#### IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A WARM MEETING IN THE COUN-CIL CHAMBER.

Vigorous Denunciation of Annexation-Kingstonians Once in taver of it-A Foreign Flag Floating From the City Hall-A Branch of the League Will be Formed.

On Saturday afternoon a meeting was held in the council chamber in the interests of imperial federation. Among those present were: Mayor Thompson, Revs. Principal Grant, B. B. Smith, Dobbs, Prof. William son, Dr. Bain, Carey, Jackson, Spencer and Prof. Jones; Messrs. A. Chown, Kelly, Hunter, R. S. Dodds, Prof. Marshall, W. Pillar, Rogers, E. H. Smythe, Prof. Magillivray, J. L. Haycock, R. T. Walkem, G. M. Macdonnell, Dr. Anglin, I. Simpson, Dr. Henderson, Skinner, J. Wilmot, Booth, D. Nicol, Capt. Paul, G.S. Fenwick, J. McIntyre, 3. Anglin, W. Downing, Ald. Minnes, J. M. Machar, G. S. Hobart, M. Shaw, W. Leslie, Power, Prof. Goodwin, Beaupre, P. Mc-Callum, Prof. Harris, S. J. Kilpatrick, Major Mayne, J. Tait and W. Robinson, sr.

. H. Rankin, warden of the county, was elected chairman, and G. E. Hague secres

Principal Grant explained the aims and objects of the imperial federation league. He contended that every true citizen in the city or in Canada should join an imperial federation league; should help on the unity of the British empire. Every honest reformer and every honest conservative should join the league. Any man who joined a party should try and make it a good one. He never felt that he could join a party because there were dangers in parties. Men were so partizan in their character that they were afraid every new movement was going to hurt their party. They looked at it suspiciously, and with feelings that made them mean men and made them distort the plainest statements. The principal corrected the statement made by a correspondent in an evening paper that Mr. Parkin was being paid by Dalton McCarthy to lecture on imperial federation in Canada. This was not the case. Mr. Parkin was lecturing in Canada gratuitously, his expenses alone being met. A man was not a man who would listen to Mr. Parkin and then dis tort his statements in the public press. He hoped men would try and be men and not grown up babies. They should look at everything on its merits. He advised the formation of a branch of the imperial federation league in Kingston as a means to secure the unity of the empire.

Major Mayne said the whole question of federation seemed to him to turn on what Ergland would do. Whatever sacrifices the outlaying colonies chose to ask England, in their behalf, he, for one, would use all his influence when he returned home to get them. Most of the colonies were at the cross roads of their destiny, and it was time for them to decide which direction they were going.

It was moved by Mr. McIntyre, seconded by Mr. Fenwick, "That the thanks of the meeting be tendered to Rev. Principal Grant for his explanation of the principles of imperial federation, and, further, that in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable that a branch of the league should be formed for the county of Frontenac and city of King-

Mr. McIntyre said it was exceedingly deairable that a branch should be established Imperial federation leagues were formed in other large cities, and they would be recreant to their obligations as Canadians and British subjects if they were behind other people in anada in the matter.

Ald. Fenwick felt, and he was sure many more felt as he did, that Canada was so situated that she cannot remain long in her present position. Some important questions must come up as the country grows larger. England, however, great as she may be, will not be able to take the same view of the Canadian questions as Canadians can themselves. The question now comes before us, What shall Canada do ! He did not think shey could hope for independence for a long time, and he shrank with great horror from being merged into the United States, where they would be entirely lost as individuals. Connection with England was a great honor but unless it was absolutely necessary he would not be in favour of Canada stoop ing or cringing as a slave to England. So far Canada had been treated well by England. They wanted to be connected with England, but they wanted a voice in her affairs, for they would have to bear a part of Lee burdens and responsibilities of the empare. If the league is formed Canada must have an important place in it for she will be the back bone of it. If England is going to have free trade with Canada she will have to have protection as we'l. He would go in for imperial federation is Canada would be wouch better by it.

Principal Grant-"Hear, hear. We want Canada to be made greater.'

