REMINDERS.

LECTURE in Williamsville Methodist Church. TUESDAY. KINGSTON Philharmonic Society rehearsal at

MONTHLY meeting of Minden Lodge.

DIED.

Hobbs-At Sydenham, March 3rd. W. Hobbs, aged 60 years and ten months. Funeral will occur to morrow at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

ACCOMMODATION.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN can be acrommodated with FURNISHED ROOMs in a private family. Apply at this office.

WANTED

A GOOD COOK. Apply to MRR. CAMERON, Corner of King and Union Streets

DRY GOODS SALESMAN AND A PARCEL BOY. Apply to A. J. McMAMON.

A STEAM TUG of light draught. State dimensions, where to be seen and price. Address JAMES LYNCH, Box 1637, Montreal.

SALESMEN-We wish a few to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail brade. Largest manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages \$3 per day. Perma nent position. No postals answered. Money advance i for wages, advertising, etc. CENTEN-NIAL MAN'F'G CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

OVERSEERS WANTED EVERYWHERE as home or to travel. We wish 'o employ a reliable person in your county to tack up adverstsements and show cards of Electric Goods. Advertisements to be tacked up everywhere. on trees, fences and turnpikes in conspicuous places, in tewn and country in all parts of the United States and Canada. Steady employment; wages \$2.50 per day; expenses advanc-ed; no talking required, Local work for all er part of the time. Address with stamp, EMORY & CO., Managers, 24 Vine St., Cincinnati, O. No attention paid to postal cards.

TO LET.

HOUSE IN VAUGHN TERRACE. Posses sion May 1st. Apply at WHIG OFFICE.

OFFICE, large, central, well fitted. Terms reasonable. Possession immediately. Apply 'Box," WHIG.

HOUSE, now occupied by J. Mills, Corner of Princess and Division Streets, from May 1st. Apply at WHIG Office.

THE FRUIT STORE on the Market Square in the Masonic Building. Apply to MRS. TOWN, up stairs.

FROM 1st MAY, that good, substantial house on Ontario Street, near Union, at pre sent occupied by Mrs. Deacon, Apply to E. T.

STEACY. Walsh & Steacy. THAT PLEASANTLY SITUATED DWEL LING on Princess Street, 7 rooms extension kitchen, hard and soft water, good yard, etc. Apply to D. GIBSON, 345 Princess Street.

HOUSE with eight rooms and extension kitchen hard and soft water, with good stabling ; convenient to Queen's College; immediate possession. Apply on the premises, 1284, or at No. 114 Union Street, between Gordon and Alfred

SPECIAL MENTION.

GET YOUR WINTER GLOVES AS W REEVES', King Street, 300 Sample pairs to be sold at wholesale prices.

ALL KINDS OF BANK and Office Rubber Stamps, Daters, Seals, Etc., supplied by BREN-NAN & KILCAULEY, manufacturers, Bagot St.

PIANO REPAIRS of all kinds on Uprights and squares executed at the Weber Factory. corner of Princess and Gordon streets, Kingston. No more durable or well-toned instrument in Canada than the G. M. WEBER UPRIGHT. Moderate in price and unexcelled by any Cana-

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A FINE FARM OF 75 ACRES. East Part of Lot No. 15, 1st Concession Township of Kingston, beautifully situated on the Lake Shore, one mile from the Penitentiary. Good large house, outbuildings, orchard, &c., suitable for a farmer or gardener. Apply on the premises to JOHN GRAHAM, P.O. address.

SOCIETIES.

Masonic Regular Meetings. Minden, No. 253, on Monday, Mar. 4th, at 7:30

Ancient St. John's, No 3, on Thursday, March Cataraqui, No. 92, on Wednesday, March 13th

I, O. O. F. M. U.

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE GRAND LODGE OF MANCHESTER, ENGLAND, meet every other Friday in the Sons of England Room, Princess Street. Next meeting MARCH 15TH W. BUSHELL, Recording Secretary.

Sons of England. LEICESTER LODGE, No. 33, of the Sone of England Benevolent Society, will meet in their new

Lodge Room, correr Montreal and Princess Sta., over Strachan's Hardware Store, the 2nd and #th Tuesdays of each month.

Canadian Order Foresters. COURT STANLEY, No. 199, C.O.F., meets the SECOND AND LAST TURSDAY OF BACH MONTH in the 'Prentice Boys' Hall, King Street.

