Travelling.

CUNARD LINE

Royal Mail Route

CUNARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY (LIMITED.)

New York and Liverpool, (CALLING AT CORK HARBOR)

FROM PIER No. 40, N.R., NEW YORK

SERVIA.....Wednesday, Feb. 11th
GALLIA.....Wednesday, Feb 18th
BOTHNIA.....Wednesday, Feb. 25th
AURANIA.....Wednesday, March 4th
SCYTHIA.....Wednesday, Mch. 11th
SERVIA.....Wednesday, Mch. 18th
GALLIA.....Wednesday, Mch. 25th
BOTHNIA.....Wednesday, Apl. 1st

RATES OF PASSAGE:

$60, $80 and $100, according to accommodation.

Steerage at very low rates. Steerage Tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other points on the Continent; and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and passage, apply at Company's Office, No. 4, Bowling Green, New York.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO.

S. J. EILBECK, Kingston, Agent.

April 18 3.

ALLAN LINE.

WINTER SERVICE, AND REDUCED RATES FOR LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY.

FROM PORTLAND:

Sardinian.....Thursday, Jan. 22
Parisian.....Thursday, Jan. 29
Sarmatian.....Thursday, Feb. 5
Polynesian.....Thursday Feb. 12
Circassian.....Thursday, Feb 19
Caspian.....Thursday, Feb. 26
Sardinian.....Thursday, Mch. 5

Last train leaves Kingston on Wednesdays at 2:00 p.m.

FROM HALIFAX:

Sardinian.....Saturday, Jan. 24
Parisian.....Saturday, Jan. 31
Sarmatian.....Saturday, Feb. 7
Polynesian.....Saturday, Feb. 14
Circassian.....Saturday, Feb. 21
Caspian.....Saturday, Feb. 28
Sardinian.....Saturday, Mch. 7

Last train leaves Kingston on Thursdays 2:00 p.m.

RATES OF PASSAGE

FROM HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY

Cabin.....$50, $63, $75.
Intermediate.....$ 5.
Steerage.....$13.

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY

Cabin.....$50, $70, $80.
Intermediate.....$35.
Steerage.....$13.

If you are sending for your friends you can obtain Prepaid Passage Tickets at lowest rates at this office, available from England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, Sweden and Norway.

STEERAGE, - $13 00.

THOS. HANLEY,
Agent, Foot of Brock St., Kingston.

Nov. 24.

The Adulteration of Food Act

PROVIDES PENALTIES FOR THE

KEEPING & SELLING

—OF—

Impure Articles of Diet.

This applies to the Retail Trade as well as Wholesale. Dealers are hereby reminded that

LYMAN, SONS & CO., Montreal.

GRIND, PUT UP, AND SELL

Pure Spices

AND NONE OTHER

See that the name of the firm is on each package.

Custom grinding done for the trade. Good work and reasonable rates guaranteed.

Nov. 3.

ESTABLISHED - 1869

D. McEWEN & SON,
Machine, Engine and Boiler Works.

Engines and Boilers, for all purposes, from 1 to 100 horse-power, and fully guaranteed.

Steam Rock Drills and Mining Repairs constantly on hand.

Cheese Factory Boilers and Fittings on hand.

N.B.—A number of Engines and Boilers on hand, new and second-hand.

Oct. 14.

CARD.

WE hereby beg leave to inform our customers and the public generally that we have this day given over the sale of the products of the St. Lawrence Roller Mill to H. Mooers & Co. Orders will be promptly filled at the mill.

J. G. CAMPBELL & SON.

OUR "GEM" FLOUR.

H. Mooers. - J. A. Franklin.

WE having this day arranged with J. G. Campbell & Son to sell the product of the St. Lawrence Roller Mill, we would hereby solicit the patronage of the trade. All orders filled promptly from the Mill at Wholesale Prices.

January 10. HY. MOOERS & CO.

BOUND TO LEAD!

Second to None.

NEW CUTTERS, - - NEW ROBES,

And the best Driving Horses in the City,

—AT—

WELLS BROS'. LIVERY,

FOOT OF PRINCESS STREET.

Hacks at regular rates.

Telephone communication

Three first-class Band Sleigh

Dec. 24.

ASHLEY & CO'S

Shirt, Collar & Cuff Factory & Steam Laundry

IS THE PLACE TO GET YOUR WORK DONE.

All kinds of Ladies' and Gents' Laundry Work done. Special arrangement made with students.