Mr. Fenwick continued, stating he would go in for imperial federation with all the force he could, provided his manhood prinsiples were not touched.

Rev. Mr. Carey suggested that the reso-Aution before the meeting be divided into two parts.

Principal Grant-"Cut the head off the resolution.

The resolution was divided. That referring to the formation of a league was submitted first.

Ald. W. Robinson said he would not give ap his liberty as a Canadian for imperial federation. Liberty was dear to an Irishman's heart. He was glad to see the progress the Canadians were making in the matter of liberty. When he came to King ston as a young man he attended an annexation meeting in the city hall. Everyone present was in favour of annexation except one man, and he, the speaker, was a firm friend of that man while he lived. Mr.

Robinson said the day after the meeting he saw the "Stars and Stripes" flying over the city hall. He hoped that would never ocour again. He wanted to know what gain Canada would derive from being annexed to England. He thought Canadians were a pretty independent people and they would

go in for independence. Cries of "No" and "Yes" were raised, and the meeting grew feverish.

The speaker became warm and asked for a man to stand up who was against inde pendence for Canada. The Canadian people did not wish to be hampered like the people of Ireland. In that land a man could not freely speak his mind. If he did he would have the clothes torn off his back. If this was what imperial federation meant to do for Canada he would be opposed to it.

Mr. Robinson proceeded to state that Mr. Parkin was paid for lecturing in Canada when he was interrupted by Principal Grant. What Mr. Robinson was trying to state was not true. Mr. Parkin had said manfully that he would only lecture in Austratia if the Australians paid his expenses. He telegraphed to the imperial federation league at Ottawa, composed of men of both political parties. Mr. Parkin said he would ecture in Canada if the members of the league paid his travelling expenses.

Mr. Robinson-"That is just what I was going to say when I was interrupted. Mr. Parkin would not go anywhere without being paid."

Principal Grant-"He had to have his

travelling expenses paid because he was a poor man.

Mr. Robinson said if Principal Grant wanted to speak he would sit down. The principal gave Mr. Robinson the

Mr. Robinson said he did not want to give up his independence without getting some thing in return, and he would warn all Irishmen to look to their interests before they gave away the independence they now enjoyed.

J. L. Haycock asked for certain information in connection with imperial federation,

but it was not available.

Mr. John Wilmot said that leagues were being tormed for the purpose of finding out the information which Mr. Haycock needed. Mr. Wilmot was a U.E. Loyalist, had worn a soldier's coat in Canada for twenty seven years, and se considered there was more intelligence among the people of Canada than among any other class of people in the world. They could take their part in the matter of dealing with knotty questions that might come up in connection with imperial federation. Canadians were a loyal people, and if they were going to be benefitted by the formation of, a league then it should be formed. He would not join any league that would force him or his children to leave their own fireside to fight for an Indian or a Turk.

Voice-"If they invaded Canada, what would you do ?"

Mr. Wilmot-"I would spear them like would ducks." Independence was a farce so long as Great Britain is on one side and Canada on the other.

Dr. Smythe referred to the formation of leagues in other places. He did not believe that many of the people of Canada would vote for annexation. He was in favour of imperial federation. Union of Canada with England would destroy annexation, and make it possible for each to say, "I am a Briton."

Mt. Wilmot-"I would sooner have an nexation than independence." Dr. Smythe-"I cannot see any difference

between independence and annexation." The mayor said he considered an annexa tionist a rebel to Canada. He was in favour of the largest measure of legislation for

Canada it was possible to secure. Dr. Smythe-"So am I." The mayor did not think that any man who advocated independence for Canada should be locked upon as disloyal. The sub ject he would consider most loyal was he who advocated principles of truth and right for the advancement of country and people. He was proud to see men assert their independence. He wanted to see Canada a great and grand country, to see the people true to it and reluctant about chasing a butterfly

proposition R. T. Walkem thought the political relations of Canada with England were all right at the present time and they had all the measure of self-government they could desire. When they become a larger nation it would be time enough to consider the form of government they needed. The question of independent federation he considered sim ply affected trade and business relations with England. There was no harm in discussing it.

