Daily British Whig.

Unifer per Orbem Dicor.

The is one respect in which the Dominion Government is consistent, its love of extravagance. It gave the Pacific Railway contract to a Syndicate whose offer was $3,000,000 and 3,000,000 acres of land higher than a second offer, to say nothing of monopoly and exemption clauses. It gives the contract for the Port Moody and Emery Bar section to Onderdonk & Co., at a price $264,000 higher than the lowest tender. It pays the city of Ottawa $2,000 for a piece of and, and sells it to ex-Sheriff Powell for $1,500. "All samee allee a timee"

Our valued local confrere is showing how election corruption flourished in the Fall of 1880, not last year, in Indiana, under Senator Dorsey's care—how that $250,000 to $400,000 was given him, and only $50,000 can be traced beyond his pocket. Our contemporary wisely passed on without comment, as it might possibly arouse memories of "the grandest job ever perpetrated in the British Empire," besides suspicions as to Sir Hector Langevin's $82,000. Senator Dorsey might be able to plead secrecy as to his disposal of the funds quite as strongly as ever Sir Hector did

The genus crank is becoming a contagious pest, not only in America but in England as well. After Guiteau's atrocious bid for notoriety an army of cranks arose in the United States, but they were suppressed as promptly as any other plague would have been. His example, however, has been borne across the sea, and very nearly led to a second tragedy, one which would have made crankism a most unfortunate indigence for many years to come. The police think that McLean has been reading the reports of the Guiteau trial and has become convinced that the best way to get relief and notoriety at the same time would be to make an attempt on the life of the Queen. He will probably be placed above starvation for a few years now

The re-adjusters at Ottawa are spending anxious days over the distribution of seats so as to work some profit to the Tory party. The Ministerial wire pullers are willing to go a considerable length. The members would go still further, and then there are representative men from the various constituencies who urge all sorts of changes far more than the Government are willing to endorse. Each respective Conservative candidate wants gerrymandering done to suit himself, but the party's choice in the next county has usually something to say about that. Therefore the soul of the player upon the political chequer board is vexed. It will be more vexed still when the Bill is brought down, because it is far from likely to give satisfaction. To endeavour to spread the Ministerial vote over Ontario is like trying to cover a very big bed with a small blanket. If you draw it up to your head you expose your feet; if you cover your feet you leave your head open to attack. Therefore while some ridings are made more Tory in character others will become more vulnerable. It may be yet nearly as broad as it is long

NO REBELLION THERE.

There is never a time when the United States press, either out of a love of sensation or from motives of envy, can not find some motive for a slur upon the loyalty of British colonists. The annexation of Canada was harped up until the intense attachment of its people to the old land and constitution again and again demonstrated the hopelessness of any expectation in that direction. The Red River difficulty was magnified and distorted, and reports from Canada during the Fenian troubles implied that the provinces were honeycombed with disloyalty. Events effectually dispelled this illusion, but the press of the Republic is ripe for similar folly and misrepresentation if there should arise a shadow of an excuse

Lately we have been told that there is a rebellion in Jamaica. This is both untrue as a fact, and unfair to the loyal inhabitants of that Island. We learn through private sources what a senseless report has been promulgated. There has, it is true been a great public outcry against the payment out of the Island chest of the Governor's damages and costs in the suit of Gordon Pulido against Sir Anthony Musgrave and Collector Gillard. General Pulido some few years ago was placed in charge of a cargo of arms said to have been contributed to the insurgent Cubans by the Republic of Venezuela. After the ship Florence having put into Jamaica for stress of weather, was seized with them on board by the direction of the Imperial Government, the arms and powder were detained for a long time at Fort Augusta. At length the case came up in the Jamaica Supreme Court, and Gen. Pulido gained the suit on the ground that the vessel having come into port in distress, the arms and ammunition should have been restored, and the vessel permitted to leave. The Government of the Island has now referred the whole matter to the Imperial Government, and as there has been a strong expression of opinion against the payment of the money by Jamaica, it is now thought, as happened in a previous case, the Imperial Government will assume the whole expense. There is certainly nothing like rebellion in the warmth of expression which the Jamaicans have indulged in over the discussions of this matter in public meeting

REMOVE THE NUISANCE.—Some one has made the Queen a present, having deposited a dead horse upon the military parade ground in Pittsburg, near Cataraqui bridge. Her faithful army here should ferret out the offender and reward him handsomely with a $20 fine.

"FORGIVE US OUR SINS."

A Sermon Defending the Use of the Lord's Prayer by Both the Saved and Unsaved—A Theory Refuted.

On Sunday morning Rev. Henry Wilson, D.D., delivered a sermon in defence of the use of the Lord's prayer. Below will be found a synopsis of it

"After this manner pray ye." "When ye pray say our Father."—St. Matthew vi. 9. St. Luke xi. 2.

