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All Wool Cashmeres, full range of colors, best range of colors, best goods, at lowest prices.

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Fine Henriettas at lowest prices.

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176 Princess Street.

SAVANNAH IN ASHES.

The Loss a Million and a Half—A Blaze Kindled by Water.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 6.—Fire broke out at 6.55 to-night in D. H. Hogan's dry goods store in one of the finest business blocks in the city. The building was entirely destroyed, loss \$150,000. The Odd Fellows' Hall went next, loss \$125,000. Twelve or fifteen brick dwellings were also consumed, loss \$75,000. The Independent Presbyterian Church, erected at a cost of \$200,000, ten or fifteen wooden dwellings, the brick arsenal of the Savannah Guards Battalion and other buildings were also consumed. The total loss will probably reach \$1,500,000, insurance much less.

Hundreds of Houses Burnt.

LONDON, April 7.—A despatch from India says that hundreds of houses have been destroyed by fire at Surat. The loss is placed at £200,000.

Water Kindled This Blaze.

NORFOLK, Va., April 7.—The cyclone, which began at 10 o'clock last night and continued until 5 this morning, heaped up a tide 18 inches above the record, and the flood, slackening on John A. Savage's wharf, kindled a fire which destroyed the entire block, the old Cotton Exchange building, 1400 bales of cotton and other property. The loss by fire is \$200,000 and by water nearly as much more. In Portsmouth, fire destroyed the lime and lumber yard of Truig & Hall. The United States ship Pensacola sank in dry dock where she was being repaired for sea. The Simpson dry dock was flooded and the damage may reach \$40,000.

A \$500,000 Loss at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 7.—The extensive iron, shovel and saw factories of Hubbard & Co. were burned this morning. The loss will be \$500,000, nearly covered by insurance.

Other Fires.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 6.—The Whitlock House at Marietta was burned this afternoon. The guests escaped unhurt. Loss, \$40,000; insurance, \$18,000. Adjacent residences were also burned, causing additional loss of \$10,000.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 6.—A fire at Clarkdale, Miss., early this morning destroyed the principal business portion of the town.

MISS MACKELCAN FOUND.

Five Days Without Food—A Bed in the Snow—The Oakland Sale.

HAMILTON, April 7.—Miss Louisa Mackelcan, who had been missing since Monday, was found by Mr. Leonard Foster yesterday afternoon in the warm ashes of a brick yard. She had slept in the warm ashes during three nights, and the other nights, according to her own statement, she slept in the snow. She had gone without any food, and Dr. Mackelcan says that had a physically strong person gone through similar privation and exposure it would likely have killed him, but her temporary mental affliction kept her up. She said she knew her people were looking for her.

The highest bid for the Oakland farm was \$17,000 and as this did not reach the reserve the property was withdrawn and put up in lots. The residence and 37 acres went to T. B. Townsend of Aldershot for \$8000. The outbuildings and 40 acres were sold to H. T. Bunbury for \$4500. The remainder of the lots were not sold.

MANITOBA MATTERS.

A Political Rumor—Gabriel Dumont Goes to Saskatchewan.

WINNIPEG, April 7.—The latest political rumor is that Colebough of St. Andrew's will succeed Jones in the local cabinet and be opposed by Robert Bullcock.

A diffidence has arisen between the Northern Pacific and Manitoba Railway and the Hudson Bay Company respecting terminal grounds in Winnipeg, the latter declining to carry out the alleged agreement on the ground that the price is too low. The matter will be taken to the courts.

Gabriel Dumont has gone to Saskatchewan. Very few knew of his presence in Winnipeg. During March 6015 immigrants arrived here, the largest number on record.

The oldest son of Webb, the wife murderer lately hanged at Brandon, is wandering about with no one to care for him and is said to be losing his reason.

Thinks he can Reach the Pole.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Alphonso Leduc, the half-breed who accompanied Lord Londale part of the way to the Arctic, arrived in Chicago to-day from Manitoba. Leduc says that with funds and material he can reach the North Pole. His idea is to go overland by sled. He thinks that with 300 men a line of communication, for supplies north and news south, could be maintained without great difficulty. Headquarters would be on the Peninsula of Boothia, twelve days by courier from the nearest telegraph to Winnipeg. Leduc will attempt to interest a number of newspapers to get them to back him. It is possible that government aid will be asked. Leduc goes from here to New York within a day or two.

