Daily British Whig.

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SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 25, 1883.

POLICE DISCIPLINE.

Probably the most unheard of thing in the settlement of alleged abuses was the act of Sergeant-Major Bell in placing a paper before each constable with a request to sign it as a contract or document. Several men already felt that a factional prejudice was working against them, and that their expression of discontent would lead to their dismissal from the force. The interests of their families and their permanency in the places suggested the hour of two evils, and they chose to submit to the present unsatisfactory government of the force. They had positively no alternative, as the officers in command have freely stated that discontented men must retire and give place to men who would be satisfied. What reliable men such decline would be there is a new theory in municipal reform, that no matter what the faults of superior officers are the inferiors must go. Abuses are not remedied in that way, and they are not likely to be on this occasion more than on others. Somebody besides the constables may have to pass under inspection.

The act of the Sergeant-Major was unfortunate and presumptuous. Bumpous was the special subject of complaint he was thus one. Therefore he had no right to approach the men in any way with a document; he should have left that part to Chief Hussey or the Commissioners in an admittedly secret enquiry in which the evidence of every one on the force shall be taken. Then it may be found that some men who have been parties to dismissals from their places have themselves been far more insubordinate than the luckless ones. This is a public question. The morale and discipline of the force affect each citizen, and the arbitrary conduct of the Sergeant-Major has passed the bounds when the press can no longer keep silent.

BOOM COLLAPSED.

"The wild boom which Winnipeg experienced a year ago is now having a compensatory offset in a most ruinous depression of trade. Auction sales, sheriff's sales of bankrupt stock, and sales on retirement from business are the order of the day. Everywhere can be seen the flag of distress, announcing clearings below cost, an inspection of goods, such as clothing, boots and shoes, jewelry, hosiery and fancy goods, and a reference to the prices to which they are marked down will show that the sales are not bogus. They are the efforts of unlucky dealers who want money and still more unlucky eastern houses which supplied the stock. Boots ordinarily sold at $5 are marked down to $3.75; shoes legitimately worth $3 sold for $2 and $1.50; suits of clothing worth $20 offered for $12. A Montreal merchant recently sold $25,000 of bad debts for $2,500. Lots that sold 12 months ago for $30,000 can be had now for $500. The Winnipeggers got it into their heads that a big city makes a big country, and they kept pegging away at the idea till they made even the cooler heads of Eastern Canada believe it. All branches of business are vastly overdone."

Then read a recent telegram, dated at Winnipeg and addressed to an Eastern paper. It sketches a condition of affairs which have long been believed by some and disbelieved by others. Business in the capital of the Prairie Province a few months since was overdone. Its inflation could not stand long, but the collapse was not so soon looked for, nor was it expected to be attended by misfortune in excess of the good fortune which the boom afforded. The *Sun*—a newsy publication and quick to feel the public pulse—tells us that "the problem of the day is to make Winnipeg a cheap place to live in." It says an increase of production in the Province will gradually do much in this direction, that Manitoba's future prosperity depends upon her ability to export her produce, the prices being less than the prices at the seaboard by the difference in freight. "But," says our contemporary, "the town must do something for the country in return. It must give farmers cheaper imported groceries and supplies of all kinds. The reduction in rents has already enabled merchants to reduce prices somewhat, but they must be put down lower. Landlords cannot be expected to stand all the loss in coming down to hard pan. Merchants must make up their minds to take a lessened rate of profit."

The merchants have apparently acted upon the suggestion of the *Sun*; they have been forced to do so in order to make sales and meet obligations and still disaster comes. Men who made thousands of dollars, who became bulls and bears and stopped at no speculation which promised well, whose appetite for gain was so keen that it could not be satisfied with small things, whose ambition caused them to continually sniff at ordinary ventures—these have hit the dust. They have passed through a mystic ordeal, have parted with one pile of land after another and one security after another until left as they began the struggle with nothing but their hands and brain, yes, with an experience of more than money value. If some men, Kingstonians, had only been able to read the future and get a glimpse of coming events they would to-day be possessed of an enduring competency. They held too long, they acquired property and stuck at the eleventh hour, they had too much faith in their own luck and in circumstances which are not influenced by luck, and the transition from wealth to want has been startingly sudden.

Winnipeg's development certainly depends upon the agricultural resources of the Province. This is Dr. Grant's idea, lately ventilated, and he speaks from observation and as an expert political economist. The settlement of the prairie is progressing fairly well, but it will require some years before the country's riches are really reaped as they are now reaped in Ontario. Winnipeg's growth in the time to come will be slowly, but its advancement will be without force, and the improvement, whatever it may be, of a permanent character. The dream of the *Sun*, as to the exportation trade, is not likely to be realized just now, nor in the immediate future.

