

TOPICS FROM THE CAPITAL

THE BUDGET DEBATE CONTINUED IN THE HOUSE.

Threats of Non-Intercourse Have Increased Canada's Self-Reliance—Among the Committees.

OTTAWA, March 7.—In the Senate yesterday Hon. John Macdonald spoke on the motion which he placed in the paper recently regarding the extension of the Dominion's trade with the West Indies and South America. It was a continuation of the able paper which he recently read before the Toronto Board of Trade and which has been printed and extensively circulated by that body.

Hon. C. H. Tupper resumed the Budget debate in the House of Commons, and spoke for over two hours in reply to Sir Richard Cartwright's criticisms made on Tuesday night. The Minister of Marine and Fisheries argued that Canada had progressed beyond a doubt and that the policy of the Conservative party had always been for a free and liberal trade relation with the United States, and he believed such an arrangement could be made with the new Republican administration.

Mr. Charlton followed in support of Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment. He went very largely into figures and statistics which evidently had been collected with great care. He was followed by Mr. Peter White, and Mr. Armstrong moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 12.20. At the meeting of the Railway Committee this morning Hector Cameron, Q.C., was on hand to oppose the Toronto bill, which proposes to compel the burial of telegraph, telephone and other wires, on behalf of the companies interested. Mr. Cameron had his trip for nothing, as the bill will not be heard by the committee until a week from next Friday.

Mr. John Bain was at the meeting in the interest of Mr. Davis' bill to incorporate the Calgary, Alberta and Montana Railway Company. The bill was reported and Mr. Davis was complimented on the exactness of his surveys as presented to the committee.

W. B. McMurich, one of Toronto's ex-Mayors, was on hand for the furtherance of Col. Denison's bill respecting the Lake Nipissing and James Bay Railway. The name of the company was changed to the Nipissing and James Bay Railway, and after being somewhat amended was reported.

The act to incorporate the Cobourg, Northumberland and Pacific Railway was considered. The incorporators wish to construct a line from near Cobourg harbor to a point in the township of Marmora, crossing the Trent River and joining the Ontario and Quebec branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The bill passed.

An act extending the time for the completion of the South Ontario and Pacific Railway for another five years was approved of.

The Canadian Pacific Railway bill, authorizing the company to issue bonds for the acquisition of vessels to run on the Pacific Ocean and other vessels to be used at the terminal points of the railway, was amended in a few particulars and it was then decided to report it.

Mr. Lariviere explained the provisions of the act incorporating the Manitoba and Southeastern Railway Company, which propose to build a line from Winnipeg to the international boundary, with branch lines from the main line to Selkirk and Morris. There was a clause permitting the company to construct telegraph lines for commercial purposes, but this was knocked out.

Mr. Daly, in regard to the bill to enable the City of Winnipeg to utilize the Assiniboine water power, said that there was some doubt as to this Parliament having jurisdiction, and he wished the bill to be referred to a special committee consisting of Sir John Thompson, Colonel Tisdale, Mr. Mulock, Mr. Ross, Mr. Watson and himself. This was agreed to, and the bill incorporating the Assiniboine Water Company was also referred to the same committee.

The Committee on Banking and Commerce this morning reported the bill to consolidate the borrowing powers of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company. The act respecting the Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company was also reported. This bill slightly amends the company's act of incorporation.

HOIST WITH THEIR OWN PETARD!

The Effect of the United States Congress Threats of Non-Intercourse.

OTTAWA, March 7.—The transit trade of Canada through the United States under the bonding system shows a great decrease for the past year compared with previous years. The figures are: Goods carried from United States seaports to Canada \$15,610,519 and goods carried from Canada to United States seaports for outside countries \$8,315,683, making a total of \$23,926,202. This is the smallest amount since 1870. In 1887 the amount was \$33,892,600; that is, in a single year the decrease amounted to over nine and three-quarter million dollars. This trade has been dropping down rapidly since 1883, when it amounted to \$69,139,000.

The very large drop, equal to 30 per cent. in the last year, is without doubt due to the determination of our Canadian merchants to use our own seaports and our own railways in preference to those of our neighbors to the south of us. The threats of non-intercourse indulged in by the United States Congress were the principal cause of the change of route. The effect has been to transfer the disbursements of the ships requisite to carry this amount of goods to our own seaports and to increase the carrying business of our own railways. As the non-intercourse act is still unrepealed our merchants will see the necessity and wisdom of turning all the business they can into our own routes.