G. M. Macdonnell said the Canadian form of government was good as far as it went. But they found during the past year the public journals of the country advocated annexation with the United States. They were also told that the majority of the people in the country were in favour of annexation, and that the elections in Nova Scotia were carried on the annexation cry. There is enough in these statements to cause them to bethink of their condition. Men say it is time enough to discuss imperial federation fifty years hence. He thought they should begin to talk it up now. Annexationists would begin to discuss that proposition and get the young men of Canada with them. Imperial federation was a live subject. He thought independence for Canada meant annexation. In dependence was not possible with five millions of people along side of sixty millions. It was the independence of a small dog along side of a big dog. He would rather make \$1 as a British subject than \$10 as an American. He wished it understood that as a Canadian he was a Briton, and the character of a Briton was superior to that of an American.

Mr. Walkem did not think their was any life in the annexation question. The Canadian people were diverging from the United States all the time.

Mr. Rogers, of Pittsburg, made a short address, and the motion to form a league was carried unanimously. A vote of thanks was tendered Principal Grant on his efforts in promoting the interests of the federation league in Kingston.

Among the names of members given in were: Rev. Dr. Grant, G. Richardson, G. Creeggan, Prof. Marshall, Rev. B. B. Smith, W. G. Anglin, M.D., I. Simpson, J. S. Skinner, A. Chown, Rev. S. N. Jackson, J. McIntyre, Dr. Brown, R. S. Dobbs, G. M. Macdonnell, S. Anglin, Rev. W. B. Carey, J. M. Shaw, J. E. Twigg, J. L. Haycock, H. Rankin, Charles Booth, R. J. Milton, James Milton, E. Sibbitt, Rev. F. W. Dobbs, S. J. Kilpatrick, T. M. Milton, G. E. Hague, Capt. John Paul, Rev. A. Spencer, John Wilmot, David Nicol, Rev. L. Jones, H. Esford, T. Batten, David Rogers, John Mc-Adeo, G. Medley, T. McNab, J. Brokenshire, George Nicol, R. Aitken, J. Hatrower, E. Joyner, A. Hora, E. J. B. Pense, W. Hora, Joseph Tait, James Marshall, W. Kelly, C. F. Hamilton, R. C. Harris, J. E. Gilmore, W. T. Hill, Major J. W. Power, Major C. B. Mayne, H. Lindsay, Major

### THE ANGLICAN MISSIONS

An Appeal in Their Behalf-Sermons in

St. George's Cathedral Yesterday. At the morning service yesterday at St. George's cathedral, the Rev. J. Elliott, of Cornwall, in speaking on behalf of the mission fund of the diocese of Ontario, dwelt upon the truths of God's owaership and of man's stewardship, and attributed to the forgetfulness of these truths the crippling of missionary and of other good works, for the want of funds. He believed that it was in order that man should not forget these truths, that the paying of tithe, the giving of a tenth, had been divinely ordered, and this divine institution he firmly believed to

be now binding upon Christians. In the evening, in the course of a very interesting address, the Rev. S. Daw referred to the growth and to the wants of the diocese. Looking back but to the year 1880 he found the number of self supporting parishes within the diocese had risen from thirty-eight to sixty. There were besides forty or aixty partly dependent upon the mission fund; that many more missions might be opened if the fund were more generously supported, might be seen by not going further from home; that the counties of Frontenac, Lennox, Addington and Hastings, some townships in those counties, were entirely destitute of the church's ministrations, and one missionrry had a district of no less than twelve townships placed under his charge. In the afternoon the Rev. Mr. Daw addressed the congregation at Christ church, Cataraqui. This evening and to morrow the deputation

holds missionary meetings at Wolfe Island. For genuine Scranton No. 4 coal go to the Gas Works yard.

# HE IS AGAIN AFFLICTED.

REV. S. G. BLAND TRIPS AND BREAKS HIS RIGHT THIGH.

