Daily British Whig.

Monday Morn. Jan. 15th.

The Brockville *Times* contrasts the expenditure of the John Sandfield Macdonald Administration with that of the present Government. Our contemporary evidently desires the people to condemn the increase at the next election. It leads one to draw the inference, that having explained the facts that there has been a wastefulness of public funds. Will the *Times* state in what respect there should be a reduction in the expenditure? Will it pretend to say that there should have been no change in the figures of 1871? To do so would be to contend that no attempt should be made to develop the resources of the Provinces and meet the requirements of the times. When Sir John increased the expenditure of the Dominion from $13,000,000 to over $23,000,000, within a shorter term than that in which the Liberals have ruled in the Province, no fault was found with him by our Tory friends. Their cross against Mr. Mowat will, therefore, be of no avail. They are not sincere.

COLLEGE CHANCELLORSHIP

To-morrow afternoon the Council of Queen's University will meet to nominate a successor to Sandford Fleming, C. E., C. M. G., whose term of office expires on the 10th of March next. The names of Sir John Macdonald, Hon. S. H. Blake, Q. C., James Macnemee, M. A., Q. C., Goldwin Smith, M. A., D. C. L., and others have been mentioned as the possible candidates, but it is impossible to say in advance on whom the choice may fall. In the event of the Council being unable to come to a unanimous decision the matter will be submitted to the graduates, whose vote will determine the matter. Considerable interest is being manifested in the election by members of the Council and others. A number of the former have arrived in the city.

NEW CORN CORNER.

A corner on corn is now developing in Chicago which promises to rival the great Armour wheat manipulation of last summer. About two months ago Truman S. Handy, of Cincinnati, proposed to P. D. Armour that they join forces to advance corn, putting in $3,000,000 but the proposition resulted in nothing. Handy then succeeded in making arrangements with unknown Wall street capitalists, the management being confined to Robert Lindblom, and corn went up last week seven cents a bushel. At the first the Wall street men sent on $300,000 worth of Western Union stocks but the Chicago brokers replied they wanted cash, and it was wired to them the same day and the securities returned. Lindblom says that if they want $25,000,000 cash in this speculation the money is ready for them. The programme of the clique is to buy all the corn that comes, but for January and February, and the scheme is pronounced a feasible one by such men as McCrech, Armour & Fairbank. A little over $50,000 pays for all the No. 2 now in store at Chicago, and so strong is the situation that last week, although it was the middle of winter, and although all the grain that went out was shipped by rail and paid very high rates, of the 1,000,000 bushels of the corn received 850,000 bushels were shipped away. Saturday Lindblom himself bought 830,000 bushels for January delivery, and in the evening gave out that he had sold it. But those on the inside pock-pocked this and it was sent down as a root-back used to frighten out the "tailers," a great mob of whom have caught on in the last few days and who must be got rid of.

LOUGH MASK MURDER.

One of the murderers of the Huddys was hanged at Galway to-day. On January 3rd Joe Huddy, a bailiff on Lord Ardilaun's property, Galway, left his home for the purpose of serving a number of writs. There was a lane near the house of Patrick Higgins and all trace of the murder was lost at the corner of it. A steam launch was brought across the country to search Lough Mask, and twenty-three days after the crime was committed the bodies of the men were found. Both men had been assassinated with pistols or guns. One of them was found tied up in a sack and both of them had stones tied to them to prevent their rising. It was not until August that definite knowledge was acquired as to their fate. On the body of the old man was found a number of the processes, but the process intended for Patrick Higgins was missing. He killed the old man to the ground with a stone; two others fired at him with pistols. Young Huddy fled, but he was pursued hacked down by Flynn, and Thomas Higgins despatched him as they had previously despatched his grandfather. All this happened in daylight, about breakfast time. The deed was actually witnessed by Kerrigan, his wife and two sons. The body of Joe Huddy was placed in a basket used for carrying turf, and taken by Patrick Higgins on his back in the direction of the lake. The body of young Huddy was placed in a sack, and then a transaction occurred which indicated that the assassins were anxious that as many persons as possible should be concerned in the deed. Kerrigan was compelled to carry the body, on his back until another lad named Manion came along and was stopped. The sack was then taken from Kerrigan and placed upon Manion's back and he was compelled to carry it some distance along the lane until he fainted under it. It was then placed on the back of another person, and by him removed in the direction of the lake. That was the last that was known definitely of the horrible transaction.

The continued illness of Hon. Adam Crooks continues favourable.

LIFE OF TRADE.

New Opposition Steamboat Lines Contemplated—A Rival to the Richelieu and Ontario.

