THE POPULAR CANDIDATES.

For Kingston:
CHAS. F. GILDERSLEEVE.

For Frontenac:
J. MARSHAL FAIR.

For Addington:
H. H. DEROCHE.

For Lennox:
GEORGE HAWLEY.

REFORM COMMITTEE ROOMS.

THE ROOMS for Committee Meetings and consultation, in connection with the election of Mr. C. F. Gildersleeve, are now open. They are next to the Corner Brock Store, Pedlar Block, Brock Street.

June 19-b.

Daily British Whig.

Unite our Users, Share.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1883.

CHARGE OF BIGOTRY.

At every election Dr. Sullivan comes to the front as a special declaimer against bigotry. In the present campaign he is the first to mention such a thing and for the purpose of making a little capital for Mr. Metcalfe. He is horrified that allusion should be made to the action of Mr. Mousseau and Mr. Masson on the Boundary Award. So far as the Liberal party is concerned the subject was not mentioned for the purpose of bringing about a clash of creeds and races, but to show that Sir John Macdonald would rather do injustice to Ontario than offend the leaders of public opinion in a Province upon which he has mainly depended for a continuance of power. Sir John Macdonald's hostility to Ontario became more plainly manifested when Messrs Mousseau and Masson objected to the confirmation of the award. Dr. Sullivan knows perfectly well that while the action of these men has been criticised their religion has not been attacked. Those who differ with them politically cannot be charged with bigotry any more than Mr. Metcalfe, who runs the Commissioner o. Public Works "Christie Fraser," and insinuates that he runs the Government. The public have the intelligence to pretty well understand the motives and meaning of men who thus deliver themselves in public.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mr. Harmer says young men now cannot vote unless they have $200 of an income. That shows just what he knows about the qualification of voters.

The Reform party in Kingston have, according to Mr. Metcalfe, a good candidate, a man who is a credit to the city, the Province and Dominion. Well, let us return him as a supporter of an equally good Government. For the honor of the city no obstructionist should be sent to Parliament.

Mr. Metcalfe to-day informed a citizen that he never said there was not a Provincial surplus. Mr. Metcalfe's memory in either very treacherous or his utterances in parliament have been greatly misunderstood. However, it is good to learn that he does not repudiate a well known financial fact.

Mr. Metcalfe complains that the poor settlers are not left enough wood upon their lands. They would thank him and think more of his sympathy if he would vote for the measure, the Streams Bill, which aims at doing them justice, at abolishing McLaren's monopoly and permitting every man to float his timber to market.

The Ottawa Citizen manages to fence around the extract from Mr. Mousseau's speech to the effect that the support of the French members was conditional upon the repudiation of the Boundary Award by Sir John Macdonald. The Citizen cannot explain away the damaging admission and so persistently ignores it. Such are Tory tactics.

Dr. Sullivan last evening opened upon the subject of bigotry in the election campaign. This is an unfortunate topic, because Mr. Metcalfe is forever trying to stir up man's religious feelings by "reminiscences" that he dare not openly repeat. He was caught at it in mayoralty elections, in Mr. Gunn's last campaign, and in this election he is whispering similar things about Mr. Fair, the County candidate, and others.

Dr. Sullivan says the Conservatives want to extend the franchise as far as possible. This is a plank stolen from the Liberal platform, and unthought of until after the Liberal Convention. It is part of the policy of the Government upon which the people are now asked to pronounce. The Liberals gave the vote of farmers' sons, and now mechanics' sons, laborers' sons, the sons of any class having the public welfare at heart, will be similarly favoured if the people say so.

Our local contemporary evidently regrets his rashness in intimating that the overseers of colonization roads pocket some of the public funds, no check being kept upon the expenditure. It now asserts that to say that men may steal is an entirely different thing from saying that men do steal. As a hair splitter our contemporary is becoming an expert. That it meant to call the Government agents dishonest men cannot be for a moment doubted. They will be easily satisfied if they accept the apologetic explanation which our confrere has tendered.

Mr. R. T. Walkem last night admitted that upon which most Tories have preferred a silence—that they are chiefly anxious to displace the Mowat Government because it is politically opposed to the Government at Ottawa. Awful, isn't it? Mr. Metcalfe says so, and then imposes upon the public by announcing as a plank in his platform, "Devotion to the Province." A lot the Conservative party care about the Province when it appears as willing to sacrifice it and then fall fawning with the man who makes Q. C's and slaughters Grit office holders in order to make room for his pets.

MR. METCALFE'S ORGANS!

