Daily British Whig.

Quite an Ocean Depth.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1889.

Mr. J. T. Ryckie, who for some years acted as news editor of the Whig, is about to begin the publication of a one-cent evening paper in Hamilton. We have no doubt that under his management the *Tribune*—as it is to be called—will rapidly become both popular and influential.

The Peterborough *Examiner* propounds the following nice little conundrum for the benefit of its Conservative contemporaries:

"Then Tory wrote who insisted that the N. P. was an issue in the Provincial elections must now admit that they were talking more nonsense, or that Ontario has confirmed the N. P."

Which is it?

Recounts have already been held in North Ontario and South Victoria with the effect in the former of diminishing Mr. Gould's majority by four, and in the latter by increasing Mr. Tolmie's by seven. The recount in Prince Edward was commenced to-day before the County Judge, and that in North Leeds will take place on Wednesday.

Statistics show that Great Britain, the United States, Holland and Belgium are the only nations in the world which manage to "make both ends meet," if the homely phrase may be applied to anything so august as a government. Of these the United States has by far the biggest surplus, and Holland, as may be expected, has by far the smallest. Indeed both it and Belgium can hardly be said to have a surplus at all, but they manage to avoid deficits, which is the great thing after all.

His Excellency the Governor General has asked the editors of the Canadian Press for contributions to the prize list of the Dominion Rifle Association. We know they would gladly second His Excellency's efforts in this or any other laudable direction, but it happens unfortunately that the request comes through Col. de Winton, Military Secretary, and the members of the press who can forget that gentleman's treatment of its representatives must be more than ordinarily forgiving in his position.

A striking commentary on the state of morals in the neighbouring republic may be found in the fact that the New York and Chicago papers have a column in which divorces are chronicled in the same commonplace way in births, deaths and marriages. In Canada the Senate is the only tribunal authorized to grant decrees of divorce, and although the process which must be gone through before one can be obtained, is long and expensive, there are so few applications that a change is not considered necessary or even advisable. Across the border every paltry circuit court has jurisdiction in this matter, and as a consequence, every little marital squabble about the dinner being late or the beef being badly cooked results in legal separation.

Right Hon. W. E. Forster is mentioned as successor to Lord Lorne in the Governorship of Canada. Mr. Forster is well known, having been the late Chief Secretary for Ireland, a position for which he possessed the executive ability though in his policy towards the national organization he incurred displeasure, and, disagreeing with Mr. Gladstone, resigned. He is a very pronounced Liberal, and is regarded as such as one on the British Government may appoint Viceroy of Canada. Mr. Forster was born at Bradpole, Dorsetshire, in 1818, his father being a Minister of the Society of Friends, who died during an anti-slavery mission to Tennessee. In 1850 he married a daughter of Dr. Arnold, of Rugby, and became prominent as a Bradford manufacturer and advanced Liberal politician. He has represented Bradford in the Imperial Parliament since 1861, and already knows something about Colonial matters, having been Under-Secretary for the Colonies about 20 years ago. In 1868 he was appointed Vice-President of the Committee of Council on Education, on which occasion he was made Privy Councillor. In 1870 he was the chief promoter of the Education Laws for England and Scotland, and in 1871 the Ballot Act was pushed through Parliament mainly at his instance. He is, in short, a statesman, whose arrival in this country would be an important event.

Men like Mr. D. D. Calvin will be considerably interested in knowing the effect of recent American legislation so far as it affects the taxation of bank capital and deposits. On the 1st of July the Internal Revenue Tax Act takes effect, and relieves the National and State banks and private banks of an average assessment of about $1,000,000 a month. The amount of tax collected from national banks in the last fiscal year was $3,209,703, of which $437,771 only was upon capital, the remainder upon deposits. The tax upon State banks and private bankers was $3,249,172, of which a little more than one-fifth was upon capital. The total tax collected upon deposits and capital upon all classes of banks during the last fiscal year was $11,209,875. The amount annually collected from two-cent check stamps is about $2,000,000. The abolition of this tax in the United States deals a serious blow at the Canadian agitation in its favour. Mr. Calvin has not been the only one who advocated the assessment of bank stocks and securities as a means of adding to the revenue and making moneyed men contribute to public expenses equally with the owners of real estate. The action of Congress cannot be understood to mean that the tax is an injustice—it has been found in pursuance of a report, the facts contained in which were carefully collected and compiled—but has been prompted by a disposition to leave with the people the collections which would otherwise swell the surplus to an alarming extent.