HEARING THE WAR WHOOPS.

WHAT AN EVANGELIST SAW AMONGST THE INDIANS OF THE NORTH WEST—BRIGANDS.

Approaching the Great Spirit—Harassing the Preacher with Profanity—The Customs of the Braves in Regard to Marriages and Burials—Selection of a Bride—Young Bucks Embracing Religion.

Rev. Mr. McKay, while in the North West, had an excellent opportunity of witnessing the peculiarities of the Indians of that country. Mr. McKay first met the red men near Fort Qu Appelle. The headquarters, however, were being removed to Indian Head, 24 miles from Fort Qu Appelle and on the line of the C.P.R. When Mr. McKay visited the Indian camp he was saluted with fearful oaths, and an Indian, in broken English said it in "out of compliment to you white men were swear. Indians never swear. A pow-wow was witnessed, but the most interesting sight was a medicine dance. Mr. McKay terms it the most extraordinary thing he ever saw. He remarked: This was evidently a religious service. They had an idol, a piece of painted wood with a crimson looking face, and a painted boulder in the centre of the lodge. Near two representations of the "Great Spirit" were offerings—pieces of new print, cotton, etc. Around a drum medicine men were waiting and at a given moment all would bark. This was the signal for the dance. Young and old came forward and then kept time to the sound of the drum. I made an attempt, through the interpreter, to purchase the painted idols, but no money would buy it. I was told they would not sell it at any price. In several parts of the camp were poplar poles on which were hung

OFFERINGS TO THE "GREAT SPIRIT."

The Evangelist preached to the Indians through an interpreter. The Roman Catholics have been preaching and attempting to civilize them for seventeen years, but, as the whites advanced the reds became demoralized. A mission at Fort Walsh was abandoned owing, it is alleged, to the arrival of the pale faces. Mr. McKay made a call upon Tanqua, Chief of the Crees, and he thus describes the interview: "I found him in state in his large tent. He sat on a skin. Behind him and on his right side were two beautifully wrought rugs, the ground work was scarlet, the head work of beautiful pattern. Tanqua was surrounded by several wives and children. Polygamy is very common among all classes of Indians. At one time Tanqua had six wives. I only saw three. Two of his sons are fine-looking fellows. Indians are generally given their names when about two or three years of age, taken from some prominent object in their dreams. The event is celebrated by a feast or dance to which friends are invited. The child is named and passed from one to the other, each saying its name. Marriages are performed according to the customs of the tribes to which they belong. If a Sioux sees a squaw he admires he tells his father, who according to his means, gives him a horse or a dog. He takes the animal to the tent of the squaw, ties it there and stands and watches it. If he is a favored suitor the squaw will give the animal food. Then he goes to his father and communicates the news and arranges with the squaw's parents what they will do. Her parents will sometimes give one or two horses to their son-in-law. The giving of presents is always on the squaw's side. Among the Crees and Salteaux marriages are arranged between the parents.

TRUCE OR POLYGAMY IS COMMON

among them they do not, generally speaking, have as many wives as formerly. Indians are very fond of gambling, and many of them spend most of their time in that way. It is quite common to see them sitting or lying on the ground in groups, playing cards, with others looking on and enjoying the sport. The dress of the Indian varies. A great many adopt the white man style of dress. They are very fond of fancy articles and of bright colors, and have a great liking for trinkets. Some tattoo themselves. The Crees and Assiniboines cut holes in their ears and wear a trinket in each hole. They are very particular about their hair and do not like to cut it. They think that a disgrace. The chiefs are better dressed than the common men, their attire usually consisting in ornamented leather and cloth, and sometimes fur for a headdress. They do not care to attend a dance unless they are painted up gorgeously. The principal colors they use are vermilion, red, yellow and ochre.

BURIAL OF THEIR DEAD.

The burial of the dead is a great feature. The Assiniboines erect stages on which they place the bodies, leave them there till they weather away, then take the bones and sometimes carry them with them or bury them elsewhere. The Assiniboines also mourn for certain seasons and go to great extremes, sometimes scratching themselves and pulling their hair. The Crees and Salteaux bury things with their dead, believing they have to prepare themselves in another world. If a man die on the plains, they bury his gun and ammunition; if otherwise, they bury an axe, tea, sugar and tobacco, and weep a great deal. For several days they beat drums at the grave.

DANCES OF THE INDIANS.

Their dances are numerous. The "thirsty dance" is held once a year. It lasts for two days and a night, and is a dance at which the young bucks sometimes test their strength before they become braves. Slits are cut in the flesh of their back and ropes tied through them, and also to a young horse, and the young buck leads him around (the medicine man) several times in that way. They have another dance when they have a dog feast. They kill a sufficient number to give each guest an unusually large share, and he is expected to eat all that is put on his plate. Another dance is called "the buffalo" at which they are all supposed to be dressed in buffalo robes. They are also the skeleton dance, war dance and begging dance.