Making Ready for the Samoan Sufferers.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—Preparations are being made at the naval hospital at Mare Island for the reception of the sick and injured of the officers and crews of the wrecked Trenton and Vandalia. All are supposed to be en route to San Francisco and are expected to arrive shortly. Many of the men have some time to serve and will form a portion of the crews of the Charleston, Adams and Iroquoia. A large set of men is engaged in this work, working at extra hours. The exact time the ships will be ready for sea cannot be told, but it will not be many weeks. The stores for each are being prepared and officers are being detailed so there will be no delay. At present over 500 men are employed at the yard and the number is being daily increased. The receiving ship Independence, an old line-of-battle ship here, has ample room for all who come from Samoa. It is understood 300 of the Vandalia's and the Trenton's crews will come by an Australian steamer.

Died in Exile.

HARRISVILLE, Mich., April 6.—Mrs. Annie Gardner, aged 32, was found dead in bed at this place yesterday morning. Five years ago she was a happy wife and the mother of two bright boys. She then lived with her husband in Toronto. An estrangement occurred and one night the husband took the two boys and came to Michigan. The distracted wife and mother followed and after a weary search located him near Green Bush, a small village six miles south of Harrisville. Mrs. Gardner came to Harrisville, but her husband learned of her arrival and at once fled to Saginaw, where the two boys afterward died. The mother followed her husband to Saginaw, only to learn of the death of her two boys and that the father had buried them in an obscure spot. After a long search she found their grave and had the remains exhumed and buried in the cemetery.

Resolved Part of the Cattle Quarantine.

DES MOINES, Ia., April 6.—Gov. Larrabee has issued proclamation reciting the fact that the state veterinary surgeon has informed the executive department that the causes which led to a cattle quarantine against certain states have been removed, and revoking all such orders and proclamations, except so far as they pertain to Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland.

A Surprised Man.

Joshua Craig arrived from Rochester on Saturday to attend the funeral of a brother-in-law. When he reached the city he met the man supposed to have died. Craig received a telegram notifying him of the death of his brother-in-law, but it would seem the message was meant for some other person.

The great sensation is about Gale's bankrupt stock, and the wonderful bargains to be offered by Bowes & Bionette's.

JUST A FIGHTING CHANCE.

THE GLADSTONIANS MAY POSSIBLY WIN IN BIRMINGHAM.

An Alleged Revolt Among the Rank and File of the Liberal Unionists—General Cable News.

LONDON, April 7.—It is possible as things stand that the Gladstonians may win the vacant seat in Birmingham. Tory anger is not yet appeased, and the Tories think they have been tricked by Mr. Chamberlain and ill-treated by their own Government. They may, or may not, patch up some kind of an understanding with the Liberal Unionists, but they do not seem likely to enter upon the contest with any heart. "The rank and file have," says one of their leaders, "broken into revolt. They will not vote; they will not work. Disgust and resentment have taken possession of their souls, and unless some new basis of agreement is found, nothing but a miracle can avert a Gladstonian triumph." This, however, the Gladstonians do not themselves expect. Mr. Balfour went down to Birmingham last night and made a speech to the Tories. Under the influence of Mr. Balfour's eloquence they passed a resolution not to nominate a candidate against Mr. Albert Bright. Whether they will support him heartily is not yet clear.

Lord Randolph Churchill, whose conduct has earned him applause from all sides, has invited the Tories to the Leicester races, joining a large party at Gosport, as guests of Earl and Countess Howe, to meet the Prince of Wales. Such are the consolations of English public life. His speeches, too, have appeared this week in two octavo volumes, edited and prefaced by Mr. Jennings, formerly of New York, now M.P. for Stockport. They will be read for their readability, for their value as contributions to current political history, and above all for the evidence they supply that the Tory party of today owes its rise, as the Tory Ministry, does its existence to Lord Randolph more than to any other single leader of influence.