T. T. RENTON, Recording Secretary. Independent Order of Foresters, COURT FRONTENAC, No. 59, REGULAR MEET-ING. Thursday evening. March 7th.
J. S. R. McCann, Secretary.

OYSTERS FRESH EVERY DAY AT THE BAZAAR. Florida, Valencia and Messina Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries

Cocoanuts and all kinds of Apples. RE 28 BROS., Manufacturing Confectioners.

MUSICAL.

MR. W. T. HILL, Organist Queen Street Methodist Church will give LESS')NS on the Organ, Piano, Singing, Harmony, Counter-point Fugue and Instrumentation Orders left at Messrs. Carey's or Vandewaters Music Stores will receive prompt attention.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

ANY ONE WANTING HELP WITH BOOKS, Accounts, Collections or in any general business capacity, send a post-card to FRED, OSTLER, College Street, Accounts andited and books kept by the week. Would ravel on commission

SITUATION WANTED

BY A YOUNG MAN, willing to work at anyshing. Understands the care of horses. Good references. Address "A.S.," WHIG Office,

R. T. KENNY, DENTIST, WILL BE AT WESTPORT on the 3rd and 4th and at NEWBORO on the 5th and 6th of every month. All work done by him is war-

ranted.

APPRENTICES WANTED BY MISS W. M. SMITH, Wellington Street over P. Ohlke's Picture Store. New Improved Method of Cutting, without use of patterns, taught in one day. Dressmaking, etc. All work warranted.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY

Will make some reduction in the price of some of their lines of lumber and sash factory goods this season. We have one barn frame 30 feet, one 36 and one 40. Also good brick, which will be sold on reasonable terms for good approved notes.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY.

THE THOUSAND ISLAND ROUTE BY Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg RR.

To Utica, Albany, New York, Philadel'a.

Washington, Baltimore and all Points in Northern New York, via G.T.R. and N.Y.C. Rys. T. HANLEY. - Gen. Ticket Agent.

CUNARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY. SAILING from New York every Saturday. Authorized Agent, F. A. Folger, Ferry Dock foot of Brock St., Kingston.

JAMES REID, THE LEADING UNDERTAKER, PRINCESS STREET.

HARRISON TAKING OFFICE.

Red-Letter Day at Washington-The Enthuslasm is Very Great.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The rain which set in on Saturday evening continued almost without interruption until about daylight this morning, when the wind arose and the rain ceased for a time. But about 9 o'clock it began to drizzle again and the wind is blowing a stiff breeze. The sky is overcast and the prospects for good weather for the day are not at all favourable at the moment of writing.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The house of representatives adjourned and proceeded to the senate chamber. The president and his cabinet, and the president-elect and the vice-president-elect entered the chamber before noon. The senate adjourned sine die at 12:25 p.m., (the clock having been put back.) Vice-president Morton then took the oath of office and the swearing in of the new senators began. After this was over the procession was formed to proceed to the outside platform, where the president delivered his inaugural address.

President Harrison will enforce the civil service law and will try and advance reform

in regard to it.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Seventieth Indiana regiment, headed by their band playing lively airs, marched into the White house grounds at 10 o'clock and took position along the eastern driveway. A storm of cheers burst from the crowds which thronged the avenue in front of the mansion. At 10:30 o'clock, when the arrival of the president-elect was announced, the main doors were thrown open and the party proceeded to the blue parlor, where they were soon joined by President Cleveland and his cabinet, A second landau drove up to the White house immediately behind Gen. Harrison's carriage. In it were Vice Presi dent-elect Morton and Senator Culion, of the committee. They also proceeded to the blue parlor. As the carriages entered the Seventieth Indiana regiment drew to a present and saluted the occupants as they passed. Their recognition of een. Harrison, their old commander, was particular enthusiastic.

At 11 o'clock the president's carriage, drawn by the well-known seal browns and two fine bays, drew up at the entrance and the party within were informed that everything was in readiness for their departure to the capital. There were about twenty people on the portico, including correspondents and policemen, and at a given signal a passage was opened to the carriage. President Cleveland was the first to enter the carriage. He was followed in the order named by Gen. Harrison and Senators Hoar and Cockrell.

Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Folsom witness ed the embarkation of the party from an upper window and seemed to be specially interested in the proceedings.

Promptly at 11 o clock the escorting party began the march to the capitol.

MR. PARNELL'S LAST SPEECH.

A Conservative Who is Greatly Weakening Under the Effect of It.