Capt. Allan, with Calvin & Son's mowing apparatus, has gone to the rear of the barge, Montreal.

LAYING A STONE.

An Occasion For Much Festivity Speeches of the Gentlemen From Kingston.

Yesterday Sir Hector Langevin and suite arrived at Gananoque and received a cordial welcome.

ADDRESS TO SIR HECTOR.

Mr. Byers, came, on behalf of the Committee of citizens of Gananoque asked Sir Hector to accept a hearty welcome to the town. The occasion of his visit was one of general interest, free from political significance, so that all portions of the community joined in making the occasion one of rejoicing. The building had been long needed and the people felt glad that it should have been inaugurated by him. When finished it would be a substantial and imposing structure, affording facilities for the transaction of public business connected with the Customs and Inland Revenue. They regretted that pressing public engagements prevented a longer visit to the town, but all classes of the community united to make his stay as agreeable as possible.

REPLY OF THE MINISTER.

Sir Hector replied as follows:

Mr. Reeve and gentlemen—I am thankful to you for this hearty welcome. I am glad that it to have made this demonstration, one in which everybody can join without fearing that their party or political opinions might be interfered with. It is for the good government of this country that there must be two political parties—the governing the country, and the other to watch its actions. But, it is pleasing when an opportunity occurs for both parties to meet on neutral ground, if for half a day, and forget their party and political strife. The laying of the corner stone of the first public building in Gananoque affords an opportunity. This building, which will be substantial and have an imposing appearance, is being built with the surplus revenue of the country, and both parties may join in congratulating themselves on the facilities that will be afforded for the transaction of public business, while such building will be an ornament to the town. Let me thank you gentlemen for the hope that I may be spared many years and receive at the hands of the people that support which I shall always endeavour to deserve by devotion to the interests of the country. When I return amongst you I hope I will be in a position to congratulate you on a still greater improvement and prosperity.

After the ceremony of laying the stone—the Minister of Public Works using, as usual, a silver trowel—there was much speechifying of a non political character. Messrs. J. McIntyre, Q.C., T. H. Mesmiro, Q.C., and E. H. Smythe, of Kingston, made very happy speeches.

Later on there was a banquet, and toasts and more speeches. The festivities were much enjoyed.

Later on those who went to Gananoque with the steam yacht Swan, proceeded to Thousand Island Park, returning to the city at 7 o'clock last night.

QUOITING MATCH IN BELLEVILLE.

Yesterday the quoit match between the Kingston (Royal) and Belleville Clubs took place at the pretty little city on the bay. The quoiters from this city say they were cordially received by the Belleville people, and treated with great kindness. The ground upon which the match occurred was in good condition and the contest, a spirited one, witnessed by hundreds of people. We append the score, and the more willingly because our club won the honors of the day:

KINGSTON.		BELLEVILLE.	
J. Thompson	41	W. Mundel	35
W. Hinde	41	E. Hayden	38
D. Funnell	41	— Walbridge	32
T. McCormick	41	G. Tunning	37
P. Meehan	36	A. Culbertson	41
W. Miller	34	J. Taylor	41
J. Hall	37	G. S. Wilson	41
W. J. Watson	33	J. Flemming	41
J. Matthews	41	S. Symons	21
G. Dodd	33	S. C. Edwards	41
Total	382	Total	368

Mr. H. McKinnon, Chief of Police, acted as umpire, and ruled fairly and with the greatest satisfaction. He is singularly upright and always merited the confidence of those engaged in legitimate sports.

The Kingston men hope the Bellevilians will pay this city another visit shortly when they hope to return the hospitality they received yesterday.

A SECOND BEATING.

During the afternoon Messrs. Taylor and Fleming challenged any two men in Central Ontario to a game for any amount. Pat Clarke was prepared to back the Kingstonians, and a match game for $20 was about being made when it was deemed advisable not to play for stakes. Cigars were substituted. The following was the result of the match:

Belleville.		Kingston.	
Taylor	30	Dodds	21
Fleming	12	Thompson	21
	42		42

Belleville will probably not do any blowing for some time to come.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. M. Cleveland, of Adams, the pioneer of the States in the seed business, is in the city. He is at the Burnett House.

Dr. H. B. Evans has purchased the fine brick residence on Centre street, Picton, formerly owned by Mr. J. Mottashed.

Rev. J. F. Dayan, the late Secretary of the Thousand Island Park Association was in the city yesterday and fraternized with old friends.

