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Daily British Whig.

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VOL. LV. KINGSTON, CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 15, 1886. NO. 12.

Travelling.

Cunard Line!

Land Route

CUNARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY
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NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL
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FROM PIER No. 40, N.R., NEW YORK

AURANIA.....Saturday, Jan. 16th
OREGON.....Saturday, Jan. 23rd
SERVIA.....Saturday, Jan. 30th
GALLIA.....Saturday, Feb. 6th
AURANIA.....Saturday, Feb, 13th
OREGON.....Saturday, Feb. 20th
SERVIA.....Saturday, Feb 27th
GALLIA.....Saturday, Mch. 6th

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Cabin—$70, $80 and $100, according to accommodation. Intermediate passage—$35.
Steerage at very low rates. Steerage Tickets to and from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates.
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For freight and passage, apply at Company's Office, No. 4, Bowling Green, New York.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO.
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Nov. 14.

ALLAN LINE.
Royal Mail Steamships.
THE SHORT SEA ROUTE. AVERAGE PASSAGE 8 DAYS.
WINTER SERVICE.
NOVA SCOTIA, from Halifax only.....Jan. 18th
SARDINIAN.....From Portland, Jan. 21st
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The last train connecting at Halifax with the Mail Steamers leaves every Thursday at 1:30 p.m.
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Cabin.....$50, $70, $80.
Intermediate.....$30.
Steerage.....$13.
If you are sending for your friends you can obtain Prepaid Passage Tickets at lowest rates at this office, available from England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, Sweden and Norway.
Steerage $13.00.
Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast to Halifax or Portland, and always as low as lowest rate quoted by any other lines.
For Tickets, etc., apply
THOS. HANLEY,
World's Ticket Agent, Corner Johnson and Ontario Streets.
Nov. 23

STILL TAKE THE LEAD!
GRAND DUCHESS COOKING RANGES, COUNTESS & ATHENIAN BASE BURNERS, and a full assortment of other first-class Stoves, &c., from the well known manufactory of Gurney & Co.
For sale at
Horsey's Hardware Store,
PRINCESS STREET.
Sept. 17.

PREPARE FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
SALE OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
GEO. PEDLER
Will offer at his Factory, 128 Union St., his entire stock of Organs and Pianos, new and second hand.
Terms easy.
128 UNION ST., KINGSTON
Nov. 27.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
W. M. DRENNAN'S
UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT
Is Never Closed.
At. experienced man always on the Premises.
Telephone Communication.
W. M. DRENNAN
UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER, 75 & 77 Princess
July

Kingston & Pembroke Ra'y.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway Company will be held at the Company's Offices, Place d'Armes, Kingston, at NOON OF WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of February, 1886.
By order of the Board of Directors.
THOS. W. NASH,
Acting Sec'y-Treas.
Jan. 6th, 1886.

W. JONES, Contractor
—FOR—
PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL PLASTERING
Cement working, Kalsomining, and Repairing Cement Floors and Cisterns a specialty.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
280 PRINCESS STREET
May 21st.

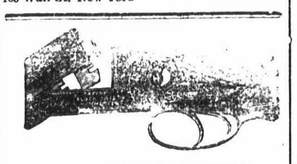
BIBBY'S LIVERY,
No. 129 BROCK St
FOR A FIRST-CLASS RIG of any description. Finest Phaetons, and Best Covered Buggies in the City.
First-class Carriages and Stylish Teams on short notice.
CONNECTED TELEPHONE.
F. A. BIBBY, Proprietor
June 20th.

FIRE, SMOKE & MUD.
OWING to the recent fire MRS. P. O'REILLY will hold a Clearing Sale from this date, of all her Stock of Fancy Goods, Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, &c., damaged by the fire. Princess M. Doolan's Block.

W. C. M'KIM,
PIANO TUNER.
RESIDENCE, - CATARAQUI
All orders left at N. C. Polson's Drug Store will be promptly attended to.
Satisfaction guaranteed.