WOODEN SCARE

On the 22nd of last September Dr. Wiggins, of Ottawa, an astronomer of considerable note, made the following prediction:

"A great storm will strike this planet on the 6th of March next. It will first be felt in the Northern Pacific, and will be with the meridian of Ottawa at nine o'clock p. m. London time of Saturday, March 16th, 1889. My vessel—weather than a Cunarder will be able to live in such tempest. India, the South of Europe, England, and especially the North American continent, will be the theatre of its ravages. As all the low lands on the Atlantic will be submerged, I advise shipowners to place their prospective vessel high upon the stocks, and farmers having farms valuable, say hay, cattle, etc., to remove them to a place of safety. I beg further most respectfully to appeal to the honorable Minister of Marine that he will peremptorily order up the storm drums on all the Canadian coast not later than the 20th of February, and then permit no vessel to leave harbour. If this is not done hundreds of lives will be lost and millions worth of property destroyed."

The matter was passed over lightly but the Dr was heard it should not be forgotten, as it was sent out various predictions, of a more or less sensational character, all converging, however, to the proximation of September and enlarging upon its importance. To strengthen the public faith in his declarations he announced a preliminary squall in February, which didn't take place because certain planetary changes occurred most unexpectedly and after he had made up his calculations. Still he yelled of the brooms which was to come on the 6th, and as the fateful day approached got thousands of people into a dreadfully nervous condition, causing some people to rush off to cellars in which to hide and shelter.

The Dr hasn't slept for several nights, a good many believe so in his predictions have also gone without slumber, and great will be their mortification if the storm is unknown. We had night half a blow, and to-day we have some snow, but the weather is not remarkable for an early date in March. We have no evidence that the celestial warriors have got in line for battle, and the tempest is not at hand. We shall not, however, call the astronomer a fraud until Tuesday, as he allows four days within which the hurricane is likely to occur.

OLD KINGSTON

A citizen has laid upon the handsome nine board in our sanctum, which groans beneath the weight of literary treasures, several copies of the Kingston *Herald* of 1818. They are interesting, yet no more so than is the case of persons now alive. The only direct link with that time and 1888, contained in the papers, is that year's record of the Frontenac Agricultural Society, which, therefore, must be in its 69th year at least. The prize list at that time totalled $178, and premiums were offered for only eight kinds of cattle, for maple sugar, flaxseed, linen and cheese, besides six for ploughing. The best two acres of wheat, of oats and peas, acre of corn, barley, potatoes; and half an acre of flax, hemp and carrots were all given small money prizes, first and second.

The Kingston Brewery was then in full blast under Thomas Dalton, and his advertisement was of a poetic order that will commend itself to his good natured successor, Philip Dyke:

"The kind of beer that's wanted here
Is ready for commending;
Its praise its neighbor bids me bear
Its taste to recommend."

What now I say may seem quite queer
To hearing thinkers so charming
For prejudice is the proof of beer,
As of pudding in the eating.

The beer's above my praise, if praise I would,
If then the pay may prove but half as good.
Orders from people who are well satisfied
Will be received with thanks and promptly executed.

And when, of its they to drink can single pint
If they don't say "'Tis good" may I be shot.

ASSIZE COURT

On Monday the Court of Assize opens. Mr. Justice Armour presiding. Mr. G. E. Henderson, Q.C., Crown Prosecutor. The following cases are set down for trial:

CRIMINAL CALENDAR

Queen vs. Richard Gough—Shooting horses the property of Charles Hynes, Pittsburg. Prisoner admitted to bail.

Queen vs. Albert David—Larceny.

Queen vs. Duncan A. Cayo—Embezzlement. Prisoner on bail. T. R. McGuire for prisoner.

Queen vs. Michael Keenahan—Stabbing. Prisoner on bail. T. R. McGuire for prisoner.

CIVIL COURT

Hugh McCaugherty v. Elias Slater—E. M. Smythe for plaintiff; W. H. B. Aikins for defendant. The jury disagreed in this case at the last Fall sittings, and it was put over to the present sittings, but will not be tried.

Philip Sherwin vs. The Pullman Palace Car Co.—Messrs. Britton & Whiting for plaintiff, John Bell, Q.C., for defendant. A suit for the loss of $600 while a passenger sleeping in a car in 1878.

Bernard Bird vs. Grand Trunk Railway Co.—John McIntyre for plaintiff; John Bell for defendant. For loss of two horses killed by train near G.T. depot owing to defective fences.

SABBATH DESECRATION.

A petition, signed by the Rev. Robt. McKenzie, of Perth, and five hundred others, has been presented to the Dominion Government, praying for the enforcement of the laws to prevent Sabbath desecration. This has special reference to the Sunday work on the Kingston & Pembroke Railway.