It may be added that the five great seaports of Canada show an increase in 1888 over 1887 in tons of goods brought into and carried out of them of over 200,000 tons.

Personal Gossip.

OTTAWA, March 7.—W. B. Scarth, M. P. for Winnipeg, arrived this morning and took his seat for the first time this session.

Miss Maggie Tisdale, daughter of Col. Tisdale, M.P., of Norfolk, is on a visit to her father. So is Miss Daisy Brown of Hamilton, daughter of Adam Brown, M.P. Both these young ladies are favorites at the Capital.

Mrs. J. H. Thompson, formerly of Ottawa, now of Toronto, is on a visit to her father, Sheriff Sweetland.

Lieut. and Lady Alice Stanley will give a ball at Rideau Hall on March 14.

It is said that Lt.-Col. O'Brien, M. P., has received through the Militia Department a check for \$300, the amount of the kit allowance which the Government have decided to make to the York and Simcoe Battalion on account of services in the Northwest.

Smallpox Near Oswego.

OSWEGO, N.Y., March 7.—Two cases of smallpox were discovered in the town of Hannibal, this country, to-day.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO ART.

An Item of Interest—The Medals to be Competed For by Artists.

Having a desire to cultivate artistic taste in Canada, and encouraged by the success of their efforts during the past the Canadian manufacturers' association offer (this year) for competition ten silver and ten bronze medals as first and second prizes respectively for the following subjects:

- (1) Figure or group modelled in clay.
- (2) Carved panel suitable for sideboard.
- (3) Model of sailing yacht.
- (4) Design for wall paper.
- (5) Design for hearth rug.
- (6) Design for stained glass window for hall or library.
- (7) Design for gasolier suitable for public building.
- (8) Design for epergne.
- (9) Design for diploma for use by the association.
- (10) Design and working drawings for workman's brick cottage, estimates for which shall not exceed \$300 in value.

The following rules will govern the competition, which is to be open to all residents of Canada at the time the work is executed, and now residing here:

- (1) Each design or model must be original and executed by the designer.
- (2) Each design or model must be marked in a distinctive manner and be accompanied by a sealed envelope, which shall contain the correct name and address of competitor, and the outside of which shall be marked in the same distinctive manner.
- (3) Experts will be selected by the association as judges.
- (4) Each model or design must be addressed to Frederic Nicholls, secretary Canadian manufacturers' association, Toronto, and must reach the office of the association, 6 Wellington street west, not later than May 1st, 1889.
- (5) Preference will be given to designs of a national character.
- (6) In addition to the above the following medals, all offered by the minister of education for pupils of art schools and mechanics' institutes:

- (1) Gold medal and certificate for advanced course.
- (2) Silver medal and certificate for the highest number of marks in the mechanical course.
- (3) Silver medal and certificate for the two best designs suitable for a wall paper and a panel for wood carving.
- (4) Silver medal and certificate for the two best specimens of machine drawing or building construction.
- (5) Bronze medal and certificate for the highest number of marks in the primary drawing course.
- (6) Bronze medal and certificate for the best painting on china.
- (7) Bronze medal and certificate for the best painting on life.
- (8) Bronze medal and certificate for the best drawing on life.
- (9) Bronze medal and certificate for the best specimens of wood carving or sculpture in marble.
- (10) Bronze medal and certificate for the best specimen of either of the following, namely, wood engraving, etching on copper or drawings for lithography.

Teachers must certify that the work sent in for examination was done by the pupils without assistance.

Mr. Wrenshall, the principal of the Kingston art school, directs the work of all students competing for any of the above and furnishes any necessary information.

The provincial art school examination will take place on the 25th, 26th and 27th April, 1889, at which time all work in competition must be forwarded to the education department.

The Scottish Orphanages.

The national homes of Scotland have increased from one building to thirty-one, costing upwards of \$500,000, besides about \$500,000 for maintenance and other purposes. Over 5,000 have passed through the homes, of whom about 3,000 have been sent to Canada, the average for six years past being 250. The homes, which now in Scotland contain 800 orphans and destitute, have never been in debt. All the money needed has been sent in without any one being called on, or bazaars or entertainments held to raise it. The Canadian headquarters, formerly at Marchmont home, Belleville, are at Fairknowe house, Brockville. This year 250 will be brought to Canada, without taint of pauperism or crime. A band of boys of between 8 and 16 years, will arrive in Brockville about March 30th, and applications for them will be taken up in the order received. A party of 120 will be sent out in May.

Ambitious City Notes.

