the Rideau Canal on the occasion of the Red River rebellion should fire us with a patriotic zeal to push along a work which will make Canada independent of its neighbor. He referred to the provision of the Government for the

REGULATION OF FREIGHT RATES

upon the Canada Pacific—that as soon as it paid 10 per cent. upon its capital, irrespective of subsidies, its tariff would be revised and reduced. Allusion was also made to the construction of branch lines by the Syndicate, running north and south, without subsidy, whereas, had Mr. Mackenzie remained in office, the colonization roads would have, the speaker asserted, involved an extra expenditure of $10,000,000. Of course he ridiculed the second Syndicate offer, and called it a bogus scheme to defeat a Government and destroy a party. He referred to Mr. Mackenzie's failure previously to get a company to do the work, the times having been hard and thought it wonderful that the Liberals could not make an offer to build the road until the Government had advanced so far with their scheme that they could not draw back, even though it was proposed to undertake the contract for $8,000,000 and 3,000,000 acres of land less, and without the exemptions and privileges objected to in the first Syndicate's contract. He thought the future promised to be a verification of Lord Beaconsfield's prophecy, and that next year perhaps the steamer could be taken at Sarnia or Collingwood for Thunder Bay, thence by rail, the passengers could go 1,200 miles to the foot of the Rocky Mountains, over a territory a large portion of which 4 years ago was an utter waste. Upon the Government's railway policy he had no hesitation in staking his political future. The peroration was the best part of the speech, the only part in which the speaker became at all eloquent. The bulk of the address was too figurative to electrify an audience. The closing sentences, in reply to Mr. Paterson, was devoted to the reasons why Mr. White said young men allied themselves to the Conservative party. There had been something in the name of Reform, Liberal in the struggle over constitutional questions in the years agone, and the young men were attracted to the Reform side. But the

WHITE OF 1882

and young men were rallying on the Conservative side. Mr. Paterson had urged his Liberal friends to ponder over the party triumphs of the past, and to remain firm in their allegiance to Reform. This trite remark inspired Mr. White to say that the Liberal party of old Canada dated from 1854: that the Liberal party of the present day dated from 1867; that most of the old Reformers were either dead or in the Conservative ranks. Baldwin, he said, for disappearing of coalition, had been hounded to death, and Lafontaine had been driven from the party which he had led in Lower Canada. Howe, in Nova Scotia, was dead, and McLelan and Archibald were in the Tory party. In New Brunswick Wilmot, Fisher and Wilmot, who had fought for constitutional government, were working with the Conservatives. The Conservatives was the loyal party, and when the day came for the primaries to pronounce their opinion, as in 1878, he thought it would be in favor of the present Government. Applause.

Mr. McIntyre, seconded by Dr. Sullivan, moved a vote of thanks, the former expressing a hope that Mr. White would ere long be made a Cabinet Minister. Mr. White said he had been a politician for 25 years, but he had not an ambition to become a Minister, and would only become such on a call to duty. He had received two or three good offers—he did not say what kind—but he had in all cases declined them. He was pleased with the hearing he had received.

Loss of Weakness and General Debility.

From the Daily Press, of North Searsmont, Me. "It gives me very great pleasure to inform you of the benefit received from the use of PERUVIAN SYRUP in my own family. My wife, for the past ten years, has been in feeble health—very much debilitated generally. Last spring she decided to try a bottle of PERUVIAN SYRUP, and was so well pleased with the result continued its use until three or four bottles had been used, and she is now in better health than at any time for ten years, and has increased in weight from 110 pounds to 126½. I have employed physicians, and used a great variety of patent medicines, to the extent of hundreds of dollars, and I know she received more benefit from the PERUVIAN SYRUP than all the rest together. My sales of the SYRUP are very large and constantly increasing, and I do not hesitate to recommend and even warrant it to give satisfaction."

Sold by all druggists.

Popular Demand.

The great superiority of Downs' Elixir, over all other cough remedies, is attested by the immense "popular demand for that old established remedy" for the cure of Coughs, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the throat, Chest and Lungs.

If You are Ruined

in health from any cause, especially from the use of any of the thousand nostrums that promise so largely, with long fictitious testimonials, have no fear. Resort to Hop Bitters at once, and in a short time you will have the most robust and blooming health that nature can give. Hop Bitters Manufacturing Company, of Rochester, N. Y.

