WANTED.

A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to MRS. TWITCHELL, 9 Wellington Street.

TO LET.

HOUSE, No. 3 Vaughn Terrace. Apply at Whig Office.

HOUSE in Wade's Lane; 5 rooms; possession 1st May. Apply to ALBERT PIPER, next door.

FURNISHED, PARK VILLA, at present occupied by Major Short. Possession June 1st. Apply to B. DORAN & CO., Princess street.

FROM THE 1ST MAY NEXT—The handsome dwelling, 149 Earl Street. At present occupied by G. E. Sabre, Esq. Apply to R. & J. GARDINER.

TWO BRICK HOUSES, on Gordon Street, Nos. 198 and 200, containing 11 rooms each. Modern improvements. Rent moderate. Possession 1st May. Apply to S. J. CARSON.

FROM MAY 1ST, the House on West Street, facing Park, now occupied by J. Muckleston, Esq. It contains every convenience. Apply to J. MUCKLESTON, ESQ., or JUDGE PRICE.

THAT DESIRABLE STONE HOUSE, situated on William Street, between Barrie and Clergy, now occupied by Rev. T. S. Chambers. Possession 1st of May. Apply to R. MCCAUL, Esq., Barrie Street.

RESIDENCE on College St., now occupied by JOHN FRASER. Stable; sheds; one acre and a half of land, with fruit trees. Possession April 15th. Apply to the OWNER, next door.

A HOUSE—Eight rooms, foot of Simcoe street lately occupied by H. H. Tomlinson. Apply to JACOB SHARMAN, Barrisfield, who has leased the property, or to B. ROBINSON, at King's Drug store.

A LARGE BRICK HOUSE—Containing 11 rooms; one door above Wilson's Livery. Also No. 202, Queen Street, at present occupied by Mrs. Nimmo. Apply to T. C. WILSON, Livery Office.

FOR SALE.

THE DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AND PROPERTY on the corner of King and Barrie Streets, at present occupied by Mr. Stafford Kirkpatrick. For particulars apply to KIRKPATRICK & ROGERS.
Feb. 20.

HAWTHORNE COTTAGE, now known as St. Mary's of the Lake, and grounds, in all 14 acres. Apply to W. H. SULLIVAN, Solicitor, King Street.

COMFORTABLE STONE HOUSE on Brock Street, near Clergy St. Apply to DR. LAVELL.

A LARGE SAFE. Apply to W. STRAINGE, Montreal Street.

ROOMS & BOARDING.

A PARLOR, BEDROOM and Front Sitting Room with or without board, in a favorable locality, can be furnished on reasonable terms. Would be suitable for a man and his wife. Vacancies also for a few more Boarders. Enquire at 393 Princess Street.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with comfortable board where there is a few students. Enquire at No 254 Gordon Street.

CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Lots Nine and Ten on the North side of Quebec street, and Lot Nine, on the South side of Pine street. For particulars apply to WM. G. STRANGE, Executor of S. F. White, deceased Montreal St., Kingston.

FOR SALE OR TO-LET.

FIRST OF MAY. Would prefer selling. Comfortable new residence on Gordon Street, third door from Princess, stable attached. Owner going to the country. M. J. BROWN, M. D.

FOR SALE.

A FINE FARM OF THREE HUNDRED ACRES, lots 25 and 27 in fourth concession of Township of Kingston, 3½ miles from the city, on the Perth Road. Has FINE BRICK HOUSE, two barns, stables, sheds; 130 acres cleared and under cultivation; a deal of good bush lift; being well watered it is one of the very best STOCK FARMS in Frontenac. Apply to ROBT. MATTHEWS, Kingston.
April 29.

DR. DARRAGH'S
Surgery
—SON—
Montreal Street, Opposite Charles Street.

MR. CHARLES A. COUNTER,
Canada's Own Orator,

Will deliver a lecture in the CITY HALL on

Tuesday Evening, May 5th.

On the NORTH-WEST, and give a history of the resources of the Province and the construction of the C.P.R. from Lake Superior to the Pacific Coast of British Columbia. J. H. Metcalfe, M.P.P., is to occupy the chair.
April 30.

REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING.

I. C. B. U.

BRANCH NO. 483.

THE Regular Monthly Meeting of the above Society will be held in their Hall on MONDAY EVENING, 4th inst., at 7:30 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present.
By Order. P. J. LAWLESS, Rec-Sec'y.
May 2nd.

LOOK HERE!

DO YOU want your Roof Repaired; do you want your Fences repaired; do you want your Drains cleaned and repaired, or rebuilt; do you want any repairs to your house, office or store, apply to W. NEWMAN, 93 Wellington St., by Day or Night.