London, Feb. 4.—John Aird, member of parliament for North Paddington, writes to the Times with reference to the speech made by Mr. Parnell in the house of commons on Friday. Mr. Aird is a conservative, and has always been a staunch upholder of the union. He says Mr. Parnell's speech opens up a new prospect, and he asks whether all parties cannot unite in the appointment of a commission that will command the confidence of parliament to settle the home rule question with due regard to the claims of Ulster.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

Some occupations tends to the development of certain diseases, and those who toil as miners are peculiarly liable to rheumatism, lumbago, and other allied complaints. In the gold fields and copper mines Holloway's remedies have been largely patronized by the workers to their very great advantage, and they can be confidently recommended as invaluable remedies for inward congestions, spasms and cramps in the bowels, and all those conditions of the lungs and liver to which those who work underground or in impure atmospheres are so peculiarly liable. For cuts, bruises, sprains and stiffened joints the action of Holloway's Ointment is eminently healing and soothing, and a supply should always be at hand in case of need.

The Tolls Reduced.

OTTAWA, March 4. -Sir John Macdonald has lost no time in fulfilling his promise made to the grain men, shippers and forwarders on Friday when they waited upon him in reference to the canal tolls. The question was considered by the cabinet on Saturday, and it was decided to re-impose last year's rates for the coming season, viz., 20, a ton. This prompt decison will doubtless be welcomed.

The Busts are Ruled Out.

LONDON, March 3.—The famous sculptor Vasselot's exhibit of busts has been prohibited by the exhibition autorities because there is a bust of Boulanger in the collection. The general has written a letter to vasselot commenting upon the folly of the govern-

Adherents of Gen. Boulanger.

Paris, March 4. - Five thousand letters were seized in the offices of the patriotic league. A large number of them are from subalterns and field officers in the army, and indicate their adherence to Boulangism.

The only places where women possess the same privileges of voting as men are Iceland, Pitcairn Island and the Isle of Man.

PATRICK EGAN TALKS.

HIS EXPERIENCE WITH PIGOTT-HE WAS A BLACKMAILER.

He Gives Some Interesting Examples of the Forger's Favorite Methods-Effect of the "Times" Collapse on English Politics.

CHICAGO, March 2.-Patrick Egan was here to day en route to Washington. Referring to Pigott's method of raising money when he was "hard up," Mr. Egan gave some interesting gossip which puts a new side light on the character of the political forger. This was what may be termed the anonymous letter "racket.

"For this purpose," said Mr. Egan, "he was in the habit of assuming a crabbed, uncultivated handwriting, such as an uneducated person or one unaccustomed to writing might show. He tried it on Archbishop Walsh. He wrote to the archbishop anonymously that he knew of a family in very straitened circumstances; that they were in urgent need of help; that they were all good Catholics; but that they were surrounded by influences which were tending to lead them away, and that, unless they were looked after promptly, there was danger that they would be lost to the mother

"Well," continued Mr. Egan, "I suppose the archbiship is in the way of receiving many such appeals, so he paid no attention to it. 'Dick' followed it up with a letter in his own name, detailing the same story, and he probably got something out of the arch-

bishop. "He tried the same game with me, too. I first received an anonymous letter telling me to beware of Dick Pigott: that Dick was in great need of money; that he want ed to be honest and do the right thing, but that he was sorely tempted; that he was offered a lot of money to publish a set of fictitious accounts of the land league; that his necessities might drive him to do it, and that I had better see to it that he be kept out of such straits. As that lidn't suffice he wrote me a long blackmailing letter, setting forth that he had been offered money to help him out of his difficulties if he would publish a false land league statement as already published."

Mr. Egan continued: "That was a sharp trick of Dick's on the stand, when one of my genuine letters was placed before him his saying that it had probably been forged since the publication in the Times for the purpose of being palmed off as genuine. Fortunately, however, it would not have amounted to anything even if 'Dick' had stood by his story and faced it out to the end, for the falsity of it could and would have been shown. When the terms for the sale of the Irishman had been agreed upon I wrote to Parnell telling him to put the matter into the hands of an attorney and have the trade closed in due form. In that I inclosed Pigott's last letter and my reply to it, written as usual on the fly leaf.