The Montreal *Star* contains a notice of the new Steamboat Company for the incorporation of which Messrs. Kirkpatrick & Rogers make application to Parliament. Our contemporary says that from enquiries it appears that this is one of the most important steamboat schemes which has ever been started for the navigation of the waters of the St. Lawrence. This new concern is contemplated to counteract the influence which the Grand Trunk Railway has attained over the St. Lawrence route through the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, which it is well known, is completely under the control of the G. T. R. authorities. There are said to be a number of prominent English capitalists interested in the new Company, but its stock is mainly held by the Railway Companies hostile to the Grand Trunk, including the Canada Pacific and its connections and the great American Vanderbilt system. The Company is to be entirely independent of the St. Lawrence Steamboat Company or any other existing steamboat line, and they hope to be able to place a sufficient fleet on the river soon after the opening of navigation. The steamers will be of the composite order, with steel hulls and wooden upper works, and the hulls are actually now in course of construction in the Clyde shipyards. These hulls, after being fitted, will be brought over to this country in sections and immediately put together and fitted with the woodwork and machinery. Some of the first of the hulls are expected here shortly, and the remainder will follow close after. In the meantime arrangements are being made for securing a number of hired steamers to open the service should some hitch occur in the arrangements and the new steamers not be ready in time. The Company's line will cover the same route as the Richelieu Company, namely, from Hamilton to Montreal, and from Montreal to Quebec, with additional service east of Quebec, and to the southern parts of the lakes, and the probability of another to the extreme west of the lake system. These steamers will be run both for passengers and freight, and cutting rates all along the line will be the result, and the promoters of the line are determined that "The Merry War" shall be kept up until they have secured a good share of the traffic of the river. A special effort will be made to secure the rapidly growing tourist travel of the St. Lawrence, and with a line through to the Saguenay the promoters of the scheme think they will have a great advantage over the Richelieu & Ontario Company. Mr. John Beattie, the well known steamboat owner, is understood to be at the present time in Great Britain in connection with the construction of the steamers.

THE CHURCHES.

In the absence of Rev. F. W. Kirkpatrick at Arnprior next Sunday, the Revs. B. V. Rogers and Thos. Stanton will conduct services at St. James'.

The Rev. W. B. Carey was unwell yesterday and therefore unable to preach the anniversary sermon at St. Mark's, Barriefield. It will be delivered next Sunday morning.

Five gentlemen have subscribed one hundred dollars each towards the improvements at St. James' Church. The work will be completed at Easter.

Father Kelly preached an eloquent sermon in St. Mary's Cathedral yesterday morning, and Father Hartington officiated at mass. Father Twohey is at Sharbot Lake, where he has been most of last week.

RREVESHIP OF KINGSTON TOWNSHIP

By a turn of the wheel of fortune Mr. Anson P. Vanluven takes the Reeveship of the Township of Kingston. This morning Mr. Walkem, instructed by Mr. Vanluven and his friends, appeared at Cataraqui and notified Mr. Haycock that his qualification was insufficient and that in the event of his assuming the Reeveship he would be unseated. He, therefore, filed a disclaimer and the clerk in accordance with the statute swore in Mr. Vanluven as Reeve. There is some talk of protesting the latters' election.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

"A" Battery—To be Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant from 1st of August, 1882: Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Cotton; to be Captain from 1st of August, 1882, Lieutenant and Brevet Major Holmes.

"B" Battery—To be Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant from 1st of August, 1882: Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Montizambert; to be Captain from 1st of August, 1882, Lieutenant and Brevet Major Short.

Discourse for Smokers.—Yesterday morning Rev. D. Winters, Methodist Evangelist, occupied the pulpit of the Queen Street Methodist Church and delivered an eloquent discourse. Speaking about smoking he said that if men must use tobacco they should do it privately, and not set a bad example to their children. "Smoke if you must either in the garret or cellar," he said.

A CARD.

The Editor, British Whig.

Dear Sir,—Will you kindly permit me to correct an impression which some of the electors of the county seem to entertain, that I am going to contest the County as an Independent. I do not intend to run as an Independent, but as a Liberal Conservative; but independent of any Convention or the action of any Convention. And permit me further to state that I am meeting with splendid encouragement in my canvass.—I remain, yours truly,

R. J. Dunnett, M.D.

Jan. 15th, 1883. —advt.

The senior year students of Queen's University, at a meeting held this afternoon, appointed Mr. J. V. Anglin to deliver the valedictory address on behalf of the class, at the Convocation in April next.

OUR DEPARTED SOULS.

Do They Go to Heaven When We Die? Opinion of Rev. Mr. Hager on this Point.

The Editor, British Whig.