A Serious Accident in the Depot Methodist Church - Exeruciating Pain Endured While the Hurt is Re-set-His Kemoval to a Private Ward in the General Hospital.

Rev. Salem G. Bland, of the Queen street church, beloved by every citizens of Kingston, is lying in a private ward in the general hospital sadly afflicted.

He was engaged in his ministerial duties yesterday-for no one is more fully engaged in good works-and after attending the Sabbath school in Queen street Methodist church hurried off to the Methodist church at the G. T. R. depot, where he preached a missionary sermon. It was a pleasing address, full of practical points and showing a bubbling sympathy with all agencies having for their object the advancement and christianization of mankind. The people heard him with gladness. The final hymn was sung, and Mr. Bland pronounced the benediction about five o'clock.

Rev. Mr. Sparling, the pastor of the church, left the pulpit, walked down the aisle greeting the people, leaving Mr. Bland speaking to those nea: est about him. Presently a scream was heard but when the people turned their faces momentarily towards the pulpit they saw him sitting on a bench to the right of it. Nothing was thought of the alarm for the moment and Rev. Mr. Bland did not realize the extent of his injuries himself for he proceeded to put on his overcoat, standing up to do it. He then attempted to walk but found it impossible to do so. He sat down and awaited the arrival of Dr. W. G. Anglin, who was telephoned for. When the doctor came it was found that a serious fracture of the right hip had occurred. The injury was to the leg upon which an operation had been made last October.

The injury seemed so serious that Dr. John Herald was summoned, and later Hon. Senator Sullivan and Dr. Garrett.

Mr. Bland was tenderly laid on the church sofa, blankets and pillows being brought in by kind friends. Chloroform was administered and the wounded leg reset, but not without great pain and suffering to the reverend gentleman. The injury will require Mr. Bland to remain in hospital for several

#### Arrival of the News. At 6:40 o'clock a telephone message was

received by Capt. Crawford intimating that Rev. Mr Bland had been hurt, and that it would be impossible for him to preach in Queen street church. The message was so indistinctly received that little information could be secured as to the character of the injuries. Rev. Mr. Whiting was notified, and on a moment's notice Rev. G. C. Patterson, of Victoria, B.C., was secured to conduct the service. The church was crowd ed to hear Rev. Mr. Bland, and disappoint ment was pictured on many faces when he was not seen behind the desk. Sympathy was aroused when Mr. Whiting announced that Mr. Bland had been hurt, but the feel ing of sadness was intensified when, at the close, it was learned that the affliction was of such a momentous character. With all haste a cabload of members drove to the little white church near the outer station. The setting of the break had just been completed when they arrived. Mr. Bland was found looking very pale, but remarkably courageous and cheerful. He greeted his friends making pleasant remarks, and expressing regret to a reporter that he would get his name in the newspapers. He said that when he left the pulpit and was stepping from the platform to the floor he thought his toe was caught, and in trying to extricate it his weight was thrown on his right side. "Just then," he said, "I felt the most intense pain I ever experienced, and I cried out. I tell you a fellow couldn't help it. Just what occurred immediately after I do not know, though I thought something was broken." It was at this time he fell upon the side seat beyond the platform. He experienced much pain, in fact the amputation of the lower part of his leg was nothing to the suffering endured while the thigh was reset. Various ways were suggested for his removal to the city but finally W. M. Drennan was called up and he went to the station with his large bob sleighs. Then Mr. Bland was carried out upon the sofa and placed in the sleigh and slowly drawn to the hospital where he arrived after ten o'clock, not the least affected by the trip. He was taken into a private ward. He spent a good night and this morning was feeling as well as could be ex-

As soon as the news spread to day the greatest sympathy was expressed by all classes of citizens. No event could have more depressed them. Not only in words, but in deeds, was this tender feeling expressed. When the announcement of his injury became known many homes were offered during his illness, but it was generally conceded by the doctors that the hospital would be the most desirable place for him. There he could have constant care and there he would find a faithful friend in Rev. Dr. Hooper. Last night when he looked at Dr. Hooper he remarked that his visit this time would not be as short as hitherto. For the next few days quietness is imperative, and for this reason it is desirable that friends would not call to see him. As soon as he is able to see

visitors the announcement will be made. It was last October that Mr. Bland had his foot amputated in New York, and where he spent several months in hospital. His unvoluntary return to the institution now is sad indeed. He had just become accustomed to his artificial limb and was using it

yesterday when the accident occurred. The medical men say it is the intro-capsular of the neck of the femur that is broken. Rev. H. F. Bland, Perth, father of the injured clergyman, was notified to-day, and he and Mrs. Bland were expected to reach the city to night.