HAMILTON, March 7.—Thomas Findlay and his two young brothers, Henry and John, were this morning arraigned before the Police Magistrate on a charge of committing an aggravated assault upon Stephen Hurd, an old man who lives in the neighborhood. Thomas and John were found guilty and sent to jail for ten days each. Henry, who appears to lack sense, was let go.

A scheme was submitted to the Board of Works last night by Messrs. Peter Balfour, Richard Elliott and William Sharp for the re-numbering of the houses of the city. The assessors promise a scheme which can be carried out at a cost of \$15 per hundred houses, and by which the present unsatisfactory state of affairs will be entirely rectified.

Burglars visited the residence of Robert Menary, 33 Oak-avenue, last night and stole two silver watches and \$10. They got in through a cellar window.

The American Art Exhibition.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—A large and fashionable assemblage including Vice-President Morton and a number of Senators attended the opening reception of the American Art Exhibition to-night at the elegant residence recently purchased by Mr. Morton. The exhibit filled eight spacious rooms and showed a gratifying growth in American art, being exclusively devoted to works of native artists. There are 151 pictures of an estimated value of \$125,000. Palms, ferns and statuary placed about the house enhanced the beauty of the exhibition. Leading oil and water color artists are represented. There is also a fine collection of etchings.

Warrison's Cabinet's First Meeting.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—At 3 o'clock the first Cabinet meeting of the new Administration was held. It is understood that it was an informal meeting of the newly appointed officers called in order that they might become acquainted with one another.

Funerat of Mr. S. W. Richards.

OSWAGA, March 7.—The funeral of S. M. Richards was largely attended to-day. The Forsters, of which order he was a member, were present in large numbers.

The French Weavers' Strike Ended.

PARIS, March 7.—The weavers' strike at Armentieres has ended.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

Piles of new, handsome and stylish dress goods, prices wonderfully low, at Bowes & Bissonette's.

THE NEW COUNTIES BILL.

DISCUSSED BY THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

A Field Day for New Bills—The Workmen's Compensation for Injuries Bill Passes Its Third Reading.

TORONTO, March 8.—The members of the Local House earned their salaries yesterday by discussing the formation of new counties question. And they worked hard, at least some of them did, in opposing and supporting the measure.

It was a field day for new bills. Ontario's Premier introduced a couple and there were at least half-a-dozen more from the members.

These bills passed their third reading: To amend the Workmen's Compensation for Injuries act; respecting appeals or prosecutions to enforce penalties and offences under provincial acts; to confirm certain bylaws of the City of Kingston, and for other purposes.

Mr. Hardy's bill respecting drainage to lands by flooding in the new districts passed in committee.

These bills passed their second reading: To make further provisions respecting the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka; for enforcing orders under the act respecting master and servant; respecting steam threshing machines; respecting the powers of electric light companies.

There was an Ottawa deputation in the lobby yesterday and its object was to talk to the Attorney-General about the controversy between the merchants of Ontario and Quebec. It appears that Montreal merchants procure debtors in Ontario to assign to persons nominally residents of Ontario and conducting the real assigneeship in Quebec. Mr. Mutchmore of Ottawa as spokesman was courteously heard by the Attorney-General. He, however, replied that it had lately been represented to him by the Toronto Board of Trade that they thought it reasonable that Montreal men should possess this control in the same way that they considered that Toronto men should have the control of estates when nominal assignees were appointed here.

Mr. Wood's bill is to prohibit toll gate keepers from collecting tolls on the public highway in case they allow sand to accumulate on the road so as to impede travel, make it dangerous or compel travelers with any animal or vehicle to leave the highway.

Mr. Conroy introduced a bill yesterday to amend the Waterworks Act. Its object is to make the machinery requisite for carrying out the provisions of the act better adapted for unforeseen requirements.

Mr. Dack's bill to amend the act respecting the planting and growing of trees, provides that the Lombard poplar be added to the list of trees which municipal councils may bonus to extend not exceeding 25 cents for each tree planted on highways. This particular variety of poplar is extensively cultivated by farmers in some sections.

A BIG IRON COMPANY FAILS.

The Reading, Pa. Iron Works Company Suspend Payment Owing a Million.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—The suspension of the Reading Iron Works, one of the largest concerns of the kind in Pennsylvania, is announced. The works are located in Reading and operated by a stock company, and the principal offices are in this city. Edward W. Colt, president of the company, declines to make a statement, but says that a meeting of the creditors will be held on Thursday. Many of the stockholders of the company are Philadelphia. The failure is generally attributed to the stringent condition of the iron trade. About 2500 men are employed in the works at Reading. There are three rolling mills, a steam forge, a large machine shop and foundry, a rail works, and one of the largest pipe and steel mills in the country. The liabilities are said to be about \$1,000,000. Of this \$600,000 consists of funded debt, and the balance, \$400,000, is due to various parties, mostly for material purchased at various times.