Dear Sir,—Allow me space to redeem my promise to show why I think "good people go to Heaven when they die." My upon shall be to the Scriptures, which, though they permit us to see things within the veil only, "as through a glass darkly," still they do here and there give us an incidental glimpse into the Unseen. I will not claim infallibility for my conclusions, nor speak with Dr. Wilson's positiveness, for I am not as familiar with the heavenly geography as he seems to be, not having as yet

"Climbed where Moses stood
And viewed the landscape over."

But as an inquirer after truth I would modestly submit to the thoughtful consideration of your readers some of the results of my bible reading on the subject.

I judge that holy men at death go to Heaven, and not to some outside place.

1 Because the Bible speaks of them as being with Christ.

It may be well, as preliminary to set the point that Christ is in Heaven lest an objector say that to prove the righteous dead to be with Christ does not prove them to be in Heaven.

Is Christ in Heaven?

"So then after the Lord had spoken unto them, He was received up into Heaven, and sat on the right hand of God."—Mark xvi. 19.

That settles the point as to Christ's present abode. There can be no higher Heaven than the right hand of God.

Now some passages of Scripture speak of saints as being with Christ after death.

"For I am in a strait between two, having a desire to depart and be with Christ, which is far better."—Phil. i. 23.

"Then shall the dust return to the earth as it was, and the Spirit shall return to God that gave it."—Eccl. xii. 7.

"We are confident I say, and willing rather to be absent from the body and to be present with the Lord."—2 Cor. v. 8.

It will be observed that in each of the above texts mention is made of the location of the spirit when separated from the body. It is "with Christ," "returns to God," and is "present with the Lord," and hence is in Heaven, for we have shown Christ is in Heaven. If the righteous dead are in an intermediate state then Christ is in an intermediate state, for they are "with Christ."

But Dr. Wilson's doctrine, if true, puts Christ back again into Hades, or the intermediate state, as the following syllogism shows.

The righteous dead are with Christ. (Phil. i. 23.)

The righteous dead are in Hades. (See Dr. Wilson's sermon.)

Therefore Christ is in Hades.

And so, according to the Doctor, after all the centuries, Christ is in Hades yet! He surely should have got into Heaven by this time. By this, it seems to be as hard for Christ to get out of Hades as for the Romish priests to get rich men's souls out of purgatory. I presume Dr Wilson will not accept the above conclusion as Catholic, but it shows us the ditch into which we shall fall if we reason logically from some Catholic premises.

2. I think the righteous dead are in Heaven, because the Scriptures speak of living and dead saints as one family, one branch of which is in Heaven.

"Of whom the whole family in Heaven and earth is named."—Eph. iii. 15.

If departed saints are in the family of God it appears from the above that they are in Heaven.

3. I think so again, because the Scriptures speak of the martyr Stephen's death in a manner that justifies the conclusion that his spirit entered Heaven.

"But he being full of the Holy Ghost, looked up steadfastly into Heaven, and saw the glory of God, and Jesus standing on the right hand of God.

"And said, Behold I see the Heavens opened, and the Son of Man standing on the right hand of God.

"And they stoned Stephen, calling upon God and saying, Lord Jesus, receive my spirit."—Acts vii. 55, 56, 59.

This certainly looks as though Stephen expected to "go to Heaven when he died." Any plain man who had not some Catholic hobby to uphold, would suppose on reading the above that Stephen's spirit was immediately received into Heaven. But Stephen, though filled with the Holy Ghost, was evidently not posted on the doctrine of the intermediate state, or he would not have asked Christ, standing in Heaven at the right hand of God, to receive his spirit. His aspirations should have been more moderate. Had he been better instructed in Catholic doctrine he would not have prayed, "Lord Jesus receive my spirit," but would have prayed, Unbolt the door of Hades and let my spirit into the intermediate state. Alas for poor Stephen and his defective views as to where "good people go when they die." But he had no one to instruct him in theology except the Apostles, and had not the privilege of sitting at the feet of some Catholic Gamaliel.

But seriously, I ask, was Stephen tantalized with the expectation of an immediate entrance into Heaven only to be cast into Hades? Was he permitted to gaze into the excellent glory till his face shone with angelic radiance, and his soul glowed with Heavenly expectancy, only to be turned aside in his upward flight into Hades, into some forbidding place which is yet to be cast as an accursed thing into the lake of fire.

"And death and Hades were cast into the lake of fire."—Rev. xx. 14.

Those who prefer to think so have a right to their opinions, but I believe that bible readers will agree with me that the Lord Jesus answered his dying martyr's prayer and received his spirit into Heaven, where He then was, standing at the right hand of God.

I content myself, for the present, with these Scripture references, deeming them sufficient to meet the Doctor's defiance to "cite a single passage that proves that good people go to Heaven when they die." They are satisfactory to my own mind, and until the Doctor gives us something more Scriptural and convincing than he has yet given, I shall be in no haste to give up my thinking that my departed friends are in Heaven with Christ, and not shivering outside in some Catholic horse-heaven or Heathenish Hades.

