

**WOOD AND COAL.**

**BRECK & BOOTH**

Wharfingers, Vessel Agents and Wholesale and Retail Coal and Wood Dealers. Coals of the very best description, under cover, well screened and promptly delivered. Birch wood and Hard and Soft Cordwood of first quality on hand. Inspection solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.  
YARD—Corner Ontario and West Streets.  
OFFICE—Clarence and Ontario Streets—Foot of Clarence Street.  
ORDERS left at the stores of Mr. James Rodden, Princess Street, and Messrs. McKelvey & Birch, Brock Street, will be promptly filled. Telephone communication.  
Agents "Black Diamond Line."  
L. W. BRECK. E. A. BOC'N.

**W. B. & S. ANGLIN,**  
**SOLE AGENTS**

In this locality for Gilmour & Co's (Tronton) KILN DRIED DOORS, Sash and Blinds, Mouldings and other factory work.  
A full stock always on hand. Call and examine.  
W. B. & S. ANGLIN,  
Wellington Street, North.

**Coal, Wholesale, Retail,**

**BEST IN THE MARKET.**  
Yard No. 1—Ontario Street.  
" 2—Clarence Street Wharf.  
" 3—St. Lawrence Wharf.  
Secure delivery before broken weather sets in. Chief Office—St. Lawrence Wharf, Branch Office—Corner King and Clarence St., opposite British American Hotel.  
Prompt and satisfactory delivery a specialty. Coal all under cover and well screened.  
Telephone communication.  
JAMES SWIFT & CO.

**HARD AND SOFT WOOD.**

If you want the Driest, Cheapest and Best Hard Maple and Becca Cordwood, Oak, Birch Ash, Elm or Hemlock Cordwood Sawn or Un-sawn.  
Or if you want Kindling Wood, (Dry), or Stov Coal, Nut Coal, No. 4 Coal, Soft Coal or Blacksmith's Coal, go to  
R. CRAWFORD & CO., - Foot of Queen St.  
N.B.—Orders left at the Grocery Store of Jas. Crawford, Princess Street, will receive prompt attention. Telephone communication.

**M. MALLEN'S WOOD AND COAL YARD**

IS ALWAYS STOCKED WITH THE Best Dry Hard Wood, Dry Block Wood, Dry Kindling Wood and the Best descriptions of Coal, CORNER OF BARRACK AND ONTARIO STS.

**COAL AND WOOD.**

Scranton Coal, Best Quality Hard Wood, Mill Wood, Verona Lime.

**P. WALSH.**

OFFICE—Cor. Barrack and Ontario Sts.

**WOOD & COAL YARD**

COR. BAY AND RIDEAU STREETS. THE VERY CHEAPEST PRICES JOHN L. JOYCE.

**FURNITURE, &c.**

**MERCHANTS | HOUSEKEEPERS !!**

Send in your orders early for PAINTING - AND - PAPERING Spruce up—don't be a clam—and don't wait till the great spring rush is on.

**AN ELEGANT LINE OF HANGINGS**

select from. Always the best selected and most stylish stock in Eastern Ontario.

Give us a call and look over our stock.

**ROBINSON'S WALL PAPER DEPOT**

277 Bagot Street.

**F. C. MARSHALL,**

UPHOLSTERER.

Designs and Estimates Furnished for all Kinds of Work

LOUNGES, EASY, FANCY AND ODD CHAIRS,

MATRASSES, SPRING BEDS, &c.

TURKISH AND OVERSTUFFED WORK A SPECIALTY.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF REPAIRING.

CARPETS LAID.

Opposite Polson's Drug Store, PRINCESS STREET, Kingston.

**ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD ?**

Buy your Hardware, Boiled and Raw Oils,

White Lead, Glass Putty and Pure Prepared

Paints at \$1.25 per gallon at

**BIBBY & VIRTUE'S,**

KING STREET.

**HALL, PAIDOUR, COOKING**

STOVES AND RANGES,

—CHEAPEST AT—

**ELLIOTT BROS.,**

Next door to W. M. Drennan, Princess St

Finsmithing, Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting

Steam and Hot Water Heating Engineers.