It was Judge Deacon, of Pembroke, that was here yesterday, not Devlin as printed. He left this morning on the mail boat for the East.

The Rev. Mr. Houston, of the Montreal Presbyterian Church, will occupy the pulpit of the Brock St. Presbyterian Church to-morrow, morning and evening.

Rev. George Meacham, D.D., oldest son of Belleville's Post master, is on his way home. He has been for seven years as a missionary of the Methodist Church in Japan.

Rev. H. F. Bland, of the Queen Street Methodist Church, after two weeks' absence has returned to the city and will resume his excellent services in the Church of which he is pastor.

Mr. Lewis, of the Union Herald, makes his first visit to Ontario. He is stopping at the Thousand Island Park and came up to the city yesterday. He is well pleased with the appearance of the place.

A TERRIBLE RIDE.

Hanging from a Balloon by Two Fingers—Dragged Four Miles Through the Air.

Paris, Aug. 24.—At Bryon on Grounds there was on Friday a scene perhaps unprecedented in the annals of ballooning. M. Gratien, a well known aeronaut, was about to make an ascent in a hot-air balloon, called La Vilouvillaine. Mlle. Albertine, heroine of several balloon ascents, was seated in the car, and M. Gratien was holding in his right hand a long coil tied to one of the cords that served to attach the balloon. The balloon unexpectedly broke loose, and the cord unrolling itself with lightning rapidity caught in a sort of knot around the first and second fingers of Gratien's right hand, and he was immediately whisked off into the air 600 metres high. In vain he tried to haul himself up on the cord and loop it over his arm. After frantic efforts he became exhausted and hung at the end of the cords, suspended solely by his two fingers and suffering excruciating agony owing to the jerking of the balloon and the cord, which cut like a razor through the flesh to the bone. In that situation Gratien was carried a distance of nearly four miles, at a height of 600 metres above the earth. Mlle. Albertine, overcome by the horror of the situation, fainted away and sank helpless to the bottom of the car. As the air in the balloon became cool the balloon descended, but bounced against the earth in the midst of a dense mass of thorny shrubbery. Gratien was not only stripped of his clothes, but his skin was literally torn in strips from his body as he was dragged for nearly half a mile through thorny brambles. Finally some peasants managed to cut the cord. Gratien appeared to be a mass of wounds and to be near bleeding to death. Strange to say he did not lose consciousness for a single instant. He suffered no internal injury, and although his condition is critical he will probably recover. When the rope was cut and the balloon was freed from the weight of Gratien's body it again rose in the air, carrying off Mlle. Albertine. By singular good fortune it soon landed in a marsh, and unharmed she at last stood on terra firma. She was sorely distressed in mind, and badly scared, but otherwise safe and sound.

HANLAN AND COURTNEY.

Montreal, Aug. 24.—With regard to the proposed race between Hanlan and Courtney at Lachine, the Secretary of the meeting of citizens, who decided to offer a purse of $3,000 for a contest, stated that pending the receipt of a reply from both oarsmen no decision can be made. Hanlan has signified his willingness to accept, but although ten days have elapsed since the last communication to Courtney no acknowledgment has yet been received from him.

THE DESTRUCTIVE FLAME.

Detroit, Aug. 24.—The fire at Dollarville on the upper peninsula yesterday destroyed the lumber shed of the American Lumber Co. and half of the houses in the town. Two children were burned to death. Many of the inhabitants escaped with only their clothing. Loss nearly $125,000.

PAYMENT OF LABORING CLASSES.

New York, Aug. 24.—P. H. Logan, of the Chicago Trades Union Congress, testified before the Senate Labor Committee this morning, defending the Trades Union and saying that if the laboring classes received better wages they would live in better houses and send their children oftener to school.

A HAMILTON BIGAMIST.

Buffalo, Aug. 24.—Frederick Burns, formerly of Hamilton, but for two years here, was arrested on a charge of bigamy on complaint of his wife, Margaret Burns. She said that he left her and took a fair maiden with him. Burns pleaded guilty. He was sent to Erie County Goal.

NEWSY ITEMS.

H. M. Doroche and wife and W. P. Doroche, of Napanee, after rusticating at Sharbott Lake for several weeks, returned homeward to-day.

On the last trip of the steamer Gipsy to Kingston a number of Ottawa ladies and gentlemen gave a capital concert of vocal and instrumental music.

The Lincoln family will attend the Sydenham Street Sabbath School to-morrow and render some of their incomparable pieces of music.

Smiling Charley conducted the Salvation Army meeting last night and in a most acceptable manner. The soldiers like him, and his compliance with Canadian opinion does him credit.