—ALL WORK DONE PROMPTLY—

Remember the place:—

239 Bagot St., between Princess and Brock Sts.

Oct.

Harry Hayden

Has three cars of the

Princess Buda and Blarney Flour

—QUALITY & PRICE CANNOT BE BEAT—

Toronto Flour Store,
61 Brock Street.

Call and see for yourself.

Nov. 29

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

SOLD BY ALL STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

GOLD MEDAL PARIS 1878

Best Quality. Sample Assortment, 100 Pens, sk. N.Y.

Daily British Whig.

VOL. LIV. KINGSTON, CANADA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1885. NO. 33.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and unwholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE Fire & Life INSURANCE CO'Y.

This is one of the Best Insurance Companies doing Business in Canada.

Invested Funds.....$29,000,000
Investments in Canada.....900,000

Mercantile Risks taken at LOWEST Current Rates.

Dwelling Houses and Farm Property insured for three years at as low rates as any safe office

THOMAS BRIGGS, Agent.

Clarence Street, Kingston, March 5th 1880.

Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company

Subscribed Capital.....£2,000,000
Total Invested Funds upwards of.....£2,894,000
Total Income.....£ 465,000
Funds Invested in Canada.....$ 100,000

Insurances against loss by fire accepted at the lowest current rates and claims settled without reference to the Board at London

R. W. VANDEWATER Agent for Kingston Ontario Street. Jan 1 1880.

WESTERN ASSURANCE CO'Y.

FIRE & MARINE. - INCORPORATED 1851

Head Office—Toronto

R. STIRLING,
Agent, Kingston.

Dec. 12.

Etna Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn

Cash Capital.....$ 4,000,000.0
Total Assets, January 1st, 1882.....8,602,272.6
Losses paid in 63 years.....53,400,000.0

The leading Fire Insurance Company on the Continent. Its Annual Premium Receipts in Canada and the United States are larger than those of any other Company, and it has an unblemished record of 63 years.

April, 1882. JAMES SWIFT Agent

Wood and Coal.

COAL,

Wholesale and Retail.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET

Yard No. 1—Ontario Street.
" " 2—Clarence St. Wharf.
" " 3—St. Lawrence Wharf

Secure delivery before broken weather sets in. Chief Office—St. Lawrence Wharf. Branch Office—Corner King and Clarence Sts. opposite British American Hotel.

PROMPT & SATISFACTORY DELIVERY A SPECIALTY

Coal all under cover and well screened.

Telephone Communication.

JAS. SWIFT.

Sept. 24.

WOOD AND COAL

CAN ALWAYS BE OBTAINED AT

M. MALLEN'S

AS

Cheap as the Cheapest

Delivered at any part of the town.

Sept. 4, '84.

COAL AND WOOD

BRECK & BOOTH,

WHARFINGERS, Vessel Agents and Wholesale and Retail Coal and Wood Dealers

Coals of the very best description, under cover well screened and promptly delivered. Bunch wood and Hard and Soft Cordwood of firs quality on hand. Inspection solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

YARD—Corner Ontario and West Streets.

OFFICE — Clarence Street, British American Hotel Block, Kingston.

ORDERS left at the Stores of Mr. Jas Redden, Princess St., and Messrs. McKelvey & Birch, Brock Street, will be promptly filled.

Telephone Communication

L. W. BRECK.
E. A. BOOTH

ST. LAWRENCE ROLLER MILLS

Ontario St., Kingston.

WE beg leave to inform our customers generally and the trade in particular, that the management entered into with H. Mooers & Co. for handling the product of the above mills has been terminated. In future all business will be transacted at the Mill. Orders filled promptly at Wholesale Rates.

EXCHANGE AND GRISTING.

In this department the mill is giving universal satisfaction, and we invite Farmers who have not given the Roller Flour a trial to do so. No delay waiting at the Mill. All orders handled quickly. Special facilities for cracking grain for feed.

J. G. CAMPBELL & SON.

Jan. 30.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!

Before buying your Moccasins, Rubbers or Overshoes, or warm house shoes, give me a call, for I keep the very best that is made in this country.

Call and examine my Gaiter Moccasin, elastic sides. You will have no bother with long cords tied around your ankles, and they are as cheap as the common moccasin.

Don't forget the place:

290 - Princess - Street.

STEPHEN GRAVES.

Nov. 14.