The Mania for Investment Trust Co's.

LONDON, April 7.—The Stock Exchange during the week was animated, values in every department improving. Buying was largely promoted by the formation of investment trust companies, the public zeal for which is rapidly reaching a mania. The total number of trusts formed in 1888 was fifteen with a capital of £2,500,000. Already this year nineteen have been floated with a capital of £25,075,000 and more are announced although it is known that existing trusts find difficulty in obtaining sound investments. During the week American railroad securities were steadily bought, speculative buying being active in spite of small encouragement from Wall-street.

Boulangier and the Prince.

BRUSSELS, April 7.—The Independence Belge maintains in spite of denials that General Boulangier visited Prince Victor Napoleon both yesterday and to-day.

Boulangier's Speech Read in His Absence.

PARIS, April 6.—The Revisional Committee gave a grand banquet this evening, at which 1000 guests were present. General Boulangier was to have presided. In his absence Senator Naquet read a speech which had been prepared by Boulangier for the occasion. In it the General promised that on attaining power he would proclaim a general amnesty and would abrogate the exile laws, which, he said, a strong government did not need. He denounced what he termed the miserable motives that had actuated the Government with respect to the Duc d'Annam. This action of the Government would have met with his approval if it had been dictated by a generous sentiment. He declared that he pitied M. Antoine, who was merely the tool of the Opportunists. Regarding Alsace-Lorraine he said it appeared to be a criminal offence to discuss questions relating to that province.

GOADED TO DESPERATION.

Evicted Iowa Settlers Adopt the Tactics of Irish Moonlighters.

FORT DODGE, Ia., April 6.—Every day adds to the seriousness of the strained situation of the Des Moines River land settlers. Numerous parties connected with the prosecution of settlers have received threatening notices and letters to-day warning them to desist. The recent action of the land owners in forcing evictions and threatening to call out the State militia to enforce writs of ejectment has transferred a stolid determination to desperate daring. The settlers announce their readiness to die in defence of their homes, but say they will sell their lives as dearly as possible. In view of impending trouble evictions have been abandoned for the present.

Stabbing Affray at Windsor.

WINDSOR, April 7.—About 5 o'clock last night Robert Machie, formerly a bartender at the Imperial Hotel, got into a quarrel with Joseph Le Bonnet at the Cosmopolitan Hotel and stabbed him several times. A doctor was called and examined the wounds, but thought that they would not result fatally. Machie has crossed the river.

Killed on the Track.

WINDSOR, April 7.—A Grand Trunk special, west-bound, struck Chas. Pelletier, who was walking on the track near Stony Point, yesterday, killing him instantly and cutting the body in a terrible manner. Pelletier did not hear the train coming. He is a farmer living near Stony Point, and the body was removed to that place.

Hunting Down a Scoundrel.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 6.—A posse of 300 men under Sheriff DeJarnet was organized in Rutherford County to-day to search for George Dunnaway, the man who some weeks ago killed his uncle and ravished his niece in the Lascassas neighborhood in that county. The belief is that Dunnaway is in hiding near the scene of his crime.

Not For Sale.

COLOGNE, April 6.—The Gazette, commenting on the report that Count Herbert Bismarck had made an offer on the part of Germany to cede Demarsland to England, says that the German Government does not desire to dispose of that territory.

Proposed Weaving School.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Representatives of the silk, woollen and cotton trades met here to-day and discussed the establishment of a weaving school. Silk manufacturers complain that foreign weavers who now form their entire corps will not permit young men to learn the trade here. A committee will be appointed to make plans for the establishment of a school.

This Cashier Was a Thief.

ANOKA, Minn., April 7.—P. F. Pratt, cashier of the First National Bank, is missing \$100,000 of the bank's money and \$30,000 obtained on his personal note endorsed by an aged widow who trusted him to manage her affairs. The bank will be placed in the hands of a receiver.

A Big Storm in the South.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Despatches from all parts of Virginia and the Carolinas report that the worst storm of the season occurred on Saturday. It began with thunder, lightning and hail, snow fell heavily and was driven by a terrific gale. Wires are down in all directions.