The railway officials claim that no Sabbath work is done. Occasionally it is absolutely necessary for a train to be sent over the line, but this is the only service done on the Lord's Day.

ALL FOUR ARRESTED.

Texarkana, Ark., March 10.—The four men who attempted to rob a train on the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railway have been captured. Rewards aggregating $4,000 were offered for their arrest.

The will of the late Hon. John McMurrich has been admitted to probate. The personality was sworn at $70,000. The amount, with the exception of $1,000, is divided up among his wife and children, the latter also being a bequest for the Home of Incurable.

We have a list of the centurios of last night's carnival at Gananoque, and may find space for it on Monday.

TIMELY EXPLANATION.

ALD. IRVING GOES INTO THE FACTS CONNECTED WITH THE SALE OF LOTS ON PLACE D'ARMES.

The Property Owned by the City and that Leased from the Government—Valuations Figures.

"Sir,—Who were the three gentlemen who valued the land sold to the K. & P. RR. on the bay market, and if it is worth as much as Ald. Allan states have come to that the City Property Committee was satisfied with $780? Give us the facts, please."

The receipt of the above communication suggested an interview with Ald. Irving, Chairman of the City Property Committee, who willingly gave all the information he was possessed of. The property in question he pointed out on the map. It lies between Wellington and King streets and north of Place d'Armes. Originally the city purchased the land south of the water front, of the portion outside the water lots a house was obtained from the Government, and the city by various deposits filled it in and put it in a condition for occupation. Some of the plot has been sold, and sixteen of the remaining lots are embraced in the transaction over which there has been so much controversy. The Committee and Ald. Allan differ on this point—that whereas the former recognizes the authority of the Government in regard to the water front, the latter contends that the land was made at the city's expense and that it is part and parcel of the property purchased some years ago at public auction a great valuation.

Did these persons value the property?

Yes.

Who were they?

Messrs. S. S. Pepgen, George Newlands and W. S. Gordon, and you had better give the calculations of these gentlemen in order that the public may understand how nearly they agree. Mr. Pepgen you have already quoted, but there is a slight change in his estimate. Here it is as revised:

Lots	9 and 10 at 365 each	$730
	16 and 17 at $70 each	140
	11, 12, 18 and 19, at $75 each	600
Lot	23	80
	24	60
	25	75
	26	30
	27	65
	28	100
	29	115
	30	125
	Total	$1,390

Mr. W. S. Gordon, City Assessor, submitted this valuation, which, as you will observe, is but $5, on the total, below that of Mr. Pepgen:

Lot	9	$ 75
	10	75
	11	75
	12	75
	16	75
	17	75
	18	75
	19	75
	23	80
	24	75
	25	100
	26	100
	27	100
	28	100
	29	75
	30	75
	Total	$1,375

Mr. Newlands, the third valuator, made the other return, the highest, and yet the difference is not remarkable:

Lot	9	$ 75
	10	75
	11	80
	12	80
	16	75
	17	75
	18	80
	19	80
	23	80
	24	80
	25	80
	26	100
	27	100
	28	100
	29	100
	30	100
	Total	$1,405

A PERTINENT INQUIRY.

Now answer the enquiry of our correspondent—If the land is worth even $1,200 or $1,400 why should it be sold for $730?

Well, remember at the out start that the water front was only leased conditionally, that with a certain notice the Government could take possession of it and pay the city for the improvements made upon it. The Railway Company have obtained the land, have given the Corporation notice that they want it, have announced their willingness to accept the city for its outlay, and the Committee believe $780 sufficient, calculating that the site was originally worth something. The Committee had the lease of this property before them and found that it was terminable at three months notice, which was given by the K. & P.RR. Co., when the transfer of the water front was made to them by the Government."

USED UP THE QUIT-CLAIM DEED.

"What about the quit-claim deed?"

"No structures, according to the lease, should have been placed upon the land. But structures were erected, and in order to save the city from litigation the Railway Company were willing to give a quit-claim deed, and considering their condition before the filling in the Committee thought $780 fair compensation for the sixteen lots. Mr. Agnew written one. "The Mayor executed both assignments of lease to the K.&P. Co., and the K. & P. Co. executed the deed of quit-claim and paid to the Treasurer $780. The deed is in the Registry Office. The lots quit-claimed are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 13, 14, 15, 21 and 22. Lots 23, 29 and 30 are in this position—that part of their rent lent to be included under your report in the assignment to the Company. The fronts of natural land remain vested in the city, under the grant from the Dominion Government. These three lots are those you propose to deal with in your next report." Ald. Irving added: "You see lots 23 and 29 were embodied in the valuation, but being our own land, or partially so, could not be conveyed to the K. & P. RR. It is proposed to sell them and let 30 for a certain sum, and if the occupants of the other lots sold by the city can be bought out the whole plot will be used for railway purposes."