OYSTERS, OYSTERS

IN BULK OR CAN

Oranges, Lemons, Peaches, Pears, Bananas Tomatoes, Apples, Cocanuts—Nuts of all kinds VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS IN SEASON

Canned Fruits and Confectionery at the

AMERICAN FRUIT DEPOT.

MRS. J. K. OLIVER.

AMONG DARK SHADOWS.

A Night Ride on a Patrol Train—A Wierd and Exciting Ride in the Hocking Valley.

Our readers have read a great deal about the riots and troubles in the Hocking Valley. The following article describes a scene which is the more interesting because a participator in it, Mr. Scanlan, lived here for many years, and his friends are here now. He is superintendent of bridges on the railway passing through the country described in the following article:

Special to the Ohio State Journal.

One dark, stormy night your correspondent was informed that the patrol train would start down the valley, and the indications were that a shouting time would be had before morning. Five minutes time was sufficient to catch the train. All was hurry and confusion. New guns were being placed in the armory, guards were hurrying in with boxes of cartridges. The rain came down in sheets. By the dim light in the cab Farrell, the engineer, could be seen with his hand on the throttle waiting the signal to start. Presently a man swung himself up the steps of the coach, gave a tug at the bell rope and we were on the road. A patrol train in the Hocking Valley consists of an engine and a passenger coach. Besides the headlight on the engine there is another lashed to the rear end of the car. The train crew consists of an engineer and fireman, conductor and brakeman. The guard force usually consists of twenty men armed with Winchester repeating rifles. When the train is in motion all lights are extinguished except the headlights on the car and engine. A walk down the car called to mind that this was a warlike expedition. The men were scattered around the car in twos and threes. Smith, the conductor, one of the liveliest, is quiet and sedate. Scanlan, in charge of the guards, is talking earnestly to Cannon, his secretary, about the distribution of supplies. Dan Morairity is in his lunch basket as usual. Shannon is telling of an Irish lady who is always discovering some

NEW AND KILLING DISEASE.

Stacey Gorham, despite the solemnity of the night, is relating a new version of Jonah and the whale. John Bleditzkacer sits grim and silent, with gun in hand, at the front door, while Billie Young, the brakeman, peers out cautiously into the night. The first stop was at Lick Run bridge. This is one of the largest bridges on the line of the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad, and the threatened destruction of it has been a matter of much anxiety to railroad men. After leaving a large quantity of ammunition with the men, and with a word of caution to the voices among the shadows, we sped on down to the upper and lower bridges at Nelsonville, where the same programme was gone through with. After leaving Nelsonville the train slowed down. One would have to travel over this route in daylight to get an idea of how many perilous points slope down to the road, how many dark and ominous ravines stand with open gates along the railroad up Monday Creek valley. There are deep cuts, skirted with tangled thickets where an enemy could find safe refuge, lofty points where a perfect avalanche of rock could be let down upon a passing train, and it is not strange that, with the knowledge of such things, and in a country full of the wildest rumors, that the patrolmen should move with the utmost caution, nor that they should be nearly worn out with months of weary watching. At the Juniper mines a circle of fires had been kindled around the hoppers. Guards could be seen tramping back and forth in the uncertain light, while the lofty hoppers seem to extend up and become a part of the dripping clouds above. This was the first glimpse of the valley by gaslight. Our next important stop was at Snow Fork Junction. The bridge here, with those at Nelsonville and Lick Run, are the important this side of Logan. Like the rest it

IS STRONGLY GUARDED.

It was here, also, that we learned for the first time that the telegraph lines had been tapped and orders, doubtless intended to bring about a collision, sent out by some one.

The night was propitious for bad work. It was as dark as pitch and the rain came down with relentless patter. On the hills and in the valley it sounded like the rough step of marching legions. Through the gloom we heard the babblement of the swelling brooks and the winds were as discordant as if still freighted with the cries of contending factions that had so lately made the valley their battle ground. There were many doubts as to what should be done. It was the duty of the men to go on. They knew it, but here again were orders not to go on. Presently the clear voice of the conductor rang out: "Farrell, go to Murray City, if you can get there." The problem was solved, and once more we were drifting through the night. From Murray City to Monday, Longstreth's and Sand Run, thence back to Snow Fork and Nelsonville, and so on the live-long night, ever coming or going along the winding path. An uneventful trip, it is true, as far as war was concerned, but more burdensome with anticipations than a score of battles. This feeling the way through a valley beset with innumerable dangers,

AND WITHOUT DEFINITE ORDERS

too, is not a pleasant duty. Suddenly the airbrakes are applied, with such force that one is thrown out of the seat.

