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Effective Remedy

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"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."-L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effeeted a complete cure." - D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia." - James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits." - Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

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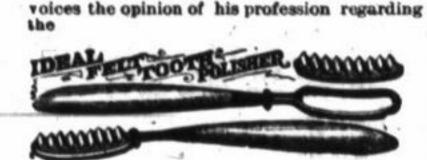
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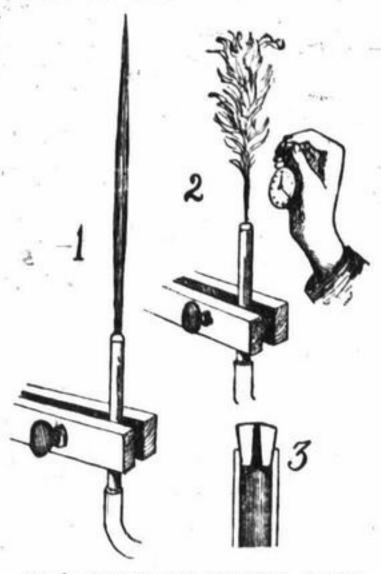
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SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION ABOUT ART, SCIENCE AND MECHANICS.

The Sensitive Flame Observed by Dr. Le Conte and Developed by Tyndall, Exhibits Some of the Curious Effects of Sound-How to Produce It.

For the production of a sensitive flame it is necessary that the gas be under a pressure equal to that of a column of water six or eight inches high. The common method of securing the required pressure is to take the gas from a cylinder of compressed illuminating gas. Another method is to take the gas, from a weighted gas bag, and still another is to fill a sheet metal tank with gas and displace it with water.



NO. 1-BURNER FOR SENSITIVE FLAME, The burner is shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3 of the first cut. It consists of a small tip inserted in the end of a suitable tube. The burner is supported in the manner shown, or other convenient way, and gas under a suitable pressure flows through and is ignited, The flame will be tall and slender, as shown in Fig. 1. By regulating the gas pressure an adjustment will be reached at which the flame will be on the verge of flaring. When the flame is at the point of flaring it is entremely sensitive to certain sounds, particularly those of high pitch. A shrill whistle or or a hiss will cause it to flare. The rattle of a bunch of keys will produce the same result. It will respond to every tick of a watch held near it.



NO. 2-SENSITIVE FLAME WITHOUT EXTRA GAS PRESSURE.

Another sensitive flame, which requires no extra gas and is more readily controlled than the late jet, is shown in the second cut. In the production of this flame a pin hole burner is employed. Two inches above the burner is supported a piece of 32-mesh wire gauze, about six inches square. The gas is turned on and lit above the wire gauze. It burns in a conical flame, which is yellow at the top and blue at the base. When the gus pressure is strong, the flame roars continuously When the gas is turned off, so as to stop the roaring altogether, the flame burns steadily and exhibits no more sensitiveness than an ordinary flame. By turning on the gas slowly and steadily, a criffical point will be reached at which almost any noise will cause it to roar and become non-luminous. Any degree of sensitiveness may be attained by careful adjustment of the gas supply. A quiet room is required for this experiment. The rustle of clothes, the ticking of a clock, a whisper, a snap of the finger, the dropping of a pencil, or in fact almost any noise, will cause it to drop, become non-luminous and roar. It dances perfect time to a tune whistled staccato and not too rapidly, concludes Scientific American, from which the cuts here shown are reprinted.

Fear When in High Places.

Among the many curious psychical experiences that are now attracting attention, the one to which the term "acrophobia" has been applied has many points of interest. It refers to an exaggerated condition of fear when in high places. Dr. Verga has recently described the phenomena in his own case. Though by nature not at all timid, all his courage leaves him when above ground. He has palpitations in mounting a step ladder; finds it extremely unpleasant to ride on top of a coach, or even to look out of a first story window. His idiosyncrasy forbids him to use an elevator, and the mere thought of those who have cast themselves down from high places causes tingling all over his person. The thought of the earth spinning through space is enough to cause discomfort. He finds this fear growing upon him as sight and hearing become less acute, and what walking in high places was formerly possible for him is getting more and more difficult. A greater or less degree of this fear is undoubtedly quite common. A very intense form of it seems perfectly consistent with normal functions.

Self Developing Photographic Plates.