ROYAL

BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St. New York



LARGEST, FINEST,
Best and Cheapest Stock
—OF—
SMOKERS' SETS AND TOBACCO JAR
Cigar Cases from 25c. to $8 each.
Cigarette Cases, 15c. to $2 each.
Amber, Cigar and Cigarette Holders, in cases from $1 to 7 each.
Meerschaum Cigar and Cigarette Holders, carved and plain, with amber mouth pieces, in and out of cases from 15c. to $5 each.
Meerschaum Pipes for 90c., $1.25, $2.00, $3.00 and up to $75 and $100 each.
Fancy and Plain Imitation Meerschaums, in and out of cases, from 10c., 25c., 50c. and up to $2.00 each.
Amber Tip, Briar, Silver Mounted, straight and bent; also a large stock of Plain and Carved Amber Tipped Briar Pipes, Hora Tip Briars, from 5c. 10c., 15c., 25c. and up to 75c. each.
Turkish Hookas and Water Pipes.
A lot of 10 good Cigars 35c., and a Box of 25 good Cigars for $1.00, and 50 Cigars for $1, $2, $3, $4, $5 and $6 a Box.
Cut Tobaccos in packages for 5c., 10c., 15c., 25c. and up to $1 a package.
Fine and Cheap Plug Tobaccos of every description.
Cigarettes of all the leading brands, for 5c., 10c., 15c., 20c., 30c., 75c. $1, $2 a package.
Tobacco Cutters and Walking Sticks: also a large assortment of Guns, Rifles and Revolvers at
ROUTLEY'S
173 Princess Street
Dec. 19

F. NISBET:
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.
THE NEWEST BOOKS!
My Religion, by Corent Leo Folstor, $1.50.
The Intellectual Life, by Philip Gilbert Hamerton, authors edition, 90c.
Letters by the late Francis Redley Havergal, $1.25.
Camiole, by Justin McCarthy, 20c.
Hostages to Fortune, by Miss Bradden, 20c.
The Courting of Mary Smith by F. W. Robinson, 20c.
The Rabbi's Spell, by Stuart Cumberland, 35c.
Just As I Am, by Miss Braddon, 20c.
Cradock Nowell, by R. D. Blackman, author of Lorna Doone, 40c.
For Lillias, by Rosa Mouchett Carey, 2 parts.
The Two Sisters of the Shield, by Miss Yonge, 20c.
—AT—
F. NISBET'S,
THE CORNER BOOKSTORE,
Cor. Brock and Wellington Sts.
Jan. 11.

CHEAP AND BEAUTIFUL.
For Fine Brush and Comb Sets, Odour, Dressing and Jewel Cases, we take the lead as usual, showing the finest line in the city.
Our Stock of ARTISTS' MATERIALS is Very Large.
See our Linen-Faced Cards for painting in oils without any preparation; also the new line of Brass Placques, (very handsome) Opal, Glass, Placques and many other novelties, to be had only at
A. P. CHOWN'S
124 Princess Street
Dec. 7.

New and Beautiful Snow Scenes
—FOR—
Portraits in Winter Costume,
—AT—
HENDERSON'S.
Just lovely for Children.
Dec. 24.

NEW YEAR'S CAKES.
Fruit Cakes, Plain or Almond Icing.
Choice Lot of Fine Imported Confectionery
Florida Oranges and Oysters fresh every day
—TELEPHONE CONNECTION.—
R. H. TOYE.
Dec. 16.

NOTICE.
McCAMMON BROS,
Have removed their Stables from the City Hotel Yard to the
COR. BROCK & BAGOT STREETS.
Kingston Horse Exchange, Livery and Boarding Stables, corner of Brock and Bagot Streets
McCAMMON BROS.
Dec. 11.

KINGSTON ACADEMY,
270 BROCK STREET,
FOR YOUNG MEN & BOYS.
Subjects taught—English, mathematics, Latin and Book Keeping.
Night School opens TUESDAY, Oct. 20th.
E. RYAN, Principal.
Oct. 1885

Dr. McGillivray,
DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN a specialty. No. 14 Montreal Street to M.E. Church, Kingston.

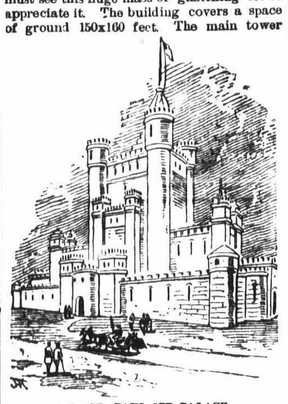
ST. PAUL'S ICE PALACE.