There was cheering when Mr. Metcalfe challenged the Reform press, from the Globe down to "the little organ that copied from it," to show that Sir John had ever been untrue to this Province. We have often taken extracts, duly accredited, from the Globe, and we do not deny it. We are, however more pleased to copy from that journal than from such an insulting organ as the Mail, which calls respectable citizens and farmers "a dull-witted mob of semi-civilized partizans," who need old clothes, a few spelling books, plug tobacco, promise of a bath, etc. Mr. Metcalfe will always find enough originality in the Whig to interest him. We also beg to remind Mr. Metcalfe that there is one thing the Whig did not copy from the Globe, and that was the fact that Mr. J. H. Metcalfe, M.P.P., was fined $5 for engaging in cockfighting during his attendance at Toronto upon the legislature as member for Kingston. The following extracts upon the same subject from other journals were also not copied into "the little organ," but we hope it is not too late, even now, to atone for the delinquency:

J. H. Metcalfe, M. P. P., fined $5.—Toronto World.

Mr. Metcalfe, M.P.P., has been fined for taken part in a cock fight near Toronto. Time he was one of our legislators! He was not one of Mr. Mowat's supporters.—Belleville Ontario.

Mr. Metcalfe, M.P.P., has been fined for taking part in a cock fight near Toronto. Whew! To be found in such company is rather hard on respectable towns, but then you know it was company on their part.—Brampton Advertiser.

There was a cock fight at Victoria Park last night, but the particulars are not given. Ex-Ald. Piper, E. King Dodds and Mr. Metcalfe, M.P.P., the cultured member for Kingston, who, in one of his speeches, compared the little band of the Opposition to the Greeks who held the pass at Thermopylæ, were amongst those present. Some of the "sports" were from Buffalo.—Montreal Witness Correspondent.

The Mail in publishing the list of fines upon this occasion disguised Mr Metcalfe's name out of very shame for his party.

THE WRIGHT WEDDING.

The Perth Courier contains the following notice of the wedding of a Kingstonian: On Shrove Tuesday many relations and friends of Miss Kate Davis assembled at St. James' Church, on the occasion of her marriage with Mr. C. William Wright, merchant, Kingston. The wedding service was fixed for 11 a.m., at which time the bride entered the church accompanied by her father, Mr George Devlin. The bridegroom and Mr. Robert Keeley, of Kingston, had already arrived in the chancel. The bride, who looked very pretty, was attired in garnet silk, handsomely trimmed with garnet satin, with a tulle veil and wreath of orange blossoms. There was one bridesmaid, Miss Ida Hicks, who wore a soft cream dress trimmed with satin. As the bridal party moved down the aisle the choir, under the guidance of Miss Fanny Hicks—who played the organ most effectively—sang hymn 355, "The voice that breathed o'er Eden." The ceremony was celebrated by the Rector the Rev. R. L. Stephenson, M.A. The spacious church was filled to overflowing. A number of guests from Kingston and Ottawa were present, and after the ceremony were hospitably entertained at a sumptuous wedding breakfast at the residence of the bride's father. Mr and Mrs Wright left for Ottawa.

FORWARDING AMALGAMATION.

The amalgamation of the forwarding companies, says the Montreal Star, now promises to be a much more extensive affair than at first apparent, and arrangements are, it is said, being made to bring the various small steam tug lines and large companies into the arrangements. An effort has, it is said, been made to absorb the Kingston and Montreal Forwarding Company, and it has been reported that the arrangements for the amalgamation have actually been made. This the officials of the company emphatically deny, and state that there is not the least intention of any such action on their part. It is the general opinion that the amalgamated concern is working for a monopoly of the forwarding business, and that there will be some lively competition between it and the Kingston and Montreal Company this Summer. The Managers of the Montreal Transportation Company and the Chicago and Montreal Forwarding Company state that the amalgamation was undertaken merely for the purpose of improving the service.

THE NEW SPEAKER.

The Globe says Mr. G. A. Kirkpatrick will deserve at the hands of his party the honors conferred upon him in his elevation to the Speakership of the House of Commons. Though comparatively young in years he is no novice in parliamentary procedure, having been a member of the House of Commons continuously since 1870. The task devolving upon him is now much easier than it formerly was, as the procedure of the House is fixed by so many precedents, but in point of ability Mr. Kirkpatrick will compare favorably with most of his predecessors, and he falls short of none in geniality of disposition and affability of manner. Dr. Blanchet, the late Speaker, won and kept the good opinion of both sides of the House, and Mr. Kirkpatrick has now a good opportunity of accomplishing the same difficult feat.

MILITARY COLLEGE EXAMINATIONS.

The annual examination, to be held in the present year for candidates desiring to be admitted as cadets to the Royal Military College, Kingston, commences at the District Staff Offices, headquarters of the several military districts in which candidates reside, on Tuesday, June 5th. The Medical examinations will be held the day previous.