P.S.—Felt Roof Repairs a specialty. Mechanics and Laborers by Day or Hour.
April 15th.

CALL AT

M. H. WALSH & CO'S.,
—FOR THE—
BEST TRIMMED CHILD'S HAT
For 25 Cents.

M. H. WALSH & CO.,
54 KING STREET.
May 2.

Teas, Teas, Teas!

Choice Japan and English Breakfast Teas.
Pure Fresh Coffee, ground every morning, for 30c per lb.
15 lbs. Granulated Sugar for $1.00.
Fresh butter, fresh eggs, Choice Family and Pastry Flour at

THE PANTRY GROCERY,

W. D. M'RAE
174 PRINCESS STREET.

No Spirituous Liquors kept or sold.
May 1.

K. & P. RY.

TENDERS FOR COAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to

NOON, ON MAY 15th INSTANT

For the supply of 4000 TONS OF SOFT COAL for steam purposes, to be delivered Free on the Kingston & Pembroke Ry. Wharf, in the City of Kingston, at the rate of 1000 Tons Per Month, during June, July, October and November, payment to be made on the 15th of each month following delivery.

Name brand of coal.

B. W. FOLGER,
Sup't K. & P. Ry.
May 4th.

A WORD TO HOUSEKEEPERS

THE PEERLESS SELF-HEATING SMOOTHING IRON is the best article of the kind in the market. Don't be deceived by any imitation. The PEERLESS does away with the necessity of fires in the summer, involves no personal inconvenience, and does its work to perfection. Get it from S. W. DAY, or his Agents, who will produce credentials.
May 4th.

Daily British Whig

CANADIAN LOYALTY.

Labouchere, in *Truth*, depreciates the loyalty of Canadians. In plain language he insinuates that all our people, from the members of the government down to the humblest of the humble are affected by money considerations, and that they are true to England and eager to serve her only in so far as it pays them. This is one of the results of the talk in which the Tory press, notably the *Mail*, has indulged. That paper warned the volunteers that if they served the Queen abroad they would have to fare as any other soldier of Her Majesty, looking to Canada for no pecuniary consideration and getting nothing in the shape of pay but what the Imperial government chose to forward. The article was regarded, at the time of its publication, as one ill-timed and mischievous one, and already the evidences of this fact are to hand. *Truth* has sized up the men who govern our country pretty accurately, but unfortunately it puts in the same catagory men who have no sympathy with these rulers and totally disown the sentiments enunciated by the *Mail*.

FIGHTING A WRONG.

The Liberals composing the Opposition in the House of Commons are, by the Ministerial press, accused of bringing Parliament into contempt. They have adopted an obstructive course, and, ordinarily, obstruction is not commended. The circumstances, however, justify their action. The Government have seen fit to prepare and press upon the House of Commons an act of which right-minded men cannot approve. It promises to deprive many of their votes, to create an annual and unnecessary expense of $250,000, and to give partizan appointees the power to determine the elections in a great many constituencies by manipulating the voters' lists as they please. To establish such an order of things, and especially to wipe out the privilege which every freeman should have, of an appeal to some one charged with the dispensation of justice in the name of Her Majesty, is to bring, not only parliament, but popular government into contempt. The course of the Liberals, therefore, is to be excused.

They are fighting a great wrong, the crowning iniquity of a bad old man, and they have the sympathy of Conservatives as well as Liberals. They are doing what they can to prevent the consummation of a piece of unparalleled political infamy, and we hope they will be successful. A petition sent to Ottawa to-day shows that the loyal opposition have acted in accordance with the opinions of many in Kingston.

PEACE IS ASSURED.