IT IS VERY MUCH LIKE THOSE WHICH HAVE MADE MONTREAL FAMOUS.

How it Will Look When it is Finished—Its Architect a Montreal Man—A Point in Regard to Points Worth Remembering—New Portable Electric Lamp.

[Special Correspondence.]

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 12.—We are about to have an ice palace here that will compare with anything of the kind ever attempted. It is being constructed by the architect of structures of the same character at Montreal carnivals. Some idea of the structure may be gained from the accompanying sketch of the completed building, but one must see this huge mass of glistening ice to appreciate it. The building covers a space of ground 150x160 feet. The main tower



THE ST. PAUL ICE PALACE.

rises from the center of the pile, and is the striking feature of the design. The height of this tower will be 130 feet, and its four angles curved into circular turrets, three of which will be one foot in diameter and the fourth eleven feet. From the latter tower—twenty feet above the others—will float the Stars and Stripes. Attached to this tower are four others, which on one side will be seventeen feet by sixteen and sixty-four feet high, while on the other side are two towers twenty-three feet by nineteen and fifty feet high. Two of these are triple towers, connected by castellated curtain walls, and the other two, small ones, by a semi circular bastion. There are also several outlying towers, which form the corners of the structure. These are connected by a castellated wall, as will be seen from the accompanying cut, and at each angle of these walls are circular turrets thirty-six feet high and twelve each in diameter. The main entrance is a round tower, flanked by square turrets, and inside will be fashioned a commodious skating rink, to which an initiation fee will be charged, a curling rink being added for the amusement of devotees of that (to outsiders) spiritless game.

G. E. C.

Action of Light on Paints.

In a paper on the action of light upon pigments employed in painting, an Edinburgh artist states that his experiments have led him to the conclusion that Prussian blue in oil is the most stable of colors. He asserts, however, that it would never do to employ the fleeting aniline pigments upon the same canvas with the stable Prussian blue—painting one portion of a picture with the former and another with the latter. In fact, the aniline colors are found to be, for the most part, quite unsuited for painting purposes, and some of them, as is well known, are so changeable in the sunlight as to be used in the production of photographic images. They are also extensively employed for coloring photographs, their thin transparent character rendering them particularly suitable for the purpose, it being possible to see the shadows and outlines of the image beneath the layer of color. Nevertheless, photographs tinted in this way soon lose their bloom, and the colors are often seen fading while the pictures are yet exposed for sale in the shop windows.

Not Petrified, but Turned to Soap.

Referring to an announcement that at a recent exhumation in a western cemetery the body of a woman was found turned to stone, The Louisville Medical News says: "Petrifaction of the body of a warm-blooded animal has never been known, and it is quite safe to say has never taken place. The condition of the body which leads to such a misconception is not that of petrifaction, but of saponification." It is explained that nitrogenous tissues give off ammonia, and this, attacking the fats in the body, produces adipocere, a hard form of soap. The writer, when at the New Orleans fair, saw a barrel of pork labeled, "Found floating in the Mississippi in an advanced state of petrifaction." Being skeptical as to the capacity of rocks to float, he chipped off a piece and found that the hog, like the human being under like circumstances, had merely turned to adipocere.

Why Atlanta Cannot Have an Artesian Well.

The people of Atlanta have sunk $26,000 in digging at artesian well 2,000 feet deep. No stream having been found that would come to the surface, Professor White, of the State university, was called in, and he decided that as Atlanta stood on granite rock—the bed rock of the continent—the only way to get an artesian well would be to start on the surface and bore up into the atmosphere.

Facts of Interest.

A manufacturer of Breslau has built an elastic fireproof chimney, fifty-one feet six inches high, entirely of paper. The blocks, instead of being brick or stone, were made of layers of compressed paper, jointed with some tenacious cement.

South Australia is coming into competition with South Africa as an ostrich farming region. The feathers thus far produced are of superior quality and bring high prices; moreover, the chickens seem to arrive at plume bearing much earlier than at the Cape.