This Hoodler is Probably in Toronto.

ELMIRA, April 7.—George Ward, the assistant postmaster, who skipped last week with \$1500, all the available cash in the office, is probably in Toronto, as just before his departure on the Erie train he enquired if it made close connection with a train for the Queen City.

A SENSATION PROMISED.

Suit for Heavy Damages Against a York County Farmer.

TORONTO, April 8.—One of the most sensational cases which will be heard at the present sittings of the Civil Assize Court is the action of Robinson v. Duncan. Some of the facts were gleaned from a few of the parties to-day by a reporter, but the startling disclosures which will be revealed on either side have been hushed up by the different counsel, who desire to obtain their full effect in court.

The plaintiff, Henry Joseph Robinson, is a Toronto blacksmith, and the plaintiff Sarah Robinson, is his wife. William Duncan, the defendant, is a farmer who lives somewhere in the county of York. Sarah Robinson claims that on the night of Oct. 11, 1888, at her residence, No. 84 Portland-street, the defendant indecently assaulted and abused her. She and her husband sue for \$2000 damages with costs.

William Duncan alleges that the first time he ever saw Mrs. Robinson was on Sept. 1 last, when he called at her house to see his brother, who was dying of consumption, and who passed away that same day. The deceased and his wife had rented rooms from the Robinsons. Duncan went home after the funeral, and called again on Sept. 8 to see his sister-in-law, but Mrs. Robinson said she had moved. Feeling unwell at the time, he asked for a drink of water, and she insisted on giving tea. While he stood there two children came in, and then he went away and alleges that he never saw Mrs. Robinson again. He claims the whole story is a fabrication, and that he was not at Robinson's house since the date mentioned. He declares that on Oct. 11 he was at Rowntree's mills, above Thistleton, with a grist, and did not get home until after dark.

George Rowntree, of Rowntree's mills, it is said will prove that Duncan was at his mill on that day. The case is exciting much interest in West York, where the defendant is widely known as a man who has always borne a good character and a high standing in the community.

WILL FIGHT ANOTHER DAY.

Abandonment of the Projected Raid on Kentucky's Illicit Distillers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 8.—The raid of federal deputy marshals and revenue agents against the illicit distillers near Hindman, Ky., who recently ambushed and killed Deputy Marshall Russell Wiseman has for the present been abandoned. Deputy Agent Brown and Commissioner Friend, who had charge of the expedition, found when they assembled their men at Prestonburg that only about twenty men would volunteer for the attack. A part of these were deputy marshals who had just come in from a hard ride and were in poor condition for a fight. The moonshiners were reported strongly entrenched in their distilleries, nine miles from Hindman, and to the number of thirty-five men, well armed with Winchester rifles and revolvers. They were said to have sworn to stand together to death to resist arrest, for they regard arrest as only a sure road to execution in revenge for Wiseman's murder. With such odds against them Brown and Friend, in spite of the protests of the federal deputy marshals, determined it would be unwise to attempt to capture the outlaws. The mountaineers are under the leadership of Sam Adams, Randall Adams, Sam and Isaac Sloan and George Madden, whose brother, Arch Madden, was slain in the fight with Wiseman and his posse.

TO BURN THE BRIDGES.

Nefarious Scheme Said to Have Been Devised by Oklahoma Boomers.

WINFIELD, Kan., April 6.—A reliable man just come from Oklahoma says he got on to the fact that the boomers, hundreds of whom are hid in the brush on the many streams in that country, have combined on a plan to burn all the bridges on the Santa Fe on the night of April 21 or sooner, so that no trains can get into Oklahoma on the 22nd. He says the boomers swear they are going to have the claims they have staked out at whatever cost. People bound for Oklahoma are arriving here daily from all over the union, and excitement runs high. Thirty-five waggons arrived from Meade and Comanche Counties to-day and camped just west of the town to await the proper time to move to Oklahoma.

Mr. Rykert and the Jesuit Bill.