Gentlemen: I have been troubled with weakness of the lungs and general debility during the past two years, which so reduced me considerable. Having used many remedies that your circulars recommended by the medical and other reliable authorities, I concluded to give it a fair trial. I have taken about seven of your fifty cent bottles, and find that my general health is much improved, my lungs and chest are a great deal stronger, and I have increased in weight twelve pounds, and feel pleased to be able to thus testify to the merits of your excellent Remedies, which I can heartily recommend to all who are similarly afflicted. H. T. Allen, next door to MacCarthy's drug store, Ottawa. Feb'y 21st, 1882.

In the month of April almost everyone requires a good and reliable Blood Purifier. We know of none so safe and effectual as Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. They act directly on all the secretions, their purgative action carrying off all impurities from the system, they invigorate the Liver and Kidneys, purify the Stomach, cleanse the Bowels, and give strength and tone to the whole system. Try a course of this valuable, safe and reliable vegetable preparation, Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. In large bottles at 50 cents. Sold by All Druggists.

Pharmaceutical Chemists.

CHRONIC DISEASES of the vital organs ordinarily dreaded as the starvation Agents, Nerves and cures, promote nutrition, that is what WHEELER'S Elixir of Phosphates and Hypophosphites is for. Formula expressed on every bottle. Sanctioned experiments of local medical work, any worthy of confidence whether introduced to the patient by physician or journal. When you select to be your own doctor, discriminate between a really valuable medicine devised in practice to meet a daily want in all forms of debility and pretentious, puffed up nostrums intended only to impose upon the credulity of fools.

Price $1.00 per bottle.

A cough or cold contracted in the month of April if not speedily arrested is liable to attack one during the Summer. Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops speedily Cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Pain and oppression of the Chest, and all Throat, Chest and Lung Affections. In large bottles at 25 cents. Sold by all druggists.

A Episcopal clergyman in Wisconsin is in trouble because he used a magic lantern to illustrate a sermon.

Nov. 11 1880.

Daily British Whig.

Optifer per Oculos Dicor.

Mr. White says there are four sugar refineries in Canada, and they employ 1,200 hands to whom $480,000 in wages are paid annually. The people are taxed in the interest of the refineries to the tune of $1,500,000 a year. Sugar refining is therefore an expensive business to the people of Canada.

The Ottawa *Free Press* informs us that a session of the Cabinet Council was held on Monday, lasting for several hours. From what has since transpired we gather that the question of dissolution was fully discussed. The impossibility of bringing the session to a close in time for holding the general election in June, unless prorogation should be reached by the first week in July was admitted. The 23rd of September was fixed upon as about the date when the appeal to the constituencies will be made.

The Tory press informs us that Mr. Blake is about to be deposed from the leadership of the Opposition, that he is in bad health, a weak tottering man, a moral coward. All this time Mr. Blake is attending closely to his Parliamentary duties, rarely being absent from the House; while Sir John has been rarely seen, and reports have it that he is in a bad condition physically. Which party is most likely to have in each of a leader? We are told continually that we must not believe a word the Grit press say about Sir John. It is quite in order to caution the public to be slow to believe statements by Conservative journals to the injury of Mr. Blake. He is the best man of the two, and will show his capacity for labor before the end of the session.

The workingmen of the city have no reason to feel elated over the manner in which their interests were represented at the political meeting in the Opera House. The platform was occupied by six lawyers, three doctors and two manufacturers. The workingmen were asked by the *News* to go and hear matters which personally interested them, such as "the employment of capital and the demand for labour, explained intelligibly." The workingmen did go to the meeting, they were present in large numbers, and they saw and heard nothing that could indicate that the Conservative party had the slightest thought of them or the things which concerned them most deeply. That was a circumstance which was at once noticed. Are there no workingmen in the Conservative party? the enquiry ran. One representative would have shown that the labouring classes were not forgotten, and even good Conservatives would not have retired after the meeting chagrined, disappointed, chop-fallen that so little was thought and said of them.

MR. WHITE'S SPEECH

Mr. White's speech was calm and courteous, but it was lacking in fire and vim, and left but an indifferent impression upon the audience. The latter was intelligent and attentive, and all that could be desired.

The member for Cardwell is a polished debater more correct, perhaps, than Mr. Paterson, but he has not the latter's voice, the commanding presence, the power to arouse a people, to hold their interest and carry them in feeling along with him. Few men can do this. Platform is a living speaker. We did not set out to make a comparison between these political gladiators, but to comment upon the omission of Mr. White to discuss, as he was advertised to do, the questions of the day. The sugar, cotton and woollen manufactures, the Canada Pacific RR. bargain, and the finances are important subjects, worthy of close consideration, but they were not all Mr. White could have advantageously talked about.