"The best way," said the speaker, "to oppose false teaching is to give the true. To counteract the bad effect of a half truth, give the whole truth. This I desire to do this morning on the very important matter of the Lord's prayer. The two texts just read remind us of what nearly every child knows, that there were two distinct occasions on which our Lord gave this prayer, and on each occasion to a different class of people. The first time was on the Mount, and in that wonderful sermon such as before or since the lips of man never uttered. The second occasion was—after private prayer—to his disciples who asked to be taught how to pray. He gave the same form which we call the Lord's prayer." The speaker drew attention to the different circumstances under which the prayers were given because on this depends very much the importance of the lessons which its double delivery has for us, and our ability to see the falsity of the teaching put forward continually, and especially lately in this city under the name of Christianity and gospel truth.

WHEN GIVEN TO THE WORLD.

He gave the prayer publicly to show that He meant it to be used publicly and he gave it privately to show that it was for private Christians. He gave it first to a great multitude of people, good, bad and indifferent, to comfort them and to teach them that there is no child of Adam fallen so low or gone so far from his home that he may not take the words of this wonderful prayer on his lips and say with the prodigal "I will arise and go to my father," "Our Father who art in Heaven." It tells us in spite of modern opinion that the unconverted as well as the converted man may call God his Father and approach Him as a child even though it be only in the lowest sense by nature and creation. It tells us that which is the glory of Christianity as distinguished from a sect, that there is a kneeling place in the sanctuary of God for the leper as well as for the clean, for the unholy as well as the holy for those who can only smite the breast and say with the publican "God be merciful to me a sinner," as well as for those who can say "Thank God I am a happy Christian." It speaks to the most sinful and

HARDENED IN GOD'S PRESENCE

and says, "You are not past hope, the door is not yet shut; God, your Father, calls you, you are still his child though in a far country and wasting your substance in riotous living; kneel down this hour and say from your heart "Our Father," and the answer will come "My Son, My Son." The prayer was given on the second occasion to a select few, to our Lord's own disciples. The meaning of this is very significant in view of what some of us have heard lately. The disciples of Christ were "the converted people" of the day if there were any such. They were "the elect" "the picked out few." They were the good as distinguished from the bad, yet observe that to these good people, to those who, with one exception, never wholly fell away from Him, to these the Lord Jesus Christ gives the very same form of prayer which He has already given to the unconverted.

THE TEACHINGS OF CHRIST.

Christ teaches us here what all experience teaches, what the holiest of all ages have found to be true, that the nearer we get to God the more we realize our own sinfulness and the constant need of Christ's blood to take it away. And yet men full of frailty and daily sinning, will boldly enter God's presence and tell others to do so, and make no confession of sin, even refuse to use the Lord's prayer, because it contains the petition "Forgive us our trespasses," etc. Why? Because, forsooth, their sins have been forgiven long ago, when they were converted, and they have never sinned since. Therefore, they say we neither need nor should ask forgiveness. Oh, surely for them we may pray, "Father forgive them, for they know not what they do."

THEY SEE NOT THEMSELVES

as God and their neighbors see them, or they would shrink with horror from themselves and from the false, deluding doctrine which makes them so self-righteous and presumptuous. "I do not wish to use one expression in this sermon," said Dr. Wilson, "which dying I would wish to blot, nor say an unkind word of any one speaking or writing for Christ, but loyalty to the truth as it is in Jesus, and as it was in the prayer of Jesus, and love for your souls, compels me to warn you against this utterly false opinion, that you have no right to use the Lord's Prayer till you are sensibly converted and know that your sins are forgiven, and then you need not because as God's child you can never sin again. Brethren, he is a bold man, he is very near the sin of blasphemy, who will dare to tell me I

MUST NOT USE THE PRAYER

which the Lord Himself gave twice. That man, I care not what his profession or his preaching may be, gives the lie to Christ, who says 'No,' when Christ says 'Yes.' Christ says in plainest terms to all. After this manner pray ye. Our Father, &c; the modern theorist says 'No, ye cannot say Our Father, because ye are not God's children by a sensible conversion. Christ says to his Disciples, When ye pray say, Forgive us our trespasses, the modern teacher says, 'No, ye have no sins to be forgiven and therefore the prayer is not for you.' And so brethren the prayer which Christ meant for all conditions of men is practically denied to both, and one of the most precious portions of God's word is made of none effect by man's tradition. Such miserable deceitful handling of the word of God we may pray to be delivered, and our safeguard against it will be the more faithful use of that divine prayer which the Lord Himself has taught us.