It made me feel like a "Band of Music," was the rather forcible expression of an individual who came purchasing "Pain-killer," the great remedy for Coughs and Colds, Sleeplessness, Asthma, Bronchitis. It is safe, pleasant, effectual. 25 cents, trial size. For sale by all druggists and general dealers at 25 cents a bottle.

PHARAOH'S LAND.

A SKETCH OF ITS PYRAMIDS, ITS TEMPLES, AND PEOPLE—A LIVELY TOUR THROUGH ROLFE.

The Late War—Arabi Pasha's Real Purpose in War—England's Course Fully Justified.

Last evening Rev. G. Burnfield, of Brockville, lectured in the Brock Street Presbyterian Church upon Egypt, its pyramids, temples and people.

Rev. A. Wilson occupied the chair and introduced the lecturer. He spoke of the difficulty experienced in Kingston of getting large audiences to attend lectures. It was very remarkable that a better literary taste was not manifested in a city which was the seat of a university and which possessed so many other educational advantages. The Christian community should not allow these matters to rest; the denominations should unite in supporting such literary and scientific entertainments as should command their favour. Something should be done to attract the young people from the things which are objectionable to say the least of them.

OPENING OF THE LECTURE.

Rev. Mr. Burnfield, in commencing, sketched the appearance of Alexandria from the water, making special mention of the $1,000,000 light house, the arsenal, and the palaces of the officials which were partially destroyed during the bombardment. He dwelt but a moment upon the history of the nation.

From Alexandria to Cairo the lecturer travelled by railway, in carriages, not unlike the abominations of Europe. By the wayside he saw the ruins of many idolatrous erections, many villages whose houses, occupied by Fellahins, were irregularly constructed, having but one opening which answered the purpose of a door, a window and a chimney, to enter which one had to climb through great masses of filth. The people lived in these houses until they fell, the Mahomedan being as much indisposed to take a wife as he is to build or repair. The grave yards are usually upon elevations, and have a more pleasing appearance than the houses of the living. In passing he caught a glimpse of Tanta where, during the war, great

CARNAGE WAS PRACTICED,

where many were disembowelled and the trains ran over their mutilated bodies. His description of Cairo and its curiosities was very interesting, but the most pleasing part of the narrative was that having reference to the pyramids, which towered high towards heaven and in the distance seemed to reach the very seat of God. The largest of them he ascended. From the top (484 ft. high) he obtained a splendid view of the surrounding country. His eye travelled from point to point, each made memorable by some event. He saw the desert of Arabia whose sands glistened in the sunlight; Cairo, with its minarettes and domes; beyond the place where Joseph got his wife; then the scene of the synagogue, and lastly Tel-el-Kebir where brave Scotchmen, loyal Irishmen and dogged Englishmen heroically sustained the prestige of Britain. He glowingly depicted the internal appearance of the pyramid, its corridors, vaults, galleries, chambers of the King and Queen, and the sarcophagus. The latter was being gradually broken up and carried away by travellers. He thought the age of the pyramid was about 4,000 years; of its use he differed with some of those who had written about it; he believed that it was the mausoleum of the great and royal dead. He merely noticed the sphinxes and hurried on to tell his experiences

AT THE GREAT TEMPLE,

like which, for magnificence, there is nothing on the earth. Its building occupied 300 years and was conducted under seven kings. Inwardly and outwardly it is intensely grand. The character and customs of the people merited some pounded criticism, but we can only now reflect his opinions of the Government and his impression of late events. In 1873 the Khedive invited the British Government to regulate the finances of Egypt. But in 1878 nothing was done. In 1876 another Commission was appointed, two controllers being English and two French. There is no doubt that these officers had large salaries, that they expended a large sum extravagantly, and yet they reduced the taxation of the people by 50 per cent. While the lecturer was in Egypt he saw Arabi Pasha, then in the zenith of his glory. He attended a dinner given by the American Consul at Alexandria in commemoration of Washington's birthday, and heard the Minister of War make a speech which was said to be highly eulogistic of American institutions. The occasion suggested a compliment to America, but it was known afterwards that Arabi was anxious to interest the sympathy of the United States Government. Compared with the Egyptian he is a great man; compared with an Englishman he is common enough. The Fellahins were satisfied with the condition of things, Arabi could only arouse them by

APPEALING TO THEIR FANATICISM.