He could have told what he thought about the wages question, why, if the manufacturers were reaping heaps of money, and the cost of living has been advanced, the workingmen should not be paid accordingly. He should have given some apology for Sir John's failure to supply a free breakfast table, as he promised to do.

He could have ventured some explanation of the causes of the decline, to the extent of 30 per cent. in the carrying trade last year, and the consequent loss to the labourers at every important port in the country.

He could have told what he thought of the agriculturists, the bulk of whom seem to be sick of the national policy.

He could have given evidence of a desire not for æsthetical effects but to

affords the public some excitement. No one came to Kingston with a greater flourish of trumpets, on the part of his friends, and none has left it with less satisfaction. Our Tory friends shou'd repeat the effort.

FARMERS QUESTIONS.

Facts and Opinions as to the Value of Limestone as a Fertilizer—Mat. ters for Study.

To the Editor of the British Whig.

SIR,—For some time past considerable discussion has arisen amongst the leading agriculturists in the United States as to the value of limestone (or carbonate of lime) as a fertilizer. Those who have given it a fair trial are loud in its praises, while others who have not experimented think it has been overestimated. It is with a view of fairly considering the subject that the following facts and observations are written: Fertilizers are divided into three classes (1) the earthy, which are the most permanent of a soil; (2) the organic vegetable and animal, which are the least permanent; (3) the saline, which are the most sparingly applied of all fertilizers.

The results of the analysis of different soils show the limestone soils to be of the first rank of fertility, indeed this fact has been practically determined years since by the early settlers of this country, and of the Eastern and Western States, particularly in the limestone district of Kentucky, the celebrated blue glass region. In all these limestone localities abundant crops stand the drouth and not the exceptions. This leads to the enquiry, What are the constituents of these soils? An analysis of good virgin limestone soil has shown in 454 carbonate of lime, 9.319 phosphoric acid or phosphate. In other words the soil contains eight times as much limestone or carbonic acids as phosphate or bone dust, a supposition. The cistern was exhausted.

It has been frequently observed, both in Europe and in this country, that the use as a fertilizer of scrapings from the streets of towns where limestone was the material used for making roads, was found very effective. It has also been observed that fields lying adjacent to limestone roads have been more productive, owing to the dust being blown upon it, and its admixture with the soil. Sir Humphrey Davy made oats grow on pure carbonate of lime, watered with pure distilled water, and the same great authority said: "I have compared the absorbent powers of many soils with respect to atmospheric moisture, and I have always found it greatest in the most fertile soils, and such soils are those in which there is a due admixture of sand, finely divided clay, and carbonate of lime, with some animal or vegetable matter." Professor Johnson is our authority for stating that "no land can be productive which does not contain a fair proportion of carbonate of lime. The richest soils in Somersetshire, England, contain more than 70 per cent." This is a very important data, and should be understood by farmers.

It is not to be presumed that the application of carbonate of lime to the soil as a fertilizer is a new discovery. It has been so applied for years in England, in the form of chalk and marl, with the most unvarying profitable results. Its application hitherto in this country has been in the form of burnt limestone, with the valuable fertilizing element, carbon, i.e., acid gas, expelled from it. It is unnecessary to allude at any length to another form of limestone, namely, plaster or gypsum, which have been used extensively for years by farmers in its raw ground state. But it would be quite reasonable to require if the burning of limestone for agricultural purposes, possesses any advantages over its employment in a raw state, and if not why? Fire certainly adds nothing to its quality, but takes from it 40 per cent. of carbonic acid gas, and in order that it may be available as a fertilizer it must be allowed to re-absorb as much as possible of what it has lost, namely, carbonic acid gas. Many accurate experiments have demonstrated the fact that all vegetable carbonations, nutritious substances, which are found in plants, such as gum and sugar, are increased in quantity by its copious supply, for when this gas is no longer secreted by the plant, its health becomes languid and composition more watery. Local Lessons

The best authorities now tell us that plants derive a large portion of the carbon from the earth, and any theory that would lead us to believe that they derive this carbon through the leaves, and not through the roots, when nature has provided it so liberally in the best limestone lands, would be an inconsistency, and contrary to the harmonious laws of nature, (which are never found to be at fault,) it is absorbed by, and becomes the food of plants. It constitutes about 43 per cent. in sugar; 42 per cent. in gum; 46 per cent. in wheat; and in other varying proportions in all plants. And the presence of lime and carbonic acid absorbs or decomposes carbonate of lime, that being the usual form of lime found in nature.