Long Live Servia.

BELGRADE, March 7.—The country is tranquil. Milan in his manifesto declares his abdication is the result of a resolution long since formed. He says he is convinced that the country will derive benefit from his labors but he does not possess powers which he feels he is unable to exercise. Justice to Servia, to his son and to Europe demands that he should abdicate. He appeals to all political parties in Servia to assist the new constitution. In concluding he says, "God bless Servia and Alexander First. Long live Servia."

Bulgarian Official Circles Pained.

SOFIA, March 7.—The news of the abdication of King Milan made a painful impression in official circles here.

The Regent's Manifesto.

BELGRADE, March 7.—The regent of Servia has issued a proclamation in which they declare they will endeavor to cultivate friendly relations with all powers, inaugurate a constitutional regime, place the finances of the country upon a sound basis and maintain order.

The Paris Bourse Again Agitated.

PARIS, March 7.—The offices of the Comptoir d'Escompte were crowded to-day with persons waiting to withdraw their deposits. The Bourse was agitated, Societe des Metaux shares fell 15 francs and Rio Tinto shares 26 francs 25 centimes. Comptoir d'Escompte shares fell considerably.

The Comptoir d'Escompte has obtained nearly 150,000,000 to meet the run on the bank. Yesterday 37,500,000 francs were withdrawn. It is learned that on the 1st M. Rochereau's advice the Comptoir d'Escompte gave the Societe des Metaux a credit of 30,000,000 francs. Rochereau himself bought 2000 shares of the Societe des Metaux besides backing the Rio Tinto, Tharsis and Cape Copper Companies.

A Ghastly Execution.

LONDON, March 8.—The hanging of Jenkins, the Godalming murderer, took place at Wandsworth yesterday morning. The prisoner was enigmatically a degree, leaving him little more than a skeleton, and this condition rendered it necessary for hangman Berry to attach a seven pound weight to each foot in order that the fall might break his neck. It was suggested that a longer drop be given to the rope, but this was overruled by Berry, who expressed his opinion that a greater fall would result in beheading the prisoner. The execution was successfully carried out.

Death by Misadventure.

MONTREAL, March 8.—W. C. Bayne, a student of medicine in McGill medical college, died yesterday under painful circumstances. He was in the habit of taking choral, and mistook a little bottle containing liquor of strychnine for his medicine. He took about two grains and died from the effects. The deceased was a son of Robert Bayne, Nepean.

Piggott Had a Great Head.

MADRID, March 8.—The physician who made the post mortem examination of the body of Piggott declares he never saw such a well formed skull and brain, the latter indicating a man of superior force of character and imagination.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Annual Meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

TORONTO, March 8.—Judge McDougall and the jurors had a busy time of it in the General Sessions yesterday. An Italian named Pasquin Rogero was tried and acquitted on the charge of having at Hayter and Terauly-streets on the night of Dec. 1 last stabbed James Young, the evidence of Wm. Waldron who swore that Rogero was not the man who struck Young saving him.

John Martin the expressman arrested recently on the charge of having stolen a large quantity of fancy goods from the establishment of C. M. Taylor & Co., 52 Front-street west, by whom he was employed, was tried and found guilty. He had access to the place often during the day and many of the articles were found at his house.

There died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. P. Fogarty, Pape-avenue, yesterday morning, one of Toronto's old citizens, in the person of Mr. Joseph Pape, father of Messrs. John, James and Joseph Pape of this city. The deceased was born in Yorkshire, England, 75 years ago, and with his wife came to Toronto in 1844.

William Haines, a small boy, was arrested last night for appropriating a diamond ring, the property of Robert Nichols.

David Robb surrendered himself to the police yesterday on learning that there was a warrant out against him for wife-beating.

George H. Chandler was arrested last night on a telegram from Madoc, where he is wanted on a charge of fraud.

Yesterday afternoon the 14th annual meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association was held at the Association office, No. 6 Wellington-street west. President Shorey of Acton delivered the presidential address, dealing with the various questions now occupying a foremost place in the interests of Canadian manufacturers. Referring to the increased interest manifested in the Association in Canada, he extended a hearty greeting to delegates and members present from sister provinces. The officers were all re-elected.