M. Gaston Trouve is said to have constructed a portable electric glow lamp, intended for use where there is an explosive atmosphere. This lamp is intended to be of service in mines, cellulose factories, flour mills, spinning mills, etc. It is automatic in action, and it is stated to be very simple in construction.

Doctors say that women should be cautious how they call to offer sympathy to neighbors having sick children. Women's clothing offers inducements to fugitive bacteria, and several instances have been recorded lately in which contagious diseases are known to have been brought about by germs carried into the household in the folds of heavy woolen fabrics.

Things to Do and to Know.

Vegetables, of all farm produce, hold their prices best this year in the New York markets.

For six weeks of November and December 32,208 barrels of apples have been shipped from Boston to England.

We have wept and prayed and begged and protested, done everything but indulge in profanity, yet the infernal Bohemian oats swindle is still gathering in its victims.

Corn cobs dipped in coal tar and placed among squash vines have again proved unquestionably beneficial in preventing any injury from the squash vine borer (melittia cucurbitæ).

A stable of one of the street railway companies in New York holds 2,400 horses. Each horse receives about eight pounds of hay a day, which is chopped up fine by cutters run by an eighty-horse power engine.

In Iowa they are experimenting with peaches from northern China. The plucky persistence of the great northwest in pursuit of fruit will certainly have its reward. Nothing like it was ever known before.

THE OTHER SIDE HEARD.

Officials Blamed for all the Trouble—A Missionary's Arraignment.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 14.—Rev. John McDougall, missionary among the Stonies at Morley, is out with a letter on the Indian question, in which he blames all the trouble on incompetent officials. He says: "How often we have preached the gospel of patience, have tried to show that the great distance, the lack of speedy transport, the tremendous cost of bringing material into this big country, were some of the reasons why the government was behind hand. Of course we could not find, nor did we try to find, any excuse for the promises made, but not fulfilled, for the cutthroat policy often exhibited and sometimes enforced by officials of the Indian Department, for the shameful and immoral lives of many of the employees of the same. Some of these were a disgrace to the lowest barbarism, let alone civilization. Nor how could we, when earnestly trying to teach the Indians habits of industry and thrift, be expected to excuse the laziness and incompetency of many sent into the country to teach the words of the government those lessons we have been working for them to acquire for so many years. Moreover, could we be blamed when we felt strongly that something was wrong in a system which allowed such men in its branch of the service. The inconsistency has oftentimes appeared to us very glaring when we looked at the department, claiming to have a certain object in view, set aside by the country at large, whose servant it is, to attain this object, and yet within its own grasp and power, doing those things and adopting those methods which are defeating this object? And what is the outcome of all this? Let the scenes of last spring speak for themselves, and we see some of the results. Give us men as Indian Department employes, of every grade, who will be true to their country, if not to their God, and who will have manhood enough to refrain from licentiousness and blasphemy and drunkenness and laziness, and on the other hand will have force of character enough to command the respect of all parties, native and foreign, and who will, by precept and example, teach the Indian to develop an independent spirit, which will make him industrious, thrifty and law abiding."

FILING INTO THE GENERAL.

SIR FRED. MIDDLETON HAULED OVER THE COALS BY A NORTH-WEST PAPER.

McLeod Gazette.

General Middleton came west with a full determination to dislike the police force, and to sit upon its officers and men whenever an opportunity presented itself. He made several opportunities. Although inwardly he was surprised at the efficiency and general make-up of the force, and could not help admiring it, he persisted in his impudent and uncalled-for snubs. A number of policemen equal to Middleton's command would have taken Batoche in a couple of hours instead of four days. Mounted policemen took a nine pounder gun where this British General did not dare take an infantry corps. He could not follow Big Bear, and refused to allow the police to do so, although they begged with tears in their eyes to be allowed to do so. The only really difficult part of the campaign was the pursuit of Big Bear. This he gave up in despair, and only then gave the police permission to go on. They needed no second urging. They started and captured him almost immediately. Colonel Irvine was censured for obeying Middleton's peremptory command, and remaining idle. Cols. Otter and Herchmer were censured for their brilliant victory at Cut Knife, which really broke the back of the rebellion, because the General feared they might reap some of the glories of the campaign. Prejudiced against the police in the first place, he could not forgive them in showing them how to fight Indians and half breeds, and now he continues to vent his spite by refusing to recommend them for their medals. Shame on you, Gen. Middleton. Such an action is not worthy of a man and a soldier. Sir John A. Macdonald knows the worth of the police, and their value to Canada. Will he allow them to be trampled upon by a man who made such a bungle of affairs as did Major-General Sir Frederick Middleton?