"What's the matter forward there?"

"Telegraph poles down and across the track."

All hands out in the mud and rain, and track is soon cleared.

Ten minutes's run, and the train again stops with a shock.

"What's the matter now, Jim?"

"Struck something just now. Think the wire is cut."

Sure enough. Another tumble in the rain and mud, and in 15 minutes we are again under way. There is not much levity among the boys now. The darkness holds too many mysteries—the night is too potent with too many hidden dangers. Day was just breaking when we pulled out of the valley and the foot-fall of the storm could still be heard among the hills. Morning never kissed a more dismal night good-by.

"Smith, the music of the harp is mournful down in this country."

"Yes. The strings are all broken but one, and it gives forth a single note of woe."

"Jim is life on a patrol train pleasant?"

Ask me an easier one, or else ask Scanlan."

"Whar do you say, Scanlan?"

"Wait until I call the engineer and fireman in and put the question to the gang. Well, what you have seen tonight we have experienced for the last six months. We are interested in the preservation of the company's property, but will be happy when patrol trains and guards will no longer be a necessity in the valley. Good-by, boys."

"Good by."

The *State Journal* has been blamed by some with wishing to make matters worse in the Hocking valley than they really are. This is a mistake. If the calcium light of peace has been headed this way for several months, it has been elevated too high and the rays have been lost upon the high lands of another zone.

LETTERS OF THE PEOPLE.

TEMPERANCE AGITATION.

The Editor, British Whig.

Dear Sir,—Want of time has prevented me from noticing "Scott Act's" letter of the 16th ult. sooner, wherein I last saw him still in the midst of his grape juice, in company with Pliny, whom he leaves us to imagine as he quaffed a full draught of the liquid we could hear him with gusto exclaim "Immense!" Not having his IV. book beside me I should fancy his views must have changed when he wrote his XIV. natural history, where he gives a description of the Falernian wine of his day. In Henderson's Excursus on ancient wines, attached to the works of Horace, we read of them all being more or less alcoholic, and none had acquired such extensive celebrity, or were more deserving of the name of "god" and merited the character of "immortal," conferred on them by Martial, than those of Falernum. In support of this Pliny is quoted as saying in his Hist. Nat. that, "They continue to be held in the greatest estimation and are, perhaps, the strongest of all wines, as they burn when approached by a flame." The predilection of Horace seems to have been for those that were distinguished for their strength, and which were sometimes so strong that they had to be diluted largely with water. So also were the Maronean wines, the virtue of which Homer, in his Odyssey, some hundreds of years before Christ, enlarges on, describing them as "so rich and unadulterate as to be fit drink for the gods," and withal so potent that they were mixed with several measures of water. Pliny also afterwards speaks of their strength as the same in his time, being commonly diluted with eight parts of water and were highly esteemed. These wines were therefore not of that innocent kind which "Scott Act" would lead us to think the ancients so harmlessly imbibed in. Neither could they have been so innocent in the days of St. Paul, when he charges that deacons and also aged women should not be "given to much wine," a needless precaution, one would think, had it been no stronger than the grape juice pressed into Pharaoh's cup.

Ever since the time when care was observed not to put new wine into old bottles the same caution we have reason to believe has been necessary in Palestine, where customs have so little changed to the present time. From the account given by eleven missionaries resident in Syria ten years ago, among whom may be mentioned the Revds. Wortabet, Thomson, Calhoun, Van Dycke and others who lived there from thirty to forty years, they declared that "during the whole time of our residence and travelling in Syria and the Holy Land, had never seen or heard of an unfermented wine, nor found among the Jews, Christians or Mahommedans any tradition of such a wine having existed in the country."

Does "Scott Act" or any of those modern Eucratites, blatant lecturers and ministers of religion, who from their pulpits have engaged in a crusade against alcohol as the devil's invention, suppose that like Mahomet with the sword in one hand and the Koran in the other they are doing God's service by compelling men to swallow their new fangled doctrines through the aid of a law of coercion more fitted, as has been said justly, for a nation of slaves than for a people who for over a thousand years have inherited a God given freedom, with a noble physique and superior intelligence. Do they suppose that by advocating a system of might over right they are going to overturn the verdict of all christendom as to wine? The spirit which would dictate such a course would be ready to introduce the blue laws and make it penal to hold any other dogma than their own if they had but the power to do so.

