

THE DAILY WHIG.

VOL. LVIII.

KINGSTON, CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 24, 1889.

NO. 96.

BORN.

BOOTH—At 302 Barrie street, on April 23, the wife of G. Booth of a son.
RICHARDSON—At Washburn, Pittsburg, April 6th, the wife of Robert Richardson of a daughter.

MARRIED.

MACNEE-KENT—At St. George's cathedral, Kingston, on Wednesday, April 24th, by the Rev. Buxton Smith, Walter Hill Macnee to Catherine Rebekah, only daughter of Rybert Kent, Esq.
MCCOY-McMAHON—In Kingston, April 24, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. M. Macgillivray, M.A., W. F. Coy, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., of Chicago, to Mary E., daughter of John McMahon, Esq.

LOST.

BETWEEN the Post Office and Portsmouth, A PASS BOOK, of no value to anyone but the owner. A reward will be paid upon its return to this office or to J. FISHER, Portsmouth.

WANTED.

A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to MRS. TREMMENT, Wellington Street.

TWO TRIMMERS wanted for the Millinery Department by RICHMOND, ORR & CO.

A GOOD COOK, by May 1st, in a small family. Enquire at 22 Simcoe Street during the morning.

A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to MRS. W. C. MARTIN, Sydneyham Street, between Queen and Colborne.

BY THE 5TH OF MAY, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT; must be a good laundress. Also a young girl as NURSE MAID. Good wages given to good girls. Apply to MRS. MOWAT, 10 Johnson street.

SALESMEN—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Largest manufacturers in our line. Enclose 3-cent stamp. Wages \$5 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'G CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

TO LET.

HOUSE IN VAUGHN TERRACE. Possession May 1st. Apply at WHIG OFFICE.

OFFICE, large, central, well fitted. Terms reasonable. Possession immediately. Apply "Box," Whig.

A SHOP ON KING STREET, with dwelling above, near Market Square. Apply at 48 Earl Street.

A BRICK HOUSE ON QUEEN STREET, between Bagot and Wellington Streets, from May 1st. J. B. CARRUTHERS.

SEVEN ROOMS, over Armstrong's Shoe Store. Also one office in same place. Rent moderate. Apply to Wm. MUNDALL, Barrister.

NEW BRICK HOUSE, EARL STREET, in Earl Terrace, near Barrie Street. Apply to B. BARNEY, 39 Princess Street, or at 24 Earl Street.

THE SHOP AND DWELLING on King Street, occupied by John Henderson as a wholesale liquor store. Apply to JOHN REEVES, Brock street.

FROM 1ST MAY, that good, substantial house on Ontario Street, near Union, at present occupied by Mrs. Deacon. Apply to E. T. STACAY, Walsby & Stacey.

A STONE DWELLING, with or without furnaces and all modern improvements. It is near the corner of King and West streets. Apply to MACDONNELL & MUIR.

HOUSE with six rooms and extension kitchen and all modern improvements. Immediate possession. Apply on the premises, 1284, or at No. 14 Union Street, between Gordon and Alfred.

TO RENT for one year, or term of years, possession May 1st a BRICK HOUSE on Centre Street, near Union Street, eight rooms and extensive kitchen, well and cistern, drive house and stable, also garden and fruit trees. For further particulars apply to MRS. JOHN W. ASHLEY, on the premises.

THE MAIN PART of the Stone House on King Street, formerly occupied by the late Mrs. Macaulay. Rent \$300 a year and taxes. The house is in excellent order with all modern conveniences. Stables attached until further notice. Apply to Kirkpatrick & Rogers.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LEND AT FIVE AND A-HALF AND SIX PER CENT. R. W. SHANNON, Barrister, Office, next door to King's drug store, King Street, Kingston.

AT FIVE AND A-HALF AND SIX PER CENT. Apply to D. A. GIVENS, Brock Street, over Express Office.

FOR SALE.

A PAINTED SKIFF, 383 feet long; almost new. Can be seen at 383 Earl Street.

THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, situated on Earl street, known as "The Mince." Apply to G. W. MAXWELL, Secretary Trustees.

HOUSE AND LOT, 310 Earl Street, between Gordon and Alfred streets; 6 large rooms and back kitchen; large cistern and pump; good well and outside sheds; house warranted to be worth.

SPECIAL MENTION.

GET YOUR WINTER GLOVES at W. REEVES, King Street. 300 Sample pairs to be sold at wholesale prices.

