

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

TIMELY ANNOUNCEMENT
AUCTION SALE
—OF—
FARM AND VALUABLE MINING LANDS

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A POWER OF SALE, contained in a mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, dated the Twenty-ninth day of April, A. D. 1882, from Time to Time by Connolly et al to Robert Waddell, an assignee to the Vendor, there will be sold by Public Auction, by Joseph Salter, Auctioneer, at his Auction Rooms, Brock Street, Kingston, on
Saturday, the Twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1889.

At TWO o'clock in the afternoon, the following Lands and Premises: The North Half of Lot Number Twelve in the Ninth Concession of the Township of Loughborough, in the County of Frontenac, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

Twenty acres are cleared and the rest timbered with elm, oak, maple and some pine. The greater part of the land is sandy loam, suitable for cultivation. There are a young orchard; one frame house 24 x 18, one log barn 16 x 14 on the property, and it is accessible by good roads.

The lot is situated in the phosphate belt and immediately adjoins the celebrated Foxton Mine. The mining rights may, if the Vendor deem it advisable, be sold separately.

The property will be put up subject to a reserved bid.

Terms ten percent down at time of sale; the balance in thirty days thereafter.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had on application to the Auctioneer, or to
SMYTHE, SMITH & LYON,
Vendors' Solicitors.
Kingston, April 30th, 1889.

FARM FOR SALE.

In the Matter of the Estate of JAMES DEEKS, a Lunatic, Confined in the Asylum for the Insane at Kingston.

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS COMPANY is instructed by Dr. William Teirs O'Reilly, Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities for Ontario and Statutory Committee of the person and estate of the above-named James Deeks

TO RECEIVE TENDERS

For the purchase of Lot Number Sixteen in the Tenth Concession of the Township of Loughborough, in the County of Frontenac.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned at the office of the Toronto General Trusts Company not later than 17th day of May Next, and state cash offer or one-half cash and the balance to be secured by a first mortgage on the premises with interest at six per cent. payable half yearly.

The purchaser is to search the title at his own expense, and to have ten days from acceptance of tender in which to accept or reject the title. If objections be made to the title, which the Vendors are unable or unwilling to answer, the Vendors are to be at liberty to cancel the sale without being liable for any costs or damages. The Vendors will only produce such documents, title deeds and papers as are in their possession, and will not be bound to produce any abstract of title.

J. W. LANGMUIR, Manager.
The Toronto General Trusts Company.
Dated this 18th day of April, 1889.

MARTIN'S - OPERA - HOUSE.

TO-NIGHT,
"CALAMITY JANE"

AND THE
MULDOON PICNIC.

26 People. Haines' Brass Band and Orchestra.

Prices—Ground Floor, 35c; Balcony 25c; Gallery, 15c.

CREIGHTON'S RAMBLE,

Monday, May 13th, '89,
LAKE ON THE MOUNTAIN, PICTON AND THE SAND BANKS.

STEAMER MAUD will leave Folger's Wharf at 9:45 a.m.

FARE to Picton 50 cents.

FIRST ANNUAL EXCURSION
OF TYNE LODGE, No. 79, S.O.E.B.S.,
To Picton and Lake on the Mountain.

THE PALACE STEAMER ST. LAWRENCE has been chartered for the occasion, and Grand Concert aboard. Leaving Folger's Wharf on SATURDAY, 8th of June, at 10 a.m.

EDWARD SMITH, Chairman Com.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 6 p.m. of TUESDAY, 14th inst., for the several trades' works required in the erection and completion of three Brick Dwelling Houses on Herrie Street.

Plans and specifications to be seen at my office, Corner of Brock and Wellington Street. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. B. REID, Architect.

FOR SALE VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.

LOT NO. 47 KING STREET, with buildings thereon, now occupied as two stores. Also Lot 2 Montreal Street, opposite Car Works, containing one double and one single dwelling house, containing one acre, more or less. Also adjoining one vacant corner lot. Apply to PETER LAMOREUX, No. 375 King Street.

SEWARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SAILING from New York every Saturday. An authorized Agent, F. A. Folger, Ferry Dock, foot of Brock St., Kingston.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE BRITISH WHIG is published every evening, at 35¢ King Street, Kingston, Ontario, at SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For four lines, one or two insertions..... \$0 50
For four lines, each subsequent insertion..... 25
Over four lines, first insertion..... 10c per line
Each subsequent consecutive insertion..... 50
Once a week, subsequent insertions..... 10c
Twice a week, subsequent insertions..... 8c
Three a week, subsequent insertions..... 6c
Twelve lines to the inch.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50c, each, unless when "booked," when \$1 is charged. Special notices in reading columns are charged at twenty cents per line for each insertion. Officers of unincorporated Associations or Societies will be held personally responsible for all orders they give.

Attached to the paper is one of the best Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; eight improved printing presses.

All charges for advertising, subscription and job printing are payable in advance; this must be distinctly understood.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 5 pages, 5¢ columns, is published every Thursday morning at \$1 a year, positively in advance, otherwise \$1.50 will be charged.

EDW. J. B. PENSE, Proprietor.

Whig's Telephone, Number 229.

'THE DAILY WHIG.
"Opifer per Orbem Licor."

STRANGE TALK.

The Montreal Gazette has created a surprise by charging, in connection with the Jesuit estates bill, that "Only when political antipathies to the dominion government prompted the ventilation of the subject and its presentation to the ill-informed public mind of Ontario as a serious menace to Protestant liberty and civil rights, did the minority in Quebec, who now cry so loudly for redress, become aware of any supposed impairment of religious freedom or derogation from the supremacy of the crown by the legislation at issue." This is the allegation preferred by the leading ministerial organ of Quebec in reply to the declarations of Rev. Dr. Campbell. It is an allegation which does small credit to our contemporary. It knows that the leaders in the agitation all along have been conservatives, and the most persistent supporters of the federal government on general principles. The idea of insinuating that Col. O'Brien or Mr. McCarthy are influenced by political antipathies to the dominion government, is simply ridiculous; and the allusion to the followers of these men as representatives of the "ill informed public mind of Ontario" is assuredly insulting. The misrepresentation is wholly uncalculated for. It is without a purpose and signification. It ought to drive the leaders of the agitation to define their political relationships anew, but will they do so? Col. O'Brien and Mr. McCarthy have never yet, like the Gazette, intimated their readiness to eat dirt or outrage conscience for the sake of the party.

A GREAT SCANDAL.

It will be remembered that when the Oklahoma reserve was thrown open by the U. S. government to settlement a great rush was made towards it. Thousands started for the promised land, desiring to locate upon it under the homestead act, only to start home when it was found that its few good spots were in the hands of land sharks and speculators. The disappointment gave way to indignation when they learned that the men who had been appointed by the government to protect the public interests, the marshals and the deputy marshals, had led in the indiscriminate seizure of territory. The charge is that men who would never think of performing the ordinary duties of a deputy marshal, secured appointments as such for the business advantages which would be incident to a deputyship. The expectant settlers on the border were not allowed to cross over until a specified day. The intention of the law was that all should stand on an equal footing, and the malfeasance charged, to be more specific, was that the deputies took advantage of their official position to get on the ground in advance, and thus be prepared to take advantage, directly or indirectly, of their knowledge of the country. Cue of the officials has been candid enough to admit that he and others gave pointers to their friends, and they don't see that they have done any harm nor that the government has done any harm. It's a case of official dishonesty which is wholly inexcusable, though party expediency may suggest the passage of it into oblivion as soon as possible. Canadians, with the experience of the Northwest before them, know what politics can do.

THE MARRIAGE QUESTION.

Dr. Gregg, in the Toronto presbytery, has revived the discussion of the marriage question in so far as it affects the relations existing between husbands and their deceased wives' sisters, and between wives and their sister's husbands. The Presbyterians have meant to be very exact in regard to this law, but have not, it seems, been living up to it. There has long been a feeling that the objections to the marriages specified are not so well founded after all, and some clergymen have facilitated rather than presented cases that have gone on the record. Moreover when these cases have come before the church courts, they have not resulted embarrassingly to the parties connected with them. The whole inclination has been to legally esteem the violations of church law, and to pave the way for the adaptation of that law to the tendencies of the times. It may be that Dr. Gregg sees the inevitable of such a course of intentional indifference, and hopes by the application of vigorous argument and discipline to counteract the effect of it. He made a powerful speech in the presbytery and carried his point, respecting union with a deceased wife's sister and her niece, and the approval of the whole merit. Of course the Toronto presbytery is but one in many, and its opinion may not influence the general assembly much in themselves. The agitation must become general. The men who think as Dr. Gregg does, must be numerous, or the present situation of the church on the marriage question will prevail, and that