The next important question for consideration on this subject are (1) that limestone, similarly with some other manure, fertilizing substances, being crystaline and compact, cannot be available unless reduced to a finely divided state; (2) as a fertilizer does it possess any advantage in respect to cost and otherwise over other well known fertilizers?

These questions are proposed to be answered in a future communication.

Yours truly,

AN ENQUIRER.

April 11.

Desperate Burglars.

Bridgeport, Conn., April 12.—Early this morning two masked men entered the factory of Eaton, Cole, & Co., and had a desperate fight with Patrick Sullivan, the watchman. Sullivan was shot and struck with a steel bar. Said fright fully wounded. He may recover. The assailants were frightened away. This is pay day, and it is thought that they were after the money supposed to be in the safe.

Welcome News.

New York, April 12.—The anxiety regarding the United States training ship "Portsmouth," has been relieved by the announcement that she was seen off Barnegat on Sunday, under sail, and making fair headway. Last heard from Newport, R. I., April 12.—The training ship "Portsmouth" arrived here this morning.

Shooting a Priest.

Allentown, Pa., April 12.—Henry Gallagher intoxicated, fired two shots at Father Dangan, pastor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, last evening, but missed him. Gallagher's daughter suffers from Saint Vitus' dance and he thinks Dangan could cure her if he would. Gallagher was arrested.

A New Project.

Fort Keogh, Montana, April 12.—A syndicate of New York gentlemen have bought 120,000 acres at the head of the navigation of Yellowstone River. A large city named Billings has been laid out. Nearly all the lots have been sold.

Mr. Parnell's Absence.

Paris, April 12.—Parnell's nephew was buried yesterday afternoon. Mr. Parnell had not arrived last Sunday.

OTTAWA SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

House in Session—Irish Resolutions—Various Legislative Acts Advanced.

Ottawa, April 12.—In the House of Commons yesterday the Civil Service Bill was read a second time after strong objections by Mr. Blake and Mr. Casey to non-compliance with the report of the Commission in failing to establish competitive examinations, but the Opposition's objections induced him to postpone it until to-day. The Bill to increase the Mounted Police force was passed through Committee with slight amendments.

Ottawa, April 12.—If Sir Leonard Tilley has sufficiently recovered from his indisposition to be present this afternoon he will again move the House into Committee of Supply, when it is expected Mr. Costigan will move his Irish sympathy resolutions.

The names of Joseph Tasse, the present member, and C. H. McIntosh, proprietor of the *Citizen*, are mentioned in connection with Conservative nominations for the House of Commons for this city. A. F. McIntyre and Dr. St. Jean are mentioned as the probable Liberal candidates.

Dr. Orton's Special Committee on Agriculture met this morning and examined Mr. Dawson, a farmer from Norfolk. He thought the N. P. had benefitted the farmers in many respects, but mentioned the cheese industry as one that was prejudicially effected by the national policy. Large numbers of answers to questions sent out are coming in.

Owing to the illness of Sir Hector Langevin the Railway Committee transacted no business this morning. The Committee will meet to-morrow, when the Montreal Telegraph Co's Bill will be taken up. It is understood that the Government have decided on a policy favorable to the bill.

The sub-Committee on Mr. Kirkpatrick's Scalping Bill met and reported the same with some amendments.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Gist of Various Telegrams on Various Themes.

There were 110 guests in the Walker house, Toronto, last night when it took fire.

Superintendent Dutcher denies the rumor of a break in the Erie Canal yesterday between locks 4 and 5, being mi[sch]ief.

Quite a large number of members, who had been absent on their Easter holidays, returned to the city to-day.

In the case of the Indian Ernest tried for manslaughter at the Brant Assizes yesterday, a verdict of guilty of manslaughter was rendered.

A carload of nearly 20,000 lbs. of grass butter arrived yesterday in New York from California, in less than ten days from the farms. Southern orders by country post.

New York Police Justice reports state that although the population of the city has increased very largely in the last ten years, the arrests for crimes have decreased 20 per cent. Hutton, John Hut

The stock market was dull and lower for bank shares this morning. Montreal sold at 210, 1½ per cent. lower than yesterday; Montreal Telegraph advanced 2½, selling at the close at 125½.

Judge Westbrook to-day, at Hudson, granted a new trial to Moet Taydkonic, murderer, who has been confined there since Sept., 1879, and has been four times sentenced to be hanged.—Fred.