PIANO REPAIRS of all kinds on Uprights and squares executed at the Weber Factory, corner of Princess and Gordon streets, Kingston. No more durable or well-toned instrument in Canada than the G. M. WEBER UPRIGHT.

SPECIAL TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

FURNITURE CREAM—Positively the best and cheapest preparation for Renovating Furniture, Covering, Scratches and making Old Furniture Like New.

SAFOLIO—For Cleaning and Renewing any kind of Wood Work.
BED BUG POISON that will eradicate these pests every time.

DIAMOND-EASER Egg DYES—No trouble, beautiful effect. Cheap and easy to use.
CAMPBOR—Now is the time to put away your Furs to preserve them from moths, etc. We keep all the different kinds.

CHOWN & MITCHELL'S CENTRAL DISPENSARY,

124 Princess Street.

NEW PAPER AND PAINTSHOP, 282 PRINCESS STREET.

I BEG TO ANNOUNCE that I have OPENED a NEW PAPER AND PAINT SHOP at the above place, where I will be pleased to receive orders from my old customers and also from many new ones. I will always keep on hand a CHOICE STOCK OF WALL PAPERS at the lowest possible rates. A call solicited.

S. KELLY.

THE CALOTYPE.

PORTRAIT IN WATER COLORS, Specimen to be seen in Henderson's Bookstore window, 72 Earl, Cor. Wellington Street.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

THE TWO HANDSOME STONE DWELLINGS, 149 AND 151 EARL STREET.

THOSE ELEGANT HOUSES were specially built for the owner, and no expense was spared in their construction. The rooms being large, well ventilated, and having a southern exposure, are bright and cheerful. They are handsomely fitted, having marble mantels, crystal gasaliers, hot and cold water baths; sanitary plumbing, etc. Drainage perfect. In rear of each dwelling is a lovely lawn and garden, with spacious outbuildings. For terms apply to

ROBERT GARDNER, 151 Earl Street.

CUNARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY. SAILING from New York every Saturday. Authorized Agent, F. A. Folger, Ferry Dock foot of Brock St., Kingston.

JAMES REID, THE LEADING UNDERTAKER, PRINCESS STREET.

THE PITH OF THE NEWS.

The Spice of the Morning Papers And the Very Latest Telegrams.

It is reported that a death from yellow fever has occurred in Sanford, Fla.

Frederick William Hermann Wagner, Berlin, the German statesman, is dead.

During May the Queen, assisted by the Princess of Wales, will hold three drawing rooms.

It is expected that parliament will prorogue on Tuesday or Wednesday of next week.

Wm. Munn, customs officer at Halifax, dropped dead while in the act of lighting his pipe.

Australia's wheat crop is so poor that it will have to import wheat from California this year.

An explosion has occurred in the Brancepeth colliery at Durham. Five persons were killed.

The widow of Joseph E. Sheffield, who founded the Yale scientific school of that name, died in New Haven.

Sol. White, the annexationist ex-M.P.P., of Windsor, Ont., is preparing to make a trip to Great Britain and the continent.

In the Pacific derby yesterday at San Francisco, the czar made a mile and half in 2:36, the fastest derby ever run in America.

Theodore Paepke, late city treasurer, Neenah, Wis., has gone to British Columbia. He is a defaulter to the amount of \$5,000.

A mortgage for \$10,000,000 has been deposited in the registry office, Oswego, by the New York, Ontario & Western RR. company.

At the beginning of his present illness the king of the Netherlands wanted his wife with him all the time. Now he won't have her within his sight.

George Albert Stitt, Toronto, twenty-two years of age, was married in Buffalo to the widow of Gen. Scroggs, who is sixty-two years of age and the possessor of a large fortune.

Gen. Crook, Hon. Charles Foster, of Ohio, and Hon. William Warner, of Missouri, have been appointed a commission to negotiate with the Sioux in Dakota for a cession of land.

The election in Massachusetts resulted in the defeat of the proposition for a prohibition amendment to the constitution by nearly 40,000 majority. Boston gave 20,000 majority against it.

A scheme is proposed by English engineers to divert the gulf stream to prevent its erosive action by constructing an isthmus from a low point in Ireland to Mull, in Scotland, a distance of 111 miles.

A young woman of Ridgeway has had the ban of matrimony removed from herself and two of her lovers read in the parish church, the clergyman having decided she is free to choose between them at the altar.