A word concerning the Doctor's challenge long since made and never answered, Show me a doctrine in the bible which the Church of England does not teach, and show me a doctrine of the Church of England which is not in the Bible."

The above, certainly, is an extensive spread of sail, too much sail I fear for safety, considering the ballast. Such a spread may delight a calm, but I fear a squall. The Doctor's challenge in my defence for saying a plain word or two in reply which otherwise I would not have said.

To any one who has the time to spend and enjoys the business of exploding again what has been exploded hundreds of times, there would be small danger in taking up the Doctor's challenge, but it would be necessary as a preliminary to settle upon what the doctrines of the Church of England are.

Doctrines the most conflicting and contradictory to each other, High Church and Low Church, Evangelical and Rationalistic, Rationalistic and Sacramentarian, are all held as Church doctrines by thousands who call themselves good Churchmen, so that it is difficult for the uninstructed to know what the doctrines of the Church of England are. Will the Doctor please inform us? Are they the Evangelical tenets of the Bishop of Durham, the Popish sacramentalism of Dr. Pusey, or the Infidel Agnosticism of Bishop Colenso? I heard the opinion that there is scarcely a doctrine, Protestant, Popish, or semi-infidel, that is not preached from the pulpits of Church of England pulpits every Lord's day, and all claiming to be according to the Prayer Book sense pure Church of England doctrine. If the Doctor does not know this it must be because he does not read the papers. I wonder at his temerity in making the challenge. He surely could not have known that a reporter was present.

The Doctor's "final word" to his people to "read the Bible" is on the right line. But it was dangerous advice to give them if he wished them to continue sound in the Catholic faith. If they follow his advice they will soon be showing him that his Church of England Doctrines of Baptismal Regeneration, Apostolic Succession, priestly Absolution, the "Blessed Doctrine of Prayers for the Dead," and Church exclusiveness, are not found in the Bible. They will discover that to be Catholic, as distinguished from Protestant, may be one thing, but to be Scriptural, quite another. And they will be amazed at the rashness of their excellent curate in challenging controversy on the Scripturalness of his Catholic High Church notions, and perhaps restrain him in future from leaving "defiances to clergymen or laymen" lying around so loose as he has of late. There is no telling how much his advice may disturb his peace, and so with an eye to his interests I would suggest that he recall it, and return to the good old Catholic way, viz., State his doctrine, stoutly assert it to be Scriptural, and then prove it by the prayer book, "The Early Fathers and the decrees and Canons of Councils"—In this way he will dwell in peace in the midst of a peaceable people.

Will the learned Doctor kindly grant a friendly request and at his earliest convenience deliver a sermon on the "Scriptural and Blessed Doctrine of Prayers for the Dead," as he terms it. By so doing he will greatly instruct a large circle of inquiring friends, who, as regards that dogma are deplorably weak in the faith.

Trusting the learned Doctor will ascribe to the inspiration of his "defiance" the liberties I have taken with his sermon, I am, Mr. Editor, yours, in support of Bible truth.

Joseph M. Hager,
Pastor Queen St. Meth. Church.
Jan. 15th.

DISTURBED IRELAND.

Phoenix Park Murder—Attack on Davitt—Hanging of Patrick Higgins.

Dublin, Jan. 13.—Several persons have been imprisoned under suspicion of being concerned in the Phoenix Park crime. The knives supposed to have been used by the assassins have been found to fit the cuts in the clothes of Cavendish and Burke were found near the premises of Carey.

London, Jan. 14.—When Davitt appeared before a meeting at Oldham he was howled down by an organized gang. A fight ensued, in which clubs, legs and brass knuckles were used. Many persons were hurt. Davitt called the disturbers a cowardly crew and declared if twenty men would follow him he would clear the hall of the gang. He advanced towards the latter for that purpose, but was restrained by a policeman. Addressing his opponents again Davitt said they were miserable, contemptable, cowardly dogs. When they were sitting in taverns he was fighting the British Government. They were drunken blackguards and a disgrace to the name of Nationalists. If Ireland were made up of such they would earn the contempt of the civilized world.

Galway, Jan. 13.—Patrick Higgins, one of the murderers of the Huddys, was hanged in gaol this morning. Higgins slept well all night.

Dublin, Jan. 13.—The Queen's Bench refused the application of O'Brien, the editor of the *United Ireland* for a mandamus, compelling the Magistrate to receive evidence showing that the seditious libel with which O'Brien is charged is true.

Dublin, Jan. 13.—Three further arrests for conspiracy in the murder of officials have been made to-day. The accused were remanded.

DANUBIAN FLOODS.