War between England and Russia has been averted, at least for the present. The last proposal sent by Earl Granville to St. Petersburg partook of the nature of an ultimatum which involved the serious consideration of the Czar's advisers. As a result of that consideration it is announced, from Russian sources, that "peace is assured, that the present diplomatic action of England is a retrograde one which she seeks to make as decently as possible. The falsehood borne upon the face of this statement will become the more palpable by a resume of the case. When M. de Giers in 1882 proposed to have the Afghan frontier defined he conceded that all the places recently occupied by Gen. Komaroff belonged to the Ameer. In March, 1884, he repudiated a military map in which Penjdeh was placed north of the frontier, and even as late as Nov., 1884, the official representative of his government, Colonel Alikhanoff, acknowledged that the town was under Afghan jurisdiction. These and other concessions, made since the capture of Geok Tepe, show that the Russians have repeatedly recognized the territory now claimed either as theirs on ethnographical principles or as fairly debatable. M. Lessar, Professor Martens and Mme. Nevikoff, however, affirm that the Afghan title to Penjdeh was disputed, that Sir Peter Lumsden had authority to assign it to Russia, that the Afghans by occupying it in force compelled the Russians to seize Pulsi-Khatum and Kulfikar, and that the boundary commission would have begun and ended its work and a pacific solution have been reached if it had not been for this appropriation of debatable territory. The evidence does not bear out this statement of the case. Penjdeh was occupied June 16th, 1884, before the proposals for a joint commission were accepted and at least two months before the members were named. From that date the British Government have made continuous efforts to settle all questions at issue peaceably. Sir Peter Lumsden and his surveyors have been on the ground in readiness to consult the Russian Commissioners, who have never joined them. A diplomatic truce was proposed from London and determined efforts were put forth to refer all matters in dispute to arbitration. These pacific overtures have been met in a hostile spirit at St. Petersburg until now. There was every indication of trouble. War seemed to be inevitable. The point where diplomacy ends and conflict begins was reached, and for the the last time Russia was asked, "Do you still decline to arbitrate?" The answer has been slow in reaching the Imperial Government, but the press gives its purport in advance, and "peace is assured." If there is, therefore, any retrograde movement it is exhibited by Russia. It is certain that no one who read the last great speech of Mr. Gladstone could for a moment suppose that he would favour peace at any price. That speech excited the admiration of the British, and touched the people of all Europe, especially the people of Russia, and probably it more than anything else had to do with their change of base. They wake up to the fact that though a lover of peace the grand old man was quite ready to defend the honour and military prestige of the first nation in the world.

QUIET AT BATOCHE'S.

AN ADVANCE OF THE TROOPS TO TAKE PLACE TO-DAY.

Death of an Old Friend—His Son in the Royal Military College—Condition and Scarcity of Provisions—War News in the North-West Very Limited—Are All the Reporters Shot Out?

Ottawa, May 2.—The following despatches have been received by His Excellency, the Governor-General:

"London, May 1.—To the Military Secretary, Ottawa, Canada.—Col. Kennedy arrived on 28th April from Egypt with about 80 voyageurs. Has slight attack of smallpox, going on favorably. Voyageurs D. S. McDanald and C. L. Shaw also have smallpox. All are in hospital. Signed, WAR SECRETARY." Col. Kennedy has since died.

Colonel Kennedy was the first mayor of Winnipeg, and one of our most respected citizens. He leaves a widow and large family to mourn his sad demise. He had two sons at the front in the 90th Battalion, a third is in the Field Battery, and a fourth is attached to the Kingston Military School. The eldest is not yet twenty-one years of age. Col. Kennedy came from Peterboro', Ont., and was the registrar of Toronto.

Lieut.-Col. Williams, Major Hughes, and four companies of the right wing with Gatling guns, ammunition, stores, etc., are on the str. Northcote going down the river.

Major Smith, of Kingston, is in charge of two companies of the Midland Battalion stationed at the Saskatchewan north of Swift Current.

The last letter written by Aleck Ferguson, of the 90th, who was killed in the Fish Creek fight, contains the following letter to the premier's son: "The pass we had to go through was deep, narrow, muddy, and the walking was terrible. It is about one and a half miles up the hill. Hugh John Macdonald walked part of the way with me. He was terribly broken up when he reached the top. He lay down in a waggon, went to sleep, and stayed there until we got where we now are."

STRAY SHOTS FROM CAMP.

Cost of Feeding the Fighters—Letters From the Soldiers Are Not to be Published.

Sir John A. Macdonald is a lieutenant in the 90th and to judge from a decided limp in his gait the expedition has been hard on him.

The crack shots of the 90th battalion brought their Martini Henry rifles with them instead of the government Snider, and did considerable execution.

Archbishop Taché has received a despatch from Father Colombe, of Calgarry, stating that Father Tourmand was accidentally killed by half breeds, and the massacre of the two priests at Frog Lake is confirmed.

Colonel Ouimet, while on his march north, was suddenly taken sick at Calgary. Dr. Henderson pronounces it impossible for Colonel Ouimet to go on. He has contracted a severe cold, and is now lying in the hospital. Captain Brisbois is with him.

The men have come almost to loathe the government issue of salt port, hard tack and canned beef, although, with the exception of some barrels of hard tack, the supplies have been of the best condition. The biscuits referred to were found out a couple of days ago and were so sour that even the horses and dogs refused to eat them.

The following is an extract from the last letter written to his sister by Pte. A. M. Ferguson, of the 90th Battalion, Winnipeg, who was killed at the Fish Creek encounter. "Capt. Forrest gave me orders from General Middleton that no more of my letters were on any account to be published, or I should receive severe punishment from headquarters. Don't let any more of mine be published. Love to all."