The Press Colonization Company met to-day informed that the Government would grant them six townships under the Saskatchewan Forks Charter, and six under the Birch Bill Charter.

It is stated that Russian Duke of Vladimir has informed the Emperor that the Czar ardently desires an interview with him, but that circumstances do not permit of an early meeting.

To-day there are about 400 journeymen shoe operatives in Toronto on strike. They will not resume work until the difficulty between the female operatives and the employers are settled.

The Grand Jury at the Bruce Assizes has brought in a true bill of manslaughter against the young drug clerk Richard Wanless, through whose mistake in preparing a prescription the life of Mrs. John Moore, of Walkerton was lost.

A book upon which Guiteau has been for some time engaged has just been printed, and in it he says if all other remedies fail he will boldly appeal to the President for relief. He says he would sooner go to glory in June than to Auburn prison for life.

The Club National, Montreal, composed of young French Canadians of Liberal principles, held its annual dinner last night. The tone of the speeches was in favor of an independent republic for Canada. Hon. Mr. Merdiec was the principal speaker outside of the young men themselves. He favored the views of independence expressed by the Chairman. About 100 persons were present.

Land League Convention.

Washington, April 12.—The second annual convention of the National Land League began this morning. The stage was handsomely decorated. Among the first arrivals were representatives Robinson, Ladd and Marsh. Many Catholic priests were present, as delegates. Gen. Patrick A. Collins, President of the League, called the convention to order. Collins then made eloquent remarks on the objects and duties of the League. He claimed that the Irish League was pursuing a true course to victory and called upon delegates to unite upon the platform of Michael Davitt. His remarks were greeted with enthusiastic applause.

Fire at Napanee.

Napanee, April 12.—A small brick house, across the road from the glass works, was consumed by fire this afternoon. Owing to the direction which the wind blew the glass works had a narrow escape.

Newmarket Races.

London, April 11.—At the Newmarket Craven Noting to-day the race for the Newmarket handicap was won by "Springtide," P. Lorillard's "Nered" was second, and Master Kildare third.

Session Closed.

St. John, N.B., April 12.—The Prince Edward Island Legislature was prorogued on Saturday last. During the session 22 Acts were passed.

TRAINS leave Kingston Station at Tete du

Not long ago we happened to be seated at the same table at a hotel with Doc. Palmer, County Attorney of Taylor county Ky. Everybody there knows the Dr. who lives in Louisville, Ky., and everybody likes him. We soon introduced a favorite subject in that section, and, as usual, found mention of the powerful efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy. Mr. Palmer said: "I had a bad attack of rheumatism in the left shoulder. I applied St. Jacobs Oil and was permanently cured. On another occasion I was attacked with neuralgia, and, profiting by my former experience, became doubly industrious in St. Jacobs Oil for a cure of that most excruciating torment. I recommend it to everybody I see suffering with that class of disease."

The intelligence from all parts of Nova Scotia, says the Halifax *Herald*, is that the exodus from the Province this year will certainly exceed the aggregate of the three past years of [illegible]

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, April 12, 10 o'clock.

STOCKS.	ASKED.	OFFERED
Bank of Montreal	210	209
Merchants' Bank	130	129
Bank of Commerce	145	142
Ontario Bank	65	64
Bank of Toronto	171	171
Molson's Bank	120	118
Banque du Peuple	99	98
Banque Jacques Cartier	120	119
Union Bank	53	50
Quebec Bank	000	108
Exchange Bank—ex div.	000	000
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Montreal Telegraph Co.	127	126½
Dominion Telegraph Co.	00	00
Montreal Gas Co.	199	198
City Passenger RR	144	142½
Richelieu Ont. Nav. Co.	60	57
Royal Canadian Ins. Co.	145	144
Canada Cotton Co.	100	98
Dominion Cotton Co.	120	115
Council Bank	000	000
Federal Bank—ex div.	137	000
Del. Investment	000	000
Scottish	133	130

TO-DAY'S SALES.

Bank of Montreal—285 at 210½.
Montreal Tel. Co.—100 at 125½.
Richelieu Nav. Co.—100 at 57.
Bank of Commerce—100 at 142.
Merchants' Bank—38 at 130½.
Ontario Bank—103 at 65.

R. JOSEPH FRANKLIN.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Coal, Feed and all kinds of Grain.

Clark's Block, Princess Street, Kingston.