THE SALVATION ARMY.

THE PAST YEAR ONE OF PERSECUTION—FINANCIAL DEMANDS FOR 1886.

London Times.

General Booth estimates the financial requirements of the Salvation Army for the ensuing year at £30,000. This sum is need for the efficient maintenance and development of all the operations now in existence and is thus divided: For the general work, including rescue work and the Prison Brigade, £14,000; the training of officers, £8,000; foreign work, £5,000; sick and wounded, £2,000. He describes the year 1884 85 as having been one protracted, heavy struggle with persecutions, afflictions and trials of every kind, not the least of which has been the desperate effort made to utterly destroy our public reputation, while from the Army's earliest days it has had a ceaseless, wearying fight with financial difficulties." It appears from the Army's last annual report that while at home the Salvationists' battles with roughs and "Skeletons" have been fewer than usual, Cambridge having been chiefly remarkable for the violence of its attacks upon the Army. Abroad the "soldiers" have encountered much violent opposition, and notably in Switzerland, whereas in England and America, Salvationists have only been sent to prison on account of open demonstrations in public places and highways. In Switzerland, it is said, they have been imprisoned "by scores for the slightest efforts made in private to lead souls to Christ." It is complained that liberty in the United States is more worshipped in the abstract than observed in reality, for in 11 States the arm of the law has been used in suppressing the meetings of the Salvationists, and 50 arrests resulted. It is intended to send an expedition to the Southern States "to take salvation to the doors of our coloured brethren."

Let the Word Know It.

You can purchase a bottle of Polson's Nerviline, the greatest remedy in the world. Nerviline cures headache, neuralgia, toothache, pains in the side or back, rheumatism, &c. As an internal remedy, Nerviline is prompt, effective and pleasant to take. Nerviline has no equal as a pain-subduing remedy, and a test bottle costs only 10 cents. Call on your druggist and invest 10 cents. Nerviline, Nerviline, nerve pain cure.

"Queen's Own."
Brand of Cigars. Try them. Very choice
S. DAVIS & SONS,
Factories—Cote Street, Montreal; Toronto branch, 34 Church Street.

THE AMERICAN OPERA.

THE VERY AUSPICIOUS OPENING AT THE ACADEMY IN NEW YORK CITY.

"The Taming of the Shrew"—A Goodly Company and a Fine Audience—The Chief Figures and Scenes in the Company—A Popular Departure.

Article No. 1.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—America has its own opera at last. The eagle has been taught to sing as melodiously as any foreign bird that ever wore feathers. At last, after years of homage to Italy and Germany, we are on our own feet in the matter of music, and can stand without wobbling. We can produce the emotional lyric dramas with our own talent and in our own tongue, and do it well. We can go to the opera now without lying. We can understand and appreciate. The simplest of us can fit the words to the sound—a tremendous gain, surely.

The opening of this heretofore intact seal occurred at the Academy of Music on Monday night, the 4th inst. It was an event of great magnitude and very bad weather. Nobody minded the rain, however, for the old academy was filled with the most important human material the city could produce.

This new departure is the work of a woman, or women—several having assisted in the great work, Mrs. F. B. Thurber taking the lead. The project of American opera is her own. Mrs. William S. Blodgett, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. Thomas W. Ward and others have helped bring the enterprise to its present status.

THEODORE THOMAS.

Mrs. Thurber's work in musical circles has been something extraordinary, and until recently has not been known to that presumably all-seeing beast, the public. She has a large and independent income, a great part of which she devotes to the practical encouragement of musical projects. In addition to this she generously gives her time and efforts, frequently, it is said, taking upon herself the thankless task of management. It is also said that she furnished the capital for several musical campaigns, in which Theodore Thomas has been the chief figure and Charles E. Locke second.