An official who ought to know, if anybody does, says the cost of the column *per diem* is $25,000. This can be credited when it is remembered that besides the pay and rations of the troops there are between 400 and 500 teams engaged in the expedition at a cost of from $8 to $10 a team per day, that the thirty scouts are paid $5 a day, and that rations and forage are found for every man and horse in the column including teamsters.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Edmonton is in a state of panic, earnestly hoping for the arrival of troops.

Provisions are getting low at Prince Albert, but there is not such scarcity as to cause great anxiety.

Clarke's Crossing prices are: Potatoes $2.50 a bushel, hay $60 a ton, and tough beef 25 cents per pound.

Col. Deacon, of Lindsay, is in command of the detachment (two companies) of the same battalion at Swift Current.

General Strange, with the right wing of the 65th, was only two days and a half march from Edmonton when the Stonies passed. The left wing under Perry was one day behind Strange.

The latest news from Clarke's was that the water in the Saskatchewan had risen, and that the supply steamer Northcote would probably be able to reach Clarke's by noon yesterday.

A SURE SCARE CROW.

The Editor, British Whig.

Sir,—I was a little surprised last summer, while on my way to Brockville, thence across to Morristown, thence to Watertown, and returning home by way of the Cape to see so many corn fields with the old fashioned scare crows. I would say to your farmer readers (who have not yet learned the cheap and sure way of preventing their corn from being pulled up by crows) that if they will get a little coal tar (a pint will be enough to last a farmer for years) and put a tablespoonful to a peck of corn, have the tar a little warm, stir with a stick or corn cob till each kernel has a portion, then take about a teacup full of land plaster or dust out of the road, and stir that thoroughly through their plants there need be no fear of crows. The tar prevents wire worms and other insects of eating the corn as well as guards against crows. The crow having pulled one kernel will object to the taste of the tar and go in quest of something that will suit him better.—Yours, etc.,

A FARMER.

May 4.

Rockport Notes.

The St. Lawrence is clear of ice, and boats are going now where horses and sleighs were going two weeks ago—The sloop Green Horn will make her first trip to Brockville in a few days—All persons in Alexandria Bay, Rockport and around the islands are quite busy in preparing for the season—The proprietor of the Island View Hotel is fast receiving orders for rooms for the season. He has also schartered the yacht "Lilly Nicholson" for the season—Fitsey Hunt has an order from a gentlemen in Utica, for a skiff worth about $150—Sidney Patison has shipped a fine specimen of a loon to H. R. Clark, in New York. It weighed 15 pounds—V. R. Hunt will have an auction sale on May 4th, of his live stock and farming implements—Sidney Seaman has taken charge of the Holland cheese factory. He will receive many calls from his friends here—Miss Addie Garrison, of Napanee, has spent the winter in Alexandria Bay, and will soon be wedded to Dr. J. D. Cole, of the Bay.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Last Night's and To-day's News Condensed Down for Our Busy Readers.

James Chaine, member of parliament for county Antrim, Ireland, is dead.

Mrs. Francis A. Vanderbilt, widow of Commodore Vanderbilt, died this morning of pneumonia.

There is a great strike of tailors in Paris. They demand an increase of wages and shorter hours.

The Emperor William inspected the Guards yesterday. He walked with a firm step and looked well.

Thos. Mitchell, bigamous engineer, Jersey City, N.J., has disappeared. Four wives are looking for him.

There is great excitement in Washington territory, over the finding of a rich lead and silver lode near Chiney.

A collison occurred between the troops and the striking quarrymen, at Lemont, this morning; two strikers were killed.

The Grand Trunk workmen met, at Montreal, this morning in very large numbers. The vote was very unanimous for a strike.

John Wiggins, deputy-returning officer, and Robert Franks, poll clerk, Toronto, have been found guilty of conspiring to stuff the ballot box at the last municipal election.

Orders from Ottawa have been received by the Montreal Garrison Artillery to-day not to go west until further notice. The track must be relaid in places where the frost has forced up unballasted portions of the track.

At the Middlesex Assizes, James and Alfred Henderson, the coloured prisoners who escaped to Detroit and were captured there, and subsequently extradited back to London, were found guilty of stabbing Constable Nickle.

The close of the three days' walking match, at Atlanta, on Saturday night, was followed by the arrest of a New York pedestrain named Burns, and his trainer Brooks. They are charged with accepting bribes and throwing the race.

The typhoid fever epidemic at Plymouth, Pa., is growing more serious. One hundred and thirty fresh cases were reported yesterday as having ocurred since the previous day. More than six hundred are sick with the disease, and an average of three deaths occur daily.

A well attended meeting of ladies and gentlemen was held on Saturday to make arrangements for sending to the Lindsay contingent of the Midland Battalion, now in the North-West, such personal comforts as would be necessary and needful. An energetic committee was appointed to look after the details.