Yesterday at Halifax court house, Virginia, Scott Bailey, coloured, made a desperate but unsuccessful attempt to outrage one of the most prominent young ladies in the village. He was caught and lynched.

Mrs. Groundwater, the new police judge at Cottonwood Falls, Kan., began her administration by fining a plain drunk \$5 and costs. The same day she set a hen, made two gingham aprons, and returned five calls.

A terrible powder explosion occurred in the ore mines of the Kittington iron company, Pa., yesterday. D. Wolfe, John McCullough, John Fluener and L. Croyle were severely injured. The three latter may die.

Mrs. Chester Tufts, Welland, died from the effect of dye stuffs poisoning. She had been engaged in colouring cloth for carpets, and in this process inhaled considerable of the poisonous vapour arising from the boiling liquid.

James D. Dempsey, a young New York book-keeper, shot at George R. Storms, at the latter's residence last night, missing him. He then instantly killed himself, because Mr. Storms refused to allow him to pay his address to Miss Helen Stebbins, Storms' niece.

In the Irish land judges' court, in the matter of the Waller estate, in the counties of Cork, Limerick, Tipperary and Mayo, it transpired that search had been made for the successor in title to the baronetcy. He was at last found at Los Angeles, in California. His name is Sir Charles Christian Waller. His father, who was a distant relative of the late baronet, emigrated to America in 1812, and in 1835, the present baronet was born in California. He has been fully identified, and has gone to Ireland to claim the estate.

DISCOVERED A NEW FALLS.

Lord Londale Talking of His Trip to the Arctic Regions.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—Lord Londale arrived here yesterday on the steamer Bertha, from Kodiak, Alaska. He says the object of his Arctic journey was not to find the North Pole, but to study the birds and beasts on the islands in the Arctic ocean.

Speaking of his expedition Lord Londale last night said: "All the maps I found wrong, more especially those of Alaska. Schwatka's maps are incorrect as any of them. His map of the Yukon, which is supposed to be a military one, is a most ridiculous affair. For military purposes it would not be a particle of use. There are passes and ravines without number and not one of them is down on his map. While on Hay river I saw the most beautiful waterfall in the world. It is horseshoe shape and has a sheer fall of two hundred feet with another fall above it. It is about one and one-half miles wide at the top and one and three-quarters miles wide at the bottom. It is more beautiful than Niagara, although there is not the same weight of water.

A BIG DOOMSDAY BOOK.

THIS IS WHAT IS TO BE KEPT AT THE COLLEGE IN FUTURE.

A Fine Place in Which to Have One's Name Recorded—Chancellor Fleming Installed—He is Pleased With the Advancement of the College—More Improvement Required.

To-day, at the meeting of convocation, Sanford Fleming, C.M.G., was for the fourth time installed as chancellor of the university. After the installation, conducted by Dr. Wardrope, Chancellor Fleming made an interesting address. He said that he accepted the duties and responsibilities of the high position conscious that the authorities would accept his earnest efforts to discharge its obligations. He would again look for the indulgence and support hitherto invariably received. He was delighted to see the principal back again and to express the common sentiment of all present, and of every one of the many friends of Queen's throughout the country, in hoping that his restored health would enable him to continue for many years the noble work he has undertaken.

Reference was made to the visit of the governor-general and the manner of his reception. His excellency has expressed his deep interest in the university, and has stated his intention of offering a scholarship of \$75 for competition. "Within the last few months we have lost an old and true friend in the death of Mr. John Carruthers," said the chancellor. "We hoped that his life might have been spared for him to take part in laying the foundation stone of the science hall, which is to bear his name; it has been decreed otherwise. This hall will be a lasting memorial of his worth and of the aid he has generously given. Effort was made so that the foundation stone could be laid during convocation week, but this preliminary work has been deferred from unavoidable circumstances."