Our correspondent was favored with the following from C. H. Wood, Esq., of the C. & T. Ry., Port Huron, Mich. After suffering for nearly a year with rheumatism, receiving treatment from the best physicians of Michigan and the West, I happened to try a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil. Upon the first application I used fully half a bottle, and its effect was almost instantaneous. I immediately dropped all other treatment, and confined myself to its use alone. After the use of three bottles, instead of being driven to my business, or moving about on crutches I walked from one to three miles daily about business, and have been free from this horrible disease for over a year, not having the slightest twinge of it. Hence I say that all medicines known to me are useless when compared with the Old German Remedy. Use this statement when and where it suits.

A special military commission at Ottawa has had the subject of uniforms under consideration.

The Sea of Oblivion

would long since have swallowed up Sozodont in common with so many forgotten tooth pastes and dentrifices, did not the experience of a whole nation prove that it possesses signal advantages. It thoroughly cleans the teeth, dissolving and removing their impurities; it revives their fading whiteness and strengthens their relaxing hold upon their sockets; it renders colorless, ulcerated gums hard and healthy; and besides neutralizing an unsavory breath, invests it with its own fragrance.

STRUCK BY FALLING ICE.

Mr. Stears Killed Instantly in the Robertsville Iron Mines—Mr. J. B. Law Suffering from Disease.

Last evening there were various rumours afloat as to a fearful mining accident, said to have occurred at Robertsville, by which the lives of two men were despaired of. The rumor, while not strictly true, was correct enough in that a mishap had occurred, and that Mr. Richard Stears, the captain of the forces, had been killed. The first telegram received reported that Mr. Stears was not expected to live, and that Mr. J. B. Law, the Superintendent of the works, was dying. A physician was asked to be sent out at once. The telegram was received but a moment before the departure of the afternoon mail train. It was detained until Dr. Sullivan could be secured. Later in the evening it was learned that Mr. Sears had died, that Mr. J. B. Law had not been injured at all, but the confusion of the telegram had made it appear as if he was one of the injured persons. He was suffering from another cause.

The circumstances of the accident are as follows: In warm weather considerable water runs into the pit and tunnels, and in cold weather ice accumulates around the sides. It solidifies and hangs from various ledges in huge icicles. When warm weather sets in these are dangerous, for ice may fall at any moment. To prevent this the ice, which is hard to reach, is shot down by rifle balls. Yesterday Mr. Stears was engaged in superintending the letting down of timbers into the pit, to be afterwards used as shiels in the tunnels to prevent the ice from falling upon the men. While thus busy a section of ice, weighing about 250 lbs., fell a distance of 50 feet. It struck Mr. Stears upon the head, crushing in his skull and killing him instantly. One half of his head was broken in. As soon as possible the body was removed to his residence. The accident had a depressing effect upon those engaged in the mines. Mr. Richard Stears was a very intelligent man, and was about forty years of age. He was an Englishman, and had been employed in various mining enterprises. He was at one time employed at work in the Lake Superior copper mines. About a year ago he was brought by Mr. Law from Pennsylvania and made Captain of the works. He was married. The body has been coffined and will be brought to the city to-morrow for transmission to deceased's old home in Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania.

When Drs. Sullivan and Clarton arrived at Robertsville it was found that another doctor had preceded them, and that Mr. Law was suffering from some pulmonary disease, made more serious by a severe cold and slight congestion of the lungs. When the doctors left the place this morning Mr. Law was in an easier condition, and hopes were entertained of his ultimate recovery.

CUTS HIS THROAT

A Former Resident of Cataraqui Commits Suicide in Toronto—Particulars in Detail

Yesterday afternoon at No. 71 Wilton avenue, Toronto, Robert Whittington, a man 58 years of age, ended his life by cutting his throat while labouring under a disordered state of mind. The particulars of the tragic affair are as follows:—Two years ago the deceased received a sun stroke and never since fully recovered. Since that time he has acted strangely, but was never violent. Yesterday afternoon about five o'clock, while some of the family was sitting in the dining-room in the basement of the house, he made some excuse and went into the pantry adjoining. In a moment, however, a sound was heard as if some one had fallen, and his daughter hastened to the room. To her horror she found her father lying upon the floor with his throat cut. A terrible wound was in his neck, extending from ear to ear, and his life's blood was spurting out on the floor. The man afterwards died. The doctors found that both of the parotid arteries, the windpipe and gullet had been cut off; in fact, the head was nearly severed from the body. By his side was lying a common pocket-knife. The larger blade, evidently sharpened recently, was covered with blood. The deceased was born in Lancashire, England, and came to this country about 27 years ago, and settled in Cataraqui, near Kingston, where he worked for Mr. David Nichol. Two years later he married Miss Agnes McCracken, by whom he has six children. Fourteen years afterwards he removed to Toronto, where he has since resided.

The Real Cause.