As to the regenerating influence of a prohibitory law upon society we have but to point to that happy State of Maine with its hideous laws of marriage and divorce, where a prohibition of man has been extolled and that of God been dispised, and where crime, which as we gather from published statistics, has, since the liquor law been in force increased 207 per cent. during a period of thirty years when the population has increased 14 per cent. shewing the correctness of the oft quoted saying that, men are not to be made virtuous by act of parliament, and particularly if an unjust one, may serve but as a provocation to greater evils. The coincidence however is worthy of consideration.

It is to be, hoped however, that this "Canada Temperance Act" of ours will undergo further manipulation and be presented to us in such a more comely shape as would be acceptable to all reasonable men having respect for themselves and the liberties of their country, and who protest against being placed on the same level with drunkards to whom they are as much opposed as the most intemperate fanatic who has alcohol on the brain.

As we had some so called temperance meetings held in the city in favor of the Scott Act, there should also, before anything further is done, be one to discuss its demerits and if possible have it amended.—Yours truly,

Feb. 2. TEMPERANCE.

P.S.—I would remark that much which was contained in my last letter was an answer to "Scott Act's" which appeared almost simultaneously with mine.

A SLIGHT CORRECTION.

The Editor, British Whig.

Sir,—Allow me to correct a slight error that appeared in my last letter to "Temperance." In my quotation from Clement in two places I am made to say "the fruit of the wine" instead of "the fruit of the vine," as it is contained in that author. I sent my letter to your office two or three weeks before it appeared, if I am not mistaken, and yet it is dated Feb. 3rd, 1885. I do not know who is to blame, but it looks as if I had only just furnished the reply to an article which had appeared from "Temperance" a month previously. I mention this so that "Temperance" may waste no shot. With many thanks for your kindness, Mr. Editor, I am yours respectfully,

Feb. 9th, '85. SCOTT ACT.

EXEMPTION PETITION.

City Solicitor Prepares a Document For the City Council—Very Timely Suggestions.

The City Solicitor has prepared the following petition on exemptions, which will be submitted to the Council at its next regular meeting:

"To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario:

"The Petition of the Corporation of the City of Kingston respectfully sheweth:

"That there is at present a large amount of real estate and other property in the municipality of the city of Kingston, which participates, and has long participated, in all the benefits derivable from the expenditure of the revenue of the municipality, without in any manner contributing thereto, in consequence of being exempt by statute from taxation.

"Your petitioners feel that such exemption is unjust and inequitable, and detrimental to the progress, prosperity and the improvement of their municipality.

"Your petitioners, therefore, respectfully pray that your honorable House may be pleased to amend section 6 of the Assessment Act of the Province of Ontario, which, at present, provides for and legalizes such exemptions as your petitioners complain of, as proposed in the schedule hereto:

The Sub-secs. of Section 6, proposed to be repealed and amended, are:

(12) The houses and premises of any officers, non-commissioned officers and privates of Her Majesty's regular army or navy in actual service, while occupied by them, and the full or half pay of any or either of such services: "and any pension, salary, gratuity, or stipend, derived by any person from Her Majesty's Imperial Treasury, or elsewhere out of this Province;" and the personal property of any person in such naval or military services, in full pay or otherwise, in actual service.

(16) So much of the personal property of any person as is invested in mortgage upon land, or is due to him on account of the sale of land the fee or freehold of which is vested in him, or is invested in the debentures of any municipal corporation of this Province, and such debentures.

NOTE.—As to mortgages, it will probably be proposed to assess the mortgagor for his interest in the property only, and the mortgagee for the amount of the mortgage, so as to avoid double assessment.

"(17) The shares held by any person in the capital stock of any incorporated or chartered bank doing business in this province, but any interest, dividend or income derived from any such shares held by any person resident in this Province shall be deemed to come within and to be liable to assessment under the twenty-eighth section of this Act."

(18) The stock held by any person in any railroad company, the "shares in building societies, and so much of the personal property of any person as is invested in any company incorporated for the purpose of lending money on the security of real estate; but the interest and dividends derived from shares in such building societies, or from investments in such companies as aforesaid, shall be liable to be assessed."

"(19) All personal property which is owned out of this Province, except as hereinafter provided."

"(23) The stipend or salary of any clergyman or minister of religion while in actual connection with any church, and doing duty as such clergyman or minister, to the extent of one thousand dollars, and the parsonage or dwelling house occupied by him, with the land thereto attached to the extent of two acres, and not exceeding two thousand dollars in value."

(24) Rental or other income derived from real estate *within the municipality* except interest on mortgages.