Pesth, Jan. 13.—The Danube has subsided everywhere above the Mohacs on the west arm of that river, but the fugitives cannot return to their homes as the houses are destroyed or filled with ice. The situation at Raab is unchanged. An epidemic is imminent owing to the overcrowding of dwellings and privation.

A SEVERE SNAP

New York, Jan. 13.—Despatches from all points in Minnesota, Dakota and Northern Ohio show all the railways to be almost entirely blockaded by snow. The trains running with the utmost difficulty. Two persons are reported to be frozen to death. It is feared that many others have perished.

A JUSTIFIED ATTACK.

Paris, Jan. 13.—Rappel, referring to the Prince of Wales' unveiling of the Statue of the Prince Imperial on Saturday, stigmatizes the English nation as a herd of cattle, and the English army as an army of women. The other newspapers make spiteful comments.

STRIKE IN ENGLAND.

London, Jan. 13.—There is an extensive strike of the employees of the Caledonian RR. Only ten of the forty engines in the Hamilton depot can be used. Five hundred men paraded in Hamilton today prior to quitting the town for Glasgow.

ANOTHER HORRIBLE HOLOCAUST.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 14.—During the performances yesterday at the circus in Berditschoff, Russian Poland, a fire broke out in the building, and before the spectators could escape the whole structure was ablaze. Three hundred persons perished.

FORTSMOUTH COMPLAINED OF.

The Editor, British Whig.

Dear Sir,—In driving through Portsmouth, as I have occasion to do very often, I have been forcibly struck with the number of young men often hanging around the corners, particularly in the neighborhood of a tavern on the corner of the main street. It was disgusting to see the drunkenness on the street on Sunday preceding and on Christmas Day. And on election day, seeing the state of the crowd, I would come to the conclusion there must have been an open house during the day. Now, sir, I think the law is against selling liquor on Sunday and election days. If so it is near time the Commissioners were looking after the Inspector and be after offenders and have them by way prosecuted, fined, or by cancelling their licenses.

Jan. 13. A Passer-by.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Gist of Various Telegrams on Various Themes.

The cotton crop in Carolina will be over 50,000 bales less than last year.

The *Journal des Debats* says England has practically taken possession of Egypt.

The Chicago Smelting and Refining works were burned this morning. Loss $11,000.

The Porte will submit to the powers the points of difference regarding the Montenegrin being the frontier question.

The stock market was very strong this morning; 203 was offered for Bank of Montreal and 181 for Toronto.

Mann, the murderer of the Cooke family at Little Rideau, has been committed for trial at the Assizes in April next.

Twelve German square miles of territory surrounding Rash, Hungary, are submerged. The Emperor of Germany has increased his subscription to aid the sufferers to 600,000 marks.

Mr. Boswell was sworn in as Mayor of Toronto to-day and took his seat. In his address he referred to the present mad party war and felt assured that it would turn out in his favour.

A FATAL ACCIDENT

Another melancholy accident has been added to the long list of fatalities which have occurred at the Grand Trunk depot quite recently. John Willard Hanna is a brakeman on the Brockville division, running between that town and Belleville. He arrived here early last evening on a freight train, and at 3 o'clock this morning he was "called" to perform his duties on a freight train which was about to leave for Brockville in charge of Conductor Bottsford. The train started and Hanna was ordered out to lay the bell cord. The tops of the cars were covered with snow and ice, and of course it was a difficult matter to walk over them. The unfortunate brakeman had only passed over four cars, and was in the act of stepping on to the fifth one when he fell between them, and in an instant his body was cut in two. The four cars and van passed over his body leaving his head and shoulders on one side of the rail and the lower part of his body and legs on the other side. Death was instantaneous. The right hand was also severed from the arm. His mangled form was discovered soon after, and a door was procured on which the pieces of his body were carried to an old shed, where they will be collected. The victim is a single man about 27 years of age, and was the only support of a widowed mother at Maitland. The untimely death of her son will be a severe shock indeed. His remains as they lay in the shed presented a ghastly sight—one which will not soon be forgotten by those who are compelled to view them.—*Ontario.*

Cure for Catarrh.

Cures at any stage of the disease. Has cured many cases so terrible that bones came from the nose. Dr Sproule's Catarrhal Diamond Catarrh Remedy is mild and pleasant, affording immediate relief and prompt cure, and is believed to be the only real cure yet given to the public. The Diamond is a wonderful medicine. What it will do. It will cure Nasal Catarrh, no matter of how long standing. It cures a Cold in the Head or Throat by a few applications. It clears the Head and Throat and enables you to breathe free. It cures that dull, heavy headache. It strengthens the Eyes. It cures Deafness. It is used for Asthma with observing results. It will strengthen your voice, enabling you to speak clear and distinct. It enables you to think, work and study with ease and pleasure. It clears the mind and makes your perceptions clear, bright and active. It soothes the nerves and enables you to have refreshing slumbers. It is warranted not to contain anything injurious. Acts directly upon the organs of the Head and Throat, allaying inflammation of the mucous membrane lining, cleansing and healing the diseased and inflamed parts. Its medicinal qualities are purifying, cleansing and healing. Sold by N. C. POLSON & CO., Princess Street. Sent to any address on receipt of 65c.