THE SECRAN SITE.

"What about the Noble wooll yard lots?"

"The Committee had the lease of them under consideration. It was for a period of 20 years and contained a proviso that if the Government desired to take possession of the land before the expiration of that time it should be given compensation, but not otherwise. The lease expires some time in September; the Montreal Transportation Company want it for ship building and the city therefore little or nothing by making an immediate assignment. These are the facts as I understand them, and I hope they will be satisfactory to the public."

LADIES' MEDICAL SCHOOL.

There are quite a number of ladies who are anxious to study medicine, and it is conceded that the establishment of a medical school for ladies has become imperative. An informal meeting of medical gentlemen, professors in the schools in Toronto, was held a few days ago to consider the matter. They felt, save the *Globe*, such a school was a necessity, and that it would undoubtedly be established before many years. Some of them, however, feared that it would be impossible to obtain a sufficient number of students to pay even the necessary expenses. The meeting adjourned in order to make further enquiries into the subject. One of the gentlemen said it would require at least twenty students before the school would pay, and it will not be established until they get that number. One doctor spoke of having the school endowed, and it is understood that there are several wealthy ladies who will assist the scheme. If it is decided to start the school, all necessary arrangements will have to be made so as to be in readiness for the opening in October. The staff will be composed of the professors and lecturers in connection with other medical schools. As demonstrators of anatomy, however, it is proposed to secure the services of two female doctors. Many of those interested in the recent movement appear to think that the ladies will not take up medicine with the intention of becoming practitioners. It will be found that very, very few of the graduates of the American or English colleges have done nothing. Many of them have successful practices. Dr. Lazarus, New York, a few years ago drew $50,000 per annum from her practice. Dr. Mary Putman Jacobi has even a larger income, and owns one of the finest residences in New York. Others could be mentioned who clear annually not less than $20,000 a year.

ASKING FOR COMMITTAL

This morning a snapping fellow entered the Police Court, accosted the Chief and demanded his committal to gaol. The Chief detailed the procedure of the Court, but the fellow had just sufficient acquaintance with the bottle to be argumentative, and declared that it was not necessary for him to go through the ordeal of appearing before the Magistrate. In proof of his assertion he pulled out a paper which intimated that he was a discharged patient from the General Hospital. He wanted a month in gaol in order to be fixed up for a fair start when navigation opened.

"Well," said the Chief, "you can go down stairs and stay there until Monday and the Magistrate may do something for you." This thought was uncongenial to the chap and he demurred. The Chief told him there was plenty of work. He could for pastime get lots of wood to saw.

"Have you any?" he enquired.

"No, I burn coal," observed the Captain.

"That's the way with a great number of people. They talk about work, but when I ask them for it I can't get it. Somebody else has the work that must be done."

The crazy individual was shown the door, and he darted through it.

HOW THEY SECURED ADDINGTON.

The means by which the Tories secured the defeat of Mr. Deroche in Addington have been disclosed. The Dominion Government held out hopes that if a Conservative candidate was successful a large subsidy would be granted in aid of the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway. The electors having fulfilled their part of the agreement by electing Mr. Dennison, the Government are endeavouring to find an excuse for granting a subsidy, and Mr. Stock, C.E., has been sent to examine and report upon the probable cost of the road per mile, resources of country through which it will pass, etc., and upon his report the Government will act. Promoters of this railway claim that it is not a local railway like Lake St. John road, subsidized last year, and expect to find in the supplementary estimates a grant for four or five thousand dollars per mile. So says the *Globe*.

ATTACK ON PORTSMOUTH.

The Salvation Army's first attack on Portsmouth was made last evening under the joint leadership of Messrs. Atkins and McFarlane. Notice had been given the evening previous, which resulted in a large crowd being in attendance in Mr. Jas. Short's driving shed, many being those who nightly visit that place of resort. Mr. R. Atkins opened fire by singing one of the army songs. He then related his experiences, when songs and remarks followed in rapid succession. The service wound up by an exhortation from Mr. McFarlane about 9 o'clock.

LECTURE BY COMMANDER CHEYNE

Commander Cheyne, Royal Navy, who takes great interest in polar expeditions, will lecture in Kingston shortly. This is what the newspaper of Albert, N.B. says about him:—

The people of Albert and vicinity have enjoyed a rare intellectual treat in the lectures delivered, the views exhibited by Commander Cheyne, R.N., F.R.G.S., who lectured in Orange Hall on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. The whole course was entertaining and instructive, and the eminent Commander may always number the people of Albert among his warmest friends and well-wishers.