DEAR SIR,—The letter of Brother Boggs printed in the WHIG of Saturday, is worth of being written in letters of gold. There is more gospel truth in it, suited to the present state of the Church, than all the addresses and sermons that have been preached in connection with the present religious movement.

Clergymen, read it; ponder over it. Therein you will find the cause of your failure, the reason why your labours produce no spiritual fruit.

Yours truly,

A LOVER OF TRUTH.

March 7th, '82.

The Deceased Wife's Sisters' Bill.

Apropos of the introduction of this Bill for passage through the Dominion Parliament we observe by our London fyles that it is also intended to make the annual effort to carry a similar measure through the Imperial Legislature. It is well known that the Queen is strongly in favor of the repeal of the existing prohibition, and it has been hinted that her object was to allow of her widowed son in law allying himself with another member of her family. The royal dukes were present in the House of Lords and voted in the minority when the motion for repeal was last defeated, so that the Court are evidently in favor of carrying the motion when it is again to be submitted.

The St. Patrick's Society, of Montreal, has passed a resolution requesting Mr. Costigan to move a resolution in the House of Commons for an address to the Queen expressing sympathy with their fellow-subjects in Ireland, and praying Her Majesty to release the suspects and grant a [illegible] Parliament for Ireland.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Gist of Various Telegrams on Various Themes.

There are serious signs of a movement among the Poles.

Mr. Paupere (Conservative) has been returned for the county of Pontiac.

Mr. A. Wallis, of the *Mail*, has been called home from Ottawa owing to his father's death.

The stock market was steady to-day for everything but City Gas Co., which declined to 170.

Conkling's refusal of the Judgeship has caused but little remark in Washington.

Bob Sawer, coloured, was lynched last night at Franklin, Ky., for an attempt to outrage upon a white girl.

Custom officers at Moscow have discovered hats containing dynamite in cases unclaimed.

The gaol at Dell Norte was broken open last night and two cattle thieves shot and killed.

The names of several United States judges will probably be impeached for identification with various frauds.

It is learned that the President tendered Edmunds the position of Justice of the Supreme Court. Edmunds declined it.

Two buildings of the American Powder Co., at Acton, exploded this morn with a terrific crash. There is probably a loss of life; no particulars.

During a hurricane in the north of Scotland three hundred whales were driven on shore on Shetland Island and shoaled. They were all captured.

E. F. Clement of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, jumped from the second story of the Niagara House this morning and broke both legs; cause, temporary aberration.

Extensive robberies of money letters have been discovered in the Montreal Post-office, and one of the clerks has been arrested. Ample evidence of his guilt was secured.

The Secretary of Mr. Legru, the absconding manager of the Credit Mobilier, in Montreal, has returned to that city in order to secure his employer's release.

There is an unconfirmed rumor that differences in Princeton College will likely result in a change of the Presidency. Dr. John Hall, New York, is mentioned as a successor to Dr. McCosh.

Another motion by Sir Stafford Northcote, that Mr. Bradlaugh be not permitted to go through the form of taking the oath, was carried in the Imperial Commons yesterday without a division. An amendment in favor of affirmation was rejected by 257 to 242.

While delivering a lecture in Chicago yesterday Beecher suddenly stopped, and would have fallen in a faint had not a gentleman rushed to his assistance. The lecture had to be discontinued. It was announced that Beecher had not been feeling well for two or three days.

Duty on Sugar.

New York, March 6.—The *Times* says the Supreme Court decision in reference to the duty on sugar has already led several Congressmen to oppose the bill for tariff commission who had intended to support the bill. They take the ground that this revelation of the condition of the tariff laws makes it necessary to revise them at once. The sugar men will appear before the Committee on Ways and Means at the earliest practicable time to urge the passage of measure to simplify and if possible reduce the present rates of duty on sugar.

Flood's Disaster.

Little Rock, March 6.—The damage by the flood in Ashley, Desha and Chicat counties is estimated at $1,000,000. One thousand people in Ashley county alone are utterly destitute. It is the opinion of prominent planters that the State will not recover from the effects of the flood in ten years.

A Runaway Engine.

Chicago, March 6.—A freight engine in the North Road slipped a boiler bolt last night. The escaping steam severely scalded the firemen and engineer. The engine ran unchecked until it collided with a passenger train. Then both engines were wrecked. Three mail clerks were considerably bruised.

Take Care of the Little Ones

Children are the mother's idol, the father's pride; they are entrusted to your care to guide and protect, to fill positions of honor and trust. If you truly feel the responsibility of your trust, and want to make the duties of your office as light and pleasant as possible, don't allow a slight cold to prey upon the little ones, for even a single day or night may reveal the dreaded destroyer, Croup, but a few doses of Down's Elixir, if taken in season, will banish it, as well as Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung affections. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Price 25 cents and $1 per bottle.