Beware of Imitations.

Since Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil has become celebrated, a number of unprincipled persons have been endeavoring to palm off Electro and Eclectric Oil for the genuine Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Beware of these similar named articles. If their originators had any faith in the healing properties of their own medicines they would, like honest men, give them a name of their own, and not try to sell them on the reputation of another, but as they know their preparations have no merit, they resort to the most unprincipled means of selling them by getting a name as near as possible to the genuine. We therefore ask the public when purchasing to see that the name Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is on the front of the wrapper and the signature of Northrop & Lyman, the proprietors for Canada, on the back.

CONTEMPORARY OPINION

The Reformers of Kingston have made an excellent choice, and are quite sure of redeeming their city. Mr. C. F. Gildersleeve is not only personally very popular, but combines all the qualities requisite for a successful politician.

The Kingston *News* professes to be awfully pleased with the nomination. It may not be so well pleased after the election.—*Ontario.*

CHALKING FOR A CUT

The *Empire* responsible for the following: "In a town not many miles from Cape Vincent a man stepped into a neighbor's house, where he saw the head of the family lying upon his back on the floor and his wife standing over him, as he thought, with a threatening air. He was about to withdraw when the prostrate man shouted out, 'Come along in, Steve; she's only chalking me out for a pair of pants.'"

"Debilitation of mind and body, and all diseases due to insufficient or impaired nutrition, are at once arrested and cured by the early use of Puttner's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, etc

DIED.

In Kingston, on Monday, Jan. 15th inst., Elizabeth Marshall, widow of John Cockburn, aged 81 years, a native of Wallsend, Northumberland, Eng.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon, from her late residence, Ontario Street at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

On Dec. 29th, at Kingswych, the Rev. James Teggin, one of the oldest Unitarian clergymen in England, aged 84 years.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Jan. 15, 12 o'clock.

STOCKS.	ASKED.	OFFERED.
Montreal	203½	203
Ontario	110½	110
Banque du Peuple	97	96
Molsons	130	126
Toronto	182½	181½
Banque Jacques Cartier	120	118
Merchants	123	122½
Quebec	60	58
Union	94	90
Commerce	134½	134½
Exchange	180	177
Imperial	169	168
Federal	158	157
Telegraph	124	123
Dom. Tel. Co.	80	78
Richelieu	66	65½
City Passenger	130½	130
Gas	169	168
Canada Cotton Co.	105	103
Dominion Cotton Co.	113	110
Gates in Investment	138	
St. Paul M. and M.	145	140½
N. W. T. Co.	42 0	42 0

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, Jan. 15.

Flour—Receipts 1420 bbls; sales 600 bbls; market dull; prices unchanged; quotations: Superior, 4.65 to 4.75; Extra, 4.55 to 4.60; Fancy, 0.00 to 0.00; Spring Extra, 4.45 to 4.50; Superfine 4.15 to 4.25; Strong Baker's 4.50 to 6.25; Fine 3.90 to 4.00; middlings 3.65 to 3.70; pollards 3.35 to 3.50; Ont bags 2.00 to 2.20; city do 3.00 to 3.05.

Grain—Wheat U.C. white 1.30 to 1.04; do red 1.08 to 1.09; spring 1.10.

Oats 32 to 33c.

Peas 60 to 60 for 60½ lbs.

Oats 36 to 36c.

Barley 57 to 65c.

Rye 55 to 57c.

Oatmeal 4.75 to 5.00.

Cornmeal 4.00 to 4.50.

Provisions—Butter: Western 16 to 18c and ⊕ M 19 to 21c. E. T 20 to 22c.

Cheese—12½ to 13½c.

Pork—21.00 to 22.00.

Lard—13½ to 14c.

Bacon—14 to 15c.

Ashes—Pots, 5.00 to 5.10.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Grain, Feed and all kinds of Grain.

Baines' Block, Princess Street, Kingston

GRAHAM BAKERS' FLOUR A SPECIALTY

OSWEGO MARKET.

Oswego, Jan. 15.

Wheat—Firm; sales 8,000. White state 1.10; new Red State at 1.12; No. 2 Red Chicago at 1.10.

Corn—Quiet; sales 6,000; No. 2 Yellow Western 63; rejected western, 60c.