He said the British were coming to take the country, and he sought to make the war a religious one. What did he want? Nothing but a return to the old state of things, under which the military authorities could put their hands into the public chest, take what money they wanted squander it and grind the poor Fellahins to dust and death. The British Government, by virtue of the Khedive's invitation, by virtue of its interest in the Suez Canal and its interest in the local Government, was justified in all it did in Egypt. Ezekiel prophesied that no more will there be princes in the land of Egypt. It was 2,220 since the country had a ruler of its own and if foreign influence is to be exerted what better could there be than that of England. British guns bombarded Alexandria, not to destroy liberty but to establish it. It looked as if the hand of Providence was in all this. A day may come when Turkish power and Christianity shall rule at the land, when the people shall have liberty, when they shall come to bow to their gods and possess a knowledge of the truth. Men ask what Christianity is doing? In our land it may not be very apparent, but in Egypt the men in positions of responsibility and eminence are those who have been converted, whose lives are testimonies of the distinctively powerful, elevating and ennobling influence of the religion which they profess.

The lecture was well delivered, its diction is good, it is attractive and instructive. At its close Mr. Burnfield exhibited various curiosities which he had picked up in Egypt.

PHŒNIX PARK MURDER.

The Evidence Brought Fairly Home to Some of the Prisoners—An Adjournment.

Dublin, Feb. 10.—Michael Kavanagh, carman, has turned informer against the prisoners charged with conspiracy to murder the officials. When Brady, Timothy Kelly, James Carey, (Town Councillor) the carmen Fitzharris and several other prisoners were placed in the dock to-day Kavanagh deposed that he drove Brady, Kelly and two others whom he did not know to Phœnix Park on the evening of the assassination of Cavendish and Burke. James Carey and Daniel Delaney were on seats at the side of the road in the park. Delaney and they were watching the Chief Secretary. The court was crowded.

The other prisoners arranged were Lawrence Hanlon, James Mullett, Edward O'Brien, William Maroney, Daniel Curley, and Daniel Delaney.

DRIVING TO THE PARK.

Kavanagh identified Patrick Delany another of the men present. He drove four men into the park by Island bridge. The gate to Phœnix monument and along the main road to Gough monument and there got down. They said there was no sign of "Skin the Goat," meaning Fitzharris, carman.

Fitzharris shouted,—Don't call nisk names.

Kavanagh then saw Fitzharris with a cab coming from the opposite direction. Four men alighted from the cab. The cab stayed a long way up the road with the horses' heads towards Dublin. Soon afterwards he saw two gents approaching and heard a cry. He saw one gent fall. He did not see the other fall, but four men whom he drove to the park jumped on his car and he drove away.

Kavanagh identified Harris as the driver of the cab. He deposed that he saw Cavendish and Burke approaching. Somebody among those he drove said a tall man was to be assassinated. Kavanagh said subsequently that he drove by the Chapel Road and round town to Palmerston Park. Kelly alighted at the terminus. Brady paid him £1. He heard a person speak to James Carey, and Delaney afterwards instructed Kavanagh to look sharp and be ready to start. Upon this he drove nearer to the waiting group, which included persons he did not know.

EVIDENCE OF THE ASSASSINATION.

Cavendish and Burke were approaching arm in arm. James Carey and Delaney, who had come back on the car from the place where it was waiting, jumped down and joined the group. Witness heard somebody say, "It is the tall man."

Kavanagh was then ordered to go further away by some conspirators. As he did so he heard somebody repeat, "Mind 'tis the tall man." As the gentlemen came along Carey or Delaney raised a white handkerchief. While the witness was waiting a carman nicknamed Hunt passed, driving a passenger named Nolan towards Dublin. Some bicyclists also passed. The witness thought he only saw one gentleman fall and the other who had an umbrella lying on the ground.

Driving from the scene of the murder they took a turn to the left, and then crossed the bridge to the right along the Inchicore road. Delaney directed where to drive. He drove rapidly until he reached round town three miles from the Park. Here Tim Kelly alighted. He then drove around to Leeson Park, stopping at a public house near Leeson bridge. Brady then paid and dismissed him. On Sunday morning he met Brady again on Townsend Street and received £2.

THE MURDER OF FIELD.

On the night Field was attacked witness was on College Street stand. Joe Brady again engaged him. They drove into Fleet Street. Delaney then got on the car and they drove to Hardwick Street, where they alighted. They told him to wait. While waiting Kelly and Lawrence Hanlon came up. Kavanagh's evidence makes it certain that Burke was first murdered, and the plot was primarily against him.

THE CONDUCT OF THE PRISONERS.

As the examination progressed the the prisoners appeared in sheer desperation. Not one looked towards the Court except Hanlon. On Kavanagh identifying Delany and Jas. Carey there was such a commotion that the Magistrate threatened to clear the Court. Brady somewhat recovered composure and endeavoured to smile. Kavanagh said he was so near that heard one of victims cry "Oh!" The tall victim (Burke) was lying on the road after this exclamation. The other victim was standing with the umbrella in his hands. Kavanagh afterwards saw him lying in the road.

The jury in the case of O'Brien, charged with seditious libel, disagreed. O'Brien will receive notice of a new trial.