The man who said his grandfather left him £300,000 is now enjoying a carouse, and his wife looks like an emigrant from one of Ireland's most congested districts.

H. B. White, jr., of Prescott, who damaged his ankle on Kingston sidewalks some time ago, is again here and will resume his position in McMahon Bros.

LAUGH ON THE YACHTSMEN.

A few days ago a Kingston yacht was bound up the river, having on board a jolly crew. Off Halliday's Point another yacht was espied, painted black and having an appearance similar to the Victoria. There was excitement, of course, and it was decided that for the rest of the way to Kingston there should be a contest and test of speed. Yacht No. 1 seemed to make marvellous headway under the circumstances, and when she had run into her moorings the other boat had just rounded the point. The word went forth that the Victoria had been beaten and great was the jubilation in certain circles until it was announced that the craft taken for the Victoria was that of a pumpkin peddler from Clayton. Then the excitement subsided, and a depression set in the effects of which are still apparent.

POLICE COURT.

Wm. Whitehead, carter, drunk, fined $10 and costs.

P. Dunphin, drunk, dismissed.

The two little thieves were again remanded.

The charge against G. Brown, R. J. Brown and H. J. Dunphas, house-breaking, was heard and the offenders honorably acquitted.

ACCIDENT IN CAMP.

Driver McLeod, of "B" Battery, met with an accident at Lemoine's Point while in camp this morning. A horse stepped upon him breaking his leg at the ankle below the knee. He was brought to the city.

THE MINOR NEWS.

Last Night's and To-day's Reports Condensed Down For Busy Readers.

A battalion of British troops have been ordered to Zululand.

Mrs. Mabel Day, of Austin, Texas, has leased her 70,000 acres ranch for $16,000 a year and sold half of her stock of cattle for $100,000.

Thrifty housekeepers save their orange peel now, dry them and use them as kindling. They burn as though soaked in kerosene, but they never blow up.

In the election at St. John, N.B., on Thursday, for the Provincial Assembly, Messrs. McLellan and Stockton, Government supporters, were returned.

Rat Portage has elected municipal officers under Ontario jurisdiction. The two Ontario constables charged with assault by arresting a Manitoba constable have been acquitted by the Manitoba Stipendiary Magistrate.

Evangelist Weber preached at the Cleveland, Ohio, Lakeside camp meeting one day last week. While expounding the gospel a wicked fly, supposed to be in the service of Bob Ingersoll, walked down Weber's throat and nearly choked him to death.

It is reported that a pair of expert poker players—one from Belleville, Out. and another from Oswego—were badly worsted in Syracuse. They went there with $1,000 each, which they supposed would be sufficient to "down" a Water Street dealer. Next morning they borrowed money to pay their fares home.

Legal steps are now being taken to sue the Syracuse iron works for $5,000 damages in the case of each of the eight persons recently killed, on the ground that the deceased lost their lives through the carelessness of the Company in not taking proper precautions when repairing the blast furnace.

DEAD-LOCK REMOVED.

London, Aug. 24.—The House of Commons last evening again rejected the amendment to the agricultural holdings bill which Lord Salisbury insisted should be reconsidered when the bill was returned to that body by the House of Lords. A Committee of the House of Lords have now under consideration the course to be pursued in connection with the dead-lock which threatens to grow out of this second refusal of the Commons to adopt the Lords' amendment to the bill. Strong efforts are be made to influence the Conservative leader's decision, and it is believed that Lord Salisbury will yield and some compromise will be reached.

Later—Lord Salisbury having yielded to the wishes of his friends, the bill will now pass as it originally came from the House.

INSULTING OPINION.

London, Aug. 23.—The *Times* commenting on an article against France in the Berlin *Gazette*, says the article is a gross and deliberate insult. It it fails to shock the public opinion of Europe it is only because we are accustomed to hear Germany address France in terms wholly unknown to European diplomacy. The Paris papers gives various reasons for the article including recent unveiling at Courbeova of a monument commemorating the defence of Paris, the vote for fortress artillery, tour of inspection of the French Minister of War and the completion of the Cortes on the Eastern frontier.

JOE COOK'S SEVEN WONDERS.

Chantauqua, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Joseph Cook, in his lecture, said that should England ever have a weak or meddlesome king he would be the last. The seven wonders of the world in which the hand of God was shown were, the speed of intercommunication, the self-reformation of hermit nations, the parallel advance of education and democracy, the prospective moral confederation of English-speaking and Christian nations, the triumph of Christianity in our century, the current fulfillment of Biblical prophecy, and the establishment of a scientific supernaturalism.

IRELAND'S INTERESTS.

London, Aug. 24.—Earl Spencer, replying to an address of the Earl of Bandon and municipal authorities, said he foresaw happy results of the Cork exhibition and trusted that new industries would arise in Ireland.