A Positive Cure for Dyspepsia.

From Abram Mead, of Littleton, Mass.

"I have for several years suffered severely with Dyspepsia, accompanied by weakness and nervous irritability, which made life a burden to me. Nothing but the simplest nutriment could remain in the stomach without pain, soreness and windy evacuations, uncomfortable feelings in the head, bad taste in the mouth catarrhal symptoms, inactivity of the liver and bowels, piles, general debility and a nervous state of extreme susceptibility, made up a diseased condition rebellious to ordinary medical treatment. By advice of an eminent physician of Boston, I commenced taking PERUVIAN SYRUP; at once I began to experience benefit. After taking three bottles all these bad feelings have left, my health is restored, and I enjoy life as well as ever. Most cheerfully do I recommend PERUVIAN SYRUP." Sold by dealers generally.

Guilty of Wrong.

Som people have a fashion of confusing excellent remedies with the large mass of "patent medicines," and in this they are guilty of a wrong. There are some advertised remedies fully worth all that is asked for them, and one at least we know of—Hop Bitters. The writer has had occasion to use the Bitters in just such a climate as we have most of the year in Bay City, and has always found them to be first class and reliable, doing all that is claimed for them.—*Tribune.*

Farmers and Mechanics.

If you wish to avoid great danger and trouble, besides a no small bill of expense at this season of the year, you should take prompt steps to keep disease from your household. The system should be cleansed, blood purified, stomach and bowels regulated, and prevent and cure diseases arising from Spring malaria. We know of nothing that will so perfectly and surely do this as Electric Bitters, and at the trifling cost of fifty cents a bottle.—*Ex.* Sold by J. G. King.

THE new treatment for rapidly conditioning Horses Zock's Tonic Compound and Blood Mixture. Each package contains a good Purging Ball which is given to the animal previous to using the strong tonic powder. This is the common sense treatment and will accomplish more in one week than the old system of Spices, Feeds and Condition Powders would do in a month, ask your druggist about it. For sale by all druggists.

Curiously enough the President of a society formed in Toronto for the suppression of fast houses, gambling dens, etc., is named Gamble.

FORSTER SPEAKS.

His Appeal to Irishmen—Good Impressions Everywhere.

Tullamore, Mar. 6.—Forster, in the speech yesterday, reproached Irishmen's want of courage in yielding to intimidation. He said the Government were determined that neither the landlord nor the tenant should mar the Land Act. No attempt has made to insult Forster and he was everywhere courteously received.

Tullamore, March 6.—Forster spoke to a crowd here yesterday. He deplored the outrages in Ireland and asked the people to help to stop them. He said, "God save Ireland from the cruel grasp of the landlords and their rack renting, the landlord's dishonest tenants and midnight marauders." He also said the English people have no ill will towards Ireland. "We know you have been a badly governed country. The English Government of the past did many cruel and unjust things to Ireland, and allowed many to be done. We wish to undo that, to make you as prosperous, rich, and powerful as ourselves." Forster said the suspects would all be released as soon as the outrages cease. The address was listened to with deep attention and creates a profound sensation.

DIED.

In this city, on the 7th inst., Mr. John O'Donnell, classical teacher, in the 83rd year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his son's residence, King Street East, to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

At Kingston, on March 5th, Hester M. Lemon, beloved wife of Mr. John Lovick, aged 49 years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, Gordon Street, on Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

In this city, on March 7th, infant son of Georgie E. and Wm. J. Moore.

Funeral private.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, March 7, 12 o'clock.

STOCKS.	ASKED	OFFERED
Bank of Montreal	210	209½
Merchants' Bank	132½	132¼
Bank of Commerce	144½	144
Ontario Bank	62½	62½
Bank of Toronto	174½	174
Molson's Bank	129	127½
Banque du Peuple	90	88
Banque Jacques Cartier	117	115
Union Bank	93	90
Quebec Bank	000	108
Exchange Bank—ex div.	000	146
MISCELLANEOUS		
Montreal Telegraph Co.	126	125
Dominion Telegraph Co.	90	00
Montreal Gas Co.	170	169½
City Passenger RR	138	135
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	57	56½
Royal Canadian Ins. Co.	000	000
Canada Cotton Co.	140	130
Dundas Cotton Co.	128	120
Consol Bank	000	000
Federal Bank—ex div.	167	163
Ont. Investment	138	132
St. Paul's	111½	000

TO-DAY'S SALES.

Bank of Montreal—74 at 109½.
Merchants' Bank—100 at 132½.
Ontario Bank—125 at 63.
Bank of Commerce—150 at 144¼.
Richelieu Nav. Co.—25 at 56½.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour, Feed and all Kinds of Grain.