The Toronto *World* suggests that to every volunteer on active service in the North-West the government give a grant of at least 320 acres of land free of all duties; to each of those wounded it give as a bonus a lump sum of money ranging from $200 to $2,000 and that to each family losing a supporter, i. e. father son or brother, it gives at least $3,000. This will forever settle the business and at the same time be doing justice to the brave boys at the front.

A FIRE AND ITS FATALITIES.

A House in Flames—Several of Its Occupants Suffer Terrible Deaths.

Syracuse, May 4.—The dwelling of James A. Logan, member of the democratic county committee, was burned at Waterloo early yesterday morning. The family, including four children, were all asleep when the fire broke out. When the firemen arrived the body of Mrs. Logan was found lying partly out of the second story window burned to a crisp. She was probably suffocated in the attempt to escape. After the fire was under control a search was made for the other bodies. In the second story was found the dead body of Logan, with his youngest child clasped in his arms. Evidently while in the attempt to escape he was overtaken by heat and smoke and both were burned. Ernest Short, 16 years of ave, rushed to the front door and found the eldest daughter wandering in the hall, burned badly and black with smoke. He succeeded in getsing her to the street. Mr. and Mrs. Logan and youngest son were up stairs and did not discover the fire until it was burning fiercely. Three daughters, who sleep down stairs, succeeded in escaping, but the eldest is badly burned. There are small hopes of her recovery. The origin of the fire is unknown.

RUSSIA AND CHINA AT IT

The Game With England to be Played Again—Encroaching in Territory.

Tiensin, May 4.—The dispute between China and Russia, regarding the frontier of Manochooria, has become acute owing to the non-arrival of the Russian members of the delegation commission and constant postponement of the date of their arrival at the place of meeting. The Chinese commissioners have been ready several months to begin work, and no Russian commissioners to meet them has caused the Chinese government to fear the same course pursued by Russia respecting the Afghan frontier will be followed in this case. Now that the difficulty with France in relation to Tonquin has been settled China has become more courageous and has demanded that Russia fulfil her part of the agreement. It is said that China has intimated that she is quite prepared to enforce her claims in regard to the Chinese frontier, and the Russians have been constantly encroaching upon the Chinese territory since the Ignatief agreement of 1860.

SOLDIER CHARGED WITH COWARDICE

The Allegations of a War Correspondent—An Officer to be Court-Martialled.

London, May 4.—The *Fortnightly Review* publishes an article by Charles Williams, Soudan correspondent of the *Chronicle*, substantially proving the incompetency of Sir Charles Wilson and the virtual manslaughter of Gordon by his negligence. Williams shows that Wilsons' orders were to proceed at once from Metemneh to Khartoum, but that he delayed his departure unnecessarily four days. Williams' article is tantamount to allegations of cowardice. The matter will be brought up in Parliament, with the probability of a court-martial. Lord Charles Beresford and many blue jackets are willing to testify.

Suakim, May 4.—The Mahdi's men last night surrounded Tambout and Otao and kept up a heavy fire. There were no casualties. Another forward movement by the British is expected tomorrow. The Mahdi has dismissed the Emir of Berber from his service.

CRIMINAL LIBEL.

London, Ont., May 2.—At the Assize Court the Grand Jury returned a true bill against Josiah Blackburn, editor and manager of the London *Free Press*, for criminal libel. The alleged libel is contained in an editorial attacking the official conduct of a County Crown Attorney Hutchinson.

The hard worked man of business, toiling day by day, with little chance for rest, should take occasionally Robinson's Phosphorized Emulsion, to give activity to the brain, and strength to the constitution, and thereby prevent the attacks of fever and other destroying diseases.

The rumor that another company of the 14th Batt. had been called out to help garrison the fort is incorrect. The D.A.G. has issued no such order.

PEACE IS ASSURED.

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND COMING TO A SENSIBLE AGREEMENT.

War may yet be Avoided—Statements of Earl Granville and Mr. Gladstone in Parliament—England's Concessions not Approved of in Calcutta—War Preparations Going on in India.

London, May 4.—Russians are up to 91; stocks very firm. Home and foreign funds buoyant.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—The Samar regiment, which has been garrisoned at Cronstadt for 11 years, has been ordered to Kasaw. Rodemsky, Gourko, Drazomiroff, Tchernoieff and Alramoff will be the principal generals in the Russian army in the event of war.

The Moscow *Gazette* says an honorable expedient has been found by which both sides can settle the dispute. The commandant at Vladisrostock has been ordered to send all the women away. This is probably with a view to increasing the defences. The Russians are blowing up the ice at Cronstadt so that the fleet can move.

Several Russian nobles were ruined by gambling in stocks last week. Three persons committed suicide on Saturday on account of losses on the bourse.