The trustees having determined to issue a doomsday book much material has been collected by Rev. Dr. Williamson. The book will contain the names of every individual who has, from time to time, aided in the endowment, and in it will also be chronicled important facts in relation to the history of the university. Dr. Williamson has prepared an appropriate introduction embracing the narrative of the preliminary proceedings from 1831 to the date of the Royal charter, 16th October, 1841, with records of the founders and first benefactors, some of whom are still alive. It is contemplated to embrace the following chapters:

1. Introductory—1831 to 1841.
 2. Comprising events from the date of the Royal charter to the purchase of Summer hill property and the occupation of the old college buildings—1841 to 1854.
 3. From 1854 to the appeal by Dr. Snodgrass and Professor Mackerras for endowment in 1869.
 4. From 1869 to the erection of the new buildings in 1880.
 5. From the occupation of the new buildings in 1880, or as may hereafter be determined.
- In it and succeeding volumes it is designed to chronicle the good deeds of every friend of Queen's. The trustees have further resolved to place memorial tablets in Convocation hall in honor of the students of 1877-8, and of the subscribers to each separate endowment fund in the years 1840-1869, 1878 and 1887. The subject of tablets of the most fitting character is under consideration, and a committee of the trustees has been appointed to place them in position as soon as practicable.

By the increase of the staff the senate has been enabled to add to the strength of the curriculum. Material additions have been made to the courses for honors, and special provisions have been made for the steady advancement and careful supervision of extra-mural students. New arrangements have also been made for post graduate students. The object aimed at is to afford facilities in Canada for extending the attainments of those who have attained the degree of M.A. and encourage them to look forward to reaching a still higher educational rank. The chancellor hoped that the board of trustees would be able to still further extend the usefulness and efficiency of the university. In connection with the question of providing new buildings great inconvenience was experienced by the Women's medical college, as the rooms used are unadapted for the purpose, and were at a great distance from the arts and science lecture rooms. This allied college, of so small importance in the work it was endeavoring to accomplish, should, as soon as practicable, have similar accommodation to that enjoyed by the Royal medical college, and should be provided in some position more contiguous to the building occupied by the arts classes.

"It will be remembered," said the chancellor, "that the proposal of some few years back to move Queen's from Kingston to share the fortunes of a state university at Toronto had the effect of uniting every friend in a common determination that the seat of learning should remain on its original site. It was also determined that means should be employed to strengthen the endowment; with that object in view 'Queen's University Endowment Association,' was organized with active branch associations in many parts of the province. This association proved advantageous, independently of the immediate purpose for which it was established, in bringing the college authorities at Kingston into direct communication with the many friends throughout the country and providing a channel for the interchange of views and aspirations. It is therefore felt that although the immediate object for which the association was formed, has been accomplished, it will be in the interest of the university to continue the organization under the name of the 'Queen's University Association' and it is suggested that the main body and all the branches should hereafter be known by that title."

The chancellor said that there was reason for gratification with the steady advancement made and the excellent prospects before them. The two past years have been eventful in the history of the institution, but the minds of those who conduct its affairs were no longer weighed with the burdens which at one time pressed upon them. The number of students in all departments is steadily on the increase and there is the strongest proof that Queen's has gained the confidence of the community. It must be the desire of all that the institution continue to be recognized as indispensable to the moral and intellectual advancement of the dominion. Reference was made to the self-denying exertions of Principal Grant, and, besides conveying the sentiments of the trustees, as was done on his return from his trip around the world, his portrait was ordered and this further agreement decided upon: "That all contributions to the endowment fund, beyond the minimum of \$250,000, that may be received, be applied as far as required to the endowment of a chair which shall bear the name of Principal Grant." The general secretary says progress has been made in this direction. Dr. Smith speaks hopefully of the prospects of receiving the sum required to endow the Principal Grant's chair.

CONFERRING DEGREES.

The Men Honored at Queen's University—Sketches of Them.

Rev. E. E. Jenkins, A.M., England. E. C. R. Roose, M.D., London, England. W. Kingsford, C.E., Ottawa.

These are the gentlemen upon whom the honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred by Queen's university to-day.

A Methodist Divine.

Rev. Ebenezer E. Jenkins, A.M., late president of the conference of the Methodist Church of England, has rendered valuable service to the British empire and the church of Christ, and his deep interest in Canada—due in part to the fact that his brother was minister of St. Paul's, Montreal, and a trustee of Queen's—makes it not unfitting that this university should recognize his services. He is a preacher and writer of high reputation. His Fernlay lecture on "Modern Atheism" is a substantial contribution to Apologetics, and other works that he has published show the same wide reading, acuteness, metaphysical power and literary excellence by which it is characterized. Most of his life has been spent in mission work of various kinds. In Madras he established a high school, which has been a centre of widely extended influence for good. Most of his time and strength were given to India, and it was thus not possible that he could be widely known in England; notwithstanding in 1873 the Wesleyan church appointed him—in conjunction with the late Morley Punshon—secretary of its missionary society; and in 1880 he was called to the presidential chair of the conference. He is now in his sixty-ninth year, and he still labors by tongue and pen in the highest service of humanity, defending the truth of the gospel and manifesting an enthusiasm for missions and evangelistic work at home and abroad that knows no abatement from that which made him a power a third of a century ago.