Agents for the Celebrated Spiral Radiator

Hot Air Furnace manufactured by M. H. Jacobs, Syracuse, N.Y.

**HENRY BRAME,**

Leading Undertaker and Embalmer,

—251 PRINCESS STREET,—

Cor. Sydenham Street.

Telephone communication.

**B. H. CARNOVSKY**

INTERIOR CABINET DECORATIONS

AND ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER.

281 PRINCESS ST.

**IF YOU WANT THE**

*Cheapest & Best Furniture*

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, CALL AT

**H. BRAME'S,**

251 Princess Street, cor. Sydenham Street,

Kingston.

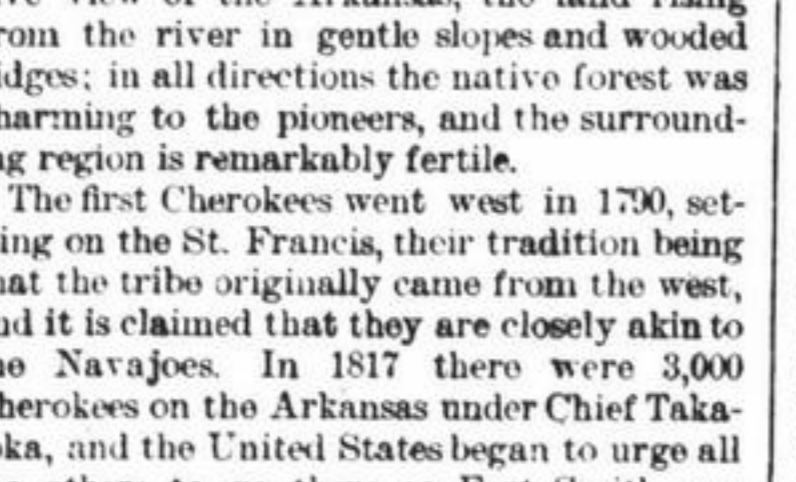
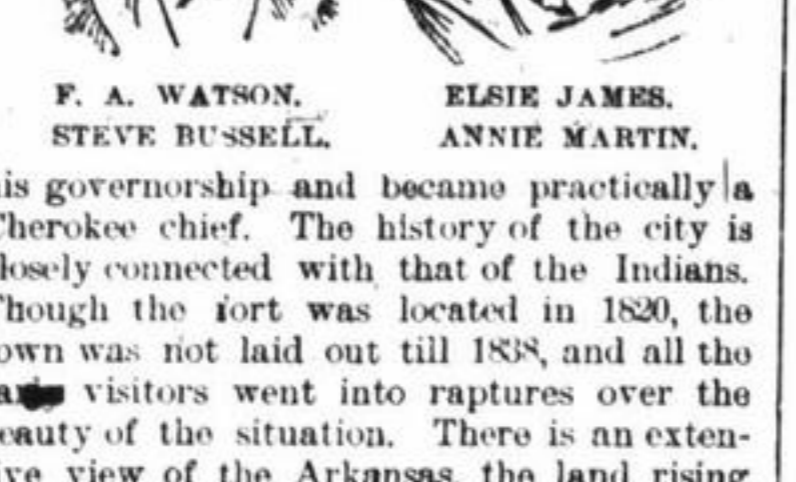
**DYEING WORKS, PRINCESS STREET.**

All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and finished.

I put up and have for sale the "Jem Package" 13oz., guaranteed to be the best in the market. Try them. Agents wanted. R. MONTGOMERY, Practical Dyers.

the prison stands the rude gallows on which seventy-one men have been hanged. It is "fixed" for eleven men at a time; but so far no more than eight have been executed at one drop. This is a little item, but not unimportant; in fact, it is quite illustrative. George Maledon, who has served as hangman for many years, is professionally proud of the fact that he has never had an accident, and that all his "subjects" go bravely to their deaths. He has put the rope around the necks of seventy-one murderers, and in every case the neck was broken by the drop. He may, therefore, be said to be fairly entitled to be styled an expert.