The Ministers of Finance and Marine are confident that there will be no war. The Emperor himself is very impressionable. He changes his opinion every day, but at present both the Czar and DeGiers are convinced that all Gladstone wants is to seek any solution that may technically save the honor of England, and both are willing to lend themselves to any comedy that may suit Gladstone's parliamentary tactics, if, by so doing, the vital points are left untouched, Russia thus getting all she wants without fighting. Pictures of Komaroff are exhibited in all windows. He is now a great popular hero throughout Russia.

Varna, May 4.—The Porte hears that Russia is massing troops at Odessa and Sebastopol, and holding them ready to embark for a place near Bosphorus if England attempts to force the Dardanelles. The Porte has decided to fortify the defences of Bosphorus and Dardanelles in all the possible means without delay.

Copenhagen, May 4.—An English man-of-war has passed the skow for Cattegat. Eleven ironclads of unknown nationality passed through the great belt on Friday for the Baltic. Denmark and Sweden will maintain a strict neutrality in the event of war.

Stockholm, May 4.—The government will ask the Rigsdag for an extra naval and military credit of 6,000,000 kroner.

Tientsin, May 4.—The English fleet has occupied Port Hamilton. The Chinese protest against the act as a violation of the integrity of Corea.

THE WAR CLOUD DISSOLVING.

The Delimitation Commissioners to Meet in London—Easier Feeling Prevails.

London, May 4.—The Admiralty has stopped the chartering of ships of small capacity intended to be used for the transportation of troops. It is believed that this order foreshadows the stoppage of all war preparations. It is reported that the Afghans of Badakshan have asked to be annexed to Russia. Negotiations toward that object are proceeding.

London, May 4.—The *Standard* says rhetoric and adulation have been copiously applied to stupify the conscience of parliament. It participates in sleep as it has participated also in the draught, but the Crown does not share in general abasement and is perhaps watching for the restored sobriety and returning manliness of the nation.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—Though no definite news of the reapproachment between England and Russia has been received the war cloud seems to have dissolved. The news that England has not annexed Port Hamilton gives a feeling of relief.

Turpil, May 4.—Penjdeh has paid tribute to Herat for 100 years, and 15 Afghan soldiers have been in Penjdeh since 1881 as an escort for the governor. Penjdeh, is therefore, an integral part of Herat.

London, May 4.—In the House of Lords this afternoon Lord Granville stated that England and Russia had agreed to renew the negotiations in London concerning the Afghan frontier question, and that the details had been arranged for a meeting of the delimitation commission. England and Russia have agreed that the difficulties arising from the Penjdeh incident should be submitted to a full investigation and reference to friendly powers.

POSTSCRIPT.

Calcutta, May 4.—The public are dissatisfied with England's concession to Russia and fears are generally expressed that the English attitude may have endangered the safety of Lumsden's surveying party. Preparations for war on a large scale continue in India.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—It is stated that the Imperial Council has decided finally upon the utmost limits of concession which Russia will make to England in the Afghan controversy.

London, May 4.—Earl Granville said both the governments would facilitate the inquiry as much as possible. The Penjdeh district will remain neutral territory during the progress of the negotiations. The Russian government had stated their readiness to consider the question of withdrawing their troops should the decision of the boundary commission prove against them. Any difference that might arise regarding interpretation of passages in the despatches of the two governments will be dealt with in a manner consistent with the honor of both countries.

Granville said the government had sanctioned the seizure of the *Bosphore Egyptien* without giving an opinion as to the legality of the action. France having demanded the re-opening of the office of the paper and the punishing of persons concerned in the act of seizure, England had caused legal inquiry to be made, and ascertaining that the suppression was unwarranted, without disclaiming any of her share of responsibility for the act of seizure, advised Egypt to apologize to France and to allow the paper to reappear.

Mr. Gladstone stated in the Commons that no communications had as yet passed between Russia and England regarding the reported occupation of Port Hamilton by England.

Admiral Seymour commands the fleet composed of the Atlantic steamship Oregon, Umbria, Alaska and Arizona; Oregon is a flag ship.

THE ARMY'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Charged with the Killing of a Child—A Prohibitory Law to be Passed.

Hamilton, May 4.—In Hamilton at the inquest of James Dean, a lad killed by a street car, the jury found a verdict placing the responsibility on the Salvation Army. The jurors said: "It is the opinion of the jury that the death of the child is due to the excitement and fear produced by the said army. The jury must express its disapproval of the parades on the streets of bodies of people singing and shouting, which, by attracting children of tender years into danger from which they cannot protect themselves, is likely to cause a repetition of such accidents, and would recommend that the proper authorities should pass a law against a practice liable to cause such results."

A MURDER NEAR LINDSAY.