The skiff with which the small party were returning from the P. M. pic-nic is said to be capable of holding four people, and that Mr. Summerville can swim well. He alone declares that he was not excited, and acted for the very best under the circumstances in guiding the boat.

Speaking of the camp exercises at Shoeburyness an English exchange has the following: "The whole force, except the guard, in full dress drilled. In the evening another drill was given and the brigades were inspected by Colonel Fox-Strangways. The Canadian team, under Colonel Macdonald and Major Short, were a marked feature in the drill, and had the place of honor in the parade."

REMINDERS.

SATURDAY.

Excursion on the str Rose at 2 p.m.
Fanny Steamer's excursion to Cape Vincent at 2.15 p.m.

MONDAY.

Concert by the Lincoln Family at 7.30 p.m.
Sale of W. D. Gordon's furniture at 10.30 a.m.
Str. Maud's Excursion among the islands at 2.30 p.m.

MARRIED.

At Belleville, on July 25th, Andrew Ross, Midland, to Miss Amelia Post, of Hillier.

At Picton, on Aug. 15th, J. A. Anning to Ella E. Bradshaw, of Demorestville.

At Ardoch, on Aug. 16th, Benjamin Watson, to Jane Fraser, both of Olden.

At Ardoch, on Aug. 20th, James Ward to Amelia Fisher, both of Clarendon.

DIED.

In this city, on the 24th inst., Ruth Clark, the beloved wife of John Hanson, merchant, and daughter of the late John Clark, Berkhire, of Manchester, Eng., aged 39 years and 6 months.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, corner King and Princess Streets, at 3.30 p.m. on Sunday (to-morrow) to Cataraqui Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

In Kingston, on Friday, Aug. 24th, Sarah Ann, wife of J. A. Ledlaw, aged 35 years.

The funeral will leave her late residence, Brock Street, on Sunday afternoon at two o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

In Kingston, on Aug. 24th, Melissa Jane Worden, aged 19 years.

The funeral will leave her grandmother's residence, 120 Colborne Street, on Sunday afternoon at half past two. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

In Kingston, on August 23rd, William Henry Turpin, beloved son of Mary and Henry Turpin, aged 1 year.

At Hamilton, on August 21st, Stephen Lake, aged 65 years.

At Napanee, on Aug. 23rd, Sarah Ellen Finkle, aged 22 years.

At Chatham, Thomas Mahlon, formerly of Kingston, aged 22 years.

In South Kingstown, on August 20th, Catharine Myers, aged 70 years.

At Napanee, on Aug. 16th, the infant son of Mr. Thomas Wallace, aged 4 months.

At Napanee Mills, on Aug. 21st, Sidney Stafford, aged 27 years.

At Picton, on Aug. 23rd, Mary E., wife of Harry Wannan, aged 30 years.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Aug. 24, 11 o'clock.

Stocks.	Asked.	Offered.
Montreal	199	198½
Ontario	71½	71¼
Banque du Peuple	00	00
Molsons	128	126½
Toronto	169½	168½
Banque Jacques Cartier	109	105
Merchants	123½	123¼
Quebec	000	000
Union	95	87
Commerce	133½	132½
Exchange	000	000
Imperial	000	000
Federal	161	160½
N. D.	000	000
Telegraph	140	139½
Dom. Tel. Co	00	00
Richelieu	79	81
City Passenger	133	131½
Gas	189½	180
Canada Cotton Co	82	79
Dominion Cotton Co	65	60
Ontario Investment	128	125
St. Paul M. and M.	109½	108
N. W. T. Co	55	53
Canada Pacific RR.	56	55½

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, Aug. 24.

Flour—receipts 3000 bbls; sales reported 500 bbls; market quiet and firm at unchanged rates. Quotations range as follows:—Flour—superior extra at 5.40 to 5.50; extra 5.20 to 5.30; spring extra 4.90 to 5.00; superfine 4.40 to 4.60; strong baker's 5.30 to 5.50; fine 3.60 to 4.00; mid. 3.75 to 3.80; pollards 3.40 to 3.50; Ont. bags 2.20 to 2.30; city bags 3.00 to 3.05 for strong baker's.

Grain—wheat, red winter 1.20 to 1.21, No. 2 white, 1.15 to 1.16.

Corn 61c to 62.

Peas 99 to 91.

Oats 35 to 36c.

Barley 55 to 60c.

Rye 66 to 67c.

Oatmeal 5.45 to 5.60.

Cornmeal 4.40 to 4.50.

Provisions—Butter, for wes 18 to 19.

Cheese—9 to 9½c.

Pork—17.50 to 18.00.

