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The Great Convenience and Luxury of the Day.

Rich and Full Flavoured, Wholesome, Stimulating, Easy of Use, Economical, the General Favorite, no cheap substitute of Peas, Wheat or Barley, but Genuine Mocha and old Government Java.

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Trial size 5 cents. A 25 cent bottle makes 90 cups.

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STEEL PLATE RANGES
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For Small Families.
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Manufactured by E. & C. GURNEY Co., Toronto. For sale by

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THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG is published every evening, at 232 King Street, Kingston, Ont., at SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR payable in advance, otherwise $7.50 will be charged.

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First insertion, five lines and over, 10c per line. Each consecutive insertion, 5c. " Once a week, five lines and over, 10c. " Twice a week, " 8c. " Three times a week, " 6c. "

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Attached to the paper is one of the best Job offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; nine improved printing presses.

The WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 8 pages, 56 columns, is published every Thursday morning, at $1 a year, if paid in advance, otherwise $1.50 will be charged. Advertising rates furnished on application.

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SAILING from New York every Saturday. Authorized Agent, F. A. Folger, Ferry Dock, foot of Brock St., Kingston.

THE DAILY WHIG.

"Optior our Orbum Dicor."

TREATY CONDITIONS.

The Toronto *News*, after noting the motion of Hon. Mr. Abbott, calling the attention of the imperial government to the disabilities under which Canada labors in the recognition of existing treaties between Great Britain and Germany and Belgium, remarks:

"If Canada came boldly out and demanded from the imperial power the right to make her own treaties, there would be a strong probability of the right being conceded, but it is not likely that an address such as this will have much effect in bringing about the end sought."

Hon. Mr. Blake was an advocate of Canada's right to negotiate her own treaties, and the experience of to-day shows the force and wisdom of his position. Canada should be independent in treaty making, and it would be if the government were composed of men who knew what the country needed and essayed to provide it.

DAMAGING ADMISSIONS.

On the evidence of at least two persons, Hon. Mr. Chapleau's inclination to corruption and political ruin seems to have been established. He cancelled the order of the Dominion type foundry until a subscription $1,500 was given to the election fund, and he forbid the New York press makers giving commissions to any official, but intimated that if they desired to give subscriptions to the campaign fund they would be accepted by the conservative association. What is all this but blackmail of the most direct and positive character? "And most significant still," observes the *Week* in the cause of a trenchant article on the printing bureau's scandal, "was the fact that Mr. Dansereau, on giving this evidence, seemed to be quite unconscious of anything wrong and actually seemed to suppose that he was helping the minister by bringing out the facts that were creditable to him. No argument is needed to show that to virtually ask from the dealer whom one is about to do business, in advance of placing an order, a contribution, whether for personal or party purposes, is to be guilty of an act not in the least distinguishable, morally, from that of a McGreevy, an Arnoldi, or a Senecal. The investigation" is not yet completed, and we have no wish to pass judgment in advance. But we are surely justified in saying that unless Mr. Chapleau can discredit or rebut the testimony of his friend Dansereau and prove himself innocent of what is so clearly implied in that evidence, his position will be such that it must be impossible for him to remain in the government, if it is indeed honestly bent on a radical reform." Will he go? Not much. When the party can endorse Langevin and Cochrane and declare them innocent it will have to do the same for Chapleau. How hollow the pretense that the tories are eager to purify the commons of all its uncleanness! A few officials have been sacrificed, but the sink of iniquity remains.

HOW THEY DIPPER.

The *Empire* sees ground for general congratulation in the fact that the majority and minority reports of the privileges and election committee substantially agree in condemning the frauds against the public works department, in naming the offenders, in acquitting the minister of personally receiving money, "and only differ when they come to the responsibility of Sir Hector for the conspiracy among contractors to rob the treasury." And why do they differ? Because, we are informed, "the opposition refuse to be bound by the evidence before them." The head of the department is alleged to be *officially*, though not *personally*, responsible in the eye of the public for the operations of his subordinates, and the *Empire* thinks that that is sufficient. The *Spectator*, of Hamilton, does not think so, and next to the *Empire* it is the most efficient and serviceable conservative paper in Canada. The *Spectator* has made up its mind that it cannot screen the faults, the follies and worse of Sir Hector Langevin that the party will be infinitely the better of his abandonment now and for good. It points out that the evidence against Sir Hector is overwhelming, that it is utterly impossible to hold him guiltless of complicity in the frauds by which the public treasury was robbed, and shows that more especially in connection with the Esquimalt dock changes were made for the benefit of the contractors which Sir Hector had previously stipulated should not be made. He cannot, the *Spectator* says, be held innocent in such a case, and that he must be held accountable for the workings of his department. It continues, arguing the case with clearness and convincing effect:

"It is agreed on all hands that Larkin, Connolly & Co. conspired to defraud the government and succeeded. The fatal fact, so far as Sir Hector is concerned, is that whenever the conspirators devised a plan to rob the treasury the minister was invariably respondent. If it was desired to get rid of an engineer whom the contractors did not like, the engineer was dismissed. If more money was to be made by a change in the work than by adhering to the original contract, the change was made. With painful and fatal frequency the plans of public works have been changed after the contracts were let; with painful and fatal certainty the contractors have benefited and the people have suffered by the changes. A majority of the Canadian people have trusted the conservative party and the conservative leaders with government control because they believe the conservative policy to be that which will best promote the public interest, and because they believe the conservative ministers will honestly administer the great trust confided to their hands. If that confidence be weakened—if any considerable number of conservatives come to think that their leaders are capable of pattering with dishonesty or condoning crime—then the fate of the party will be sealed."

Against such an arraignment the *Empire* cannot hope to bring effective reasoning. A man who held Sir Hector's position so long cannot be officially wrong and personally right. No such fine distinctions can be applied in the case. The man could be well posted when he wanted, he could be exacting enough when he pleased, and that he allowed McGreevy, and Larkin, Connolly & Co., so much latitude, gave them the chance to plunder the people, is made abundantly evident, and yet the whitewash rag be applied; if so the fate of the government is indeed sealed, and its death and burial cannot be long delayed.

CARLETON COUNTY.

The Leading Events Put Into Readable Shape For the "Whig."

NORTH GOWER, Sept. 21.—The members of the Church of England, in this place, held their annual harvest thanksgiving festival on the 9th. The day was very fine and everything passed off successfully. Divine service was held at 10:30 a.m., in Holy Trinity church, tastefully and beautifully decorated for the occasion with flowers, fruit and grain. The rector, Rev. R. Atkinson, read the service and Rural Dean Baker, Bath, preached an appropriate sermon. The holy communion was celebrated by Rural Dean Baker, assisted by Rev. C. P. Emery, rector of Kemptville. They were pleased to see such a large number of communicants. The dinner was served on the rectory grounds, the tables being spread under the shade of the beautiful avenue of trees leading to the street. After full justice had been done to the delicious viands the people were called to order by Rev. Mr. Atkinson, who, after a short speech, introduced to them Rev. J. F. Fraser, M.A., of Manotic, Rev. Rural Dean Baker and Rev. C. P. Emery, all of whom delivered suitable and entertaining addresses. Rev. Mr. Baker, in the course of his remarks, congratulated the people of North Gower and Marlboro in being so fortunate as to have for their clergyman one who, to his knowledge, had done most successful work for the church in Deseronto and Marysburg. Between the speeches Prof. Johnston, of Picton, entertained the audience by playing several most excellent selections. Speaking and music at an end games ensued and occupied the time until tea was called after which the enjoyable proceedings terminated. Rev. Rural Dean Baker remained with his friends at the rectory over Sunday and preached morning and evening in Holy Trinity church and at Marlboro in the afternoon.

On the 4th of September John Bradley, an old and respected resident of Marlboro, was buried at the cemetery at Pierce's Corners. Rev. R. Atkinson preached the funeral sermon on the following Sunday. On Friday, 18th inst., William Cook, another old and respected resident of Marlboro, died at the residence of his son, Benj. Cook. On Sunday the funeral was conducted by Rev. Mr. Stewart and was very largely attended from all the surrounding districts.

The missionary meetings in the Presbyterian church were held on Monday evening last, and at Wellington on Tuesday. Burglars entered the general store of Geo. Craig, last Thursday night, by breaking open a window. They then drilled a hole through the safe, but obtained only 50c for their trouble. Squire Craig and Edward Kidd attended the fair in Toronto last week and declare themselves delighted with the Queen city. They also visited Niagara Falls and other places of interest. The county fair, held at Bell's Corners, was very nearly a failure, owing, no doubt, to the harvest not being all gathered in.