Doran's Block, Princess Street, Kingston.

STRONG BAKERS' FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

White Beans Wanted.

MONTREAL PRODUE MARKET.

Montreal, March 7.

Flour—Receipts 1500 barrels; sales 600 barrels; Market lower, prices unchanged; quotations: Super for 6.10 to 6.15, extra 5.75 to 5.85, fancy 6.55 to 6.60, spring extra 5.80 to 5.90, superfine 5.40 to 5.55, strong bakers 6.50 to 7.75, fine 4.50 to 4.60, middlings 3.75 to 3.85, pollards 3.40 to 3.50, Ont. bags 2.60 to 2.80, city do 3.8 to 4.00.

Grain—Wheat, U.C. white, 1.35 to 1.37; do red 1.42 to 1.43.

Corn 80 in bond.

Peas 76c to 76c for 80¾ lbs.

Oats 36c to 37c.

Barley 60c. to 70c.

Rye. 85 to 86

Oatmeal 5.00 to 5.10.

Cornmeal 3.30 to 3.75

Provisions—Butter, Western 17c to 20c. B. & M 20c to 24c, E. T. 22c to 25c.

Creamery 28 to 34.

Cheese 11c to 13c.

Pork—Mess 21.00 to 22.00.

Hams 13c to 14c.

Lard 14c to 14½c

Bacon 12c to 13c.

Ashes—Pots, quiet firsts, 4.75 to 4.85; pearls 6.75 to 6.85

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, March 7

Stocks—Higher.

Flour—Dull; receipts, 25,000 bbls.; sales 9,000 bbls; 3.60 to 4.25 for superior state and western; 4.30 to 4.80 common to choice ex-state.

Rye Flour—Weak; at 4.25 to 4.60.

Wheat—Heavy, receipts, 36,000 bush; sales 560,000 bushels; No 2 Red April 1.32½.

Rye—Weak at 84c to 89c.

Corn—Lower. Receipts 14,000 bush; sales, 240,000 bush; 67 to 70 for mixed, 64½c to 69c for old; 67½ to 70½c for new.

Oats—Receipts 33,000; sale 40,000; 49 to 51c mixed western and state, 49c to 55c for white, No 2 July 00c to 00.

Pork—Firm 17.50 to 00.00.

Lard—10.40.

Butter—18 to 40.

OSWEGO MARKET.

Oswego, March 7.

Wheat—Steady. Sales, 0,000 white State at 1.32; new red State at 1.35; No. 2 red Wabash at 00.0.

Corn—Quiet; sales 0,000 No. 2 Mixed Western, 72; high mixed, 00c.

Oats—Scarce; white state held at 47c to 00c.

Rye—Quiet, sales, 00,000 Canada 93c in bond.

Cornmeal—Bolted, 00.00; unbolted, 00.00 per ton.

Barley—Quiet; sales 2,500 bushels of No. 2 Canada at 1.04; No. 1 bright Canada at 1.06; No 2 Canada at 1.02; extra bright Canada at 0.00.

Barley shipped 8,300 bush. Sales in Albany yesterday of No. 1 Canada at 0.00.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, March 7, 12 noon

Pork—16.12½ for April, 16.35 nom for May, 00.00 for June

Lard—10.30 for May; 10.15 bid for April 10.40 bid for July, 10.45 for June.

Wheat, 1.22½ for May, 1.22½ for April, 1.17 June, 1.00 year

Corn, 59c April, 63½c for May, 63½ June, 59½ cash 63½c July

COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 7.—Cotton, fair, uplands 6 9-16 Orleans, 6¾.

New York, March 7—Cotton firm at 11½

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

London, March 7—Consols, 100 9-16, money 100 9-16, account 19 1-0; 4s 120; Extended, 5s, 105½

CHANCERY SALE

—OF—

Valuable Farm Property!

McAULAY vs. McAULAY.

THE McAULAY FARM, being the East half of Lot No. 6, in the First Concession of the Township of Augusta, containing about 107 acres, in a good state of cultivation, fronting on the River St. Lawrence, and one eighth of a mile from Prescott, will be sold by Public Auction, at the Town Hall,

Prescott, on Thursday, March 30th, 1882,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON

This is an excellent opportunity for any one desiring a good farm, well fenced and watered, and commanding a fine view of the river and the City of Ogdensburg.

For particulars apply to Fraser & Reynolds, Solicitors, Brockville, or M. E. O'Brien, Esq., Solicitor, Prescott.

J. D. BUELL,
Dated 3rd March, '82. Master at Brockville.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE,

One Night Only—Thursday, March 9.

—Grandest in—

MINSTRELSY

The Acme of Art. The Pinnacle of Fame. The Summit of Refinement. The People's Choice.