### He Was the Incendiary.

A youth named Pierce, now in Michigan and seeking religion, has written to a former employer near Smith's Falls telling him that he was guilty of firing Shane's school house and an adjoining hall about two years ago. Both buildings, fired several times, were destroyed. The affair was wrapt in mystery. The youth has now confessed, as his conscience troubled him so much that he could derive no peace until he laid his crime bare. He said he fired the school four different nights, walking a mile to do it each time. He promises to come back and make restitution.

Bath Notes.

W. Deacon, of Belleville, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. L. Armstrong.

C. L. Rogers has received a letter from the Grand Trunk railway company, asking for an interview to make arrangements relative to bringing the Grand Trunk railway into Bath.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Dr. Mellow and Miss Bertha Armstrong. Fred Howard is in Detroit visiting friends. Mr. Greene and Miss Edna Hogle, Farmersville, and James Hogie, Kingston, were guests of John Hogle on Sunday.

MEN OF THE HOUR.

An Evangelist-His Schools in Chicage-Work of an 'ctive Man.



DWIGHT L. MOODY.

Mr. Moody, the evangelist, is now concluding his great revival in San Francisco. He preaches four times a day. The results of his work are, indeed, very gratifying. No man moves and influences the community

He was born at Northfield, Mass., in 1837. His father died when he was four years of age and his family in a destitute condition. At seventeen years of age he was given a position in his uncle's shoe store in Boston, on condition that he should spend his evenings at home and regularly attend school. He joined the church in Boston. Soon after he removed to Chicago and entered a boot and shoe store. There Mr. Moody began to labour at every opportunity among the waifs and ruffians of the city. He established Sunday schools and missions, gathering in the little outcasts and sparing no efforts to start them in a better life. Before long he gave up his work in the store and devoted himself exclusively to Christian effort. He had laboured under difficulties on account of a defective education, and now he set to work with diligence to relieve this infirmity. His eloquence and peculiar power as a preacher began to attract much a ten

In 1871 while attending a convention Young Men's Christian associations at I., dianapolis he met Ira D. Sankey. He induced him to go to Chicago and help him in his work, and since then the two have opera ted together with great success. In 1873 they crossed the Atlantic and spent some time in the principal cities of Great Britain, gaining many converts. They made a very successful tour of the United States after their return. Two more tours in Europe, spent chiefly in Great Britain, were fruitful in good results.

Mr. Moody's work has agreed with him, if increasing stoutness is indicative of comfort and healthfulness in it. The evangelist is of a cheerful disposition, full of life and fun. He likes a fast horse, and takes the gifts of Providence gratefully and appreciatively. Practical, energetic, prompt, possessed of good common sense and business acumed, Mr Moody is a mighty man in church council, as well as the prince of lead ers in the revival meeting.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

People Whose Movements, Sayings and Doings Attract Attention.

Miss Black, of Montreal, is the guest of

Ald. W. M. Drennan. Rev. A. Gandier, M.A., has been called to Brampton Presbyterian church. He is now in Scotland.

Rev. Hartley Carmichael, of the Church of the Ascension, Hamilton, has accepted a call to Richmond, Va. Rev. G. C. Patterson preached an excel-

lent sermon in Queen street Methodist church last evening, and that, too, on only a moment's notice.