She employs two secretaries to attend to the correspondence and other affairs which are the natural outgrowth of the important musical affairs in which she is interested. During the musical seasons she is constantly importuned by the strugglers in the musical field—singers or would-be singers, pianists, violinists, artists of much energy and poor luck—to lend her influence in procuring engagements, and sometimes to open her purse, for the wolf of hunger roams unchecked in Bohemia. She receives these callers, one at a time, in a back parlor devoted to business. The front parlor continually overflows with waiting applicants.

It is not generally known that Theodore Thomas' tour with the Wagner singers, Materna, Winkelmann and Scaria originated with her. She is the wife of the well-known anti-monopolist.

But to the opening. As I said before, everybody was there, everybody who had diamonds and other operatic accessories, for what woman can appreciate opera with covered shoulders, and what man could enjoy it in anything but the severest evening dress? So successful was this opening that the applause began with the rising of the curtain, and ended not until the going down thereof. Theodore Thomas was the conductor, of course. Who else could have done it? And he was so well pleased with the performance that, at its close, smiles chased each other over his face like streaks of sunshine in cloudland, and this wasn't his first experience in conducting opera, either. Look at him in the picture and see if he isn't as handsome and youthful as ever. The Sun, of this city, says what all lovers of honest, home-brewed music will indorse in these words:

CHARLES E. LOCKE.
Manager.

"In the hundreds of concerts which he has given, and which have reached from the Atlantic to the Pacific, Thomas has cultivated in thousands of Americans the love of music of a high class, and has done much for the musical education of the people. He has undertaken now to provide the talent of American boys and girls with the sunshine of encouragement which it needs to develop in, and if he carries out the plan it will be a prouder work than anything that he has done before. By and by, when we have Pattis of our own sending their voices up out of sight, and bassos with double basement and cellar voices, this picture will be graven in the hearts of proud mothers, and hung instead of the bless-our-home mottoes in the happy homes of genius all over the land."

BETWEEN BLASTS.

Herman Goetz's "Taming of the Shrew," was given. Musicians know it as occupying for a dozen years a favorite and distinguished place in the repertoire of German opera houses; but heretofore it has been unknown to the dwellers on this continent. It was first produced at Manheim, in 1874. Its composer died in 1874, without having enjoyed the fruition of his work. His symphony in F has made him known to this country.

"The Taming of the Shrew" is an adaptation of Shakespeare's play of the same name. Playgoers are familiar with it through an abridgement entitled "Katherine and Petruchio." The plot is an antique one, founded on mediæval notions of womanhood and wooing. The governing principle is found in the old saw, "If you want a dog or a woman to like you beat him or her." Katherine and Bianca are daughters of a rich gentleman of Paduah, named Baptista. Bianca is of the conventional pattern of well behaved, obedient and insipid young women, but Katherine is a fury. Lucentio and Hortensio, two proper young gentlemen, love Bianca, but her father declares that she shall not marry until her elder sister is provided with a husband. The lovers are greatly put out at this unfavorable turn of events.

About this time Petruchio, with great wealth, and a will as strong as a Homeric demi-god, comes along. He is tired of being wooed by women, and concludes that it would be capital pleasure to woo an unwilling maid. Petruchio has also a fertile brain. He at once puts the two discomforted lovers of Bianca in a position to go on with their wooing, something they were not brilliant enough to think of themselves. He induces them to disguise themselves as teachers and engage to instruct Bianca. This plot works and Lucentio is the successful suitor. Petruchio declares his intention of proposing to Katherine. Her father gives his consent, but the tug of war is in getting Katherine's consent. She is furious at his presumption, but he refuses to accept his dismissal, and obstinately declares that he has been accepted, and fixes the wedding day. He keeps her waiting on the bridal morning, arrives late, indifferently clad, marries her and hustles her away before the wedding festivities have scarcely begun. "He subsequently breaks her temper and wins her affection," as one critic expresses it, two extraordinary things to do certainly, but all things are possible in opera, which frequently distinguishes itself by getting as far from nature as fiction can go.

ANNIHILATING A MUSICIAN.