A Crime Resulting From a Family Disturbance—The Facts in Brief.

Lindsay, May 4.—Excitement was occasioned on Sunday by the reported murder of a resident of the township of Ops, James Fanning. Dr. Poole, coroner, and chief of police Bell found the body on the roadside in a pool of blood, he having staggered from the house where he was shot. Fanning married, as his second wife, a daughter of A. M. Pogue, of Ops. Reports have been current that Fanning ill-treated his wife. She left him and went to live at her father's. Fanning went to see her several times and tried to induce her to return and live with him. Disturbances ensued, finally Pogue warned Fanning to keep off the premises or he would shoot him. On Saturday Fanning was in town the worse for liquor. About dark he went to Pogue's and demanded to see his wife. He was warned off by Pogue who threatned Fanning by his gun. A scuffle ensued, according to Pogue's story, during which the gun was discharged, the charge tearing the flesh and sinews from Fanning's right leg from the knee up to the thigh. The unfortunate man made his way out to the road, where he died. Neighbours heard the shot and cries of "murder." Fearing they would be mixed up in the affair they did not goto his assistance. Pogue admitted his act and was brought to Lindsay before the magistrate and remanded to jail until Monday. The county attorney decided that an inquest should be held and the necessary steps were taken to hold one.

New York, May, 4.—Frank Walling, son of police superintendent was locked up last night for shooting William Cuff. At midnight the Walling brothers heard cries for help in the street. They ran out and Edward Walling, policeman, attempted to arrest Cuff, who was creating a disturbance. Cuff resisted and was shot twice in the face by Frank Walling after he had broken Edward's nose.

Last evening jailor Robertson, Colorado city, was attacked by prisoners Middleton and Lloyd, who took a pistol from Robertson. They were beating him to death when the latter's wife came to his rescue. Her pistol refused to fire. The deputy-sheriff arived at this juncture and shot and killed Middleton. Lloyd was captured.

An Interest in the Matter.

The ladies of the city have taken up the question of co-operation with those of other places in the district in providing delicacies and comforts for the Midland Battalion, and have asked Mayor Smythe to call a meeting of workers in St. George's Hall at 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

Mr. McCoombs was requested to accept the presidency of the seaman's union at the meeting on Saturday but refused.

The Sea Bird, lying at the cotton mill, is being prepared for navigation.

Messrs. M. Ryan and J. Palmer left for Morrisburg to take positions on the schr. O. M. Bond lying at that place.

A prayer service was held in Sydenham Street Church yesterday morning for the Scott Act. A number of temperance converts were made.

The men of No. 4 Company entitled to aid from the city have not called for their remittance.

Official notice is given of the appointment of Mr. C. W. Spencer to the position of Assistant General Superintendent of the Eastern and Ontario Divisions of the C.P.R., with head office at Montreal.

BIRTHS.

At 100 Earl Street, Sunday, May 3rd, the wife of Mr. C. L. Bass, jeweller, of a daughter.

In Kingston, Sunday, May 3rd, at No. 3 Park Place, the wife of Benjamin Robinson, of a daughter.

DIED.

At Murney Point, Kingston, on May 3rd, James Stafford Kirkpatrick, Barrister at Law, in his 38th year.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence on Tuesday morning, May 5th, at 9 o'clock.

GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET.

(*Doran & Thompson, Brokers, Clarence Street*)

CHICAGO, ILL., May 4.—Close at 1 p.m.

		MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.
WHEAT	Opening	$0 88½	$0 90	$0 92¾
	Highest	0 88½	0 90½	0 92¾
	Lowest	0 87¼	0 89¾	0 91¾
	Closing	0 87¼	0 89¾	0 91¾
CORN	Opening	0 48½	0 48	0 48¾
	Highest	0 48½	0 48¾	0 49
	Lowest	0 47¼	0 47¾	0 47¾
	Closing	0 47¼	0 47¾	0 47¾
OATS	Opening	0 35¼	0 35¼	0 35¾
	Highest	0 35¼	0 35¼	0 35¾
	Lowest	0 34¼	0 34¼	0 34¼
	Closing	0 34¼	0 34¼	0 35
PORK	Opening	11 32½	11 40	11 57½
	Highest	11 35	11 45	11 57½
	Lowest	11 12½	11 20	11 30
	Closing	11 12½	11 22½	11 32½
LARD	Opening	6 80	6 87½	6 95
	Highest	6 82½	6 90	6 95
	Lowest	6 80	6 85	6 92½
	Closing	6 80	6 85	6 92½

OIL MARKET.

New York, May 4.—Opening, 0.78½ highest, 0.79½; lowest, 0.78; closing, 78½

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

May 4, noon.