To-morrow, the 22nd, is the day appointed for the North Gower and Marlboro fair and preparations are being made for the reception of a large crowd. The corner-stone of the new church (Church of England) at Marlboro will be laid early next month. A dinner will be served near the site. The people of Marlboro will be very pleased when this new place of worship is completed as they have been working for this for some years past and have held to their faith through many persecutions. Prof. Johnston, Picton, is giving a series of concerts in this neighborhood and has produced a very profound impression as to his great musical talent.

SUNBURY SIGNALS.

Items of Interest for Readers in the Village and Elsewhere.

SUNBURY, Sept. 22.—Our fair village, under the ruling of the national policy and the deplorable workings of the present government, is trying its utmost to advance in prosperity, but the shop keepers and merchants say it is seemingly a hard pull. Rev. A. O. Watts delivered an impressive discourse to a large congregation at the White church on Sabbath evening. Grain is yielding good, exceeding former years. A. McBride comfortably resides at Necropolis cottage. The surroundings at this season of the year are picturesque and beautiful. Miss Pollie, city, is spending a few days visiting with friends in the village.

The Methodist society is making improvements by the erection of a new fence of artistic style, a commodious platform at the front of the church with a fine walk leading to the street, also an addition to the present large shed so as to have sufficient accommodation for the attendance, lately increased in number. C. Knapp, Battersea, has control of the job.

Sunbury factory has contracted the fall make as follows: August and September, 10c.; October, 10½c.; Cold Springs 10c. for the three months. Bear Creek closely following the same figures. Sunbury shipped its August make on Saturday, some 160 boxes. Miss Lizzie Garrett left last week for Rochester, N.Y., to enjoy a few weeks visit with friends.

Capt. Tiner and Lieut. Boyler returned from Toronto on Saturday, and throughout the meetings on Sabbath conducted the services in a real "blood and fire" style. Owing to the shortness of pastures a number of the farmers are feeding their cows green fodder; a large increase of the lacteal fluid is the result. The ten pounds of joy which Bethel Clarke gladly welcomed last week is now a household pet, and in the future will be better known as Miss Clara.

Dr. E. Sands, Norwood, spending two weeks at home visiting friends, returned to resume his practice last week. Fall grain has been slightly sown this season. James Shannon is spending a few days with friends near Bath. The promptness of the arrival of the daily mail is appreciated and favorably spoken of by those interested, as letters of a business character are received without delay, and the news of the day is always fresh.

Nature has Provided

A remedy for every ache and pain, and science through ceaseless activity and experiment is constantly wresting the secrets of her domain. A new and wonderful discovery has recently been made by means of which tens of thousands will be freed from pain. Nerviline, or nerve pain cure, represents in very concentrated form the most potent pain relieving substitutes known to medical science, and strange to say, it is composed of substances solely vegetable in origin. Polson's Nerviline is the most prompt, certain, and pleasant pain remedy in the world. Try Nerviline for toothache, neuralgia, cramps, &c. Always safe and efficient.

A Preacher Who Makes Whisky.

A curious controversy is agitating the Ellijay Baptist association in Georgia. A few years ago the society split in two on the liquor question. Since then one wing has fought whisky, while the other has advocated it. In the latter faction is numbered the Rev. Julius Pickett. He fitted up a distillery, got a government license and went into the manufacture of the article. The association to which Mr. Pickett belongs has just decided that no clergymen will be permitted to engage in the distilling of liquor, though the right of drinking it is not taken away from them. Mr. Pickett will fight for his "personal rights," and will be sustained by his congregation.

Across the Continent.

Wm. Renwick, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Victoria, B.C., writes: I have used Miller's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil in cases of indigent patients with the most gratifying results. It does not upset the stomach, is easily assimilated and possesses undoubted power in rebuilding weakened constitutions, where the ordinary form of administering Cod Liver Oil is not admissable. For the future, whenever I have occasion to prescribe any preparation of Cod Liver Oil, I will give Miller's Emulsion the preference, being perfectly satisfied with its therapeutic efficacy. In big bottles, 50c. and $1. Wade's drug store.

Firewood

Come down and see our stock of heat maple, cut or uncut, arriving weekly by Kingston and Pembroke. Best dry slabs in the city. Pine and cedar blocks and Gilmour's dry edgings for kindling wood. All cheap for cash. James Campbell, opposite barrack gate, Ontario street. Telephone, No. 116.

The str. North King for Rochester via Port Hope, daily except Sunday. T. Hanley, agent.

THE EARTH A DYNAMO.

IT GENERATES ELECTRICITY FROM THAT GREAT MAGNET, THE SUN.

A Most Marvelous Discovery—Professor Bigelow Adds to the Romance of Science—Baffling Problems Likely to Be Solved.