The days preceding the wooing of the fiery Katherine were exciting ones for her attendants. She fairly annihilates a maid who is dressing her hair, and brings a music teacher to grief. The picture, "Between Blasts," gives an idea of Miss Katherine enjoying a lull between the blasts of temper; another, entitled "Annihilating a Musician," represents a result of her displeasure. "The Shrew Brought to Terms" depicts a scene in the process of "taming." A. J. BOTHWELL.

A TALE OF DISASTER.

WRECK OF A BRITISH STEAMER—TEN OF THE MEN STILL MISSING.

Hunter's Point, L. I., Jan. 14.—The ten survivors of the wrecked steamer Hylton Castle, arrived here in a pitable condition. John Marshall, chief mate, tells the following story: "We left New York for Rouen, France, on Friday morning, and about 8 o'clock in the evening, about 50 miles east of Sandy Hook, encountered a terrific hurricane. Seas swept the steamer and the captain, who remained on the bridge and the man at the wheel had to be lashed to their posts. The ship sprung a leak Saturday, and all that night and day Sunday the pumps were kept at work and the steamer was headed for New York. Sunday night the engine room was flooded and the fires were extinguished. Those on board the steamer gave up all hope of ever seeing day. Monday morning we sighted Fire Island, and prepared to leave the ship. At 9 o'clock the captain ordered the life boat to be lowered. Half an hour later I and my companions took to the launch and were immediately followed by the rest of the officers and crew who took the life boat. We rowed away from the steamer. At 10 o'clock, two miles towards the shore we saw the life boat go down bow first. We kept company with the captain's boat for several hours until about six or seven miles from land, when it took a more easterly course and we soon lost sight of it. Myself and the men were greatly exhausted and many of us had our hands and ears frozen, and we made but slow progress, and did not get another sight of the life-saving station until 4 o'clock in the afternoon when we were about a mile off shore. The life-saving crew then reached us and assisted us to shore."

Nothing has yet been seen or heard of the life-boat which contained the captian and nine men, and they have been given up as lost. All the crews of the life-saving stations between Fre Island and Southampton are on the look-out for the mission boat.

GENERAL GRANT'S DISEASE.

A PATIENT IN A CHICAGO HOSPITAL — HIS LIFE LIMITED FOR THREE YEARS.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—An operation was performed on Monday afternoon at the Hannemann Hospital which was extremely interesting, for the reason that the patient was addicted with precisely the same disease General Grant had. The man was 60 or 65 years of age. A cancerous growth started at the root of his tongue and had eaten deeply into the flesh and affected the jawbone on the left. An incision was made at the left interior angle of the lower jaw, extending underneath the chin to the right. Another cut was then made from the centre of the lower lip through the chin until it intersected the first. The flesh was then laid back, exposing the jawbone, and after examination it was found necessary to remove about three inches of bone on the left side, which was affected. This done, the root of the tongue and the cancerous sore were exposed to view. The cancer and the sub-lingual and parotid glands were cut away and the wounds cauterized. The flesh was then brought together and the incisions sewed. The operation occupied two hours and a half, the patient being kept under the influence of an anæsthetic during the entire period. The doctor who conducted the operation said the patient would probably live some time, but in two or three years at the furthest the cancer would surely make its appearance at some other point and ultimately cause death. In the meantime the patient would have to be contented with the use of his right jaw, as what remains of the left would be useless. This morning the patient was doing well, and after a good night's sleep, awoke and read the paper with great interest.

REMARKABLE CASE

A LITTLE GIRL WHO SWALLOWED A PIN DIES AND COMES TO LIFE AGAIN.

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—The little three year girl named Hortuboise, of Gatinau Point, reported on Monday as having been choked to death by swallowing a pin, has miraculously come to life again. She apparently died after suffering indescribable agony for twenty-four hours, and the parents were frantic with grief. Preparations were made for the funeral, and everybody who had known her mourned the demise of the young sufferer. After watching the prostrate body for several hours' signs of animation were visible, and it was ascertained that she had been only in a comatose state. A physician was immediately summoned and announced the glad tidings that the spark of life was not extinct. By careful treatment the little girl was gradually brought around, and the pin, after a series of attempts, was dislodged from the throat. She is now convalescent.

A BABY'S AWFUL DEATH.