Oats—quiet; White State held at 45c to 45c.

Rye—sales of 6,000 bush Canada at 64c in bond.

Barley—firm; sales 90,000 bush of No. 2 Canada at 80 to 82; No. 1 bright Canada at 90c; No. 1 Canada at 80 to 80c; extra bright Canada at 94.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 15, 12 noon.

Wheat—nov 91½; Jan.; 93 April; 99 Feb; 104 May.

Corn, 42c cash; 42c for Jan; 42½ May; 40½ Feb; 41 Jan; 39c Oats; 34½ March, 34 cash.

Pork—22.40 for May; 19.65 for March; 19.32½ for Jan; 19.65 Feb; 20.05 May; 17.60 April.

Lard—9.27; Jan; 9.37½ May; 9.30½ March.

Cats 32½ Feb; 33 May.

THIS WEEK

—THE—

Golden Lion Grocery

WILL SELL

14½ lb Medium Bright Sugar for $1.00.
13 "
12 " Extra
11 " No 2 Granulated
15 " New Currants
7 3-2b Cans New Tomatoes
6 2-2b
7 2-2b Cans Sweet Corn
7 2-2b Cans Green Apples

Our Coffees are delicious. Fresh Ground every morning at 25c and 30c per lb.

Provision Department.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

800 Bags Spring Wheat Flour
160 Barrels Crown Jewel Flour
100 Barrels Pastry Flour
5 Barrels Split Peas
20 " Pot Barley
120 " Oat Meal
500 lbs. Fresh Butter in Rolls & Prints.
30 Barrels Mess Pork.
2000 lbs. Bacon
100 Sugar Cured Hams
200 Factory Cheese

Everything can be got cheaper and better than anywhere else

GOLDEN LION GROCERY,

W. R. McRae & Co.,

Golden Lion Block

Jan. 8

Fresh Ground Coffee!

GO TO

'THE PANTRY'

—FOR—

Fresh Ground Coffee,

ROASTED EVERY WEEK.

And Fresh Ground every morning at 25c and 30c per lb

Everything Else in

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

Is New and Fresh, and is much Cheaper than is sold in any other Store.

Call and see the prices.

THE PANTRY GROCERY & PROVISION CO.

174 Princess Street.

Jan. 8.

CONCERT.

THE BAPTIST SABBATH SCHOOL intend having a GRAND CONCERT on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 29th, in which the best talent of the city will take part.

PROGRAMME.

Anthem ..... By the Choir
Piano Solo ..... Miss Morgan
Song ..... Mr. Galloway
Recitation ..... Mr. McCammon
Instrumental—Misses Cooper, Keeling, Gwynne and Mackenzie.
Quartette—Mrs. Westlake, Miss Galloway, and Messrs. Westlake and Morgan.
Piano Duet ..... Misses Callaghan and Rose
Song ..... Miss Galloway
Reading ..... Mr. Alexander
Piano Solo ..... Miss Hawkins
Song ..... Mr. S. Gwynne
Instrumental—Misses Cooper, Keeling, Gwynne and Mackenzie.
Reading ..... Mr. McLeod
Song ..... Mr. Westlake
Anthem ..... By the Choir.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

The entertainment will be held in the church. Admission at the door.

Tickets only 15 cents.

H. SHARPE,
Secretary.

Jan. 15.

WANTED.

A YOUNG ABERDEEN SERVANT. Apply to MRS. J. PRETTY, Sydenham Street.

Jan. 15.

REMEMBER!

OUR

Cheap Clearing Sale!

REMEMBER:

Every article in our house has been cut down in price. This means a saving to buyers.

REMEMBER:

We keep the very finest Goods in the city

REMEMBER:

Our Cheap Sale and the low prices we are selling

Dress Goods,
Black Cashmeres,
Black Paramattas,
Silk Henrettas,
Black Silks,
Black Crapes.

REMEMBER:

Our stock of Colored Dress Materials is most complete. In it will be found everything desirable for street reception or evening wear

REMEMBER:

Our Splendid Stock of

Rich Silks
Satins
Velvets,
Brocades
and Silk Plushes.

REMEMBER:

To favor us with a call and greatly oblige

R. & J. GARDINER.

Jan. 15

INCREASE

YOUR CAPITAL.

$10 $20 WHEAT $50 STOCKS $100

Those desiring to make money on small and medium investments in grain, provisions and stock speculations, can do so by operating on our plan. From May 1st, 1881, to the present date, on investments of $10 to $100, cash profits have been realized and paid to investors amounting to several times the original investment. Profits paid first of every month still leaving the original investment making money or payable on demand. Explanatory circulars and statements of fund W. sent free. We want responsible agents, who will report on crops and introduce the plan. Liberal commissions paid.