is perhaps not desired. If certain marriages cannot be justified by the law and the gospel they should not be permitted; if the law and gospel have not, in this enlightened age, the meaning that they had so long ago, the remit respecting discipline ought to go. Assuredly public opinion in England and America is not what it was on this subject.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The people of Prince Albert, N.W.T., are to have a railway, or anything else they want and that will keep them quiet. The government has a horror of rebellion.

Kingston will soon be the Canadian city of churches. The accommodation for public worship of God is increasing as the population increases, even more so, as the appearance of some churches at the regular services would seem to indicate.

Some of the Canadian flour mills have been closed because the owners of them say they cannot be operated successfully as the tariff now stands. Well, well. We thought that the national policy was going to protect and prosper every business. Was it not the N.P. that made a convert of Mr. Sylvester Neelon? And is he satisfied with the present situation?

The motion of Mr. Howard Vincent, in favour of a commercial union of the British empire has been withdrawn for the present. "There seems," says a cablegram, "a widespread feeling among the friends of imperial federation that public opinion is not ripe for such a proposal, and a premature debate would likely injure the general movement." Not very encouraging to the leaders in the imperial federation movement in Canada.

Rev. W. F. Herridge, of Ottawa, and Rev. Mr. Barclay, of Montreal, have refused to join in the anti-Jesuit agitation. The Montreal Gazette thinks this should lead others "to pause and consider well the wisdom of an agitation which has already provoked language as dangerous as it is unjustifiable." To whom does the Gazette refer? Not to any one in Kingston, by the citizens of which the Jesuit bill was most peacefully contemplated.

Mr. Joseph Bowden has very vigorously presented the means by which the mineral wealth of Frontenac can be developed and it remains with the board of trade, the city council and the public generally to seize upon the ideas expressed and carry them out to a successful conclusion. If the people are enterprising there is every prospect of Kingston reaping advantages that will be most surprising. The board of trade meets Tuesday night to further consider the subject, and every thoughtful citizen should attend and aid in reaching right methods for advancement.

"LIVE AND LET LIVE."

Too Much Mud Throwing Among the Arizona Editors.

Arizona Kicker.

We have been offered \$25 in cash and a barrel of wild plum vinegar to publish the record of the man who runs the Weekly fur down the street. While there is no doubt in our mind that he is a bigamist, horse thief, barn burner, and anarchist sympathizer, we know what belongs to decency and we positively refuse to be bribed.

There is too much mud throwing among the editors of the west anyhow. They seem to have forgotten what is due to the position. If one of our doctors kills a patient by some mistake, the rest are always ready to swear him clear. If one of the editorial fraternity makes a trip the rest are eager to pitch into him. It shouldn't be so. There should be more of the fraternal spirit—more of the pride of profession. Therefore, while we are perfectly satisfied that the bald headed, bow legged, squint-eyed, old coyote who calls himself the editor of the moribund dispatch, eleven doors below, ought to be in state prison for life, we are not going to forget what belongs to the amenities of editorial life.

If Major Jones, he of the tawny hair and purple nose, will let us alone we shall never cross his path. If he persists in lying about us—if he continues to scandalize our private character and throw mud at our earnest efforts to build up the town, he will hear something drop with an awful thud some day.

We understand that there is considerable dissatisfaction around town with a certain class because the general public has dubbed us with the title of "General." We refer to those "captains," "majors," "colonels" and "judges" who spend four-fifths of their time in the gag shops and poker rooms, and the other fifth in abusing decent citizens.

If the public desires to call us "General" so be it, and the class referred to can take it out in biting their noses. We have hunted up the records of twenty two of them, and not one mother's son of the clan is entitled to anything except the very plainest and cheapest and meanest "Bill" or "Tom." They want to let our title of "General" alone or something will occur to pain their feelings.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

A Probable Amalgamation of Two Railways—The Scheme Outlined.