PUT IN AN OVEN AND BURNT TO A CRISP—A MOTHER'S BLUNDER.

Wallingford, Conn., Jan. 13.—The following horrible story comes from Pond Hill: Yesterday morning a colored woman, whose name is not known, living near Pond Hill, wished to leave her house for a short time to go to a neighbor's. As the fire in the stove had gone out, but the stove was still warm, she put her six months old baby on the pillow in the oven to keep it warm while she was gone, and closed the oven door. Soon after she left the house her husband came in and started a fire in the stove. The wife, seeing the smoke from the house of a neighbor, rushed home and found the baby burned to a crisp.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
EXCELLENT RESULTS.
Dr. J. L. Wills, Eliot, Me., says: "Horsford's Acid Phosphate gives most excellent results."

IMPORTANT
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Removes all Unsightly Bunches. Cures Lameness in Cattle, Spinal Meningitis, Founder, Weak Limbs, Sprung Knees, Spavin, Ringbone, Quitter, Windgalls.
No stable should be without it. Railroad mining and express companies all use Giles' Liniment, and in the great racing stables of Belmont and Lorillard it has achieved wonders. One trial will convince.
Write DR. GILES, Box 348, N. Y. P. O., who will, without charge, give advice on all diseases and also on the management of cattle. Sold by J. G. King, Druggist, King St., at 50c. and $1.00 a bottle, and in quarts at $2.50, in which there is a great saving. The Liniment in white wrappers is for family use; that in yellow for cattle
Oct. 29

—AS A—
CONSCIENTIOUS DRUGGIST
I would recommend for
Dyspepsia! Indigestion!
And kindred diseases, the use of
MALTOPEPSYN!
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Consumption and all Wasting Diseases,
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Glycerole of Celery Compound
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You Probably Ask Why I Recommend These Remedies!
It is because I know them to be RELIABLE REMEDIES, endorsed by leading physicians throughout the Dominion, for the cure of SPECIFIC DISEASES, and not claiming to cure EVERYTHING. Also because they have the EXACT FORMULA printed on each bottle label, thereby enabling the purchaser to know just what he is taking.
J. GEO. KING,
DRUGGIST,
KINGSTON, - ONT.
Sept. 21.

TO THOSE ABOUT TO MARRY.
Remember These Important Facts
That a License only costs Two Dollars.
That it is available for a marriage in any part of Ontario.
That the place to get it is 42 Clarence Street, Kingston.
And that
J. P. Gildersleeve
Is the Issuer.
Dec. 10.

Attractions for the Ladies
Constantly arriving at the
New Store, Wellington St.,
(Second door from Waldron's).
Elegant Display of New Millinery, Mantles and Fancy Goods, in latest London, New York and Paris styles.
No trouble to show styles. A call will always give pleasure.
MISS M'TAGGART.
Oct. 14.

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TOILET ARTICLES,
PERFUMES,
XMAS CARDS,
ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
ETC., ETC.,
At Greatly Reduced Prices.
G. S. HOBART
Dec. 23.

Clearing Sale of Winter Goods
Underwear, Canton Flannel Night Gowns, Chamois Vests, Gloves, Mitts and Hosiery at
J. R. RATTENBURY'S
FOR THE NEXT THREE WEEKS.
Jan. 19.

OYSTERS, OYSTERS
In Bulk, Cans and Shell.
Also Messina and Florida Oranges and Lemons. Russets, Greenings, Spies and Spitzenburgs. Malaga Grapes, Fancy Bananas, Nuts of all kinds. A choice selection of New York Confectionery all to be had at
Mrs. J. K. OLIVER'S
AMERICAN FRUIT DEPOT.

J. H. TAYLOR
In a professional man at
FLUE & CHIMNEY SWEEPING
Having followed it in the Old Country for years. He has proper machinery, and is prepared to execute the work on shortest notice.
Apply to 310 Earl St., Kingston.

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FREE READING ROOM, Corner of Princess and Montreal Streets, open daily from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Prayer Meeting every Saturday night at 8 o'clock. All young men made welcome.
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RESIDENCE—139 William Street.
Dec. 17.

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FIRST-CLASS RIGS will always be on hand on the shortest notice. ELDER BROS., Proprietors.