DR. McCOSH'S RESIGNATION.

Princeton, N.J., March 10.—Dr. McCosh has intimated to the Committee of the Board of Trustees that he desires to retire from the Presidency of Princeton College and devote himself to the teaching of Philosophy. He wants a school of Philosophy founded here.

GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY?

Suspicion That the Land League is Connected with the Dublin Murder—Flight of Eagan.

Milwaukee, March 10.—It is reported that Michael Holmes, murdered here recently by Patrick Johnson, was one of the Phœnix Park murderers. It is alleged that Holmes told an acquaintance of whom he desired aid to get his family to America, that he dared not write to his wife for fear of putting the detectives on his track.

London, March 10.—The *Times* says we have good reason to believe that an inquiry now proceeding, will implicate the Land League beyond doubt in the immediate patronage of the crime in in Ireland even if it does not establish its direct connection with the Invincibles. The flight of Egan, if not explained in a moral acknowledgement of guilt from damage, and the consequence of which now is that his associates can escape. Unless Egan can clear his own and his associates characters we shall not be surprised to learn that the leaders of the Land League shil to the United Kingdom may shortly find it convenient to follow Egan's example. A correspondent at Dublin states that the enrollment of recruits in the ranks of the Invincibles still proceeds notwithstanding the readiness of the men now in prison to betray one another.

New York, May 10.—Sheridan says: The statement that Egan has fled from justice is untrue. He has gone to the continent solely to collect evidence for my defence. I will take him a week to finish business in Paris in my behalf. I am confident he will return to Dublin. Egan's alleged letters to Carey may exist, but they have been misinterpreted.

SERIOUS FIRE.

Burning of the Hub Factory at Gananoque—Thirty five Hands thrown out of Employment.

Gananoque, Mar. 10.—The *Reporter* delayed publication yesterday in order to give the particulars of the burning of the Hub Factory. The fire bells clanged forth an alarm at 4 p. m. and soon a great crowd assembled at the carriage factory, over which hung a cloud of smoke. The fire originated in the drying kiln, which contained between 6,000 and 7,000 waggon and buggy spokes. The kiln was above and in close proximity to the boiler, and was heated by steam. Just how the fire was started cannot be told. As soon as possible holes were cut in the roof, and water thrown in from buckets. The engine arrived, but it was some minutes before it could be got to work, evidently being out of working order. By the time the engine began to work the building was too far gone to be saved, and the steam was turned on the adjoining buildings—the blacksmith shop, paint shop, and large warehouse. The latter two were saved; but the blacksmith shop, a wooden building, was burned, and a lot of lumber. The building in which the fire started was entirely destroyed with the valuable machinery and stock. This was the original building of the Carriage Works, and was known as the "Hub Factory." The machinery was run by steam; and included some of late design and costly construction. There was an insurance of $800 on the building, $100 on the engine, and $100 on the boiler, in the Commercial Union, and $1,000 on the machinery in the Phœnix. These amounts will fall far short of covering the loss. The factory is owned by a joint stock company, with C. W. Taylor, general manager and stockholder. Between 30 and 40 hands were employed altogether.

AH, SHE COMES!

Indications of the Approach of Wiggins' Storm—An Exciting Message Received.

Washington, March 10.—A storm of great energy, which first appeared at midnight on the North Carolina coast, has advanced in a north easterly track and is now central near the Delaware Breakwater. Dangerous north east winds may be anticipated to-day and tonight on the New England coast, followed to-morrow by clearing and westerly winds.

Chicago, March 10.—Specials from the North West report light snow and winds at many points, but no very severe storms. The weather in Dakota is clear. In Western Minnesota there are high winds and threatening snow.

London, March 10.—A fishing smack landed at Maashlus, South Holland, with four sailors and six passengers of the foundered steamer Navarro.

DEATH OF AERONAUTS.

New York, March 8.—Information has just been received in New York, of the frightful death of two aeronauts in Madrid. Captain Margit and his assistant ascended in a balloon on January 28th. When the balloon was 1,000 feet up Captain Margit got out upon a trapeze and began his performances. The trapeze rope was seen to part, and the intrepid Captain fell, turning over and over till he struck the pavement. A moment later another shoot went up when the balloon containing the covenant was seen descending with meteoric rapidity. It crashed against the eave of a house, hurling its occupant to the ground. He died in a few moments. Both persons were under engagement to Barnum, and were to have appeared in New York on March 25th.