A Washington letter to the New York Tribune says: A stir has been created this month in scientific circles, especially among astronomers and meteorologists, by an announcement of Professor Frank H. Bigelow. For over a year he has been laboring to demonstrate, what has been suspected, but never before has been proven, that the sun is either a magnet or very much like one, in its influences on other heavenly bodies and that the strange phenomena of terrestrial magnetism spring from that source. This work, which was original in method, and exceedingly intricate and difficult, has at last reached a stage which experts accept as success. This important discovery promises to unlock several hitherto impenetrable mysteries of the universe, to open new fields of research, and to win lasting and high renown both for this young scientist and his country.

ORIGIN OF THE SOLAR CORONA.

Professor Bigelow started out, more than two years ago, by attempting to explain the solar corona as of magnetic origin. This beautiful and marvelous spectacle is only to be seen when the sun itself is completely obscured by the moon in total eclipse. It stretches out from the edge of the disc like an irregular halo, in some places and at certain times extending a distance nearly equal to a solar diameter, the outline somewhat suggesting several wings, and altogether being roughly star-shaped. But it fluctuates in figure and extent greatly. A very generally held opinion as to its nature has been that it was gaseous, the spectroscope revealing therein hydrogen and various vaporized metals, besides some substances whose composition is not known. But as meteorites fall through it without much, if any, perceptible resistance, obviously the outer envelope of the sun is of a very delicate texture. Another feature of the corona is that it seems to radiate in fine streaks which are not entirely straight, but slightly curved. It is this curvature that is the foundation of Professor Bigelow's discovery. He conceived that the coronal steamers or rays might correspond to what Faraday called "the lines of force" in a spherical magnet, and set out to see if this were true.

A FAMILIAR EXPERIMENT.

Every school-boy and school-girl who has studied natural philosophy recalls the pictures of iron fillings on a sheet of paper, grouped like feathery fringes about the ends of a horseshoe-magnet placed below. These filaments tend to organize into radiant lines, leaving one pole of the magnet and entering the other. The precise direction and shape of these lines in a spherical magnet have been carefully studied and described by such eminent physicists as Maxwell, Mascart, Thomson and Tait, and whether the coronal lines corresponded to these was to be ascertained by an elaborate mathematical method known as "analysis by spherical harmonics." The first test was made with a photograph of the corona taken on January 1, 1889, by the Harvard eclipse party. The harmony between the curve of the lines there exhibited and that which theory prescribes was so close as to give substantial confirmation of Professor Bigelow's suspicion.

CAUSE OF SUNSPOTS.

The matter composing the coronal streamers is believed to be shot up from the sun by some expelling force, but it ceases to be incandescent and visible at a short distance. It is part of Professor Bigelow's theory that sunspots are caused in part, if not wholly, by the falling of this matter perpendicularly to the sun's surface, and as it ascends from high latitudes in rocket-like curves which bend over toward the equator, this deposit would of course fall nearer to the equator, the more powerful the original ejection. Therefore he conuects, as cause and effect, the weaker coronal development observed at the minimum stage of the eleven-year cycle with the higher latitude in which spots are then found, and the greater coronal extension at the maximum period with the greater proximity of the spots to the equator. Some of the coronal matter, the lighter part, of course, may not be deposited on the sun, he thinks, but being carried along the lines of force to the plane of the equator, it may become distributed out in space in that plane so as to cause that other mysterious appearance, "the zodiacal light."

THE SUN'S ROTATION PERIOD.

One use which Professor Bigelow has made of this discovery is to ascertain, in a way never before possible, how long certain parts of the sun were in making a complete revolution. A study of spots has shown that the regions near the equator revolve faster than those near the poles. But spots are seldom or never seen in either hemisphere in higher latitude than 45 degrees. Fortunately, the centres about which the coronal belts are arranged, and which Professor Bigelow for convenience calls the sun's "coronal poles," are not identical with the geographical poles, but are about 4½ degrees to one side. Hence they will be in different positions, as regards the axis of rotation, at different times. Having located them, then, in each of his three photographs, taken in different years, he is enabled to compute precisely the time required for a single revolution, which he finds to be 27 days, 9 hours, 52 minutes, 52 seconds. He can now easily locate the position of these poles at any future hour or minute.

POLARIZATION OF THE SUN.