Gananoque Journal.

The fact that parliament has subsidized that portion of the Kingston & Smith's Falls railway, between Kingston and Seeley's Bay, a distance of twenty miles, has caused uneasiness in the township of Fear of Leeds and Lansdowne. Subsidy has also been granted to the Thousand Islands railway, from the St. Lawrence to the Grand Trunk junction, and from that point for a distance of seventeen miles towards connecting with the Brockville, Westport & S. St. M. R., and on the proposed line of the Kingston & Smith's Falls railway. This means, it appears to us, that the Kingston & Smith's Falls railway and the Thousand Islands railway, will have to amalgamate at Seeley's Bay and form one main line through to Smith's Falls, and on to Ottawa, as both lines have charters to these points, and only one is necessary through that part of the country. But until the line is surveyed it cannot be told exactly where it will be located. From what we can learn, however, the road can be constructed much cheaper by way of Lyndhurst than by any other route, but this is a matter the engineers will have to settle.

Without a Doubt

Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine will give immediate relief in cases of neuralgia, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, and general debility. Drugists, keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

A Fine Display.

Prevost has a fine display in his window of Scotch tweeds for suitings, and a large variety of patterns for pantings, also a line of worsted for overcoating, ranging from \$10. Made to order. A fit guaranteed.

INCIDENTS OF THE DAY.

Newsy Paragraphs Picked Up by Our Reporters in Their Rambles.

The Brockville people will have an excursion to Kingston on May 24th. St. Paul's church excursion, Friday, May 24th, to Picton and Lake in the Mountain.

B. W. Folger says there is more than 2,000 feet of the street railway under cover. There was a heavy hail storm at Brockville yesterday. The stones were as big as marbles.

John Pomeroy, trader, Marlbank, has made an assignment to H. Keech, Tamworth. The creditors meet at the Windsor, Kingston, on the 13th.

The audience at the opera house last evening was fair. Many local "gags" were given during the performance. Those interested in the recent cock fight received their share.

The ambulance corps of the 14th P.W.O. R., received their uniforms yesterday afternoon. Most of the members have served in other battalions. Staff-Sergt. S. Todd is in command.

"Another marriage at the Methodist parsonage, Pittsburg last week. A young Kingston merchant and a fair young bride from Storrington were the happy ones." Who were they?

There are forty-two people living in a small cottage on Alfred street, twenty-four children and eighteen adults. The building is only large enough to accommodate properly a man and his wife.

The city clerk has received a communication from the department of immigration at Toronto, asking him to give statistics with reference to the assessment of dogs during the years 1886, 1887, and 1888.

There was plenty of fresh wholesome grass butter on the market this morning. It sold from 20c. to 23c. per lb. Rhubarb and asparagus were sold rapidly at 5c. per bunch and tomatoes at 20c. per lb.

Joe McCausland & Son, Toronto, the well-known designers and workers in glass, execute charming memorial windows and household stained glass of every known description. They also make cut, beveled, silvered and bent glass in all sizes and import direct from the makers an immense stock of British plate glass which they ship to all parts of Canada.

VERY CANDID TESTIMONY.

From the Toronto Mail.

To the Editor of the Mail: As a constant reader of your paper I will thank you to insert the following:

Having read so many valuable testimonials as to the value of Warner's Safe Cure, I think it my duty to contribute one, and I speak from actual knowledge.

In 1883 my wife took pains across the kidneys, and from there to her shoulders and to the pit of the stomach. The skin came off her finger ends and also off her lips, and turned purple red. She was under a doctor's care for about three years, and took different medicines, but no relief came. I got disheartened, and said one day, "Will we try some patent medicine?" She said: "Jack, let me die; I have taken medicine enough." I went down to W. Clark's drug store and procured two bottles of Safe Cure, and one of pills. I continued on until she had taken eleven bottles, when she said: "I need no more; I have no pain anywhere, and I feel quite myself again." My wife has never since suffered from the dreadful pains which she had before taking Warner's Safe Cure. I am sorry that in justice to the purveyors of that invaluable medicine I have not reported on it before, but nevertheless I recommend it to every human being suffering with the same affliction.

Yours, etc., J. COOPER,
Light-keeper, Port Arthur.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Paragraphs Picked Up About the Wharves—Notes of General Interest.