STOCKS	ASKED	OFFERED
Montreal	200½	199½
Ontario	115½	104½
Banque du Peuple	60	54
Molsons	114	112
Toronto	182½	182
Banque Jacques Cartier	00	57½
Merchants	114	112½
Quebec	000	00
Union	60½	00
Commerce	122	121½
Imperial	00	00
Federal	00	90
Montreal Telegraph	120	119½
Richelieu	57½	55½
City Passenger	115	111½
Gas	179½	178½
Canada Cotton Co.	00	00
Dundas Cotton Co.	40	25
Ontario Investment	00	00
St. Paul M. and M.	00	00
N. W. L. Co.	36 6	35 6
Canada Pacific RR.	36½	35

FRANKLIN BROS. & CO.,
HEADQUARTERS FOR CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED, SEED GRAIN, CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR

Brown's Block, Princess Street, Kingston

4 doors above Opera House.

STRONG BAKERS' FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, May 4.

Flour—receipts, 1100 bbls; sales reported 000. Market quiet, and prices unchanged. Quotations:—Patents 5 00 a 6.00; superior extra 4,90 a 5.00; extra superfine 4.75 a 4.80; spring, extra 4 55 a 4.65; superfine 4.50 a 4.60; strong bakers 4.75 a 5,50; fine 4.00 a 4.20; middlings 3.65 a 3.80; Pollards 3.50 a 3,60; Ontario bags 2.00 a 2.30; City bags 2.50 a 2.60 for strong bakers: Grain—wheat, red winter 1,05; white 105; spring, 1,00 to 1,05. Corn 60c to 60; Peas 80 to 84. Oats 40 to 42. Barley 50 to 65c. Rye 65 to 68c. Oatmeal 4,20 to 4,50. Cornmeal 0,00 to 3,00. Provisions—Butter, Creamery, 0 to 00c. Pork—15 50 to 16,00, Lard—9½ to 10½c. Bacon—11 to 12c. Hams—13 to 14c. Cheese—10 to 11½ Butter—7 to 23.

OSWEGO MARKET

May 4.

Wheat—firm; sales 0,000; new white state 1,10; new red state 1,10.

Corn—steady; sales 0,000; No. 2 western 58.

Oats—steady; White State 41.

Barley—quiet; No. 2 Canada 75; No. 2 Extra Canada 80.

Rye—firm; Canada 74 in bond.

GREAT SALE
—:OF:—
HOUSE :-: FURNISHING :-: GOODS
DURING MAY.

Lace Curtains, Floor Oil Cloths,
Cretonnes, Table and Piano Covers,
Hemp, Union, and Tapestry Carpets.
Window Hollands and Lambrequins.
Table Oil Cloths, etc.

WALSH & STEACY.
May 4th.

WE BELIEVE IT!

We confidently believe we are showing the Largest Variety of Styles in

SCOTCH - AND - ENGLISH - TWEEDS

For the ORDER CLOTHING TRADE in the City, and our Prices are well known to be always LOW.

CHAS. LIVINGSTON & BRO,
69 Brock Street.
May 2nd

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.
CASEY & BYRNES.

We have all the Latest Styles and Makes in all Goods for Suitings, Coatings, Trouserings, etc.

Made to Order on the shortest notice.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

A Fine Stock of GENTS' FURNISHINGS kept constantly on hand at the LOWEST PRICES.

CASEY & BYRNES, - - 102 Princess St.
May 1st Fashionable Clothiers.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

TO GENTLEMEN.

Come ye men of Kingston, and ye men of war;
Come ye men of earth, and ye men of tar;
Come ye men of iron, and ye men of wood,
Come all to FLETT'S for CLOTH that's good.

Spring Overcoatings, to order, from $10 to $18.

Tweed Suits, to order, from $12 to $30.

AT

A. G. FLETT'S,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, - 214 PRINCESS ST.
April 29th.

BLACK SILKS
CHEAPER THAN EVER AT
SPENCE & CRUMLEY'S

Call and see our Heavy Gros Grain at 65c., worth 85c.
Call and see our Heavy Gros Grain at 75c., worth 95c.
Call and see our Heavy Gros Grain at 90c., worth $1.15.
Call and see our Heavy Gros Grain at $1.15, worth $1.45
Striped and Checked Summer Silk from 35c.

MILLINERY

We show to-day over **200 Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.**

Boys' and Girls' Jersey Suits All Sizes. New Jersey Cloth both in Black and Navy.

SPENCE & CRUMLEY
April 22nd

THE ORIGINAL BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT ROUTE.
(Established 1818.)

Daily Line to Picton and Deseronto, and Tri-weekly to Belleville.

Fast and Elegant Upper Saloon Steamer

"HERO,"
(C. H. NICHOLSON, MASTER.)