Professor Bigelow is very careful to avoid calling the sun a "magnet." He merely proves that it is a "polarized body," acting like one. He takes pains to say that the influence exhibited in the corona, whether it really be magnetism or some other connical force (or form of force) related to it much as light is to heat, it is simply subject to the same mathematical laws as magnetism. The same principle by which Newton explained the fall of the apple to the earth also shows why the planets stay in their regular orbits about the sun, instead of flying off into space. But attraction formed only part of that great philosopher's system. Repulsion is also included in it. And many of the mathematical formulæ applicable in discussing phenomena of the former class are also suited to the latter, with merely a change of algebraic signs from plus to minus. Great mathematical problems relating to electricity and magnetism are solved by this method or "function;" and Professor Bigelow merely claims that the polarization of the sun, and the solar control of terrestrial magnetism are instances of "the Newtonian Potential Function in the case of Repulsion."

TERRESTRIAL MAGNETISM.

"True as the needle to the pole," like many other similes, is an imperfect comparison. That little strip of steel by which every navigator in the civilized zone steers his craft, and by which every acre of land in the world is surveyed before its bounds are designated for record, does not, except in rare instances, point due North, nor is it stationary. Its direction is toward a certain centre called a magnetic pole, some distance from the geographical pole; and but for carefully drawn charts, making proper corrections for the greater or less variation in every part of the globe, our ships would be wrecked and our boundaries would be wrong, through the false guidance of the compass.

There is, moreover, a small daily oscillation. After remaining steady all night, the needle will at daybreak, in our hemisphere, begin to swing very slowly eastward until 9 or 10 o'clock, and then move eastward past the starting point until noon or 2 P.M., after which it returns, reaching its ordinary position by or before sunset. This oscillation is very small—practically nothing at the equator, about five or eight minutes of an arc at Washington and Philadelphia, rather more in Toronto, still greater in Labrador, and up on Lady Franklin Bay, in north latitude 81.44, as much as two full degrees on some days. The oscillation, which, by the way, is quite distinct from the more sudden, violent and irregular perturbations called "magnetic storms" is greater in summer than in winter, greater at the equinoxes than at the solstices, and from 50 to 75 per cent. greater at the maximum than at the minimum stage of sunspot frequency in the eleven-year circle. In the Southern Hemisphere the swing is in the reverse direction, and there are a few stations where there is a double, instead of only a single, complete daily fluctuation.

SUNLIGHT AND MAGNETISM.

Terrestrial magnetism results, Professor Bigelow believes, from solar energy transmitted to the earth along two sets of lines; one the coronal, curved, and crossing the plane of the ecliptic near perpendicularly; the other, straight, like the rays of light and heat, and parallel with the ecliptic. The latter set he believes to be the most important, at least as regards the daily oscillation of the needle. What takes place every day, then, as the earth rotates is these rays is practically what takes place in a dynamo for producing electricity. It is only necessary to move any conducting substance past a magnet, across its "lines of force," to have that conductor made a magnet itself for the time being by "induction," and for a system of electrical currents circulating around its axis to be excited. While the conductor approaches its nearest end acquires, let us say, north-pole magnetism, and the surrounding currents go in one direction, counter-clockwise; but when the moving conductor has passed the stationary magnet, this same nearest end, now receding, reverses its polarity, and is like a south pole.

In a dynamo there are scores, not to say hundreds, of such conductors arranged on a circular rotating frame, which are thus brought in succession toward and away from the dominating magnets. Professor Bigelow conceives of each spot on the earth's surface as being rotated daily past the sun, and going through this same experience. From dawn to noon it approaches; from noon to sunset it recedes. The various instruments in an observatory registering the various components of the magnetic situation induced immediately underneath them swing first in one direction and then in the other, and when they are carried out of sight of the sun at night come to a state of rest, provided, of course, that no exterior disturbance arises. Were the earth stationary this radiant influence would be felt instantaneously, but owing to its rotation there is a lag of about 23 degrees of longitude, or about an hour and a half of time. Along these radiating lines light and heat pass outward from the sun; the magnetic force is shown to be directed inward.

FUTURE WORK.

Work in the immediate future, Professor Bigelow thinks, should be pushed in these directions: From the agreement between theory and observations certain "constants" should be ascertained—the strength of the solar magnetic field, the permeability of the earth, and the atmospheric resistance to magnetism. He would have the relations between magnetism and weather examined afresh from this new vantage ground; improved magnetic charts supplied to navigator, and observatories established, not as now, very much at random, but in picked localities, to render the record more perfect. He also believes that inequalities in the motion of the perihelion of Mercury and the moon's node—the one inadequately explained on the theory of an intra-Mercurial planet, and the other not accounted for by gravitation—can be cleared up by a proper use of his recent discovery.