Sub-section 2 of section 1, 43 Vic., chap. 27, it is proposed to amend by striking out the words "of a bank or."

Also to repeal section 368 of the Consolidated Municipal Act of 1883 which allows the council to grant exemptions.

The exemptions it is proposed to let stand are, those above retained as to officers in actual service in the regular army, municipal debentures, shares in railways, rental and the following:

Sec. 6 sub-sec. 1 property belonging to or vested in the Crown.

(3) Churches and grounds and burying grounds.

(4) Public educational institutions as universities, colleges, high schools, &c.

(5) Public school houses, municipal halls, court houses, gaols, houses of correction, lock-up houses and public hospitals, with the land attached and personal property.

(6) Roads.

(7) Municipal property.

(8) Penitentiary, Central Prison and Reformatory.

(9) Industrial farms, poor houses, almshouses, orphan asylums, houses of industry, lunatic asylums and houses for the reformation of offenders and their real and personal property.

(10) The property of public libraries, mechanics' institutes and other public literary or scientific institutions, agricultural and horticultural societies, it actually occupied.

(11) Personal property and income of the Governor-General and Lieut.-Governor.

(13) Dominion or provincial pensions of $200 a year and under.

(14) Grain, &c., *in transitu.*

(15) Farmers' income from farm, and income of merchants, mechanics or other persons derived from capital liable to assessment.

(20) Personal property equal to the debts due on account of the same.

(21) The net personal property of any person if the same is under $100 in value.

(22) The annual income of any person to $400; if over $1,000 no exemption, and exemption to be confined to individuals.

(25) Household effects of whatever kind, books and wearing apparel.

"Your petitioners also pray that the effect of the Act of 1880 may be made free from all doubt that all incorporated companies, local or foreign, doing business in any municipality, may be assessed at their offices or agencies in the municipality along with their managers or agents in the municipality, for their income received in the municipality within the meaning of the Assessment Act, and may be compelled to give all necessary information to the Assessor to enable such assessment to be made, and that all plant and property of companies and persons, placed or erected in the public streets of cities and towns, be assessable to such companies or persons in the same manner as personal property in said cities and towns.

"That it is unjust that the salaries of Dominion officials should escape municipal taxation, and your petitioners request that your honorable House will take such steps as may lead to such salaries being taxed.

"That the lands attached to exempted institutions be strictly limited.

"Your petitioners also pray that the Bill introduced at your last session by Mr. Badgerow be passed as modified hereby.

"And your petitioners will ever pray."

* The matter quoted is that which it is desired to strike out the various subjects of the law now in force.

The above indicates rather what may be possible than what is desirable.

FROM THE VICINITY.

What the "British Whig" Correspondents Have to Say on a Variety of Subjects.

Foot of the Island.

The people of this place will hold their annual tea-meeting in the M. E. Church on Wednesday evening, February 18th.—W. LaShea and C. Easton, from Gananoque, were on the Island visiting last week.—W. W. Bamford is visiting his relatives in Watertown.—John Niles has removed back to his farm; he has been living for the past three years at Sand Bay, N.Y.—Myron Lingenfelter and family have left the island. They will live at St. Lawrence, N.Y., the coming summer.—Sylvia Woodman, Fanny Horne and Amelia Cox, all have been visiting friends at Sand Bay.

Latimer Lines.

The young people of this vicinity have started a series of entertainments familiarly known as "Penny Readings," in Latimer school-house, the first of which was to have taken place on Thursday evening, Jan. 29th.—We regret to learn of the continued illness of H. V. Lyon. Dr. Dupuis is in attendance.—On Sunday evening, Jan. 25th, a large congregation assembled in the Methodist church and listened to an able discourse by the Rev. Mr. Olivant.—Latimer seems to have great attractions for the young men of the surrounding country.—An oyster supper was held at Mr. James Empey's residence on Friday evening, Feb. 6th. The proceeds go towards paying for the organ lately purchased for the church by the young folk.

Parham Jottings.

Mr. Hartman has announced an oyster supper and ball for the 1st of the month.—A detachment of the Salvation Army, under the command of Lieutenant Cronk, has laid siege to Parham. It is stated that nearly seventy souls have been saved.—Mrs. Jones has returned to her home in Toronto.—On Thursday of last week an oyster supper and tea was given at the residence of John Hamilton. A very lengthy programme, consisting of vocal and instrumental music, speeches, etc., was rendered in a very creditable manner. The vocal talent displayed by Miss Benn and the remarks of Mr. Bertrim were highly eulogised. The proceeds of the entertainment, $27, will be applied towards clearing the debt off the church.

Wolfe Island Facts.

A surprise party was held at R. Moore's on Monday night. About twenty couples were present. Dancing formed the principal feature. At 12 o'clock the company adjourned to the dining room, and after doing justice to the good things provided, dancing was resumed and kept up till half past three o'clock.—John Friend is ill. Mrs. S. Going is recovering. The people of the English Church want to know when they are going to have a minister. Since the resignation of Mr. Godfrey there has only been four or five services held.—A surprise party was held at Geo. Wills on Tuesday.—Mrs. George Horne is very ill. J. Pyke is attending the Dominion Business College.—The Orange Lodge intend holding an oyster supper and dance on Monday, 15th.—Misses Watts and Moore are visiting friends at Elginburg.

SMUGGLING AT WORK.

How Operations are Carried on Over the Ice Bridge—Encounter With Smugglers.

Brockville, Ont., Feb. 7.—The formation of a good solid ice bridge at this place is generally regarded as an auspicious event by a large majority of the residents on both sides of the line, as it affords excellent opportunities for the easy interchange of business relations. It is also very favorably received by the *genus* smuggler, whose name at the present time in Brockville at least seems to be legion. The principal commodity figuring in nocturnal transit is coal oil, a good quality of which can be purchased in Morristown, less than two miles distant for 12 cents per gallon, while the Canadians who observe the inland revenue laws, are paying for the same amount 40 cents. This naturally creates a boom in the smuggling business and while a few gallons occasionally fail to arrive at their destination on this side, it is safe to say that for every gallon caught, fifty gallons are safely landed. This is easily explained by the fact that there are three officers here who cannot be expected to watch fifteen miles of coast. The three officers alluded to, Messrs. Stewart, Simpson and Stayner, had a some what exciting experience the other night. They stationed themselves on the river bank during the evening and at first caught no larger game than a number of small boys, each with his can of oil. The oil was poured out and the boys allowed to go. Later on, however, a one-horse sleigh came in sight. Stewart went out to meet it and upon being seen three men on the sleigh attempted to turn the horse around and go back. The officer prevented this move by jumping on the sleigh, but was in turn knocked out by a savage blow from one of the smugglers. At this juncture the other two officers went to Stewart's assistance, when the smugglers left their horse and fled into town, escaping by the back streets. The horse went off alone, and was followed by the officers into a yard, where it was seized with the sleigh and five large oil cans. Stewart talks of entering a vigorous prosecution against his assailant, who is known. The horse, sleigh and coal oil were subsequently sold by the customs authorities.

A RELIGIOUS FANATIC.

He Would Rather Pray Than Build Fires—Result of a Reprimand.

Vicennes, Ind., Feb. 7.—While Henry Strottman, religious fanatic, was praying last evening for the recovery of his four children, ill with scarlet fever, the wife remarked that it he would build a fire he would do more service than by praying. Strottman became enraged, beat his wife fatally, and clubbed his aged father-in-law to death. The murderer was arrested after barely bruising the city marshal.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years. W. H. MOORE."

Durham, Ia., March 2, 1882.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

CAUTION!

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE - OTHER - GENUINE.

December 3.

NEW GOODS.

Fancy Japanned Coal Scuttles,
Coal Tongs,
Setts Fire Irons,
Spark Guards,
Japanned Bird Cage,

—AT—

Horsey's Hardware Store,
PRINCESS STREET.

Nov. 5.

At "The Central Dispensary"

You will find the LARGEST AND FINEST LINE of

Artists' Novelties for Decorating

To be found in Central Canada.

— INSPECTION INVITED —

A. P. CHOWN

Druggist. 124 Princess St.

See the "Utility" sketching Box, the finest made

Dec. 8

NEW OPENING OF

R. Barry & Son,

No. 12 Market Square, near Inland Revenue Office.

TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters, Plumbing, &c.

The advertisers are prepared to execute all orders in the above branches.

N.B.—Brazing a specialty.

Dec. 13

Robinson's Carriage Works

HEADQUARTERS FOR

FINE SLEIGHS.

G. W. Robinson.

Jan. 26.

AMERICAN BOTTLING CO.

HINDS BROS.,
Manufacturers of

GINGER ALE, BIRCH BEER, SARSAPARILLA, LEMONADA.

SOLE AGENTS FOR OSWEGO DEEP ROCK.

Orders from private families received and promptly filled. Fountains filled promptly at the South side of Market Square.

June 25.

Kingston Roller Skating Rink,

Newly built for the purpose, with all modern improvements and conveniences. Ample skating Room; seats for 1200 people. Best approved skates kept on hand. Open every day except Sundays 10 to 12 a.m.; 2:30 to 5:00 p.m., and 7:00 to 10:00 p.m.

General Admission, Evenings.....15c
" " Mornings & Afternoons..10c
Combination Tickets, 8 admissions.....$1
Use of Skates (each session).....10c

Special instructions to ladies and children mornings and afternoons, by competent skaters who will at all times be strictly maintained.

Oct. 29

TO YOUNG WOMEN!

RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMEN desiring information as to EMPLOYMENT, &c., can apply at the Young Women's Christian Association Rooms, corner of Brock and King streets, where they will find those interested in their welfare.

January 31.

Y. M. C. A.

READING ROOM, formerly the Mission Hall in Martin's Block, corner Princess and Montreal sts. Free to young men from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Bible-Class Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

January

MONEY TO LEND.

Money to Lend at Lowest Rates.—ROBERT SHAW, Princess Street.

Agent for the Lombard Investment Company. Best of security for investors; payments secured; full information as to investments given.

Nov. 30th.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

PARTIES requiring their premises renovated will find it to their advantage to employ me. I want it for my land, therefore I work reasonable. Orders sent to G.S.L.D., Williamsville Post, will be promptly attended to.

January 28.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S

VEGETABLE COMPOUND

IS A POSITIVE CURE

For all of those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best FEMALE POPULATION.

IT WILL CURE ENTIRELY THE WORST FORM OF FEMALE COMPLAINTS, ALL OVARIAN TROUBLES, INFLAMMATION AND ULCERATION, FALLING AND DISPLACEMENTS, AND THE CONSEQUENT SPINAL WEAKNESS, AND IS PARTICULARLY ADAPTED TO THE CHANGE OF LIFE.

IT WILL DISSOLVE AND EXPEL TUMORS FROM THE UTERUS IN AN EARLY STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. THE TENDENCY TO CANCEROUS HUMORS THERE IS CHECKED VERY SPEEDILY BY ITS USE.

IT REMOVES FAINTNESS, FLATULENCY, DESTROYS ALL CRAVING FOR STIMULANTS, AND RELIEVES WEAKNESS OF THE STOMACH. IT CURES BLOATING, HEADACHE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, GENERAL DEBILITY, DEPRESSION AND INDIGESTION.

THAT FEELING OF BEARING DOWN, CAUSING PAIN, WEIGHT AND BACKACHE, IS ALWAYS PERMANENTLY CURED BY ITS USE.

IT WILL AT ALL TIMES AND UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES ACT IN HARMONY WITH THE LAWS THAT GOVERN THE FEMALE SYSTEM.

ITS PURPOSE IS SOLELY FOR THE LEGITIMATE HEALING OF DISEASE, AND THE RELIEF OF PAIN, AND THAT IT DOES ALL IT CLAIMS FOR IT THOUSANDS OF LADIES CAN GLADLY TESTIFY.

FOR THE CURE OF KIDNEY COMPLAINTS IN EITHER SEX THIS COMPOUND IS UNSURPASSED.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sold by all druggists. Sent by mail, postage paid, in form of Pills or Lozenges on receipt of price as above. Mrs. Pinkham's "Guide to Health," will be mailed free to any Lady sending Stamp. Letters confidentially answered.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

Business Cards.

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ADAM M'ARTHUR, ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, &c. Office Clarence Street, near King St.

WM. NEWLANDS, JR., ARCHITECT, Ford's Block, Brock-street, second floor.

POWER AND SON, ARCHITECTS and Building Surveyors. Office, Wellington-street, Kingston.

M. J. BROWN, M.D., PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c. Office and residence Gordon Street, near Princess Street.

J. H. BETTS, M.D., MEMBER of Royal College of Surgeons, Eng. Office—Wellington Street, opposite the Golden Lion Grocery.

JOHN STRANGE, LL.B., SOLICITOR, &c. Office—Clarence Street, opposite the Post Office. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest current rates.

WALKEM & WALKEM, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, &c., Kingston, opposite the Post Office. RICHARD WALKEM. | JOSEPH B. WALKEM

L. CLEMENTS, DENTIST, directly opposite the Post Office Wellington Street. Established in Kingston 1866.

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