ST. CATHARINES, April 8.—Mr. J. C. Rykert, M.P. for Lincoln, who voted with the Government against Col. O'Brien's motion and was censured last week by L.O.L. No. 473 of St. Catharines because of his action in the matter, explained his course to his Liberal-Conservative constituents in a long speech delivered in Albert Hall in this city on Saturday night. Editor McClelland of The Star also spoke, taking Mr. Rykert to task for his speech in the Commons. A resolution of confidence was carried.

Incendiary and Thief, but Not Kidnaper.

NEWARK, N. J., April 6.—J. S. Grier, special agent of the Governor of Colorado to take the cowboy, Herbert E. Coddington, back to Trinidad, in that state, on three indictments, for burning the hotel of Jas. Pyle, robbing a boarder of \$200 and running away with Pyle's daughter, was looking for Gov. Green to-day to get his requisition signed. The only charge Coddington denies is that of kidnaping the girl. She claims to have been 16 years old when she left home.

Sad Fate of an Aged Lady.

LOUISVILLE, April 6.—Mrs. Bridget Courley was burned to death here to-day. She was 75 years old and lived with her son. She arose early this morning as it was cold, and going to the fire got too near and her clothing caught.

The Licenses Will Expire Dec. 31.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Department of State has been informed by the United States Consul at Ottawa that the licenses to fishing vessels will continue to be issued this year by the Canadian Government on the same terms as last year. Collectors of Customs have been supplied with the same forms as last year, but the licenses will be granted to expire on Dec. 31.

Foiled by a Brave Telegrapher.

WINNIPEG, April 6.—Masked robbers entered the office of the Canadian Pacific and Dominion Express Company at Indian Head last night, placed a revolver at the head of W. H. Ross, the telegraph operator in charge, and demanded the money in his keeping. Ross suddenly blew out the light and opened fire with his own revolver. The robbers made off without getting booty.

Bying of Munger at Panama.

PANAMA, April 7.—Since the suspension of work on the canal over 8000 laborers have been repatriated from the Isthmus. A consular investigation shows that there are still over 3000 persons on the line of the work who are destitute. Some deaths from starvation have already been reported and it is feared that many more will occur if prompt measures are not taken.

Five Were Drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—The barge Sunrise from Norfolk for New York with coal and lumber, and at midnight foundered during a heavy gale, and at midnight foundered and sank. The captain, his wife and two children, also one seaman, were lost.

A DYNAMITE PLOT.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP A BOYCOTTED NEW YORK BREWERY.

How the Conspiracy Came to Light—Members of a K. of L. Executive Committee Indicted and Under Arrest.

NEW YORK, April 7.—An explosion, presumably of dynamite bomb, Feb. 8, in the area of David Stevenson's brewery in Teutonia made a terrific noise, tore away a large piece of wall and shattered numerous windows in the vicinity. It is alleged the explosion was the work of labor union men and four of them are now in custody. They are A. Fitzgerald, formerly walking delegate of the Als and Porter Brewery Employees' Protective Association; John O'Connell, President of Local Assembly No. 8390 K. of L.; Patrick F. Close and Thomas Reardon, members of the Executive Committee of the Local Assembly. Fitzgerald has made a confession which implicates the three other men. Stevenson had discharged all union men and refused to re-employ any but those who severed their connection with the union. The prisoners constituted the Executive Committee at the time. According to Fitzgerald's story the committee tried to invent some scheme whereby Stevenson would be made to re-employ the union and discharge scab workmen.

The first plan approved by the committee was to send union men to the brewery to apply for work and state that they were not attached to the union. The men who might thus secure employment were to place grease in the beer and ale vats and destroy the brew. Several applicants thus advised went to the brewery but were refused employment.

Subsequently the Executive Committee determined to appropriate \$50 to continue the fight against Stevenson. The union ratified this action. The Executive Committee, made furious by the failure of their first scheme, conceived the plan to blow up the brewery. Reardon and Close were delegated to see a person, whose name is withheld, for instructions as to the destructive element to be used and the method in which it should be operated. The explosive, it was planned, should be set off in the engine room. The opportunity to reach that room was not afforded the conspirators and they became involved in a quarrel among themselves which delayed the use of the explosive.