THE TEA TABLE.

Read This Down and You Will Be Well Entertained and Posted.

A pair of slippers—Two raw oysters.

The surf has a shore thing in the beach.

The forger is always careful to get a good name.

Wood chopers usually are very chipper people.

K.D.C. Its merits prove its greatness Sold by E.C. Mitchell

"Fare thee well," said the passenger to the conductor.

A little girl defines a rooster as "a hen that doesn't lay eggs."

K.D.C. positively cures the worst cases Sold by E.C. Mitchell

There are plenty of men "in the swim" who never touch water.

"We are held to earth by many ties," said the railroad track.

K.D.C. the greatest cure of the age. Sold by E.C. Mitchell, late Chown & Mitchell

The man who upsets the bric-a-brac at midnight is a knocked ornal prowler.

A turtle is said to be very slow until he is made up into soup. Then we've noticed, he goes pretty fast.

Hanson's Magic Corn Salve cures corns and bunions with three applications. 15c. per box at Wade's drug store, Kingston.

Miss Maple—How do you do to-day, Mr. Oak? Mr. Oak—I suffer considerably from a corn at this season.

Wade's mandrake liver pills, sure cure for biliousness and constipation, at Wade's drug store, Kingston.

"You must not cry, Tommy; ball players never cry." "Well they can bawl, can't they?" wailed Tommy.

Six different prices in every size of cashmere hosiery for ladies and children. See them; the best value ever offered in the city, at R. McFaul's.

He—Will you marry me? I have a bachelor uncle who is worth a million. She—No; but you might introduce me to your uncle.

K.D.C. restores the stomach to healthy action. Sold by E. C. Mitchell.

"I want a R tiele on the oyster," said the managing editor to the funny man. "Here," responded the office boy, handing him the shell.

Sixty pieces new carpets, entirely new patterns, never before shown in Kingston, very handsome and very cheap, to be seen, at R. McFaul's.

"Speaking of fine stage presence," remarked Bacon the other evening, in the foyer. "I suppose those flowers the leading lady received come under that head."

Who would not try Wyman's catarrh cure? It instantly relieves cold in the head and often cures it with one application. Will open up the head at once. Sold for 25c at Wilson's pharmacy.

"Mamma may I carry the doggie a little while?" "No darling you might let him fall. But nurse will let you carry the baby, if you ask her."

With every pair of boys' or girls' boots bought at Armstrong's, he will give a school companion.

"What are you always following me around for? demanded the earth impatiently of the moon. "On I get a few quarters and halves by doing so," replied the moon nonchalantly.

Mary O'Neil, W. C. T. U. Coffee Rooms, Halifax, N.S., writes: Having been positively cured of dyspepsia by the use of one package of K.D.C. I would cheerfully recommend it to any one suffering from this dreadful disease.

Dibbs, anxious to impress his visitor. To Mrs. Dibbs)—My dear, when you go to the country, shall you leave your diamonds with the safe deposit company? Mrs Dibbs (candid)—Oh, no; I'll carry them in a pill-box in my trunk.

K.D.C. Co. Dear Sirs: This is to certify that I have been a dyspeptic for thirty-five years. Have used a great many preparations, but found nothing to benefit me like K. D. C. I heartily recommend it to any suffering from this disease. JOHN McLEAN, Salt Springs, Picton county.

Dreary Draggles—Did you hear that the juke wot tramped with us from Sandusky to Erie was dead? Weary Waggles—You don't tell me that the poor juke has passed away? Dreary Draggles—Yes he starved to death waiting for a kind-hearted lady to get her purse out of her pocket.

Ask Your Friends About It,

Your distressing cough can be cured We know it because Kemp's Balsam within the past few years has cured so many coughs and colds in this community. Its remarkable sale has been won entirely by its genuine merit. Ask some friend who has used it what he thinks of Kemp's Balsam. There is no medicine so pure, none so effective. Large bottles 50c and $1 at all druggists.

Smiley Scores a Point.

The haughty Miss McBride—Alas! I fear I shall develop into a confirmed invalid—why, Mr. Baxter, where are you going?

Smiley Baxter (grabbing his hat)—I'm going to study medicine.

Like Most Dandies.

"How's that razor I gave you? Isn't it a dandy?"

"It is indeed. Pretty and dull."

Stealing a March.

"I want to give you a piece of advice."