Lard—12 to 12½c.

Bacon—13 to 14c.

Hams—14 to 15c.

Ashes—Pots, 4.70 to 4.80

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, Aug. 24, 1.00 p.m.

Flour—11s to 11s 6d, spring wheat, 9s 6d to 9s; red winter, 9s to 10s 9d; No. 2 Cal. 9s 4d; No. 1 Cal. 9s 5d to 9s 6d.

Corn—New, 5s 7d.

Barley—5s 6d.

Oats—5s 6d.

Peas—7s 2d.

Pork 78s 0d.

Lard—46s 0d.

Bacon—36s 0d to 43s 0d

Tallow—41s 6d.

Cheese—48s 0d.

OSWEGO MARKET.

Oswego, Aug 24.

Wheat—firm, sales 1000; White state 1.16 & 1.00; new Red State at 1.18, No 2 Red Chicago at 1.23.

Corn—unchanged; high mixed 63c, rejected 55c.

Oats—quiet; No. 1 Stateld at 45c.

Rye—scarce; Canada nominally 70 in bond.

Barley—Quiet, sales 00,000 bush of No. 2 Canada at 75 to 00; No. 1 bright Canada at 84c to 85; No. 1 Canada at 81 to 00c No. 2 extra Canada at 77.

Visit to Kingston.—Specialists.

From the International Throat and Lung Institute 173 Church St., Toronto, will be at the City Hotel, Kingston, two days, Sept 3 and 4.

The surgeons will have with them a supply of Spirometers, the invention of M. Souvielle of Paris, ex-aide surgeon of the French Army, for the cure of Catarrhal Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption. Consultation and a trial of Spirometer free. Don't fail to see the surgeons while here, as they make a specialty of diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs, and are curing thousands of cases every year that have been given up to die by the doctors in general practice. Crowds are visiting them in every town and city. For information write 173 Church St., Toronto, or 13 Philips' Square, Montreal.

Excited Thousands.

All over the land are going into ecstasy over Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their outlook for recovery by the timely use of this great life saving remedy causes them to go nearly wild in its praise. It is guaranteed to positively cure Fever, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, or any affection of the throat and lungs. Trial bottles free at J. George King's drug store. Large size $1.

An Answer Wanted.

Can any one bring us a case of kidney or liver complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases of already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters will prove. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any kindred complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50c. a bottle by J. George King's.

It is very instructing to witness the astonishing effects of nature's medicine, viz., medical electricity. When science goes hand-in-hand with the physician most wonderful results manifested. Rheumatisms of many years standing leap for joy, and throw away their crutches; neuralgia, the bane of many a happy home, flies like smoke before the wind; nervousness, of every kind, debility of the worst description, the hydra-headed monster that fills many of our graves, is immediately relieved and permanently cured by the help of the scientific discovery—Norman's Electro Belts, Bands, and Insoles. Mr. Norman has perfected his belts, till now they are peers of the whole list of known remedial agents. W. J. Wilson, "The Pharmacy," 185 Princess Street is agent in Kingston; he will be pleased to show testimonials from several in the city and vicinity to those who wish further proof of their efficacy.

Be Advised in time, and do not allow what may appear to you as a simple back ache now, to run into a disease of the kidneys, which invariably proves fatal in the end. Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure will at once ease your pain and positively prevent these unfortunate results. Take it at once. Any druggist will have it.

Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters are not an Alcoholic Stimulant, but a purely Vegetable Medicine, Cathartic and Tonic in its action and invaluable in all affections of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

☞ We will buy a package of the Triangle Dyes, containing sufficient dye of any color for 1 to 4 pounds of any goods, according to the shade wanted.

If you are broken down in constitution and wasting away by sickness, dissipation, too great nervous taxation, or suffer from any chronic disease, do not abandon hope until you have tried Burdock Blood Bitters. What it is doing daily towards restoring others, it might do for you.

Prof. Squire's Acid Phosphates is a popular beverage and is useful at the same time for the stomach and nervous systems. It braces and invigorates the nerves, tones the stomach and is very good to any that are troubled with kidney troubles. Sold by W. J. Wilson, at the Pharmacy."

Insane Prof. Squire's Acid Phosphates when you want a drink. It is a splendid nervous tonic, is strongly recommended to dyspeptics and the debilitated. It is not a patent medicine, the composition is printed on the label. Sample 25c, large bottles 50c, 75c and $1.00. Sold at W. J. Wilson's drug store.

☞ The universal success of the Triangle Dyes is attracting notice throughout the country. They are without question most remarkable dyes, and have given abundant evidence of their reliability in all shades. 10c.

KINGSTON RETAIL MARKET.

Carefully corrected each week.