Fort Smith has at various times been the scene of many stirring events and the temporary home of some noted men. Among these was the eminent Sam Houston, governor of Tennessee, and later president of Texas, the republic, and senator from Texas, the state. Disappointed in his first marriage, he resigned



his governorship and became practically a Cherokee chief. The history of the city is closely connected with that of the Indians. Though the fort was located in 1830, the town was not laid out till 1838, and all the early visitors went into raptures over the beauty of the situation. There is an extensive view of the Arkansas, the land rising from the river in gentle slopes and wooded ridges; in all directions the native forest was charming to the pioneers, and the surrounding region is remarkably fertile.

The first Cherokees went west in 1790, settling on the St. Francis, their tradition being that the tribe originally came from the west, and it is claimed that they are closely akin to the Navajoes. In 1817 there were 3,000 Cherokees on the Arkansas under Chief Takatoka, and the United States began to urge all the others to go there, so Fort Smith was soon after established. Some 3,000 more emigrated in 1818, and a sort of civil war broke out among the 15,000 or so remaining in Georgia, the John Ross party opposing the removal, and the Ridge-Bondinot party favoring it. The United States soon notified the Indians that it would not sustain them against Georgia, and in 1838 Gen. Scott with 2,000 men went to compel them to remove. The eastern Cherokees had adopted a republican form of government, and on their arrival in the Indian Territory there was trouble between them and the western Cherokees, but on the 12th of July, 1839, they adopted the act of union, and thereafter prospered greatly till the outbreak of the war. With their growth in wealth Fort Smith grew, but the civil war prostrated all interests.

JUST AFTER THE WAR. There was an awful deadness about the place after the war till the completion of the Little Rock and Fort Smith road, of which the voting public heard so much in 1884. It is a short road, but gave much heat to a long campaign, and has finally created a big boom to Fort Smith. Within a few months past the boom has risen to a regular speculative frenzy. City lots are laid out in the woods two miles from town, and on the main street real estate is held at \$500 per front foot. Cotton, timber and minerals are the basis of the local trade as yet, but experience has proved the region to be one of the finest in the country for fruit, especially peaches. Petroleum has been discovered in the mountains some forty miles away, and experts talk of the basin as inexhaustible. About the same distance to the north are springs from which the oil flows. Large bodies of good iron ore have also been prospected, and the coal fields within workable distance are estimated at 5,000 square miles. Why shouldn't there be a boom!



NEW COURT HOUSE, FORT SMITH.

Several companies are organized, the development is being pushed and Fort Smith is building new residences and business blocks at a bewildering rate. Congress granted \$100,000 for a fine Federal building, and the county is completing a magnificent court house. And with all this the Fort Smithians protest vehemently against the removal of the United States district court, and have forwarded a remonstrance with an imposing array of names. Just now the court is closed for want of funds, and the people insist that the appropriations have always been insufficient. When the new buildings are completed and congress has granted more money, they expect to run the judicial mill more lively and dispose of over 100 persons now waiting trial. At present the old court house is shown as a "landmark," for it was once the commandant's headquarters, and as such has been the official residence of Jefferson Davis, Braxton Bragg, Winfield Scott Hancock and others somewhat less known to fame. Fort Smith has generally stood by the Indians and declined to join in the border cry for "opening the territory to civilization," but if the court be moved to Fort Gibson, a change of sentiment is likely. Then the "nations" will be pressed on all sides, and the humanitarians of the east will have a hard pull to preserve the Indians' homes intact.