WINNIPEG WIRE WHISPERS.

The Clarke-Burrows Libel Suit Dismissed—Not Tascott But a Tramp.

WINNIPEG, March 7.—In the Clarke-Burrows criminal libel suit to-day the case was dismissed, the magistrate holding he had no jurisdiction.

The man supposed to be Tascott proves to be a well-educated tramp who was working in the woods.

Wheat is quoted 5 cents higher in Manitoba than in Dakota.

Gov. Schultz has offered one-fourth of his land in Selkirk in aid of a hospital.

A brewery has been discovered near Medicine Hat and seized. The proprietor was fined \$300.

Mrs. Mitchell, who eloped with a music teacher, was captured by a detective yesterday and is home again and forgiven.

A SENTRY SHOT.

Mysterious Affair at Halifax—An Investigation in Progress.

HALIFAX, March 7.—About 11.15 o'clock last night Private Byford, who was on sentry duty at the powder magazine immediately west of the railway bridge at Richmond, was fired upon twice by an unknown man, the second shot passing through the index finger of the soldier's right hand and necessitating amputation. The whole affair is extremely mysterious, and a military court of enquiry is being held.

Murdered for Money.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—Information comes from Paducah, Ky., that Mitchell Peebles, his wife and two children were found murdered in bed at their home at Duck Creek this morning. It had been reported that Peebles had received a considerable sum of money and it is supposed thieves committed the deed.

Fire in the Brewery City.

NEW ORLEANS, March 7.—Farauta's Theatre was burned to-day and a number of adjacent buildings including the Convent of the Holy Family were badly damaged. The Muldoon's Picnic Company lost their wardrobe and the Forepaugh band their uniforms and instruments. Total loss \$35,000.

15 Miles Through the Panama Canal.

ASPINWALL, March 7.—The British vessel El Dorado, 270 tons burden, has passed through the Panama Canal from Aspinwall to Chagres, a distance of 15 miles. This is the first foreign vessel that has passed through the canal from one port to another.

A Dog Case at Oshawa.

OSHAWA, March 7.—A dog case was before the Police Magistrate yesterday, the complainant being F. Gilbert and the defendant L. Abrahams. The former claimed that the dog tore his coat. The owner of the Newfoundland was fined \$1, and killed the dog.

The Life Saving Corset.

BRYN MAWR, Pa., March 7.—Donald Fraser fired two shots at his wife to-day and then shot and killed himself. Mrs. Fraser's life was saved by the bullets striking the steel ribs in her corsets and glancing off.

Chinese Hostility to Foreigners.

SHANGHAI, March 7.—A marked increase in hostility to foreigners is noticeable throughout China. The native soldiery at Che Foo are suspected of plotting to attack the foreign settlement.

A Prohibition Defeat.

ST. PAUL, March 7.—By a vote of 57 to 39 the House to-day refused to submit to the people an amendment in favor of prohibition of the liquor traffic.

Weir and Murphy.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The articles of agreement entered into by Ike Weir of Boston and Frank Murphy of England have been made public. The fight is to be to a finish for \$1000, with skin-tight gloves, for the world's championship, Queensberry rules to govern. Should there be police interference the referee shall order the men to finish the fight within three days. Each man is to weigh 120 pounds at the ring side.

The battle is to be fought on Monday, March 18, within 250 miles of Chicago. Al. Smith of New York is agreed upon as the referee. The stakes shall be paid to the winner on the referee's decision. J. N. Taylor is temporary stakeholder, and \$250 has been deposited with him. The balance, \$750, is to be deposited on March 12, the whole amount to be turned over to the referee, who shall be the final stakeholder. The failure of either man to live up to the articles will cause a forfeiture of all money put up by him or his backers.

The New York State League.

AUBURN, N.Y., March 7.—The New York State league of ball players met here to-day. Union, Elmira, Canandaigua and Waterloo were represented. After an informal discussion of plans for the summer the meeting adjourned at 4 p.m. Rome and Binghamton are expected to come into the league.

Mascot Sells for \$26,000.

NEW YORK, March 7.—At the combination sale here to-day of the California trotting stock the bay colt Mascot of the L. J. Rose Stables was sold to D. S. A. Quinlan of Trenton, N.J., for \$26,000. A brother to Mascot was sold to J. H. Schultz for \$6000.

A WITNESS FROM CANADA

TESTIFIES BEFORE THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

Queen Victoria Enthusiastically Received at Biarritz—England and the Samoan Affair—Two Marine Disasters.