THE GAME ALL UP.

Later—The prisoners evidently feel that the game is all up. They exhibit a defiant demeanour except Jas. Carey, who sits motionless, gazing fixedly at the bench. The others move about, hold whispered conferences and sometimes laughing at any incident.

CORROBORATIVE EVIDENCE.

Latest.—Kavanagh deposed that Fitzgerald once told him that they were after Judge Lawson. Kavanagh said he had been sworn into the society by Kelly. The task was assigned to him to drive the boys.

Independent witnesses testified to having seen Kavanagh previous to the Phœnix Park murder at the public houses he mentioned. Adjourned till Thursday.

ZENANA WORK.

The Editor, British Whig.

SIR,—In connection with your article on Zenana work permit me to observe that the Kingston Women's T. M. Society was formed seven years ago with this as one of its main objects. I trust that the subject being brought into notice now may remind some of its original members of the great need and importance of such Societies.

The W. T. M. Societies of the Presbyterian Church in Canada support several lady missionaries and native Bible-women labouring in the zenanas of the cities of Indore and Neemuch, Central India, and also conducting day schools for the children. One young lady is studying medicine at the Royal College here in order to be a medical missionary among the neglected and suffering women of the zenanas, and in among the lady students whom their fellow students so chivalrously tried their best to debar from all chance of getting a medical education.

Yours, &c.,
ZENANA WORK.

Feb. 10, 1883.

There was a successful tea and concert in the M. E. Church last evening.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Gist of Various Telegrams on Various Themes.

Wm. Wordsworth, the last surviving son of the poet is dead.

Prince Napoleon is about to visit ex-Empress Eugenie in England.

Godwin Smith favors the candidate of the workingman in Toronto.

Relatives of Archbishop McCabe have been summoned to his death bed.

Letter patents have been issued to the Military Colonization Company and to the Canadian Steamboat Company.

The stock market was higher to-day.

Mr. Beatty, M. P., will during the session agitate the question of increasing the salaries of Judges.

The Court of Appeal has upheld the decision against the directors and founders of the bank of Lyons et Loire, who are thus compelled to pay provisionally the trustees of the bankruptcy five million francs.

Waggie claims the storm of Wednesday night as the one he predicted for Thursday. He has now greater confidence in the "big blow" between 9th and 11th March.

STORING WHISKEY.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 8.—The *Express* says: "An apparently rather astonished press agent telegraphs from Ottawa, the Canadian capital, that a great number of United States wine merchants and distillers have been making enquiries of the Dominion Government regarding the importation and bonding of liquor in Canada. They are desirous of sending liquor into Canada in bond, to be held there for awhile and again returned to the United States. There is much speculation as to the object. The good people of Ottawa must pay very little attention to what is going on in the United States, otherwise they would know that these liquor dealers want to get rid of paying some $80,000,000 in taxes on about 20,000,000 gallons of whiskey, which has been held in bond in this country as long as the revenue laws will permit. If it stays here it must pay the tax, but it may be taken out of the bonded warehouses for export without paying it. If Canada will let it be in bond without paying duty till we can drink up the surplus stock, then it will be brought back to this country, sold, and the tax paid. That cannot well be done now, simply because the distillers have got on hand as much whiskey as the American people, chronically thirsty though so many of them are, can drink in three or four years. If Canada will take this whiskey on low storage and no duty for a few years it will thus help our amiable distilling interest out of the very painful predicament into which, with its eyes wide open, it has very foolishly plunged itself."

COURTSHIP AND MARRIAGE.

New York, Feb. 9.—A remarkable marriage is that of Thos Fitzgerald to Mary Alice Moss. Fitzgerald had been importunate in his love for months, had frequently had his suit rejected, and frequently been ejected from the house of the Moss family. His habits were bad and the girl seemed to care nothing for him. Some weeks ago he secured admission to the house and stabbed her. The girl, however, recovered, and on Sunday last they were married in the church of the Transfiguration. Both parties refuse to explain how the change was brought about.

BECAME VERY WEALTHY.

Fayetteville, N.Y., Feb. 10.—A few weeks ago John Barnes, Moore & Co., was very poor, owning only 28 acres of barren land. Recently it was discovered that there was gold on the land and he is now the wealthiest man in Eastern North Carolina, being worth hundreds of thousands.

A GAY DECEIVER.

New York, Feb. 10.—Adele Pranne, a widow, accuses Francois Desplane of inducing her to come to America under a promise of marriage and then absconding with $2,000 worth of her property, leaving her and three children destitute.

RADICALS EXCITED.

Paris, Feb. 10.—The Radicals are violently excited against the judicals on account of the release of Prince Napoleon. Its believed that Napoleon encouraged by the late events in France intends to start a newspaper.