STRONG BAKERS' FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

White Beans Wanted.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, April 12.

Flour—Receipts 1200 barrels; sales 600 barrels; Market quiet; prices 10c. Market quotations: Superfine $5.80 to 5.85; extra $6.00 to 6.25; fancy 0.00 to 0.00; spring extra 6.00 to 6.05; superfine 5.65 to 5.75; strong baker's 6.50 to 8.00; fine 4.90 to 5.00; middlings 4.70 to 4.85; pollards 3.25 to 3.50; Ont. bags 2.75 to 3.00; city do 5.00 to 5.05; city sus. bags 2.75 to 2.80.

Grain—Wheat, U.C. white, 1.37 to 1.38; do red, 1.40 to 1.45.

Corn 85 in bond.

Peas 90c to 91c for 60¼ lbs.

Oats 41c to 42c.

Barley 60c. to 65c.

Rye, 80 to 85.

Oatmeal 5.10 to 5.20.

Cornmeal 3.40 to 3.50.

Provisions—Butter, Western 15c to 18c. B. A. 20c to 21c, E. T. 23c to 30c.

Creamery 00 to 00.

Cheese 13c to 14c.

Pork, new 21.00 to 21.50.

Mess 19c to 20c.

Lard 13c to 14c.

Bacon 12c to 13c.

Ashes—Pots, quiet firm, 5.10 to 5.20; pearls 6.75 to 7.00.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, April 13.

Flour—Stronger; receipts 9,000 bbls; sales 14,000 bbls; 4.00 to 4.85 for superior state and western; 4.65 to 4.75 common to choice extra state.

Rye Flour—Firm; sales 4.40 to 4.65.

Corn Meal—Easier; receipts, 9,000 bushels; sales 48,000 bushels. No. 2 at May 1.48.

Rye—Steady at 89c to 90c.

Corn—Higher. Receipts 4,000 bush; sales 420,000 bush; 67 to 80 for mixed; 81c to 85c for old; 61 to 68c for new.

Oats—Receipts 70,000 bush; sale 80,000; 57 to 59c for white, 57 to 61 mixed western state.

Barley firm at 18.00.

Lard 11.60

Butter 25 to 43.

Cheese—Firm; sales 000 boxes; 13c to 14c.

Pork—Firm at 21.00.

Whiskey 1.06.

OSWEGO MARKET.

MACK'S MAGNET to Merchants' Exchange.

Oswego, April 12.

Wheat—Firm. Sales, 8,000, white State at [illegible] No. 2 Spring at 1.40; 2,000 Red Winter at [illegible] 1.40; 5,000 Red Winter at [illegible] 1.40; 5,000 Wabash at [illegible].

Corn—Scarce; sales 3,600 No. 2 Mixed Western, 56c high mixed, 00c.

Oats—Scarce; white state held at 52c to 00c

Rye—Quiet; sales 00,000 Canada 85c in bond.

Cornmeal—Bolted, 00.00 unbolted, 00.00 per ton.

Barley—Quiet; sales 0,000 bushels of No. 1 Canada at 1,17; No. 1 Prince Canada at 1,18 No 2 Canada at 1,15; extra bright Canada at 1.19.

Barley shipped 00,000 bush. Sales in Albany yesterday of No. 1 Canada at 0.00.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

The following are the Liverpool quotations for each day of the past week, the prices of wheat and flour being for figures.

	4.	5.	6.	3.	8.	11.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Flour	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
Wheat	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
Red Winter	10 03	10 03	10 03	10 03	10 03	10 03
White	9 09	9 09	9 9	9 09	9 09	9 11
Corn	10 2	10 2	10 02	10 01	10 02	10 4
Oats	6 7	6 07	6 06	6 06	6 05	6 07
Peas	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6
Pork	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11
Barley	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2
Pork	77 0	77 0	77 0	77 0	77 0	77 0
Lard	55 6	55 3	54 6	55 6	55 6	55 9
Beef	00 0	00 0	00 0	00 0	00 0	00 0
Bacon	49 0	49 0	49 0	49 0	49 0	49 6
Tallow	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 0	40 0
Cheese	64 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	64 0

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, April 12, 12 noon.

Wheat, 1.27½ for May, 1.23½ for year; 1.24½ July; 1.22 June.

Corn, 72½ April; 76c for May; 73¾ June; 75¾ cash 73¾ July.

Pork—18.65 for July; 18.92½ asm for May 18.42½ for June.