He is an Englishman.

Edward Charles Robinson Roose, M.D., has had an exceptionally brilliant career. Cadet of a distinguished family he was cast on his own resources at the age of fifteen. Difficulties stimulated him as they always help the strong. From Cambridge he went to the best medical schools on the continent of Europe, where he pursued his professional studies with the energy that ensures success. Ever since he has gone on from one success to another. Articles, continually appearing in medical journals or literary reviews, and important works that have gone through successive editions in England, France and Germany, show that one of the busiest physicians in London need not be a slave to his practice. At the same time the humblest patient is not neglected. Every case is studied in that painstaking and sympathetic manner, which in medicine is the only method entitled to be called scientific. No wonder that Dr. Roose is trusted and beloved to a singular extent by those to whom he ministers, and that though a comparatively young man he is already in the first rank in his profession in the great city that contains so much of the heart and brain of the English speaking race.

A Canadian Historian.

William Kingsford, C. E., was born in England, where also he received his early education. At the age of 23 he began his professional career in Montreal, where he was appointed deputy city surveyor. He soon after removed to the state of New York and was occupied on the construction of the Hudson river railway. For a short time he was employed on the engineering staff of the Panama railway, but soon returned to Canada and was engaged in locating a portion of the Grand Trunk, with which company he became otherwise connected. He was subsequently employed professionally in England, Italy, and Sardinia. From 1873 to 1880 he was engineer in charge of the harbours in Ontario and Quebec. Since 1880 he has devoted himself almost entirely to literature, and has published a number of works, not merely connected with his own profession, but of a more general character. Among these may be mentioned the history, structure, and statistics of plank roads in the United States and Canada; the Canadian canals, their history and their cost, with an enquiry into the policy necessary to advance the well-being of the province; and an essay on Canadian archology. Besides these he has contributed essays and reviews to the London and colonial press. But the literary work on which his reputation principally rests is his History of Canada, the first volume of which appeared in 1887, followed by a second at the close of last year, and the third is promised in September next. This is undoubtedly the best history of Canada which has yet appeared. Our government is collecting early Canadian archives and other public records, and Mr. Kingsford has availed himself of them. His history has been well received, and reviews of it which have appeared in England, the United States, and Canada have been very favourable.

IRISH-AMERICAN OBSTRUCTIONIST

She Keeps Landlord and Tenant From Coming to Terms.

DUBLIN, April 24.—The negotiations for the settlement of the troubles of the tenants on the estates of Capt. Vandeleur on the terms proposed by Thomas W. Russell, member of parliament for South Tyrone, which promised a speedy and satisfactory ending, have been suddenly stopped by the obstinacy of one of the holders, a Mrs. Daxon. This woman is the mother of an Irish-American who returned from the United States in February and got possession of a farm from which the former tenant had been ejected. Daxon installed his mother in possession of the farm and went back to America. The mother, who was evicted from the same farm in 1869, refuses to accept the terms suggested by Mr. Russell, or, indeed, any other than her own, and the probabilities are that hostilities between Capt. Vandeleur and his tenants will be speedily resumed.

A Suicide's Death.

CHICAGO, April 24.—James Hogan, aged 65, committed suicide last night. He climbed to the roof of a four story building and swung himself over. He dropped backward. His feet struck a sign and his body turned over. His head struck the pavement with a sickening thud, and his brains were scattered about.

WHY HE LEFT PARIS.

GEN. BOULANGER'S LIFE AIMED AT BY POLITICAL ENEMIES.

He Tells the Story of a Plot on His Life—The Way He Was to be Treated by His Enemies—Flight Before the Plan Could be Carried Into Execution.