DESPERATE JEALOUSY.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 8.—William Lines, auctioneer, was divorced from his wife five years ago. Yesterday he went into her kitchen and asked her to prepare him some soup. As she stood over the stove he drew his pistol and fired at her face, the ball entering her upper jaw and coming out at the neck. As the woman fell Lines cried out, "I've fixed you, and now I'll fix myself." He put the pistol against his eye and sent a ball crashing through his own brain, killing himself instantly. Lines had heard that his divorced wife was to be married again, and for that he tried to kill her. She may possibly recover.

AN OUTBREAK IN PARIS.

Paris, March 10.—In the Esplanade des Invalids yesterday Louis Michel climbed up a ladder of a bill poster and harangued the crowd. Among those arrested was L. De Meratry, formerly Prefect of Police. The mob which broke windows &c., was headed by Louis Michel bearing a black flag. The cavalry, in dispersing the crowd, wounded a number of persons. But little importance is attached by the public generally to the outbreak. The firmness of the Government generally is commended.

AN EXCITING BILLIARD MATCH.

New York, March 10.—There was a billiard match last night between Johnson and Davis, well known amateurs, for $500 a side. Johnson won by 500 to 198. $15,000 changed hands on the game which was witnessed by a large number of sporting men. Johnson himself won $7,000.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Gist of Various Telegrams on Various Themes.

Emigrants complain bitterly of their treatment by the Grand Trunk.

Nilson dines with the Governor General this evening.

Adam Hodgetts, Lindsay, has been appointed Deputy Judge of Victoria.

Mr. D. P. Beattie, wholesale importing merchant, Montreal, dropped dead this morning.

Counsel for the defence say the Star Route trial will probably be completed within six weeks of two months.

It is expected that over a quarter of million of dollars will be expended in Toronto this year on public works.

Jacob Hyne, farmer, living near Dunville, yesterday, while in a passion, shot his wife. She is in a hopeless condition.

From the official returns, it appears that Mr. Royson (Liberal) redeemed Glengarry by the substantial majority of 144.

The Chinese recently driven out of Waynesboro have instituted suits for $113,000 damages against eighteen citizens of Waynesboro.

In Philadelphia yesterday a German emigrant girl attacked her mistress without cause, severely wounded her, and killed her infant daughter.

There was a break in the stock market this morning. City Gas has declined 10 per cent. since yesterday morning. Bank stocks are all from 2 to 5 per cent. lower.

The Preston phosphate mine, at St. Helen's Lake, Portland West, near the celebrated High Rock mine, has recently been sold to a New York Company for $100,000.

The Commander of the French squadron in Madagascar waters has been ordered to blockade the shore and occupy several ports in the island, but not to send troops into the interior.

There will be a recount in South Essex, though there is little reason to doubt that Mr. Balfour, the member-elect, was duly returned. The recount begins on Tuesday next.

Jones, of North Leeds, has not asked for a recount, and the Brockville *Recorder* says there is a faint suspicion that something crooked exists. Mr. Jones distinctly stated last week that he was a demand a recount in the event of Mr. Merrick having a majority.

Since 1879 $54,000,000 have been expended by the American Government in the construction of Custom Houses, Court Houses and Post Offices. The total expended in New York State for public buildings exceeds $14,000,000.

We have seen the books of Treasurer Bigham, Township of Kingston, and find that he has given credit for all the moneys paid to him by the Collector, indeed there are credits for more than Mr. Harper says there should be.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, March 10, 10 o'clock.

STOCKS	ASKED	BID FOR
Montreal	204½	204½
Ontario	113½	111½
Banque du Peuple	98½	96½
Molsons	130	128
Toronto	183	182½
Banque Jacques Cartier	115½	110
Merchants	130	128
Quebec	000	000
Union	00	00
Commerce	135½	135½
Exchange	103	102
Imperial	000	000
Federal	160½	159
Telegraph	124	123
Dom. Tel. Co	00	00
Richelieu	68½	68
City Passenger	000	141
Gas	54	163½
Canada Cotton Co	121	118
Dundas Cotton Co	87½	00
Ontario Investment	130	120
St. Paul M. and M.	145	144
Canada Pacific RR	61	59
N. W. T. Co.	55 0	54 0

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Grain Feed and all kinds of Grain.

Boyd's Block, Princess Street, Kingston
STRONG BAKERS FLOUR A SPECIALTY

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET

Montreal, March 10.—Flour—Receipts 2800 bbls, sales 100 bbls, market quiet, prices unchanged, quotations—Superior, 3.10 to 3.15; Extra 4.00 to 4.05; Fancy 0.00 to 0.00; Spring Extra, 4.85 to 4.90; Superfine 4.00 to 4.20; Strong Bakers 5.35 to 5.75; Fine 4.10 to 4.20; middlings 3.80 to 3.90; pollards 3.30 to 3.70; Ont bags 2.00 to 2.40; city do 2.05 to 2.10.