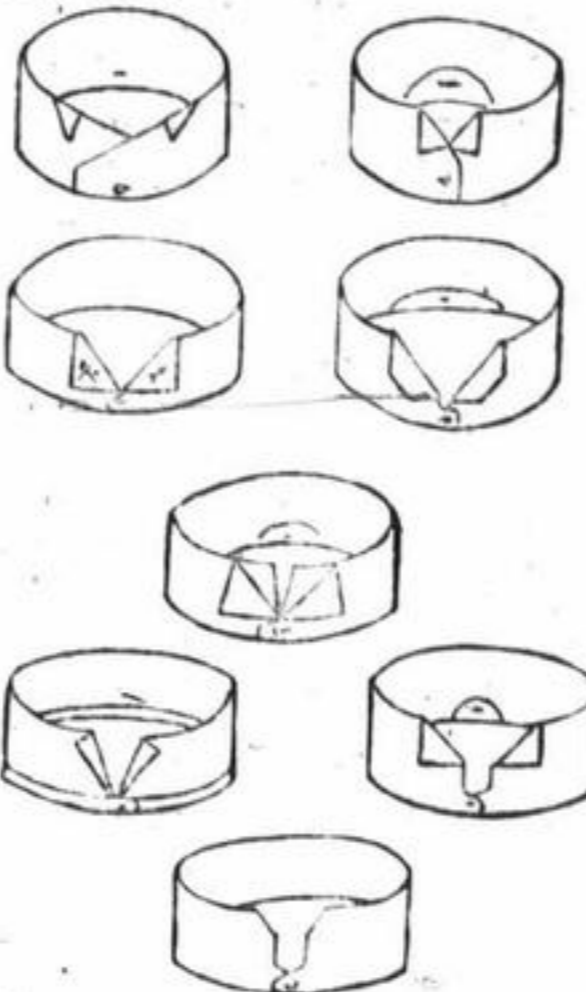
"A mean man!" exclaimed Capt. Norris; "I should say so. Why, if you were to put a rat trap in his mouth, baited with a nickel, you'd catch his soul!"

The horse one has had and the wife one has not yet got are always the most perfect of their kind.

**FADS IN COLLARS.**

Neckwear That Will Be Affected by the Dudes This Spring.

The search for something new in collars goes on unrelentingly. It used to be a slight matter to select a collar suitable for any occasion, but then there were fewer styles to pick from. The everlasting American cry for something new and original grows louder every day, and the poor collar makers are driven to their wits' end to present some new fad that will prove acceptable to their customers. At present there are no less than thirty new collars on the market, each one more startling and more nearly unique than its predecessor.



NEW STYLES IN COLLARS.

Six months ago the collar mania was in its infancy. People scoffed upon the innovations, but they were hard to down, and now, instead of the makes appealing to their customers to look favorably upon their novelties, the customers are saying "More!" Everybody wears the new collars—judges, statesmen, merchants, mechanics, pugilists, athletes, college students. Perhaps the students affect them most. In some colleges they serve as a badge of distinction, showing to which society the wearer belongs. Of the latest novelties a very popular one is the French collar which laps in front like a double breasted frock coat. On either side of the chin is a small sharply pointed tab pointing downward. But the standing collar has secured a strong hold upon the necks of thousands of American citizens, from which all the fads will not be able to dislodge it. The collar designers know this, and as they are exceedingly obliging, try to compromise the situation by making a collar which is both standing and turned down, having a double set of points—one standing and the other turned squarely down almost at right angles. The fat man is not forgotten by the obliging designer, and for his special benefit a high collar has been made, which is scooped out in front like a half moon. This arrangement makes room for the drooping double chin of the wearer. The popularity of the square ear collar is so great that the promoters of certain novel shapes have not departed from that idea, but have modified it in some respects.

One of the variations rejoices in small turned tabs at the top points, with rounded points midway down the front spacing. This collar appeals to the eye of advanced dudes and young men about town.

As a special favor to men who insist upon wearing high collars, even at the risk of personal inconvenience, a style has been introduced which aims to obviate all difficulty. This collar opens wide in front and the top points are clipped off.

One of the new fancies laps at the lower points, and the top points are bent over so as to form a V shaped opening. The effect is decidedly fetching and is also a candidate for hot weather favoritism. Then there is the dress collar, which has embroidered points. This has been introduced as an accompaniment to the embroidered shirt front now so popular, but it is argued that it will not be very popular, as it seems to approach the shoddy.

Almost every incoming steamer brings over a fad collar or two from Berlin, Paris or London.

**A VARIED CAREER.**

Justice Stanley Matthews and His Rise in the World.