"All right, let me give you one first—follow it."

Beauties of the Law.

During the term of court which closed last week at Berlington, Kan., six jury cases were tried in which the amount in actual dispute was only $44.50, while the costs aggregated nearly $800.

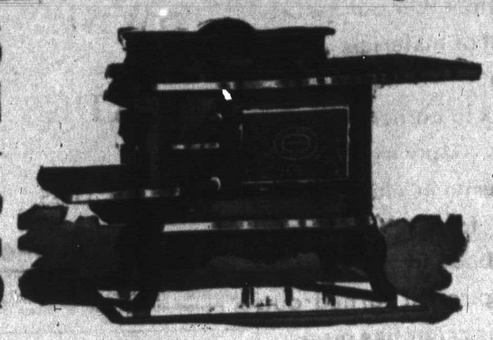
Cured of Catarrh,

By calling at Wilson's pharmacy and getting a bottle of Wyman's catarrh cure. You may be instantly relieved of cold in the head, catarrh, etc., and eventually cured. This is worthy of a trial; 25c at Wilson's only.

The Surprise Soap

COSTS no more than common Soap and does more work—better work—quicker work—has a fine, soft lather, with remarkable cleansing powers—for washing clothes try the SURPRISE way READ The Directions on the Wrapper.

SEE THE STEEL OVEN RANGE STOVES. STOVES.



We have a number of Second-hand Heating and Cooking Stoves.

McKELVEY & BIRCH.

ALL : KINDS : OF : LACES!

RICHMOND, ORR & CO.

Have just marked off an extensive stock of Torchon Laces, Valenciennes Lace, Antique Lace, Oriental Lace, Black Silk Flouncing Lace in the latest patterns, with narrower widths to match; Cream Silk Flouncing Lace with narrow widths to match; Cream Silk Illusion Net, Black Silk Illusion Net, Cream Bretonne Net, Ecru Curtain Net, and the new style of Taped Sash Curtains.

In fine the largest stock of Lace Goods ever imported to Kingston at the Carpet House of

RICHMOND, ORR & CO., Princess Street.

HOW ARE YOU?

Too Early for Furs, My Dear Boy,

But Go to PAGE'S for Your

FALL HAT,

Where you are sure to be suited.

J. B. PAGE & CO.,

128 PRINCESS STREET.

Walsh & Steacy's

Mantle Department Complete.

The largest and best assorted stock in the city

All best imported German Goods.

You are invited to look through our Mantle Department.

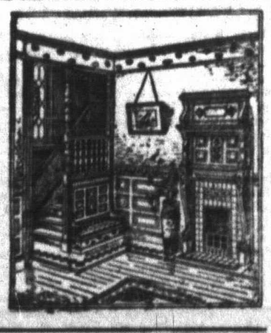
WALSH & STEACY, Princess Street.

B. H. CARNOVKY,

Art Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer.

INTERIOR ART WOOD WORK A SPECIALTY.

OFFICE 130, FACTORY 128 ONTARIO ST.



THE MILLINERY OPENING

SPENCE & CO. will hold their Grand Milinery and Mantle Opening on Wednesday Next, the 23rd September. All are invited. No cards.

SPENCE & CO'S,

TELEPHONE 874. 182 & 184 PRINCESS STREET.

NEW FALL GOODS AT WALDRON'S.

New Fancy Striped Boucle Dress Goods.
New Fancy Check Boucle Dress Goods.
New Fancy Cheviot Dress Goods, pretty colors.
New Plain Bedford Cord Dress Goods.
New Fancy Bedford Cord Dress Goods.
New Striped and Plaid Cloth Dress Goods.
New Plain Cloth and Camel Hair Dress Goods.

Pretty Goods, Newest Goods, Lowest Prices.

Kingston Business College

EVENING CLASSES OPEN OCTOBER 5TH. Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Penmanship and Spelling. Short hand a specialty. Call at Office for information. 32 Princess Street.

McNaughton and Co ONE DOLLAR PANTS —AND— $5.90 SUITS

Are taking well. Call and see them.

TRAVELLING.

CUNARD LINE

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

The Largest, Fastest and Most Magnificent Ships in the World; Have Never Lost a Passenger and Have Made the Fastest Passages on Record.

OLDEST LINE IN EXISTENCE.

FAST EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE.

