dress Goods.

Our Cheap Line at 12½c is the best value in the market.

Our New Line at 15c, in Serges and Mommie effects, are splendid value.

Our New Suitings at 20c are equal to lots of goods sold at 25c.

Everybody should see our New Wool Serges at 25c and 30c, the best value ever shown.

Our Choice Line at 35c, 40c, 45c; all new shades; see them.

Our New Black Cashmeres, All Wool, at 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c. Cheaper than ever.

Cheap Union Cashmeres, 25c, 30c, 35c.

Our New Colored Cashmeres, all new colors

100 pieces New Winceys; cheaper this season than ever; every imaginable shade.

See our New Checked Winceys, handsome goods.

Handsome New Melton Cloths, 60c, 75c and $1, very cheap.

Handsome New Black Brocades, 25c and 40c.

New Silk Brocades, only $1.75 and $2.

New Black Moire Antiques, $1, $1.25 and $1.50, very cheap.

New Rubber Circulars, $2.00

CARPETS.

If you want Carpets you should see SHAW'S Stock. Great bargains

—AT—

SHAW'S

Glasgow Carpet & Warehouse Warerooms.

Corner of Princess & Wellington Streets.

Aug. 24

DON'T FORGET!

When you want a good

SUGAR CURED

H-A-M

to call at the

Toronto Flour Store,

BROCK STREET.

M. MORRISON.

Aug. 19.

EDUCATIONAL.

PRIVATE CLASSES.

MISS BURROWS begs to announce that her select classes for a limited number of young ladies will reassemble (D.V.) on Monday, Sept. 4th, 1882.

Pupils prepared for Entrance examinations and a thorough English course pursued.

THE PRIMARY DEPARTMENT, as hitherto will be carefully attended to, and no efforts spared to secure the best interests of pupils in general.

Special attention given to MUSIC, Vocal and Instrumental—and hours of practice superintended.

Practical instruction given in FRENCH, which is taught daily, parallel with English.

THE DRAWING CLASS will continue to be conducted by Mr. Scott, and the laws of perspective thoroughly taught.

The other ornamental branches will as usual be conducted by Miss Burrows and qualified assistants. For the convenience of those desiring it, arrangements are made to accommodate day boarders.

Applications as to terms, etc., may be made to MISS BURROWS, Mozart Place, Earl Street.

Aug. 17

Kingston Collegiate Institute

Re-opens Sept. 1st at 9 a.m.

PUPILS MAY TAKE THEIR CHOICE BETWEEN TWO COURSES OF STUDY:

1. A Business Course, comprising Commercial Arithmetic, Book Keeping, Penmanship, Eng. Grammar, Eng. Literature, Business Correspondence, &c.

2. A course of study leading to Matriculation in Queen's College, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, and the Military College.

Tuition, $5.25 per term of ten weeks.

Miss Phillips' Class will be continued, and a limited number of pupils who have not passed the Entrance Examination will be admitted.

JAS. McCAMMON, M.D., Chairman.

Aug. 19

SCHOOL NOTICE.

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY,

MISS E. G. ROSE, PRECEPTRESS.

THE FALL TERM will commence (D.V.) on THURSDAY, SEPT. 7th. Classes in English, French, Drawing, Plain Sewing, Fancy Work and Painting in Oils and Water Colours. The Painting Class is open to non-attendants of the School, as well as the Pupils. For terms and other particulars apply to MISS ROSE, either personally at her residence, No. 161, Corner of Queen and Sydenham Sts., or by letter. Address P. O. Box 853.

Aug. 22

KINGSTON ACADEMY.

A Private Institution For Boys.

Classes Re-open Friday, 1st Sept. at 9 a.m.

DURING the past year pupils of this School have been successful in passing Entrance, Matriculation and other examinations.

Pupils are classified according to the object in view, and only a limited number accepted.

Further information may be gained by applying to 98 Wellington Street.

W. SPANKIE, B.A., Principal.

Aug. 27.

KINGSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

McLEOD SCHOLARSHIPS.

AN EXAMINATION for the McLeod and McLean Scholarships will be held in the Public School Board Room on THURSDAY, 31st Inst., commencing at 9 o'clock a.m.

W. O. RIDD, Inspector City Public Schools

Aug. 29

F. C. HEATH,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER

—OF—

VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC,

will re-open his classes on SEPT 1st. Communications left with Mr. Carey at Nordheimer's will be promptly attended to.

Aug. 17.

Sterling House School.

Conducted by Miss DE ST. REMY,

Will Re-open (D.V.) September 1st, 1882.

For terms, apply at 38 Queen Street, or at B. H. Rothwell's, successor to Stacey & Walpole.

Aug. 28.

MRS. MARTIN WALSH

Will re-open her Select School for Misses and Children on MONDAY, SEPT. 4th. FRENCH and MUSIC will receive especial attention. 196 Barrie Street, opposite Grammar School.

Aug. 22

MUSIC TEACHING.

MRS. W. L. BAXTER, 203 Barrie Street, near Princess, will be prepared to receive music pupils after the 1st September.

Aug. 19.

A NEW SKIFF

FOR SALE CHEAP, 17 feet long and 5 feet beam. Apply to D. McGEEN, Portsmouth.

Aug. 28.

HOMŒOPATHY.

C. L. CURTIS, M.D., successor to Dr Jarvis, Physician, Surgeon, &c. Office and Residence nearly opposite the Post Office, Wellington Street. Calls in the city or country promptly attended to.

FOR SALE.

S. C. McGILL'S LIST.

WOLFE ISLAND—A Frame House, containing 7 rooms, pleasantly situated on the high ground, a short distance from the