Lard—11.40 for May; 11.65 bid for July; 11.00 bid for Oct; 11.52½ for June.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

London, April 12.—Consols, 101 11-16; money, 101 13-16, account; 4is. 120½; Extended, 5s 105.

COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, April 12.—Cotton, steady—uplands 6¾; Orleans, 6 13-16 Feb. 13.

Cheese, 00s 0d.

New York, April 12—Cotton quiet at 12 12-16.

BIRTH.

In Kingston, on the 11th inst., the wife of Mr John Tweedell, of a son.

DIED.

In Kingston, on April 11th, Sarah Jane Shaw, only daughter of Joseph McBride, aged 3 years and 10 months.

The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of her father, No. 23 Chatham Street, to Cataraqui Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

STRANGE

People in this world of ours. Mr. White never well hardly ever, alluded in is address last night Dryness of the to Morrison's.

FLOUR

HAMS

But then, of course, he was aware the people know all about it. When they want a good article they all go to the

Toronto Flour Store.

BROCK STREET.

M. MORRISON.

CHINA HOUSE

April 12.

KINGSTON BIBLE SOCIETY.

APPLICATIONS will be received until April 15th, by the Rev. J. Young, Box No. 999, Kingston, from persons desirous to be appointed Bible Society Colporteur, in the County of Frontenac. If a suitable person can be found an engagement may be made for six months.

Applicants must furnish testimonials of character and of fitness for the work. April 12.

HAM

W. T. C. BETHEL

DISPENSING CHEMIST,

Graduate of the Ontario College of Pharmacy, 126 PRINCESS STREET,

Dealer in Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, and dispenser of Pure Economical Meat for the Table. A delicious beverage that will be refreshing, grateful and strengthening. Prescriptions carefully compounded especially by competent assistants. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly attended to. Special attention paid to the selection of leeches. Physicians' prescriptions solicited especially for accuracy and promptness in dispensing.

W. T. C. BETHEL'S,

126 Princess Street, nearly opposite City Hotel.

JAMES REDDEN.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE CREDITORS OF MESSRS. HEATH & GUNN, of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, Grocers, are hereby notified that by deed, executed on the 7th day of April, inst., they made an assignment of their estate and effects to the undersigned, in trust for all their creditors, who are hereby requested to fyle their claims with the undersigned within one month from the date hereof.

Parties indebted to the above estate are hereby notified to pay their accounts immediately to Messrs. Shibley & Gunn's Store, on the corner of Princess and Wellington Streets, in the said city of Kingston, on the 13th day of April, 1882, and remain there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omission or error in the Christian names, surnames or additions of the electors are found therein, to take immediate steps to have the said errors corrected according to law.

Dated at Kingston, this 7th day of April, 1882.

M. FLANAGAN,

April 8. Clerk of the said Municipality.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

Wednesday, the 19th inst.,

for the erection of a Stone Building at this Department, for the accommodation of

(1) Cottages at the Agricultural College, Guelph.

(2) Boiler-house, Steam Boilers and Coal Houses at the Blind Institute, Brantford;

(3) Coal Shed at the Deaf and Dumb Institute, Belleville.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the Department and at those local places above mentioned, on and after Wednesday, 5th inst., where forms of tender can also be procured on application paid.

The bona fide signatures of two sureties will be required to each tender for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order, CUT. PRINCE,

Commissioner.

Department of Public Works,

Ontario, April 8th, 1882.

Strawberries!

Strawberries, Tomatoes, Green Peas and Bananas at the BAZAAR.

DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

REES BROS.

A CONSERVATION.

SULPHOLINE LOTION

LADY CUSTOMER TO FRIEND—Have you seen those beautiful Buttoned and Side Laced Boots at Haines & Lockett's? They are really equal in make and style to American, and are made in Kid and Polish Calf Kid, and some lovely Diagonal and carded cloth tops, in black and colors.

FRIEND—No, I have not seen them, I generally buy my boots at ——'s.

LADY CUSTOMER—You are foolish to buy at ——'s for Haines & Lockett have such a variety, and keep such a large stock, and you know they do a great business, and have the leading City Boot Store, at Belleville, Kingston and Preston.

FRIEND—So I have often been told. I must try them next time I want Boots.

LADY CUSTOMER—I can assure you they are reliable in everything in the boot line there, and they have only one price, and don't ask 25 or 50 cents a pair more than they intend taking, and I find they sell at the lowest. Indeed, when comparing prices at other stores, I have always found that ten times out of twelve I could buy very much cheaper from them.