HIGH LIFE SCANDAL.

London, Feb. 10—Lady Blandford has obtained a decree nisi against the Marquis of Blandford, eldest son of the Duke of Malborough, for misconduct with Lady Aylesford.

COURT OF REVISION.

The Court of Division had a session yesterday. The business done was:

Mrs. Alex. Adair—Dog tax struck off.

Mrs. Thomas Brown, Edward Coyle, John Cassidy, John Begg, Thomas Fitzgerald, Weellan Jones and John Reynold had their taxes remitted or statute labor struck off on account of poverty and other causes.

T. L. Snook had the assessment of his property reduced from $800 to $600. Income reduced to $200.

Wm. Snowden swore that he had purchased the old M. E. Church property on Johnson Street, but could not get a deed of it. He paid $500 for it. He has not been able to take possession yet though he expected the agreement to be carried out. He appealed against the assessment. The Court had no jurisdiction.

The case of James McGowan, who was recently fined for neglecting to pay his statute labor tax, came up, but no action was taken.

LOST VALISE.—It was S. Broderick who lost the valise, carpet bag and umbrella at the depot. He says he is not a wandering minstrel, although he has been in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America. He is still a British subject.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour Feed and all kinds of Grain.

Queen's Block, Princess Street, Kingston
STRONG BAKERS' FLOUR A SPECIALTY

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, Feb. 10.

Flour—Receipts 1200 bbls; sales 1000 bbls; market quiet, prices unchanged; quotations:—Superior, 4.95 to 5.05; Extra 4.80 to 4.90; Fancy, 0.00 to 0.00; Spring Extra, 4.60 to 4.75; Superfine 4.50 to 4.60; Strong Baker's 5.00 to 5.50; Fine 3.90 to 4.00; middlings 3.65 to 3.75; pollards 3.40 to 3.50; Ont bags 2.00 to 2.50; city do 3.00 to 3.05.

Grain—Wheat U.C. white, 1.09 to 1.11; do red 1.14 to 1.15; spring 1.10 to 1.15.

Corn 75 to 0c.

Peas 80 to 80 for 60½ lbs.

Oats 37½ to 38c.

Barley 55 to 60c.

Rye 65 to 66c.

Oatmeal 4.75 to 5.00.

Cornmeal 3.75 to 4.00

Provisions—Butter, Western 18 to 19c; and B M 18 to 21c; E T 22 to 23c.

Cheese—12 to 13½c.

Pork—21.00 to 21.50.

Lard—13½ to 14c.

Bacon—12 to 13c.

Hams—14 to 15c.

Ashes—Pots, 5.10 to 5.15.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Feb. 10, 11 o'clock.

STOCKS.	BIDS	OFFERED
Montreal	208	207½
Ontario	113½	113
Banque du Peuple	88½	87½
Molsons	133	131½
Toronto	187½	186½
Banque Jacques Cartier	000	000
Merchants	127	126½
Quebec	000	000
Union	94	00
Commerce	135½	135
Exchange	000	000
Imperial	000	000
Federal	109	108½
Telegraph	124½	124
Dom. Tel. Co	00	00
Rebellion	66½	65½
City Passenger	143	142½
Gas	167½	167
Canada Cotton Co	112	110
Dundas Cotton Co	114	110
Ontario Investment	133	129
St. Paul M and M	142½	141½
Canada Pacific RR	65	60
N. W. T. Co	63 0	61 0

OSWEGO MARKET.

Oswego, Feb. 10

Wheat—Firm; sales 00,000 White state 1.10; new Red State at 1.21; No. 2 Red Chicago at 0.00.

Corn—Firm; sales 0,000; No. 2 Mixed Western 65; reft western, 64c.

Oats—Soaree; No. 1 State held at 40c to 00c.

Rye—sales of 0,000 bush Canada at 64c in bond.

Barley—Firm; sales 00,000 bush of No. 2 Canada at 86 to 00; No. 1 bright Canada at 95c; No 1 Canada at 88 to 00c; extra bright Canada at 89.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 10, 12 noon.

Wheat, spring 97½c; 100½ April; 107 Feb; 111½ May; 112½ to 113 March.

Corn 62 cash; 45c for May; 58½ May; 58½ Feb. 62½ Jan. for Oct; 56 March, 56½ cash.

Pork—8.45 for May; 18.12½ for March; 18.07½ for Feb; 17.50 Jan; 17.17½ April.

Lard—11.37½ June, 11.32½ for Feb; 11.40 March; 11.65 for May; 11.42½ April.

Oats—37c cash; 37c Jan; 41½ May; 37½ March.

MORRISON

There's a place called the Lakes of Killarney,
And a place called the Banks of the Suir,
And a place called the Town of Dungarvan,
Where they fish by the light of the moon.