Rev. Mr. Rattray, of Queen's college, who laboured at Melrose, will, during the ensu ing summer, conduct the services in connection with the Presbyterian church there

George Gordon is the marshal and John McMillan standard bearer of the Sons of Scotland. The name of one of them was omitted from the list of officers printed on

Saturday. W. S. Ireland, Chatham, has resigned the town treasurership to accept the position of secretary-treasurer of the waggon works. Mr. Ireland has been treasurer and collector for five years, and his retirement is regretted. He is a brother of F. C. Ireland, of

Dr. C. G. McCammon and Mrs. McCammon spent a few days in Gananoque with friends this week. The doctor has been practising at Aberdeen, D. T., the past year and a half, and will now spend some time with a specialist in Philadelphia, Pa., previous to resuming his old position at Colton Springs, N. Y.

Prof. H. B. Telgmann played the violin obligato to the songs of Masters James Trot ter and Edward Koen at the Christian Brothers' entertainment last Friday evening in the opera house, while J. P. Brady played the piano accompaniments to the same songs. Prof. Desrochers played the accompaniments to all the other songs and choruses that were

### A BOY'S CAREER.

The Life of a Little Lad Who Went to Syracuse From Kingston. Syracuse Standard.

A little boy, 13 years of age, giving his name as Cornelius Gray, and claiming to have come from Kingston, Ont., spent Monday night in Chief of Police Wright's private office. Gray was arrested for creating a disturbance on the street. He said that he had supported himself since he was 9 years of age, and had lived in a great many different places. He ran away from his home, he said, because he was afraid of being arrested for breaking six eggs, but was twice taken in charge by the police on his way to Syracuse. When the chief arrived at his office on Tuesday morning he found the room filled with gas, the boy having turned it on during the night. He did not seem hurt much by what he had breathed, but was very frightened. "For God's sake," exclaimed Gray, "kill me now if you intend to, or let me go. I can't stand being locked up." Chief Wright has telegraphed to several of the places where the boy said his parents lived, but can not find them.

The Hotel Arrivals.

Arrivals at the British American Hotel-A. Land, Hamilton; E. Velligar, H. Taylor, D. Smith, J. A. D. Lalmie, Montreal; W. D. Morris, Ottawa; G. K. Dean, Lindsay ; J. E. Snider, Toronto ; W. J. Rattle, Cleveland ; C. Schoonmaker, New York ; J. H. Gallagher, Napanee.

## INCIDENTS OF THE DAY.

PARAGRAPHS PICKED UP BY OUR BUSY REPORTERS.

The Spice of Every Day Life-What the Public are Talking About—Nothing Escapes the Attention of Those Who are

Taking Notes. There is nice skating on the Big Royal. Skaters don't loose the opportunity of a good

skate. Remember the second grand carnival on the Big Royal will take place on next Friday evening.

day in Cayaga to three years in the provincial penitentiary for burglary. Don't forget it. Striped tweeds and worsteds, \$3 to \$4 for trousers, at Lambert

William Spencer was sentenced the other

& Walsh's, 110 Princess street. For dry oak and soft maple, soft wood and hard wood at lowest prices, go to Crawford's, foot of Queen street. Only one week more of Johnston & Co's.

retiring sale, the last and only chance of getting new goods at wholesale prices. Breck & Booth have the best slabs, hard wood and dry blocks. You can get just what you want in the fuel line at their yard. Oats, 40c; bran, 90c; chop, \$1.25; corn, 60c; corn meal, \$1 30; hay, \$14 and \$15;

flour, \$2 70, at W. F. Baker's, 12 Market There has just arrived at J. Campbell's wood yard, Ontario street, the best stock of sawed or unsawed maple, also the best

of dry slab wood. For white sweet homemade bread, try our new brand, White Bairy flour, only 70c per I hundred. W. F. Baker, 12 Market

Six tons of iron were brought to the city on Saturday from Garden Island by a team

of horses. On reaching the city the load had to be drawn by four horses. The work of clearing the way for the N. & I. railway extension to Tweed is progressing favorably and the gang of men are

now west of Marlbank. While Mr. Brittles was driving on the ice at the foot at Barrack street on Saturday his horse broke in, and was, with difficulty, rescued from drowing.