Self developing photographic dry plates are the latest novelty, in which the chemicals used in developing are applied in the solid form to the back of the plate. After the exposure it is only necessary to immerso the plate in a tray of water, when the developing salts will dissolve and form a bath all ready for use. The convenience of this method to travelers and photographic amateurs away from their base of supplies will undoubtedly be very great.

New Method of Teaching Chemistry.

At a recent discourse on chemistry Professor Heinrich Hoffman, of Berlin, illustrated the atomic constitution of organic compounds by the use of the ballet. Each girl was dressed in an individual solid color and represented an atom, and the grouping and movements of the atoms is said to have been very effective. Chemistry has now become a very popular study with the students, and the attendance at the lectures very full.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Historical Affidavit-Account of a Sea Fight in Boston Harbor. The Boston Transcript publishes the follow-

ing in its "Notes and Queries:" Many residents of Boston will remember Benjamin Trefethen, the old sailor, who for many years sold almanacs about our streets. He must have lived well on to 90 years of age. One day he came into the office of the secretary of state, at the state house, where I was employed, and I took the opportunity of drawing up a statement from the answers to my questions, which I read to him, and which he afterwards signed. It is given herewith. DAVID PULSIFER.

I, Benjamin Trefethen, of Boston, born on New Castle Island, Portsmouth, N. H., Jan. 18, 1790, have resided in Boston since 1828, to the present

In the year 1812, I shipped to serve on board the frigate Chesapeake, then lying in Nantasket Roads, in the harbor of Boston; went on board Dec. 9, 1812. The Chesapeake was at that time commanded by Samuel Evans. Shipped with fi others in Portsmouth by Lieut. Budd, and came immediately to Boston. The last of May, 1813, the frigate Shannon, commanded by Capt. Broke, made her appearance off Boston harbor. On the 1st day of June the Chesapeake, commanded by Capt. James Lawrence, who succeeded Capt. Evans, got under weigh and proceeded down the harbor under full sail to meet the Shannon, at that time standing in. The Shannon very soon tacked and stood off. When in the offing near Marblehead, between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m., as near as I can recollect, the action commenced. The Chesapeake had the weather gage and engaged the Shannon, the guas on the larboard side bearing upon the starboard side of the Shannon. We were so near that I cannot say which fired the first gun; the firing was near together. As we passed the Shannon we fired two broadsides. I belonged to the third gun on the spar deck, and while looking to see the effect of the shot while firing, a cannon ball from the Shannon passed over my head and took off the head of John White, our sailing master. The engagement lasted not more than three-quarters of an hour. The Shannon at the close of the engagement was in a sinking condition, having three and a half feet of water in her hold; and I always believed that those who boarded the Chesapeake jumped on board to save their lives. I afterwards counted seven plugs in the starboard side of the

When we were sailing past the Boston lights to meet the Shannon, while I was taking dinner with others between the guns, Capt. Lawrence came along and, making a stop, looked at us earnestly, and said, "Bear a hand, boys, and get your dinner; you'll have blood for supper."

BENJAMIN TREFETHEN. Secretary's Office, Boston. Oct. 1, 1869.

The First Wooden Clock. E. A. Fen writes in The Alligan (Mich.) Journal: About the year 1800 there lived a sort of indolent, thriftless, unpromising young man by the name of Eli Terry. His birth place was the same as mine, Plymouth, Conn. He sought the hand and heart of a Miss Warner, and was bitterly opposed by her friends on account of his inability to support her.

Eli had no visible means of support, but spent his time sitting on a stump or block whittling out a circle he struck with an old compass or sawing off bits of wood from some dead trees, and thus, day after day, his timb was spent, and the general opinion was he was crazy. Want pressed so hard in the home that the wife, by urgent entreaty of her friends, had about made up her mind to return to her parents' home, when the fruits of Eli's whittling and sawing materialized in the first, wooden clock ever made in America, and, I believe, in any country. It was readily sold to a neighbor for \$30 and paid for in pork, flour, potatoes, other family necessities and a little money, with which he bought tools to facilitate his work in further prosecution of clock making. Another and another was made that sold readily as soon as completed. The foot lathe and small circular saws were added, then men were employed, clocks more rapidly made and eagerly sought after, and Eli Terry began to accumulate. In the meantime he had made application for letters patent upon his clock, and about 1802 or 1803 built a small shop and commenced improving on his clock and construction of machinery and tools, and the foundation for a vast fortune was made, which materialized in after years. Notwithstanding his unbounded benevolence, he became very rich. He died about 1845, at the advanced age of 85 years.