FRIEND—I do like that way of doing business. At —— 's I always have to ask for a reduction or I would pay more than the price.

LADY CUSTOMER—Certainly, it is more satisfactory, and then being such large dealers, they purchase at wholesale jobbers terms, and from some manufacturers who never sell to the retail trade.

FRIEND—Of course such advantages in buying, must enable them to sell very low, and accounts for their being able to do a wholesale, as well as a retail business.

LADY CUSTOMER—They have had a great quantity of goods this spring, and all from their Mr. Lockett has just visited the Montreal, Quebec and Eastern Manufacturers, completing their Spring and Summer purchases.

FRIEND—Why what an enormous business they must do.

LADY CUSTOMER—Yes. I have heard that they do the largest retail boot & shoe business in Canada.

FRIEND—Good bye for the present, I will try Haines & Lockett when any of our family need boots again.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, CATARRH, FEVER, AGUE, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, &c.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with the words "DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming Medical Testimony with each bottle. Sold by all Druggists at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. per bottle.

SOLE MANUFACTURER—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London.

HAIR RESTORER

Gray hair is caused by the loss of its fluid, which is supplied to the roots of the hair by the capillary vessels. Nature, when assisted by the use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, will restore the hair to its original color. It will stop the hair coming out, and cause it to grow on bald heads, except in extreme old age. Ladies and gentlemen will find it the most agreeable dressing that can be used. Sold by all druggists.

GARDINER'S

—FOR—

Black Trimming Silks,
Black Dress Silks,
Black Mantle Silks.

R. & J. GARDINER,

—FOR—

Cheap Trimming Silks,
Cheap Dress Silks.

R. & J. GARDINER,

—FOR—

Black Trimming Satins,
Black Dress Satins,
Black Mantle Satins.

R. & J. GARDINER,

BEATTY'S

R. & J. GARDINER,

Direct Importers,

198 Princess Street,

Second door from the corner of Wellington St.

April 11.

Modes de Paris,

ORGANS

MRS. ANGLIN

SHOW ROOMS

NOW OPEN!

The American Field

—OF—

MILLINERY!

April 11

VOTER'S LIST, 1882.

Municipality of the City of Kingston,
County of Frontenac.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have transmitted, or delivered the Persons mentioned in the first and fourth sections of the Voters List Act, the copies required by said Act, of the list made pursuant to said act of all persons appearing by the last Revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality, at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly, and at municipal Elections, and that said list was first posted up at my office at Kingston, on the 6th day of April, 1882, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omission or error in the Christian names, surnames or additions of the electors are found therein, to take immediate steps to have the said errors corrected according to law.

Dated at Kingston, this 7th day of April, 1882.

M. FLANAGAN,

April 8. Clerk of the said Municipality.

Dominion Line

Royal Mail Steamships

Sailing between Portland and Liverpool.

Cabin rates $50 and upwards, according to steamer and berth. Return tickets at reduced rates. Second cabin $30. Steerage $20. Apply to

GZOWSKI & MACKENZIE,

General Agents, Toronto.

Or to H. BELLHOUSE, Agent, Kingston.

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GZOWSKI & MACKENZIE,

General Agents, Toronto.

Or to H. BELLHOUSE, Agent, Kingston.

New Spring Goods

Excursion to Manitoba

S-H-A-W'-S

WE INVITE INSPECTION of our New Spring Stock, which will found special value, and Shaws cheaper than last year.

Dress Goods.

WE OFFER SPECIAL VALUE IN

New Linens at 8c, 9c, 10c and 12½c.
Our Costume Cloth at 12½c is very cheap.
New Fancy Effects at 15c. Good Value.
New Serges, All Colors at 15c. Cheap.
New Costume Cloths at 20c. Fine shades.
New Debaige, All Wool at 20c, 25c and 30c.
New Nun's Veiling at 25c. All Wool.
New Navy Serges, all wool, for Camping Suits.
New Col. Cashmeres, All Colors, Cheap.
New Black Cashmeres, All Wool, at 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c, 70c, 75c, 80c, 85c, 90c, 95c and $1, by any regular train, and ground to return any time in [illegible] upon date of [illegible]

Black Silks.

New Trimming Silk at 45c, 50c, 60c, 70c and 75c.
New Gros Grain Silk, 75c, 80c, 90c and $1.
Ponson's Silk at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 AND A
Heavy Black Cashmere Silk, 22 inches wide, at $2.50 and $2.75, and regular the dress trimming with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered. CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheum