OPERA HOUSE

It's Funny! Very, Very, Very Funny!

SATURDAY, MARCH 13th, '85.

The Comedy Sensation of Modern Times! FOWLER & WARMINGTON'S COMPANY in

SKIPPED

BY THE LIGHT OF THE MOON.

The play that has made all America Laugh, with FRED. LENNOX, WALTER LENNOX, Jr., and a Brilliant Coterie of Comedians.

PRICES:—75, 50 and 25 cents.

March 11.

KINGSTON ROLLER RINK,

FRIDAY, MARCH 13th.

The Great New York and Boston sensation.

"D-O-L-L-Y"

The only horse in the world that skates on Rollers and performs other tricks. A live horse performance on skates commences at 8:15.

Skating before and after the exhibition.

Admission 25c.

W. J. HERON, Manager.

March 9.

TO LET.

ON MOREAU STREET, A ROUGH-CAST HOUSE; stables and large yard attach'd. Possession 1st May. J. BAJUS.

STONE HOUSE on Earl Street, now occupied by M. Sutherland, Esq. Possession May 1st. THOS. MOORE.

STONE HOUSE on Brock Street, from May 1st. Has 12 rooms, bath room, stable, etc. Apply to DR. FOWLER, at the adjoining house.

RESIDENCE ON BROCK STREET—A double Brick House, opposite Victoria Park. Rent moderate. Apply upon the premises.

TO-RENT from the 1st of May next, the Handsome Dwelling, 151 Earl Street, at present occupied by G. S. Fenwick, Esq. Apply to R. & J. GALDINER.

HOUSE TO LET, 236 Alfred Street, newly papered and painted all through; also a Corner Lot for sale—a splendid site for a store. Apply on the premises.

THE STORE ON WELLINGTON STREET, occupied by Nugent & Taylor; a good business stand. Possession given on the 1st May; also a quantity of Tinsmith Tools for sale. SARAH E. ALLEN.

A LARGE BRICK HOUSE—Containing 11 rooms; one door above Wilson's Livery. Also No. 97½ Queen Street at present occupied by Mrs. Nimmo. Apply to T. C. WILSON, Livery Office.

STONE HOUSE, corner of Princess and Division Streets, adjoining Vaughn Terrace, with ample garden room, and accommodations for stabling, etc. Possession May 1st. Apply at the WHIG office.

TWO STONE HOUSES on Charles Street, containing six and seven rooms respectively, very comfortable; wood sheds, cellars and cisterns; large yard. Rent low to respectable families. Apply to R. E. SPARKS, Princess St., or to John Murray, Charles Street.

A GOOD HOUSE on Union St., near Drill Shed, containing six rooms, newly improved; folding doors, beautifully painted, grained and papered; soft and hard water pumps, shed. ALSO A SMALL HOUSE, in good order, containing four rooms; possession given immediately. Apply to MRS. H. CRUMLEY, on the premises.

FROM 1st May next, that handsome 3 storey BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, corner of Johnson and Barrie Streets, at present occupied by Robt. Ford, Esq. House in first-class condition—all modern conveniences. Rent very moderate to desirable tenant. Apply to A. CRAWFORD, Division Street, or R. CRAWFORD, foot of Queen Street. March 8.

WANTED.

TWO GENTLEMEN can be accomodated with PRIVATE BOARD by applying at 286 Queen St., above Barrie.

A HOUSEKEEPER; good references. Middle aged woman. J. CORRIGAN, Ontario St.

PHOSPHATE MINERS on or about April 15th. For particulars address JOSEPH HARRIS, Foreman, Sharbot Lake.

FOR SALE.

A NICE HOME, with eight rooms and two acres of good land; fruit trees, barns, sheds, good cellar and well, a good summer residence. For sale on easy terms. Apply at WHIG office. Feb. 13.

DON'T

Y pay the high prices some city dealers are asking for their Furs when

YOU

Can buy at the BOSTON HAT & FUR STORE on Wellington Street, the same identical class of goods for about 25 per cent. less.

DO

You want a Fur Collar and Cuffs for either a lady or gentleman. Compare our Prices with those of other houses and note the difference.

IT

Will pay all intending purchasers to call and examine our stock, which embraces everything desirable in the line of Furs, and as we manufacture many of our own goods, we are in a position to give perfect satisfaction as regards quality, workmanship and price.

BOSTON HAT STORE,

Wellington St.

Dec. 19.

OPERA HOUSE

FISH AND OYSTER MARKET.

ARRIVED TO-DAY.

Fresh lot of those CELEBRATED JIBCOES, and consignment of FRESH LOBSTERS which we are selling at 10 cents each.

W. H. Carnovsky

March 19th.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

—OF—

USEFUL & FANCY GOODS

—AT—

"THE MUSEUM."

Call and be convinced that this is the best selected and cheapest lot of goods ever offered in this city.

HOTEL KEEPERS and others requiring Toothpicks by the case or in less quantities can be supplied at Low Prices.

E. MOORE.

March 3.

F. C. MARSHALL,

Upholsterer and Cabinet Maker.

Furniture repaired and re-stuffed or made to order.

Carpets laid.

Next to ROBINSON'S CARRIAGE WORKS,

March 2. Princess Street.

SELLING OFF!

For the Next Three Weeks the balance of WINTER UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, MITTS, &c., will be sold at Cost & Under.

Splendid Stock of New Ties and Shirts just received.

J. R. RATTENBURY,

230 PRINCESS STREET,

March 3. Opposite Windsor Hotel.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to NOON OF SATURDAY, the 13th inst., for the several trades required in the erection of a Brick Residence in this city for John Conlay, Esq.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at our office.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

POWER & SON, Architects,

March 6. Golden Lion Block.

REMOVAL.

ROBERT SHAW has removed his office from Princess Street to Wellington Street, near corner Brock.

March 3.

Daily British Whig

KINGSTON GERRYMANDER.

Mr. J. H. Metcalfe, local member for Kingston, has, in an address before the Young Conservatives of Toronto, attacked the gerrymander of the township of Kingston into the city for provincial electoral purposes. He claims that it was done to make the constituency absolutely safe for Reform candidates. If such be the case it is utterly unknown to the Reformers of Kingston, for they never asked for the change, and so far from being consulted about it, did not, so far as was ever heard, know of it until the plan appeared in the daily papers after introduction to parliament. Being entirely innocent of any knowledge or design they are not obligated to defend it, but yet distinctly repudiate the idea that they had not the courage and strength within themselves as a city organization to win the constituency back to the Reform principles it proudly carried for eight years, after a quarter of a century of blind and profitless support of clique rule which left Kingston poorer, duller and more despised year by year. The government, in increasing the size of the constituency, have most assuredly equalized the representation, while disturbing old electoral lines as little as possible. What more can be desired in the public interest? The gerrymander is defensible, not so the hiving scheme of the Dominion premier. While the representative politicians of this section had a right to be consulted, and were for the third conspicuous occasion of late years improperly ignored by the powers that be, they can with a show of great justice defend the new adjustment.

THE LABOUR MOVEMENT.

All eyes are turned these days to the news of strikes and labour difficulties, the records of which are filling columns in the papers. Labor appears to be getting the best of it, and must in time assume a power which the capitalists cannot insult or ignore. And it is this thought which puts man to philosophizing upon the possibilities of the future.

"The time must come," says the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, the special friend of the workingmen, "when stubbornness and prejudice on either side will count for less than they do now. It is not a question of the personal triumph of this man or that, of this class or that, but of the welfare of people who are striving to make this country what it should be. As there is a chance that the workingman of this day may become the employers of the next generation, hope for fair settlement is based on that chance on that possibility or probability. If representative workingmen of this generation achieve such measures of success as will make them the employers in the next, their experience and their sympathy ought to do much toward bringing about better relations between employer and employee. There is certainly more disposition now among corporations and capitalists to treat labor considerately than there was twenty or thirty years ago. This progressive movement will continue unless under bad advice the labor associations make so grave a mistake as to produce a reaction. This, we believe, the intelligent workingmen will prevent."

"There is no doubt of this fact, that at the present moment the capitalists are filled with anxiety quite as much as the men they employ, and there are indiscreet ones among all classes of people. No one can dispute the unwisdom of Hon. Frank Smith's action in discharging the drivers and conductors of the Toronto street railway simply because they joined the Knights of Labour. The men made no demands upon the company, they had done nothing to offend, and the effort to crush out their hopes and aspirations, to grind them under the heels of a merciless monopoly because they banded together for mutual benefit, has not and will not win the applause of the Toronto people.

Jay Gould a couple of years ago lent his countenance to schemes calculated to be most disastrous to the employees of many railroads, and one misfortune followed another, depreciating the value of his stocks, until many millions were gone, and the tour around the world he planned had to be abandoned though the ship was provisioned and everything made already for a start.

Yes, capitalists as well as labourers have made their blunders and they have reaped the penalties. Perhaps the great armies on both sides will now become more respectful of each other's interests, and that day may not be so far away, of which Dr. Lyman Abbott spoke, when co-operation will be the watchword, and the riches of this world flow more evenly and with less discrimination.

MORE OF MR. DUFF'S CIVILITY.

The Editor, British Whig.

Dear Sir,—By report from the General Hospital Mr. John Duff figures largely in turning out aged objects of charity in mid-winter and upon the uncertain compassion of the city. What authority has he to rule both that institution and the House of Industry?

Tenders being called for, for the supply of bread for the latter institute, and mine being the lowest, he, Mr. John Duff, objected to it on the ground that it was not in on time.

There was no specified time in the public prints, and my tender was in one full week before the board met. He insisted that Mr. Swanston should get it at my price if he would accept of it, which he did, and I was not notified until the 9th of the month.

Can you tell me why Mr. Duff is allowed to act in this manner regarding the charitable institutions of Kingston?—Respectfully yours,

R. McCAMMON, SR.

March 12th.

MANUFACTURERS WILL NOT CAVE.

Troy, N. Y., March, 12.—Three mills at Cohoes where the spinners did not strike, have been ordered by the manufacturers' association to shut down to-morrow. One manufacturer says that if the spinners wages were all that were involved the strike could be satisfactorily settled, but the manufacturers claim to have a knowledge that the finishers, ribbers, and card room operators are prepared to submit a schedule of increased wages, and they would rather fight it out now than have affairs unsettled all summer. Both sides holding secret meetings and remain firm.

AFFAIRS OF THE WORLD

THE TELEGRAMS FROM THE EARTH'S FOUR QUARTERS BRIEFLY GIVEN.

The Little Things That Affect Canadians—Flashes from Europe and what they Portend—A Little of Everything Easily Read and Remembered.

A petroleum well has been struck near Sunkim.

After her London season Patti will return to Paris and marry Nicolini.

A wealthy resident of Milo recently hanged himself in the Casino garden.

The German colonial union has voted 50,000 marks for exploration in Brazil.

John P. Hildroth, treasurer of Stowe, Mass., is missing, leaving $20,000 deficiency in the accounts.

St. Catharines, Ont., wants a dry dock and turning basin on the new canal in the east end of the city.

Business failures for the past week, as reported to R. G. Dun & Co., for U. S. 214, for Canada 27, or a total of 233.

A collision on the Grand Trunk RR., near St. Anne's bridge, on Wednesday, smashed one engine and numerous cars.

Messrs. Chamberlain and Healy deny the intrigues attributed to them for the overthrow of Messrs. Gladstone and Parnell.

Victoria, B.C., is reported to be growing like a mushroom. There is quite a boom in real estate in and around the city.

Mrs. Williamson, St. Catharines, fainted and pulled a lamp over on the floor. The house caught fire and was burned down.

The fight between Dempsey and Lablanche did not come off last night. The men were too closely pressed by the authorities.

The steamer John L. Hasbrouck arrived at Poughkeepsie this morning from New York. Navigation is open for the season.

The official report of a collision, on the railway between Monte Carlo and Menton, on Wednesday, places the number killed at four.

A fire occurred this morning among cotton in a railway station at Oldham and destroyed $350,000 worth of goods. One fireman killed.

Intense excitement is created in Madrid by the rumour that Queen Regent Christina has given premature birth to a still-born child.

The dime savings bank, New Brunswick has been closed by the Secretary of State. Arthur Ogilsby, treasurer, is short in the accounts $80,000.

It is reported that the Toronto street car company engaged 200 men in Montreal, but the Knights of Labor there prevented them from coming.

The live stock men of Chicago propose to force an issue between themselves and the dressed beef shippers by taking the dispute into the courts.

Mrs. Gummow, demented wife of a farmer of Scales Mound, Ill., set fire to her bed clothes, stepped into the flames, and was burned to death.

The body of Haines, Montreal fireman, who perished in a conflagration of Wednesday, was found in a pile of rubbish in the basement.

Louise Michel and others will call a great meeting of Socialists for the 18th inst., the anniversary of the outbreak of 1871, which was the precursor of the Commune.

It is probable that the English War Office will establish an agency in Canada for the purchase of 3,000 horses annually for the British cavalry.

A Hungarian nobleman, ruined at the tables, stabbed himself. His body was thrown from a window and fell upon a keeper, who has gone mad.

Our $3.50 pants, two pair for $6.75, to order, are undoubtedly the best value ever offered in the city. Call and see our large assortment of patterns. C. Livingston & Bro.

Michael Charbonneau, Montreal, butcher, swallowed Paris Green, and after passing several hours in agony, died before his wife and children. Cause depression of spirits and want of employment.

The British War office is considering the establishment of an agency for the regular purchase of cavalry horses in Canada for use in the British army. The project contemplates the purchase of 3,000 horses annually.

The two great powder mills of the Gambo Powder Co., 11 miles from Portland, Me., blew up yesterday. Clarence Clarey, of Gorham, was killed. Henry Hooper, of South Windham, was terribly mangled and cannot survive.

The largest steel rifle breech loading gun ever made on the American continent is now at the navy yard, Washington. It is an 8-inch gun, nearly 30 ft. in length, and carries a ball weighing 250 lbs. and a charge of powder of half that weight.

The residence of John Armstrong, of Carpout, was destroyed by fire yesterday. The old man, aged 80, was knocked down. He reached a window and when partly out the sash fell and caught his leg. He remained suspended till his left leg and arm were burnt to a crisp. His face was badly burned also.

A boy named Charles, 13 years of age, was lynched at Hampton court house, S. C., yesterday for assaulting Mrs. Gideon Santz with an axe and robbing her. The boy said a negro waiting maid induced him to commit the crime. She was arrested, and may share the fate of the boy.

4:30 O'CLOCK EDITION.

A GREAT SNOW STORM.

Denver, March 12.—A severe snow and wind storm struck Colorado early yesterday morning. Fifteen inches of snow fell.

A FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 12.—The Chicago Cottage organ factory was burned, and two hundred men are thrown out. Loss $50,000.

A CARELESS ACT.

Akron, Ohio, March 12.—John Wilson carelessly threw a quantity of powder into a stove in a grocery store yesterday. The explosion shattered the building frightfully burning Wilson and three others. All will probably die.

MADE UP A TRAIN.

St. Louis, March 12.—The officials of the Missouri & Pacific succeeded in making up a freight train this morning without encountering any serious opposition from the strikers, and at 11.45 o'clock it left for the south.

AN EX-PRESIDENT IN DANGER.

Albany, March 12.—A New York special says ex-President Arthur is hopelessly ill at his residence. He has been in failing health for some months. Hope has been abandoned. The life of the ex-President may not be prolonged beyond a week.

DEMPSEY THE VICTOR.

New York, March 12.—The *Graphic* says Jack Dempsey, the champion middle weight of America, George Lablanche, better known as "Marine," fought 16 hard contested rounds in a barn near Harrison, on the New York and New Haven road early this morning, ending in a victory for Dempsey. Both men were punished.

THEY HANGED THEM ANYWAY.

New Orleans, March 12.—At 7:30 o'clock this morning, when the keeper made an attempt to arouse Ford and Murphy, who were sentenced to be hanged to-day, they could not wake them up. After an examination the physicians concluded that the men had taken belladona. The governor ordered the men to be executed, notwithstanding their condition. The were hanged at 12:30 p.m.

THE MOTION ON RIEL

Mr. Landry Playing into the Hands of the Government—First Day's Fares.

Ottawa, March 12.—At the meeting of the house yesterday Mr. Landry moved his resolution anent Riel. The motion was: "That this house feels it its duty to express its deep regret that the sentence of death passed upon Louis Riel, convicted of high treason, was allowed to be carried into execution." He delivered his remarks in French manuscript. He was so careful to say nothing but what was strictly in accordance with the "little stratagem" that he read straight through from manuscript.

The speech fell flat, there being only one weak attempt at applause throughout, and it strengthened the hitherto formed opinion that Mr. Landry was in collusion with the government.

Towards the close of Mr. Landry's speech Sir Hector Langevin was noticeably restless, preparing to take the floor. Almost before the speaker had ceased reading the resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Labrosse, the minister of public works was on his feet.

After a long harrangue Sir Hector said "Though there is French blood in my veins and I represent the old population of Quebec, it was my duty as a minister of the crown to uphold the law and let justice take its course. Therefore in order that there be no side issues on this question and that it comes to a square vote I move, seconded by Sir Adolphe Caron, the previous question."

The effect of this motion is to shut out all amendments. A straight vote will now have to be taken on Mr. Landry's resolution.

Col. Amyot followed. He closed a speech of three hours and twenty minute with the following reasons for supporting Mr. Landry's motion:

1. Because, the treatment of the halfbreeds has been most unfair and unjust. The alleged settlement of the claims, in vain asked for many years, has been delayed for seven years, and has resulted in a sham, or rather a spoliation, by means of scrip. We have virtually gratuitously given to strangers over 2,000 farms belonging to the halfbreeds.

2. The insurrection was provoked by the culpable neglect of the duty of the ministry. It was not due to the halfbreeds, but to the white speculators, in whose hands the halfbreeds have been mere instruments.

3. The insurrection would have been avoided if our troops had not fired first, or if the half-breeds had been approached by friendly messengers.

4. Riel gave himself up under the promise that he would be protected until the government should have decided his case, and not the courts.

5. He was tried for high treason and punished for murder.

6. He was refused necessary delays and the means of procuring necessary witnesses.

7. He was recommended by the jury to the clemency of the court.

8. He was most cruelly respited.

9. The government witheld important documents concerning his case.

10. The government failed to procure competent translators.

11. The trial took place far from the place of the offence, before a jury of six men of different creed and race, the crown eliminating the only jurymen of his creed. Such a law should have been changed at the past session.

12. Riel's madness, upon which the ministers themselves appeared to be doubtful, seems abundantly proved, and is evident from his doings and sayings, from his past admitted madness, from the absurdity of the rebellion itself, and even from the report of the medical commission.

13. Riel was recommended to mercy and it must have been on account of the doubts entertained as to his sanity.

14. The voice of the people praying for clemency should have been preferred to the voice of those asking for blood.

15. The order for hanging seems to be the result of a cool calculation of the political influences and results it would have on the political opinion of the country.

16. Riel was tried for a political offence and civilized nations no more hang for such offences. (Applause.)

Mr. Amyot was cheered by the "bolters" and oppositionists. His language was violent at times, especially towards Sir Hector Langevin and Sir Adolphe Caron, and left no doubt as to the position of himself and his dissenting colleagues towards the government.

A motion by Mr. Royal to adjourn the debate was carried.

MR. STUDD AT QUEEN'S

He Puts a Few Points in a Manner Calculated to Impress the Students.

Mr. J. E. K. Studd, graduate of Cambridge University, England, who has been travelling over this continent addressing students in the many colleges, reached the city yesterday and spoke to the students on two occasions. Mr. Studd is very unassuming in manner and speech. He is about 28 years of age, dresses plainly, has black hair and moustache, and in some respects reminds one of the manager of the most thriving of our local industries. At the service at 4 o'clock he reviewed the work of Moody and Sankey in the English universities, and spoke of the labors of the seven collegians who had given themselves and their fortunes to the advance of Christianity in China. Letters from that distant land conveyed the information that there were too many Christians "guarding the stuff" and not enough of fighting soldiers. He endeavored to show that a love of athletics and a love of Christianity were not incompatible. At the evening service, in Convocation Hall, the attendance was not large. After singing and prayer Mr. Studd made a short address from the trial of Christ before Pontius Pilate, and the people's choice between the Saviour and Barabbas. The trial was a great mockery. It was wonderful that Jesus submitted to it, and it was more wonderful to think that He was standing at the bar of every man's heart waiting to see what judgment would be passed by them. The choice lay between Christ and Barabbas. The condemned criminal had one opportunity and he made use of it. Man was like him. God offered them an opportunity and he hoped no one would make a mistake about it. Two thieves hung upon Calvary with Christ. One was saved the other lost. Both were low in sin, yet the difference was caused by one laying his sins on Jesus, and the other bearing them himself. Men to-day can take either position. The question they had to decide was, "What shall I do with Jesus?" The speaker had accepted Him because it was the best thing he could do; because in Christ he found rest and satisfaction; because He was the best leader and because He was always a friend. If people lived apart from Christ on earth they would be excused from enjoying the hereafter with Him. Before the service concluded Mr. Studd expressed himself as pleased with Queen's University. He greatly desired to remain but he was called elsewhere.

His private talks with the students were most effective, and they were supplemented by the good advice of Dr. Grant.

Cheap Breakfast.

Fresh eggs, 20c. per doz.; fresh haddock, 5c. per lb.; fresh codfish, 5c. per per lb.; fresh herring, 15c. per doz.; fresh whitefish, 9c. per lb.; finnan haddie, 10c. per lb. Jas. Crawford.

Mr. Grant has been appointed head clerk in Hendry & Thompson's store.

THE STRIKERS EXCITED.

THE SCENES IN TORONTO AND ST. LOUIS—DAMAGE IS BEING DONE.

The Outlook at Cohoes—Montreal Plasterers Can Stand Out—Running Street Cars Under Difficulties—The Destruction of Property in St. Louis—Other Paragraphs.

Cohoes, N.Y., March 12.—Out of 24 cotton mills here there are but two in full operation. The Cohoes manufacturers will transfer their orders to mills in Amsterdam. Should this be done the Knights of Labor will, it is said, order all the mills at that place to be closed at once. The strike inaugurated affects directly about one-third of the population of the city and indirectly a greater part. And it extends to other mills and towns not concerned in the grievances of the strikes. The knit goods manufacturers have a union of their own, it seems, which requires all to stop when one is forced to stop. The forfeiture of $5,000 is attached to non-compliance with this agreement.

SCENE IN TORONTO.