LONDON, March 7.—At the sitting of the Parnell Commission to-day an ex-American Fenian named Coleman, now residing in Ontario and employed by the Canadian Pacific Railroad, detailed the outrages in which he took part while he was in Ireland. He said Macanley told him the League had paid him £200 for shooting Burke. On cross-examination Coleman testified he had received £100 from the Government for acting as a spy in America. With this money he bought property in Winnipeg.

Mr. Soames, The Times' solicitor, testified that Walsh said he could produce documents to prove that Parnell and O'Kelly were connected with the importation of arms into Ireland, but he did not know Walsh's whereabouts. [Laughter.] The commission at this point adjourned.

Parnellites in a Flutter.

LONDON, March 7.—The Parnellites are in a flutter over the approaching close of The Times case. Sir Charles Russell is ready to make an elaborate opening address for the Parnellites. He is determined not to risk an adverse decision on any grounds. Most of the witnesses subpoenaed from Ireland have promised their services free.

Dr. Tanner Convicted.

DUBLIN, March 7.—Dr. Tanner, M.P. for Cork, arrested for violation of the Crimes Act, was sentenced at Tipperary to-day to three months' imprisonment without hard labor. He has appealed.

Proposed Increase in the British Navy.

LONDON, March 7.—In the House of Commons to-day Lord George Hamilton, First Lord of the Admiralty, stated that the Government proposed to build 8 men-of-war of 14,000 tons each, and two of 9000 tons, nine first-class cruisers, twenty-nine smaller cruisers, four of the Pandora type of cruiser and eighteen of the Sharpshooter type of torpedo vessels. The total tonnage of all these vessels will be 318,000 and the total cost £21,500,000. Lord George asked that £10,000,000 be appropriated from the consolidated fund for the proposed increase of the navy and that the remainder of the sum required be provided for in the ordinary estimates. He promised that the Admiralty's program would be executed within 4½ years.

Lord George did not think the proposed increase would induce other nations to attempt to rival England in naval strength because England had refrained from military rivalry. He did not believe that any other power was capable of executing such an extensive program in so short a time.

Lord Charles Bressford complained that the Government gave no real reason why just so many ships—no more and no less—should be built. He gave notice of an amendment declaring that England's naval strength ought to be equal to the navies of France and any other great power combined.

The Radicals will oppose every stage of the legislation connected with Lord George Hamilton's scheme. It is expected Mr. Gladstone will lead the Opposition attack on the Government.

England Not Entitled to Interfere.

LONDON, March 7.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir James Ferguson said the Government had not heard of any truce being established between the German Consul at Apia and Chief Matafaa. England, he said, had no right to interfere in the matter. He had no doubt Germany had treated Malietoa well.

The Dissident Liberals.

LONDON, March 7.—The dissident Liberals have formed a central organizing council, which will hold its first meeting, March 22. Lord Hartington will make an address.

The Queen at Biarritz.

LONDON, March 7.—Queen Victoria arrived at Biarritz to-day. She was welcomed by the mayor and other prominent persons. The Queen was enthusiastically cheered by the people along the route from the station to her villa. President Carnot sent a telegraphic message of welcome, and has placed a military band at her disposal during her stay at Biarritz.

Wreck of a British Man-of-War.

LONDON, March 7.—The British man-of-war Sultan has been wrecked on the Island of Comino in the Mediterranean. The captain and crew were saved. The Sultan was an iron armor-plated vessel of 9200 tons and carried 19 guns. She was temporarily attached to the Mediterranean squadron.

Sunk by a Collision.

LONDON, March 7.—The British ship Vandalia, Capt. Coon, from Perth Amboy, Feb. 5, for London with petroleum, has been sunk off Bognor by a collision with an unknown steamer. One of the crew was killed by the falling of an anchor and one was drowned. The remainder were saved. The boats of the steamer rendered no assistance.

Legitimate Demands Recognition.

LONDON, March 7.—General Legitime has sent a telegram to the European Governments announcing that the rebellion in Hayti has been crushed and demanding recognition of his Government.

French Affairs.

PARIS, March 7.—The Cabinet has rescinded the decree of exile against the Duc d'Aumale.

In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the election of Gen. Boulanger to the Chamber for the Department of the Seine was verified.

M. Villain submitted his interpellation of the Government regarding the Panama Canal Company. He urged that the canal scheme should not be abandoned and that a meeting of shareholders of the company should be convened for the purpose of discussing means for the continuation of work on the canal. M. Villain said that if the savings of France were insufficient to build the canal assistance should be invoked from other countries. He suggested that