GALLIA	Sept. 16, 3 p.m.
UMBRIA	Sept. 19, 6 a.m.
SERVIA	Sept. 26, noon.
BOTHNIA	Sept. 30, 3 p.m.
ETRURIA	Oct. 3, 1.30 a.m.
AURANIA	Oct. 10, 10 a.m.
GALLIA	Oct. 14, 2 p.m.
UMBRIA	Oct. 17, 5.30 a.m.

RATES OF PASSAGE

Cabin passage $60 and upwards, according to accommodation. Intermediate passage $35. From Pier 40, N.R., New York.

Steerage at Very Low Rates.

Steerage Tickets to and from London and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates.

For freight and passage apply at Company's Office No. 4, Bowling Green, New York, to

ERNON H. BROWN & CO.

Or in Kingston to

J. P. WILDERSLEEVE, 42 Clarence Street. | FRED. A. FOLGER, Post Brock Street

ALLAN LINE.

Liverpool, Quebec and Montreal Service, Calling at Londonderry.

	From Montreal.	From Quebec
Sardinian	Sept. 19	Sept. 20
Mongolian, Wednesday	Sept. 30	Oct. 1

Steamers are despatched from Montreal at daylighten SATURDAY. Cabin, Intermediate and Steerage passengers desiring to embark at Montreal can do so (without extra charge) after eight o'clock the preceding evening.

Steamers sail from Quebec at 9 a.m. SUNDAY

RATES OF OCEAN PASSAGE.

Cabin to Londonderry or Liverpool, by S.S Parisian, $80, $70 and $60 single; $110, $100 $150 return.

By other steamers, $50, $55 and $60 single; $95 $105 and $115 return, according to accommodation Children, 7 to 12 years, half fare; under 7 years, free.

Steerage, to or from Liverpool, Derry, Queenstown, Glasgow, Belfast, London, $20.

NEW YORK AND GLASGOW SERVICE

Cabin from $65 to $80; Return from $125 to $140

All information regarding the selection of berths can be obtained in Kingston from

THOMAS HANLEY, Ticket Agent G. T. R., City Station. | J. P. GILDERSLEEVE Ticket Agent, 42 Clarence St.

NEW YORK CENTRAL R'Y.

Improved Service, Via Cape Vincent, East and West.

NEW WAGNER SLEEPING CARS between Cape Vincent and New York City.

Steamers leave Kingston for Cape Vincent at 5 a.m. and 3 p.m. daily. Sundays excepted.

CHEAP EXCURSION RATES

TO NEW YORK AND RETURN, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6TH, $7.50.

Also Cheap Rates to Utica, Rome, New York Philadelphia and Baltimore and all points south, Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago and all points west.

F. A. FOLGER, Brock Street, GENERAL TICKET AGENT.

STEAMER ALEXANDRIA.

BRIGHTON, KINGSTON, MONTREAL,

Through Murray Canal, Calling at Brighton, Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence Ports.

THE POPULAR SIDE wheel Steamer Alexandria (Capt. E. B. Smith) leave A. Gunn & Co.'s wharf every Monday Evening at 5 o'clock calling at the St. Lawrence River Ports, arriving in Montreal Tuesday afternoon.

Returning leaves Canal Basin, Montreal, every Thursday, at 10 o'clock, a.m., arriving in Kingston on Friday night, and leaving at 4 o'clock on Saturday morning for Brighton and Bay of Quinte ports.

Returning leaves Charlotte on SUNDAY 7.30 o'clock p.m. Fare for round trip $17.

Passenger Accommodation Unsurpassed.

The steamer Alexandria is noted for comfort and the politeness of her officers.

For passage tickets and other information apply to A. GUNN & CO., Agents.

Bay of Quinte Ry. and Navigation Co

THE NEW SHORT LINE TO ALL POINTS WEST.

The shortest and quickest route between Kingston, Napanee, Tweed, Peterboro, Toronto, Galt Guelph, Woodstock, London, St. Thomas, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, Northwest and Pacific coast.

LEAVE KINGSTON FOR NAPANEE AND TWEED.

No. 11 Express	1.25 p.m.
No. 13 Mixed	4.05 p.m.

LEAVE TWEED FOR KINGSTON AND NAPANEE.

No. 12 Mixed	6.30 a.m.
No. 14 Express	1.30 p.m.

Nos. 11 and 14 make close connections at Tweed with C.P.R. for and from all points West.

For full information and tickets apply to R. J WILSON, Agent C.P.R. Telegraph Office, Clarence Street.

R. C. CARTER, Gen. Manager. | G. A. BROWNE, Gen. Pass. Agent.

PROVINCIAL : EXHIBITION,

Montreal,