Barlow, Wilson, Primrose and West's Mammoth Minstrels.

B. W., P. & W. POST.....Sole Proprietors.
E. B. BROWN.....Manager.

Reorganized and Enlarged for season 1881-82. Everything New, Novel, Refined and Elegant.

No advance in Prices: 75c, 50c and 25c.

Seats secured at Opera House without extra charge. March 6.

Twa Hours at Hame

Opera House, Kingston, Friday, 10th March,

Under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society.

MR. KENNEDY

The Scottish Vocalist, having completed successful tours through Great Britain and Ireland, South Africa and India, will give his entertainment on the SONGS OF SCOTLAND, assisted by the following members of his family

Miss Helen Kennedy, Soprano,
Miss Marjory Kennedy, Soprano,
Miss Maggie Kennedy, Pianoforte,
Mr. Robert Kennedy, Tenor, and
Master John Kennedy, Violin.

Mr. Kennedy will preface each song with Historical and Explanatory Remarks and narrative anecdotes illustrative of Scottish life and character.

"Bonnie Dundee."
"The Standard on the Braes o' Mar."
"O Speed Lord Nithsdale."
"The wee, wee German Lairdie."
"Come o'er the Stream, Charlie."
"When the King comes over the Water."
"Bonnie Prince Charlie."
"The Women are a' gane wud."
"Wha wadna fecht for Charlie."
Piano and Violin—"Jeels and Strathspeys."
Recitative—"Lungi da Lei."
Aria—"De miei bollenti spiriti." (Verdi.
"He's Over the Hills."
"The March o' the Cameron Men."
"Johnnie Cope."
"The Hundred Pipers."
"Wae's me for Prince Charlie."
"Hame cam oor Guidman at e'en."
"Flora Macdonald's Lament."
"Will ye no come back again."
"Allister Macallister."
"AULD LANG SYNE."

Admission: Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c; Gallery, 25c. Seats can be secured at Opera House without extra charge.

R. THOMPSON,
March 2. Secretary of St. Andrew's Society.

Going West!

C. B. ROUTLEY

Having determined to go to the North West in about thirty days, will commence on SATURDAY a Grand Closing Sale by AUCTION of his Entire Stock of

FANCY GOODS.

Wools, Yarns, Toys, Valises, Work Boxes, Toilet Sets, Jewellery, Vases, etc

Private Sales Now Going On.

Sales made at less than Montreal and Toronto Wholesale Prices

Just Look at the Following:

Berlin Wool, per ounce, only 12c, 5 skeins.
Fingering Yarn only 25c
Motto Frames from 10c
Albums from 15c
Work-boxes from. 15c

AUCTION SALES will start on SATURDAY, 4th MARCH, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and 7:30 o'clock in the evening, and will be continued from day to day until the whole stock is sold. No reserve in anything. Everything must be sold, as possession of the store has to be given up.

No Humbug

BOUND FOR THE WEST.

C. B. ROUTLEY,
Routley's New Block, 175 Princess Street
March 1

A PENNY SAVED IS A PENNY EARNED.

This is our motto and should also be the motto of every householder. We are offering from this day Fine New and Highly Flavored

TEAS.

at great reductions.

JAPAN TEA at 20c per lb., sold elsewhere at 25c.
" 30c " " 40c.
" 40c " " 50c.
" 50c " " 60c.

Our Japan Tea, 3 lbs. for $1, is unequalled in the city for sweetness and flavor. HYSON TEAS in the same proportion.

SUGARS.

Very Bright Sugar, 12½ lbs. for $1.00.
Extra Bright Sugar, 11½ lbs. for $1.00.

Only one trial asked to prove the above assertions.

McGUIRE BROTHERS.

Princess Street.

SIGN OF THE TEA POT.

Sept. 15.

City Property For Sale.

WILL be Sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, under Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage from R. W. VANDEWATER to the Vendor, dated 3rd March, 1879, (which Mortgage will be produced at time of Sale), on the premises, on FRIDAY, the Thirty-first Day of MARCH, A.D. 1882, AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON, The South Half of LOT No. 956, situate on the East side of ALFRED STREET, near Union Street, in the City of Kingston. There is an excellent DWELLING HOUSE on the Lot, built in modern style, with Verandah, and a large and substantial Wood Shed.

TERMS, 10 per cent. down, balance in 30 days, or an amount, not exceeding one half of purchase money, may remain on Mortgage, with interest at 6 per cent. if desired.

Further particulars known at time of Sale, or may be had on application to

B. M. BRITTON.
Kingston, 1st March, 1882. The Vendor.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS,

—Use the—

Diamond Cough Remedy.