LONDON, April 23.—A friend of General Boulanger, here preparing the ground for him, declares that the immediate cause of his seeking a foreign land was not as much the political prosecution which was directed against him as the discovery of an official conspiracy against his life. He tells the following story, which he says he had from the general's own lips: "After the Paris election, the general was made aware that the government was preparing to begin legal proceedings against him, and that his arrest and imprisonment, without bail, was imminent. His friends and advisers represented to him that this result would be a serious blow to the cause and urged him to fly, to save the party. He was reluctant to follow this advice and preferred to remain and submit himself to the courts, confident that an impartial trial would result in a triumphant vindication. But a discovery was made which caused him to change his mind. A government plot had been formed to put him out of the way. The details were at once communicated to him, two hours after the plans were completed, which were in substance as follows. During the night of Monday or Tuesday, at the beginning of April, the chief of the political service in the office of the prefect of police, with half a dozen assistants, were to enter the hotel and arrest him with the ostensible purpose of conducting him to prison. A body of hired ruffians were to be placed in ambush a short distance from the house, who were to rush upon the police as they passed with their prisoner, and make a pretense of rescuing him. In the melee the police were to fire several shots as if in self-defence. The supposed assailants were to return the fire, they being armed with pistols for the purpose. In this exchange of bullets, harmless to others, the general was to have been shot, as if by mistake. Had this failed he was to have been thrown into prison and a court martial was to have been summoned next day, with General Galliffet at its head. He was to have been tried and condemned to death, and the sentence executed within forty-eight hours. Such was the report brought to the general. After a hasty consultation with his intimate friends he yielded to their wishes and departed for Brussels."

HYPNOTIZED A KING.

The True Cause of King Milan's Abdication—Anything but Spiritual.

LONDON, April 24.—The latest advices from Servia show the true inwardness of Natalie's expulsion and Milan's abdication and read much like the *Dies Deo* trial in New York.

Mme. Artemisia Chaistech, wife of the prime minister, has been doing a great many things to the king in the last year, until it is the accepted belief of Servian court circles that he has no will left of his own.

She is a big, dark woman, with a low forehead, and no external evidences of much intellectual capacity. Her eyes are sharp and penetrating, and, being close together, give her an expression of feminine cunning. She and her sister are enthusiastic students of hypnotism, and séances at the palace have been numerous, with spiritualistic high jinks included.

King Milan has been her chosen subject. Her influence over him has long been known, but it was not suspected it had been obtained in this extraordinary way. When he was urged not to abdicate, however, his manner was so strange, and his answer, "It's no use, I must do it," coupled with similar eccentricities on former occasions, gave rise to the general conviction that Mme. Artemisia had been running the government by hypnotism, which caused the king to play such an important part in public affairs lately that it is rather startling.

It has been used in place of chloroform for some time in surgical operations at Paris, and when in a recent murder case there it was charged that the murderer had hypnotized his victim and forced her to kill herself, and public opinion accepted the possibility of the fact.

INCIDENTS AMONG BOOMERS.

In a State of Confusion—The Way the Country Looks—Boomers Killed.

GUTHRIE, Oklahoma, April 24.—A man named Martin killed another boomer in a quarrel over a claim, 14 miles from here. Guthrie is plunged in confusion. Rival factions seek to control the town and excitement is running high. Thousands are fleeing the town and country, but thousands more have poured in.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 25.—B. R. Groom, a large land owner in Northern Texas, who has made numerous trips through Oklahoma, says one-fifth of the land in the newly opened territory is good, one-fifth only medium, and three-fifths are practically worthless. It is not Oklahoma proper to which the settlers are flocking, but a small portion in the centre of it.

POND CREEK, I. T., April 24.—In the rush across the Oklahoma border on the Caldwell trail, Monday, a boomer's horse stumbled and fell, breaking his owner's neck. Another boomer in a buggy, wishing to inspire new energy in his lagged-out horses, fired a shot-gun and accidentally killed a neighboring boomer.

RIOTOUS STRIKERS.

They Attack the Soldiers in Vienna—Many Persons Wounded.

VIENNA, April 24.—The government yesterday offered to supply soldiers to drive the street cars. The strikers thereupon offered to resume work unconditionally. The directors decided to re-employ all drivers who had taken no part in the rioting. Last night a hand-to-hand conflict took place between the soldiers and the mob near Red House. The rioters were divided into groups of five, with a leader for each group. These groups co-operated to break the ranks of the soldiers. The rioters were defeated and many were arrested. The rioters tried to set fire to a gun factory at Hernalds. The troops fired a volley into the mob and wounded many persons. The excitement continued up to midnight. Several shops were looted. A commissioner of police was nearly stoned to death by the mob and was rescued with much difficulty by a party of dragoons.