"Parnell sent the whole correspondence to the attorney, and, after the letters came out in the "Time," I remembered the circumstance and wrote to the attorney, who found it among his old files. Furthermore, it chanced that the very letter which Pigott charged as forged to meet the necessity of the case was published in the "Freeman's Journal' years before. So we had our case impact, and if Pigott had persisted in his story we would have had the testi mony of that attorney to the fact that the letter had been in his possession for years, and the files of the "Freeman's Journal" would have shown the publication of the disputed letter long before the "Times" began its fight. "Do you belleve that Pigott originated

his scheme, or that he was hired to do it ""

asked the reporter. "I believe," replied Mr. Egan, "that Dick concocted the whole plot alone; but I also believe that he sold the 'Times' people the goods which they wanted to buy. The 'Times' did not expect to get into the sort of hearing that is now on. The supposition was that Parnell would bring a libel suit in the ordinary way in court. Then he would have had to go on the stand and merely swear that he never wrote the letters pub lished. The 'Times' would have been enabled to put expert after expert on the stand, up to a hundred if it had wanted to, to swear that the writing was that of Par nell's. In the face of this an English jury would never have taken Parnell's word and would have given a verdict against him. They had no idea that he could demonstrate

their falsehood." "What will be the probable course of the trial now ?' "I don't know, but I do know that if the

'Times' chooses to continue the fight we have two or three more surprises in store, but of their character I am not now at liberty to speak.

Sujcide of Pigott. LOWDON, March 4.—Pigott's suicide at

Madrid overshadows all else. Astonishment is expressed that such a caitiff had the courage to committ suicide, but the alterna tive was penal servitude for life. In the last two years Pigott spent more than a thousand pounds a year in debauchery. Sir Charles Russell pronounces Pigott the worst man he ever knew after Carey. The chagrin of the Parnellites over the suicide is intense. Parnell himself, who is not vindictive, only regrets his death as limiting the chance of unearthing the conspiracy. When Pigott entered the witness box, Mr. Davitt exclaimed, "Now the fat old rat is caught in the trap at last." His suicide will help home rule. The tories who accused Mr. Labouchere of bribing Pigott to fly cannot say he bribed him to commit suicide. Had Pigott died of heart disease in the witness box he would have recalled Ananias and Sapphira. His suicide recalls Judas Iscariot. Sir Wilfred Lawson says Ananias was a child in lying to Pigott. Mr. Labouchere declares that the "Babes in the Wood" were Solomons te the manager of the Times. A friend visited Pigott's house in Kingston this week and found all his business letters in neat order. All compromising letters had been burned. Pigott's relatives say Houston tempted him. Mrs. Pigott's corpse was unburied because of their poverty when temptation offered a higher price for the documents. In court there was curious sympathy with Pigott. Mr. Bryce, the historian, said he thought twenty years of a blackmailing life was a pathetic and horrible spectacle. A popular song is now being sung in the music hall, and the chorus is enthusiastically received : "Where, where, oh! where, is this little pig

And where, oh! where, can he be?
Oh! why did he trot, and scoop all the lot,
And leave the poor "Times" up a tree."

Fifteen Mormon converts from Southern Georgia passed through Augusta on Friday on their way to Utan.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Principal Grant's Conclusions. To the Editor of the "Globe."

In your issue of the 25th you say : "Principal Grant appears to favour the establishment of some arrangement for developing and combining for defeasive purposes the forces of all the communities of the empire. He appears to be in favour of Canadian free trade with the states. We venture to assert that these positions are not irreconcilable with but complementary to one another. We think that if an imperial federation were formed next month one of the first proceedings of the central authority would be to endeavour to establish some sort of commercial union between the dom-

inion and the states.' So far as your remarks represent my views I have no fault to find with them, but so far as they imply that free trade and commercial union are the same thing I submit that they tend to mislead. The great mass of Canadians are in favour of as much free trade with the states as they can get, but not free trade at any price. Mr. Butterworth's first bill, which, however, was not even read a first time, proposed free trade pure and simple. When it was seen that congress would not, and could not with its protectionist ideas, accept any such measure, commercial union was suggested, and now the same gentleman suggests political union as the price.

I am unable to see that commercial union with another -I shall not use the expression "a hostile"—nation, at the expense of discrimination against our fellowcitizens all the world over, is a possible policy. It would not be just. Try it by the best expression of justice-the golden rule. How would we feel if Britain, to serve her own purposes, discriminated in favour of the United States products and against ours? Again, it/would not be honourable. You may say that it would. Well, we must agree to differ. Some people, too, allege that we have nothing to do with honour in commercial or national matters. I wish to have nothing to do with such peo ple in any matter.