Grain—Wheat U.C. white, 1.14 to 1.15; do red 1.17 to 1.20; spring 1.15 to 1.20.

Corn 78 to 80.

Peas 64 to 65 for 66 lbs.

Oats 60 to 65c.

Barley 60 to 70c.

Rye 70 to 75c.

Oatmeal 3.90 to 3.50.

Cornmeal 4.00 to 4.00.

Provisions—Butter Western 14 to 16c; E T B M 17 to 20c; E T 18 to 20c.

Cheese—12 to 14c.

Pork—21.00 to 22.00.

Lard—14 to 14c.

Bacon—14½ to 00c.

KINGSTON GRAIN MARKET

Kingston, March 10.

Supplied daily by R. J. Hayes & Co., Commission Merchants, Manufacturers of Concentrated Cracked Feed, 4a Ontario Street, near Ontario St.

Wheat, spring	0 00	to 0 00
Wheat, Fall	00	0
Barley	00	0
Peas	00	0 00
Rye	00	0 00
Oats	00	0
Oats	00	0 00
Buckwheat	00	00
Corn	00	00
Cornmeal	3 90	to 00
Cracked Feed	00.00	per ton

CHICAGO MARKET

Chicago, March 10, 10 o'clock.

Wheat—spring 1.09, April 1.09, May 1.11½, March 1.09½, June 1.09½, July 1.09½.

Corn, also on Sat—40½ May, 40 March, 39½ April, 39½ July, 41 June.

Pork, March for May 10.07½ for March 10.00, for June 10.17½ April, 10.05, July 10.20.

Lard—8.35 April, 8.37½ March, 8.42½ for May, 8.37½ April, 8.37½ June.

Oats—24½ May, 24 March, 24½ June, 23½ April.

COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 10.—Cotton, moderate inquiry. Uplands, 5 9-16, Orleans, 11-16.

MONEY MARKET

London, March 10.—Funds, 100½ Prices extended, 100½.

MARRIED.

In Orillia, at Mountain View, at the residence of the bride's father, on the 7th inst., by Rev M. Baker, John Erskine to Cecilia Jane Hart, both of the above place.

DIED.

On March 10th, at the residence of D. D. Calvin, Esq., Sydney Street, Mary Jemima Williamson, daughter of the late Wm. Williamson, of Kingston, and sister of Mrs. Calvin, and of Mrs. D. Callaghan, of Kingston, aged 39 years.

The funeral will take place from St. George's Cathedral on Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

In Kingston, on Saturday, March 10th, in her 69th year, Sarah, Mary McDermott, beloved wife of Mr. James Strachan, aged 69 years.

Funeral notice on Monday.

ICE CARNIVAL!

LAST ONE OF THE SEASON

At R. H. Tomlinson's Rink, at the foot Yonge Street, on

Friday Evening, March 15th.

To be lighted up with Torch Lights. Tickets to be had of W. J. Elliott's Store and Rink, Yonge Street.

The Band of the Infantry will be in attendance to lend attractiveness to Skating, Amusement and Music.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

March 10.

DRESS DEPARTMENT!

We Have Made a Special Purchase of

PIECES - 100 - PIECES

—OF—

BRADFORD COSTUME CLOTHS!

which we offer at the extraordinary low price of

12, CENTS PER YARD.

This line would be cheap at 30c per yard

Being Most Tasteful in Design

It is certain when made up to look well

R. & J. GARDINER.

March 10.

"It's an Ill Wind That Blows Nobody Good."

Through the recent failure of a Montreal Fur House, we have secured at a great bargain a lot of

MEN'S FUR COATS!

Which we are enabled to sell at about half the prices usual. Persons who have stock and those who think of going to

MANITOBA

In the Spring, should avail themselves of this exceedingly rare opportunity of purchasing a Fur Coat at half price at the

Boston Hat and Fur Store,

Wellington Street

Feb. 8

JAMES REID

The Leading Plumber Tin Smith

Gas & Steam Fitter

Electric Bells and Speaking Tubes

Agent for Gurney's Stoves and Ranges

AUCTION SALE

OF VALUABLE

Shop & Dwelling House Property

On Princess Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has instructed to offer for sale at Public Auction, by Jas. Reid, Auctioneer, at the City of Kingston, on

Monday March 12th

A NEW brick cottage, containing conveniences and thoroughly repaired, first building on Princess Street, OCCUPIED BY A BUTCHER AS A SHOP.