In carrying out the boycott against the brewery Fitzgerald was charged with inactivity and was threatened with suspension from the position of walking delegate, which yielded him \$27.50 per week. He finally was ordered to be suspended but resigned. The explosion followed. Detectives learned recently that O'Connell, who had been succeeded by Reardon as president of the union, stated at a meeting that it was one thing to blow up a brewery and another to prove it.

Inspector Byrnes took Fitzgerald before the grand jury on Friday, where he repeated his confession. Upon the evidence presented the jury indicted O'Connell, Reardon and Close for felony and they were arrested.

SENTENCED TO HANG.

In Indiana Murderer Fails to Convince a Jury That He is Insane.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., April 6.—This afternoon Mr. Benson was convicted of the murder of Jacob Mottweiler, near New Albany, Ind., and sentenced to hang. Benson was Mottweiler's farm hand. Mottweiler had no neighbors within a mile, and only his wife and a servant girl were on the farm with him and Benson. A quarrel arose about the girl, and one Sunday last summer Benson shot Mottweiler dead and then tried to kill Mrs. Mottweiler with an axe. She was left apparently dead, but finally recovered. The girl fled and reported the tragedy. Benson made no attempt to escape. When tried he at first denied his guilt but then confessed. His attorney tried to show insanity, and on the stand Benson denied ever having made a confession and made other singular statements. The jury was only out half an hour. An appeal will be taken. The case was tried at Jeffersonville on change of venue from New Albany and the execution will take place there.

RISEN FROM THE GRAVE.

Strange Story Told by a Long Missing Maine Editor.

EASTPORT, Me., April 6.—H. F. Walden, proprietor of The Eastport Messenger, disappeared last November. His hat and a small boat, in which he had gone to Lubec, were found a short time afterward, the latter bottom up, and he was given up by his wife and friends as lost. Within three days his wife has received a letter from him at Pawtucket, R.I. He says the last thing he remembers is standing on the beach at Lubec. After that his mind was a blank until he found himself in the woods near Pawtucket, ragged and poor. At the time of his disappearance he was worn out by overwork and sickness in his family. These cases, with the loss of sleep, probably unsettled his mind.

Russell's Defence of the Land League.

LONDON, April 6.—Sir Charles Russell continued his argument before the Parnell Commission on Wednesday and Thursday, and then asked for an adjournment till Tuesday next, which the Court granted. He has devoted much time to an historical narrative of the condition of things in Ireland, which, in his view, made agitation and illegal organizations, and even some degree of crime, inevitable. His defence of the Land League is probably the best and most elaborate that has yet been addressed to the public. The League diminished, he urges, instead of increasing crime, and deserves, therefore, blessing, rather than cursing. He defended boycotting on the same ground. Without boycotting, if you believe Sir Charles, other crime, or what he calls "serious crime," would have been more frequent. His speech has been a masterly performance, obviously impressive to the Court and impressive even to the general public, which seldom reads forensic discourses, but has read summaries of this and the more exciting episodes. Of these there have been many, including a fresh attack on the unhappy Attorney-General, for making sundry grave charges in opening the case which he did not afterward attempt to support by evidence. The story that one passage moved Mr. Parnell to tears requires confirmation. It is difficult to imagine Mr. Parnell in tears.

Represents the English Tin Syndicate.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Prof. M. C. Vincent of the Royal Geographical Society of London, arrived on the Adriatic to-day. He comes here in the interests of the great English tin syndicate that has recently raised millions of dollars to control the tin production of the world. He will proceed immediately to Dakota, where the tin mines in which the syndicate are interested are located.

Many Kinds of Weather in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—A heavy snow, wind and rain storm has prevailed here since early this morning. The rain, which began falling some time before daylight, at about 9 o'clock changed to snow and from that hour until after dark to-night the air was dense with great flakes driven before a strong north wind, but the weather being mild it melted as it fell. Several times during the day heavy peals of thunder were heard and stray sparks of lightning frequently darted across the switchboards in the telegraph offices. The telephone and fire alarm wires throughout the city are more or less demoralized, and telegraphic communication with the south and west is wholly cut off.