FLEMMING & MERRIAM, Commission Stock Brokers, Mail or Block, Chicago, Ill

As a Matter of Course!

After Such a Busy and Prosperous Season we have not many

FURS!

left. But what we have are first-class goods, and will be sold to

CASH BUYERS

At a Liberal Discount from even our former

Remarkably Low Prices

Intending purchasers make a note of this and save money by buying your furs at the

Boston Hat and Fur Store,

Wellington Street.

Jan. 6.

FITS A Leading London Physician establishes an office in New York for the cure of EPILEPTIC FITS. From Am. Journal of Medicine. Dr. H. Wooster Beach of London, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases in a given time than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing. We have heard of cases of over 20 years standing successfully cured by him. He has published a work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his wonderful cure free to any sufferer who may send their express and P. O. address. He advises a trial bottle be given to children. Dr. AB. BEACH, 26 Park St., New York.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED has removed his office into Stevenson & Co's Piano Factory, where he will continue the business of Insurance with the following companies, namely:

Waterloo Agricultural Insurance Co
Guardian of England Assurance Co
Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.
Citizens Insurance Co
Quebec Insurance Co

Also agent for the sale of Stevenson & Co's Pianos.

R. W. VANDEWATER

Kingston, Jan. 15 1883.

TO LET.

THAT DESIRABLE SHOP with commodious dwelling attached, being premises now occupied by Mesdames Hussey & Tatt, being part of the Marble Block, Princess street. Possession given 1st May. For particulars apply to R. H. SMYTHE boilermaker, 182 Ontario street. Jan.

To be Sold Cheap for Cash.

A BUILDING LOT with stone cellar and fenced in, 63 x 138, No. 1 Floss Street, for $100; also 1 good two-seated spring wagon for $60 cash; as W. JONES, Princess Street. Jan. 8.

Cataraqui Bridge Stock.

TENDERS for FOUR SHARES will be received until 20th inst. Address to B. J. H., Wigs Office.

Kingston, Jan 9th, 1883.

STRAYED.

ON TO THE PREMISES OF WM. FAIRBURN, G. T. R. station, on the 7th inst. A LARGE WHITE SHEEP. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges, &c. Jan. 11

BOARD.

A NUMBER OF BOARDERS can be accommodated by applying at MRS. E. UPHAM'S, 78 Earl Street.

MRS. & MISS RICHARDSON

HAIR DRESSING PARLOR, 114 Princess St., Over Hickey & Hall's Dry goods Store Kingston. HAIR JEWELLERY.

JAMES KILLORIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour, Feed, and all Kinds of Grain.

PRINCESS STREET, - KINGSTON

Sep. 27.

STOCK - TAKING SALE

—AT—

SHAW'S

ALL THIS MONTH.

Parties in Need of Cheap Dry Goods Should Call at SHAW'S, as we are

CLOSING OUT SEVERAL LINES CHEAP.

Dress Goods, Dress Goods, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Flannels & Blankets, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Black & Colored Cashmeres CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Cloths & Ulsterings, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Clouds & Wool Goods, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Shirts & Drawers, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Shirtings & Tickings, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Ducks & Denims, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Winceys & Plaids, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Shawls & Jackets, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Sheetings & Prints, CHEAP AT SHAW'S
Velvets & Satins, CHEAP AT SHAW'S

CARPETS

For a New Carpet at the right price, go to

—S-H-A-W-'-S—

Glasgow Warehouse & Carpet Warerooms,

Corner of Princess & Wellington Streets.

Jan. 8.

SCHOOL

—AND—

COLLEGE BOOKS.

Slates, Copy Books,
Scribbling Books,
Exercise Books,

—AND ALL—

SCHOOL REQUISITES!

—AT—

NISBET'S BOOKSTORE

Late Walpole

Cor. Brock & Wellington Streets

Kingston, Jan. 8

THE PUBLIC AND MYSELF.

HAVE got on splendidly the last year. I am thankful for the patronage extended to me and hope my customers are well satisfied with the value received and the promptitude with which their orders have been delivered. I respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage, and come one, come all, come often to Morrison's for your

FLOUR

TORONTO FLOUR STORE.

M. MORRISON,

Jan. 11 Brock Street.

MARTIN STRACHAN & SON,

BARRIEFIELD MILLS,

MANUFACTURE & FURNISH TO ORDER

ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE

Bile Dated, Matched and Dressed Lumber and Shingles of all Kinds

Doors, Window Sashes, Blinds and Mouldings.

Window and Door Frames.

Stocks of the above will be kept on hand

Turning and Sawing of all kinds done to order

Custom Lumber kiln dried and manufactured to any of the above shapes.

Orders may be left at A. STRAC