Justice Stanley Matthews, associate judge of the supreme court, whose death has recently been announced, was born in Cincinnati on July 21, 1824, and at the early age of 16 he was graduated from Kenyon college. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, and began practicing in Maury county, Tennessee. He shortly afterward returned to Cincinnati, and for three years, from 1846 to 1849, was assistant editor of The Cincinnati Herald, the first daily anti-slavery paper published in that city. In 1851, when but 27 years old, he became judge of the court of common pleas of



STANLEY MATTHEWS.

Rich Mountain and Carnifex. In the October, 1861, he became colonel of the Fifty-seventh Ohio regiment, and commanded a brigade in the Army of the Cumberland. He was engaged at Dobbs' Ferry, Murfreesborough, Chickamauga and Lookout Mountain. In 1863 he resigned from the army and became judge of the superior court of Cincinnati. In 1864 he was a presidential elector on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket, and in 1868 on the Grant and Colfax ticket. In 1864 he was a delegate from the presbytery of Cincinnati to the general assembly of the Presbyterian church at Newark, N. J. In 1876 he was defeated as Republican candidate for congress, and in 1877 was one of the counsel before the electoral commission, making the principal argument in the Oregon case. He was elected United States senator in March in place of John Sherman, and in 1881 he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court.

**A Friend Indeed.**

There is a man living at Potoskey, Mich., who served during the war for the Union under peculiar circumstances. His best friend had enlisted, but as his wife was very sick the Potoskey man took his place in the ranks, served faithfully under the name of his afflicted friend, and was honorably discharged. —Chicago Times.

**His First Day at School.**

Father—There, Willie, is the old historic birch rod, nailed over the teacher's desk, which tamed my hide twenty years ago. Willie (uneasily)—Are you sure it is nailed perfectly tight, papa! —Burlington Free Press.

**WHERE SHOULD THE CONSUMER BUY?**

In the ordinary course of trade the consumer buys his tea from the retailer, the retailer from the jobber, the jobber from the importer, the importer from the producer. This is commonly known as the regular channel of trade. This is necessary in most cases as many merchants, both wholesale and retail, have not sufficient trade to purchase from place of growth.

**STROUD BROS.**

Are one of the few firms who have built up a trade sufficient to enable them to purchase from first hands, and the benefit of such buying enables them to be the medium through which the consumer of tea can purchase that article without paying several profits.

STROUD BROS' name has become a household word in this great Dominion, and their teas are noted for their

PURITY, FRAGRANCE AND STRENGTH.

STROUD BROS. strongly recommend the tea drinking public to try any of the following brands:

BLACK MIXED OR GREEN at 30c.

ASSAM (Specially Recommended) at 30c.

This is an extraordinary tea for the money, also the 50c. prize tea.

The quality of the tea and the prizes given with each pound is a wonder that such value can be given.

Buying from first hands and selling at a small profit is the secret of our success.

KINGSTON Address, 109 Princess Street.

Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto and Belleville.

**JACKET CLOTHS,**  
One Case of Light Tweeds.

**JACKET CLOTHS,**  
Suitable for Spring Jackets.

**DRESS GOODS,**  
Beautiful New Shades,  
Trimmings to Match.

**KID GLOVES,**  
NEWEST SHADES ARE HAVING A BIG RUN.

**JOHN LAIDLAW & SON.**

THE PRICE TELLS AND PEOPLE TELL THE PRICE.

SEE OUR SPECIALTIES.

**LADIES' KID BOOT 99c.**

**LADIES' KID SLIPPER, 65 cents.**

**GENTS' FINE SEWED BAL., \$1.95.**

Pointed or Medium Toe.

**HEADQUARTERS SHOE STORE,**

**D. F. ARMSTRONG,**

141 Princess Street.

**BARGAINS FOR THE BOYS.**

Boys' Tweed Suits,  
Boys' Felt Hats,  
Boys' Scotch Caps,  
Boys' Cloth Caps,  
Boys' Corduroy Caps,  
All New Goods and Low Prices.

**Cousineau, Quinn & Corrigan,**

SUCCESSORS TO F. X. COUSINEAU & CO.