Union Jacks.

The question has been asked have the United States and Great Britain ensigns

called union jacks! The United States has not, Great Britain has a union jack. The union jack bears on a blue ground the red cross of St. George for England, the white diagonal cross of St. Andrew for Scotland, and the red diagonal cross of St. Patrick for Ireland. The original union jack was adopted in 1606, three years after James VI, of Scotland, became king of England, and consisted of the crosses of St. George and St. Andrew. The name jack is said to be a corruption of the word Jacobus, Jaques, or James. The flag was adopted 101 years before the two kingdoms were united, during that time they were separate kingdoms, with, as it happened, one ruler. In 1801, when Ireland was "taken into the union," the cross of St. Patrick was added. Our jack bears thirtyeight or forty-two stars, typical of our states, and may properly be called a union jack, only it isn't so called; and any "union jack" casually mentioned must be understood to

Depot.

mean a British ensign.

"Depot" is a French word but it does not 'speak for itself." As used by the French it has a great variety of meanings, but no one of them has anything whatever to do with railroads; so that the American use of the word in this connection is a purely arbitrary one, based on nothing (much like that of "parquet" or "parquette," as applied to theatres). On the other hand, the word "station" is used indiscriminately in this country, as well as in Great Britain, and even occasionally on the continent, to signify either a "terminus" or a "way station," and is a correct term for either. Usage, however, makes "depot" cor rect in America.

"Cocktail."

The following has been given as the origin of the word "cocktail": In a note to Cooper's "Spy " as we recollect, it is said that a buxom widow who kept a tavern at an unnamed Westchester town used to provide "bracers" for the young French officers that would make them feel as "light as a cock's tail." In time the compound which produced the effect received the name of "cocktail." The date of this important occurrence isn't given.

A Northern Passage.

It has been proved that a passage exists from Baffin's bay to Behring's strait, but ice prevents vessels from passing through it In 1850 H. M. S. Investigator entered the Arctic ocean through Behring's strait, and after being fast in the ice three years was abandoned by her officers and crew, who returned to England by way of Baffin's bay in 1854.

Armies. The French army for 1889 stands at 515,627 men and 123,794 horses; the strength of the German army, by the septennate bill of 1887, is fixed at 402,000 man, with about 85,000 horses; the Austrian army numbers 801,042 men, with 50,362 horses, and the Italian army 253,000 men, with a proportionate number of

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frew, 5:10 p.m.; Pembroke, 7:58 p.m. No. 1 Mixed leaves Kingston 7:30 a.m.; arrives at Sharbot Lake 19:00 a.m., and Renfrew 2:45 No. 5 Mixed leaves Kingston at 4.15 p.m.

strives at Sharbot Lake at 7:10 p.m., Thurs No. 7 Express leaves Kingston at 11:45 p.m. connecting with C.P.R. Night Express Train

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EASTER HOLIDAY SEASON, 1889.

RETURN TICKETS will be on sale at SIN-GLE FIBST CLASS FARE AND ONE THIRD good to ge on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 18th, 19th and 20th, and return trip to commence not later than Tuesday, April 23rd. School Vacations.

On presentation of certificates from their Pri cipals, pupi san teachers may be tickered at single first-class fare and one third, good to g · from April 6th to 19 h, inclusive, go.d for return until April 30th, inclusive.

Passenger trains leave the new City Passenger Depot, foot of Joh, son Street, as follows: GOING EAST. GOING WEST. No. 1 at 1:50 p.m. No. 2 at 3:50 p.m. No. 3..... at 2:00 a.m. No. 4..... at 2:00 a.m. Mixed at 6:10 a.m. No. 6...... at 5:05 a.m. Mixed at 7:20 a.m. Mixed at 7:50 p.m. Express trains Nos. 3, 4 and 6 run Sundays included. No. 6 does not run on Monday.

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The last train to make connection with the steamer leaving Portland leaves Ki gston every Wednesday at 1:40 p.m., and to Halifax every Thursday at 1:40 p.m. All information regarding the selection of berths can be obtained from THOMAS HANLEY,

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