DEAR READERS,

The above is for the purpose of drawing your attention to several facts, the most important of which is this: You can buy the best

Flour, Bacon and Hams

—AT THE—

TORONTO FLOUR STORE.

M. MORRISON.

Feb. 10. Brock Street.

OPERA HOUSE.

A GRAND CONCERT in aid of Parsonage of St. Mark's church will be given on

Tuesday, 20th Feb., 1883.

Messrs. Greenwood, Trendell, Galloway, Morris Bros., Miss Bickford and Mrs. Bradley of Toronto, will take part.

Tickets—Hall 50c; Gallery 25c, can be had at Opera House office and from members of committee.

Programme on Saturday.

Feb. 10.

Kingston Masonic Benefit Association.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Kingston Masonic Benefit Association will be held in Masonic Hall, King Street, on TUESDAY EVENING, 6th inst., at 7.30, to receive reports and for the election of Directors for the ensuing year.

G. W. ANDREWS, Secretary.

Feb. 8.

LOYAL TRUE BLUES.

THE LOYAL TRUE BLUES, No. 18, will meet at the Orange Hall at 10 o'clock sharp on SUNDAY MORNING, and will leave there to attend service in St. George's Cathedral at 11 o'clock. A sermon will be preached by the Rev. Dr Wilson. All the brethren are invited to be present.

By order of

J. DENNISON, W.M.

Feb. 9.

To Contractors.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 14th inst. for the several trades required in the erection and completion of a Warehouse and Iron store; also the heating of Warehouse and offices for Messrs J. Mortleman & Co.

Plans and specifications to be seen at our office.

Lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

TOWER & SON,
Architects, &c.,
Lion Block, Wellington St.

Feb. 7.

To Contractors.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of MONDAY, the 12th inst. for certain work to be done for the Canadian Engine & Locomotive Co.

Plans and specifications to be seen at our office.

Lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

TOWER & SON,
Architects, &c.,
Lion Block, Wellington St.

Feb. 7

VALENTINES

VALENTINES

Comic and Sentimental

In Great Variety

—AT—

NISBET'S

THE "CORNER BOOKSTORE,"

Cor. Brock & Wellington Streets.

Feb. 9.

Fire Insurance

ASSOCIATION

(Limited)

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Having made the required deposit of $200,000 and obtained the Government license, is prepared to transact a general fire insurance business in the Dominion.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA
42 St. John Street, Montreal.
WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Manager.

W. D. GORDON,

Agent for Kingston.

Office Montreal Street, between Princess and Brock.

Dec. 8th.

Tenders for Mail Service.

THE G. T. RAILWAY CO. invite tenders for the conveyance of the Mails between the G. T. R. Station and Post Office at Kingston. For further information inquire of J. TREMAIN, G.T.R. Agent.

J. HICKSON,
General Manager.

Feb. 6.

R. & J. GARDINER

Take Advantage

—OF THE—

LOW PRICES!

We Offer our Splendid Stock of

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS.

Take Advantage of the Low Prices

We Offer our Elegant Stock of

Rich Brocaded Silks,
Rich Brocaded Satins,
Rich Brocaded Velvets.

TAKE ADVANTAGE!

Of the Greatly Reduced Prices in our

ENTIRE DRESS STOCK.

INSPECT OUR SPLENDID STOCK

—OF—

Rich Jet Fringes,
Venetian Jet Gimps,
Floral Cashmere Gimps.

WE ARE OPENING DAILY

NEW SPRING GOODS!

TAKE ADVANTAGE

Of the Low Prices we are selling all classes of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

R. & J. GARDINER.

Feb. 8

PROCLAMATION!

ELECTORAL DISTRICT

—OF THE—

CITY OF KINGSTON.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electors of the Electoral District of the City of Kingston, that in obedience to Her Majesty's Writ to me directed and bearing date the SECOND day of the Month of FEBRUARY Instant, I require the presence of the said Electors at the CITY HALL, in the said CITY OF KINGSTON, on the

20th DAY OF THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY

At Twelve O'clock Noon,

For the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Legislative Assembly of this Province, and that in case a Poll be demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed, such Poll will be opened on the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of the month of FEBRUARY in the year 1883 in each of the Wards or Polling sub Divisions in which a Polling Place is to be opened and kept according to law, of which due notice will be given on the Day of Nomination.

Of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my hand at the City of Kingston this Sixth Day of February, in the year 1883.

E. J. BARKER,
Returning Officer.

Feb. 6.

MODEL FARM DAIRY.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having one of the best Stock Farms convenient to the city, and buildings specially adapted for the dairy business, proposes

Delivering Milk Through the City.