IT is a concentrated extract of Wild Cherry, Hoarhound and Elecampane. It destroys all pain, loosens the cough, quiets the nerves, produces rest, and is both pleasant, healing, mild and harmless. Give the Diamond Cough Remedy one trial, and if you don't find it a hundred fold better than any other Cough Medicine you have used, your money will be refunded.

Price 25c per bottle. For sale at

WADE'S DRUG STORE,

Corner of Brook and King Streets.

Oct. 22.

MAGIC COUGH CURE.

THE MAGIC COUGH CURE is by far superseding all remedies that have ever been offered to the public for the cure of Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Loss of Voice, Pulmonary Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Be sure you get MAGIC Cough Cure, and take no other.

For sale by

W. T. C. BETHEL, Chemist,
124 Princess Street,
Nearly opposite the City Hotel.

March 6.

For Sale or To Rent.

TWO HUNDRED ACRES, being Lot, sixth concession of Loughboro, the old Purdy Farm; good stone house; barn, 134x36 feet; orchard and good sugar bush on farm; only one mile from Sydenham Village. Terms easy

Apply to

JOHN SWITZER,
Union Hotel, Sydenham.

March 3rd.

MONEY TO LEND

At Seven per cent. Interest,

ON the Security of First-Class City or Country Property.

Apply to BAWDEN & MACHAR,
March 7. Golden Lion Block.

TEAMS WANTED.

FOR SERVICE OR HIRE. Enquire at the office of C. F. Gildersleeve, Clarence Street.

Feb. 8.

PRINTS, PRINTS.

NEW SPRING

Prints, Prints.

We have opened out (contents of three cases) English Prints, very attractive in style and low priced. Wide Fast Colour English Prints at 8cts., 9cts. and 10 cts. per yard. Fine Cambric Prints, at 12½ cts. per yard. Our special line, All Wool Debeges, at 15cts. per yard, are selling rapidly. The same class of goods cannot again be purchased under 20cts. per yard. An early call will oblige.

R. & J. GARDINER,

Direct Importers,
102 Princess Street,

Second door from the corner of Wellington St.

March 4.

18TH.

The New Dry Goods Store.

BOWES & BISSONETTE

Late of F. X. Cousineau & Co.,

Have much pleasure in announcing to their Friends and the Public generally that they will open their NEW STORE in the

Opera House Block,

Directly opposite the Windsor Hotel,

On Saturday, the 18th March,

With a well assorted stock of

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS.

ALSO A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Gents' Furnishings!

Which they will offer at remarkably low prices. Wait for the Opening.

Call and see us.

R. J. BOWES, | G. H. BISSONETTE.
394 Princess Street

Feb. 23

For Manitoba.

WE ARE GOING WEST.

SELLING OFF!

GENTLEMEN—We would say that this is a genuine sale of the finest stock in the city, consisting of Scotch, English and Canadian

Tweeds, Ready-Made Clothing,

Gent's Furnishings, &c.

The Finest of Cashmere, Merino, Cotton and all wool Shirts and Drawers. Half hose—the finest in the market. Ties, Braces, Gloves, Silk Squares. 300 doz. Shirts (our own make) to be sold below factory prices.

Also one Safe (Taylor's), two Show Cases, Shop Fixtures, &c.

Accounts due must be paid or settled by note, on or before March next to save cost.

ASHLEY & ROCKWELL,

Seale Bros.' Old Stand, Princess St., Kingston.

Feb. 14

Auction Sale!

—OF—

TWO HOUSES,

Being Nos. 334 and 338, on

Montreal Street,

Adjacent to the House of Industry

These houses are new with soft water cistern, and never-failing well in the yard. Also

One fifth of an acre, Quarry Lot, at Mr. Duff's Limekiln. Also

His Household Furniture, &c., 47 Ordnance Street, at his residence, directly opposite Mr. Hatch's.

Houses and Lot will be sold on Saturday, 11th Inst., at House No. 334, Montreal Street, at 1 o'clock p.m.

The furniture will be sold at his residence, 47 Ordnance Street, immediately afterwards

No Reserve.

ROBERT THOMPSON, Proprietor. WM. MURRAY, Auctioneer.

March 3.

Curative Electric Appliances!

Magnetic-Electric Rubber Insole,

Will keep the feet warm and dry; Cure Rheumatism in feet and ankles; Cure Cold and Clammy Feet; Cure Chilblains; act on the whole body as a gentle tonic

A full supply of Magnetic and Galvanic Appliances at the

Pharmacy,

HEATH & GUNN.

Agents for Norman's Electric Belt Institution

Jan. 30.

Frontenac Loan & Investment So'y

THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Frontenac Loan and Investment Society will be held in the Society's office, on WEDNESDAY the 15th day of March, 1882, at the hour of two o'clock p.m., when the attention of the Shareholders will be called to the expediency of extending the business of the Society in Manitoba and the North-west Territories, and