	Aug. 25.	
Butter—Pounds	Calf, lb	0 10 0 12
Prints	Mutton	0 6 0 7
Superior	Turkeys	0 7 0 8
Dairy	Geese	0 6 0 7
Spring	Ducks	0 60 0 70
Family	Fowls	0 50 0 70
Tub	Chickens	0 30 0 50
Eggs—Dozen	Potatoes—bag	0 75 0 90
Hams	Apples, bu	0 50 1 50
Bacon	Hops, lb	0 05 0 10
Shoulders	Bread, 4 lb	0 05 0 06
Rye	Turnips, bu	0 20 0 30
Peas	Carrots, bu	0 20 0 30
Oats	Beets, bu	0 30 0 40
Wheat, new	Onions, bu	0 40 0 60
Wheat, fall	Cabbage, h	0 05 0 07
Corn	Butter, roll	0 17 0 20
Buckwheat	" crock	0 00 0 03
Meat—	Lard	0 10 0 15
Beef, 100 lb	Tallow	0 06 0 07
Lamb, qr	Maple Syrup	0 10 0 12
Mutton, lb	Maple, qt	0 00 0 10
Veal, lb	Cutlets, lb	1 00 1 50
Calfs, lb	Hay, ton	8 00 9 00
Pork, fresh	Soft coal	4 50 7 00
Hides—	Hard coal	6 50 7 00
No. 1	Tim. Seed	0 00 0 00
No. 2	Clover	0 00 0 00
No. 3	Wood, hd	4 00 4 50

JOSEPH FRANKLIN'S

HEADQUARTERS FOR CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED. NEW GRAIN. CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.

Dolan's Block, Princess Street Kingston.

STRONG BAKERS' FLOUR A SPECIALTY

KINGSTON GRAIN MARKET

Kingston, Aug. 25.

Corrected daily by R. J. Hinck, Commission Merchant, Manufacturer of Cracked Feed, Etc., Adelaide Elevator: Foot of Princess St.

Wheat, Spring	$1 00 to $1 05
Wheat, Fall	00 00
Barley	50 00
Rye	65 00
Peas	70 71
Oats	30 00
Buckwheat	40 45
Corn Western	75 00
Cornmeal	$4 75 per cwt
Cracked Feed	$1 00 per cwt

SALE of DRY GOODS STOCK

BY TENDER,

TENDERS for the Stock of Dry Goods, Fixtures and other Assets of the Estate of R. DALANEY of the City of Kingston, will be received by me up to five o'clock in the afternoon of SATURDAY, the 25th inst.

Stock	$ 400 00
Fixtures, &c	100 00
	$ 500 00

JOHN A. McMAHON, Trustee, Post office.

Kingston, 17th August, 1883.

NEW FALL STOCK!

YOU CAN BUY

A

Black or Brown Stiff Hat

NEW SHAPE

Worth $2.50,

Now for $2,00,

AT

GALLOWAY'S,

84 PRINCESS STREET.

Aug 25 Next to Victoria Hall.

TORONTO FLOUR STORE.

THE STOCK, LEASE AND GOOD WILL of this well known store, including delivery waggons and furnishings generally, the property of the late Mr. MICHAEL MORRISON, are offered

FOR SALE.

As this is one of the best retail businesses in the Province a good opening is presented for an enterprising man.

Apply to MRS. MORRISON, Johnson Street, or at the store. Aug 25.

AUCTION SALE

Valuable Household Furniture, Carpets, Pictures, &c.

I HAVE received instructions from MR. A. MARTIN, to sell at his residence 86 Queen street, on WEDNESDAY 29th of August, all of his Household Furniture, the accompaniments of four feet in bulk, Bedsteads, Easy Chairs, Rockers, Fine Pictures, handsome clock (timber glass), Gold framed Mirror, Chandelier, Tapestry and Wool Carpets, handsome Bookcase, Cane Chairs, Extension Dining Table, B.W. sideboard, Lounges, Marble Top Hall Rack, Oil Cloth, two Ash and Walnut Bedroom Suits, Mattresses, Camp Bedsteads, Hair Mattrass, Stair Carpet and Rods, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, two Flower Stands, Hall Chairs, Lawn Mower, Baby Carriage, Hall Coat Stand, Refrigerator, Cutlery, Coal Oil Stove, Kitchen Utensils, Cooking Stove, Kitchen Utensils, with a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale at 10.30. Terms cash.

J. E. HUTCHESON, Auctioneer.

Aug 24.

STEAMER MAUD.

ONLY 25 CENTS

Saturday Popular Excursion

TO CAPE VINCENT

The above steamer will leave the Ferry Wharf at 2.15 p.m. for Cape