The council of Deseronto has voted \$12,-000 to erect a high school. A vigorous ef fort will also be made by the council to have the government erect a post office in the

Manitoba bran, Manitoba shorts, Manitoba chop, Manitoba flour, Manitoba seed oats, Manitoba seed wheat, at 12 Market square. W. F. Baker, commission mer

Ladies' half, whole and quarter wigs, bangs, switches, hair chains, rings, made to order. Dress and mantle making. Cannif corset, best ever made, over Walsh & Steacy's, 105 Princess street, Kingston.

We are making more expensive prepara tions than ever for a large house furnish ing trade this spring and in order to make room will sell carpets, oil cloths and lace curtains at sweeping reductions. R. Me-Faul's. The time for the acceptance of the tender

of \$9,000 for the street railway plant has expired. The only opening now for the directors of the road is to either accept the next highest tender or keep the road them selves. Sad catastrophies, remarkable incidents,

wonderful transactions occur every day, but it is only once in a while that you can get such extraordinary good value in clothing as now offered by Lambert & Walsh, 110 Princess street.

New dress goods arriving daily. All the new shades in Nile, apple, sea green, strawberry, mahogany, red, &c. We are determined not to carry any over from this season, and have marked them at prices that will themselves. Inspection invited. R. McFaul.

Bankrupt Stock.

\$1,500 at Dorland's ordered clothing house. Now is your chance to buy a cheap suit. This is part of a large wholesale stock thrown upon the Toronto market. We will sell pants for \$3.00 worth \$4.50; pants for \$3.50, worth \$5.00; suits for \$14, worth \$18; suits for \$15, worth \$20. We say positively that these are all new goods and first class in every particular. Also that they are extra value and worth all that we claim for them. Come early as they will ge fast. Any person wanting to buy by the yard can get the best value in the city. The goods are here to sell. W. E. DORLAND.

### COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKETS MONTREAL, Feb. 25,-12 noon Bank of Montreal...... 233 Ontario Bank ...... 1354 Bank du Peuple...... 106 Molson's Bank...... 00 Bank of Toronto ...... 000 Banque Jacques Cartier ..... 98 Merchants Bank ..... 140 Quebec Bank...... 600 Union Bank ..... Bank of Commerce...... 121 Canada Cotton Company..... Dundas Cotton Co...... 00 Hochelaga Cotton Co..... 000 000 N. W. Land Co...... 73s. 0d. 71s. 6d.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN, Windsor Hotel Block, Princess Street,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRODUCE COMMISSION DEALER.

Headquarters for Clover, Timothy, Field nd Garden Seeds. Choice Family Flour. Strong Bakers' Flour specialty. MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

MONTREAL Feb. 25. Flour-Receipts, 300 bbls, Sales, 000 bbls, Market quiet and unchanged. Patents winter, 5.75 to 6,00; patent spring, 6.00 to 6.50; straight roller, 5.40 to 5.65; extra, 5.15 to 5.25; superfine, 4.00 to 4,75; Ontario Bags, 2.08 to 2.75; City bags, 6.00 to 6.00 for strong Corn -53 to 54c. Peas-75 to 76c.

Oats-34 to 34 c. Barley-45 to 75e Rye-45 to 55c. Oatmeal-4.25 to 5.00. Cornmeal—2.75 to 2.90. Pork-15.50 to 16,00 Lard-94 to 10. Bacon—11 to 12. Hams-11 to 12. Cheese—9 to 114. Butter—Creamery 22 to 26: Townships, 19 to 22; Morrisburg 18 to 21; Western 16 to 18; Low

Dressed Hogs—Quiet heavy; \$6.75 to \$7.00. Eggs—Limed 11 to 14; fresh, 18 to 21.

LIVERPOOL CHEESE MARKET. LIVERPOOL, Feb. 25-5 p.m. Cheese-White and Colored 56s 0d, LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Cotton, steady : American middlings 54.

Weather Probabilities. Winds mostly south and south-west; partly cloudy; cold, with light snow in

some localities; rising temperatures.