The tug McArthur coaled at Swift's wharf this morning.

Special line of tweeds for suits at \$13 made to order by Lambert & Walsh, 110 Princess street.

Mr. Waggoner, of this city, an employe on the steamer Persia, had one of his hands badly crushed at Toronto by a box falling upon it.

Busy as beavers, but have time to take orders. (Goods right, styles right, prices right, fit right, everything right with Lambert & Walsh, 110 Princess street.)

The steamer "Chemung" ran from Buffalo to Port Huron in 19 hours. The long run up Lake Huron was made in 14 hours and 10 minutes. Her time to Chicago was 20 hours and 30 minutes from the straits, and 34 hours from Buffalo, the fastest on record.

On the trial trip of the new steel steamer Modjeska, for the Hamilton Toronto route, she ran out to sea and back, a distance of thirty seven English miles, at a little better than 19 miles per hour. She starts for Canada at once.

Arrivals: Tug Eleanor, Cape Vincent, barge City of Kingston in tow; sch. Clara White, Oswego, 126 tons coal; sloop Glad Tidings, Clayton, light; prop. Rhoda Emily, Chicago, 36,500 bushels corn; schr. Eliza White, Charlotte, 225 tons coal; schr. Dudley, Charlotte, 450 tons coal.

Can't be Galled.

The Kingston Whig, envious of the prosperity of the bay city, is anticipating the dog days by lying about our assessment, which is \$18,102 higher this year than in 1888; and not \$12,529 less as stated by the limestone city paper.—Belleville Ontario.

Then the figures of the cemetery sheet were incorrect. The scribe, to give a point against the Whig, wants people to accept the revised roll of last year and compare it with assessor's roll of this year. Too thin! Wait till the present roll is revised, and then shout of your advancement, if you have made any!

Military Camp.

Gananoque council has granted \$200 and the citizens have subscribed \$300 for the rental of grounds and other expenses should Gananoque be selected. Col. Straubenzie has expressed himself satisfied with ground available, namely, opposite last year's camp, and in a letter the minister of militia stated that when the work of selecting sites was taken up the claims of Gananoque would be considered.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

A Fine Display.

Prevost has a fine display in his window of Scotch tweeds for suitings, and a large variety of patterns for pantings, also a line of worsted for overcoating, ranging from \$10. Made to order. A fit guaranteed.



SPECIAL JOB PURCHASES OF Dress Goods

To hand this morning, 10c.

ZEPHER STRIPE COSTUME DRESS GOODS,

Marked 10c, we'll worth 12½c to 15c.

DOUBLE FOLD 30c. All wool.

A splendid clearing line of All Wool Foulies, double width, in the new shades and black. We offer this dainty line at 30c. The regular value is 40c.

Double Fold Fancy Satin Robed Dress Goods.

We have bought two clearing lines in these. Neither have been shown in this city, and we can offer them 20c to 30c per yard less than usual price. They are very fine goods, and we have only a small quantity of each shade. For finest display and lowest prices in Dress Goods and Trimmings call at

Hardy's

One Price Store, 88 Princess Street.

Mantles made to order.

THE WARM WEATHER HAS COME

But we are prepared to meet the wants of our customers with a full line of the

LEONARD

CLEANABLE DRY AIR REFRIGERATOR

Air Tight Locks, Moveable Flues, Cold Dry Air, Hardwood, Antique Finish, Elegant and Durable.

BEST MIXED PAINTS \$1.25 a gallon.

R. M. HORSEY & Co

PRINCESS STREET.

CENTRAL SHOE STORE

Extends an invitation to the public to inspect their large and complete stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS AND VALISES.

All the Latest Styles in English, American and Canadian First-class Manufacturers' Goods

at prices that are the very lowest. If you want satisfaction give us a call.

We have a splendid stock of TRUNKS and VALISES. Warerooms over our store.

G. OFFORD, Sr.,

Proprietor.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO'S

Breakfast Cocoa

Is absolutely pure and it is soluble. No Chemicals are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Sugar, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EARLY DINNER, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

MILK SHAKE, ICE CREAM and SODA WATER

At the BAZAAR, REES BROS., Manufacturing Confectioners.