The shop fitted with shelf and refrigerator, the shop fixtures are complete and modern, and suitable to have an extensive trade. To most of the thing is an advantage at least to supply suitable for an office or workroom.

The dwelling has a private entrance hall, and comprises Dining and Living Rooms, Kitchen, 6 Bed Rooms and Attic. The whole extending throughout the foundation of the shop, gas, water, bath tub with natural rock floor. There is access to the yard by a gateway sufficient to the adjoining property.

We hesitate to say it, knowing what it is, but this is a very large retail trade, and the reputation as a well known provisioner would be sufficient to insure.

Other terms and particulars may be learned on application to R. Bruce, on the premises, or Mowat & Mowat, Solicitors.

J. S. HUTCHESON,
Assignee.

Kingston, March 8, '89.

Frontenac Loan and Investment Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Frontenac Loan and Investment Society will be held in the Society's Office on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH, next, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m.

THOMAS BRIMER,
Manager.

Kingston, March 6th, 1889.

PHILIP WATHERN,

Umbrella Repairer.

Umbrellas covered on the shortest notice. Shop corner of King and Queen Streets.

March 1.

WANTED.

A HOUSE OF EIGHT OR NINE ROOMS, in a pleasant locality, with good accommodation. Address STEVENSON & CO., Tobacco Factory. March 8.

WANTED.

A GENERAL SERVANT at 48 Queen Street. March 7.

WANTED.

A HOUSE OF ABOUT SEVEN ROOMS with in easy distance of the business part of the city. Apply at this office.

March 8.

MRS. AND MISS RICHARDSON

Have pleasure in the very satisfaction in Fine Cloth Hats, Velvet Hats, Tuques, Wraps in Canada, Beautiful Ribbons, Silks from cents yard, Ladies' Underclothing, Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, Corset Covers, Chemises, Drawers, Ladies' Ulsters, Gentlemen's Ulsters, Gloves, Gloves, Gloves, Gloves of all kinds. Cheap Pelisses for sale. Dress Making a Specialty. Princess St., Kingston.

Feb. 8.

READ PRICES

As under, as there is no house in the city offering goods at the same price

—AS THE—

Golden Lion Grocery

SUGARS

14 lbs.	Bright Sugar for	$1
13 "	Very Bright "	$1
10 "	Extra Bright "	$1
11 "	No. 2 granulated "	$1
10½ "	Extra "	$1

TEAS

New Japan Dust at	14c per lb.
Open Leaf Japan	20c
Fine Japan	27c
Superior Japan	30c
Extra Fine Japan	40c
Extra Superior	50c

YOUNG HYSON TEAS
From 25c to 60c per lb.

BLACK TEAS
From 20c to 50c per lb.

TOBACCOS

Solace Smoking Tobacco	50c per lb.
Fine Solace	40c
Extra Fine Smoking	35c to 40c
Chewing Tobacco	35c to 45c

FRUITS

14 lbs.	New Currants for	$1
12½ "	New Prunes	$1
12 "	New Raisins	$1
14 "	Malaga Stewing Figs	$1
2 lb.	Pots New Marmalade	$1 40
4 lb.	"	75c.
1 lb.	"	35c

VEGETABLES

Canned Tomatoes, Green Corn, Green Peas, Pork and Beans &c. at very low prices.

PROVISIONS

Best Spring Wheat Flour $5 to 5.50. Superior Extra Flour $5.25 per barrel. Crown Jewel Extra $5.75 per barrel. Heavy Mess Pork, $22 per barrel. Lard in Pailsnets, 10c per lb. Ham, Bacon, Roll and Breakfast Bacon. Cheese, Dairy Butter, Oatmeal, Corn, Flour, Barley, &c. at lowest market prices.

GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

W. R. McRae & Co.,

Golden Lion Block.

March 1.

Easter Cards!

NEW, ELEGANT AND NOVEL DESIGNS

—AT—

NISBET'S,

THE "COLLEGE BOOKSTORE."

Cor. Brock & Wellington Streets.

March 7.

JAMES GALLOWAY FUR STOCK!

CONSISTING OF:

LADIES' S. S. SEAL SETS
LADIES' MINK SETS
LADIES' ASTRACHAN JACKETS
AND A FEW
GENTLEMEN'S S. S. SEAL CAPS

So now that it will pay any one who intends purchasing for next winter to call and see his stock.

All the above are first class goods and Great Bargains will be reserved to cash buyers.

JAMES GALLOWAY

Opposite the post office, Brock Street, Kingston.

Jan. 30.