But my object in writing this letter is to ask that the expressions free trade and commercial union be kept distinct. They mean different things. And why not always use the expression "Free Trade" instead of "Unrestricted Reciprocity ?" The two mean the same thing, but the one consists of two syllables and the other of nine ? G. M. GRANT.

Kingston, Feb. 27.

Save us From the Ghosts. KINGSTON, March 2.—(To the Editor) In your issue of the 2nd inst. your reporter states that Messrs. Newberry and Jones appeared at the skating rink carnival as "Tommy Green's Ghosts!" We sincerely trust this is not a case of "coming events casting shadows before." Tommy Green, alive and kicking, is bad enough in all conscience, but two ghostly Tommy Greens hunting us day and night, two flesh'ess; clanking, chained, brimstony Tommy Greens for ever in our midst is a scourge no mortal man could stand and live.

Vex not his ghost; oh let him pass; he hates That wou'd, upon the rack of this tough world, Stretch him out longer.

> (Signed) SHAKESPEARE. A BRIDGE SHAREHOLDER. AN ALDERMAN. A GROCER.

A FEDERALIST (IMPERIAL.) THE KNIGHTS OF LABOUR.

New Ground Broken-Energetic, Aggres-

sive and Determined. Recently the knights of labour of the city, after consultation, named three members from each of the four local assemblies as a legislative committee, whose duty should be to carefully watch the work of the city council, the provincial and dominion parliaments. The committee was further instructed to arrange for consideration at a mass meeting of knights, matters of interest that might come under its notice touching the interest of the workingmen of Kingston. Accordingly, after investigation, the first meeting was called on Friday evening to consider the question of contract labour. The manner in which the subject was presented to the meeting demonstrated clearly that workingmen are not behind in their grip on the question of the day, that from past experience they have learned to discern and size up the motives actuating a certain class of men who would seek their suffrages, that as voters they are no longer to be trifled with or hood-winked when the welfare and happiness of their homes is at stake. After the facts pertaining to contracts awarded during the past, especially during the last year, and the stand taken by each of the aldermen upon the various awards together with the results thereof, bad been fairly placed before the men the following resolution was unanimously adopt

"That, whereas, it is a grave injustice to us and our families, as residents, who are dependent upon the work accruing in our city for sustenance and constant employment, we do hereby place on record our earnest disapproval of the council awarding contracts in a manner that permits of the importation of labourers to do the work, while numbers of competent and willing workmen, whose interests ore identical with the growth and progress of the city, are compelled to go idle, or accept what is just now in a very tangible and sorrowful manner proving to be starvation wages, and which at the same time cuts off all hopes of work during the most trying season of the

"Also, that we disapprove of the contract system in every particular, and pledge our selves to strenuously oppose, as an order, any and every aspirant for municipal or parliamentary honors, who supports, direct ly or indirectly, a system so manifestly unfair to us, the workingmen of Kingeton, and also to those who are induced to flood our city, for a time, only to go away after having, with their families, suffered the severest hardships and privation, sadder, but it is to be hoped wiser men."

Art Loan Exhibition.

The Kingston Young Men's Christian association propose holding, during next month, an art loan exhibition, similar to that held some years ago. They trust that they may experience now the same kind generosity which was shown at that time by the citizens at large in contributing articles for exhibition and in other ways. Those willing to lend articles for exhibition are requested to kindly communicate with any member of the following committee, or with the general secretary-Messrs. George S. Hobart, R. V. Rogers, E. C. Hill, G. M. Macdonnell, George E. Hague, S. Loynes, Capt. Von Straubenzie and Dr. Anglin.

HEIR TO A BIG ESTATE.

ALLEN PRINGLE, OF SELBY, IS THE RIGHTFUL OWNER.

The Way an Estate Got Into the Hands of an Illegitimate Son-Mr. Pringle Was Deceived by Men Whom He Consider-

ed Were His Friends.

The estate for which Allen Pringle, of Selby, is the rightful heir is in Argyllshire, Scotland, alongside that of the Duke of Argyll, and is called the "Estate of Mgadale." It has come down since Bruce's thine in the McNeill family, from father to son. Some three generations ago, however, there was a break in the direct succession Capt. Hector McNeill, possessor and owner, dying without legal issue. Captain Hector's brother (the grandfather of Allen Pringle's mother) and his descendants then became the legal heirs, but this brother was dead. His only son and heir, Francis McNeill, Mr. Pringle's grandfather, had been in America for many years and was not known to be afive. It is understood the formality of advertising was gone through, but no tidings received of the missing heir, and it is safe to say that those who had in prospective the usurpation of the estate were not particularly anxious that Francis McNeill or any of his kin should be found. Old Capt. Hector McNeill, who died without legal issue, had an illegitimate son, and it was he who got possession in the absence of the legal heirs.