Toronto, March 12.—At 9:30 a.m., a car appeared on the street car line manned by a dozen policemen started. The track was obstructed by coal carts, express and railway lorries. Crowds filled the streets and hooted and yelled. At the Custom House a railway lorry laden with goods was standing directly across the track. A policeman jumped off the car and tried to urge the horses of the lorry forward, and while doing this the crowd saw their advantage and several sprang forward unhitched the car and sent them off on a gallop to the stables amidst tremendous cheers. During the excitement a young man named Harry McKnight received a severe blow on the head from a policeman's baton making the blood flow freely. Shortly after 10 o'clock another car was started. A dozen policemen again boarded it and mounted policemen rode in front and rear.

At King street a dozen coal carts blocked the way for a time, but they were at last compelled to move off the track. Opposite the *Globe* office a determined rush was made by the crowd and a free fight ensued. The police used their batons with telling effect. The crowd retaliated by throwing bricks and mud. Sergeant Somerville was knocked over by an express waggon which ran over both his legs. He is not seriously injured. Sergeant Williamson was wounded in the head by a blow from a brick.

Three ringleaders were arrested, their names being Wm. Hunt, Edwin Morgan and Eugene Moran. Peaceable citizens are talking of preferring a request that the militia be called out.

2 p.m.—A few cars are now running on both the Queen and Yonge street routes. Each is manned by three or four policemen. For the present law has triumphed over rowdyism.

NO GOOD CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED.

Grand Master Workman Powderly sent a telegram to the receiver of the Texas and Pacific Railroad last night to meet with a committee selected by the general executive board of the Knights of Labor to arbitrate for a settlement of the difficulties. Receiver Brown replied that the road had no differences with its employees, and he does not see that any good could be accomplished by the proposed arbitration.

TRAINS RESUMED RUNNING.

St. Louis, March 12.—The St. Louis & San Francisco R.R. is to-day running over the Missouri Pacific tracks without opposition. The Missouri Pacific hope to move freight trains to-day. The Knights are still confident.

St. Louis, (2:30 p.m.) March 12.—Further news from Desoto now says every engine there is wrecked, and the mob has possession of the place.

Chicago, (2:15 p.m.) March 12.—At Desoto, Mo., where the freight trains were side tracked yesterday, there is now a serious riot.

Kansas City, March 12.—The Missouri Pacific will publish to-day an advertisement for men to work in its shops, yards and round houses, at St. Louis and other points, without reference to their past or present relations to the company or to any society, secret or otherwise. Those accepting will be paid wages at the schedule rates adopted a year ago.

EFFECT OF A VALENTINE.

Salem, Mass., March 12.—The Knights of Labor are disgusted with a strike they have been asked to settle at McKean's factory. Last week a girl was discharged, and on Monday the 200 operatives quit work on the ground that she had been dismissed because she was a Knight of Labor. The proprietors say that she was discharged for impudence. Miss Ramsdell says that Miss Ladd, the forewoman, received a comic valentine three or four weeks ago, and said she would not have to go out of the house to find the sender. She told Miss Ramsdell that "her tongue ran too free," and the next Wednesday Miss Ramsdell received a comic valentine representing a woman with a padlocked mouth. Then followed a row which resulted in the discharge and the strike. The knights say that the strike was supremely silly.

DR. TAYLOR'S PREDICTION.

Chicago, March 11.—While Dr. Taylor was haranguing a small crowd of Socialists last night he said, "Within four days you will see a regiment of Uncle Sam's troops running over the Missouri Pacific in charge of Jay Gould's property." "Well, if they do it," shouted young Texan, who was visiting the meeting, "Jay Gould will have to build new bridges and new culverts. There won't be any of the old road left." This sentiment was applauded to the echo.

WORKING IN HARMONY.

Chicago, March 12.—Joseph Gruenhut, a Socialist, and the recognized leader of the eight hour movement in Chicago says the trade and labour unions, Knights of Labour assemblies, Socialistic and international groups are agitating harmoniously for eight hours as a full legal day's work. Wages are left out of consideration. The trades can arrange that.

PREPARING TO STRIKE.

New York, March 12.—Arrangements are being made for a general strike among the longshoremen on the Lonunion piers, to begin early next week.

PARAGRAPHS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

500 operatives of the Victory cotton mills, Saratoga, struck yesterday.

The troubles between Deacon Richardson and his Brooklyn street railway men have been amicably adjusted.

Nearly 1,000 men went to work at the McCormick reaper establishment, Chicago, yesterday. Everything is quiet in the neighborhood of the works.

Soubrie, the organizer of the strike among the iron workers of Decazerville, has been sentenced to four months' imprisonment.

Steps are being taken to have St. Louis merchants ship goods by the river to New Orleans, and thence to Texas by the Texas & Pacific road, which, it is thought, can be kept open.

The boot and shoemakers' strike in Milwaukee is at an end, and the last of the strikers go to work in the morning. The strikers have secured all they demanded.

All the laborers on both sections of the Missouri Pacific railroad have struck for $1.50 per day. This notice is posted: "No scabs allowed here." On the same poster is a picture of a rope dangling from the limb of a tree.

The members of the different trades unions in Philadelphia have formed a Boycotters' League. The object of the institution is to conduct boycotts only after all other means of dealing with adversaries have failed.

WALSH & STEACY'S FOR NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS!

WHEN YOU GO SHOPPING GO TO THE BEST HOUSE YOU WILL FIND THE

LARGEST STOCK, LOWEST PRICES & GREATEST VARIETY at WALSH & STEACY'S

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

Fully One Hundred Pieces, including ENGLISH, GERMAN and FRENCH GOODS. Nothing but ALL WOOL GOODS, including Stuttgard, Kamgarn, Biarietz and Confection Cloths. Prices from 15c. to $1.50 per yard, 22 to 52 inches wide.

WALSH & STEACY

March 12.

1886. 1886.

SPRING!

We invite your inspection of our Stock, which is complete in every Department.

For Assortment and Value we have surpassed any previous year.

C. LIVINGSTON & BRO.,

THE LEADING CLOTHIERS,

75 AND 77 BROCK STREET

Result of the Vote.

A full report of the election of a treasurer at the Dominion College has been unavoidably crowded out to-day. There were interesting addresses by the candidates and their friends. Mr. R. J. Dickenson was successful by five votes. The defeated candidate, Mr. Scott, gracefully accepted the result. The election has resulted in bringing many good debaters to the front, and in future the Philomathean Society's meetings will be interesting.

Have You Thought about It?

Why suffer a single moment when you can get immediate relief from all internal or external pains by the use of Polson's Nerviline, the great pain cure. Nerviline has never been known to fail in a single case; it cannot fail, for it is a combination of the most powerful pain subduing remedies known. Try a 10 cent sample bottle of Nerviline. You will find Nerviline a sure cure for neuralgia, toothache, headache. Buy and try. Large bottles 25 cents, by all druggists.

Haines & Lockett will show their spring stock of boots and slippers to-morrow.

FINANCE—COMMERCE.

New York Telegraphic Stock Letter.

(*Doran & Wright Co.*)

New York, March 12.—The market is evidently an awaiting one, which the early settlement of the transcontinental fight and the immediate announcement of the Reading reorganization plans will affect favorably, and during the process of backing and filling incidental to the declaration of Reading's independence the room traders are amusing themselves by playing catch-penny or anything they can get. The promise of a settlement to-day of the great syndicate's plan sets operators thinking and bears covering at the close of yesterday's business. The announcement this morning that their plans would not be disclosed until next week started the bears selling and the operators swearing. We believe, however, that when the solemn mystery is cleared up there will be a temporary boom, especially in the coal coal stocks, and notably in D L. & W, and Reading, but to those who have a fair profit on this boom we unhesitatingly say, "Sell; take your profits and wait for a reaction, for we think the announcement will in all probability be followed by a heavy selling movement."—DORAN & WRIGHT Co.

Cotton Market.

Liverpool, March 12.—Cotton, dull. Ups, 4¼; Orleans, 4 15-16.

Oil Market.

(*Doran & Wright Co.*)

New York, March 12.—Opening, 77⅞; highest 78¼; lowest, 77⅛; closing, 78¼.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Mch. 12.—1 p.m.

STOCKS.	ASKED	OFF'D
Bank of Montreal	209	208½
Ontario Bank	112	111½
Bank du Peuple	..	75
Molsons Bank	129	126
Bank of Toronto	196½	195½
Banque Jacques Cartier	..	..
Merchants Bank	122½	121⅞
Quebec	..	..
Union Bank	65	46
Bank of Commerce	122½	122½
Imperial	..	..
Federal Bank	..	..
Can. Pac. R.R.	65⅞	65½
Montreal Telegraph Co.	115½	115
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	61½	60⅞
City Passenger R.R.	132	131
Montreal Gas Co.	196½	195½
Canada Cotton Co.	82½	..
Dundas Cotton Co.	75	65
Ontario Investment	..	..
N. W. Land Co.	78	77
St. Paul M. & M.	..	..

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

(*Doran & Wright Co.*)

Chicago, Mch. 11,—1 p.m.

	RECEIPTS	SHIPMENTS
Flour	7,793	8,514
Wheat	33,710	15,345
Corn	198,633	58,617
Oats	105,934	113,754
Rye	2,845	4,563
Barley	41,216	22,147

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Montreal, Mch. 12.

Flour—Receipts, 700 bbls; sales reported 200. Market quiet and steady; prices unchanged. Quotations:

Patents, 4.25 to 5.25; superior extra, 4.00 to 4.10; extra superfine, 3.85 to 3.95; spring extra, 3.65 to 3.70; superfine, 3.30 to 3.40; strong bakers, 4.15 to 4.90; fine 3.15 to 3.25; middlings, 3.00 to 3.10; Pollards, 2.75 to 2.85; Ontario bags, 1.50 to 1.90; City bags, 2.40 to 2.45 for strong bakers.

Wheat—nom'l; red winter 88 to 90; white 86 to 88; spring 88 to 90.

Corn—59 to 60c.

Peas—66 to 68c.

Oats—32 to 34c.

Barley—50 to 60c.

Rye—65 to 67c.

Oatmeal—4.10 to 4.50.

Cornmeal—2.90 to 3.00.

Pork—13.25 to 14.25.

Lard—9 to 9½c.

Bacon—10 to 11c.

Hams—11 to 12c.

Cheese—6½ to 9¾ as to quality.

Butter—Townships 14 to 21; Morrisburg 12 to 20; Western 10 to 14c.

Eggs—weak and lower; fresh 17 to 18c.

GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET.

(*Doran & Wright Co.*)

CHICAGO, ILL., Mch. 12.—1 p.m.

	APRIL	MAY	JUNE
WHEAT—Opening	$ 80⅜	$ 85⅜	$ 86⅞
Highest	81⅛	85⅞	86⅞
Lowest	80⅜	85⅛	86⅛
Closing	80⅛	85⅜	86⅞
CORN—Opening	37⅞	40½	40½
Highest	37⅞	40½	40½
Lowest	37⅞	40⅛	40⅜
Closing	37⅞	40½	40½
OATS—Opening	29	32½	..
Highest	29	32½	..
Lowest	29	32⅛	..
Closing	29	32½	..
PORK—Opening	10 07½	10 17½	10 25
Highest	10 07½	10 17½	10 25
Lowest	10 07½	10 10	10 17½
Closing	10 07½	10 15	10 22½
LARD—Opening	5 97½	6 02½	6 07½
Highest	6 00	6 05	6 10
Lowest	5 97½	6 02½	6 07½
Closing	6 00	6 05	6 10

AMERICAN STOCK MARKET.

(*Doran & Wright Co.*)

New York, Mch. 12.—2:15 p.m.

STOCKS.	HIG'T	LO'WT	CLO'D
Wabash	11½	10½	10½
North Western	109	108½	108½
Lake Shore	88½	87	87½
Mich. Central	..	..	..
Union Pacific	49⅞	48½	49
Central Pacific	..	..	..
Missouri Pacific	106½	104½	106
N. Y. Central	109½	108½	108½
Western Union	69	64½	65½
Canada Southern	..	..	..
Oregon Trans	31⅞	30	31⅞
Canada Pacific	..	..	..
Texas Pacific	12½	11½	12½
Jersey Central	55½	54½	54½
Phila. & Reading	30½	29½	30½
Del. & Hudson	103	102½	102½
Erie	27⅞	26⅞	26⅞
D. L. & W.	129½	127½	127½
Kansas & Texas	29½	28	28
Denver & Rio Grande	..	..	..
Pacific Mail	53⅞	51½	51½
C. B. & Q.	130½	130½	130½
Rock Island	..	..	..
Illinois Central	141½	140½	140½
Omaha	..	..	..
Louisville & Nash	49½	48½	49½
North West Pref	..	..	..
St. Paul Pref	..	..	..
Wabash Pref	..	..	..
Erie, second	83½	82½	82½
Omaha Pref	..	..	..
W. S. Bonds	..	..	..
Northern Pacific Pref	58½	58	58
Roch. & Pittsburg	..	..	..
L. E. & W.	..	..	..
St. Paul, M. & M.	..	..	..
Ohio Central	..	..	..
St. Paul	92½	91½	91½
Man. Elevated RR	..	..	..
Northern Pacific	..	..	..
Oregon RR. Nav. Co	..	..	..

Madre E. Hijo.

What Does it Mean?

BIRTH.

In Kingston, March 12th, the wife of Edw. J. B. Pense, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On 10th inst., at Picton, George B. Newbery, of Freind, Nebraska, son of the late Robt. Newbury, City Clerk, Belleville, to Florence Victoria, only daughter of A. L. Corkindale, Picton.

Madre E. Hijo.

What Does it Mean?