By keeping young healthy cows and delivering a fine article, hopes to meet a share of public patronage; will commence on the 15th inst. Orders left at Ross Bros., Princess street, will receive prompt attention.

S. S. REID,
Post Office, City.

Feb. 6

FOR SALE.

OVER 30 ACRES OF LAND, in the City of Kingston, known as the Elliott Farm, laid out into 10 lots, averaging over half an acre each. This property is not only situated in the best part of the city, but is also destined to be the centre of new industries now in contemplation, and is worthy the attention of capitalists.

Tenders for the whole, or separate tenders for portions lying North or South of Raglan Street, which is a continuation of Johnson Street, will be received up to 1st day of MARCH NEXT, as it is the intention to sell the property to close the estate.

Plans of the property can be obtained at the office of Dr. Henderson, Q.C., Kingston, by intending buyers.

Address

H. T. SOUTH,
416 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Acting Trustee.

Feb. 9.

LOST.

BETWEEN the Barracks and corner of William and King Sts., A SATCHEL containing a Lace Handkerchief and a pair of Mittens. The finder will please leave them at the Wing Office.

Feb. 8.

WANTED.

A GOOD STRONG BOY to drive delivery wagon. Must be well recommended. GEORGE LYONS & Co., Canton's House.

Feb. 8

FOR SALE.

A FINE LOT on Earl Street, between Bagot and Wellington streets adjoining the Matthews Property. Terms easy. Apply to MISS BAKER, No. 1, Clyde Terrace.

Feb. 7.

FOUND.

A SUM OF MONEY, at Grantham's Hotel. Any person proving the same to be their property can have it by applying to JOHN KELLY, Lake Hill.

Kingston, Feb. 6th.

TO LET.

NO. 4, CLYDE TERRACE, Sydenham St. West, at present occupied by Mr. C. Gordon. Possession on May 1st. Apply to Mrs. Boyle, corner of Earl and Sydenham streets.

Feb. 2.

Cheap Goods

—AT—

SHAW'S

Before Getting in Our NEW SPRING GOODS we will offer some Cheap Lines for the next Two Weeks.

All of our Dress Stock reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Black Cashmeres reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Jacket Cloths reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Colored Cashmeres reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Tweeds & Cloths reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Black Silks reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Colored Silks reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Wool Goods at cost, AT SHAW'S

All of our Shawls & Jackets reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Hosiery & Gloves reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Winceys & Flannels reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Velvetenes reduced, AT SHAW'S

All of our Notions reduced, AT SHAW'S

CARPETS

See our Carpets before buying, as we offer special inducements. Come to

—S-H-A-W-'-S—

Glasgow Warehouse & Carpet Warerooms,

Corner of Princess & Wellington Streets.

Feb. 6.

Price Current!

—AT THE—

Golden Lion Grocery

THIS WEEK.

SUGARS.

14 lbs.	Bright Sugar	for	$1.
13 "	Very Bright	"	$1.
12 "	Extra Bright	"	$1.
11 "	No. 8 Granulated	"	$1.
10½ "	Extra "	"	$1.

TEAS

New Japan Dust at 14c per lb.
Open Leaf Japan 30c "
Fine Japan 35c "
Superior Japan 45c "
Extra Fine Japan 60c "
Extra Superior 60c "

TOUNG HYSON TEAS

From 30c to 50c per lb.

BLACK TEAS

From 30c to 70c per lb.

TOBACCOS.

Solace Smoking Tobacco 35c per lb.
Fine Solace 40c "
Extra Fine Smoking 45c to 50c.
Chewing Tobacco 40c to 45c.

FRUITS.

16 lbs.	New Currants	for	$1.
12½ "	New Prunes	"	$1.
12 "	New Raisins	"	$1.
14 "	Malaga Sweetest Figs		$1.
7 lb.	Pots New Marmalade		$1.05.
6 lb.	" "		75c.
1 lb.	" "		20c.

VEGETABLES.

Canned Tomatoes, Green Corn, Green Peas, Pork and Beans, &c. at very low prices.

PROVISIONS.

Best Spring Wheat Flour $4.25, 100 lbs.
Superior Extra Flour $4.75 per barrel.
Crown Jewel Extra $4.70 per barrel.
Heavy Meal Pork, $22 per barrel.
Lard in Fairbanks, 10c per lb.
Ham, Bacon, Roll and Breakfast Bacon, Cheese, Dairy Butter, Oatmeal, Corn, Pot Barley, &c., at lowest market prices.

GOLDEN LION GROCERY.

W. R. McRae & Co.,

Golden Lion Block.

Jan. 30

Citizens' Insurance Co.

OF CANADA

Established 1864

HENRY ANSAR, Esq. (Ansar Sons & Co.) President and Treasurer.
ANDREW AL