Francis McNeill, who was struggling amidst the hardships and adversities of colonial life, was unaware of the fortune that was rightfully his until a short time before his death, and did nothing further than to make some enquiries as to the truth of the report. Before the old gentleman died, however, he assigned all his interest and claims in the premises to Allen Pringle. The latter immediately set about looking the matter up. He wrote to two parties at Campbelltown, Argyllshire, for full information. Both parties addressed were strangers, but the names had been given him as men whom he could rely upon to give correctly the information sought, one being a clergyman and the other a lawyer. Both responded, but were so utterly discouraging that, relying upon their statement, Mr. Pringle abandoned all investigation, unwilling to "threw away good money after bad." Of late, however, he received information which led to the conviction that he had been deceived and misled by the two parties to whom he had written for information, and that they were evidently in collusion with or under the influence of the usurpers in possession of the estate, and hence had withheld or mistated the facts.

Mr. Pringle is now in communication with an eminent Scotch lawyer, who cannot be bought over, and with others equally true and reliable, and he expects in the near future to receive advice and information on which he can rely. That he could have recovered the rich estate of Mgadale twenty years ago, immediately after the assignment from his grandfather, when he first made the enquiry, he is very certain, and the chief obstacle he has to fear is that the usurpers may hold the property by right of undisturbed possession.

Mr. Pringle will probably go to Scotland in the fall to look after his interests in the matter.

A ROMANTIC CASE.

A Youth Whe Was Anxious to Elope With a Pretty French Girl.

Mrs. Luzo dropped into the mayor's sanctum this morning and told him a romantic story. Stopping with her is a pretty French girl seventeen years of age. Henry Luzo, brother of the girl's uncle, met her and claims he loves her. But owing to the relationship between the lovers the church would not sustain their marriage. Luzo's love for the little miss has made him desperate, and he determined to elope with her. But Mrs. Luzo, who has an "hye like a heagle," watched the movements of the pair with a view to preventing mischief. The girl bundled her clothes up so that they could be carried away by her lover. When this was done she could leave her home without suspicion and join him. Then for their flight. Although love knows no lock smith it was different in this case, Mrs. Luzo took the girl's clothes and replaced them with a bundle of her own. Luzo took the bundle as directed and went his way rejoicing. His mood changed when he discovered he had committed larceny. This morning Mrs. Luzo got out a warrant for his arrest. "I am sharp," said Mrs. Luzo to the mayor: "They can't fool me. The girl is too young to marry and for another thing she has anotherfellow whom she loves and I like. He's a steady young man and I would not mind her marrying him.

The mayor-"Would it be right for a French girl to marry an Irishman ?" Mrs. Luzo-"Irishmen are a good deal

better than the most of the Frenchmen." With a very graceful courtesy she retired from the mayor's office.

CLEVELAND'S DEFALCATION.

The Books of the Seed Company of Which He Was President Being Examined, ^

NEW YORK, March 4.-At the office of the A. B. Cleveland seed company nothing could be discovered regarding the rumoured defalcation of its president, Artie B. Cleveland. The company is a stock concern with a limited capital. The books are being investigated. Cleveland was heard from about three weeks ago, when he telegraphed from a western city.

CAPE VINCENT, March 4.—Cleveland has not been seen here for two or three menths. All kinds of rumors have been afloat for the past two weeks here in reference to him and the seed company. H. T. Hopkin, general superintendent of the Cape Vincent and Picton, Ont., houses, has been in New York for the past week or more. The seed house here has been partially shut down for a week, all but the yearly hands being laid off. It is not known that A. B. Cleveland personally is owing anyone here, and

there will probably be no losses here. Cleveland's father resides at Adams, N.Y. Cleveland is married and is about 38. He was in the seed business for several years at Cape Vincent, N. Y. Four years ago he went to New York and organized the A. B. Cleveland company with a capital stock of \$65,000. The stock was increased in 1887 to \$300,000. The business at present amounts to about \$500,000 a year, and the officers

Imported Direct. Real Irish linen table damask in white and cream and white, the finest and cheapest ever brought to Kingston. R. McFaul.

claim that the company is very prosperous.